

HAVE TAKEN TO SWAMPS AND HILLS

The Insurgent Army is Now Scattered.

Largest Force Supposed to Be at San Francisco de la Mabon.

Will Not Fight Unless They Can Ambush Our Troops or Have Advantageous Positions—Copies of the "Independencia," the Insurgents' Organ, Show That Their Hopes of Success Are Kept Afire by Political Movements in America.

MANILA, June 21, 3:21 p. m.—The insurgent army has taken to the swamps and hills beyond Imus. The largest force is supposed to be in the neighborhood of San Francisco de la Mabon, holding a position more toward the lake or toward the coast, according to exigencies demand.

General Wheaton returned to Imus to-day, bringing three men who were wounded in yesterday's fighting. The heavy rains that fall nightly make campaigning uncomfortable. The roads are still good, but the rice fields adjoining them are pools of water.

The Filipinos will not fight unless they can meet our troops in positions most advantageous to themselves or take our reconnoitering bodies in ambush.

It is impossible to learn what effect the recent defeat has had upon their leaders. This should be disheartening, for they had boasted that the Americans could never conquer the province of Cavite, Aguinaldo's home county, where he always stored the Spaniards.

General Otis recently secured a letter signed by native women of the province declaring that if all the men were killed the women would still keep up the fight against the Americans. Copies of the insurgent organ "Independencia" show that the Filipinos' hopes of success are kept alive by political movements in America.

The "Independencia" prints reports of alleged speeches made at alleged meetings in the United States denouncing the war, and it asserts that these represent the dominant American sentiment. It declares also that the Filipinos will continue the war until the next Presidential campaign, which is "sure to result in a decision to withdraw the American troops from the Philippines."

It is reported that the Spanish garrison at Baler, in the province of Principe on the east coast of Luzon, which had been held for more than thirty-three months, finally succeeded in the Philippines after holding out for a year. The Filipinos imprisoned two Englishmen at Tachobona, on the island of Samar, southeast of Luzon. The British first class cruiser Gratton steamed to the point from Cebu and her commander demanded their release. When this was refused he landed a force of marines and cleared his ship for action, whereupon the Englishmen were handed over.

OVERSHINE'S REPORT.

Highly Commends the Officers and Men of His Brigade.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—Brigadier General Overshine, commanding the Second Brigade, First Division of the army in the Philippines, has reported upon the action of his command in the first fight with the Filipinos. There was some very brisk fighting done by his brigade. The insurgents were shelled by the Sixth Artillery, also by the Montana from the bay, and after the heavy firing Captain Murphy, with a detachment of the Fourteenth Infantry, did excellent service in driving the Filipinos from a strong position. General Overshine says that Major Frank White, with a battalion of the First North Dakota, left the trenches and made a gallant and effective charge on the insurgents concealed in thickets in front of his position. In conclusion General Overshine says:

"I wish to call particular attention to the report of Captain Murphy. His gallant and effective charge, and his commendable services and the services of those under him. It was with Captain Murphy's battalion that the gallant Lieutenant Mitchell, Fourteenth Infantry, lost his life.

"All troops under my command were in excellent discipline and well handled, 'firing' being stopped at command in several instances.

"I wish to commend the services of Major George B. Penrose, United States Volunteers, brigade surgeon; Captain W. H. Sage, Twenty-third United States Infantry, Acting Assistant Adjutant General; Captain C. B. Crouthoff, Commissary U. S. V., and First Lieutenant W. F. Hunt, First Idaho Infantry, U. S. V., Brigade Quartermaster, for valuable aid all through the engagement. Lieutenant Hunt rendered excellent service under fire. Much responsibility rested on Captain Sage and he met the requirements of his position.

"I commend particularly to superior authority the gallant conduct under fire of Second Lieutenant McKee, Twenty-third United States Infantry, Aide de Camp. He twice placed himself in charges in advanced and dangerous positions, setting a splendid example to the men and his services as an aide were most valuable.

"On the field Second Lieutenant W. D. Connor, corps of engineers, U. S. A., reported to me and volunteered his services as aide. His services were most acceptable and valuable and he did gallant duty under fire. Second Lieutenant A. S. Fleming, Sixth United States Artillery, with his guns and detachment, did excellent service.

"The work of the vessels of our fleet was valuable on my front."

CASUALTIES.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—General Otis reports the following additional casualties:

KILLED.

Fourteenth Infantry, June 10th—Company I, Thomas W. Andrews, near Las Pinas; 13th, Company D, William Somers, El Gooden, at Zapote River.

WOUNDED.

Second Oregon, at Norzagaray, April 25th—Company F, Quartermaster Sergeant Charles R. Herrington, head, slight.

Fourteenth Infantry, near Los Pinas and Zapote, June 10th, 11th and 13th—Company L, First Lieutenant G. G. Learneard, leg, slight. Company K, Charles Giron, face, slight; Company Harry E. Emory, waist; Robert Cryan, leg, severe; Enoch Walgren, eye, slight.

Twelfth Infantry, Company L, William L. Gillardy, head and hand, moderate; John Long, shoulder, moderate.

First Montana, San Fernando, June 10th—Company D, Rockefeller, lung, severe; Charles E. Lucas, slight; Louis S. Woodruff, slight; Company K, Corporal L. D. Sheets, severe.

Fourth Infantry, near Des Marinas, June 10th—Company B, Paul Wagner, face, severe; Frank Hess, moderate; Frank Sulks, moderate; Herbert Hannflin, abdomen, severe; Company D, William Donnelly, face, severe; Thomas Charlton, thigh, severe; Clarence Martin, abdomen, moderate; William G. Henry, arm, slight; W. C. Haines, slight; Artiller, George D. Dills, abdomen, severe; Company K, Charles F. Kreger, slight; Charles A. Layman, moderate; Thomas Parker, moderate; Artiller Edgar Kiphart, thigh, severe; Company L, Arnold I. Mason, chest, severe; Fred Davis, moderate; William Prignitz, moderate; Corporal William T. Lang, neck, severe.

COLONEL VAN WALZAH.

His Application for Retirement is Approved.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The list of officers who have succumbed to the hardships of the military campaign in the Philippines has been increased by the disability of Colonel David Van Walzah, commanding the Eighth Infantry. In view of his physical condition he recently applied to the War Department for retirement under the statute authorizing the retirement of officers on their own application after over thirty years' service.

His application has been approved and the vacancy thus created has been filled by the promotion of Lieutenant Colonel Gilbert S. Carpenter of the Seventh Infantry. Other promotions made by the retirement of Colonel Van Walzah are: Major William E. Dougherty, commanding the Eleventh Infantry; Captain P. S. Smith of the Twelfth to be Major of the First Infantry.

GRAND GROVE IN SESSION.

Druids Banqueted at Placerville and a Ball Last Night.

PLACERVILLE, June 21.—The morning session of the Grand Grove U. O. A. D. met at 10 o'clock, but little business was transacted. The new Past Arch was introduced to the Grove. The Committee on Appeals and Grievances in the case of J. Suenes vs. Magazini Grove No. 78, expelling the brother, reported, ordering a new trial. An appropriation was made for the Druid's magazine.

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Wong Duck Acquitted.

FRESNO, June 21.—Wong Duck, the Chinaman who was arrested on a charge of murder during the highlander war in Chinatown about two months ago, was acquitted this afternoon. Judge Webb instructing the jury to bring in a verdict of not guilty. Three of the most important witnesses for the prosecution, two Chinamen and a white man, had mysteriously disappeared, thereby leaving the District Attorney a very weak case.

Burglar Caught in the Act.

TACOMA, June 21.—Tom Hayden, a noted burglar, released from the Oregon Penitentiary last Friday, was arrested in this city this morning while committing burglary. He was shot in the hip, but not seriously wounded. He has also served a term in the Washington Penitentiary.

Arrested for Horse Stealing.

SAN JOSE, June 21.—Mashon Keelley, who claims to be a discharged soldier from Manila, was arrested to-day for stealing a horse and cart from the Fair grounds, where it had been left by a young man from Palo Alto, who had given Keelley a ride on the road.

PREPARING FOR PARIS EXPOSITION.

Commissioner General Peck Leaves for Chicago.

Will Go to Denver Concerning the Mining Exhibit.

Howard J. Rogers, Director of Education, Will Visit California and Attend the National Educational Convention—Professor De Schweinitz of the Tuberculosis Congress, Reports to the State Department.

NEW YORK, June 21.—Ferdinand W. Peck, United States Commissioner General to the Paris Exposition, left to-day for Chicago. He was accompanied by Charles I. Coolidge, the American architect to the Exposition Commission. General Peck expects to visit Denver in the near future to consult with the mining men of the West in regard to the mining display at the Paris Exposition.

F. J. V. Skiff, Director in Chief of Exhibits Departments to the United States Commission, and John Getz, Superintendent of Decorations to the commission, sailed for Paris to-day on the American Liner New York. They go to Paris to confer with the French authorities in regard to the United States exhibits, and will be absent about a month.

Howard J. Rogers, Director of Education and Social Economy to the United States Commission, will visit California early in July as the guest of the Commissioners of that State to the Paris Exposition. Mr. Rogers will address the National Educational Association at Los Angeles on July 12th, on the Paris Exposition, and will also deliver addresses on the same subject in San Francisco, Salt Lake and Omaha during July.

Commissioner Peck has appointed H. C. Pearson of New York honorary expert on India rubber to the United States Commission. Mr. Pearson will organize the American manufacturers of India rubber for the purpose of forming a collective exhibit for the exposition. The Commissioner General has also appointed Mr. Wiltzie expert on heating and ventilating apparatus, and the manufacturers of this industry will also be organized with the view of making collective exhibits. Both of these experts are assigned to the United States Department of Varied Industries, which is in charge of Director M. B. Hubbard.

TUBERCULOSIS CONGRESS.

Professor De Schweinitz Reports to the State Department.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—Professor E. A. de Schweinitz, who attended the International Tuberculosis Congress at Berlin as a delegate from the United States, reports to the State Department that the special object for which the congress was called, namely, arousing interest in the erection of a sanitarium for the poor, especially for the working classes, will be greatly advanced.

According to the present reform laws, each laborer and each employer of laborers is required to pay a very small tax, which will be utilized in taking care of tuberculosis poor. Professor Schweinitz thinks that many practical results will follow the work of this congress. Dr. Boyd of the United States navy was the other delegate from the United States, and a most interesting report is expected from him. The official delegates from the United States were very cordially received and entertained.

The Duke of Rathbon, President of the congress, expressed himself as well pleased by reason of the interest taken in the congress by the President of the United States as indicated by a kindly message sent to the congress by the President, and by the sending of two distinguished delegates.

M. BOURGEOIS DECLINES.

M. Del Casse Will Probably be Asked to Form a Cabinet.

PARIS, June 21.—M. Bourgeois arrived here this morning from the Hague and conferred with President Loubet, M. Brisson and other political friends. It was announced late in the day that M. Bourgeois had declined the task of forming a Cabinet. M. Del Casse, Minister of Foreign Affairs in the Dupuy Cabinet, will now probably be asked to form a Ministry.

M. Bourgeois returns to the Hague to-morrow, where he considers the Peace Conference is progressing in an excellent manner.

After an interview with M. Loubet at 7 o'clock this evening, M. Bourgeois consented to remain in Paris and assist in the negotiation of a new Ministry is formed. He is strongly urging M. Waldeck-Rousseau to resume the task, and is actively enlisting support for him.

In the lobby of the Chamber of Deputies to-night is freely asserted that M. Del Casse will not undertake the responsibility, and as Senator Waldeck-Rousseau is not disinclined to another trial, he may possibly be invited, although there is talk of Jean Sarrrien, Republican Radical, as Premier.

PLACED UNDER ARREST.

General De Laroque's Offense Not Yet Made Public.

PARIS, June 21.—General de Laroque, director of Marine, in the Ministry of Marine, has been placed under rigorous arrest. The offense with which he is charged has not yet been made public.

It appears that General Laroque has often differed from M. Lockroy, Minister of Marine, on technical subjects, resembling in this respect Vice Admiral Cavalier de Cuverville, recently

THE PRESIDENT GOES TO ADAMS.

Will Remain in That Town Till Next Wednesday.

Reviewed a Parade and Addressed Thirty Thousand People.

Springfield Gaily Decorated and Vast Throngs Filled the Streets to See Him—School Children Welcomed the President and Presented Bouquets to Him and Mrs. McKinley.

ADAMS (Mass.), June 21.—President McKinley and party reached this city at 6:30 o'clock this evening to be met by W. B. Plunkett until next Wednesday. The party left the White House at 10:15 this morning and were conveyed by trolley car to South Holyoke, where they boarded the steamer Mascot and were carried down the Connecticut River to Springfield.

After the President and Mrs. McKinley were greeted by a great crowd of people and were driven about the city. Afterward the President held a reception, reviewed a parade and made a speech to 30,000 people.

The journey from Springfield to this city was made by the Westfield and Westfield and Pittsfield, where there were popular demonstrations. GREETED BY THOUSANDS. SPRINGFIELD (Mass.), June 21.—The city was gaily decorated to-day in honor of President McKinley's visit.

Vast throngs filled the streets, all eager to see the President. The Presidential party boarded the little river steamer Mascot at South Holyoke at 10:40 a. m. Immense crowds were present, both at the White House and at South Holyoke to see the President, and there was much cheering and cries of "Good-bye" all along the route. The Mascot arrived at Holyoke at 11:30 o'clock and was accorded a hearty reception by the flotilla of gaily decorated boats which clustered about the craft and from the thousands who lined the river bank. At Holyoke a reception committee from Springfield, headed by Mayor Gilmore, met the President and party.

During the trip the navigation committee of this city gave the President an object lesson regarding the immense advantage which would accrue to this city if Holyoke were the river opened for navigation during the winter. The President evinced much interest in the idea, but made no promises.

The Presidential party were first taken for a drive around the city. Later they were driven through the army grounds, where a national salute was fired and they were taken to the Nayasset Club for luncheon. One great feature of the drive was the children from the various schools, massed in front of their buildings and at each place two little girls advanced and placed a handsome bouquet in the hands of the President and Mrs. McKinley.

After luncheon the ladies remained at the club building, while the President and the other gentlemen were taken to the City Hall, where a large platform had been erected.

Just before the parade reached the boat landing there was a double line of over a thousand children upon the sidewalk, cheering and waving flags. The President remarked it was the crowning pleasure of his visit to the city and would be one of the things which he would always remember.

The President reviewed the parade, which was composed of the three local military companies of the Second Massachusetts Regiment, the Naval Brigade, Grand Army and Boys' Brigade. Afterward he held a reception and shook hands with nearly 3,000 people.

At 2:30 the President and his party were taken under escort of the G. A. R. to the station, where they boarded the special train for Adams, where the President will spend a week with W. B. Plunkett.

The party was given a rousing send-off. Brief receptions were held at Westfield and Pittsfield.

THE DUMHES STORY.

They Claim Young Chase's Father Wants His Son's Money.

NEW YORK, June 21.—For a short time last night Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Dumhes, for whose arrest the Chief of Police of Detroit had telegraphed, were under restraint at police department headquarters, while they were questioned about the alleged abduction of Moses Fowler Chase, the boy who is heir to about \$600,000, his grandfather's estate. Mr. and Mrs. Dumhes were brought down from the Waldorf Astoria to tell their story. When they had done so they were allowed to go.

Young Chase is 21 years old. According to the story of the Dumhes, who are uncle and aunt to the heir, the father, is a man without money, who wants to get possession of the estate of the boy. The father is said to have brought suit in the Probate Court of Hamilton, O., to have the boy declared insane, but the heir was declared to be of sound mind. The Dumhes then took the boy away.

The boy, according to Captain McCluskey, said that he desired to remain with his uncle and aunt. He declared he remained with them voluntarily and by preference. He said he has no doubt that his father intended to deprive him of his property, and is trying to have him adjudged insane.

Chase says that while playing golf last summer he suffered a sunstroke which affected his mind for awhile, but that he is entirely recovered. Dumhes denied that he intended sailing for Europe to-day. He expressed a determination to fight the case out to the end.

DETROIT (Mich.), June 21.—Attorney J. D. Connelly has been engaged to defend the interests of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Dumhes, who are accused of hav-

ING SPIRITED MOSES FOWLER CHASE TO NEW YORK, IN EXPECTATION, IT IS ALLEGED, OF SECURING A PORTION OF YOUNG CHASE'S \$600,000 INHERITANCE.

Mr. Connelly questioned him not to issue extradition papers until he could be heard from.

Prosecuting Attorney Frazer has arranged to have Detective Cotter sent to New York to bring back the Dumhes. Cotter will go to Albany to-night, and from there to New York.

A SPIRIT TRUST.

It Has a Capital of a Hundred and Twenty-Five Millions.

NEW YORK, June 21.—A merger of the American Spirits Company, consisting of eighty-five separate concerns; the Kentucky Distilleries and Warehouse Company, consisting of fifty-six concerns; the Standard Distilling and Distributing Company, consisting of fifteen concerns; the Spirits Distributing Company, and a number of other concerns into one central company has been effected by the incorporation of a concern called the Distilling Company of America, with a capitalization of \$125,000,000, of which \$55,000,000 is 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock, and \$70,000,000 common stock.

The plan contemplates a contraction of the \$94,500,000 of securities now out to \$77,500,000, for which amount, in addition to the old securities, the new company will acquire certain of the new important rye distilleries, among them the Hannis Distilling Company, owning the Mount Vernon and Hannisville properties, and the different distilling plants of these concerns. The working capital of the existing companies to be absorbed is now about \$6,000,000. The new company is to have an additional working capital of \$5,000,000, of which \$1,500,000 will be supplied at once.

HOTEL BURNED.

A Lady Loses Her Life by Suffocation and Others Are Injured.

OSWEGO (N. Y.), June 21.—The Eagle Hotel was destroyed by fire this morning. Mrs. Rachel King, an old lady, lost her life by suffocation, and eight others were seriously injured. The fire started in the kitchen, and spread rapidly. Several persons, including the proprietor and his wife, jumped from the windows on the second floor.

The building was a frame structure, two stories high. Following is a list of the injured: Alfred Johnson, face and hands burned; Mrs. James Doyle, wife of the proprietor, face and breast burned; James Doyle, Miss Cora Doyle, James Bachman and Thomas Magher of Oswego, J. J. Saladin Syracuse, Mrs. Ina Haines, face and hands blistered.

Governor Tyler's Answer.

CHICAGO, June 21.—A special to the "Record" from Austin, Tex., says: Governor Sayre has received a letter from Governor J. Hoge Tyler of Virginia, indorsing the proposed anti-trust conference of Governors and Attorneys General. He writes:

"It will give me pleasure to co-operate in any measure that will have a tendency to check the evils of trusts and combinations, and to secure a more equal and corporate power within bounds. I hope that it will be in the power of the Attorney General, A. J. Montague, or myself, to present."

NOT EQUAL TO SPAIN.

An Englishman Says They Beat Us in Packing Dried Fruits.

FRESNO, June 21.—M. E. Edge of Liverpool, England, representing the English firm of William Brown, one of the largest handlers of dried fruit in that country, has been in Fresno for the past few days with the idea of introducing a special trade in peaches and apricots.

Mr. Edge said his firm would be able to extend the use of California fruits considerably in the old country. He says the canned goods of California are well known in England and are in general demand.

Speaking on the question of competition with Spain, Mr. Edge said: "The Spaniards put up dried fruits cheaper, and the product has only a short distance to be conveyed, instead of across a continent and an ocean."

"Speaking entirely without prejudice and with the warmest feeling to the people of California, I am also bound to say that the Spaniards excel the California packers in the neatness and care bestowed on packing fruit and other products. I have been the manager, the buyer and also the agent of a number of concerns. I have seen California's product in the largest houses in the East, and I do not see the fruit, raisins especially, put up in as fine casks or as skillfully as is the case with the products of Spain."

Mr. Edge left for San Francisco and the East on the early train this morning.

BIG CIGAR SEIZURE.

A Chinese Firm That Violated the Revenue Law.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 21.—Burt Thomas of the Internal Revenue Service to-day seized 250,000 cigars and tobacco, valued at \$5,000 in the Capital Cigar Factory, the largest Chinese factory in this city. For some time past Thomas has been trying to connect the firm with the refilling of empty cigar boxes and to-day succeeded in tracing a lot of cheap cigars which had been placed in boxes which had formerly contained imported cigars, to the Capital factory. The firm has also been imitating foreign stamps and in other ways violating the internal revenue laws. This is the most important seizure made here for a long time.

Found Dead in Jail.

SANTA ROSA, June 21.—This morning a man named James Ray, a stranger here, was found dead in a room of the city police station. Last night Ray was placed in jail on a charge of drunkenness. The officer put him in a room on a bed. This morning Ray was found lying on his face, having had a hemorrhage during the night. Coroner Pierce is holding an inquest. The man is said to be from Sacramento.

Looking for the Montana.

LIVERPOOL, June 21.—The tug Pathfinder having a quantity of provisions on board left here last evening in search of the Atlantic liner Montana, from Baltimore, June 4th, for London, spoken last Saturday with her propeller shaft broken.

SAMOANS GIVING UP THEIR ARMS.

Mataafa Has Promised to Turn in More Rifles.

Natives Have Finally Returned to Their Homes.

Malletta Tann Was Declared King by the Commissioners and Chief Justice Chambers' Decision Proclaimed Valid and Binding—Malletta Then Abdicated in Favor of the Commissioners, Who Established a Provisional Government, Consisting of the Three Consuls.

APIA (Samoa), June 14, via Auckland (N. Z.), June 21.—Mataafa has surrendered 1,850 rifles and the loyalists have given up 2,000. After June 20th a heavy penalty will be enforced upon natives found with rifles in their possession. Mataafa promised to turn in more weapons. The natives have returned to their homes. Malletta Tann was recognized as King by the Commissioners of the three Powers and the decision of Chief Justice Chambers in the matter of the kingship was proclaimed valid and binding. Malletta Tann then abdicated in favor of the Commissioners, who appointed a Provisional Government, consisting of the Consuls of the three Powers, endeavoring a majority to act in all matters where unanimity is not required. Berlin treaties signed on June 14. Chief Justice Chambers could not hold office and the various native officials are confirmed. Dr. Williams, Soli has been authorized to act as President to the municipality of Apia. The Commissioners expect to leave on June 28th, but they have requested Chief Justice Chambers to remain. Their report recommends the abolition of kingship and the Presidency of Apia, and the appointment of a Governor, with a legislative council consisting of three nominees of the interested Powers assisted by a native house.

Under this scheme the Governor would have a veto over general and municipal laws, the nominees would be the department heads, consular, diplomatic and judicial functions would be abolished; revenue would be raised by an increase in duties and poll tax, the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court would be increased; the municipality, under a Mayor and Council, would be extended, and the Postoffice would be under the general Government.

The British cruiser Porpoise, Captain Sturt, reports that the natives are resuming normal conditions, Americans and British express satisfaction at the decision of the Commissioners. Among the Germans it is rumored that Dr. Soli will be the administrator in the new native Government.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Favorable for Warmer Weather and Brisk Northerly Winds.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 21, 5 p. m.—Weather conditions and general forecast.

The following maximum temperatures were reported from stations in California to-day: Eureka, 56, Fresno, 96, Los Angeles, 76, Sacramento, 90, San Luis Obispo, 90, San Diego, 60, Red Bluff, 92, Independence, 90, Yuma, 104.

San Francisco data: Maximum temperature 70, minimum 54, mean 62. The pressure has fallen slowly along the coast of California and has risen over Utah and the Rocky Mountain region. The temperature has remained nearly stationary over the Pacific Slope. In the great valleys of California conditions are favorable for warmer weather with brisk northerly winds. A moderate northerly wind prevailed in the valleys Thursday afternoon.

A maximum velocity of thirty-eight miles per hour from the southwest is reported at El Paso. Conditions are favorable for fog Thursday morning and night along the coast of California.

Forecast made at San Francisco for thirty hours ending at midnight, June 22, 1899: San Francisco and vicinity—Fair Thursday with fog in the afternoon; fresh westerly wind; cooler.

NO MORE LEFT.

Last Irrigation District in Riverside County Declared Invalid.

RIVERSIDE, June 21.—Another irrigation district and the last one in this county has been declared illegal by a decree of the Superior Court of this county. Judge Noyes handed down a decision to-day ordering the San Jacinto and Pleasant Valley Irrigation District void and the bonds illegal, upon the ground that the district was not legally formed for the reason that the required notice of formation of the district was not published as required by the Wright law.

The district was organized in 1891 and embraces 18,000 acres. Three hundred and fifty thousand dollars' worth of bonds were voted and \$233,500 worth sold. There is due and unpaid on account of interest \$10,000 and the total indebtedness of the district is estimated at \$20 an acre.

Prominent Prescott Citizen Dead.

PRESCOTT, June 21.—John Raible, one of Prescott's oldest and most prominent citizens, died this morning of dropsy, aged 64 years. He had resided here since the town was laid out and has held several positions of trust during his life.

Oil Struck at Santa Cruz.

SANTA CRUZ, June 21.—Oil has been discovered on San Vicente road, fourteen miles from this city, on a ranch owned by the Santa Cruz Line Company, which formerly had their mine there.