

OUTBREAK AT HAVANA CITY.

A Mob of Thousands Attacks the Daily Newspaper Offices,

Smashing the Windows and Destroying the Printing Outfits.

American Citizens Forced to Seek Refuge in the Consulate—May Result in Forcing the United States to Intervene—Warships Ordered to be in Readiness to Sail at a Moment's Notice.

HAVANA, Jan. 12.—At 10 o'clock this morning about 100 army officers, incensed by the violent attacks made by some of the local papers upon the general-in-chief and the principal officers of the Spanish army in Cuba, went to the printing office of the daily journals, "La Discusion" and "El Reconcentrado," and began smashing the windows and destroying the printing outfit, as well as cutting the employees. The mob of thousands followed, shouting "Long Live Spain"; "Long Live the Army"; "Long Live the Volunteers."

The appearance at the office of "La Discusion" of General Garriche, acting military commander at Havana, and General Solano, chief of staff, prevented more serious outrages.

These officers proceeded to the office of "El Diario de La Marina," the mob shouting meanwhile, "Death to 'El Reconcentrado,'" and "Death to 'La Discusion.'" But on the appearance of General Garrido, the people scattered.

At 11:30 o'clock large crowds of citizens appeared at the office of "El Diario de La Marina" and began smashing the windows and doors and shouting: "Long Live Spain"; "Long Live the Army"; "Long Live the Volunteers." The gendarmes dispersed the rioters.

Central Park has been transformed into a military camp. There has been great excitement among the military authorities, who have taken all the necessary precautions to maintain order. The troops have been ordered to barracks.

General Solano will deal most energetically with the imitators of the outbreak. To-night the police are guarding the printing offices.

THE MAINE MAY GO TO CUBA. CHICAGO, Jan. 12.—A special to the "Times-Herald" from Key West, Fla., says:

The second-class battleship Maine has received orders to hold herself in readiness to proceed to Cuba at an instant's warning. The orders came by telegraph to-night. In compliance with these orders, Captain C. D. Sigbee, commanding the battleship, has made all arrangements to get under way without delay. He has been placed in communication with General Lee, who will cable him whether or not it is necessary for him to go to Havana.

INTERVENTION MAY BE FORCED. NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—A special to the "Journal and Advertiser" from Washington says:

Within forty-eight hours, on present indications, intervention in Cuba will have been forced on the administration. It will be found unprepared. The rioting in Havana was much fiercer than the censored press reports indicate.

General Lee got at the cable early, and reported the situation was serious, and that the mob was "getting even with the Americans," and "downing the United States," as much as it was striking at the autonomist policy and the reconcentrados.

American citizens had to seek refuge in the consulate.

General Lee's prompt military instincts told him that the consulate might be in even greater danger than any other place in Havana, but General Blanco at once threw a heavy curtain of Spanish regulars with artillery around the whole square, and adjoining streets were held. This alarming information came late.

The President did not wish to act precipitately, but emergency had to be met promptly. The Navy Department was notified, and Commodore Crowninshield, Chief of the Bureau of Navigation, at once sent dispatches to Admiral Bunce, with the White Squadron, to hold every vessel in prompt readiness, and to Key West for the vessels at that point to be ready to start for Havana on signal, but not to land unless instructed by General Lee.

The Key West squadron cannot be assembled before to-night, as they are hunting filibusters. Not later than Friday they will be on hand.

The torpedo fleet has been notified, and can be put into Key West for a dash on Havana by Friday.

CASE OF JAY VS. SYKES. Suit to Recover Money Advanced to the Latter's Wife.

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The case of Jay vs. Sykes was opened before the Lord Chief Justice, Baron Russell, today. Lamson Walton, who appeared for the plaintiff, Daniel Jay, a money lender, said the action was to recover the sum of £15,870 lent to Lady Jessica Sykes in 1896, on the security of notes purporting to be signed by her husband, Sir Tatton Sykes. The actual amount of cash lent, counsel continued, was about £10,000, the balance being interest.

Lady Sykes admitted the liability, but Sir Tatton denied that the signatures were his, and alleged that they were forged by Lady Sykes. The latter counsel said, would testify that her husband signed the notes.

Counsel then described the relations between husband and wife, the former encouraging his wife's extravagance, yet loath to pay the bills. The wife consequently became involved in debt, and borrowed money at 6 per cent. At the same time, without her husband's knowledge, she speculated heavily on the Stock Exchange. When the "Kaffir Circus" was smashed her husband had to pay £31,000 to her brokers. Sir Tatton promised Mr. Jay to pay off the whole of his wife's liability, but immediately afterwards he disappeared. Finally Lady Sykes was forced to take proceedings to obtain relief, to which her husband answered by the personal criminal charge.

Lady Sykes then testified. She corroborated the foregoing statement of Walton, and said her husband's income was £70,000. The notes, she added,

were signed in her presence by Sir Tatton. During her cross-examination Lady Sykes admitted that she bet heavily, but said that it was with her husband's consent. Altogether, she added, her winnings on the Stock Exchange exceeded her losses.

Her ladyship also admitted that she owed Sam Lewis, the well-known money lender, £8,000. Later Lady Sykes announced that she had not kept account books, adding that she kept her accounts in her head.

Upon further cross-examination Lady Sykes said it was impossible to get money from Sir Tatton except for churches. Her borrowings, she continued, were to pay debts. In addition to the money she had borrowed from Sam Lewis, Lady Sykes admitted having borrowed £7,000 from Sangunetti and £28,000 from insurance companies.

At the close of the day's proceedings the case was adjourned.

JAPANESE MINISTRY.

Names of Those Who Will Compose the Cabinet.

LONDON, Jan. 12.—A dispatch to the "Daily Mail" from Shanghai says that the new Japanese Cabinet has been completed, with the following distribution of portfolios:

Premier, the Marquis Ito. Minister of Foreign Affairs, Baron Nishi (Nishi). Minister of the Interior, Viscount Koshikawa.

Minister of War, Viscount Katsura. Minister of Marine, Marquis Saigo Tsugumichi. Minister of Finance, Count Inouye. Minister of Commerce, Baron Ito-miyoi.

Minister of Communications, Baron Suikantsu. Minister of Education, Marquis Sa-joini. Minister of Justice, M. Sone.

A CITY WIPED OUT.

Three Hundred People Reported Killed by an Earthquake.

THE HAGUE, Jan. 12.—An official dispatch from Batavia announces that the Capital of Amboyna, one of the Moluccas Islands, has been completely demolished by an earthquake. Fifty persons were killed and 200 injured.

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The correspondent of the "Standard" at The Hague says a private dispatch received there states that 200 persons were killed by an earthquake at Amboyna.

May Not Hold Kiaochau.

LONDON, Jan. 12.—A special dispatch from Shanghai says the treaty providing for a lease of Kiaochau to Germany is not yet signed. Japan is strenuously opposing the final signature. The British gunboat Swift has gone to Hainan to ascertain the French movements.

Baron Pollock as Humorist.

Baron Pollock was blessed with a keen sense of humor and was ever quick to see a funny situation and to make the most of it. Trying one day a tramway accident case, the car conductor was called to prove what he was doing when the cause of action arose. Only one passenger was inside the vehicle at the psychological moment, and while collecting his fare the smash occurred. This operation occupied only a second, according to the veracious "Fares, please," as he "simply rushed into the car, took the fare, and came out again." He was asked in cross-examination if he could, therefore, collect sixty fares in one minute. "No, sir," returned the badgered man; "nor could an angel."

Baron Pollock rose to the occasion, and in his oracular manner delivered himself gravely thus: "I do not think that for the purposes of this case we can go beyond ordinary mortals. The more so, indeed, as we have known that 'fools rush in where angels fear to tread!'"

On another occasion, when presiding at the trial of a water case, a battery of bottles of the fluid in dispute was produced by the plaintiff were disgusting, while those of the defendant were as charmingly pellucid—with one exception, and this happened to have been filled by the clerk to his solicitor. On shaking the bottle, the contents being thicker than any of those supplied by the seeker after damages. A delightful row ensued between counsel as to the admission in evidence of this unlovely flask. But good humor was restored when the Baron let off the remark that if, instead of the bottles having been filled by the clerk, it had been settled by counsel, no objection would have been taken.

One day, at the old Guildhall sittings, the bells of an adjacent church set up such a tintinnabulation that even the brazen voice of counsel in his opening speech was drowned out. The compassionate Pollock, E., ordered the ringing to be stopped, remarking in an aside to the jury, when quiet had been obtained: "You know, gentlemen, that this is not a court of a-peal!"

The secrets of the bar mess are not for the common ear, but to the general Judge is ascribed the following bon mot. The merits of the rising, but somewhat underheated, junior were being discussed, when Pollock, then the leader of the circuit, remarked: "Well, he's a dear fellow and the happy possessor of a mind unclouded by thought!" Later in life he gently denied the authorship of the epigram, but the belief prevails that he made it.—Westminster Gazette.

A Convict's Moral Code.

The leading article in a recent issue of the "Monthly Record" published in the State Prison, is entitled "The Borderland," and is written by No. 18 H, and has a decidedly religious tone. Five rules for conduct are laid down, and the author says they are principles by which his life is governed:

(1) If possible, be well and have a good appetite. If these conditions are yours, the battle of life is already half won. Many soul and heart troubles arise really in the stomach; though it may seem strange to you.

(2) Be busy. Fill the hours so full of useful and interesting work that there shall be no time for dwelling on your troubles, that the day shall dawn full of expectation, the night fall full of repose.

(3) Forget yourself. You never will be happy if your thoughts constantly dwell upon yourself, your own imperfections, your own shortcomings, what people think of you, and so on.

(4) Expect nothing. Expect little of life, not too much of your friends.

(5) Trust in God. Believe that God is, that He really knows what is best for you; believe this truly, and the bitterness is gone from life.—Hartford Courant.

"When a member of the bar has been made a Judge," says the New Orleans "Picayune," "he is supposed to know something about law when he ends his term." But wouldn't that be an expensive way to instruct a Judge of the United States Supreme Court, for instance.

A "HAIR BREADTH'S" WHISKY SCARE.

The Reported Indian Outbreak in the Seminole Country.

Redskins Are Excited but Are Not Believed to Have Committed Any Murder.

General Brooke Sends an Officer to the Scene of the Reported Massacres to Make an Immediate Investigation of the Situation—Large Reward Offered for the Arrest and Conviction of Members of the Mob Who Burned the Two Indians at the Stake.

WICHITA (Kan.), Jan. 12.—A special to the "Eagle" from Guthrie, O. T., says:

The Mayor of Shawnee, O. T., has wired Governor Barnes that the reported Indian outbreak in the Seminole Country is a "hair-breadth's whisky scare."

The Sheriff of Pottawatomie County has also wired the Governor that he does not believe any murders have been committed. He reports the Indians as tremendously excited, but not threatening.

A later dispatch from Guthrie says: "Governor Barnes has offered \$1,000 reward for the arrest and conviction of the members of the mob which burned the two Indians to death in Pottawatomie County, and has instructed county officials to leave nothing undone to bring them all to justice."

THE WAR DEPARTMENT INVESTIGATING THE REPORT.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Secretary Bliss called at the War Department and had an interview with Acting Secretary McKeljohn respecting the reported outbreak of the Seminoles in the Indian Territory. Secretary Bliss had a dispatch, received from Agent Wisdom, confirming the published statement of the burning of two Seminoles charged with outraging and murdering a woman, but adding that he did not apprehend any further difficulty.

Later the War Department telegraphed General Brooke at Chicago, commanding the Department of the Missouri, for information as to the situation in the Seminole country. It may be that nothing will be done until General Brooke is heard from, though the present intention of the Department is to have some troops sent from Fort Reno or Fort Sill to the scene of the reported outbreak.

This afternoon General Brooke at Chicago reported that he had dispatched an officer to make an immediate investigation of the conditions in the Indian Territory. The troops at Fort Reno, he said, could be placed at the point where trouble was reported by the newspaper dispatches in less than three hours after they received their marching orders.

General Brooke was instructed by telegraph to use his discretion in preserving the peace and to use troops in command as he saw the necessity for them, without further orders from the Department.

A STOLEN ROBBERY.

The Stolen Trousers Found, but the Money Was Missing.

SAN JOSE, Jan. 12.—The trousers which the robber stole from under E. A. Brown's pillow Saturday morning with \$300 in the pockets have been recovered. They, with the empty purse, pocket knife and silver watch, were found in the rear of a store not two blocks from the scene of the robbery.

The robber had evidently gone up a flight of stairs and down into a little cooped-up yard, where he remained concealed until he had opportunity to get out probably that night. Hundreds pass the place just outside the fence every hour of the day.

The officers have about decided that the robber is Isaac Irwin, and not William Miller. Both are dangerous ex-convicts, and much alike in all appearances and characteristics, but Miller is now baldheaded, while the robber is not. In addition, the officers believe Miller to be in Oregon at present.

THE ROBBER CAPTURED.

SAN JOSE, Jan. 12.—Isaac Erwin, alias Marvin, who on the 22d of last morning robbed and nearly murdered E. A. Brown of Hollister in this city, was captured this evening on a ranch thirty miles from town.

Erwin had been given food and shelter by Brown, but was an inveterate gambler, and his cupidity made him ready for crime when he learned that Brown had \$300. He was taking the money when Brown awoke, and Erwin then attempted to murder him, beating his defenseless victim over the head with a heavy revolver. Erwin escaped and started south on foot. He reached the Weber ranch last night, and was engaged in plowing when the officers from this city put him under arrest. He was brought back to town to-night. None of the stolen money has been recovered, and it is thought that it is buried on the Weber ranch.

The prisoner protests that he is innocent, claiming that he arose Saturday morning, went out to get a drink, and when he returned he found Brown bruised and battered. Fearing he would be arrested on suspicion he at once took flight. No stock is taken in this story. Erwin was formerly a prominent farmer of Klamath County, Or.

BEEF SUGAR FACTORIES.

Three to be Established in the Sacramento Valley.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 12.—The "Call" today announces the success of the mission of Willard E. Green, who recently left for Europe in the interest of the beef sugar syndicate which has been negotiating for lands in the Sacramento Valley.

Satisfactory arrangements have been made, and all that remains is to secure the proper permits to cultivate the beets. Contracts have been signed by which 150,000 acres of land near Chico, Marysville and Red Bluff has been secured, and the work of erecting three immense sugar factories will be started at once. The syndicate has a capital of \$15,000,000, and intends making the venture a success if money and experience can do it.

The land secured embodies tracts from

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

RAILROAD COMMISSIONERS.

Complain That at Present They Are of Little Service.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 12.—The Railroad Commissioners in their annual report to the Governor, filed to-day, complain emphatically that the commission, as at present empowered, is of little service to the people of the State, and suggest that, without such legislation as they specify, it might better be abolished.

Inadequate power and disappointing legislative bodies are to blame, they declare, for the long delay in the courts by which the proposed reduction of eight per cent. in grain rates has been deferred.

For the same reasons the Commissioners complain that they are unable to compel railroad companies to file their reports, and they are powerless to compel adequate protection to the public.

STORM NOTES.

Four Inches of Snow Fell in Santa Cruz County.

SANTA CRUZ, Jan. 12.—Four inches of snow fell at Ben Lomond yesterday. People from there who came to this city to-day traveled through six miles of snow. The weather to-night is considerably warmer.

JARROVIO GRANDE, Jan. 12.—The first heavy rain of the season fell last night. Heavy has been suffering for want of food, but the outlook now is bright. There is snow on the adjacent hills.

SANTA MARIA, Jan. 12.—Nearly one inch of rain fell here last night, and more is expected. It has been snowing on the foothills at intervals since Sunday.

SAN DIEGO, Jan. 12.—Last night's rainfall added .57 of an inch to the precipitation, making 2.43 inches for the season. It is clear to-night.

Los Angeles Poultry Show.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 12.—Beginning Tuesday, January 25th, and continuing throughout the week, the Los Angeles County Poultry Association will hold its ninth annual exhibition in this city.

The competition is open to the world. January 25th at 12 noon, is the last hour at which entries may be made. The premium list enumerates 454 classes, from Barred Plymouth Rock cock to White Angora rabbit, divided into fourteen sections, and is prefaced by the association's carefully prepared rules and directions.

King Will be Ousted.

UKIAH, Jan. 12.—In the suit brought by W. N. Moore to oust E. W. King, medical superintendent of the Mendocino State Hospital, Judge Marmon today decided in favor of the plaintiff. He held that King's term expired last July by statutory limitation.

Stage Robbers Plead Guilty.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 12.—James N. and Edgar Davis, brothers, who attempted to hold up a stage near Willetts Postoffice, Mendocino County, on Christmas night, pleaded guilty to-day in the United States Circuit Court. They will be sentenced on Saturday.

Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 12.—The Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce held its annual election to-day, and re-elected President Charles Forman. The list of Vice-presidents and heads of committees and the directors remains about the same.

Toalunne's Sheriff Dead.

SONORA, Jan. 12.—T. M. Yancey, Sheriff of Toalunne County, died this evening. With the exception of one term Mr. Yancey was either Sheriff or deputy for the past twenty-five years. He was a Mexican war veteran and prominent in Masonic circles.

Arizona Bar Association.

PHOENIX, Jan. 12.—At the annual meeting of the Territorial Bar Association to-day, S. M. Franklin of Tucson was elected President. C. Baker of Phoenix Vice-President and Wade Hullins Secretary.

Breach of Promise Suit Ended.

SANTA BARBARA, Jan. 12.—The sensational suit of Mrs. Sara Ann Paul vs. C. L. Donohue, editor of the "Independent" for breach of promise, terminated to-night in a verdict of \$500 for the plaintiff's injured affections.

Found Dead in Bed.

PHOENIX (Ariz.), Jan. 12.—R. A. Sprecher, a banker of Portage, Wis., and once Representative in Congress of a Wisconsin district, was found dead in his bed this afternoon, aneurism of the heart being the cause of death.

Had Thought It All Over.

"I have called," said the young man, "to ask you to marry me. You must be patient with me. I am afraid that she has been spoiled by her foolish old father. Remember that she has not had a mother's care, poor child."

"Oh," exclaimed the anxious lover, "I'll never think the less of her for that. I'll be willing to make ample allowance for her motherless condition. Dear girl! I've thought of that from the first!"

British millionaires die at the rate of three a year. During the ten years 1887-96, thirty-two millionaire estates were approved for death duty. The estates involved an aggregate personality of £51,670,000.

Friends will always laugh at your jokes be they good or bad—but there's a great deal in the way they do it.

WINTER GOODS AT THE GENERAL. Women's Shoes, Men's Furnishing Goods, Working Shirts, 45c., Misses' Shoes, Reduced to \$1 30., Children's Shoes, Reduced to 60c., Stamped Linens, Reduced., Clearance Sale Specials in Book Dept., Blankets, \$3 65., Bedspreads, 84c., Dress Shirts, 62c., Nightshirts, 40c., Men's Wool Underwear, 83c., Men's Cashmere Wool Undershirts and Drawers, all-wool, in tan and blue colors; these garments are entirely free from burrs, and unshrinkable; former prices, \$1 and \$1 25. Clearance sale price, 83c.

WASSERMAN, DAVIS & CO., 111 K, between Sixth and Seventh.

SMOKE THE COCKNEY. A. COOLOT, Sacramento, Distributing Agent. I CARRY A COMPLETE LINE OF HYDROMETERS, LACTOMETERS AND SAGCHAROMETERS. For liquor, alcohol, milk, sugar, vinegar, salt, etc., also, scales, and gold scales, at cheapest prices. D. M. BISHOPP, Optician, - - 806 J Street. A PORTUGUESE PIRATE. How Bartholemey Captured a Huge Spanish Merchantman. A series of sketches by Frank R. Stockton on "The Buccaneers of Our Coast" is one of the features of our new volume of "St. Nicholas." In the January number Mr. Stockton tells of the adventures of Bartholemey Portuguese, who, with a small crew in a small vessel, captured a huge Spanish merchantman in the Caribbean Sea. Mr. Stockton says: "The little pirate sailed boldly toward the big Spaniard, and the latter vessel, utterly astonished at the audacity of this attack—[to the pirate's flag was flying—] to head to the wind, and waited, the gunners standing by their cannon. When the Spaniard had come near enough to see and understand the size and power of the vessel they had thought of attacking, they did not, as might have been expected, put about and sail away at the best of their vessel's speed, but they kept straight on in their course, as if they were about to fall upon a great, unwieldy merchantman manned by common sailors. Perceiving the foolhardiness of the little vessel, the Spanish commander determined to give it a lesson, which would teach the Captain to understand the relative power of great vessels and little ones; so as soon as the pirates' vessel was near enough, he ordered a broadside fired upon it. The Spanish ship had a great many people on board. It had a crew of seventy men, and besides these there were some passengers and regular marines; and knowing that the Captain had determined to fire upon the approaching vessel, everybody had gathered on deck to see the little pirate ship go down. But the ten great cannon balls which the craft all missed their aim, and before the guns could be reloaded, or the great ship be got around so as to deliver her other broadside, the pirate vessel was alongside of her. Bartholemey and his crew were against so huge a foe. What he was after was a hand-to-hand combat on the deck of the Spanish ship. The pirates were all ready for hot work. They had thrown aside their coats and shirts, as if each of them were going into a prize fight, and with their cutlasses in their hands, and their pistols and knives in their belts, they scrambled like monkeys up the sides of the great ship. But Spaniards are brave men and good fighters, there were more than twice as many of them as there were of the pirates; and it was not long before the latter found out that they could not capture that vessel by boarding it. So over the side they tumbled as fast as they could go, leaving some of the number dead and wounded behind them. They jumped into their own vessel, and then they put off to a short distance to take breath and get ready for a different kind of fight. The triumphant Spaniards now prepared to get rid of this boat-load of half-naked wild beasts, which they could easily do if they took better aim with their cannon than they had done before. But to their amazement, they soon found that they could do nothing with the guns, nor were they able to work their ship so as to get it into position for effectual shots. Bartholemey and his men laid aside their cutlasses and their pistols, and took up muskets, with which they were well provided. Their vessel lay within very short range of the Spanish ship, and whenever a man could be seen through the port-holes, or showed himself in the rigging or any-

Got You Guessing? The Colored Tags Sat., Jan. 15th.