HARD ON THE BOSSES.

The New Primary Election Law Knocks Out Repeaters.

A Law That All Good Citizens Should Read.

An Elaborate and Rigid Regulation of Primaries.

The Honest Voter Can Now Have a Voice in Public Affairs.

The "Record-Union" presents herewith the new Primary Election law. It is given very nearly in full. The only elimination has been of words used in legal phraseology which are not essential for the general reading of the Act:

Section 1. All primary elections for the nomination, or for the election of delegates to a convention for the purpose of making such nominations, shall be held under the provisions of this Act.

WHERE HELD.

Section 2. In years when electors of President and Vice-President are to be voted for, a convention to select delegates to a national convention shall be composed of delegates selected at a general primary election to be on the last Tuesday of March in such year. A general primary election for the election of delegates to the State and district conventions in the year 1898, to nominate candidates to be voted for at the next general election, shall be held on the second Tuesday in the month of July in that year, and every four years thereafter. The Election Commissioners of each county, or city and county, prescribes and designates a day, on which a primary for delegates to a local convention may be held, and said boards have the power to prescribe that separate primary elections shall be held for the election of delegates to a county, city, city and county, or other local convention, and for the election of delegates to a city or various city conventions for the nomination of city officers, or may prescribe that both sets of delegates shall be elected at the same primary election. The resolution must be made by said board at least sixty days prior to the day named for any election and notice shall be published for five successive days in one daily newspaper of general circulation, published in the county, or city and county.

GIVE NOTICE, GENTLEMEN.

Section 3. All political organizations desiring to hold a convention to nominate candidates to be voted for must petition the boards of election commissioners at least twenty days before primary election. The petition must set forth:

First—The name of such political organization.

Second—That it intends to hold a convention—designating the general time and place—to nominate candidates for offices to be voted for by the people at the next election, and is desirous of electing delegates to such convention under the provisions of this Act, and requesting the Election Commisisoners to perform the services prescribed in the Act. If such party is one which by reason of its previous vote is entitled to hold a convention such petition must be authenticated by the signature of the Chairman and Secretary or the committee of the party, which committee shall have been selected at the last cenvention of the party or elected or appointed in the method required by law.

That is to say, if a primary election is desired throughout the State for the selection of delegates to a State convention, the petition must be authenticated by the Chairman and Secretary of the State Committee; if for a district convention, by the Chairman and Secretary of the District Committee; or, if there be no District Committee, then by the State Committee; if for a county, or city and county convention, then by the County, or City and County Committee, and so on, and verified by the oath of such signers that the facts therein stated are true. No political party or organization can use the name of another political party or organization, or any name or designation so similar to another party name that it may deceive voters.

THE PERCENTAGE BUSINESS.

Section 4. Any political party which, at the last election preceding, shall not have polled at least 3 per cent. of the entire vote cast in the political division for which nominations are sought to be made, may file not less than twenty days prior to the time set for any primary a petition signed by at least 3 per cent. of the voters at such last election of the political division for which nominations are to be made, which need not all be on one paper, which petition shall set out all facts required to be set forth in the application in this Act provided for, and which shall further set forth that the persons signing the same are members of such political organization, and intend to support candidates for election as delegates to the convention for their respective political organization, and such petition must be verified in the same manner as required for a certificate of nomination mentioned in section eleven hundred and eighty-eight of the Political Code.

GET YOUR CREDENTIALS.

Upon the filing of such petition the Election Commissioners shall order its clerk to issue to said organization a certificate similar to that in this Act provided to be issued to existing political parties, which certificates shall entitle the petitioners to participate in the said primary election, and shall entitle them to all privileges and rights secured to other political parties, both at said primary and at the ensuing election; that is to say, having complied with all the requirements in this Act provided, the petitioners shall be recognized as a political party. Such certificate shall be issued to all parties petitioning, stating the name of the party, the date of the primary, the territory over which it will extend, and be signed by the clerk of such board.

SELECTION BY LOT OF JUDGES, ETC.

Section 5. During the month of Jannary of each year in which a general election is to be held, the Election Commisioners of each county, or city and county, shall select from the precinct registers of the county, or city, or city and county, the names of not less than fifteen electors in each election precinct, such selection to be made from each of the political parties then existing in as nearly an equal proportion as practicable, and to write the name of each person selected on a separate piece of paper, and to fold said paper so that the name cannot be seen without unfolding the same; and when the names are so written and folded, to put all of the names so selected from each separate election precinct in an envelope, then to close and securely seal such envelope, and to write the name and number of the precinct from which selection was made on the outside, and when the names so selected have been so placed in separate envelopes, and each sealed and numbered so as to designate the precinct from which each selection was made, then all of the envelopes shall be placed in a box, and such box shall be securely locked and sealed and safely kept by said board until required for use. The names so selected shall be recorded in a book by the clerk of the board, which book must be kept open at all times to public inspection.

THE DRAWING OF THE LOTS.

Section 6. Twenty days before holding of any primary the Board of Election Commissioners shall open the box in the presence of a majority of the board, and in the presence of such of the members of the various political parties as may be present, and then take from the box the envelopes, one at a time, and as each envelope is taken it is opened and the names, without being unfolded, are placed in a separate box; and, after being thoroughly shaken, the clerk of the board, in the presence of the board, draws the name of one person, who shall be the inspector of the primary in such precinct; the clerk then draws the names of two persons, who shall be the judges of such primary, and the clerk then draws the names of two other persons, who shall be the clerks of such primary; provided, if the two persons whose names are drawn for judges shall both belong to one political party, the clerk lays aside the last name drawn for a judge, and draws other names until only one of the judges so selected belongs to the same political party; and further provided, that if the two persons whose names are drawn for clerks shall both belong to one political party, the clerk shall lay aside the last name and draw other names until only one of the clerks so selected belongs to the same political party. The same course is pursued in each precinct until the election officers are selected.

FILLING THE GAPS.

Should all the names be drawn from said box and not a sufficient number of election officers be selected in accordance with the rules hereinbefore provided, the board must select and deposit more names and continue to draw until all the election officers are selected; provided, that such subsequent selection shall be made from the electors of the precinct in the same manner as those first selected. If any person whose name should be drawn as an officer to serve at any primary election should have died, or at the time his name is so drawn should have actually changed his residence, or should be absent from the State, the clerk shall lay aside his name and draw the name of another person in his place. If any person whose name shall be drawn should have been drawn as a precinct election officer for any other primary election held in the same year, he shall on demand, made within five days after receiving notice of his selection as an officer, be entitled to be excused from further service for such year, and another name shall be drawn, subject to the above provisions.

A CASE OF DOUBLING UP.

If a precinct should include more than one election precinct as the same existed at the last election, then the names of persons for officers to serve at such primary election precinct shall be drawn as above provided, except that the clerk shall at the same time place in the box provided for, the names selected as before provided, and if only a portion of an election precinct is so included in a primary election precinct, then he shall place in the box, in this section provided for, such a proportion of the names selected, as hereinbefore provided, for such election precinct, as the portion of the election precinct included within the limits of the primary election precinct bears to the whole election precinct, and shall then draw the precinct primary election officers therefrom. The Election Commissioners, after the final selection of officers for each primary election precinct, return the names of said electors to their envelopes, and keep them until required for some other primary.

YOU MUST SERVE OR BE PUNISHED.

Section 7. It shall be the duty of the clerk of the board of Election Commissioners to publish for two successive publications, fifteen days prior to the date of any primary, a general statement informing voters of the holding of such primary, the names of the political parties participating, and the officers for which nominations are to be made at ensuing conventions, the names of the persons selected as precinct and election officers, with the names of the precincts in which they are to serve, and the location of the polling places. He shall also send a communication to each person so chosen as an officer of such primary, through the mail, by registered letter, postpaid, to his postoffice address, informing him of his selection, and of the precinct, and the capacity in which he is to serve. The County Clerk, acting as the Secretary of the Board of Election Commissioners shall, at the time he mails the notification of the appointment, also inclose a form of oath to the election officer, and also a copy of section eight of this Act, with the direction that the person receiving said notification of appointment may take the oath before any officer or notary public and immediately return by registered mail such acknowledgment to the County Clerk or Secretary of the Board of Election Cmmissioners. The person so appointed must go before any person authorized to administer oaths and take the oath of office, and mail the same to the County Clerk or Secretary of the Board of Commissioners.

THE PENALTY FOR REFUSAL.

Section 8. Every person chosen to act as election officer at such primary, must perform the services required of him, and any person so chosen who shall, without having been excused therefrom by the Board of Election Commissioners for sickness of self or family, or other good cause, fail or refuse to act in the capacity for which he is chosen, shall be deemed guilty of a misdeameanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than $25, and not more than $200, or by imprisonment for not less than five days nor more than twenty days, or by both said fine and imprisonment; and in case he is so excused, the clerk, in the presence of the board, shall select another person from said box, subject to the same rules and conditions as before.

WALK UP AND TAKE THE OATH.

It shall be the duty of each person so chosen to appear at the polling places in the precinct for which chosen before the time of opening the polls, and there take the oath of office, as prescribed in the general election law, and perform the duties imposed upon him by this Act, without any compensation whatever. In case of the failure of any election officer so selected to appear at the time the polls open, or within ten minutes thereafter, the election officers present must choose some resident elector of the precinct to fill the vacancy. All persons serving as officers of election at a primary are exempt from jury duty for the term of one year thereafter, and such person shall receive from the Board of Election Commissioners of the county, or city, or city and county, in which such service is rendered, a certificate setting forth the fact of such service, and such certificate, on being presented to a court shall be deemed sufficient to excuse.

CITY AND TOWN CONVENTIONS.

Section 9. Where a convention is desired for the nomination of city or town officers only, then the Board of Election Commissioners shall have the same duties and powers in regard to the primary as they have where county, or city and county officers are to be nominated. When such city officers are to be nominated, then the Board of Election Commissioners shall recognize the governing committees of political parties or organizations of such cities and petitions filed by voters residing therein.

PRE-EMPTING PLACE ON THE BALLOT.

Section 10. Within ten days after the Election Commissioners have issued the call for any primary the State, city, county, or city and county central committee, or other governing authority of any political party or organization desiring to secure a place otherwise than by petition, for the nominees of such party on the official ballots, shall publish a notice calling a convention or conventions of the party represented by said committee, stating the place where and the time when, which must not be less than seven days subsequent to the primary, such conventions will meet, the apportionment of delegates and the officers for which nominations are to be made. Such notice shall be published five successive times in daily newspapers of general circulation, as follows: For a State convention, in at least one daily newspaper published in San Francisco, one published in Sacramento, and one published in Los Angeles; for a district convention, in one newspaper published in each county or portion of a county included in the boundaries of such district for which the convention is to be held, and if no newspaper be published in the portion of any county included in any such district, then in any newspaper in such county; for a local convention, in one newspaper published in the county, city and county, or city where the primary election is to be held.

FORMING PRECINCTS.

Section 11. The committees of any political party shall apportion the respective territory over which they have jurisdiction into precincts or combinations of contiguous precincts not embracing more than one Assembly district, and may provide in its apportionment or call for the election of two sets of delegates, one of which shall be delegates to a county, or city and county convention for the selection of delegates to a State or district convention, or both, and the other to a city, county, or city and county convention for the nomination of county, or city and county, or other officers; may provide that one set of delegates shall perform both functions; may apportion their counties into districts for the election direct of delegates to a State or district convention, or both, and provide for the number of delegates to be elected from each precinct; may provide for a county or other local convention, or by subdivision of a county, city and county, or city, into as many parts, not smaller than a precinct, as there are delegates, to elect to a Congressional district convention, railroad district convention, equalization district convention, or Senatorial or Assembly district convention embracing more than one county; may provide that such delegates to a convention shall be delegates to all such other conventions, or to such number thereof as may be designated. When a State or district convention, or both, or all, shall have been called by the State Central Committee, and the delegates shall have been apportioned the County Committee of such political party shall apportion the number of delegates allotted to each county, or city and county, by the said State or proper committee, among the different precincts of said county, or city and county, as it may see fit, subject, however, to the provisions of this Act.

ALAS! FOR THE PROXY BOYS.

Section 12. No person shall be allowed to hold more than one proxy at any convention to certify nominations for office on an official ballot for election.

THE BALLOT COUNTING.

Section 13. Ballots, other than those provided according to the provisions of this Act, shall not be counted at any primary election, and no nominations (except for Presidential Electors and nominations for vacancies at special elections) by any political convention, shall be printed on any official ballot, unless such convention is constituted in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

BALLOT BOXES.

Section 14. The Board of Election Commissioners must furnish ballot boxes for each precinct where such primary is held, of the same general kind and character required to be used at the general election held in the year eighteen hundred and ninety, and there must be furnished as many separate ballot boxes at each precinct as there are parties or organizations entitled by law to participate in such primary. Each ballot box must have, in distinct letters and words, upon the front of such box, the name of the respective political party or organnization for whose use it is intended. All the ballot boxes must be placed in a row, side by side, fronting so that the front of each box shall be in the same direction, and be where the voters can easily approach such boxes and present their ballots, and the said party name on each box must be on the front of each, so as to be easily seen and distinguished by any voter within six feet of such box.

VOTE BUT ONCE, BOYS, HEREAFTER.

Every person desiring to vote must deposit one ballot only, upon which must be the names of all delegates for whom he desires to vote; and the Clerk of the Board of Election Commissioners must designate in the certificate which is in this Act provided to be furnished to political parties, the color or combination of colors of the paper upon which the ballots are to be printed, and there shall be so designated for each political party a color or combination of colors to be by them used for the paper upon which such ballots are to be printed, which color or combination of colors shall in each case be distinctive and easily distinguishable from the color or combination of colors to be used at said election by any other political party; the Clerk shall, at least ten days prior to the date of any primary election, procure to be printed or otherwise made, accurate samples of the color or

COMBINATION OF COLORS

So designated for each political party, and shall label each of such samples with the name of the political party for which it is designated, and shall deliver samples, so labeled, to each respective political party for which said sample is designated, and to all persons desiring the same in good faith, and shall keep in his office, at all times, open to inspection by any person, an exact copy of each and all of said samples so labeled as aforesaid; and the name or designation of each political party must be plainly written or printed at the head of each ticket.

STAND UP IN A ROW.

The election officers shall stand behind the ballot boxes, and as each voter approaches to vote, when it is ascertained that he is entitled to vote, it shall be noted in the register by the Clerk, in which box he votes, by writing in the register opposite his name the name on the box in which he votes, and thereupon his ballot shall be received by the Judge of Election or Inspector, and deposited in the ballot box named by such voter, and in no other, in the presence of the voter; provided, that no ballot shall be deposited in any box unless it is printed on paper of the color, or combination of colors, designated for the particular party in whose box it is to be placed.

ONE TO THREE.

Section 15. There shall be at least one polling place for the primary election for each three polling places for a general election; that is, a polling place for at least each three precincts; and each political party may file with the Board of Commissioners a list of the precincts and number and name of street or locality in town, or township, where they desire such polling places, and it shall be the duty of the Board of Election Commissioners to examine said lists and decide which polling places will be most convenient for the voters of the precincts, all of which matters shall be determined by the Board of Election Commissioners. The polls shall be kept open from seven o'clock a. m. to sunset on the day of holding said primary election, and shall be at all times kept open to the public during the reception of ballots, and until the same are counted and the results declared. There must be furnished to the election officers in each precinct, a register, together with any supplements thereto, containing the names of each person entitled to vote in such precinct at the last preceding general election, as shown by the great or precinct register, or both, and the supplements.

Section 16. All registers and supplements thereto, used by the officers conducting any primary election, must be forthwith returned to the County Clerk, and by him kept for such use thereafter as the Board of Election Commissioners may make of them.

DECLARATION OF TEST.

Section 17. Any person voting at any primary election, on behalf of any party or for delegates to any convention of a political party or organization, thereby by such act declares, as a test of the right to so vote, a bona fide present intention of supporting the nominees of such political party or organization at the next election; and any voter may be challenged, and his right to so vote may be withheld, unless he will make oath as to the bona fide present intention to support the nominees of the convention to which delegates are so elected for such political party or organization.

YOU MUST CHOOSE YOUR LOVE.

No elector who votes at any primary election shall sign any petition in favor of the nomination of any person as an independent candidate for any office for which candidates were to be, or shall have been nominated at such convention. No elector shall sign any petition for any independent candidate, or candidates, prior to the date set for the holding of any primary.

NO DOUBLING.

The clerk or officer with whom any petition of any independent candidate is filed, is authorized and directed to strike out or disregard the name or names of any electors who, upon examination of the voting registers, or otherwise, may be found to have signed such petition in violation of the provisions herein. Any elector or person violating the provisions of this section shall be and hereby is declared guilty of a misdemeanor.

THE BATTLE PREPARATION.

Section 18. Before receiving any ballots the election officers must, in the presence of any persons assembled at each polling place, open and see that the ballot-boxes are empty, and exhibit, and close the ballot-boxes, and thereafter none of them must be removed from the polling place or presence of the bystanders until all the ballots are counted, nor must any box be opened until after the polls are finally closed. Before the election officers receive any ballots they must cause to be proclaimed aloud at the place of such primary that the polls are open, and when the polls are closed that fact must be proclaimed aloud at the place of such election; and after such last-named proclamation no ballots must be received. Voting may commence as soon as the polls are opened, and may be continued during all the time the polls remain open.

FORM OF THE BALLOTS.

The ballots to be used at every primary election shall be of the uniform width of six inches, and before being deposited in the ballot-box each ballot must be folded at right angles to its length, and must be so folded when deposited that no person can see any name printed or written thereon. As soon as the polls are finally closed, the top or opening of each ballot-box, in which ballots were deposited, must be securely covered and sealed by the Inspector, and the covering and seal must not be permitted to be broken until the Election Board is ready to open the box to count the ballots.

ONE AT A TIME.

Only one box shall be opened at a time, and after the covering and sealing of the ballot-boxes, the election officers must immediately proceed to count and canvass the votes given at such primary election. The canvass must be public, in the presence of bystanders, and every political party shall be entitled to have at least two representatives present during the time the votes of its box are being counted. The canvass must be continued without adjournment until completed and the result thereof declared; but one box shall be opened and canvassed at the same time; and no other box shall be opened until such box being canvassed is completed and the result written out and certified to and declared.

FOLLOW THE OLD LAW.

Except as herein otherwise provided, said votes shall be counted, canvassed, listed, strung, numbered, and tallied, in the same manner required by law for a general election, and the tally lists, ballots, and registers and supplements must be signed, certified, made up, sealed, delivered, preserved, and kept in the same manner as required by law at a general election. The tally list must be by the County Clerk kept open to the public inspection for at least twenty days after any primary election, and as long thereafter as ordered by the Board of Election Commissioners.

WHEN THE COUNT IS OVER.

Section 19. When the counting of ballots is completed, the election officers shall forthwith forward their tally lists and ballots to the County Clerk or the Secretary of the Board of Election Commissioners, and such board shall meet thereafter, and within three days from the date of any primary canvass the returns and declare the result of said primary, and issue certificates of election to the delegates elected. The ballots and tally lists shall be, by the precinct officers, placed in a sealed envelope, and on the outside of the envelope or envelopes so sealed the elec-

(Continued on Seventh Page.)

WEINSTOCK, LUBIN & CO.

FRIDAY, 9:30 A. M.

SPECIAL SALE

Pillow Cases, Sheets, Blankets, Spreads, Towels, Etc.

This sale, while of general interest to housewives, will also be of special interest to hotel and lodging-house keepers and others who are preparing for the State Fair visitors next month.

LOT 1—Bleached Pillow Cases, ready made, of heavy standard quality muslin. Length 36 inches. The price is less than cost of the cloth by the yard.

Sale Price, 7c.

LOT 2—Bleached Sheets, 2¼x2½ yards. Made of standard sheeting. It will not pay you to spend time and labor in making at home when you can get these sheets at

Sale Price, 39c.

LOT 3—Gray or White Cotton Sheet Blankets for cot beds, children's use, etc. Soft and fluffy.

Sale Price, 50c Pair.

LOT 4—Large size Blue Gray Bed Blankets, fancy colored borders and bound edges. Large size (66x80 inches) and a quality that will give perfect satisfaction. For hotels, lodging-houses and family use.

Sale Price, $1 98.

LOT 5—Linen Huckaback Towels, hemmed ends, fancy colored borders and a large size (19x38 inches) for the price. Good driers. Suitable for private families, hotels, etc.

Sale Price, 10c.

LOT 6—Small lot of White Bedspreads, good patterns and hemmed ready for use. Easily washed and an excellent light covering.

Sale Price, 53c.

LOT 7—Cream Table Linen, bought for special sale; width 60 inches and regular 45c quality. Just the thing for hotels, restaurants, etc., who are preparing for State Fair visitors.

Sale Price, 30c Yard.

LOT 8—Hemstitched Pillow Cases and Sheets, at less than you can make them for. Made of high-grade sheeting, and perfect goods in every respect.

Sheets, 2¼x2½ yards, at 49c.

Pillow Cases to match, 36 inches long, 12½c.

LOT 9—Good quality Bleached Hand Towels, a new weave, perfect finish and with excellent drying qualities. Sale price, 60c dozen or 5c each.

What the "Popular Science Monthly" Says:

The "Popular Science Monthly," which considers everything from the highest standpoint, editorially says:

"The Department Store is as much a labor-saving device as a steam engine or the telegraph and telephone. One as much as the other is a product of industrial evolution. Like the mediaeval fair or the modern market, the Department Store is a segregation of commodities and of buyers and of sellers. Like the perfecting press also, which unites in one machine several distinct processes, such as inking, printing, cutting and folding, it is an integration under one management of a number of forms of trade carried on under different managements. It enables capital to gain such generous rewards that it can command executive talents of a far higher order than those content with the profits of a small concern. As a consequence, its management is the most efficient—that is to say, the most economical. Obeying still further the law of evolution, the several departments also fall into the most efficient hands. The subordinates are likewise entrusted with the particular duties they are best fitted for. Thus, from top to bottom, these is an adaptation of means to ends far beyond the reach of an establishment where the management is of a low order of ability, and the subordinates unite in their duties a variety of functions. A further gain is had from saving in rents, and from the purchase of goods in large quantities. Besides economy in prices, so important to the multitude of consumers, whose welfare the 'new' social reformer seldom considers, there is economy in time and effort. The Department Store enables them to obtain what they want with a minimum of movement."

Kitchen Furniture.

Durable Wood Seat Kitchen Chairs, antique finish, 45c. With perforated seats and bent backs, 50c.

Kitchen tables with drawer, plain tops and well made, $1 75.

Kitchen Safe, with wire doors, three shelves and drawer below, $3.

WEINSTOCK, LUBIN & CO.

Boys' and Young Men's Clothing of the Best Sort.

The bulk of Boys' Clothing runs a scrub race. The goal is to make what will sell at the highest price and cost the least to produce.

In our business we learn of some curious things about boys' clothing, and the slipshod manner in which it is sometimes put together.

The fact is few dealers anywhere pay as much attention to the quality of materials and the kind of work put into goods of this kind as we do.

Our standard of excellence is now so high that only the very best manufacturers—and they are not many—are able to supply goods which we will accept. Many makers have told us that we are over-particular. If we are it is a virtue rather than a fault. It is this being "over-particular" where other merchants are "not particular" that has centered here such a great trade.

A large assortment of the new fall and winter Clothing for boys and young men.

"A Penny Saved is a Penny Earned.

2 doz. Hooks and Eyes....1c
1 Small Duck Doily, tinted....1c
12 doz. Agate Buttons, small....1c
1 Spool Button-Hole Twist (10 yds.) 1 2-3c
1 doz. Bone Buttons, white or Black 1 2-3c
1 pak. Wire Hair Pins....2c
1 Aluminum Thimble....2c
1 Linen Corset Lace....2c
1 Elastic....2½c
1 doz. Small Nickel-Plated Safety Pins....2½c
1 Lap Zephyr....3c
1 Child's Round Comb....3c
1 Paper Best Eagle Pins....3c
1 Paper Sewing Needles....3c
1 Paper Milliners' Needles....3c
1 Paper Tailors' Needles....3c
1 yd. Silk Hat Elastic, black or white....4c
1 doz. Large Safety Pins, Nickel-Plated....4c
1 Spool Crochet Cotton....4c
1 Belt Pin....4c
1 Curling Iron, Spring Handle....5c
1 Shell Hair Ornament....5c
1 Roll Goff's Braid (3 yds.)....5c
1 Pair Corset Steels, black, white or gray....5c
1 yd. Lisle Thread Elastic, black or white....5c
2 doz. Appleton's Invisible Hooks and Eyes....5c
6 doz. Agate Buttons, large size....5c
1 doz. White Pearl Buttons....5c
12 Hat Pins, Jet Heads....5c
3 Spools Basting Cotton....5c
6 Aluminum Hair Pins....5c
6 Skeins Red Embroidery Cotton....5c

New Fedora Hats.

The new fall shapes in this particular hat is very handsome. The quality and the assortment of colors in this new line are seldom offered at $1 50. The hats are lined with satin and with silk bands and bindings. The colors are black, seal brown, stone gray, Havana brown, vicuna and tan. Price $1 50.

Women's Green Kid Ties.

Dark Green Kid Ties in two styles—one rounding coin toe, the other pointed toes. Soft turned soles, medium heels and kid tops. The very acme of good shoemaking and very stylish. $3.

New Veilings.

Among new veilings just received is a special value in a pretty mesh, with chenille dots in black and colors at 17c yard.

All the new meshes, with chenille dots of various sizes, in black or colors. Regular 50c quality at 35c yard.

Fancy reds, purples, etc., in veilings with fancy silk dots, 50c yard.

Amateur Photography

Is one of the most interesting pastimes that any person can indulge in. The pictures you make today you show with pleasure to your friends, but later as records of the past they become almost invaluable to you. No better start can be made than with a No. 2 Bulls'-eye Kodak. Its simplicity recommends itself at sight even to a beginner. Can be loaded and unloaded in daylight. Takes a picture 3½x3½ inches. Full instructions for developing and printing accompany each Kodak. Price, $8.

Men's New Black Suits at $15.

We have Black Worsted Suits that are better made and finished than any we have had before at the same price, $15. They come in square corner sacks or three-button cutaway frocks. Lined with "double strength" black Italian cloth and satin piped on the inside of coat.

Cut on perfect lines and good enough for any man. $15.

Weinstock, Lubin & Co., 400-412 K Street, Sacramento.

Largest package—greatest economy. Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Boston. Philadelphia.