# SPAIN AGAIN SUING FOR PEACE.

## Realizing the Hopelessness of Continuing the War,

## She is Approaching the Powers With a View to Intervention.

**High Officials Ordered to the Austrian Capital, in Hope of Securing Assistance for Spain in Her Distress—A New Appeal Also Said to Have Been Made to the Pope.**

LONDON, June 10.—The Madrid correspondent of the "Daily Mail" says:

"There is no little doubt that Spain, seeing the hopelessness of further continuing the war, is approaching the Powers with a view of obtaining an honorable peace. The Cabinet council to-day finally authorized Duke Almodovar de Rio to expedite diplomatic action, and in consequence the Duke is now conferring with certain Embassadors and Ministers at Madrid.

"Instructions have been telegraphed to the Spanish Minister in Vienna, and orders likewise given to Senor Augeria, the Under Secretary of State, to proceed at once to the Austrian Capital. Spain is unquestionably looking to Austria for assistance in her distress.

"Probably General Augusti will be ordered to make the best terms he can with Admiral Dewey. A Minister has informed me that if re-enforcements were on their way to the Philippines, Augusti would be ordered to hold out to the last, but as they were not, August would 'act according to circumstances,' a mild euphonism for surrendering."

The Madrid correspondent of the "Daily Mail," telegraphing by way of Hondaye, France, says:

"The message to the Government from Captain General Augusti as to the situation at Manila was held back, and, it is alleged, was greatly toned down before publication. It has aroused the national anger, for the Spanish cling instinctively to the Philippines, though they are ready enough to abandon Cuba, which is regarded as a monster that yearly devours the youth of Spain.

"Clearly, there is no alternative but a surrender to Admiral Dewey. The Government seems unable to take resolution, but drifts and hopes something will turn up.

"There is a feeling of anxiety over the possibility of an American attack upon some Spanish ports. People begin to talk of Santiago as a naval Sedan.

POPE AGAIN APPEALED TO.

LONDON, June 9.—The Rome correspondent of the "Daily News" says: A new appeal has been made to the Pope to intervene, or use all his influence to obtain the interference of the Powers.

THE CABINET CONSIDERS WAR SITUATION.

MADRID, June 9.—News received here from the Philippine Islands has caused a deep impression. The country is calm, but there is a latent feeling of dissatisfaction, which is only repressed on patriotic grounds.

The newspapers are printing violent articles demanding that the responsibility for the political situation be determined. Political circles express themselves as being quite satisfied that the Powers will not permit the United States to hold the Philippines.

A long Cabinet council to consider the situation, especially the resources required for the campaign and the war plans, was held to-day.

The Cabinet council was occupied with a long discussion of the military situation in the Philippines. General Correa, Minister of War, denied that Captain General Augusti's position was desperate, and Senor Sagasta added that Manila had means of defense until the arrival of reinforcements.

The council then adopted important measures, which are kept secret. Captain Aunon, Minister of Marine, was authorized to take whatever measures he considered necessary with reference to the Philippines, and Senor Puigcervera, Minister of Finance, was authorized to come to an agreement with the leaders of the majority of the chamber for the passage of the budget.

Senor Sagasta declared that the Government had "no intention of taking the initiative in negotiating for peace." He said he was not aware that any power was disposed to do so.

The council accepted the resignation of Lieutenant General Daban, commander of the First Army Corps and Captain General of Madrid, and appointed Lieutenant General Chichilla, commander of the Second Army Corps, former Minister of War, to succeed him.

The Government has received no official dispatches of a bombardment of Santiago.

At the termination of the Cabinet council, General Correa proceeded to the palace, where he had an hour's conference with the Queen Regent.

Captain Aunon, Minister of Marine, started for Cadiz at 10 o'clock this evening. All the Ministers accompanied him to the railway station. He will remain at Cadiz until Admiral Camara's squadron is ready to sail. General Correa in the meantime fulfilling his duties at the Ministry of Marine.

The fifteen vessels forming the squadron will start together under sealed orders, which will only be opened when the squadron is well out to sea. It is understood that the forces will then be divided.

A mail steamer that was carrying torpedoes destined for the defense of Manila has returned to Barcelona.

CRITICAL PERIOD FOR SPAIN.

LONDON, June 10.—The "Times" says: "Probably the next few days will form as critical a period as any the Spanish Government has yet passed through. It is useless for Spain to cherish pleasing illusions. America will lick her volunteers into a shape good enough for the work in hand much sooner than seems to be anticipated in Madrid."

The "Daily News" says: "Spain's best friends can only urge her to submit without delay. There is no armor against fate, and there is no remedy for incapacity. If international diplomacy deals with the war, Lord Salisbury will insist upon the just claim of the United States to secure the reward of energy and foresight in a good cause."

### HAWAIIAN ANNEXATION.

**President McKinley Said to Deem It a Military Necessity.**

WASHINGTON, June 9.—The President has in contemplation, according to a Senator who was in consultation with him to-day, the submission of a special message to the two Houses of Congress, calling for the immediate annexation of Hawaii as a military necessary.

According to this Senator, the message will be delayed for a few days to await action that may be taken by Speaker Reed and the Committee on Rules, but it is very likely to go in early next week.

The purport of the message is a special plea for favorable action, calling attention to the strategic importance of the islands, the great advantage that would accrue in the present war situation through securing them, and points in the Hawaiian policy already well known.

The President has not positively announced his purpose to send in the message, although the Senator who talked with him says the President is very favorable to this plan, and it will likely be adopted, and a strong plea be made to Congress for immediate action. The matter has not been generally discussed, and a member of the Foreign Relations Committee, when asked about it to-day, said that he had heard that it was proposed, but that so far as he knew had not been finally decided on.

### CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

**Dr. J. R. Murphy of Chicago Makes Public His New Treatment.**

DENVER, June 9.—The feature of the twenty-first annual convention of the American Medical Association, now in session in this city, was a remarkable address at the forenoon session by Dr. J. R. Murphy of Chicago, who, although still a young man, is recognized as one of the greatest living surgeons.

Dr. Murphy's paper was entirely upon the subject of the lungs, but with special reference to the discovery by him of a cure for consumption, or tuberculosis of the lungs. The discovery was made public to-day for the first time, and its announcement aroused great enthusiasm among the assembled physicians.

Dr. Murphy's new treatment is based upon the fact that the sore spots in the lungs have a natural tendency to heal, the healing process being retarded or prevented by the constant expansion of the tissue in breathing. The treatment consists in the introduction of pure nitrogen into the lung cavity through a hypodermic needle. The action of the nitrogen compresses the lung, and gives an entire rest. After a few weeks the nitrogen is withdrawn, and air admitted, the lung expanding to its usual dimensions. If it be found that a perfect cure had not been effected, the nitrogen can again be used.

The treatment of tuberculosis thus by means of compression is not a new theory, but the application is new. Dr. Murphy announced that five patients whom he treated in this manner were cured in four to eight weeks. He declared that unless the lung is entirely gone, a permanent cure can be effected. On his return to Chicago he will use his treatment on 230 consumptive patients in the Cook County Hospital.

Nearly 1,400 doctors had registered when the convention closed to-day.

Columbus, O., was chosen as the next place of meeting.

The Rocky Mountain Interstate Medical Association, comprising the States of Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, New Mexico, Utah and Wyoming, with a membership of 120 physicians, elected officers for the ensuing year. Among the Board of Trustees was Charles K. Jones of Arizona.

Salt Lake was chosen as the place for the next meeting.

**Rebellion in China.**

HONGKONG, June 9.—It is announced in a dispatch received here from Canton that a rebellion has broken out at Chow Chow Fu in the province of Kwan Tung. The rebels have captured the city, have killed a magistrate, his wife and others and have burned the Yamen. Troops have been sent to the scene of the outbreak. A serious disturbance has also broken out at Nyng Po, province of Cho Kiang.

**The Pasig's Cargo Seized.**

HONGKONG, June 9.—The police have seized a cargo of arms on board the British steamer Pasig, owned by Tsang Sam Yung of this city. It is supposed the arms were destined for the insurgents of the Philippines. They were seized under the neutrality law.


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A large line of ladies' fine Vici Kid Dress Shoes, all with stylish coin toes and tip, lace and button, kid and cloth tops. There are over 400 pairs, so don't think we can't fit you.

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# CAMP MERRITT TO BE ABANDONED.

## All the Soldiers to be Sent to the Presidio Reservation.

## The Move Found Necessary Both for Sanitary and Moral Reasons.

**General Merritt Receives Orders From Washington to Rush All Work Pertaining to the Dispatching of the Second Transportation Fleet to the Philippines.**

SAN FRANCISCO, June 9.—General Merriam, commanding the Department of California, has finally decided to abandon Camp Merritt, and place all the soldiers in camp on the Presidio reservation. This move was found necessary for sanitary and moral reasons. Camp Merritt is without drainage, and many saloons have sprung up all around it. The city's streets running through it cannot be closed, and are usually thronged with civilians. All this can be remedied with the camp on Government land. The solders were removed to the old racetrack principally because the water supply at the Presidio did not come up to requirements, but this has been remedied, and with a little alteration the camp grounds at the Presidio can be put in first-class sanitary condition.

General Merritt received orders from Washington this morning to rush all work pertaining to the dispatching of the second transportation fleet to the Philippines. A detail of Nebraska troops marched to the water front to-day and took charge of the steamer Morgan City. Provisions and ammunition have been ordered on board the China, Colon and Zealandia. Orders on the Zealandia are for her to sail on Friday, but it does not seem possible for her to get away on that date. There has been no date set for the sailing of the transports that can be relied on as definite.

The steamers Senator and City of Peubla will shortly be made ready to receive troops.

The Iowa volunteers will reach this city in the morning. They arrived at Oakland to-night, but did not cross the bay.

It was stated late to-night that the Idaho volunteers would be added to the troops to sail next week.

Colonel McClure, Chief Paymaster, was instructed to pay off up to July 1st all the troops concentrated here as soon as possible. This will require the expenditure of $940,000.

### BARBARITIES IN SINGAPORE.

**Kling Women Tortured for Religious Purposes.**

VANCOUVER (B. C.), June 9.—Sir Charles Mitchell, Governor of the Straits Settlement, arrived on the Empress of Japan with Lady Mitchell.

Mr. Mitchell tells of the torturing of Kling women for religious purposes in the streets of Singapore. A number of Kling women marched from the temple in Serango, on the road to the temple in Tank Road, with lances thrust through their tongues, lips and cheeks, the eyes being thrust out. The men accompanied them threw water in their faces.

An American sailor named Lanniere, who was discharged from the Yorktown, was set on and killed at Nagasaki, Japan, just before the Empress sailed. Another sailor named Kelley, discharged from the Baltimore, is under arrest on suspicion of being Lanniere's murderer.

### RECENT RAINS.

**They Were Worth Thousands of Dollars to Stockmen.**

SAN FRANCISCO, June 9.—The recent rains have been worth many thousands of dollars to the stockmen of California. A fair amount of pasturage has sprung up in the foothills, and there is an abundance of grass in the mountains. Except on the plains, there will be enough food to last the cattle until September, if not longer.

The 40,000 head of cattle which have been sent to northern counties will not suffer. In Kern County 100,000 head can be cared for on irrigated land; in Kings 15,000, and in Tulare 35,000, while on the great Tejon ranch there are 260,000 acres of pasturage.

It is estimated that, deducting the number of cattle sent out of the State when the drought was first threatened, there are 400,000 head in California, sufficient for local needs, and to permit considerable exportation.

The rain has also vastly improved the condition of crops in all parts of the State.

### SAN FRANCISCO BAY.

**Navigation Difficult Owing to Submarine Mines and Torpedoes.**

SAN FRANCISCO, June 9.—Owing to the fact that many submarine mines and torpedoes have recently been placed in the bay here, navigation has become very difficult.

Army officers have been making trips with the Captains of ferry boats for the purpose of indicating the restricted course over which they will hereafter be permitted to sail. Ships will not be allowed to move after a specified hour at night, and in-coming vessels will be required to wait outside until given permission to enter.

The submarine defenses are particularly numerous about Alcatraz and Lime Point, and are known to be so laid as to make it practically impossible for a hostile vessel to enter the Golden Gate.

### WANTED FOR ROBBERY.

**Vendal Charged With Stealing Goods From a Bonded Car.**

SAN FRANCISCO, June 9.—Fred Vendel, who was arrested on Tuesday on a petty charge, has been identified as a man who has been wanted for nine months for a sensational robbery.

It is charged that Vendel, accompanied by a confederate named Smith, and a boy tramp about 14 years of age, made the trip from Ogden to Sacramento last September in a bonded car containing imported goods consigned to San Francisco merchants. The three, it is alleged, appropriated such goods as they wanted, left the car at Sacramento without having disturbed the locks and seals upon the doors, and eluded capture until Vendel was apprehended here.

**Mrs. Montgomery at Death's Door.**

OAKLAND (Cal.), June 9.—Mrs. Carrie Judd Montgomery of Beulah, wife of the millionaire adjutant of the Salvation Army, is at death's door and physicians who have called in have stated that there is no hope of her recovery. At the present time Mrs. Montgomery is suffering from acute cerebro spinal meningitis, and positively refuses to have any doctor in attendance, and will countenance nothing but faith in the healing power of the Creator to restore her to health. Both the Montgomerys believe in faith healing.

**The Monterey Sighted.**

SANTA BARBARA, June 9.—Captain Debney of the coast steamer Pomona reports sighting this afternoon the Monterey in tow of the Brutus about fifteen miles off Gaviola, forty miles west of here, headed apparently for the passage between Santa Cruz and Santa Rosa Islands, and thence out to sea. The object in the Monterey getting so far off her course is not known, unless she was compelled to seek the quiet waters of the channel for repairs.

**Troops Pass Through Los Angeles.**

LOS ANGELES, June 9.—The troops en route from New Orleans to San Francisco passed through Los Angeles at 10:30 o'clock to-night. The train was made up of three sections, consisting of twelve cars each. In all there were 850 soldiers, who were supplied with lunch and bouquets furnished by the "War Board" of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association and the Woman's Auxiliary.

**Soldiers Badly Beaten.**

SAN FRANCISCO, June 9.—A baseball nine from the Thirteenth Regiment of Minnesota volunteers played a game to-day with a picked team from the State League. Although the soldiers made some good plays, they were beaten by a score of 26 to 5. Private Clark of the Eighteenth Regulars acted as umpire.

**Killed While Resisting Arrest.**

SAN JOSE (Cal.), June 9.—Angel Soto, a Mexican laborer, was shot and killed by Police Officers Hughes and Bateman to-night, while resisting arrest for assaulting a woman with a knife. He tried to cut Bateman, whereupon both officers used their pistols with fatal effect.

**Subscriptions to New Bonds.**

SAN FRANCISCO, June 9.—At noon to-day the total amount subscribed for the new 3 per cent. Government bonds at the First National Bank was $1,080,000. Subscriptions are beginning to come from interior cities and towns.

**Accidentally Shot Himself.**

VICTORIA (B. C.), June 9.—News comes from Tagish, Alaska, that Fred Whitcomb of Keene, N. Y., accidentally shot and killed himself on the 27th of May.

### SENOR LEON Y CASTILLO,

**Who Refused to Accept a Portfolio in the New Spanish Cabinet.**

The change of Ministry in Spain will bring out many men who are slightly known on this side of the Atlantic, but it is likely it will be found Senor Sagasta has selected a strong Cabinet to assist in the affairs of Spain at this time. There was much disappointment over the refusal of Senor Leon y Castillo to accept the portfolio of the Secretary of Foreign Affairs. It was not, however, because he was afraid of the work which would fall upon him as Secretary of Foreign Affairs.

He believes he will be of more value to the Spanish cause in his present position as Embassador to Paris. He believes that a war of many nations is near at hand, and thinks as a representative at so important a place as Paris he can do a great deal of good for his own country and for mankind in general. He is a diplomat of great ability and a man of integrity and versatility.

**Senator and City of Para Impressed**

WASHINGTON, June 9.—Two of the vessels of the Pacific Coast Steamship Company will be put in the service of the United States for transports for the Philippine expedition. The Senator and the City of Pueblo will be taken. The Queen was found, upon examination by the department agents, to be unsuitable for the purpose desired, in consequence of which the Government will not impress her.

**Soldiers to Suppress a Feud.**

ST. LOUIS, June 9.—A special to the "Post-Dispatch" from Frankfort, Ky., says: Fifty soldiers under command of Assistant Adjutant General Forester were this afternoon ordered to London, Ky. Thence they will go to Manchester, Clay County, to suppress the Howard-Baker feud.

**Death of a Chicago Attorney.**

CINCINNATI, June 9.—Attorney John W. Sprague of this city died last night. He was once Secretary of the Associated Press Company in its Western Department. In 1891 he was a member of the American commission sent to Europe to promote foreign interest in the World's Fair at Chicago.

**Death of an Editorial Writer.**

NEW YORK, June 9.—James E. Watkins, an editorial writer on an evening paper here, died suddenly this afternoon on Broadway, while on the way to his office. Mr. Watkins had been connected with the press in San Francisco for many years before coming to New York.

**Carranza and Du Bosc.**

MONTREAL (Que.), June 9.—Word has been received here from Ottawa that a messenger has left there with the notice of expulsion from Canada of Lieutenant Carranza and Senor Du Bosc, recently attached to the Spanish Legation at Washington.

Some poets take in the beauties of nature—and their wives take in washing.


Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

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# PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

## BRITISH MERCHANTS WANT UNCLE SAM TO KEEP THEM.

**With the Guarantee of a Stable Government They Would Become a Rich Possession.**

LONDON, June 9 (Correspondence of the Associated Press). — Whatever may be the policy of the United States toward the Philippine Islands, the English capitalists whose investments give them the right to speak upon the conditions and needs of the islands are of one mind.

Delegations of London men representing some of the most important interests in the Philippines have called upon Embassador Hay to urge him to make representations to his Government of their desire that the United States retain permanent possession of the Philippines. They are agreed in the belief that with the guarantee of a stable Government the Philippines would become a richer and even more desirable possession than they now are. They are agreed also that the Spanish rule is one which discourages business enterprise and repels capital, and that the legitimate profits of their business are mostly absorbed by direct and indirect bribes to Spanish officials.

Without liberal investments to secure the favor of the ruling class, these gentlemen tell the Embassador that no business operations can be conducted under the regime of Spain. The position of the Philippine capitalists is one which prevents them from making a public declaration of their views. Should the islands remain under Spanish sovereignty, that Government might make conditions burdensome for business men who were on record as desiring a change, and who had made revelations about Spanish misrule. They can make known their desires only through secret diplomatic channels, as they have done.

The President of an important Philippine company having its principal office in London, who presented a statement to the Embassador, discussed the question with a representative of the Associated Press, but only on condition that his name be withheld. He gave the usual recital of extortion by the officials who come from Spain to these islands, as they go to Cuba, for the sole purpose of acquiring as much money as possible in the shortest time.

He ridiculed the suggestion that the Philippine insurgents could be induced by the Spaniards to form an alliance against the United States. The natives, he declared, would welcome any Power which would relieve them from the domination of Spain. He did not, however, seem to place much confidence in the good faith of the revolutionists, and incidentally remarked that he had knowledge that more than one native insurrection had been inspired and promoted by Spanish officials for the increased revenues which would come to them through the transportation of troops into the island to suppress the insurrection.

Under proper treatment, the natives, although consisting of several races, would be entirely tractable. The greatest difficulties which would be encountered in managing the islands would come from the religious orders, which had been accustomed to squeeze the natives, and had accumulated much valuable property. The present insurrection was as much an uprising against the church as against the Government, and was conducted by a secret society which had been organized to oppose the priests, a sort of free masonry, which had spread throughout the islands.

As an instance of Spanish colonial government, he said there was but one road outside of Manila in the island. The entire absence of public works of all sorts was a great check to business enterprises.

Careful investigation by the most efficient engineers had proved that the gold deposits of the Philippines were among the richest in the world, and under conditions favorable to the development he was sure that the islands would surpass Australia and South Africa as a gold country.

In conclusion, this gentleman said the American Government need not be deterred by fear of the climate from invading the Philippines with unseasoned troops. During a residence of ten years he had known but one epidemic of disease, and that was not a serious one.

**Smoking Out an Owl.**

City Treasurer Hacheney is one of those old-fashioned men who get up first in the morning, build fires and make some coffee for the refreshment of himself and the others as they turn out. Monday evening he laid the fire in the kitchen stove as usual before going to bed. Yesterday morning when he opened the stove door to apply a match to the kindling he was startled by a vicious snapping and the sight of some hideous, sooty-looking goblin, with huge eyes and ears, which caused him to jump half way across the kitchen and imagine the devil or one of his imps had taken possession of the stove. On recovering his equanimity he made an investigation and found that a gray owl had made its way down the chimney, through the stovepipe and draught, into the stove. Mr. Hacheney could hardly believe his senses, and at first imagined that some one had been playing a belated April fool trick on him, but the disclaimers of all the family and the fact that the owl was liberally covered with soot and ashes convinced him that the bird had come down the chimney.—Portland Oregonian.

**Captain Hart Pardoned.**

WASHINGTON, June 9.—The President to-day granted a pardon to Captain John D. Hart, now serving a sentence of two years for engaging in a filibustering expedition to Cuba.


THE NONPAREIL STORE.

SPECIAL SALE

Lace Parasol Covers.

These covers are for parasol covers for baby carriages. A few over a hundred came to us much under the regular price, and no two alike in the lot, pretty nets, plain and point d'esprit. They have two and three deep ruffles around; some of them edged with lace, and some finished with satin baby ribbon; very pretty and attractive. Priced variously 50c, 73c, 98c, $1.35, $1.85 and $2.20.

Bright New Shirt Waists.

Hundreds of new shirt waists have been placed in stock in the past few days. They are chic, cheap and pretty; cheaper than you can make them or have them made, and are in the latest styles and patterns, both of which are quite new this season. 'Tis no wonder they grow more popular each season, as there is no substitute for their comfortable prettiness. These late arrivals are in large polka dot and Bayadere striped patterns, in colors blue, light and dark, also pink, lavender, heliotrope, green, etc. Priced, $1, $1.25 and $1.50.

New Ginghams, 10c yard.

These new ginghams are particularly adapted to making children's dresses, being in neat checks, broken plaids, small and stripes, neat colorings, which will stand washing; they will make very pretty and durable vacation and play time dresses for the little folks.

Fourth of July Flags.

Old Glory is in unusual demand this year. We have it here in abundance and in all sizes. From the tiny flag to be worn on the lapel of the coat they range upward in so many sizes that you'll find a size for every want or purpose which your patriotism may prompt you to use them for. Priced, 5c, 8c, 12c, 15c per dozen; 4c, 6c, 8c, 12c and 18c each.

Silk flags at 50c and $1.95 each.

All-wool bunting flags, 3x6 feet, $2.75.

Muslin flag on 6-foot staff, with gilt spear head, size of flag 3x4 feet. Price, 45c.

New Percales, 12½c yard.

The most attractive new line of Percales we've shown this season; some are in large, high color, bias plaids and Roman stripes, so particularly adapted to making women's handsome shirt waists. Then there are also block checks and stripes in black and colors, as well as many desirable small patterns, exactly suited to making boys' percale waists and blouses; all fast colors and only 12½c the yard.

Men's India Gauze Underwear At 50c.

Men's India gauze undershirts are the correct thing for this weather; they're thin, soft, elastic, well made, have French finished roll at neck and fly, bound with silk tape, pearl buttons down front and any size desired at 50c.

ADVANCE NOTICE.

Great Special Sale of WOMEN'S MUSLIN UNDERWEAR

TOMORROW MORNING, JUNE 11th.

These goods are all first-class, well-made garments, made by white labor only, and, if you've a want in this line, 'twill pay you to wait. Items and prices later.

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# PROHIBITION STATE CONVENTION

## ADOPTS A PLATFORM AND NOMINATES A TICKET.

**J. E. McComas Named for Governor and Robert Sommers for Lieutenant Governor.**

FRESNO, June 9.—The platform adopted this forenoon at the State Convention of Prohibitionists demands the suppression of the beverage liquor traffic by laws enforced by a party pledged to this end. The right of suffrage should have no other qualification save intelligence and sobriety, nor should one-half of the people be disfranchised in the name of the law and kept so through the untiring efforts of the saloon against mothers, wives and daughters.

Favoring the hearty support of the Government in the present war, and pledging itself to this end.

Believing that the currency problem has been largely produced by brewers and distillers, who, through the saloons, draw from the workingman's products silver which, changed into gold, is piled up uselessly or shipped away.

Protesting against frequent tariff changes to the great detriment of the country's business interests, and favoring a tariff commission.

Favoring an extension of the initiative and referendum principle, now only having an advisory or limited influence in law making.

Civil service rules should cover all subordinates, but changes should not be so made as to favor unjustly the party in power.

Our laws should discourage land monopolies by individuals or corporations.

Favoring a legal day of rest and good sanitary and moral conditions in factories, public schools and colleges.

Favoring construction, ownership and management of the Nicaragua Canal by the General Government.

Believing in Government and municipal ownership or control of natural resources and means of transportation and communication, and declaring against trusts and other aggregations of capital.

Upon the unanimous adoption of this platform, the convention broke up in singing "Praise God From Whom All Blessings Flow."

Nominations made were the following: For Governor, J. E. McComas of Pomona; for Lieutenant Governor, Robert Sommers of San Jose; Secretary of State, George D. Kellogg of Newcastle; Comptroller, Garrison Turner of Modesto; Treasurer, C. B. Williams of San Francisco; Attorney General, L. B. Scranton of Los Angeles; Superintendent of Public Instruction, Mrs. Fannie M. Pugh of Oakland; Clerk of the Supreme Court, W. P. Fassett of Winters; State Printer, Leroy S. Atwood of Stockton; Surveyor General, Green Spurrier of Modesto; Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, Mr. Stewart of Los Angeles, and G. B. Hurst of Woodland; Board of Equalization—H. B. Burbujame, San Francisco; Dr. F. McCargar, Oakland; C. T. Clark, Napa; Fourth District, no nomination.

**Condition of the Treasury.**

WASHINGTON, June 9.—To-day's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $192,125,583; gold reserve, $168,020,554.

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at home will keep your husband and sons from seeking outside attractions. Make your home attractive by tasteful decorations and beautify your walls with the kind of wall paper that will do it. We have it in exquisite designs and colors, at prices as low as you will pay for the kind that won't.

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### PRIDE TURNED TO SCORN.

**A Pretty Girl's Indignation to Find Her Muff Imitated.**

She was a well groomed young thing, with the requisite air of fashion about her new shaped skirt and not too blousy coat, and on her lap rested a fluffy chiffon muff. Every now and then she shook it up, the airy frills graciously responding while she gazed absently out of the window of a Brookline electric. The passengers opposite did not fail to observe the muff, with its coquettish bow of satin ribbon, in which was fastened a bunch of violets, for the combination was pretty and stylish, and so, too, was the young woman. In fact, the entire arrangement was novel, and the dear girl knew it. But at this moment the car stopped, and another girl entered and sat down in front of the first comer. She was stunningly arrayed in blue, with white wings in a hat that knocked the one across the aisle silly, and, oh, painful to relate, she also carried a chiffon muff. It took but an instant for both young women to discover their similarity. An expression of disgust, dismay, rushed into the blue girl's face. A look of scorn gleamed in the distant glance of her rival's eyes, and how the two muffs stood the pressure was a marvel to observers of the scene. And then, after one dreadful instant, the two girls bowed icily to each other! They were friends, or had been, until one basely copied the other's muff. But which was the sinner could not be determined until she hurriedly beckoned the conductor to let her off at the next street. For the imitator fled, leaving the possessor of the original muff to hate it, since it was no longer unique. "It is funny," remarked a philosophic witness of this little scene, "how offended we are by an imitation, though it is said to be the sincerest flattery! But fur is best, don't you think? Nobody cares how the skins of beasts are duplicated."—Boston Herald.

**A Poser.**

"Here is a tough one," said the religious editor.

"Perhaps I can help you," said the police reporter. "What is it?"

"A fellow stole ten bushels of wheat when the stuff was worth only 60 cents a bushel. Now, he's got religion and wants to know whether he ought to pay the man ten bushels of $1 wheat or $6."—Indianapolis Journal.