INVESTIGATION INSTITUTED.

(Continued from Fourth Page.)

Two assistant enrolling and engrossing clerks at $5 per diem.

One assistant journal clerk at $5 per diem.

One assistant minute clerk at $5 per diem.

Two bill clerks at $4 per diem each.

One bill filer at $4 per diem.

One assistant history clerk at $5 per diem.

One rear porter at $3 per diem.

One janitress for ladies' cloakroom at $3 per diem.

Two press mailing clerks at $4 per diem.

Total additional per diem, $153.

Also, two statutory assistant enrolling and engrossing clerks to be appointed on the thirtieth day at $5 (50 per cent. discount).

One assistant at desk, $5.

One messenger to printer, $3.

Twenty-six committee clerks at $5 per diem.

La Rue offered several amendments to the bill, striking out all of the additions proposed. They were promptly voted down, and then Smith got the floor.

SMITH PREFERS CHARGES.

Smith said he wanted it understood that the Republicans proposed to be responsible for passing the bill and providing for the additional employes. He said that plenty of assistance had been offered by Democratic members, provided they received a share of the patronage. Offers of that kind, he said, had been made day after day; offers to give votes toward the necessary three-fourths majority, provided they were given a place at the crib. He did not propose, however, to have the Republicans take the "roasting and the cussing" and allow the Democrats to stand up and pose as immaculate in their purity. The Republicans, he said, were "onto their little game," and proposed to "go on with their villainy, shoulder the responsibility, if there was any, and take the State Treasury with them.

SOME COUNTER CHARGES.

Then La Rue (Democrat) had an inning. He said that offers had been made, plenty of them, but that they had come from the Republicans, who offered to divide the patronage with the Democrats, provided votes were forthcoming to help open the Belshaw Act.

Doty (Democrat) said that all the offers had come from the other side. He had been approached with offers of patronage for his vote, but had spurned the offer. Some of the Democrats, he said, had been offered patronage to the amount of $15 a day for their support. He called on Smith to name any Democrat who had offered his vote in return for patronage. He said the people of Sacramento County did not ask for patronage when they elected their Senators and Assemblymen.

SKIRMISH WARMS UP.

Simpson said that while he had always been a good friend to Sacramento County, he had noticed that that particular county always managed to get a good deal of the patronage that was distributed. He called attention to the session of 1891, when there were thirty-eight committees, and compared it with the session of 1893, when the Democrats and Populists increased the number to fifty-one, in order to increase the number of committee clerks and make place for their constituents. As a matter of fact, he said, the bill provided for only twenty-six committee clerks, and he did not understand how the Democrats expected to gain anything by offering amendments, as the Republicans had a majority and intended to pass the bill.

Cutter said that in all the history of attaches in the California Legislature the Republicans had never been able to equal the action of the Democrats, who in 1889 or 1891 created a $5-a-day position for a man whose sole duty was to wind the clock.

Braunhart said Smith's remarks had been rather widespread. He stated that he had never offered his vote to the Republicans for patronage, and asked Smith if that was not so.

Smith said he saw no reason why Braunhart should dodge unless he saw a rock coming his way.

Langford said he had had several applications for patronage positions, and wanted to know whether any of them would be considered if the bill passed. Thereupon the Senate laughed, and Smith informed Langford that he would not get so much as the suspicion of the small end of nothing.

Sims (Democrat) said the Democrats did not expect any of the patronage, had never asked for any, and did not attempt to stand out as being immaculately pure. The only question he cared to consider was whether or not the additional attaches demanded were necessary or not. If they were he would willingly vote for creating the positions, but in view of the fact that no good reasons had been advanced why the places should be created, he did not care to be told that he would vote for it if he got a little of the patronage.

THE BILL PASSED.

Doty, Cutter, La Rue and Shortridge spoke to the question, and it was finally passed by a vote of 25 to 11, a strict party vote. The title was approved and the bill ordered at once transmitted to the Assembly.

Wolfe and Leavitt introduced a bill each, out of order, both of which were to regulate the practice of pharmacy and the sale of poisons.

At 5 o'clock the Senate adjourned till 10 o'clock this morning.

IN THE ASSEMBLY.

Matters of Grave Importance Arise Early in the Morning.

In his prayer yesterday morning, after roll-call at 11:30 o'clock, the Chaplain presaged somewhat the grave events that were to follow, and besought for the Assembly the wisdom to see and the courage to do that which is right in all matters to come before them.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Leave was granted until Wednesday to Caminetti, Glenn and Raw.

Speaker pro tem. Anderson was called to the chair. The journals of Friday and Saturday were corrected and approved.

THE SPEAKER'S REQUEST.

No sooner had these preliminaries been finished than the Speaker, Howard E. Wright, rising from Speaker pro tem. Anderson's chair upon the floor of the House, spoke as follows:

"Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, it has no doubt come to the knowledge of you all, as members, that my honor has been seriously impugned by a San Francisco newspaper. Therefore, as the chief officer of this House, in that a reflection upon me is a reflection upon this House, and affects the privileges of it, I wish this House to request of the Speaker pro tem., and authorize him by resolution, to name a committee to investigate the matters set out in that article."

Johnson—Mr Speaker, a resolution.

The Clerk read as follows:

"Resolution by Mr. Johnson:

"Whereas, Direct charges have been made that improper means have been used to influence the action of Hon. Howard E. Wright, a member of and Speaker of the Assembly, in the election of a United States Senator by the Legislature; and,

"Whereas, It has been charged that some persons have used and are using illegal methods to influence the action of members of the Assembly in said election; and,

"Whereas, It has been indirectly charged that members of the Assembly have been improperly influenced in their votes for United States Senator; and,

"Whereas, Such charges have been given wide publicity, and should be investigated to the end that, if found to be true, the guilty should be punished, and, if found to be untrue, the originators thereof should be punished; now, therefore, be it

"Resolved, That a select committee of seven members of the Assembly be appointed by the Speaker pro tem. to immediately and fully, thoroughly and carefully, investigate each and all of said charges, whether direct or indirect, and also to investigate in like manner the methods used to influence members of the Assembly in their votes for a United States Senator, and that said committee have full power to send for persons, books, telegrams and papers, and to employ a clerk and stenographer, and that it have leave to sit during the session of the Assembly, and that said committee report fully, as speedily as possible, with such recommendations as it may deem proper."

JOHNSON SPEAKS.

Johnson then said:

"Mr. Speaker, I move the adoption of the resolution. And, in doing so, I desire to express briefly the reasons that impelled me to offer the resolution. For some time it has seemed to me and to others in this State that the aphorism of the lamented Lincoln, that this was a government of the people, by the people and for the people, was either in process of being changed or had been changed in California to a Government of the newspapers, by the newspapers and for the newspapers. It has come to such a pass in this State that one of the necessary concomitants of a public officer, of a man holding any public station, is that he shall be abused, reviled and misrepresented by any newspaper whose proprietor or reporter he may displease in never so small a manner. Ordinarily such charges and such attacks are best met by a dignified silence, but when, as in the case now before us, the honor not merely of a member of this body, but of our Chief Executive is assailed, and when, as a necessary result, a shadow has been cast upon each and every member of this body, and a shadow also cast upon the fair fame of our honored State, it is our duty, not merely to those who have been assailed, but to those persons who have made the assault, to investigate this matter from the bottom to the top, through the middle, in every manner, so as to arrive at the truth. In the language of a great American, I should for one express my views that the motto of this committee, if appointed, should be: 'Let no guilty man escape.' (Applause.) I care not where the blow may fall, whether it rolls in the dust at my feet or those of my friends and associates, or on the head of any one connected with us, or even our own. If any man, be he high or low, be he a member of this body, or connected with a newspaper, has been guilty of crime, either in libeling a member of this body, or in being guilty of that which is charged, let the guilty person be punished. And, speaking in behalf of those gentlemen in this body who have voted with me in favor of one candidate for United States Senator, I desire to say, in voicing their sentiments, that we do not wish any man appointed upon this committee who has voted for the man of our choice (Applause). And I announce in advance that if I am appointed I shall certainly decline. I want a committee composed of men who are not in any manner connected with us, who are not in any manner associated with us in political matters, so that they will investigate this without fear or favor, without regard to us. And, speaking, if I may be permitted to say, in behalf of the gentleman for whom I have voted, I am authorized by him to say that he courts the fullest, the freest and the widest investigation that the committee of this House can give. I know, also, without seeing them, that all the other candidates for this high position will indorse his stand.

"I hope the resolution will be adopted, and adopted unanimously. It is due to us; it is due to our oaths; it is due to our country; it is due to the God who rules us and who knows the innermost secrets of our hearts, that everything should be done by us to have this matter fully investigated, so that we may know where we are walking, with whom we are talking, and that we can guide ourselves aright with the result of this investigation."

The motion to adopt was seconded by Dibble.

The Speaker pro tem. said: "The presenting of this resolution at this time will require the suspending of the rules, if there are no objections, the rules will stand suspended for the presentation of this petition."

The rules being suspended, Mellick wished to amend the resolution by including "the power to administer oaths" in the authorization of the powers of the committee. Dibble, Johnson and others informed Mellick that the law gives such a committee that power, and he withdrew his motion.

COMMITTEE OF INVESTIGATION.

The Speaker pro tem. asked for a recess of five minutes in which to prepare the names of the committee for announcement. It was granted him, and at its expiration he announced the following committee:

Cosper of Tulare (Chairman), Wade of Napa, Mellick of Pasadena, Mead of Los Angeles, La Baree of Trinity, Lardner of Placer, Sanford of Mendocino.

Mead, Mellick and La Baree all rose to decline membership or to ask to be excused, but while the matter was under discussion the Senate appeared at the bar of the House for the daily joint ballot-taking for United States Senator, and, on request of the Speaker pro tem., the excuses were held over until the joint assembly should have adjourned.

TAKING RECESS.

After the adjournment of the joint session and the departure of the Senate, on motion of Dibble the House took a recess until 2:30 p. m.

Afternoon Session.

On reconvening the Assembly took up the regular order of business, which had been wholly neglected during the morning session.

A message from the Senate informed the House of the adoption of Burnett's A. J. R. 11, relating to the completion of the breakwater at Port San Luis.

IN MEMORIAM.

Devoto of San Francisco offered the following resolution:

Whereas, the Supreme Ruler of the universe in His divine wisdom has removed from his earthly sphere the Hon. Nelson Dingley, Jr.; and,

Whereas, the Hon. Nelson Dingley, Jr., in his high position as a Representative in the National Congress was ever the foremost in legislation affecting the progress and prosperity of the nation; therefore, be it

Resolved, That when the Assembly does this day adjourn it does so as a mark of respect to his memory. Adopted.

ONCE MORE.

Mellick introduced a resolution concerning the Nicaragua Canal, which had been formulated by the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce and sent to him. This makes two from the Assembly up to date, and the Federal Relations Committee will doubtless have still others to struggle with. It is a popular subject. Mellick's is A. J. R. 6, and is as follows:

Whereas, the construction of the Nicaragua Canal would be of immense value to the people of the Pacific Coast and especially to the people of the State of California, as it would afford greater protection to this coast in time of war, open new lines of trade and commerce in time of peace, tend to cheapen transportation to foreign and Atlantic seaboard markets, build up new enterprises everywhere within our State and largely tend to maintain old ones, greatly increase our population, and thus enhance our wealth and multiply our resources, and establish a shorter line of oceanic communication between the United States and its possessions in the Orient; and,

Whereas, there is now pending in the Congress of the United States a measure providing for the construction of the Nicaragua Canal by or under the auspices of the United States Government;

Resolved, by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate thereof concurring, that our Senators in Congress be instructed, and our members of the House of Representatives be requested to earnestly support the passage of this measure, and be it further

Resolved, That we favor the absolute ownership and control of the said Nicaragua Canal by the United States Government, if within the power of said Government to own and control the same.

Resolved, That his excellency, the Governor, be requested to forward to each of our Senators and Representatives in Congress a copy of this resolution.

HOSPITAL ON MOLOKAI.

E. D. Sullivan introduced A. J. R. 5, which opens, so far as this Assembly is concerned, legislation for our new Hawaiian territory. Sullivan's resolution, quoting from its heading, is, "As to making upon the island of Molokai a leper hospital for the care of all lepers in the United States." The resolution reads as follows:

Whereas, there has lately been annexed to these United States a large island, known as Molokai, one of the Hawaiian Islands; and,

Whereas, there are within this State many unfortunates, cursed with the dreadful disease of leprosy; and,

Whereas, it is absolutely necessary that those so afflicted should be isolated in order that the health of the masses be not contaminated; and,

Whereas, the expense to our State and to the municipalities therein in sustaining separate hospitals and pest-houses therein is very great and entirely unsatisfactory; and,

Whereas, upon the said island of Molokai there is a leper hospital devoted entirely to the care and cure of lepers and which island, on account of its locality and conditions is peculiarly adapted for such purposes; therefore, be it

Resolved, by the Senate and Assembly jointly, that we hereby recognize the great necessity of having all those afflicted with leprosy confined upon and within the said island of Molokai, both because of its isolated position and equable climate, and also because it will be a great financial saving to our State and to the municipalities therein; and, be it

Resolved, That we call upon our Representatives in Congress to use every honorable effort to have every leper found within this State or hereafter to be found therein sent to the said island of Molokai for care and treatment; and, be it further

Resolved, That the Governor be requested to transmit these resolutions to our Senators and Representatives in Congress.

Referred to Committee on Federal Relations.

NO WITHDRAWALS ALLOWED.

Before the business of the day was finished Mellick brought up again the matter of the special committee for the investigation of the charges against Speaker Wright. Mellick said he desired to be excused. He stated that he recognized how a member of that committee might antagonize his colleagues. In such an investigation the probe might be used to compel a man to divulge things told him in confidence. He frankly said that he was very desirous of the election of his favorite candidate to the United States Senate; he hoped to see a majority of members come to his way of thinking, and he particularly wished to avoid antagonism at this juncture.

Wade, Mead and La Baree all desired to be excused also, when Dibble made a motion, which Clough seconded, that there should be no withdrawals, but that the committee should stand as the Speaker Pro Tem. had originally appointed it.

The motion was vigorously discussed by those wishing to be excused, and it was even claimed that such a motion was out of order, but the Speaker Pro Tem. ruled the point not well taken, and Dibble's motion carried.

Mellick then asked for information concerning a clerk and stenographer. He said that under the rule now governing the House the pay of a stenographer was but $5 per day, and that, he thought, would not employ a first-class stenographer for the important and difficult work of the committee.

Johnson said that for such special committees the practice had been to go ahead and do what was best, and then present the bills to the Assembly. He would say to the investigating committee, 'Go ahead; get the best persons; make them do the best work, and the Assembly will pay the bills. (General assent from members.) Do good work and find out who has been attempting to bribe members of this Assembly, if it bankrupts the State of California."

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS.

By E. D. Sullivan—Conferring power upon the governing body of municipal corporations of the first class to provide for the erection of a municipal hospital, and to levy a tax therefor. Municipal Corporations.

By Kelley—To amend the Code of Civil Procedure, relating to attachments. Judiciary.

By Arnerich—To amend the Political Code, relating to State Normal Schools. Public Buildings and Grounds.

By Kelsey—Providing for the establishment and maintenance of sewer districts adjacent to municipal corporations. Municipal Corporations.

By Stewart—Prohibiting the payment of money by the State to counties for the collection of taxes. Judiciary.

By Wardell—To pay the claim of Oliver R. Chapman. Ways and Means.

By Mellick—To regulate the sale of commercial fertilizers, or materials used for manurial purposes, and to provide penalties for the infraction thereof, and means for the enforcement of this Act. Ways and Means.

By Muenter—To amend the Political Code, relating to the general revenue of the State. Judiciary.

By Devoto—To amend the Code of Civil Procedure, relating to the appointment of administrators of deceased persons. Judiciary.

By Conrey—To pay the claim of E. N. Strout. Ways and Means.

By Crowder—Appropriating $80,000 to complete and equip the building now being constructed for the use of the State Normal School at San Diego. Ways and Means.

By Brooke—To amend the Political Code, relating to roads and highways. Judiciary.

To amend the Political Code, by adding a new section, relating to highway taxes. Judiciary.

By Raub—To amend the Act providing for the appointment of an Auditing Board to the Commissioner of Public Works, so as to provide for the improvement and protection of the navigable channels and harbors of this State. Swamp and Overflowed Lands.

To add a new section to the Political Code, relating to the payment of invalid assessments in reclamation districts, and the crediting of the amount paid (to the tract of land upon which the same was assessed), upon subsequent assessments. Swamp and Overflowed Lands.

To prevent the defrauding of livery stable proprietors and managers, and providing for the punishment thereof. Judiciary.

Concerning the erection and construction of barbed-wire fences, and prescribing the penalty for the violation thereof. Agriculture.

By Dibble—To amend the Act providing for the burial of ex-Union soldiers, sailors and marines in this State who may hereafter die without leaving sufficient means to defray funeral expenses. County and Township Governments.

To amend the Penal Code, by adding a new section thereto, relating to the unauthorized wearing of badges, buttons and rosettes of societies. Judiciary.

By Works—Providing for the abandonment of operations by irrigating districts, and for the disorganization of the same upon the discharge of their outstanding obligations, and for the sale of the property belonging to the same, for the purpose of discharging any outstanding obligations. Judiciary.

By Marvin—Authorizing the location and sale of mining claims upon the public lands of this State. Mines and Mining.

By Johnson—Making an appropriation to pay for the cleaning of the outer surface of the granite composing the lower story of the State Capitol at Sacramento, and requiring that such work be done under the direction of the Secretary of State. Ways and Means.

To amend the Code of Civil Procedure, relating to the manner of bringing an issue to trial. Judiciary.

By Brooke—To amend the Code of Civil Procedure, relating to the application of the proceeds of the sale of mortgaged premises. Judiciary.

(The main feature of this bill, according to the author, is to keep any other property a mortgagee may possess from being levied upon after the sale of any property under foreclosure proceedings.)

By Burnett—To amend the Penal Code, relating to the crime of rape, and what constitutes the same. Judiciary.

By Valentine—Transferring from the estate of deceased persons' fund to the State school land fund the sum of $100,000, and directing the State Board of Examiners to invest the same in interest-bearing bonds, to be held in trust for the benefit of the State school fund. Ways and Means.

To amend the Act relating to commitments of the State school at Whittier and to the Preston School of Industry. Judiciary.

Authorizing and directing the transfer of $40,000 from the railway tax contingent fund to the State school fund. Judiciary.

Transferring the sum of $80,000 from the general fund to the estate of deceased persons' fund. Judiciary.

To repeal the Act authorizing the Controller to appoint a revenue clerk. Ways and Means.

By Arnerich—Assembly Constitutional Amendment 8: Proposition to amend Section 12 of Article XIII. of the Constitution of the State of California.

By Works—Assembly Constitutional Amendment 9: Proposition to amend Section 1 of Article XIII. of the Constitution of the State of California.

(The author of this amendment states that it will change the Constitution to the extent of exempting from taxation personal property to the valuation of $200 where the owner has no other personal property, and exempting real property from taxation where the tax upon it would not exceed 25 cents. This latter only applies where the party owns no other real property.)

The Assembly adjourned until 9:30 to-day.

PERSONS AND PAPERS.

To Be Subpenaed in the Wright Investigation To-Day.

At 5 o'clock p. m. yesterday the special committee for the investigation of the charges against Speaker Howard E. Wright, together with an array of newspaper representatives, stood in the corridor awaiting the unlocking of the door of Committee No. 73. The wait was beginning to be tedious, when useful Johnnie Kofrod appeared with the key and ushered the company in.

Chairman Cosper presided, and there were also present Assemblymen Wade, Mellick, Sanford, La Baree and Lardner. Mead was absent, and it was said that he claimed to have been excused before Dibble's motion prohibiting excuses was carried, and that Burnett would take his place. Neither Burnett nor Mead being present, the six got along very well.

The Chairman first presented the matter of the necessary clerk and stenographer, and a discussion ensued as to the price to be paid for stenographic work. Cosper suggested that the choice of both attaches be left to him. Mellick objected, but finally yielded, and the Chairman was allowed until the next meeting to provide the necessary assistance and set prices as per instructions from the committee.

Mellick then announced that he was for pushing the work of the committee night and day until finished. He did not wish it on hand the whole winter.

The Chairman declared that, for his part, he did not fully understand the scope and power given to the committee by the resolution which created it, and he suggested that the committee now go into

EXECUTIVE SESSION

In order to discuss it freely without the presence of newspaper persons. Mellick opposed that method, and asked why an executive session was necessary.

The Chairman replied that the members of the committee might wish to say some things not for publication.

Mellick declared such an action would be misconstrued.

"Well, we're bound to be misconstrued, anyway," exclaimed Cosper—then correcting himself, he modified his assertion into—

"I mean we're liable to be misconstrued."

However, Cosper dropped the point, and the committee went on talking right before the newspaper folk. The wording of the resolution, which is given in another column, seemed susceptible of more than one construction, and Wade wanted to know whether they were to go on a fishing excursion all winter, and summon every member of the Legislature and every Senatorial candidate to discover what his "methods" of getting votes might be.

After the resolution had been read aloud in full by La Baree, Mellick said that it seemed to him that a direct charge had been made by the "Call" that the Speaker had been paid $1,650 by or for Mr. Grant, and they might as well begin with that and let further action develop. Then came the question, "Are we to investigate the San Francisco 'Call' alone or the other papers?"

Wade said Wright had mentioned but one, but it appeared that the "Examiner" had followed to-day with further assertions, so that was included.

CHAIRMAN TO SUBPENA.

The committee finally agreed that the Chairman should at once subpena U. S. Grant, Jr.; his agent, Milton J. Green; Hon. Daniel M. Burns, Speaker Howard E. Wright and the "Call" reporters. The members being rather misty as to the names in detail of the "Call's" Sacramento staff, finally agreed upon W. S. Leake, L. L. Levings, Richard Culver and Henry James, while Ed. F. Moran of the "Examiner" is also to be honored with an urgent invitation to appear.

Having arranged also that Grant should be required to bring with him the bank check, and that Wright's letters to Grant and Green should be brought, the committee adjourned until 2:30 to-day.

Articles of Incorporation.

The following articles of incorporation were yesterday filed at the office of the Secretary of State:

Levi Booth & Sons; to buy, sell and make machinery. Principal place of business, Los Angeles. Directors—Levi Booth, F. Booth, W. H. Booth, P. H. Booth, Elizabeth Booth, all of Los Angeles. Capital stock, $50,000, all subscribed.

Siskiyou Publishing Company; to buy, sell and conduct newspapers in Siskiyou County. Principal place of business, Yreka. Directors—W. J. Balfry, J. B. Crosette, D. H. De Witt, W. B. Shearer, James Fairchild, all of Yreka.

The Dibert Manufacturing Company; to carry on building and repairing. Principal place of business, San Francisco. Directors—L. C. Dibert, W. C. Dibert, W. H. Cartwright, W. H. Deming, F. H. Chenoweth, all of San Francisco. Capital stock, $20,000; subscribed, $300.

Woodill & Hulse Electric Company; for the purpose of doing electrical contracting. Principal place of business, Los Angeles. Directors—H. B. Woodill, B. F. Hulse, Clara T. Hulse, F. J. Woodill, J. M. Rafferty, L. D. Gray, all of Los Angeles. Capital stock, $10,000, all subscribed.

Suit for Damages.

The Pacific Coast Co-Operative Cigar Manufacturing Company has commenced suit in the Superior Court against Peter Maas and Frederick C. Starr of the firm of Maas & Starr, for $5,000 damages.

The complaint alleges that the defendants have manufactured an inferior cigar styled "American Seal," put up in exact imitation of the "Red Seal" brand manufactured by defendants, of a better quality. They ask for an injunction to prevent the imitation and for damages.

Military Promotions.

Captain D. A. Smith of the Eighth California Volunteers has been appointed Captain of Company B, same regiment, vice Partridge, resigned.

E. S. Helley of the Eighth California Infantry has been made Captain of Company C, vice Barnes, resigned.

General Pealer made the appointments in response to the recommendation of Colonel Park Henshaw.

Cases Continued.

Presiding for Judge Hart yesterday, Judge Hughes continued the trial of George Ray, charged with assault to murder, until February 6th.

The case of Ah Fook, charged with assault, was continued indefinitely.

Jenks' Case Continued.

The petty larceny case against Wallace Jenks, who was found guilty of stealing lead pipe from a vacant house, went over until to-day for sentence. Judge Davis desires to reflect before sentencing the boy.

Petition to Administer.

Lillie M. Hanford has petitioned the Superior Court for letters of administration on the estate of George E. Hanford, deceased, which consists of one-sixth interest in the estate of Eliza Hanford, deceased, amounting to $650.

Petition for Distribution.

Isabel C. Hanford, administratrix of the estate of Eliza Hanford, deceased, has filed in the Superior Court her final account and petition for distribution of the estate, which consists of $4,059.45 in cash.

SAN FRANCISCO STOCKS.

San Francisco, Jan. 16th.

Morning Session—Belcher, 16c; B & B, 38c; Challenge, 13c; Chollar, 12c; C C V, $1.30; G & C, 26c; H & N, 9c; Kentuck, 9c; Occidental, 31c; S Nevada, 68c; Yellow Jacket, 16c.

Closing Quotations—Alta, 2c; Andes, 6c; Belcher, 16c; Benton, 4c; B & B, 40c; Bullion, 2c; Caledonia, 20c; Challenge, 12c; Chollar, 13c; Confidence, 55c; C C V, $1.30; C N Y, 3c; C Point, 13c; Eureka, 30c; G & C, 27c; H & N, 9c; Justice, 14c; Kentuck, 9c; Mexican, 31c; Occidental, 30c; Ophir, 52c; Overman, 5c; Potosi, 14c; Savage, 10c; S Belcher, 2c; S Nevada, 70c; Standard, $1.90; Union, 32c; Utah, 11c; Yellow Jacket, 14c.

CITY OFFICIAL ADVERTISING.

SEALED PROPOSALS.

Bids will be received at the office of the undersigned until 5 o'clock p. m. on Monday, January 16, 1899, for remodeling Hook and Ladder House, No. 1, of Fire Department, in this city. Plans and specifications on file in office of Chief Engineer of Fire Department. A certified check, made payable to City Clerk, for an amount not less than 10 per cent of aggregate of proposal, must accompany each bid. The Board of Trustees reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

M. J. DESMOND, City Clerk.

To-day we commence a sale of the Haub stock of umbrellas; high-grade goods at remarkably reduced prices!

Second day of Hale's clearance sale.

Hale's GOOD GOODS

clean-up in dress goods and silks

the closing out of elegant silks and fine dress goods is the feature of Hale's clearance sale to-day. We've reduced prices close to the 50 per cent. line—in some instances we actually reach it. Again we direct attention to the quality of the goods as well as the low price. These are the late winter fancies in select lines—bright, clean and in every way desirable. You'll seldom find such good goods at or near half price; this is your opportunity.

pattern suits	This offering includes all our pattern suits—7 yards each. There's a wealth of beauty in overweaves, crepons, nailhead checks, iridescent effects, silk and wool etamines, etc.; the coloring and effects are distinctly up-to-date. These hints of reductions: Silk and wool suits cut from $8 to $4.25; $10 suits reduced to $5.25; $12 and $14 suits reduced to $7.	
silks	Fancy silks of all colors in the prettiest of plaids, stripes and checks are put into one lot to be closed out at (per yard)	50c
	We also offer a lot of remnants of fancy silks; regardless of former prices we mark them, per yard	25c
remnants	Remnants of black and colored dress goods in all colors and qualities are offered at half regular prices.	
ladies' cloth	We still have excellent values in ladies' cloth, which we're closing out; three qualities, at greatly reduced prices; per yard, 25c, 50c and	75c
broadcloth	An excellent grade of colored broadcloth, in all the new and popular shades, is offered here greatly under value; per yard	$1.00
astrachan suitings	For capes or skirts this material is in great demand; we show splendid qualities, ranging in price per yard from $1.25 to	$4.00

Read our advertisement in Monday's Bee for items in domestics, footwear, clothing, ladies' underwear and winter wraps.

Hale's corner,

Ninth and K.

CITY OFFICIAL ADVERTISING.

NOTICE OF STREET WORK.

Office of Superintendent of Streets. Sacramento, January 12, 1899.

Public notice is hereby given that the Board of Trustees of the City of Sacramento, passed on the 10th day of January, 1899, a Resolution of Intention, No. 403, providing:

That Sixth street, in said city, from the south line of J street to the north line of K street, be improved by removing cobbles and gravel, grading and laying a streetway of concrete six (6) inches in thickness and with a top coating of bituminous rock two and one-quarter (2¼) inches in thickness; grouted rock gutters five (5) feet wide; altering four (4) old catch basins and constructing granite round corners at the alley intersection where no granite round corners exist.

And all parties interested are referred to said resolution, a copy of which is on file in the Superintendent of Streets' office, for further particulars.

JAMES TOUHEY, Superintendent of Streets.

RESOLUTION OF INTENTION, NO. 403.

Resolved, That it is the intention of the Board of Trustees of the City of Sacramento to order the following street work to be done to wit:

That Sixth street, in said city, from the south line of J street to the north line of K street, be improved by removing cobbles and gravel, grading and laying a streetway of concrete six (6) inches in thickness, and with a top coating of bituminous rock two and one-quarter (2¼) inches in thickness; grouted rock gutters five (5) feet wide; altering four (4) old catch basins and constructing granite round corners at the alley intersection, where no granite round corners exist.

And notice is hereby given that all persons objecting to said work are required to file their objections in writing, in the office of the Clerk of the Board of Trustees, as required by law, stating how much frontage on said streets is represented by the party so objecting, and on what street the property so represented is located.

And the Clerk is hereby directed to post this resolution conspicuously for two days near the chamber door of this board; also to publish the same for two days in the "Record-Union," a daily newspaper, as required by law.

The "Record-Union," a daily newspaper, is hereby designated as the paper in which to publish the notices required by law to be published by the Superintendent of Streets of said city, in relation to the work described aforesaid.

In Board of Trustees: Sacramento, January 10, 1899. Adopted by the following vote:

Ayes—Trustees Tebbets, Kent, Paine, Douglas, Devine, Brown, Dolan, McKay.

Absent—Trustee Bentley.

D. McKAY, President of the Board of Trustees.

M. J. Desmond, Clerk of the Board of Trustees.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS, NO. 402.

Pursuant to law and to the resolution of the Board of Trustees of the City of Sacramento, adopted January 10, 1899, directing this notice, the undersigned invites and will receive at his office, southwest corner of Fourth and J streets, up to 5 o'clock p. m. of January 23, 1899, sealed proposals or bids for the following street work, to be done according to the specifications posted and on file therefor adopted, to wit:

That the alley, between I and J streets, in said city, from the center line of Thirteenth street to the west line of Fifteenth street, be improved by reconstructing the present sewer from the center line of Thirteenth street to the west line of Fourteenth street, with eight (8) inch diameter vitrified ironstone pipe, six (6) inch "Y" branches, and a brick manhole; and constructing a new eight (8) inch diameter vitrified ironstone pipe sewer with six (6) inch "Y" branches, a brick manhole and a flush tank, from the west line of Fourteenth street to the west line of Fifteenth street.

All proposals must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the order of the Mayor of the City of Sacramento, for an amount not less than 10 per cent. of the aggregate of the proposal, or by a bond for the said amount, and so payable, and throughout as prescribed by law.

M. J. DESMOND, Clerk of the Board of Trustees.

Sacramento, January 11, 1899.

RESOLUTION ORDERING WORK, NO. 402.

Resolved, That the Board of Trustees of the City of Sacramento deems it to be required by the public interest or convenience, and hereby orders the following street work to be done according to the specifications therefor hereby adopted, and now on file, to wit:

That the alley between I and J streets, in said city, from the center line of Thirteenth street, to the west line of Fifteenth street, be improved by reconstructing the present sewer, from the center line of Thirteenth street to the west line of Fourteenth street, with eight (8) inch diameter vitrified ironstone pipe six (6) inch "Y" branches, and a brick manhole; and constructing a new eight (8) inch diameter vitrified ironstone pipe sewer with six (6) inch "Y" branches, a brick manhole and a flush tank, from the west line of Fourteenth street to the west line of Fifteenth street.

The Clerk of this board is hereby directed to post conspicuously for a period of five days on the bulletin board near the chamber door of the office of this board, notice hereof, with specifications, inviting sealed proposals for said work, and requiring therewith a certified check, payable to the Mayor of the City of Sacramento, for an amount not less than 10 per cent. of the aggregate of the proposal, or by a bond for the said amount, and so payable, all as prescribed by law, and the Clerk of this board is also directed to publish such notice for two days and to publish this resolution for two days as required by law, each in the "Record-Union," a daily newspaper published and circulated in this city.

In Board of Trustees: Sacramento, January 10, 1899. Adopted by the following vote:

Ayes—Trustees Tebbets, Kent, Paine, Douglas, Devine, Brown, Dolan, McKay.

Absent—Trustee Bentley.

D. McKAY, President of the Board of Trustees.

M. J. Desmond, Clerk of the Board of Trustees.

SEALED PROPOSALS.

Bids will be received at the office of the undersigned until 5 o'clock p. m. on Monday, January 23, 1899, for one tubular heater for Water Works, to be not less than sixteen inches in diameter, and to contain not less than thirty-one seamless copper tubes, thickness No. 18 S. G., two inches in diameter and six feet in length, heater to carry safely a working pressure of one hundred and fifty pounds, and to be tested with a pressure of two hundred and fifty pounds. Bidders must present with bid, plans and specifications. A certified check, made payable to City Clerk for an amount not less than 10 per cent. of aggregate of proposal must accompany each bid. The Board of Trustees reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

M. J. DESMOND, City Clerk.

SEALED PROPOSALS.

Bids will be received at the office of the undersigned until 5 o'clock p. m. on Monday, January 23, 1899, for filling the block or square bounded by Fifteenth and Sixteenth, P and Q streets, in this city, commonly known as the new plaza. Specifications on file in office of City Clerk. A certified check, made payable to City Clerk, for an amount not less than 10 per cent. of aggregate of proposal must accompany each bid. The Board of Trustees reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

M. J. DESMOND, City Clerk.

SEALED PROPOSALS.

Bids will be received at the office of the undersigned until 5 o'clock p. m. on Monday, January 23, 1899, for constructing a sewer in Fifteenth street, in this city, from Q to S streets. Specifications on file in office of City Clerk. A certified check, made payable to City Clerk for an amount not less than 10 per cent of aggregate of proposal must accompany each bid. The Board of Trustees reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

M. J. DESMOND, City Clerk.

SEALED PROPOSALS.

Bids will be received at the office of the undersigned until 5 o'clock p. m. on Monday, January 16, 1899, for one chemical fire engine with roller bearing axles, for use in Fire Department of City of Sacramento. Bids will be received as follows:

For one double fifty engine.

For one double sixty engine.

For one double eighty engine.

A certified check, made payable to City Clerk, for an amount not less than 10 per cent. of aggregate of highest proposal, must accompany each bid. The Board of Trustees reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

M. J. DESMOND, City Clerk.

Dog tags, good from January 1, 1899, to January 1, 1900, are now on sale at City Collector's office.

City licenses and water rates are now due and payable at City Collector's office.