

TOGETHER WITH AMERICA.

A British Journal on War Situation.

The Two Anglo-Saxon Countries Should Act Together.

Each Should Aid the Other in Cuban and China Matters.

The German Foreign Office Emphatically Denies That Spain Would Have Her Aid in Case of a Conflict With the United States.

LONDON, March 12.—The St. James "Gazette" this afternoon in an editorial headed "Together With America," says: "The Cuban situation cannot be allowed to go on much longer. If the Maine's destruction is proved to have been due to an external explosion, it will then be shown that Spain cannot as much as keep order in the harbor of the Cuban Capital, and the United States will be justified in refusing to tolerate such a condition of things any longer, and in asking our moral support to bring it to an end. In China, no doubt, it is we who are chiefly concerned, but the United States have genuine interests there, and they are identical with ours. We ask for the open door, and nothing else."

"Here, then, moral support may be given for the moral support of the American Government. It has every claim to insist upon making its voice heard; it must needs have a seat at any conference on the Chinese question, and we can calculate it will be found in agreement with ours."

"It has hitherto been the ruling principle in American politics to abstain from alliance with European Powers, but the time for alliances has come for the United States. They can no longer afford to view the conflicts of the European Powers as something remote and of no concern of theirs. It may be a fortunate thing for both that this should be the case, just when it is so very possible for England and the United States to act together. On our side there is every disposition, and we can claim to have shown it in our acts. It is for them to take the next step. They can now, by speaking a word in regard to China, make clear to the world that the two Anglo-Saxon communities are prepared to act together."

GERMANY OUR FRIEND.

Would Not Aid Spain in Case of War With the United States.

BERLIN, March 12.—The Berlin Foreign Office has instructed the inspired press to deny emphatically that Germany will aid Spain in case of war with the United States, and has instructed these newspapers to point out that the United States is an excellent friend of Germany and that Spain, in the Carolina squabble, has repeatedly shown unfriendliness to Germany.

WAR CANNOT BE AVERTED.

Such is the Serious Belief in London Circles.

NEW YORK, March 12.—The "Mail and Express" to-day has the following cablegram from London: "The acute crisis between the United States and Spain is the uppermost topic everywhere in London. No one seems seriously to believe that war can be averted. The great newspapers are making elaborate preparations for war correspondence. I am told by an official that two or three British war vessels with complete schools of naval officers on board will be detailed to cruise in the vicinity of Spanish and American fleets, so as to be able to take every possible observation."

"The war between Japan and China was a revelation of the extraordinary powers of modern marine warfare, and it is firmly believed in London that the American authorities possess some wonderful new devices in the way of engines of destruction."

"It is believed here that the authorities will be inaugurated with requests from English army officers and ex-officers for volunteers' commissions."

"The leading newspapers on the continent are in the main sympathetic with the Americans. The destruction of the Maine, whether by accident or design, seems to have settled that. It is believed here that if Spain goes to war she will be in a condition of utter desolation. The only country which would give her moral support would perhaps be Austria."

BLOWING UP OF THE MAINE.

Believed Some New Developments Will Soon Be Made.

NEW YORK, March 12.—Captain Sampson last night sent a dispatch by cipher to the Navy Department, says the Havana correspondent of the "Herald." It is stated by one who is in a position to know that the dispatch was of considerable importance, and will result in developments in the near future. Asked whether it meant that the report will be made next week, my informant replied that it was impossible to say more than he had. He did add, however, that several important, though not sensational, developments will be made in Havana soon.

The same gentleman cited as proof that Spanish and American divers are working along the same lines, and are in accord, the fact that yesterday's Spanish and American divers went together to the bottom of the harbor and

brought to the surface a sack of mud from under the larger forward magazine.

IF SPAIN IS RESPONSIBLE.

"Correspondencia's" Comments on the Maine Disaster.

MADRID, March 12.—The semi-official "Correspondencia" to-day, referring to statements that the United States, although acquitting Spanish authorities of guilt in connection with the destruction of the Maine, intends to declare Spain responsible by imposing upon her two punishments, indemnity and Cuban independence, says: "And all this for an event with which we had nothing to do. What would happen to us if, by negligence, we had really incurred this responsibility?"

The "Liberal" gives the following strength of the Spanish navy: Protected ships 17, unprotected 20, gunboats 8, torpedo boat destroyers 14, torpedo boats 14, transports 25.

The "Imparcial" to-day says: "There is still time to prepare a few men-of-war, and it is perhaps possible to buy a few more submarines, but in any case we have some merchant ships which could do a lot of harm to American commerce, and we will have to arrange to carry on a privateering war, from which as much renown may accrue as from the guerrilla warfare which vanquished Napoleon."

Continuing, the "Imparcial" exhorts the Government to allow the present crisis to pass over and to turn the time to good use, concluding: "If our flag goes into mourning, let us at least be able to put some pieces of crepe on America's obnoxious flag."

CRY OF THE WEYHERITES.

MADRID, March 12.—Yacaris have been posted throughout the city setting forth that the national candidates whom all good Spaniards should support are Generals Borrero and Sigura. The placards end with "Long live the fatherland"; "Long live the army."

These candidates are nominated by the Weyherites. The Republican and Carlist newspapers announce that they will support them.

SPANISH TORPEDO FLOTILLA. MADRID, March 12.—The Spanish torpedo flotilla has not yet left Cadiz. The vessels will sail for the Canary Islands as soon as the weather moderates.

SPAIN'S DUTY.

Expressed in a Speech Delivered by Senor Moret.

NEW YORK, March 12.—A dispatch to the "Herald" from Madrid says: Senor Moret's eloquently simple speech at the last banquet on the occasion of the Grand Cross of Carlos III, being conferred upon the Governor of this province may be taken as the reply of the Government to the American outbursts and the exposition of the attitude of Spain in the whole matter. Among the most pregnant expressions were these:

"What is the great difficulty against which we fight? Civil war and insurrection in Cuba, to which there are several corollaries. The most prominent are the forces at work to sustain it. We, I affirm, are entirely confident that we can terminate the insurrection, and that we are nearing a solution of the problem."

"It has been said that autonomy is a failure. This is false and mendacious. The policy of the Liberal Government is giving grand and evident results. As a proof of it, Cuba is being converted from a devastated into a productive country. Production is being augmented, civilization is extending, property is increasing in value and prosperity is returning."

"Contrary to the statements of those who have an interest in perverting truth in the oriental princess, our gallant troops are chasing the rebels at the bayonet's point with cries of 'Viva Espana!' and moral order has been restored since the birth of the constitution, which is supported by old reconcilables."

"During the course of an interview on Thursday, Colonel Reinlin De Segura, the Spanish military attaché here, said he was confident the 'misunderstanding' would disappear, adding: 'It might, however, be well for Americans to know that Spain is not defenseless, and that it will cost much more and more money to conquer or defeat us. So soon as Cuba is declared a large and well equipped fleet of privateers will immediately begin hostilities against the great American commerce. Spain has not remained idle since the first misunderstandings. Ninety different steamers lie in the harbors of Barcelona and Valencia, ready to sail and to execute. We have friends, powerful ones, who will assist us, if not with men, with money, but I, in common with the Spanish Government, trust that peace will be preserved.'"

The centennial of William I. was generally commemorated at Berlin on Wednesday. The national monument was honorably deposited, many ladies and children depositing floral offerings. The room in which the Emperor died and the door leading to it were draped in mourning, and the imperial mausoleum at Charlottenburg was decorated with wreaths, one of which was sent by the officials of the United States Embassy. Emperor William visited the mausoleum on Wednesday, and paid a visit to the Emperor's grave at the residence of the Emperor and the Empress. The military veterans held a memorial celebration at the Emperor William Memorial Church, which was attended by the Emperor and the Empress. There were 110 flags around the altar. Pastor Koehler delivered the funeral oration and most of the German Princes and rulers sent wreaths, both to the monument and to the grave. A bouquet of violets was also placed in the corner window of the palace on Unter Den Linden where William I. appeared daily at noon.

PREPARATIONS FOR NATIONAL DEFENSE.

(Continued from First Page.)

NEW YORK, March 1.—The submarine boat Holland was given another preliminary trial last evening. She moved out a short distance from the pier at Perth Amboy, and with John P. Holland, the inventor, the engineer and another man on board, disappeared beneath the water. She remained down a depth of about fourteen feet for nearly half an hour, and then reappeared at the surface. The object of the test was to determine the amount of metal ballast necessary for operations under water, as well as to test her diving tanks and compressed air apparatus.

After the Holland came to the surface the inventor said that the boat worked satisfactorily, and that he was ready to give her an open trial in deep water. It has been decided to exhibit her in the lower bay next week. The submarine boat, the Holland, built by the company, Captain Jacques; Captain S. A. Morris, Superintendent Thompson of the dry docks, and only about a half dozen others witnessed the test.

KEY WEST.

Two Carloads of Torpedoes Arrive to Be Laid in the Harbor.

KEY WEST (Fla.), March 12.—The United States cruiser Nashville has returned from the Tortugas Islands, and has brought aboard her two carloads of torpedoes from Havana via Tortugas, with five of the Maine's wounded from the latter place.

The steamer City of Key West, from Miami, to-day brought two carloads of torpedoes and torpedo buoys. These will be laid in this harbor. The torpedo boat Ericson will sail to-morrow morning for the Tortugas, with mail and dispatches for the fleet. The yacht Ducaener sailed for Havana.

POWDER AND DYNAMITE.

Big Order Placed With the Aetna Powder Company.

VALPARAISO (Ind.), March 12.—The Aetna Powder Company at Miller Station has received an order for 100 tons of powder and 200 tons of dynamite cartridges from the War Department. The works will be run day and night.

GERMAN PRESS ON WAR PROSPECTS.

Believe a Conflict Probable Between This Country and Spain.

Though They Say the Latter Will Do Everything to Avoid It.

Charge That the United States is Not Attempting to Preserve Peace and Keep the War Party in Control—Also Predict That in the Event of Hostilities Spain Will Disappear From the Map of European Powers, After a Fierce War of Piracy.

BERLIN, March 12.—(Copyrighted, 1898, by the Associated Press).—The German press this week has given utterance to the unanimous conviction that a war between the United States and Spain is probable, although it is believed here that the latter country will do everything to avoid it.

In diplomatic circles it is said that Spain, during the past week, sent a circular note to the Cabinets of Europe to the effect that the Spanish Government hoped the rebellion in Cuba would be completely suppressed by April 1st, adding that if foreign interference had not stimulated the insurgents and supported them with arms, money and ammunition, there would at the present moment be no insurgents left. So far as the correspondent has been able to ascertain, the document has not elicited any replies.

The opinion that the United States is not honestly attempting to preserve peace and keep the war party in control is widely disseminated in Germany, and finds ready credence, not only in the newspapers, but in official and diplomatic circles. One newspaper interviewed the United States Ambassador, Andrew White, and printed his opinion that the majority of Americans are anxious to maintain peace. But the newspaper added that Mr. White's opinion was not supported by facts, and saying that the vote of Congress was unanimously regarded as a clear indication that war is coming and that the Americans want it.

Several papers, in addition to the event of hostilities, Spain will disappear from the map of European Powers after a fierce "war of piracy," both countries not being signatories of the anti-privateer convention of Paris.

It is well known in diplomatic circles that Senor Sandoval, the Spanish military attaché in Germany, Austria and Scandinavia, returned to Berlin on Wednesday from a trip after having made three conditional purchases of coasting steamers at Fleume and two at Pola, with other Spanish representatives, with other purchasing outright or conditionally munitions and Spanish military stores, and also other purchases referred to, which are intended for the privateer service, has placed large orders with the Krupp Gun Company during the last six weeks and has also appointed a sub-agent at Trieste to see what he can pick up. The Spanish agent is now at Hamburg or Stettin, negotiating for several cannon and torpedo boats, built partly for China and partly on speculation by the Vulcan yards, and the yards at Elbing for the same purpose.

During the course of an interview on Thursday, Colonel Reinlin De Segura, the Spanish military attaché here, said he was confident the "misunderstanding" would disappear, adding: "It might, however, be well for Americans to know that Spain is not defenseless, and that it will cost much more and more money to conquer or defeat us. So soon as Cuba is declared a large and well equipped fleet of privateers will immediately begin hostilities against the great American commerce. Spain has not remained idle since the first misunderstandings. Ninety different steamers lie in the harbors of Barcelona and Valencia, ready to sail and to execute. We have friends, powerful ones, who will assist us, if not with men, with money, but I, in common with the Spanish Government, trust that peace will be preserved."

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The Minister of the Interior has prohibited the public demonstration on March 18th, the anniversary of the revolution of Berlin, including the demonstrations which were projected at the graves of the victims in the cemetery of Prenzlauer Berg. All demonstrations will be forcibly suppressed and offenders will be arrested.

DECREE OF AMNESTY.

Persons Driven Out of Guatemala May Now Return.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 12.—General Fuentes, one of the most prominent of the colony of Guatemalan refugees, has received information to the effect that Acting President Cabrera has issued a general decree of amnesty for all persons who were driven out of the Southern Republic during the late President Barrios' regime.

Further than this, so far as is possible under the existing circumstances, all property that has been confiscated will be restored.

General Fuentes, who is stopping at the Occidental Hotel, is therefore making preparations to depart for Guatemala. His Secretary, Mr. Apac, stated to-day that the name of General Fuentes has been regularly presented as a candidate for the Presidency of Guatemala. The election will be held next August, and the three other candidates whose names will be presented to the public are the Acting President, Cabrera, Herrera and Yereña.

WIND BLEW A HURRICANE.

A Severe Northwest Gale Prevails in California and Nevada.

Particularly Severe Over a Large Portion of the Latter State.

At Winnemucca a Terrific Gale Raged, Blowing Down Fences, Uprooting Trees and Unroofing Houses—Rain in Washington and Snow in Eastern Oregon.

Rich Gold Ledges.

Governor Hastings and Party.

LOS ANGELES, March 12.—Governor Hastings and party, which consists, besides the Governor, of Mrs. Governor Hastings, Attorney-General and Mrs. H. C. McCormick, Miss McCormick, State Senator and Mrs. J. H. Cochran, Miss Cochran and Miss Mabel L. Bond, left to-day at 2 o'clock for San Diego. They return here on Monday next, and on Wednesday next start for San Francisco.

An Ex-Ambassador Ill.

OAKLAND, March 12.—Colonel David Urquhart has been suddenly summoned to Paris to attend his brother-in-law, Robert M. McLane, ex-Ambassador to France from the United States, who is in a critical condition from heart trouble. Fears are expressed that the patient's recovery, owing to his age, which is 82 years, Mr. McLane married a sister of Colonel Urquhart, who is the father of Mrs. James Brown Potter, the actress.

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Prospective Pigeon Match.

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Baseball at Berkeley.

BERKELEY, March 12.—The Santa Clara baseball team defeated the University of California nine in a six-inning game to-day by a score of 9 to 6.

SPANISH MINISTER TO UNITED STATES.

Senor Bernabe Formally Presented to President McKinley.

Delivers His Letters Accrediting Him as Envoy to Washington.

The Reception Takes Place in the Blue Room, Secretary of State Sherman Introducing De Lome's Successor to the President—The Exchange of Greetings Most Cordial, and Occupied About Twenty Minutes.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Senor Luis Polo y Bernabe, the new Spanish Minister, who succeeds Senor De Lome as the representative of Spain here, was formally presented to President McKinley to-day.

About 10:30 the Minister, accompanied by Mr. Dubois, the Charge d'Affaires, the two Secretaries of Legation, and the War and Naval Secretaries, attended in full country dress and resplendent in gold lace, called at the State Department, where they were received by Secretary Sherman, who soon after escorted the party to the White House. The reception took place in the blue parlor. It presented a beautiful appearance, the decorations which had been arranged for the dinner to the Belgian Prince last night being allowed to remain.

The introductions to the President were by Secretary Sherman. The exchange of greetings, the most cordial and occupied about twenty minutes.

In addition to the President and the Spanish Minister, those present were former Vice-President Morton and Colonel Bingham, the military attaché to the President.

The ceremony, such as is usual on such occasions, passed off without incident. The Spanish Minister, being presented, said: "Mr. President: I have the honor to present to your excellency the credentials letters which accredit me in the capacity of Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of His Majesty, the King of Spain, in the United States."

"The principal object of my honorable mission is to endeavor, so far as possible, to maintain and draw closer between our countries the friendliest relations, to our mutual advantage and benefit, much in harmony with my own personal feelings. I am ready to omit no favor whatsoever on my part, and do not doubt I shall succeed, and hope I shall be fortunate in getting the benevolence of your excellency and your associates."

"In obedience to the special charge of her majesty, the Queen Regent, I have the honor to express to your excellency the wishes of my august sovereign for your personal happiness and for the prosperity of the people of the United States."

The President's reply: "Mr. Minister: I am happy to receive from your hands the royal letters whereby her majesty, the Queen Regent, in the name of the King of Spain, accredits you in the capacity of his majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary in the United States and sympathy."

"It is very gratifying to me to receive the assurances you have just made of your purpose to endeavor to maintain and draw closer in all possible ways the most friendly relations between the two countries, and in response to our mutual and sympathetic efforts, and those of this Government, will no less earnestly be directed to the same high end."

"You come hither, Mr. Minister, with the prestige of a distinguished name, borne by your honored father, whose services to our country and sympathy to Spain and the United States have already passed into the domain of history. To this you add the qualification of a personal acquaintance with this country and its people, derived from your previous official sojourn in this capital, so that you have a double title to our confidence and sympathy."

"I offer you my personal good wishes, and I would convey to her majesty, the Queen Regent, my sincere appreciation of her majesty's friendly greeting, and my own desire that happiness may be her portion, and that Spain and the Spanish people may enjoy the blessings of peace and prosperity."

ENGLAND AND AMERICA.

Irish Members Incredulous of Any Genuine Alliance.

NEW YORK, March 12.—A dispatch to the "World" from London says: The Irish members are openly incredulous of the possibility of any genuine rapprochement between Great Britain and the United States.

Mr. Davitt has put down for Monday questions to the Ministers avowedly designed to elicit replies showing that the reports of Queen Victoria's rumored mediation and of Sir Julian Pauncefote's interview on the same subject with President McKinley are baseless.

The Steamship Paris Safe.

SOUTHAMPTON, March 12.—The American line steamer Paris passed the Lizard at 12:20 this afternoon. At the rate of speed she was going it will probably be nearly midnight when she reaches New York.

Death of a Fresno Lady.

FRESNO, March 12.—Mrs. E. J. Rose, mother of Supervisor M. S. Rose of this county, was found dead in her bed early this morning. She leaves four sons, all of whom have attained places of prominence in this county.

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