

A NEW POWER HAS SPRUNG UP.

Dewey's Victory at Manila Stirs the Berlin Press.

Brings to Nations of Europe Consequences That Cannot be Foreseen.

The United States Must Either Hold the Philippines or Transfer Them to Some European Power—Restoring Them to Spain Impossible, and They Cannot Remain in Hands of Native Insurgents.

NEW YORK, May 14.—A dispatch to the "World" from Berlin says: A new Power has sprung up, fully armed, the Berlin newspapers proclaim, bringing to the nations of Europe consequences that cannot be foreseen, but certain to be momentous. The novel situation created by the American occupation of the Philippines is the subject of leading articles in to-day's journals. These articles may be summed up thus: America must either hold the Philippines herself, or transfer them to some European Power.

England, Japan and Russia are the only possible competitors for possession should America withdraw. If England should become the owner of the Philippines, the United States would see that she gave up the British West Indian possessions in exchange. Japan has a poor chance. Her competition with America in China is keen, and the United States will do nothing to help her. Besides, she could give nothing in exchange. Russia and America already have been close friends. It is just possible that America may purchase Russia's continued friendship by checking England.

This much, however is certain—if the United States concedes anything to Russia they will incur the hostility of England. The whole situation is beset with difficulties.

AMERICAN INVASION POPULAR. NEW YORK, May 14.—A "Herald" dispatch from Manila, via Hongkong, says: The American victory at Cavite and the complete collapse of the Spanish navy have struck terror into Manila. The blockade continues, but the public is calm. It thinks that the European Powers have intervened to prevent the bombardment of Manila. The country is quiet. The natives will actively or openly favor the Americans unless assured that Spanish rule is over forever, for fear of reprisals.

The desire to break the Spanish rule is general throughout the country, and the American invasion is popular as a means to gaining this end. The native mind is only influenced by an exhibition of strength. They think the blockade is weak, and that this is due to foreign intervention. Manila can draw supplies from the interior and hold out for months. The Spaniards freely criticize his defense of Cavite. They say the Americans came within range of his guns, and that his artillery was good enough to do great damage to the American fleet if well handled. The Captain-General ordered Admiral Montojo to anchor his fleet off Manila and unite the strength of his fleet to the batteries. Montojo replied that his place was to defend the arsenal of Cavite. The defense of Manila without a fleet was impossible.

FOREIGN FLEETS IN PHILIPPINES. WASHINGTON, May 14.—In view of reports that the American and British ships are loitering at the Philippine Islands, much interest has been excited in navy circles as to the strength of the several fleets of these Powers. There is little or no apprehension in official quarters here that the gathering of American warships is meant as a menace to American interests in the Philippines.

From reliable sources the status of the Asiatic squadron is as follows: Germany's fleet consists of eight first-class modern vessels. Second in command is Vice-Admiral Prince Henry, a brother of the Emperor of Germany. The British squadron in Asiatic waters is greater in guns and tonnage than that of Germany, France and Russia combined. It includes thirty-one modern fighting ships ranging from the monster battleship Victorious to 14,000 tons to the swift little gunboats Flower and Firebrand.

The Russian fleet consists of twenty-two ships. The French fleet is made up of eleven ships. PHILIPPINES RICH IN GOLD. WASHINGTON, May 14.—Senator Teller has received a letter from a constituent in Colorado indicating that very rich in gold deposits. The writer says in 1875 he traveled from Manila to Singapore with a man who had gone from Montana to the Island of Luzon for the purpose of investigating the reports of such wealth, and who gave him this information in confidence, and as a return for kindness rendered him by the Senator's correspondent.

"He told me," says this correspondent, "that the result of his investigations were far ahead of anything he had anticipated and that the wealth of gold in that country was beyond estimating. He had gone to the Philippines with the intention of going into mining if the situation was promising. When he found they were he went to the Spanish Governor to secure permission, but this official would permit nothing of the kind. He gave as the reason for his opposition that the development of the mines would tend to enrich and disturb the native population, while the Spanish policy was to

keep them in ignorance and subjection. The writer of the letter says his companion secured his information from Catholic priests located in the side towns.

WAR BULLETINS.

Admiral Sampson's Fleet Reported at Puerto Plata. CAPE HAYTIAN, May 14.—Rear Admiral Sampson's fleet is at Puerto Plata. He communicated with the American Consul at Cape Haytian today.

OLD POINT COMFORT (Va.), May 14.—The St. Paul passed here going to sea at 6 p. m.

BUENOS AYRES (via Galveston), May 14.—Advices from Rio Janeiro confirm the reports of the arrival at Bahia, Brazil, of the United States warships Oregon, Marietta and Nicholas. The steamer Rio Janeiro, which has arrived at Pernambuco, reports having seen during the night of Wednesday last three vessels supposed to be Spanish warships cruising before San Anostinago.

ST. THOMAS (Danish West Indies), May 14.—The United States auxiliary cruiser St. Louis sailed from here this morning, going in a westerly direction. The United States cruiser Montgomery arrived here at 7 o'clock in order to take on coal.

TOPEKA (Kan.), May 14.—The Twentieth Kansas, Colonel Funston's regiment, has received orders to leave for San Francisco on Monday.

CHEYENNE (Wyo.), May 14.—Orders have been issued by telegraph today to Major Frank A. Foote, commanding a battalion of volunteers, to proceed at once with his regiment to San Francisco, Cal.

CUBAN REFUGEES.

A Number Arrive at New York on British Steamer Strathdee. NEW YORK, May 14.—The British steamer Strathdee, Captain Curtis, which left Sagua de Cuba May 9th, arrived in port this morning, bringing as passengers forty-five Cuban refugees and American citizens who were obliged to flee for their lives. After the Cubans had been on the Strathdee for twelve hours several Spanish officials came on board and closely examined the passengers, and wanted to take several of them ashore, but owing to the vigorous protest of the British Consul none were taken. The passengers say many were left behind in Cuba, not having sufficient funds to pay their passage. There were only a few soldiers in the city as nearly all the Spanish forces had been called to aid in the defense of Havana. Sagua was not under the blockade when the Strathdee left port. On the 10th inst. the cruiser Marietta and a torpedo boat hailed the Strathdee and upon learning her destination, permitted her to proceed.

CABLES INTERRUPTED.

Communication With Some of the West Indies Cut Off. NEW YORK, May 14.—The Central cable office of the Western Union Telegraph Company this morning sent out the following notice: The cable between St. Lucia and St. Vincent, in the West Indies, is interrupted, cutting off telegraphic communication with St. Vincent, Barbadoes, Grenada, Trinidad and British Guiana.

Condition of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—To-day's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, \$208,944,316; gold reserve, \$177,633,143.

GREAT BRITAIN AND FRANCE.

PREDICTION THAT THEY WILL SOON BE AT WAR. French Press Condemns Chamberlain's Speech, but Deny Probability of a Conflict.

LONDON, May 14.—The speech delivered by Joseph Chamberlain, the Secretary of State for the Colonies, at Birmingham yesterday evening has caused a great sensation everywhere, and increased the feeling of uneasiness on the stock exchange. There was an all-round weakness, business was poor, and the market closed distinctly pessimistic. War rumors were freely circulated. A member of the Government is reported to have prophesied that a war between France and Great Britain will break out within a month.

Precautionary insurances are reported to have been effected at 15 guineas per cent. against the risk of war between France and Great Britain within the next six months.

Mr. Chamberlain's remarks have been interpreted that grave international complications are ahead. His references to the possibility of an Anglo-American alliance are generally indorsed. The majority of the London newspapers cordially approve the utterances of the Colonial Secretary, and the following extracts from the provincial press are even more significant: "The Birmingham Post," Mr. Chamberlain's organ, says: "Two nations are already at war, and Mr. Chamberlain foresees that circumstances may arise which may involve other nations in a perhaps still more serious struggle. His allusion to America drew the utmost enthusiasm from the audience, and shows not only the spirit of the meeting but the spirit of the whole British race."

The Yorkshire "Post" remarks: "The duty of the moment impose upon us the obligations of a neutral Power, but nothing can prevent an interchange of sympathy at such a time between the people themselves. Mr. Chamberlain shows some sound statesmanship in taking advantage of the present feeling on both sides of the Atlantic to indicate the great part which the Union Jack and the Stars and Stripes may play if the two peoples are wise in the new conditions which are rapidly creeping over the world."

FRENCH PAPERS CONDEMN THE SPEECH. PARIS, May 14.—The French newspapers unanimously condemn the speech delivered by Joseph Chamberlain, the British Secretary of State for the Colonies, at Birmingham last night, and deny there is any probability of war between Great Britain and France.

The "Temps" says: "The establishment of an Anglo-American alliance is a symptom too which to much attention cannot be given, but it is certain it is a German alliance which the British Cabinet has immediately in view."

GERMANS HOSTILE TO UNITED STATES.

While There is a Marked Change in Press Comments,

There Has Been No Change in the Opinions of the People.

Papal Nuncios of Munich and Berlin Interview Prince Hohenlohe, With the View of Trying to Bring About the Intervention of Germany in the War Between This Country and Spain.

BERLIN, May 14.—(Copyrighted, 1898, by the Associated Press.)—While there has been a marked change in the anti-American press of Germany, there have been no change in the opinions of the people, which continue to be most hostile to the United States, especially among the upper classes. The exporters, who are greatly perturbed at the serious losses which have already resulted from the anti-American tone of the press, which losses are reported to-day to have already amounted to several million marks, and as they threaten to be followed by a permanent transfer of orders to a friendly nation, are making strenuous efforts to curb the newspaper.

The semi-official communications made on the Government of Germany protesting that Germany is friendly to America may be accorded due recognition in Government circles that unfriendly to the United States means loss of trade. Baron von Buelow, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, has reiterated to United States Ambassador White Germany's intention to observe neutrality during the war. He explained that the absence of a formal declaration on the part of Germany was simply due to the fact that Germany is not in the habit of making such declarations, even in the case of wars which are more important to her interests than the present, like the Russo-Turkish and China-Japanese wars.

The newspapers here are discussing the probability of national Spanish bankruptcy. The Papal Nuncios of Munich and Berlin have had several interviews with Baron von Buelow and Prince Hohenlohe, the Imperial Chancellor, with the view of trying to bring about the intervention of Germany in the war between Spain and the United States. The answers they have received are in substance that Germany does not deem the time ripe for intervention.

The officials of the German Foreign Office are watching events in the Philippines in the closest manner possible. German subjects at Manila have already filed claims for damages against the United States, but the Foreign Office here says they must await the conclusion of the war before anything can be done in the matter. It is said, however, that the German Admiral commanding in the far East has been empowered in case of riots at Manila to land troops to protect the German Consulate and the German residents of that place.

DEWEY HONORED.

Coloradans Celebrate His Victory at Manila.

DENVER (Colo.), May 14.—Denver and the State of Colorado to-day honored the hero of the Philippines with a great civic and military parade in which the First Colorado Regiment, which is about to depart for Manila, was the star organization.

The festivities began with the presentation of a stand of colors to the regiment by the Sons of the American Revolution. All buildings in the streets were lavishly decorated with flags and bunting. Business was generally suspended, a half holiday having been proclaimed by the Mayor. To-night there was a big display of fireworks. General Otis left to-night for San Francisco, and the Colorado regiment will start next Tuesday morning.

ON THE DIAMONDS.

Results of Yesterday's National League Games.

CHICAGO, May 14.—After playing four innings in a drizzling rain, the game was called with the score 3 to 1 in favor of the Orphans. Isbell held the Indians down to one scratch hit, while thirty miles were hit by Fitcher, Briggs and Friend were to-day traded to Columbus for Outfielder Mertes.

AT CINCINNATI. CINCINNATI, May 14.—The Colonels were unable to hit Hill to-day. Fraser was forced to retire after the third inning. Attendance, 2,500. Score: Cincinnati 7, hits 12, errors 2; Louisville 1, hits 4, errors 1. Batteries—Hill and Peitz; Ehret and Wilson. Umpires—Cushman and Heyder.

AT PITTSBURG. PITTSBURG, May 14.—Hughes pitched a gem against his old companions to-day. Attendance, 2,800. Score: Pittsburgh 4, hits 7, errors 4; St. Louis 5, hits 9, errors 2. Batteries—Killen, Rhines and Schriver; Hughey and Clement. Umpires—Swardwood and Wood.

AT NEW YORK. NEW YORK, May 14.—The Senators were unable to touch their hits to-day. Attendance, 6,000. Score: New York 6, hits 14, errors 2; Washington 2, hits 8, errors 0. Batteries—Meekin and Grady; Weyhing and Farrell. Umpires—Lynch and Connolly.

AT PHILADELPHIA. PHILADELPHIA, May 14.—The Phillies to-day again defeated Baltimore in a close and exciting game. Attendance, 11,283. Score: Baltimore 11, hits 16, errors 2; Philadelphia 12, hits 15, errors 2. Batteries—Hoffer and Clark; Orth, Wheeler and McFarland. Umpires—Emslie and Andrews.

AT BOSTON. BOSTON, May 14.—Home runs by Hamilton and Klobdanz won to-day's game for Boston. Attendance, 5,000. Score: Boston 8, hits 14, errors 2; Brooklyn 5, hits 10, errors 3. Batteries—Klobdanz and Bergen; Kennedy and Ryan. Umpires—Snyder and Curry.

Santa Fe Not to Operate the Line. CHICAGO, May 14.—President Ripley of the Santa Fe Railroad denies the report that his road is to operate a

line of steamships plying between San Diego, Cal., and Yokohama, Japan. He admits, however, that the Santa Fe is negotiating with New York parties, who expect to furnish the boats and make a traffic contract with the Santa Fe. Mr. Ripley says the negotiations are now substantially concluded, but he refuses to give out any further details.

TALK OF STOPPING THE WAR.

Rumor That England, Germany and United States Have Agreed.

LONDON, May 14.—The Paris correspondent of the "Sunday Special" says he learns from a trustworthy source that Great Britain and Germany have arrived at a formal agreement with the United States to put a stop to the Hispano-American war within two weeks.

LONDON, May 15.—There are no fresh reports regarding the rumors of European intervention to put a stop to the conflict between Spain and the United States may be dismissed as mere attempts to provoke official utterances on the subject.

Advices from Madrid indicate that the people there regard Admiral Cervera as their champion, hoping much from his astuteness. The newly appointed Admiral of the Cadiz fleet is also regarded as an able officer and until both have had their inning it is probable that the Spaniards will look with great anxiety upon the present Government. The recent alleged successes of the Spanish forces have inclined the country to ignore the question of the Cabinet changes for the present.

PARIS, May 14.—The "Temps" this evening published the following dispatch from Madrid: "The successes achieved by the Spanish troops in Cuba and the insignificant result of the bombardment of San Juan de Porto Rico have strengthened the feeling here in favor of prolonging the war in the Antilles and Philippines. It is believed that the Spanish Government will soon as it has picked up its dispatch boats and torpedo boats of Martinique, pursue a cruise into Cuban waters, and perhaps even further."

McDUFFIE DEFEATS TITUS.

Easily Won His First Competitive Bicycle Race of the Season.

BOSTON, May 14.—Eddie McDuffie won easily his first competitive race of the season from Fred J. Titus on the Charles River track this evening at a distance of fifteen miles for a purse of \$1,500, and besides made a new world's record. McDuffie broke the world's record made by Michael for the distance by 5 1/2 seconds, and besides, made new records for five miles up. The other events were rather tame. Summary: Match race, paced by motorcycles, purse \$1,500, between Eddie McDuffie of Boston and Fred J. Titus of New York. Won by McDuffie in 27:00 3/5; former world's record held by Michael, 27:14 1/5.

McDuffie broke the record by 5 1/2 seconds, and defeated Titus by about five-sixths of a mile.

Was Not a Spanish Spy.

KEY WEST, May 14.—A rumor was circulated last night to the effect that a Spanish spy had been shot at the fort where the fortifications are being constructed. Investigation revealed that a colored boy had chased a runaway mule into the garrison grounds, and was challenged by a sentry. The boy failed to answer, and was shot. He will probably die.

Violent Earthquake in Sicily.

ROME, May 14.—There was a violent earthquake in Sicily at 5:40 this morning, extending southward from Mount Etna and reaching to Minoa and Caltanissetta, thirty miles southwest of Catania. A number of houses were wrecked at Bianciville, in the vicinity of Mount Aetna and at Bempasso. Other shocks followed.

Taken to the Penitentiary.

CHICAGO, May 14.—Charles Warren Spalding, President of the Globe Sugar Bank, was taken to the penitentiary, where he will serve an indeterminate sentence. His crime was the embezzlement of \$40,000 worth of goods belonging to the University of Illinois endowment fund.

Draper Not Guilty.

JACKSONVILLE (Fla.), May 4.—At Jacksonville to-day Charles L. Draper, on trial for the murder of Charles L. Hastings, was found not guilty. The dispatch sent from this city that he had been found guilty was incorrect.

Congressman Pearce Renominated.

ST. LOUIS, May 14.—Congressman Pearce of the Twelfth Missouri district was to-day unanimously renominated by the Republican convention.

Alaskan Homestead Bill Approved.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—The President approved the Alaskan homestead and right of way bill.

VOLUNTEERS ORDERED TO MANILA.

(Continued from First Page.) for their reception, and the Quartermaster's department is arranging to equip the men with all the necessities of soldiers' life.

TACOMA (Wash.), May 14.—The Second Battalion of the Washington State volunteers sailed for San Francisco to-day on the steamship Umatilla. The Third Battalion will sail to-morrow on Monday.

TROUBLE IN RANKS OF NEVADA VOLUNTEERS.

CARSON (Nev.), May 14.—Insubordination has broken out in the ranks of the Nevada volunteers, and Captain Wright was arrested to-day charged with offense. Upon being sent to drill the men, Captain Wright, it is charged, issued an indignation meeting, which protested against the temporary officers appointed by Governor Sadler. It was also charged at the meeting that a petition, signed by seventy men, asking Governor Sadler to permit the company to choose its own officers was suppressed in the interests of Governor Sadler's appointees. A number of the men had stated that, unless other officers were selected, they would refuse to accompany the troops, but only the names of the men were given to Governor Sadler had visited the camp and explained the matter. These three were permitted to return home, and the balance were started on to-night's train for Cheyenne.

RAIN AT LAST BEGINS FALLING.

General Throughout the Northern Part of the State.

The Downpour Heavy in the Upper San Joaquin Valley.

Showers in the Santa Clara Valley Give a Needed Stimulus to the Fruit Crop—A Light Sprinkle at Fresno—Thunder Storms in the Plateau Region.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 14.—It commenced raining here about noon today, and the prospects are good for continued showers. The indications are that the precipitation will visit the coast line from San Francisco northward. Thunder storms are reported from the plateau region.

SAN JOSE, May 14.—Showers have been falling since 2 p. m., and the prospects are good for a continuance all night. The effect, generally speaking, will be beneficial. The cherries will come out better, and late sown grain and pasture lands will be benefited.

FRESNO, May 14.—To-day's rain amounted to only a slight sprinkle in this portion of the San Joaquin Valley, resulting in no benefit and doing no damage.

STOCKTON, May 14.—Rain commenced falling in Stockton at 5 o'clock this evening, and continued until a late hour to-night. The downpour was heavy for three hours, and considerable water fell. It is not believed the rain will do much damage, and it will help some of the late grain and make feed and some hay. There is not much hay down to be injured.

SAN DIEGO, May 14.—The storm has not reached here yet, but it is cloudy, and all indications favor rain before morning.

CHARGED WITH EXTORTION.

Trial of Elsie Williams, Grace Loose and Myron Azherdian. SAN FRANCISCO, May 14.—Elsie Williams, Grace Loose and Myron H. Azherdian were on trial to-day in Judge Joachim's court, charged with extortion. It is alleged by W. A. Nevills, the Fresno millionaire, that they extorted \$2,000 from him last February.

The first witness called was Dr. Winslow Anderson, who attended Captain Nevills during his illness. On one of his visits, he testified, he met the defendant Elsie Williams. He later attended her at the hospital, and says that Captain Nevills was very attentive during her illness, and that the check for medical attention was signed by Captain Nevills.

W. A. Russ, a Fresno decorator, testified to a quarrel between Nevills and Azherdian, and that the latter said he would "pull the Captain's leg for \$60,000," and that Russ had been invited to assist in the operation.

E. D. N. Lehe, an electrician of Fresno, gave an important testimony to the effect that the defendants had spoken to him a year ago in language indicating that they expected to have enough money to go into business a short time afterward.

William L. Lyons, a Fresno furniture dealer, testified that Azherdian had submitted a proposition to him for him (Lyons) to go to Nevills and ask for \$5,000, upon receipt of which the defendant would leave the State.

The testimony showed that litigation had existed between Nevills and his foreman, and the defense tried to show that the \$5,000 referred to the settlement of the case.

Other witnesses gave unimportant testimony, after which the case went over till Monday.

RIVER BOATS IN TROUBLE.

Alacans Occur to Three, Causing Extensive Repairs. SAN FRANCISCO, May 14.—This was a day of trouble for the river boats, and, as a result, three of them are in need of more or less extensive repairs. The Stockton steamers C. F. Webber and Walker had a collision, in which the latter came out second best, and the Constance came to her wharf with a big hole in her hull, the result of running into a floating tree on the Sacramento River.

The Walker-Webber collision was occasioned by the tide. The Walker was lying at the wharf, and the Webber, while trying to dock, was carried with considerable force against her hull. About twenty-five feet of the Walker's porthouse was carried away and both boats sustained other minor damage.

ODD FELLOWS.

The Grand Lodge Concludes Its Annual Session. SAN FRANCISCO, May 14.—The Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows concluded its forty-third annual session to-day with the presentation of a jewel to the Past Grand Master, A. M. Drew of Fresno. The new Grand Officers were installed.

Grand Treasurer Greenbaum resigned, and J. W. Harris of San Francisco was elected in his stead. The following were appointed a special committee to examine into the condition of the Odd Fellows' Home at Thermalito: D. Flint of Sacramento, J. L. Loggie of San Francisco and S. F. Smith of San Diego.

The assembly of the Rebekahs also closed to-day after the installation of officers.

MASONIC FESTIVAL.

Results in Enriching the Home by Near Fifty Thousand Dollars. SAN FRANCISCO, May 14.—When the festival for the benefit of the Masonic Home closed to-night the managers estimated that the home would be enriched by nearly if not quite \$50,000.

Of this sum about \$35,000 was taken in at the Pavilion during the week, and the remainder was made up by subscriptions.

The success which has attended the festival has been very gratifying to all who participated in the affair, but particularly to Charles L. Patton, the Chairman. It has been unprecedented in the history of such events since the entertainment during the civil war for the benefit of the Sanitary Commission.

WEINSTOCK-LUBIN CUP.

Capital City Wheelmen Present It to Terminal City Club.

STOCKTON, May 14.—A committee, consisting of eight of the prominent members of the Capital City Wheelmen, to-night brought the Weinstock-Lubin cup, the trophy in the inter-urban relay race, to Stockton and presented it to the Terminal City Wheelmen of Stockton. The decision on the day of the race was in favor of the Capital City Wheelmen, but a protest was made on the grounds that the victors had been paced, and that the signed packet had not been carried throughout the trip. The Capital City acknowledged the latter ground, and yielded the cup.

The presentation was made by Acting President Woodson of the Capital City, and the response by H. E. Noble of the local club. The best of feeling prevailed, and the Athletic Association, the other contestant for the cup, joined in its reception to Stockton.

CHARLES D. LANE.

The Head of the Silver Party Going to Kotezube Sound.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 14.—Charles D. Lane, the multi-millionaire and head of the silver party of California, and one-third partner in the Utica Gold Mine of Angels Camp, will sail to-morrow morning for Kotezube Sound, to be absent six months. He has equipped a barkentine with supplies, and there will be ten men in the prospecting party. Lane and his son have furnished all the expenses, and each of them is to hold a one-third interest in whatever mines may be located by any of the party.

BREAK IN WOODBRIDGE DAM.

Water Goes Out Below Level of Headgates.

STOCKTON, May 14.—At 9:30 o'clock this evening another break occurred at the Woodbridge dam, which the farmers interested have been repairing for some time past, having two bad breaks to set them back in their work. The break to-night was around the eastern end of the dam, and near as could be judged in the dark was about thirty feet wide. The water went out to below the level of the headgates in the canal, so that it lost its supply. The rain to-night will do much toward supplying the deficiency, and those interested will investigate the break with a view of repairing it.

Death of a Stockton Citizen.

STOCKTON, May 14.—H. S. Sargent, a San Joaquin County pioneer, who was recently appointed Register of the Land Office here, died this evening after a few days' illness. He was in failing health for a long time, but was able to take charge of the office two weeks ago, succeeding the Democrat who held the place under President Cleveland's appointment.

Japanese With the United States.

LOS ANGELES, May 14.—Mayor Snyder has received a communication from the Japanese Association of Los Angeles, in which it is stated that its members pray for the success of the United States in the war with Spain, and that its members are ready at any time to assist the United States, as far as possible, in accordance with the neutrality laws.

"Swiftwater" Reported Drowned.

SKAGWAY (Alaska), May 9, via Seattle, Wash., May 14.—A report has reached here that William C. Gates, commonly known as "Swiftwater Bill," and two women, were drowned by breaking through the ice on Lake Tagish.

COAST AND EASTERN RACES.

THE FABIOLOA HANDICAP THE FEATURE AT OAKLAND.

OAKLAND, May 14.—The Fabiolola handicap at a mile and a sixteenth brought a field of five to the post, of which Odds On was the favorite. He had no trouble in landing it from Mistral. Judge Denny was second choice. Clawdon did not give him the best judged ride in the world. This probably cost him the place. Grady was close up. The Fabiolola cup for gentlemen riders of Oakland proved an easy thing for Mr. Bates, who won a race that would credit to any of the professionals. He took William O'B. to the front at once, and won easily from Mr. Blake on Metaire. The weather was showery, and the track muddy. Results:

Five furlongs, selling, Moorcite won, Master Mariner second, Castake third. Time—1:02 1/2.

Five furlongs, selling, Humidity won, Canace second, Jennie Reid third. Time—1:02 1/2.

One mile, selling, Watomba won, Mistleton second, Colonel Dan third. Time—1:44.

One and one sixteenth miles, Odds On won, Imp. Mistral II. second, Judge Denny third. Time—1:50.

One mile, gentlemen riders, William O'B. won, Metaire second, Zarro third. Time—1:48.

Seven furlongs, selling, Lucky Star won, Tom Smith second, Rapido third. Time—1:30.

RESULTS AT ST. LOUIS. ST. LOUIS, May 14.—Results: Seven and a half furlongs, Russell won, Lady Brittan second, Protus third. Time—1:49 1/2.

Four and a half furlongs, Hittick won, Leo Stratus second, Glen Race third. Time—0:52 1/2.

Five and a half furlongs, Abuse won, McAlbert second, Augustine third. Time—1:12.

One mile, inaugural handicap, value \$2,000, Whaler Lou Frounce, 4 to 1, won; Harry Duke (Freeman), 8 to 1, second; Dr. Sheppard (N. Turner), 8 to 1, third. Time—1:45. Fervor, The Elector, Buckvidere, Imp. Skate, Judge Steadman, Zarina and Timemaker also ran.

Five and eighty yards, Laureate won, Helen H. Gardner second, Bridgier third. Time—1:53.

Six furlongs, selling, Trombone won, Belle Ward second, Found third. Time—1:17.

THE INVASION OF ISLAND OF CUBA.

Feeling at Tampa That the Time is Growing Near.

Col. Wagner of the Army Advisory Board Reports to Gen. Wade.

Over Sixty Thousand Volunteers Mustered Into Service Since the Call for Troops Was Issued—An Expedition to Cuba to Try to Rescue Americans Captured by Spanish.

TAMPA (Fla.), May 14.—Colonel A. Wagner, representing the army on the Advisory Board of the War Department, and a member of General Miles' staff, arrived in Tampa to-day, and reported at once to General Wade. He refused to take on the subject of his visit here. The presence of a member of the Advisory Board in Tampa at this time, however, brought about a feeling that the time of the invasion by the United States forces is now very near.