

DREYFUS IS BACK ON FRENCH SOIL.

Appears to be in Good Health, but His Hair is Gray.

His Landing at Quiberon Was Almost Unnoticed.

Chief of Detectives Received Him and Took Him Away in a Carriage to the Railroad Station—He Was Almost at the Prison Before the Crowd Discovered Him—Madame Dreyfus Was Allowed to Meet Him.

RENNES (France), July 1.—Dreyfus arrived here at 6 a. m., via l'Orient and Redon. The prisoner appeared to be in good health. He wore a blue suit, gray overcoat and soft felt hat. His hair is turning gray and his beard is of a reddish color. He held himself very erect.

The landing of Dreyfus at Quiberon was almost unnoticed. At 9 o'clock yesterday evening the guardship Caudan put to sea to meet the Sfax, which was being sighted. The unusual bustle attracted many people to the harbor, but as they saw nothing, the crowd dispersed. The only persons remaining were those who knew who the person to be landed was.

The weather was most stormy and for a time it was feared it would be impossible to effect a landing. For hours the Caudan and Sfax pitched and rolled. It seemed impossible to approach them in the rough sea.

On the landing stage were M. Vigile, the Chief of Detectives, M. Hennion, a Commissary of police, and a force of gendarmes and police inspectors. Finally at 1 a. m. a cutter, manned by ten men and in charge of a sergeant and corporal of gendarmes, who formally handed the prisoner over to M. Vigile. The latter then entered a landau with Dreyfus and two detectives and started for the railroad station.

Dreyfus did not speak a word. He personally opened the door of the compartment special train, consisting of three carriages and a baggage car which was in waiting. When the train was about to start the local health officer refused to permit Dreyfus to leave on the ground that he had just arrived from the colonies. The matter was quickly arranged, however, and the train proceeded.

Dreyfus was only visible for a moment to the reporters. The train stopped at Rabalais, three kilometers from Rennes. There the party alighted and quickly entered a carriage drawn by two horses, which immediately started at a sharp advance.

At the level crossing of the line a wagonette, containing the Prefect of the Department of Ille-et-Vilaine, M. Vigile and three inspectors, joined the party.

An amusing incident occurred there. The woman in charge of the crossing, when told that if she watched she would see Dreyfus, asked: "Who is Dreyfus? I have never heard of him."

The drive from Rabalais to Rennes was without incident. Owing to the precautions the prisoner passed unnoticed in front of the arsenal. Workmen reading the posters there did not turn their heads, little suspecting who was passing.

The clock was striking 6 o'clock when the crowd which had been waiting since midnight around the railroad station, who were beginning to think themselves the victims of a practical joke, saw a landau surrounded by gendarmes being driven to the station. When they all cried with one voice: "There he is." At this cry the people started off to meet the carriage and suddenly troops and mounted gendarmes hurried madly forward, yelling and shouting as if accompanying a fire engine instead of a prisoner.

The carriage was driven so fast that it covered the distance within a few minutes, passing the watchers like a flash. It was a race for the prison gates between the gendarmes and the captive and the spectators.

The gates of the prison suddenly and about twenty gendarmes rushed out and barred the street, pressing back the crowd with rifle stocks. The transformation from tranquility to a wild scene of gesticulation almost defies description. The suddenness of the movement stupefied everybody as much, apparently as it did the prisoner, whose face showed from mite quickly passing carriage.

Beyond the exclamations of surprise and curiosity there were no cries of any sort raised.

Freely by his guards Dreyfus entered the prison, which was consigned to the care of the Governor and was taken to a cell on the second story. The rain fell heavily all night, but the sun shone out brightly when Dreyfus entered the prison. The Governor of the prison sent Mme. Dreyfus the news of the arrival of her husband and she immediately went to the Governor and asked permission to see the prisoner. Leave being granted, the faithful wife entered the prison almost unobserved and was conducted to cell No. 830, accompanied by Mme. Havel. The meeting between the prisoner and his wife was most touching. They remained long clasped in each other's arms, tears and smiles intermingling with tender endearments.

Up to noon there has been no sign of a public demonstration. Mme. Dreyfus issued from the prison in a state of collapse. She found her husband much aged, with beard and hair whitened and body shrunken and stooped. She said Dreyfus knew nothing of the events of the past two years.

The weeping wife acknowledged the courtesy with which she has been treated. The gendarme who was ordered to be present at the interview carried out instructions and kept at a discreet distance.

The Sfax had several plates and her bulwarks slightly damaged by the heavy bump of the Caudan against her sides when Dreyfus was transferred, the sea being very rough. The only incident of the arrival of the prisoner at Brest was the cheering by two sloops manned by boys belonging to the training ship Borda, which passed the Sfax as she was proceeding to her mooring.

Commander Coffiniere landed alone this evening, and proceeded to the residence of Admiral Barrera, with whom he had a half hour's interview. In the course of a conversation had with him late to-night by the representative of the Associated Press, the Admiral said:

"Until this afternoon I had no instructions respecting the Sfax; but now that Commander Coffiniere has landed, I am enabled to give you a few details. First of all, Dreyfus has been in the best of health during the voyage, and has had an excellent appetite. He was given an officer's cabin, which was especially arranged for his convenience. This cabin has not been changed in any way, and to-morrow newspaper men will be allowed on board to see it. Dreyfus wore during the voyage a white linen suit, the usual attire of French officers in the colonies, service."

The Sfax received its modified orders in a sealed letter on touching at Cape St. Vincent. These orders, which were unknown even to myself, were to proceed to Quiberon, where she was instructed to arrive at 9 o'clock on the evening of June 30th. The Caudan and the guardship l'Orient received orders on Thursday to meet the Sfax, and left port the same evening. The Sfax did not bring due until Friday, the Caudan awaited her outside the little port of Port Aliquien. A heavy sea was running, and the vessel's position was somewhat dangerous, in view of the fact that she took on board no pilot and that a thick mist prevailed during the greater part of the time.

"The Sfax arrived on Friday, and Dreyfus, as you know, was landed, though not without some difficulty. The Sfax left again at 3 o'clock in the morning, avoiding the semaphores, as she desired not to be signaled until her arrival at Brest. In order to prevent the military from joining in the demonstration upon the arrival of the Sfax and to enable the authorities to cope with any possible disorder, all the troops and marines were confined to barracks that evening, but there had been absolutely no scene of disorder anywhere."

"He was an illustration of the mystery with which the Government has surrounded the movements of Dreyfus, the Associated Press is able to state that Admiral Barrera this morning had a special train, consisting of two first-class carriages, concealed in a tunnel on the branch line between the arsenal and the town of Brest. In order to prevent the arrival of the Sfax, as the Admiral up to that time had not been officially notified of the arrival of Dreyfus at Rennes. The orders for this train were countermanded on the receipt of a dispatch from M. Vigile, chief of the secret police, announcing the arrival of Dreyfus at Rennes."

LANDING OF DREYFUS. A Complete Surprise to the Admiral and Other Authorities.

BREST (France), July 1.—The Sfax has just been signaled pursuant to orders about three hours distant, outside of Brest. The landing of Dreyfus at Quiberon was a complete surprise to the Admiral and other authorities here, who even now have not yet been officially notified of the fact. When the Sfax arrived in the harbor, Admiral Barrera refused all requests for permission to board her to-night and save orders that no one is to embark on the Sfax until to-morrow. Little interest is displayed here. Only a few people are clustered about the quays and promenades overlooking the harbor.

LONDON, July 1.—The "Pall Mall Gazette's" account of the landing of Dreyfus says:

"He was almost entirely hidden by a hooded cloak and as there was no light beyond a few lanterns it was only possible to catch the barest glimpse of his unkempt gray beard and haggard, anxious features. Amid a few timid cries of 'Abas Dreyfus,' which the gendarmes immediately silenced, he entered the carriage which drove to the station as rapidly as the intense darkness permitted."

Weekly Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, July 1.—The weekly bank statement shows the following changes: Surplus reserve, decrease, \$11,243,000. Loans, increase, \$8,015,000. Specie, decrease, \$11,530,000. Legal tenders, decrease, \$855,200. Deposits, decrease, \$3,877,000. Circulation, decrease, \$300,000. The banks now hold \$14,274,550 in excess of the requirements.

McGovern Knocks Out Ritchie.

TUCOAGHOE (N. Y.), July 1.—Terry McGovern, of Brooklyn, N. Y., knocked out Johnny Ritchie, of Chicago, in the third round. Time of round, one minute and ten seconds. The fight was before the Westchester Athletic Club for the feather-weight championship of America.

First Nebraska Sails for Home.

OMAHA (Nebr.), July 1.—A cablegram from Colonel Mulford announces that the First Nebraska sailed from Manila for home this morning.

Governor Pointer, on its receipt, issued a proclamation, calling upon the people of the State to give them a fitting welcome on their return.

Kidnapers Found Guilty.

CHICAGO, July 1.—A verdict of guilty was returned late this afternoon in the cases of Mrs. Ingersoll and John Collins, of Painesville, O., charged with kidnaping Gerald Lapiner. The prisoners will be sentenced to terms in the penitentiary.

Depew Coming Home.

LIVERPOOL, July 1.—The Cunard liner Campania, sailing from this port to-day for New York, will have among her passengers, Mrs. William Astor, Chauncey M. Depew, his son, Chauncey M. Depew, Jr., and the Earl of Donoghmore.

HORRIBLE TRAGEDY IN WASHINGTON.

A Young Man Cuts Throats of His Wife and Guest,

Then Takes Strychnine and Slashes His Own Throat.

The Woman Feigned Death and Afterwards Escaped to a Neighbor's—Dan Donnelly is Dead and There Are Mysterious Circumstances Surrounding His Shooting.

GARFIELD (Wash.), July 1.—A horrible tragedy occurred this morning five miles west of this place. A young man named Roby Gragg cut the throats of his wife and a lady guest and then took a big dose of strychnine and slashed his own throat. At this writing all three are alive but in a critical condition. Gragg is about 33 years of age and lives on a farm. Yesterday he says he detected his wife and a neighbor named Fitzgerald in a compromising position to which act he believed his wife's guest, Mrs. Maude Carroll of Spokane, was an accomplice. Gragg spent the night with a neighbor to whom he told his troubles. He said he intended to go to Garfield in the morning to arrange for a division of his property and a separation from his wife.

About 4 o'clock he set out, stating he would go by way of his home and change his clothes. On arriving there he asked his wife for his gun, and she told him that she had hid it. He then whipped out his pocket knife and attacked her. He slashed her throat and face and stabbed her in the abdomen. To escape further injury she feigned death. She may recover. He then made for the other woman and butchered her right in the face. After trying the knife on his throat he ran upstairs for his razor and both women, streaming with blood and in their night clothes, fled to a neighbor's. Gragg used the razor on his own throat, almost severing the windpipe. DAN.

DAN DONNELLY IS DEAD.

Considerable Mystery Surrounds His Shooting.

FRESNO, July 1.—Dan Donnelly, who was shot in Chinatown early Tuesday morning, died at 11 o'clock this morning from the effects of his wounds. There is considerable mystery surrounding the shooting. At the time he was shot Donnelly claimed he had been robbed in a house of ill-repute and when he accused a woman of the theft, he was shot at by unknown parties. Donnelly took to his heels and ran, but was pursued by Jack Brooks, a bartender in the favorite saloon. Brooks admits pursuing Donnelly, but claims the latter fired at him first.

Officer Tony Rice also took a hand in the shooting, and it was thought at the time that the officer had fired the fatal shot, as the bullet extracted from Donnelly's abdomen was of a 44 caliber, the same as that fired by Rice.

The District Attorney swore to a complaint charging Charles Ardwell, manager of the Golden West saloon, with murder. It is claimed that Ardwell also used a 44 caliber pistol and fired the fatal shot. Jack Brooks was also charged with murder.

KILLED UNCLE AND AUNT.

Because They Would Not Deed Him Their Property.

ANGELS CAMP, July 1.—Jacob Whitesome, a logger from the high Sierras, has arrived here bringing a story of the murder of Jonathan Baker, a man over 60 year old, and wife, who lived alone on a ranch away above the snow line, nine miles from Molinas Camp. A nephew of the old couple, named Biggs, resided with an Indian woman on the same ranch.

Yesterday the Indian companion of the nephew appeared at Molinas Camp and informed one of the workmen that old man Baker was dead. A party of loggers at once went to the Baker ranch and forcing open the door found old man Baker and his wife dead upon the cabin floor. Mrs. Baker's head was entirely severed from the body, while the old man had a terrible gash in the head, evidently made by an ax. The Indian woman says Biggs murdered the old couple in order that he might come into possession of their property. A posse is in pursuit of the murderer.

CLASH DID NOT OCCUR.

Nippon Maru Withdrawn Again Into the Stream.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 1.—The anticipated clash between the Federal and local health authorities regarding the steamer Nippon Maru, supposed to be infected with the bubonic plague, did not occur. The agents of the Japanese steamship company, recognizing that they could not proceed with the landing of freight in opposition to the orders of the police force stationed on the dock expressly to prevent such action withdrew the vessel into the stream. There was a sharp war of words while this was being done, but no attempt was made to ignore the orders of the Board of Health.

This afternoon the vessel was again thoroughly fumigated, this time by order of the State Board of Health. It is understood she will not again attempt to make a landing until the expiration of the legal time limit. The passengers and crew are still detained at the quarantine station on Angel Island, where they will probably be kept for the full time required by law, in order that no infectious germs may be brought into this city or State.

The scare as to the alleged plague on the Nippon Maru is dying out and public confidence is almost restored over the situation. Acting under instructions from the Board of Health, State Quarantine Officer Kohn has thoroughly dis-

infected the vessel and it is believed that she will now be allowed to discharge her cargo. Dr. Kinyoun, the Federal Health Officer, does not believe that bubonic plague exists on the vessel.

It is thought that the Coptic, due here on July 4th from the Orient, will be detained seven days in quarantine at Honolulu. The Hawaiian Government has decided to take no chances in the introduction of the plague. The Hawaiian Government has decided that cargo and passengers of all steamers from Hongkong would be subjected to quarantine.

NO FEE FOR STUDENTS.

University Regents Rescinded Their Action Yesterday.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 1.—No registration or tuition fee will be charged the students of the University of California, by a vote moved by Mr. Callaghan, at a special meeting called by Governor Gage, the action of the board imposing the fee was rescinded. The meeting was well attended and an animated discussion preceded the vote by which the previous action of the board was nullified.

For the first time since his election, Governor Gage presided at the meeting. Lieutenant Governor Neff and Stephen M. White also made their first appearance. The Governor read a long address, protesting against the proposed exaction of a registration fee. He was employed on the ranch of Mr. Callaghan, near Ross. He had a long and animated debate the motion was carried by the following vote:

Ayes—Gage, Neff, Anderson, Kirk, Budd, Foote, Pardee, Rodgers, Slack, Wallace, Waymire, White. Nays—Callaghan, Ross, Hallidie.

The board then went into executive session.

TEAMSTER KILLED.

Run Over by a Wagon Loaded With Grain.

STOCKTON, July 1.—A teamster named Siento Sorensen was run over by a wagon loaded with grain early this morning and killed, near Linden. He was employed on the ranch of Mr. Field, of Linden, and was driving near Linden at the time of the accident. In some manner Sorensen fell off the wagon and the wheels passed over his body. He died in a few minutes. The coroner's office was notified, and Deputy Coroner Schuster went to the scene this morning. Sorensen was 35 years of age and unmarried.

Encountered a Terrible Gale.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 1.—Admiral Mariposa stated that the British ship Elibek encountered a terrible gale on voyage from Melbourne to New York, and was driven for several days and the ballast began to shift. In order to prevent the sinking of the vessel her three masts were cut away on May 22d. She also sacrificed thirteen of her eighteen spars, and had not fine weather ensued would doubtless have been a total wreck.

Was Insane and Cut Her Throat.

SAN DIEGO, July 1.—Mrs. James D. Crain, about 50, cut her throat in four places with a razor and a piece of glass at her residence on Thirty-fifth street during the night and was found in a very weak condition by her husband this morning, wetting in her blood. She was temporarily insane and will recover, as medical assistance arrived in time.

Somers' Dead Body Found.

NEVADA CITY, July 1.—The dead body of Frank Somers, who last Sunday was ambushed and severely shot by Christopher Gallbraith, was found shortly before dark to-night a short distance from the scene of the shooting. There was a bullet hole in the neck, and the man's rifle with an empty cartridge in it was beside him, indicating suicide.

Pulled It Towards Him.

FRESNO, July 1.—Coroner Long returned this afternoon from a point ten miles west of Huron, where he held an inquest on the body of A. L. Crawford, a rancher. Crawford was pulling a loaded double-barreled shotgun from under his bed to shoot a hawk, when the hammers caught and both barrels went off. Crawford's head was blown to pieces.

Anxiety for the President Thiers.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 1.—The French bark President Thiers is out 192 days from this port for Liverpool, and nothing has been heard of her since she sailed. Five per cent reimbursement is being offered on the vessel by the English underwriters, and fears for her safety are increasing.

Death Was Accidental.

SAN JOSE, July 1.—At the inquest to-day over the remains of R. M. Bury, the salesman for Hobson & Co., who swallowed carbolic acid, a verdict was returned that the acid was taken by mistake, and that death was accidental.

Sorry He Did Not Kill the Witness.

TACOMA, July 1.—Peter Miller was to-day sentenced to the State Penitentiary for twenty years for killing Tiedman Magenton. He said after the sentence that he was sorry he had not killed the only witness to the crime. His lawyers tried to prove him insane.

The Solace Sails.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 1.—The United States transport Solace sailed for Manila via Honolulu and Guam Monday morning. She has aboard seven officers and 200 men for the Asiatic squadron, besides a large quantity of supplies.

Mint Employees Discharged.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 1.—Thirty-five employees of the United States Mint were discharged to-day by Superintendent Frank A. Leach. Scarcity of work is the ostensible reason for the reduction in the force.

SUPERB SILVER LOVING CUP.

President's Present to Ambassador Cambon.

Sent by Secretary Hay to the French Embassy.

Recognition of M. Cambon's Friendly Services in the Negotiations That Restored Peace Between the United States and Spain and an Evidence of the Esteem Felt for Him by the President.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—President McKinley to-day presented to the French Ambassador, M. Cambon, a superb silver loving cup, in recognition of the Ambassador's friendly services in the negotiations which restored peace between the United States and Spain. The beautiful testimonial was sent by Secretary Hay to the French Embassy, accompanied by a note from the Secretary in which, speaking for the President, he expresses sincere appreciation of M. Cambon's considerate and disinterested services and tendered the loving cup as an evidence of the esteem felt for him.

The cup is of massive proportions and chaste design and the international significance of the gift is shown in the joining of the French and American coats of arms. Around the outside of the bowl, in raised old English text, runs the following inscription:

Presented by the President of the United States to the French Ambassador, M. Jules Cambon, Ambassador of France, in token of his friendly services in the negotiation of the protocol of peace between the United States and Spain, August 12, 1898.

The bowl is supported on the shoulder of a British American crest. These returns are on a massive silver pedestal around which circle the thirteen original States. The three handles of the cup are myrtle leaves, symbolic of the peaceful offices which M. Cambon performed. On the three faces of the cup, where the handles join the bowl, appear the coat of arms of France with the letters "R. E."—Republique Francaise.

Altogether the President's gift is one of uncommon richness and artistic beauty. When the gift and the letter were received at the French Embassy, M. Cambon was absent, not having returned from his New England trip.

RECIPROcity TREATY.

That With Jamaica Concluded at the State Department.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The reciprocity treaty with Jamaica was concluded at the State Department to-day at a conference between Commissioner Kason, in behalf of the United States, and Mr. Tower, the British Charge d'Affaires. The Jamaican treaty is now to be forwarded to Kingston for the approval of the colonial authorities. The Jamaican tariff commission left this afternoon, going first to Ottawa to confer with the Canadian authorities. All parties concerned have been placed under the strictest reserve, as it is said that the discussion of details of the convention just concluded might prove prejudicial in both countries. It is known, however, that the convention concluded to-day is under section four of the Dingley tariff law, providing for reciprocity treaties and is not a mere "arrangement," as provided for by section 34 of the Act. The concessions given to Jamaica are materially from those allowed other British West Indian colonies, mainly because of the recent tariff law enacted by Jamaica, which had special application to the United States.

PRESIDENT'S WESTERN TRIP.

He Hopes to Make It Late in the Summer.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—Senator Carter of Montana called upon the President to present him with formal invitations to visit Great Falls, Helena, Butte and Missoula when he goes West on his trip. The President says he has not abandoned his intention to make a Western trip if conditions permit, but stated that he would not be able to attempt the trip before the middle of August. He could not fix a date and could not say positively that he would go. He could only say that he desired to.

The President added that he would like to pass through Montana after the Montana regiment in the Philippines had come home. This is taken to indicate that the President will start on his Western trip late in the summer, and that he will try to go to a number of the Western stations which furnish volunteer troops in the Philippines. In this way he will be able to shake hands with the returned soldiers.

A HARBOR LINE.

Owners of Lands Wish the Government to Establish It.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—Secretary Alger to-day gave a hearing to President J. J. Hill of the Great Northern Railroad and Vice President Daniel H. Lamont of the Northern Pacific Railroad, regarding harbor lines at Seattle and Tacoma, Wash. There is a disagreement between the State authorities and private parties and owners of lands along the water fronts of these cities which has been brought before the War Department in an application for the establishment of harbor lines. It is claimed by the State Harbor Commission that the General Government has no authority to establish such lines, as the State owns the tide lands and has the authority to establish its lines. The claim is made by the property owners along the water fronts that the State has established lines in sixty feet of water, while piers cannot be built out so far, and that thirty feet depth is sufficient. The State gives the prop-

erty owners an opportunity to lease the land between the thirty foot and sixty foot depth, but if they do not lease it, claims the right to lease to other parties. The property owners ask that the Government establish lines at about the thirty foot depth and this was the request which was being considered to-day. Surveys have been made of the harbors, which were examined by the Secretary.

SAMOAN MATTERS.

Commissioners' Progress Gratifying at Washington.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The reports from Samoa on the progress being made by the high commission toward a settlement of the disturbed conditions are gratifying here. As Chief Justice Chambers' future nothing is assured. If he is to resign, as part of the scheme of compromise projected by the commission, it is probable that the Administration will provide him with another post. It is surmised, however, that the Chief Justice's retirement will be entirely voluntary, in which case the President would be relieved of the necessity of finding another place for him.

Though the commission has abolished the Samoan kingship out of hand, that action is not necessarily final and is subject to the approval of the three Powers. But there is little doubt that unanimity will be had on that point.

PUBLIC DEBT.

Decrease of Thirteen and a Half Millions in the Last Year.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The statement of the public debt at the close of the fiscal year 1898 shows that the debt, less cash in the Treasury, amounted to \$1,155,530,235, which is a decrease as compared with June 30, 1898, of \$13,571,172. This decrease is accounted for by a corresponding increase in the cash on hand.

The debt is recapitulated as follows: Interest bearing debt, \$1,046,048,750; debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, \$1,218,300; debt bearing no interest, \$880,433,633; total, \$1,436,700,703.

This amount, however, does not include \$555,226,603 in certificates and treasury notes outstanding, which are offset by an equal amount of cash in the Treasury. This is classified as follows: Gold, \$273,333,480; silver, \$508,288,226; paper, \$44,802,142; bonds, deposits in national bank depositories, disbursing officers' balances, etc., \$79,447,388. Total, \$907,961,138, against which there are demand liabilities outstanding amounting to \$234,550,063, which leaves a net cash balance of \$673,411,075.

A HIGH TONED WEDDING.

Sir William Harcourt's Son Married to Miss Burns.

LONDON, July 1.—Lewis Vernon Harcourt, eldest son of Sir William Harcourt, and Miss Mary Ethel Burns, daughter of the late Walter Burns of New York, for many years head of the banking house of J. S. Morgan & Company in this city, were married at St. Margaret's Church, Westminster, to-day.

The Bishop of Winchester officiated. There were ten bridesmaids. The wedding party included Joseph Choate, the United States Ambassador, and Mrs. Choate; Henry White, Secretary of the United States Embassy, and Miss White; James Carter, Second Secretary of the United States Embassy and Mrs. Carter, and Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, and Mrs. Lodge. Mr. Choate signed the marriage register. The couple received about 600 presents, many of them being of great value.

AN ENGLISH DEMOCRAT.

He Won the Foal Plate at Hurst Park Meeting.

LONDON, July 1.—At the first day of the Hurst Park summer meeting to-day Lord Beresford's Democrat, ridden by Tod Sloan, won the Foal Plate. R. W. Griffith's bay filly Vain Duchess was second and John Musker's bay filly Orio third. This race is 1,500 sovereigns. Nine horses ran six furlongs straight. The betting was 6 to 5 against Democrat.

Lord Rosebery's Sybaris won the Durham Regulation race with Sloan up. Briu was second and Hearwood third. Eight horses ran. The betting was 7 to 4 against Sybaris.

Drawing for Henley Races.

HENLEY (Eng.), July 1.—In the draw for the first heat of the Grand Challenge Cup to-day the Argonauts were pitted against the Delft students. In the Stewards' Cup the Argonauts in the first heat will pull against Trinity College, Cambridge. In the first heats of the Diamond sculls, Brecht of Toronto will compete against Howell (American), Trinity Hall, Cambridge, and Thompson of Toronto will race against Ash of the Thames Rowing Club. Goldman of Toronto drew a bye.

Large Grocery Burned.

PITTSBURG (Pa.), July 1.—J. J. Weldon's large grocery, a four-story brick structure, on Market street, was burned to-day, entailing a loss of between \$50,000 and \$85,000 on stock, and \$15,000 on the building. During the blaze three firemen were injured. One of them, Joe Geise, fell from a one-story building adjoining Weldon's, and was fatally injured.

Job Fired on the Councilors.

BARCELONA, July 1.—A dispatch from Badolona says that at the opening of the Municipal Council to-day a crowd assembled outside the building, fired on the Councilors, killing three and wounding nine of them.

Will be Transported.

BERLIN, July 1.—A dispatch to the Cologne "Gazette" from Apla, under date of June 26th, says that Maltesa Tanu will soon be transported to the Fiji Islands.

NON-UNION MEN TURNED THE TABLES.

Attacked the Strikers in Their Own Camp.

Union City the Scene of a Lively Battle.

Crased by the Shooting of the Woman, They Opened Fire on the Union Miners, Drove Them Out and Burned the Town—The Situation Serious, as Both Sides Are Armed—Sheriff Asks the Governor to Send Troops and Arms.

ST. LOUIS (Mo.), July 1.—A special to the Post-Dispatch from Carbondale says:

Union City, named from the fact that it is occupied by union miners, was the scene of a battle last night about midnight, and as a result the town is in ruins. The non-union negroes and other men employed by the Brush mines near Fredonia, having become crazed over the killing of the woman yesterday, went to the camp which consists of nine houses and opened fire on them, which was at once returned. The battle raged until the union miners ran from their homes and took refuge in a clump of timber close to the village.

The non-union men then applied the torch to the houses, and all were burned to the ground. After the men had destroyed considerable property previously occupied by the union men, they moved on the woods, and until daylight the fusillade was kept up. No lives have so far been reported lost. Miners have been arriving at the scene of the trouble all night, and the outcome must be a long drawn-out battle. Each side seems to be determined to win.

ST. LOUIS (Mo.), July 1.—A special to the Post-Dispatch from Marion, Ill., says:

When Coroner James Armstrong concluded the inquest at Cartersville over the negro woman (Annie Carr), who was killed by the mob that fired into the coach at Fredonia mines, James Hicks, Ed Ritchie, Eli Brooks, George Dutton, Mike Brown, negro, and John Piano, an Italian, were held as guilty of the murder. These six were the only members of the mob that could be recognized by the witnesses. Sheriff Gray, who was present at the inquest, arrested Hicks