VISITING MINING ENGINEERS.

Second Day of the American Institute at San Francisco.

The Entire Session Given Over to Presentation of Technical Papers.

Several Interesting Subjects Treated Upon by Californians—The Sessions of the Institute to Close To-Day, After Which the Visitors Will Make a Tour of the Mining Districts of the State.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 26. — The meeting of the American Institute of Mining Engineers was continued at the Palace Hôtel to-day. The entire session was given over to the presentation of technical papers, illustrated by stereopticon views. There were a number of students from Stanford and the University of California in the audience, and they helped to swell the applause of the professional men which greeted the conclusion of each subject.

Dr. James Douglas, the President of the institute, presided, and introduced the speakers.

Professor S. B. Christy of the University of California had the first number on the program, a lecture on "The Electro Motive Force of Metals in Cyanide Solution." He handled the subject in a masterly way.

Professor A. C. Lawson of the University of California followed with a lecture on "Some Features of the Economic Geology of Russia." An exceptionally clear idea of the peculiar geological formation of the Ural and Caucasus Mountain ranges was given, and elicited quite a discussion.

The next paper was presented by Captain Robert Wein of this city on "The New Alaska Treadwell Gold Mills," in which an excellent description was afforded of the methods being followed in that Territory to develop mining properties.

After the announcement that the following papers would be presented in print and distributed among the members and correspondents of the institute, the meeting adjourned until to-morrow. This will be the last session.

"The Peculiar Ore Deposit of the East Murchison United Gold Mine, Western Australia," D. P. Mitchell, Palo Alto, Cal.

"The Occurrence of Tin Ore at San Alto, Tyacatecas," Edward Halse, District of Columbia.

"The Copper Deposits of Vancouver Island," William N. Brewer, Victoria, B. C.

"Rock Salt in Louisiana," A. F. Lucas, Lafayette, Ind.

"The Lee Long-Wall Mining Machine," H. Foster Bain, Des Moines, Ia.

"Natural Coke of the Santa Clara Coal Fields, Sonora, Mexico," E. T. Dumble, Houston, Tex.

"Transcontinental Railway Lines," Dr. James Douglas, New York City.

RACES AT OAKLAND.

Bookies Lay Up Little or No Money on Yesterday's Events.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 26.—At the Oakland races to-day three favorites landed and the bookies laid up little or no money, even though they had a couple of long shots to help them out. Negligence started things going. He was quoted at 6 to 5 against a field of bad ones, and after laying along behind Spry Lark to the turn for home, he went to the front and won easily. In the second Munsey, at 8 to 1, beat Jack McCabe in a drive. Somis, the favorite, made a miserable showing. Expedient, quoted at 10 to 1, won the third. He was the best. Summer was the favorite, but melted away in the stretch. Fortis, the game little gelding from "Curley" Shields' stable, had no trouble in winning at a mile and a sixteenth. In the fifth Midlove raced Amasa to death the first part, and won easily.

Weather fine and track good. Results:

Five furlongs, selling, Negligence (Blair), 6 to 5, won; Spry Lark (W. Narvaez), 12 to 1, second; P. F. (H. Stuart), 10 to 1, third. Time—1:02¼. San Augustine, Boardman, My Dear, Pidalia and Senator Wilson also ran.

Seven furlongs, Munsey (J. Ward), 7 to 1, won; Jack McCabe (Mounce), 7 to 2, second; Lomo (McCluskey), 7 to 1, third. Time—1:30. Semper Leon, Somis, The Waif, Seven Up, The Offering and Lona Marie also ran.

Futurity course, selling, Expedient (Walsh), 10 to 1, won; The Scot (Pulz), 9 to 2, second; The Buffoon (E. Jones), 12 to 5 third. Time—1:12¾. Tagalog, Summer, Jolly Briton and Spike also ran.

Mile and a sixteenth, selling, Fortis (J. Ward), even, won; Twinkle Twink (Morse), 12 to 1, second; McFarlane (Thorpe), 3 to 1, third. Time—1:49. Fing, Alicia, Oraibee and Indra also ran.

Five furlongs, selling, Midlove (Thorpe), 1 to 2, won; Amasa (E. Jones), 5 to 2, second; Bamboulia (Mounce), 15 to 1, third. Time—1:02. Clarando, Katie Gibbons and Manzanilla also ran.

And now the sun never sets on Columbia's domain—nor on the consumers of

The Old Government Whisky

who inhabit nearly all parts of the globe.

The highest grade, purest, wholesomest liquor ever put on the general market.

"Bottled in Bond"—100% proof.

"Special Reserve," Bottled at Distillery—90% proof.

ADAMS-BOOTH CO., Sacramento, distributors.

PORT OF AVALON.

Banning Company Determines to Throw It Open to the Public.

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 26. — It has just become known that the Banning Company has determined to throw open the port of Avalon to the public, and to allow boats other than those owned by the company to land passengers and freight at that point.

The Banning Company has for several years denied the privilege of landing to other boats than their own, and no person who had not purchased a ticket via the Wilmington Transportation Company's line was permitted to land, their claim being that the island was private property, and that private rights should be respected.

The company now makes the announcement, however, that they have decided to throw open the port at Avalon to the world, regardless of any court decisions that may be made.

Prices Fixed for Raisins.

FRESNO, Sept. 26.—The Directors of the California Raisin-Growers' Association created nothing short of a sensation to-night among raisin growers by fixing prices for this year's crop. The prices are higher than they have been for years—since before the boom, in fact. They are as follows: Two crown, 5½c; three crown, 6c; four crown, 6½c; two crown London layers, $1.50; three crown London layers, $1.60; four crown fancy clusters, $2; five crown dehesa clusters, $2.50; six crown imperial clusters, $3; seedless muscatels, 5c.

Railroad Officials Go to Salt Lake.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 26.—Third Vice President of the Southern Pacific Railway J. C. Stubbs, Manager J. A. Fillmore, Passenger Agent Goodman and Julius Kruttschnitt are now preparing for a journey to Salt Lake, where they will meet E. O. McCormick, the head of the Passenger Traffic Department of the Southern Pacific, and the officials of the Northwestern and Union Pacific Railroads. It is said that the purpose of the conference is to arrange a new schedule for the arrival of Central overland trains.

May Be the Chicago.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—A two-pipe warship passed Sandy Hook from the south and went as far as Gedney Channel to-night. She then turned back and went off shore. The cruiser Chicago, with Rear Admiral Howison on board, may be the vessel seen by the marine observer, as she sailed from Bermuda last week, and would be due to-night or to-morrow. The Chicago is from the South Atlantic station.

Charged With Murdering Husband

SANTA ANA, Sept. 26. — District Attorney Williams to-day filed an information against Katie Cook, charging her with the murder of her husband, Tom J. Cook of Peatlands, on August 28th. October 6th was set as the date for her arraignment in the Superior Court. Mrs. Cook is considerably improved mentally and physically since her preliminary examination.

Barge Loaded With Rock Ashore.

CAYUCOS (Cal.), Sept. 26.—A barge from Morro Rock loaded with rock for the Port Harford breakwater parted its cable while in tow this morning and went ashore near Morro. The sea was very rough, and the loss will be total. The breakwater contract was held by Captain A. A. Pothamus of San Diego. It is believed that the loss will stop operations on the breakwater for the season.

Bradbury Goes to Jail.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 26. — W. R. Bradbury, an eccentric millionaire, who was sentenced in May, 1897, to twenty-four hours' imprisonment in the County Jail for expectorating in a street car, and has ever since fought the case in the courts, has been worsted at every point, and to-day went to prison to serve out the allotted term of punishment.

Chile's Floating Exposition.

SAN DIEGO, Sept. 26. — Prof. E. H. Coffey of this city, who has just returned from Honduras, says that while in that country he was informed by influential Chileans that their Government had chartered a 4,000-ton steamer to be used as a floating exposition of Chile's resources. The vessel was to leave Valparaiso, stopping at ports along the coast.

Fire at Tucson.

TUCSON (Ariz.), Sept. 26. — Fire in a store building this morning on Congress street damaged the building to the extent of $350, and gutted a sample room, causing a loss of $2,000 on samples carried by Sam Feldham, a representative of Murphy, Grant & Company of San Francisco.

Senator White Improved.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 26.—Senator Stephen M. White was so far recovered to-day that he was able to sit up in an easy chair. He will go South as soon as he is strong enough to make the journey.

Yellow Fever at Key West.

KEY WEST (Fla.), Sept. 26.—Forty-six new cases of yellow fever were reported to-day, and two deaths.

Hello! Hello!! Hello!!!

The latest story by Governor A. P. Riddle of the Minneapolis "Messenger":

"The telephone company is going to lose another 'phone unless the matter can be fixed up satisfactorily to all parties. One morning last week the father of one of the finest babies in the city went down to his place of business, leaving the infant heroically struggling with a severe case of cramp colic. Soon after arriving at his office the anxious father thought he would call up his wife and inquire after the baby's health. He rung the bell and when he had been recognized he called forth his number. 'Hello,' he called in anxious tones, 'how's the bellyache?' 'W-h-a-t, s-i-r-r?' came the response in a strange feminine voice. 'Ain't you my wife?' inquired the now thoroughly frightened man at the 'phone. 'No, I ain't, and I am going to report you. This is a dry goods store,' answered the young lady as she hung up the 'phone and rung off with a jerk that scared a dummy that was standing out in the sun sweating beeswax."

Competitors in a bicycle race should wear fast-colored hose.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

MORE HOPEFUL SIGNS FOR PEACE.

Said That Chamberlain's Dispatches to Commissioner Milner

Clear the Way for an Amicable Settlement of Transvaal Controversy.

British Journals Express the Hope That President Kruger Will Now See His Way to Meet Great Britain's Demands—That the South African Executive and His Advisers Still Have a Chance of Securing Peace With Independence.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—The general feeling, including that of the pro-Boers, as indicated by articles in the afternoon papers to-day, is that the published dispatches of the Secretary for the Colonies, Mr. Chamberlain, to the British High Commissioner in South Africa, Sir Alfred Milner, clears the way for peace, if the Boers desire it. In any event, it is pointed out that it affords further delay, which in the case of Great Britain is certainly advantageous, as it gives time for the reinforcement of the garrisons at the Cape. The papers generally, however, express the hope that President Kruger will now see his way to meet Great Britain's views, and the Westminster "Gazette," which is not an anti-Boer paper, says: "President Kruger and his advisors still have a chance of securing peace with independence."

In the meanwhile, the dispatch of troops to South Africa proceeds uninterruptedly. Three field batteries arrived at Birkenhead to-day, and will embark for Durban, Natal.

A cablegram from Capetown says: "Quantities of stores and ammunition are leaving here daily. The movement of the troops to Natal is merely a precautionary measure to secure the coal mines, and is in nowise in the nature of a menace. There are no imperial troops on the immediate border. Rumors of collisions should be received with caution."

A dispatch from Pretoria says that a Mauser rifle in the hands of a burgher, who was practicing with it, burst recently, and nearly killed him, with the result that a great number of the burghers are gravely concerned at the apparent insecurity of the new weapon. They assert that the cartridges are worthless, and are appealing to the Government to revert to the Martin, or investigate and remedy the grievances.

The "Times" has a dispatch from Johannesburg which asserts that the delay is creating the worst possible impression in the minds of the burghers, who tauntingly boast that while Great Britain deprecates delay upon the part of the Boers, she intentionally and unnecessarily prolongs the controversy because she is afraid to follow up her own game of bluff with the arguments of force.

Reports are heard on all sides of the eagerness of the Boers to start hostilities, and their postponement is said to be wholly due to the restraining influence of General Joubert. It is added that it is believed that this influence cannot be exercised much longer. There is a circumstantial rumor that General Joubert has received imperative orders from the armed burghers that unless he is prepared to take the initiative within a brief period he must relinquish his command of the army. This is looked upon as an indication of the Boer feeling.

The "Times" to-day has a dispatch from Pietermaritzburg, Natal, reporting that a meeting which has aroused a strong feeling among the loyalists, was held by the Afrikanders. A strongly worded resolution was passed asking the Government to recall the colonist forces on the border, as their presence there is inimical to peace and is calculated to cause trouble with their fellow Afrikanders. A telegram from Premier Schreiner was read saying the Government was working for peace. The meeting, notwithstanding, passed the resolution, which was supported by two Justices of the Peace.

The indications at the agency of the Transvaal Government in this city point to the belief that war is inevitable. Preparations are being made for removing the furniture from the headquarters, and the gloomiest impression in regard to the outcome of the crisis seems to prevail.

Montague White, Consul General of the South African Republic at London, wishes to return to Pretoria, but was informed by his Government that in the event of war he would be more useful at Brussels.

HOPEFUL SIGNS.

CAPE TOWN, Sept. 26.—The "South African News" to-day prints a dispatch from Pretoria saying the alleged change in British public opinion and the alarming reports subsequent to the meeting of the Cabinet are considered hopeful signs.

There is no official news from Bloemfontein. There is not the slightest doubt, though, about the attitude of the Orange Free State. At a meeting of Scandinavians it was unanimously decided to support the Government. Only twenty members of the First Raad are in town, and it is expected that the Legislature will dissolve at any moment. The Jews, at a meeting, have resolved to support the Government, and have offered to equip and provision a police corps of 200 men.

Piet Kruger, grandson of the President of the Transvaal, in a letter to the "Volksstein," asks whether or not it is the Government's duty to inform the Imperial Government that any further landing of troops will be considered a casus belli.

There is feverish activity in all the departments, and the dispatch of riders, carrying instructions to towns removed from the telegraph lines, is continuous.

IRISH WOULD STRIKE A BLOW AT ENGLAND.

JOHANNESBURG, Sept. 26.—A manifesto has been issued here by a number of Irishmen urging the Irish to strike a good blow at England, which has held the "Irish people in bondage."

GRIGGS TO PINGREE.

Attorney General's Reply to Michigan's Governor.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—Attorney General Griggs has written the following reply to a letter recently received from Governor Pingree of Michigan:

"I am in receipt of your letter of the 21st inst., asking me to send a copy of my opinion to the effect that the United States Congress cannot enact a law which would be effective in suppressing trusts, so-called.

"In reply, I beg to say that I have not rendered, either officially or unofficially, any opinion of this kind. On the contrary, this department has been engaged in bringing numerous suits in the United States Courts under the Sherman Act of July 2, 1890, entitled, 'An Act to protect trade and commerce against unlawful restraints and monopolies,' in several of which cases, notoriously that against the Trans-Missouri Freight Association, 166 U. S., 290, and that against the Joint Traffic Association, 171 U. S., 250, the result has been the suppression by decree of the court of the offending association or organization.

"You may possibly have reference to a letter of mine to a private citizen published several months ago in the newspapers, wherein I called attention to the fact that the only jurisdiction that Congress had over combinations or contractions in restraint of trade was in relation to those which directly affected interstate commerce. That this is true, and that is the full extent of the Sherman Trust Act, you will ascertain by reading the decision of the United States Supreme Court in the case of Hopkins vs. the United States, 171 U. S. 578, and the case of the United States vs. S. C. Knight Company, 176 U. S. 1.

"You are doubtless aware that it is not the right or function of the Federal Government to interfere with business transactions carried on within the several States, except upon some ground expressly authorized by the Constitution. Congress can regulate directly that which we understand by 'interstate commerce,' but it has no power to regulate or control business or commerce carried on wholly within the limits of a State.

"I have called your attention to these matters, not because I assume that you are ignorant of them, for you doubtless understand them well, but only in order to explain to you that I have not given, and could not possibly have given, any opinion of the purport expressed in your letter."

Revolt in Venezuela.

CARACAS, Sept. 26.—General Alvarez, Governor of the province of Bermudez, has revolted against the Venezuelan Government.

KENNEDY QUICKLY DISPOSED OF.

EASILY KNOCKED OUT BY PETER MAHER.

The California Heavyweight Put Out in the Second Round.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—Seven thousand spectators saw Peter Maher knock out Joe Kennedy, the California heavyweight, in the second round in the Lenox Athletic Club arena to-night. Before the fight the betting was 2 to 1 on Maher, but his victory was even easier than his friends had expected.

The knockout blow which Maher delivered was practically a double left swing and hook on the jaw, following a right hand swing on the opposite of the jaw. Kennedy fell as if hit with an ax, and although he was unable to regain his feet within the allotted ten seconds, he recuperated very quickly, and walked out of his corner to his dressing-room within two minutes after he was floored.

Round 1—Kennedy was the quicker, and led to the breast. Then Maher led his left on the body, and was countered on the neck. Kennedy cut out the pace, and they came to close quarters, both landing. Maher got first blood with a hard left on the nose. Kennedy clinched, and was cautioned for so doing, but immediately staggered Maher with a left on the jaw, and repeated the blow. When Kennedy came to him again Maher let go his left just before the bell.

Round 2—Both were more cautious, and took things easy. Maher landed a left to the face, and there was no come back. Sparring and fiddling followed, with Kennedy trying lefts, which Peter blocked, and then Maher put a left on the body and a right on the face. This last blow staggered Kennedy, and Maher, seeing his chance, quickly put a left to the face, and then swung his right and left to the jaw with all the force he had back of his big shoulders, and Kennedy went down and out. Time of round 2 minutes and 39 seconds.

In the preliminaries Jack Curley of this city knocked out Tom Purke of Pittsburg in the fourth round, and "Kid" Ash (colored) got the decision over Job Dwyer of this city at the end of a six-round bout.

LA FONTISE GOT THE DECISION.

DENVER, Sept. 26.—Moje La Fontise of Montana was given the decision over Eugene Bezenah of Cincinnati to-night at the end of a twenty-round bout before the Colorado Athletic Association. The fight was very evenly contested throughout, neither man being able to gain the advantage, but La Fontise did most of the leading, and showed a decided superiority in the mix-ups.

Any woman can keep a secret if she wants to, but the trouble is she seldom wants to.

It's a bad thing for an employe when he begins to think the boss couldn't get along without him.

"THE NONPAREIL STORE."

THE ABIDING PLACE OF ECONOMY

is what you'll find this store to be at all times, and just at this season, when your wants are so many, our aim shall be to make that fact more prominently manifest and appreciated than ever. The following items will surely be of interest to you in that line. Yet they are but a small fraction of the extended list which will be unfolded to you when you've entered our doors.

DOMESTIC SECTION SPECIALS.

Made Sheets at 48c.

Sheets, ready to put on the bed, and not the cheap, flimsy sort, either; They're size 90x90, of a good, firm bleached muslin. Priced special at 48c each.

Pillow Cases, 12c.

Ready made pillow cases, sizes 36x50, for large pillows, made of good firm muslin and well made. 'Twould hardly pay you to make them at special price, 12c each.

Honeycomb Spreads, 98c

Extra heavy, 11-4 size, will cover large double bed, are rich Marseilles patterns, and hemmed, ready for use. Priced special, 98c each.

Honeycomb Spreads, 50c

These spreads are plenty large enough for ¾ beds, and to tuck in; distinct in pattern, and will prove durable. Priced special at 50c each.

Nottingham Lace Curtains Special per pair $1.72

Two lines of white Nottingham lace curtains; our regular $2.50 and $2.25 styles. Priced special at $1.72.

25 pairs white lace curtains, regular $2.25 grade, four designs to choose from, all new and of the very latest patterns, floral border, plain centers, overlocked edges. Special price, $1.72 the pair.

25 pairs regular $2.50 quality, all new and pretty patterns, four different designs to select from; are 48 to 54 inches wide, and 3½ yards long. Special price, $1.72 the pair.

Ladies' Fast Black Hose, 12½c and 18c Special.

Two new lines in ladies' hosiery will be placed on the counter for the remainder of the week's selling at the above special price. They are full finished and with double sole, heel and toe.

Boys' School Waists, 25c

Waists for boys' school wear, well and neatly made from good, heavy navy blue, print of neat pattern, for ages 4 to 12 years.

Boys' and Girls' Caps and Tams.

Just the sort of headgear for little folks' school wear, navy blue cloth, which a shower will not damage; golf and yacht caps for boys, at 25c; Tam O'Shanters for girls, for 60c, 50c and 25c each.

Girls' Golf Hats, 48c.

75c is the regular price of these hats; they're pretty plaid golf hats, with a quill inserted in band; just the sort for misses' school wear. Special at 48c.

Ladies' Golf Hats, 69c.

85c is the regular price of these fine felt golf hats for ladies; they're the jaunty style, which replaces the sailor hat; colors royal, navy, brown, castor and gray; with large pelican quill. Special at 69c.

Handsome Trimmed Hats, $3.50 and up to $5

At the above prices you'll find we've prepared special a most tempting array of fine felts; stylish shapes, of the newest colors in combination with new colors in the trimmings, which comprise ribbons, velvets, fancy birds and wings — artistically and tastfully placed and contrasted; also, rich velvet creations, such as usually bear much greater price marks.

Ladies' Fine Dress Shoes, $2.50.

Ladies' stylish black kid lace shoes, with the guaranteed vesting cloth top; very stylish narrow round toe, patent leather tip; these are extra values, and worth your time to compare them with $3 shoes you've seen elsewhere; any size or width. Price, $2.50.

Misses' Dress Kid Shoes, $1.75.

Misses' cloth top laced dress shoes, made of an extra fine selection of vici kid stock, with either plain or vesting cloth tops; stylish round toe, spring heels; sizes 11 to 2, $1.75.

Blister Crepon Separate Skirts, $3.75.

The style fashion favors most in black, the newest cut, the blister pattern of odd design, in a mohair effect, as rich as silk; the most attractive, stylish and best skirts which are shown at the price; perfect in hang and sweep, properly lined and bound.

Homespun Tailored Suits, $10.

These suits are of wool cheviot homespun—one of the highly favored Autumn suitings. You've a choice of four shades—brown mixed, blue mixed and light or dark gray mixed; all in high demand; fly front jacket, with velvet collar; tailor stitched seams and around edge lined with bright, heavy silk; habit skirt, properly lined, bound and correct in hang. An extra value at $10.

Women's Kersey Jackets, $7.50

Very swell kersey cloth jackets—these, at a very modest price—$7.50; they're lined with heavy twill silk, have large fancy pearl buttons down the front; have tailor strapped seams, stitched, and three rows of stitching around edge; your choice from tan, castor, brown, navy and black; warm, dependable garments.

Wasserman, Kaufman & Co.

PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION.

How Some People Will Make Their Fortunes.

(Special Correspondence.)

BUFFALO, Sept. 24.—To the man who sees in the button hole of another's coat a simple celluloid button or tiny ribbon badge the figures which are being quoted in connection with the manufacture of such articles for sale the Pan-American Exposition is simply astounding.

Some of the figures were made known yesterday when Director Taylor of the Concession Department recommended to the Executive Committee that the Pan-American Badge and Souvenir Company be given the exclusive privilege of selling such badges, buttons and emblems prior to, and during the exposition. The figures submitted by President Buchheit were startling.

In the first place the figure submitted were in regard to the manufacture of a bronze emblem; a reproduction of the Pan-American emblem to be upon one side of the little pocket piece and a picture of Niagara Falls upon the other.

When one considers the weight of a bronze emblem the size of a half dollar it may be appreciated on what generous lines the company will work as the first order placed for bronze will be for three tons or 6,000 pounds and the celluloid buttons will be ordered in barrel lots instead of simply by the thousand.

To manufacture these badges and emblems the finest of machinery will be needed, and Mr. Buchheit will have a display at the exposition grounds that in itself will be a feature, for the dies and machinery with which the emblems will be manufactured will be silver plated and will be marvels of beauty.

Another concession that will be fully as interesting will be the making of plaster of Paris reproductions of the Pan-American emblem on a large scale. This concession will go to August Langanbahn, a venerable sculptor of considerable fame.

Mr. Langanbahn who met with success in Paris and Rome where he worked and studied for many years, was the first in the field in the plaster of Paris work, and reproduction of the emblem adopted by the committee was so beautiful that he was asked to make a number of copies for inspection by eminent art critics.

The reproductions which Mr. Langanbahn will have the exclusive privilege of manufacturing and selling will be about twice as large as a breakfast plate, and basing his estimate upon the sale of a similar emblem at an exposition at Paris the aged sculptor has estimated that within the next two years he will find it necessary to have not less than two ship's cargoes of a specially prepared plaster of Paris of great fineness and purity, for he will immediately have cast in steel so many copies of the emblem that with his force of men he can turn out not less than 350 of the rough casts in an hour. Then the work of finishing will begin, but it will be possible for the force to turn out many thousands of the handsome ornaments and relics and the optimists who have seen the work venture the guess that Mr. Langanbahn will not be at a loss to dispose of all he can manufacture.

Another concession that has just been let is that of manufacturing and selling a Pan-American spoon, and in that the figures run to astounding lengths for the lucky man who has secured the privilege has figured that within the next two years it will be necessary for him to make enough spoons to stock every hotel and restaurant in the country. The management of the coming fair is confidently counting upon on attendance of fully 15,000,000, and the souvenir spoon man cannot see how it will be possible for a single one of the 15,000,000 to escape him.

* * *

Carl Haganback, the greatest animal trainer in the world, and the man who has at Hamburg, Germany, the most numerous collection of wild beasts in the world, has written to Director Taylor of the Concession Department that he will arrive in America in a few days for a conference, as he wishes to have at the Pan-American a far greater display of animals than he had at the World's Columbian Exposition, and at that great fair he had enough beasts to supply a half dozen Noah's Arks.

* * *

There were a number of people who a few months ago attempted to say that it would be impossible to make the Pan-American Exposition Pan-American in the fullest sense of the term, for the reason that the republics of the South and Central Americas would not take the trouble of making this blaze in Buffalo in 1901.

Those people reckoned without reason, for the men of the tropics have decided almost to the extent of a majority that a showing in this section of the country would be of the utmost benefit to their countries, and the assurances which have been received lead the Commissioner General to believe that there will not be a country in either South or Central America that will not have a splendid representation.

Already nine of the subdivisions of those two countries have, through American Consuls or diplomatic attaches, sent word that there would be a representation, and yesterday William Eleroy Curtiss, the South American Commissioner, cabled Commissioner General Weber that the conferences which he had with the rulers of Peru and Bolivia had convinced him that those two countries would make displays of the utmost beauty, and that each of the countries would spare no expense.

Bolivia has sent word that she had originally intended to appropriate not less than 60,000 bolivanoes for her display, but after the visit of South American Commissioner Curtiss she might do even better and make the appropriation 75,000.

ROY CRANDALL.

How Pictures Should Be Hung.

"To hang and properly group pictures is not an easy matter," writes Maria Parloa in the "Ladies' Home Journal." "To succeed, one must have a good eye for distances, for straight lines, and for harmony in grouping, as well as a fund of patience—putting up and taking down each picture, or set of pictures, until the position, hight and grouping are perfectly satisfactory.

"There are two kinds of picture wire—one is gilt, the other is silvered. The gilt is more flexible, and remains untarnished and flexible longer than the silvered, but it is also more expensive. Extremely heavy pictures should be hung with copper wire.

"The picture hooks should be broad and well curved, that they may hold firmly to the molding and be a secure support for the wire. A yardstick or tape measure is indispensable, as careful measuring will lessen the labor and assure accuracy of position.

"A picture should be so hung that the bottom shall lie flat and the top be thrown forward slightly. The manner in which the screw-eyes are put in produces this effect. For a small picture they should be fastened two or three inches from the top of the frame; the larger the picture the greater should be the distance of the screw-eyes from the top.

"If the room be high it is easy to make it appear lower by fastening the picture molding two or more feet below the ceiling. This can be done only when the wall finish is the same all the way up, or when the frieze is deep. When there is the space of several feet above the molding small pictures and bas-reliefs in plaster are effective."

An old bachelor says some women take up music for the purpose of beating time.

The wise man uses his experience as a headlight and turns its rays on the future.

OVEN THERMOMETERS

A boon to housekeepers. Put your roast or biscuits in the oven. The thermometer is attached to the pan. You can tell just how hot the oven ought to be for whatever you have to cook. Come and see them here.

F. C. CHINN,
Optician, 526 K Street.

Fresh Fruit!

Bartlett Pears,
Tokay Grapes,
Muscat Grapes,
Isabella Grapes,
Strawberries,
Blackberries,
Peaches.

We have both cling and free peaches of prime quality. It will soon be too late for good peaches.

Curtis & Co.'s Market,
308 K STREET.
half a block below Weinstock, Lubin & Co.

MOTOR IS ROASTED IN SACRAMENTO.

Out of town roasts cannot be as fresh.

Fresh, home roasted coffee at twenty cents a pound appeals to

Your PALATE, your PATRIOTISM and your PURSE.

PERFECT DIAMONDS

Some diamonds are off color, others are imperfectly cut; many have flaws; not a few are poorly shaped.

When you buy a diamond here you select one from a stock of perfect stones. We do not handle second-class diamonds. This is not that kind of a store.

KLUNE & FLOBERG,
Jewelers, 528 K Street.