

NIGHT SESSIONS NEXT WEEK.

Prison Sewage Bill Passes the Senate.

Wholesale Junketing To-Day—Still No United States Senator—Both Houses Working.

Yesterday's ballot for United States Senator resulted in the usual failure. The one ballot taken demonstrated beyond doubt that another, or a dozen more, would have resulted in no choice. Another effort to-day.

FOLSOM SEWAGE BILL. The bill appropriating \$15,000 for the construction of a sewage plant at Folsom Prison passed the Senate without a dissenting voice, and now only needs the Governor's signature to become a law. When the refuse from the prison is kept out of the American River, the people of Sacramento, all of whom are compelled to use the water from the stream for domestic purposes, will feel easier.

FARRIER LEGISLATION. The horseshoeing bill was up in the Senate for second reading, and gave rise to considerable rather dry mirth. The indications are that it will have a serious time getting votes enough to place it before the Governor.

WIDE TIRES. The division in the Senate on the amended wide-tire bill was nearly an even thing. So even, in fact, that those present were unable either to get twenty-one votes either for or against it. The vote stood 17 ayes, 14 noes, and the bill was declared lost, but this morning a motion was made to reconsider, and whether or not it is destined to pass remains to be seen.

JUNKETS. Sub-committees from the Senate Committee on Public Buildings other than Prison Buildings, Finance, and Hospitals will junket, beginning at noon to-day. Their destination will be Ukiah; object of interest, Mendocino Asylum. The State will pay expenses.

GOVERNOR'S MANSION. A committee of Sacramento citizens consisting of Hon. F. R. Dray, Frank Miller, William Beckman and J. O. Coleman were before the Senate Finance Committee last night, to urge that the bill appropriating \$50,000 for the construction of a Governor's mansion be reported back with a favorable recommendation. Each of the gentlemen named addressed the committee, and each made telling points in favor of the bill. Senator Doty also strongly advocated a favorable report. The committee took the bill under advisement to be considered in executive session.

IN THE LAST HALF. Next week the Assembly begins its evening sessions, and the Committee on Rules and Regulations has already prepared a program for the first evening's entertainment consisting of a yard of bills—more or less—of which special attention will be given on Monday night. In the meantime the Assembly hammers away at the second reading file, which has become pithy by reason of the voluminous contributions from various committees.

NO FIFTY-FIVE CENTS. Among the committee reports of yesterday morning was that from the Judiciary concerning A. B. 611, the discussion of which by Sacramento citizens caused such a very hot time in the committee on Tuesday evening. As stated in yesterday's "Record-Union," the committee reported an amendment to the bill, providing that it shall not take effect until January 1, 1900. This leaves the Sacramento Funded Debt Commission intact until that date, but by an explicit agreement between the friends and the opponents of the bill, made in the presence of the committee, the city government will not be asked, at the August tax levy, to include in it the 55 cents which has hitherto gone into the sinking fund for the payment of the indebtedness.

NEW ROCK-CRUSHER BILL. The Committee on Labor and Capital has been laboring for some days with Anderson's A. B. 75, the measure which put the friends and foes of the Folsom Prison rock-crusher plant so at loggerheads. The result is a substitute, out of which the enemies of the crusher will hardly get a great deal of comfort. It provides as follows:

It shall be unlawful for the Board of State Prison Directors, or the State Prison authorities at Folsom or any other State penal institutions, to engage or employ any person confined or employed in any penal institution, in the quarrying of raw material, or in the manufacture of anything whatever that is an article of commerce in this State,

except broken stone and materials for use on State and county roads, streets, lanes, alleys and courts of cities and towns, jugs, and articles consumed exclusively in the State institutions; provided, that nothing in this Act shall prevent the working of any inmate of any State institution upon State and county roads; provided, further, that the Board of State Prison Directors are hereby empowered and directed to sell broken or crushed stone for use on State and county roads, streets, lanes, alleys and courts of cities and towns, to the proper authorities applying for the same, at the actual cost of production.

STATE OFFICERS. Cowan's A. B. 701 provides that State officers must stay in State offices. Those whose duties hold them in Sacramento must occupy offices in the State buildings, and the same rule must be observed by those who are stationed in San Francisco. In Los Angeles it is necessary to rent suitable offices. The reason for the bill is that a large amount of unnecessary rental is being paid out by the State which can be saved by utilizing the State property.

DECISION MAY AFFECT BILLS. Assemblyman Dibble stated yesterday on the floor of the House that, in his opinion, a decision of the Supreme Court handed down last Saturday will render inoperative some of the bills now on the files. The decision was rendered in cases where the Legislature has made changes in the salaries of policemen and firemen of San Francisco, and is to the effect that such legislation is improper. As numerous bills at every session call for similar interference by the Legislature with salaries of officials in large cities, the effect of the recent decision will be watched with interest.

IN SENATE. Important Measures Passed Yesterday—Junketing To-Day.

In the Senate yesterday morning, A. B. 287, amending Section 756 of the Penal Code, relating to the salaries of clerks of the Supreme Court, and A. B. 288, amending Section 751 of the Penal Code, providing for the appointment of a Chief Deputy Clerk, five Deputy Clerks and one stenographer of the Clerk of the Supreme Court, relating to a system of street improvement bonds—pass as amended; S. P. 181, to provide pensions or benefits for the relief of aged, infirm or disabled firemen; 427, amending an Act to provide for the classification of municipal corporations, and 457, providing for the classification of municipal corporations—pass as amended.

COMMITTEE REPORTS. Committee reports were handed in as follows: Taylor, for Municipal Corporations—A. B. 301, relating to the disincorporation of municipal corporations of the sixth class, and 302, providing for winding up of the affairs of disincorporated municipal corporations—do pass; S. B. 456, relating to Police Courts in cities having over 30,000 inhabitants—do pass; A. B. 229, relating to a system of street improvement bonds—pass as amended; S. P. 181, to provide pensions or benefits for the relief of aged, infirm or disabled firemen; 427, amending an Act to provide for the classification of municipal corporations, and 457, providing for the classification of municipal corporations—pass as amended.

HOEY, for Labor and Capital—A. B. 306, limiting the hours of daily services of laborers, workmen and mechanics upon public works, or work done for the State or any subdivision thereof—do pass. Cutter, for Roads and Highways—S. B. 394, to amend an Act to create a Department of Highways, and to define its duties, powers, etc.—pass as amended.

GILLETTE, for Judiciary—S. C. A. 6, relative to charters of cities and towns, be adopted; S. C. A. B, relating to Judiciary Department—committee amendments be adopted—adopted in accordance with recommendation; A. B. 5, for the more effectual prevention of cruelty to animals—without recommendation, and referred to Committee on Education; A. B. 229, to select and adopt the golden poppy as the State flower of California—do pass; A. B. 250, relating to the general revenue of the State, and property liable to taxation—pass, and referred to Committee on Banks and Banking; A. C. A. 6, relative to exempting churches and chapels from taxation—pass as amended; S. B. 380, concerning a veteran

volunteer fireman's association—pass as amended; 251, relating to commitments to State reformatory at Whittier—committee substitute pass; 359, to regulate the practice of architecture—without recommendation; 372, 373 and 374, relating to roads and highways—be referred to Committee on Roads and Highways—referred as recommended; S. C. A. 14, amending Article XIII of the Constitution—be adopted.

On motion of Wolfe, the Senate adopted the committee amendments to A. C. A. 6, relative to exempting churches and chapels and church property from taxation. The amendment strikes out the words "of churches and chapels and the real property on which they are situated," and inserts the following: "All buildings used exclusively for churches, and the property on which they are situated, provided that no building so used may be rented for religious purposes and rent received by the owner thereof, shall be exempt from taxation."

Rowell, for Hospitals—S. B. 138, relating to the formation, operation, government and dissolution of sanitary districts—be referred to Judiciary Committee; S. B. 247, to admit idiots, epileptics and mentally afflicted patients into the Home for Feeble-Minded Children—do pass.

Flint, for Attaches, Contingent Expenses and Mileage—Resolution appropriating \$20 worth of postage stamps to Press Messing Clerks, and resolution appropriating \$38 for pay for printing roll-calls, etc., before State Printing Office was opened—be adopted. Adopted as per recommendation.

Laird, for Military Affairs—S. B. 394, relating to the National Guard—pass as amended; 393, relating to persons subject to military duty; 363, to amend Section 2022 of the Political Code; and 466, regarding organization, officers and members of the National Guard who served during the year 1898—do pass.

FOUR NIGHT SESSIONS. Smith offered a resolution providing that on and after Monday, February 13th, the sessions of the Senate be as follows: 10 a. m., 2 p. m. and 8 p. m., until further ordered. The resolution was referred to the Committee on Rules.

THIRD READING FILE. The third reading file was taken up, and S. B. 59, Dickinson, to provide for the inspection of dairies, factories of dairy products and other dairy products to their sanitary conditions, etc., was amended by special committee of one and ordered re-engrossed.

S. B. 21, by Davis, to amend Section 1195 of the Political Code, respecting elections, passed on the file to retain its place.

COLLATERAL INHERITANCE TAX. S. B. 5, by Braunhart, to amend an Act to establish a tax on collateral inheritances, bequests and devises, to provide for its collection, and to direct read Braunhart's committee of one, to amend, placing a brother or a sister on the exemption list, together with others named.

Bulla, Smith and Curtin opposed the amendment, urging that brothers and sisters residing outside of the State should not be allowed to inherit property within its borders without contributing to its support. It was urged that when men leave their homes in the East close ties were severed, and only sentimental ties remain.

Senators Davis and Sims favored the amendment, submitting that if the tax applied to estates valued at \$500,000 as well as to those valued at \$500,000 to a poor man meant more than \$500,000 to a millionaire—the difference being something and nothing.

Bulla said that to exempt a brother or a sister from the tax meant hundreds of thousands of dollars difference in the funds in the State Treasury. He predicted that the Senators now laboring for the exemption would be found in the State Treasury, and that the State would be reduced to a pauper's state.

Davis took exception to the remark, and said the Senator from Los Angeles (Bulla) had no right to reflect upon his sincerity in urging the adoption of the amendment.

Bulla said he meant nothing personal, and the breeze subsided. Braunhart spoke in favor of submitting his proposed amendment to a special committee of one, and on the roll-call the motion to so submit was lost by a vote of 14 to 7.

A motion to amend, to strike out the figures "\$500" and insert "\$5,000" was lost.

After being slightly amended, the bill was ordered to engrossment.

WIDE TIRES. S. B. 19, by Cutter, which was the original wide-tire Act, was withdrawn, and S. B. 476, the committee substitute, was substituted and read the third time.

Rowell and Smith opposed the bill, urging that it was confusing, and as it applied to specified sections, was not a general law, and was therefore unconstitutional. The latter said he would not oppose a bill to repeal the wide-tire law, but that he should oppose any law tending to confusion.

Curtin contended that there was nothing about the bill which made it unconstitutional, and that it was similar to laws now upon the statutes. Ashe called attention to the fact that the substitute as reported back had met the unanimous approval of the joint Committee on Roads and Highways. At this point of the discussion the Senate was at recess until 2 o'clock.

Afternoon Session. Upon reassembling the Assembly special file was taken up. A. B. 236, Cobb—Providing for the furnishing by the Clerk of the Supreme Court of the office of the Clerk of the Supreme Court, and appropriating \$11,000 therefor; passed, 25 to 5—title approved.

A. B. 121, Wardell—To amend an Act entitled "An Act to establish a Political Code," approved February 12, 1879, by amending Section 2400 of said Political Code, relating to pilots, Pilot Commissioners and pilotage; passed, 29 to 0—title approved.

A. B. 2, Johnson—To provide for the construction of a sewerage system at the State Prison at Folsom, and appropriating \$15,000 therefor, was read. Doty explained the necessity of the appropriation, and the bill was passed, 30 to 0—title approved.

A. B. 182, Works—To provide for the satisfaction of record of real property mortgages which have been foreclosed and the property covered thereby sold, and to provide for the form of such satisfaction; committee amendment adopted and bill ordered engrossed.

HORSESHOEING BILL. A. B. 118, Cobb, to regulate the practice of horseshoeing in the State, providing for the registration of master

and journeyman horseshoers, the appointment of a Board of Examiners, determining the powers and duties of such board, and fixing a penalty for violation of the provisions of the Act, was read the second time.

Cutter offered an amendment, striking out the words "in any county in the State having a population of 35,000 or over," and thus making the law general all over the State. He explained that the bill without the amendment would simply throw all the incompetent into the interior counties of the State by driving them away from the large cities.

Taylor said that the Assembly had absolutely declined to pass the bill with the amendment proposed attached, and to so amend it simply meant to kill it. Smith said he was pleased at the explanation made by Taylor. If the bill was amended it would be killed; if it was not amended it would be unconstitutional. He concurred.

Leavitt favored the amendment, and Dwyer opposed it. Gillette said if the bill meant anything at all, it was intended to protect the horses in the State, and should apply to all of them, and not to those of any favored locality.

The motion to amend was lost by a vote of 12 to 22. Then Smith caught the eye of the President Pro Tem. at whom he was waving another amendment. Smith said he thought the amendment he proposed was in keeping with the provisions of the bill. It provided something like following:

"No young American shall have a right to make a living unless other men are willing that he shall do so." Smith was on the verge of speaking to his amendment when Bulla raised the point that the amendment was not germane to the bill.

"The Chair is of the opinion that the point is well taken, but the Chair would also like to hear the Senator from Kern speak to his amendment," ruled the President Pro Tem.

"Well, I have another amendment," said Smith, "which I think is germane," and he took to the desk the following: "No one shall start a newspaper in any town unless the editors living there say he may do so."

There was some prospect of the bill being laughed to death, and as he ruled the proposed amendment out, President Pro Tem interposed.

"Have you any further amendments along that line to offer, Senator Smith?" But Smith was through. He had made his star argument against the bill through his two amendments. The bill was ordered to the third reading file.

A. B. 149, Muenster, to amend Sections 939 and 963 of an Act entitled "An Act to establish a Code of Civil Procedure," read second time and to third reading.

A. B. 295, Johnson, to amend Section 526 of the Code of Civil Procedure, relating to the manner of bringing an issue to trial; read second time and to third reading.

A. B. 329, Johnson, to amend Section 3453 of the Political Code; read second time and to third reading.

A. B. 117, Cobb, to amend Section 456 of the Civil Code; read second time and to third reading.

A. B. 145, Raub, to amend Section (Continued on Sixth Page)

GAME PROTECTORS MEET.

They Will Urge the Importance of a Game Warden. There was a regular session of the Sacramento Game Protective Association at the rooms of the Capital City Wheelmen last night, President J. M. Morrison in the chair.

The first business was the report of committees, of which the first was the Legislative Committee, to the effect that no changes would be recommended by the Legislative Committee affecting the closed season.

Judge Hughes of the Special Committee reported that it was the sense of the committee that nothing should be done at present relative to recommending a Fish Commissioner or other officers, as such action would be in bad taste now. The Committee on Game Warden could not agree as to a bill to be recommended on the subject, so the association discussed the matter at some length.

W. L. Willis offered a bill for the creation of the office of State Game Warden. It provided for a salary of \$1,500 a year and expenses, and buckled onto him the duty of enforcing the game laws, giving him authority to prosecute violators of the law in all counties of the State, giving him also power to prosecute violators of the fish laws, in part.

The author explained that he inserted the words "trout and bass" because the Game Warden might often see violations of that part of the law, especially in the mountains. Judge Hughes feared that the part of the law authorizing search might be held unconstitutional, but the author replied that his bill was largely drawn from the Michigan law.

Messrs. McKee, Bryan and Damm were appointed a committee to draft a suitable bill for the Senate and Assembly forthwith, and to meet at Judge Hughes' chambers at 8 a. m. to-day. The association adopted a resolution urging the creation of the office of Game Warden without delay, and asking the Senators and Representatives of this county to use their efforts to have the bill passed.

President Morrison said there was a similar society in Fresno, and he had heard that the society had prosecuted a man for shooting a pheasant and convicted him, at a cost of \$93. The association adjourned until Saturday evening, but not until eight new members had joined.

WAGERS THROWN OUT.

Justice Henry Refuses to Decide Bets in Court.

Justice Henry had a case before him yesterday afternoon wherein Walter McLaughlin had sued J. W. Butler for \$75, being the sum he had claimed to have won in betting what the Botkin jury would do. Butler was stakeholder for various persons with whom McLaughlin had made wagers.

It was in evidence that the winner of the bets was blocked in collecting them because the losers had forbidden Butler to pay over the money, their claim being that the winner had a secret "tip."

Justice Henry threw the case out of court on the ground that it is against the policy of the law for courts to decide wagers. The money was thereupon returned to its original owners.

Stockholders Not Happy.

The affairs of the Occidental Building and Loan Association continue in an unsatisfactory condition. Some of the stockholders want its affairs wound up at once, but the matter has been left undecided until the meeting of March 10th, when it is thought some action may be taken.

On the Yukon.

George Uhl of this city, a member of the company of regular soldiers sent to the Yukon by the Government is stationed at Rampart City, the junction of the Yukon and Minook Rivers, a few hundred miles north of Dawson.

Hood's Sarsaparilla contains more curative power, is prepared with great care by educated and experienced pharmacists, has the greatest sales, and effects the greatest cures. Take only Hood's.

Five packages of H-O oats and self-raising buckwheat for 25 cents. The Pacific, J. near Eighth.

Coronado ware, Stockton sarsaparilla and iron, champagne cider, ginger ale, orange cider, J. McMorry, agent.

Pianos. Wley E. Allen Co. 415 K. Try McMorry's Blend coffee, 35c.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BAKER & HAMILTON, wholesale hardware, bicycles, carts, buggies, carriages, phonos, Bain farm and header wagons and tools. Both phones.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children afflicted with colic, worms, etc. It soothes the child, softens the gums, always pain, constipation, and regulates the bowels and is the best remedy for diarrhea, whether arising from teething or other causes.

NEW TO-DAY. Professor O'Malley will give a Valentine School at his academy of dancing, Pythian Castle, THIS EVENING, 11.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT, COUNTY of Sacramento, State of California. In the matter of the estate of GEORGE M. HAYTON, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that FRIDAY, the 24th day of February, at 1:30 p. m. of said day, and the courtroom of said court, at the Courthouse in the city of Sacramento, County of Sacramento, and State of California, has been appointed as the time and place for public sale by the court of the real estate, personal property and effects of GEORGE M. HAYTON, deceased, and for hearing the application of the executor of said estate for the issuance to them of letters testamentary thereon.

A LITTLE EARLY YET to say much about SPRING WALLEY, they have it coming—the swiftest, the handsomest and the latest.

VAN ALSTINE'S, 317 K Street.



A Haviland "pointer"

The increased tariff on Haviland china which has, of course, increased the cost to the dealer, has very naturally led nine tenths of the Retailers throughout America to raise their prices on this famed French ware. And you will agree that they were justified in doing so. For a while we too, seriously thought of raising our prices on these goods sufficient to cover the additional tariff; but on considering the matter we have decided that should we hold our prices down to the old figure, the increased business we will secure will more than make up for the profit loss on each individual sale. Consequently, we are today one of the very few firms on the Pacific Coast who are selling genuine Haviland china at the identical prices asked before the new tariff law was put into effect. In fact, our China Store manager says that ALL San Francisco dealers are selling at the advanced "tariff figures."

Our Haviland patterns "open stock" land patterns comprise four designs in the white and seven in the decorated. In the white we have the "Ranson," "Marseilles," "Trianon" and plain shapes. In the decorated are four patterns in the "Ranson," two in the "Trianon" and one in the "Marseilles." Probably a larger stock than is carried by any other firm in Central California.

Bedroom Sets Until to-morrow at 6 p. m. you can buy \$10—last days \$14.50 bedroom sets for \$10. After that you'll pay the regular price, which is low enough, to be sure. The sets are made of ash, not pine, and are finished antique. Three pieces comprise the set—bedstead, bureau and washstand. One of the sets on exhibition in center window until noon to-day.

John Bremer CORNER SIXTH AND K.

RELIABLE and ENTERPRISING Sacramento Dealers. WOOD AND COAL YARD. Nice 4-ft white oak wood, second growth, at low rates. A. MENDES, 155 Front St. Carpets cleaned by steam process.

SUIE SING & CO. MANUFACTURERS of ladies' and children's muslin underwear, silk wrappers, notions, hosiery, etc., made to order, and all work guaranteed. 412 J Street. Will remove to 613 J Street on February 15th instant.

UNION LAUNDRY Calls the attention of the Legislature to the superior work done on shirts, collars, etc. Ring up along red 589 or Cap. 7th, and the wagon will call. Tenth and O.

FURNITURE STORED at low rates: two-story, fire-proof brick warehouse, 104 Thirteenth street, between J and K. Expert packers at all times to crate and pack goods for shipment to all parts of the world. Capital Transfer Co., 90 K Street. Reference, Bremer Bros., 822 J.

F. CADY, 215 L STREET. Coal and wood; also perfection electric carpet cleaning. Carpets cleaned and returned the same day. Both phones.

CHEER UP! WE ARE MAKING cakes that are delicious. Try one, only 10c, at N. Y. BAKERY, 1315 Third street.

PACIFIC GROVE BAKERY The place in this city for everyone to buy their bread, pies and cakes. Domestic bread is our specialty; its prompt delivery, three times a day our care. Phones: Cap. 595, Sun. 664 red. RICE BROS., 822 J.

PURE WATER!!! Belva H 111 at low rates. Pure Water Co. Leave your order at Green's Pharmacy, 621 K Street. Telephone, Sunset 301 white.

WHITE OAK WOOD. The New Wood and Coal Company will sell four-foot second-growth white oak \$2 per cord; stove wood, \$3.40. Sunset tel. white 391, 1415 J. Office 422 J, 855 block.

WOOD, COAL, COKE and Charcoal of all kinds, and at the lowest cash prices. McCaw & Son, 513 L Street. Capital Phone 533.

CARPET CLEANING. F. R. Y. For a first-class job of cleaning, laying or re-fitting. We seem to please every one else, why not you? Telephone, Cap. 221. Sunset, 4th St. Southwest corner Twelfth and O streets.

AUCTIONS. AUCTION SALES OF CARPETS, FURNITURE, AGRICULTURAL Implements, 2 lawn mowers and general assortment of furniture, fine cooking range, to close an estate, SATURDAY, February 11th, at 10 a. m., at No. 1016 Fourth street. D. J. SIMMONS & CO., Auctioneers.

VALENTINE SOCIAL TO-NIGHT! W. H. SHERBURN, General Auctioneer. Office and Salesroom, 323 K Street. Auction Sales for Household Furniture, etc., Wednesdays and Saturdays. PRINTING D. JOHNSON & CO. 410 J STREET. ORDERS FROM THE COUNTRY PROMPTLY FILLED.

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MADE TO FIT. Made to suit, open front or open back, long or short bosom, any style you want them. You will find the small difference of cost in getting them made is really the cheapest in the long run, as they are better made and better material in them throughout, to say nothing of the comfort you get from a shirt MADE TO FIT. We guarantee a fit.

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FIRST OF THE SEASON. They are unusually fine ones. Our steadily increasing business is due to the quality of meat we handle.

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THE CLUNIE

SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 12th. THE WORLD FAMOUS BLACK PATTI'S TROUBADOURS. Thirty Estates in Ebony, Presenting A KALEIDOSCOPE

Of Coon Comedy, Coon Songs, Jubilee Sketches, Cake Walks, Buck Dancers, Vaudeville, Operatic Masterpieces. BLACK PATTI and ERNEST HOGAN. PRICES—25c, 50c, 75c and \$1. Seats now on sale.

TWO NIGHTS ONLY! NANCE O'NEIL!

Monday, February 13th, Sutherland's Masterpieces, MAGDA! Tuesday, February 14th, THE JEWESS!

Prices, 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1. Seats ready Saturday.

WATERHOUSE & LESTER. WAGON AND CARRIAGE MATS, rials, Hardware, Lumber, Iron, Steel, etc. Colts, Horseshoers and Blacksmiths' Supplies. 709, 711, 713, 715 J Street, Sacramento.

Advertisement for Gold Dust Washing Powder. Saves Work and Worry. Neglect should never be laid at the door of a housewife. It may be she works harder than her neighbor, but doesn't go about it in just the right way. Her neighbor uses GOLD DUST WASHING POWDER and keeps her house twice as clean with half the effort. Gold Dust Washing Powder has given many a woman the reputation of being a queen of housekeepers. Do you use it? Largest package—greatest economy. THE R. H. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.



PROF. HENRY W. BECKER, M.D. troubled with loss of flesh and appetite, with accumulations of gas, sour risings and heartburn. It is safe to say that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will cure any stomach weakness or disease except cancer of the stomach. They cure sour stomach, slow loss of flesh and appetite, sleeplessness, nervousness, palpitation, heartburn, constipation and headache. Send for valuable little book on stomach diseases by addressing F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich. All druggists sell full-sized packages at 50 cents. Professor Henry W. Becker, A. M., the well-known religious worker and writer of St. Louis, Secretary of the Mission Board of the German Methodist Church, Chief Clerk and Expert Accountant for the Harbor and Wharf Commission, Public Secretary for the St. Louis School Patrons' Association, and the District Conference of Stewards of the M. E. Church; also takes an active part in the work of the Epworth League, and to write of religious and educational topics for several magazines. How he found relief is best told in his own words: "Some weeks ago my brother heard me say something about indigestion, and taking a box from his pocket, said 'Try Stuart's Tablets.' I did, and was promptly relieved. Then I investigated the nature of the tablets, and became satisfied that they were made of just the right things and in just the right proportions to aid in the assimilation of food. I heartily endorse them in all respects, and I keep them constantly on hand."