

INVESTIGATION OF CONDUCT OF WAR.

Gen. Wheeler Completes His Testimony Before the Commission.

Deals Entirely With the Conditions Existing at Camp Wikoff.

General Boynton Describes in Detail the Situation at Camp Thomas, Eulogizing Throughout the Supply Methods of the War Department.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—General Wheeler completed his testimony before the War Investigating Commission to-day and was followed by General H. V. Boynton...

GENERAL WHEELER ON WITNESS STAND.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—General Wheeler resumed his testimony before the War Investigating Commission to-day. The examination on the line of the New York "World" charges was resumed.

General Wheeler admitted that in many instances there were men ill in their companies...

Some time was spent on the charge that General Wheeler had said that General Eagan, Chief Commissary of Subsistence...

General Wheeler also explained the circumstances concerning the death of Private Hugh Parrett.

"My inquiry," he said, "developed the fact that Dr. Tabor was a little gruff to the men, but it also developed the fact that he proved so efficient in the field that they were devoted to him, and had petitioned for his retention in the army."

General Wheeler said it was true that many soldiers would fall on the streets. He thought that all of them had been weakened by their experience in Cuba, and most of them had the germs of fever in them.

The general took up a statement attributed to Dr. Senn concerning the sinks. He said the sinks were covered every hour with earth or lime.

He also found that other physicians did not agree with Dr. Senn as to the danger from typhoid. There was no outbreak of fever such as Dr. Senn had predicted, hence, it was a false prophecy.

He admitted also in reply to such a charge attributed to Dr. Cyrus Edson that a small percentage of hospital patients were lying on a floor August 30th. They were, however, supplied with beds, and in no case was there complaint on this account.

"The fact is," he said, "that the surgeons and other officers and men conducted themselves most heroically, and it is painful to me that there is an effort to make it appear that they were complaining when they were not. Dr. Myron had also predicted typhoid fever, but the prediction had not been verified."

General Wheeler said he had seen a statement from Dr. Smith to the effect that the drinking water was contaminated. He had had an examination before, not only by the surgeons, but by Colonel Smart, noted newspaper, and they had informed him that the water was pure.

He considered the water supply adequate and pure and well distributed. While it had been considered very desirable to weed the sick out and send such as could go to the hospitals, he had cautioned the surgeons against sending men not able to leave, and had interfered to see that some were not sent.

He admitted that before the steam laundry was put to work there was a scarcity of clean bed linen for typhoid and other patients. He had encouraged the closest inspection from visitors and asked newspaper men to visit the hospitals and report the complaints of the men, with the view of relieving their wants if they had any.

General Dodge asked the witness for a general expression of his opinion as to the efficiency of the various bureaus of the War Department. Replying, he praised the work of all the supply departments, saying they were actuated by zeal and characterized by intelligence.

He had found the Medical Department, from General Sternberg the American troops, and to promote the best interests of his department. The same was also true of the other departments.

General Wheeler spoke of the mortality among the Spanish soldiers, saying that it was quite equal to that among the American troops.

General H. V. Boynton took the stand in the afternoon. Since the 8th of July he had been on duty at Camp Thomas. Recently his special duty had been that of looking after the water supply of that camp, and still more recently and at present he was in command of the camp, which was entirely within the limits of Chickamauga Park.

He told 56,000 the largest number of troops that had ever been quartered in the camp at any one time.

General Boynton described at length the supply of the park, stating that several tests of water from the springs at Chickamauga had proved its purity.

General Boynton said that while there was plenty of water and of good quality for the camp, considerable water had been brought in recently in barrels from springs four or five miles outside. This was done because of the suspicion of some of the surgeons concerning the water in the camp.

There had never been a death in the park forces, and never a case of typhoid fever. The only case of typhoid had been employed at one time on the roads.

In response to a query from Captain Howell, he said that the only typhoid fever in the camp was brought in from the outside. The volunteers were located in the wooded portion of the park, but the food was only sufficient for shade. It was not a dense forest, and could easily be penetrated by the sunshine.

General Boynton asserted that the camp was not crowded.

The sinks were from thirty to ninety feet from the tents, but in some instances the tents were not farther than twenty feet from the sinks. Much of the kitchen offal was burned.

Typhoid fever in the camp did not excite serious attention until July, when the cases averaged about 2 per 1,000. It afterward increased until there were about 400 cases among the 50,000 men.

The fever in all cases had been of a mild character. At one time, after measles broke out in the camp, the hospitals were crowded, though he did not think such had been the case at any other time.

Practically all the sickness was among the volunteers. The regulars were not sick.

General Brooke's orders allowed two men out of each company to visit Chattanooga a day, which would permit the absence of about 1,200 men.

He deprecated the fact that the army regulations permitted the canteen system. He had never seen such efficiency in the supply departments of the army in the field as in the case of Camp Thomas.

There was no lack of rations, and the rations were all good. The variety was equal to that supplied by a family grocery. Each man had a loaf of bread daily. Fresh meats were supplied. Sometimes some of the meat was spoiled, but as a rule it was good.

He believed that there was more food left over every day than the army of the Cumberland had for its entire Chattanooga campaign.

General Boynton spoke in especial commendation of the Young Men's Christian Association tents, which he said were the best thing in the service.

On the other hand, he condemned the outside drinking houses.

Most of the complaints were, he said, from the typhoid fever patients, who were, of course, kept on low rations as a medical precaution.

There was never any shortage of rations, the newspaper statements to the contrary notwithstanding.

Save money by buying your tea and coffee of J. McMorry, 531 M.

with J. L. Blinn and Lee Ullery, Superintendent of the building of the new Denver Mint, elicited a similar answer. A report read from the Brooklyn (N. Y.) "Eagle" to the effect that McIntyre made a statement in conversation with friends in that city of the same character alleged to have been made in his Denver lecture.

The Judge Advocate then placed in witness' hands a copy of an alleged interview with him published in the New York "Times" of August 11th, having been telegraphed from Denver.

The Chaplain said he had no remembrance of giving an interview to a representative of any paper published outside of Denver. He denied having given the alleged interview to anybody.

In an afternoon interview with the witness published August 10th in the Denver "Times," which was almost identical with the one printed in the New York "Times," was also denied as to many statements given. He admitted having been interviewed on a similar bottle in an alleged interview with the witness published August 10th in the Denver "Times," but could not remember what he said to him.

In the afternoon Chaplain McIntyre, on re-direct examination, stated that he had the brandy of which he drank on the night of the lecture in a four-ounce bottle. Indicating on a similar bottle the amount he drank, it was shown that he took about one-third of the contents.

Alonzo A. Anson, an engineer, testified that he was quite intimate with Chaplain McIntyre in 1894, and that on the night of the lecture the Chaplain did not recognize him even after he had told his name. Witness thought the Chaplain had the manner of a man under the influence of liquor. During the lecture the Chaplain's manner was not natural.

Dr. Wm. E. Wilson, who was surgeon of the Tenth Illinois Cavalry during the civil war, was called. He has been treating Chaplain McIntyre since September 20th. He testified that Chaplain McIntyre was on the date mentioned suffering from nervous prostration and had been so suffering for some time. He had not yet recovered fully.

In answer to the question of the Judge Advocate regarding what he intended to say in his lecture about the division of the prize money, the Chaplain explained that Commodore Winfield S. Schley was the first commander ever called with. He felt very friendly toward Commodore Schley, and believed that he should have received the major portion of the honor and emoluments of the battle. He intended to say to the audience that the division of the prize money would be in the proportion of \$10,000 to the Admiral, \$500 to Captain Clark and \$75 to officers of his own rank. He had no idea of giving these as the amount each would receive. Witness said his intention was to say that when the battle began the Oregon took her assigned position on the inner line, and as she did so passing the Iowa gave the other way to assume the position assigned to her. He intended to say that when the Colon surrendered he saw several of the American vessels, half-hull down to the eastward, and that while the boarding parties from the Oregon and Brooklyn were going to the Colon the other vessels came up. He declared that he made no assertion to the effect that Admiral Sampson reported himself within four miles in order to get prize money. He was aware that the Admiral was entitled to his share of the prize money regardless of his distance from the fight.

The Judge Advocate asked Chaplain McIntyre if previous to the lecture, in conversation with R. S. King, Private Secretary of Governor Adams, he had made statements similar to those made in the lecture. This question was strongly combated by attorneys for the defense. The Judge Advocate announced that he was laying the foundation for the impeachment of the witness. Argument on the objection was deferred by agreement.

Chaplain McIntyre positively denied having said to Mr. King the statements charged unless it might have been on the night of the lecture. Similar questions regarding conversations

Men's \$5 Overcoats.

This is a low price for an overcoat; but the one we describe here is perhaps a good deal better than you associate in your mind with \$5.

Black, blue or brown beaver cloth, lined with heavy strong black Italian cloth, velvet collar and put together to stay.

It is certainly a big \$5 worth.

Men's Underwear, Double Front and Double Back.

Men's heavy weight underwear, the shirts made double over the chest in front and back and without seams, thus securing extra protection for weak lungs or susceptibility to colds. Price, \$1.50 garment.

Men's Mackintoshes.

The proper garment for wear in the rain is not an overcoat, but a mackintosh. The wise man has both in his wardrobe.

The recent rainy weather stirred up a lively demand for mackintoshes and found us splendidly equipped with them. Either the cape or box coat styles, absolutely waterproof, \$6. Finer grade and with the seams sewed, cemented and strapped, \$7.50.

High grade mackintoshes, box style with velvet collars or cape coat with separable cape. \$10.50.

The New Box Calf Shoes for Men.

Box calf is the new leather for men's shoes. It is pliable, soft finished; will not get hard or crack and is easy to the feet. It makes warm, comfortable and serviceable Winter shoes. We have such shoes, with heavy, durable extension soles and three styles of toes at \$3.50.

You will be pleased with them for the price.

Winter Gloves for Bicycles, Driving, Etc.

These sharp mornings one needs gloves for comfort. Here are some of black Jersey cloth, fleece lined and with soft leather between the fingers. That will keep them from wearing out quickly. Price, 25c.

Men's or boys' heavy wool knit gloves, in blue, gray and mixed colors. 25c pair.

Men's wove knit mitts, extra strong, 25c pair. Good warm wool mitts for schoolboys, 20c.

Ullsters for Boys 14 to 19 Years Old, \$5.

These ullsters are made of heavy weight chevot in dark colors. Warm muff collar, full length, good cut and suitable for rough Winter wear. Just the thing for schoolboys. Price, \$5.

English Whipcords, \$1.25.

We cannot say too much for the well-known English whipcords for tailor-made suits. Only the newest shades, 44 inches wide and superb quality. Price, \$1.25.

CHAPLAIN McINTYRE.

COURT-MARTIAL RESUMED AT DENVER.

The Accused Positively Denies Several Statements Attributed to Him.

DENVER, Oct. 5.—When the court-martial which is hearing testimony in the case of Chaplain McIntyre of the Oregon was called to order this morning the cross-examination of the defendant, which was begun yesterday, was resumed. An interview with the witness published in a Denver evening paper on the day following the lecture was placed in the hands of the witness, who was asked to verify or deny it. He denied several statements attributed to him with positiveness. He remembered distinctly what he tried to convey to the reporter. He did tell the reporter that the Oregon demonstrated her superiority over the other battleships in the fight, but he did not accuse the Eastern shipbuilders of cheating the Government, as the reporter had quoted him. He subsequently said he was still under the influence of the drugs and the excitement of the night before while talking to the reporter.

In answer to the question of the Judge Advocate regarding what he intended to say in his lecture about the division of the prize money, the Chaplain explained that Commodore Winfield S. Schley was the first commander ever called with. He felt very friendly toward Commodore Schley, and believed that he should have received the major portion of the honor and emoluments of the battle. He intended to say to the audience that the division of the prize money would be in the proportion of \$10,000 to the Admiral, \$500 to Captain Clark and \$75 to officers of his own rank. He had no idea of giving these as the amount each would receive. Witness said his intention was to say that when the battle began the Oregon took her assigned position on the inner line, and as she did so passing the Iowa gave the other way to assume the position assigned to her. He intended to say that when the Colon surrendered he saw several of the American vessels, half-hull down to the eastward, and that while the boarding parties from the Oregon and Brooklyn were going to the Colon the other vessels came up. He declared that he made no assertion to the effect that Admiral Sampson reported himself within four miles in order to get prize money. He was aware that the Admiral was entitled to his share of the prize money regardless of his distance from the fight.

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TO-MORROW AT 9:30 A. M. Blanket Sale of the Season.

On Friday, at 9:30 a. m., we shall hold our October sale of

California Blankets

at prices much lower than such blankets usually sell for. Several months ago we bought the entire stock of hand of white wool blankets from the Napa Woolen Mills, this concern having decided to discontinue the manufacture of all white blankets. More recently our buyers attended a large trade sale of gray blankets from the Stockton Woolen Mills. Hence we are in a position to offer great values in seasonable blankets at interestingly low prices.

LOT 1—80 pairs Golden Rod white blankets, 5 pounds weight, generous size, fancy borders. Sale price, \$3.95.

LOT 2—White wool blankets, 2 yards wide by 2 1/2 yards long, 6 pounds. Will last for years. Sale price, \$4.95.

LOT 3—Silver gray blankets, 62 by 80 inches. Soft and fleecy and a warm bed covering. Sale price, \$3.48.

LOT 4—Heavier gray blankets, with a little cotton, making blankets unshrinkable. \$3.95.

LOT 5—Large gray blankets from Stockton Mills. Sale price, \$4.24.

LOT 6—Sateen comforters, fancy covering on one side, plain on the other. Pure white cotton filling. Sale price, \$2.48.

Fuller particulars of this sale in Friday morning's "Record-Union." Please do not order special sale goods by telephone.

Opera Shades in Silk Velvets.

You can find all the high colors in silk velvets so much needed just now at the Dress Goods Counters and also in the Millinery Department. Colors Nile, turquoise, cerise, heliotrope, light blue and all the latest geranium shades. \$1.25 and \$1.50 yard.

Winter Flannelettes, 10c.

We notice to-day a large stock of new flannelettes in the Domestic Department. This is certainly a seasonal item, and the patterns and quality just as good as those sold at 12c yard in past seasons. Price, 10c yard.

Dress Patterns, \$3.50.

This week we are making a special display of Fall suitings at \$3.50. A glance at our show window will be more convincing than our prices and styles are right than anything we can say here.

Milknote fancy crepons. 50c yard
Novelty wool plaids. 50c yard
Payadore effects. 50c yard
Hingsome mixtures. 50c yard
Covert suitings. 50c yard

WEINSTOCK, LUBIN & CO., 400-412 K STREET, SACRAMENTO.

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WEINSTOCK, LUBIN & CO., 400-412 K STREET, SACRAMENTO.

In a General Way.

The rich tints of Autumn are visible in every section of the store. Masterful buying marks the many lots of new Fall merchandise. You are planning your purchases. We've been planning for months to meet your desires with a stock of reliable, trustworthy goods that will fully merit your approval.

The trade tide has already set in. The new things are being picked up by early buyers. You know our policy; goods right, prices right and money back if you want it. Thus we satisfactorily serve old friends and make new ones.

Women's Black Hosiery.

Black hosiery is one of the big staples of the Dry Goods Section of the store. Most of it we buy in Europe and send direct to Sacramento. Here is sort of a skeleton description of some of the leaders.

Warren's black drop stitch hosiery, with spliced heels and toes, and double soles; Richelleu rib, 25c. Also a similar hose in plain black cotton.

Four thread Macco cotton hose, extra high, spliced heels, double soles and toes. Elastic ankles; 3 pairs for \$1.

Also at the same price, drop stitch hose of five rows, with one row of ribbing.

Plain Macco yarn hose, "No. 50 gauge," double soles, heels, etc., 40c.

A fine quality black tulle hose, Richelleu rib and with various styles of drop stitching. Some have white heels and toes. Price, 50c.

New Tapestry Pillow Covers.

Tapestry sofa pillow covers, Oriental designs and interwoven with tinsel thread. 75c, \$1 and \$1.25.

New Table Covers.

Java cloth table covers in many colors, with fringe and 36 inches square, at 60c each. These covers are stamped and tinted in new designs for outline work.

"The Designer" Magazine, 10c.

The November issue of this popular fashion magazine with colored plates and much interesting reading matter is now ready. Price 10c, at our Fancy Goods Counters.

Best Imported Zephyr Wools, 3c

We offer a most complete line of all shades and colors in split, single or double zephyr, at 3c. Fairy floss, 11c hank.

German town yarn, superior quality and choice coloring 25c hank.

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Those \$5 Hats.

Incidentally we must again mention our late creations in \$5 hats for women. We believe it would pay you to visit our Millinery Department and try on some of the new shapes. We use only silk velvets and all-silk ribbons on our \$5 hats.

NOTICE—At the Silk and Velvet Counter you can find all the high shades in the new velvet and velveta strips for collars and belts. No delay here. We can fill your order for collar lengths at a moment's notice. 10c, 17c and 21c each.

SPECIAL SALE.

Linen Warp Matting, - - - - 15c yard.
Lace Curtains, 3 yards long, - - 60c pair.

CHAS. M. CAMPBELL, - - 411-413 K STREET.
Carpets and Furniture. Cash or Credit.

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IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS in Fine Whiskies, Brandies and Champagnes.

EBNER BROS. COMPANY,
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IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS in Wines and Liquors. Tel. 364.

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SEVEN-YEAR-OLD NUTWOOD.
The celebrated Nutwood whisky, and 7-year-old-another lot just received from bond at the old reliable and long established Ale Vault, 303 J Street. Try it: pure and straight. Naegle & Stevensman.

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PORTLAND BEER
AT BAUER & KOENECKE, SUCCESSORS to Wissemann's Saloon, 1020 Fourth Street, J and K.

GRUHLER'S, THE POPULAR
is the favorite resort for a cool glass of Ruhlert's Pilsener on draught every day. Jacob Gruhler, Proprietor, 1014 J Street.

GAMBRINUS' 620 K Street, MILLER & BUEHLER, Proprietors. Fine Wines, Liquors, HALL and Cigars; Steam and Lager as it should be, 5c. A good Lunch always to be found.

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WE GIVE TRADING STAMPS

Two-thirds of the people of the United States are collecting Sperry & Hutchinson's great trading stamps. The other third are just beginning. "Beware of imitations."

FOR SALE.

A splendid tract of land of 483 acres, situated near Sacramento Valley Railroad, and fifteen miles from Sacramento; under lease for this year for \$1,000, cash rent, payable after harvest. This is a splendid tract of land and will be sold at a reasonable price and upon easy terms if applied for soon.

TO, LET.
\$27.50—Cottage of 8 rooms; heater; all other modern improvements; also bath, making it the coolest house in the city. No. 1730 N Street.

\$25—A dwelling of 7 rooms. No. 1417 G Street; all modern improvements.

\$14—New cottage, built last year; 5 rooms, bath, patent closet; choicest dwelling in city for the money. 137 E Street.

\$27.50—Cottage of 7 rooms; No. 1122 G Street, with all modern improvements; also large barn in the alley. No. 1112 G Street.

W. P. COLEMAN,
Real Estate Salesman, - - 332 J Street
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ACKERMANN'S,