SEEDS,

Bulbs, Flowering Plants

Strawberries, Etc.

BY MAIL.

An Extensive Stock of the Very Best Varieties.

FREE----CATALOGUE----FREE

R. J. TRUMBULL & CO.,

419 and 421 Sansome st.,

mar4-3m SAN FRANCISCO

Notice.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN—THE undersigned gives notice that he has had the necessary assessment work done upon the Oro Fino, Eclipse, Indianapolis, Cabalos, and Silver Chief mines, in Arivaca District, Baboquivari Mountains, Pima County, A. T., for the year ending January 1, 1880, and paid the sum of $125 for the same; and unless he party or parties claiming said mines come forward within ninety days from the date of this notice and pay to me the sum of $125, that being their share of money paid for assessment work, said mines will be hereafter forfeited to me.

Tucson, March 21, 1881. mh21

Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO B. H. PETERSON, or those parties that claim under him, that the undersigned has had the necessary work done upon the Ada, T. and Charlie Rose mines, Patagonia District, in Pima County, A. T., for the year ending December 31, 1880, and has paid for the same, and unless said Peterson, or those claiming under him, come forward in ninety days from the date of this notice and pay over to me the amount I have expended in doing the necessary assessment work, said mines will be forfeited to me. A. A. CHILDS.

March 21, 1881. mh21

Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO JOHN KING, or those parties that claim under him, that the undersigned has had the necessary work done on the Golden Night and Nine Top mines, located in the Dragoon Mountains, Cochise, formerly Pima County, A. T., for the year ending January 2, 1881, and has paid for the same, and unless the said John King, or those owning under him, come forward within ninety days of this notice and pay over to me one hundred ($100), that being his share of the money paid for assessment work on said mines, said mines will be forfeited to me.

J. C. M. HOOKER.

Tucson, February 5 1881. fi3w

Laws of Meyers District.

MEYERS DISTRICT, ARIZONA, MARCH 19, 1881.—Amendment to laws of Meyers Mining District, passed March 19, 1881, and ordered to be published in the Arizona Weekly Citizen for six weeks:

"All mining locations made in Meyers Mining District shall be recorded in said District on or before twenty days after such location is made, or said mining location shall be subject to relocation. All mining locations heretofore made in Meyers Mining District and not recorded on records of the District shall be recorded on said records in Meyers Mining District, Arizona, on or before June 17, 1881, and all mining claims or locations of claims not so recorded in the records of Meyers Mining District will be subject to relocation.

Attest: A. CALDWELL, Chairman.
W. DANBY, Secretary.

Meyers District, Arizona, March 19, 1881.

MEYERS MINING DISTRICT, Arizona, March 21, 1881.—I certify that the above copy of amended laws to the laws of Meyers Mining District is a true copy of the same on District records of Meyers Mining District.

B. F. BIVINS, Recorder.
mh29 w6w By A. CALDWELL,
Deputy Recorder of Meyers District.

Notice.

IN PROBATE COURT, COUNTY OF Pima. In the matter of the estate of Frances Margaret Hunter.—In pursuance of an order of this Court, duly made and entered on the 14th day of April, A. D. 1881, notice is hereby given that SATURDAY, the 14th day of May, A. D. 1881, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, at the court-room of this Court, in the City of Tucson, County of Pima, has been appointed for hearing the application of Frank A. Hunter, praying that a document now on file in this Court, purporting to be the last will and testament of FRANCES MARGARET HUNTER, deceased, be admitted to probate, at which time and place all persons interested may appear and contest the same. J. S. WOOD, Probate Judge.

Dated April 14, A. D. 1881. ap20

Summons.

IN THE JUSTICES' COURT, PRECINCT No. 1, County of Pima, Territory of Arizona, before Wm. J. Osborn, Justice of the Peace. Frank Doyle, plaintiff, vs. H. H. Lyon, defendant—Action for debt account on demand, $117.7

The Territory of Arizona sends greeting to H. H. LYON, defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to be and appear before me at my office in the City of Tucson, in said County of Pima, on MONDAY, the 20th day of June, A. D. 1881, at 10 o'clock a. m., to answer the complaint of the above-named plaintiff, who demands of you that you are indebted to him in the sum of $117, and if you fail to appear and answer said complaint as herein required, the plaintiff will take judgment against you as demanded and for costs of this suit.

Given under my hand this 18th day of April, A. D. 1881. WILLIAM J. OSBORN,
ap18-w4w Justice of the Peace.

Summons.

IN DISTRICT COURT, FIRST JUDICIAL District, in the County of Pima, Territory of Arizona. JOSEPH A. BAYERS, plaintiff, against ALOISE MULLER, defendant—Summons.

Action brought in the District Court of the First Judicial District in and for the County of Pima, in the Territory of Arizona.

The Territory of Arizona sends greeting to ALOISE MULLER. You are hereby summoned and required to appear in an action brought against you by the above-named plaintiff in the District Court of the First Judicial District, in and for the County of Pima, in the Territory of Arizona, and answer the complaint filed with the Clerk of this Court at Tucson, in said County (a copy of which complaint accompanies this summons), within twenty days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service upon you of this summons, if served in this County; but if served out of the County and within this District, then within thirty days; in all other cases forty days. This action is brought by plaintiff to recover of defendant the sum of four hundred and ninety-eight 0-100 dollars, with interest thereon from March 1, 1880 and percentage allowed by law, said sum being advanced and loaned to said defendant at his special instance and request, as will more fully appear by reference to the complaint on file herein.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the complaint as above required, the plaintiff will take judgment by default in the sum of $498.04, with interest and percentage, and costs and disbursements in this behalf expended.

Given under my hand and the seal (SEAL) of the said District Court at Tucson, this 19th day of January, A. D. 1881.

my1 GEO. A. CLUM, Clerk.

Tucson Grocery Store,

GHAS. DETOY, Prop.

NORTHWEST COR. CHURCH PLAZA, TUCSON, A. T.

—Is the place to buy—

Groceries and Provisions

AT BEDROCK PRICES,

Wholesale and Retail.

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Blymyer Mf'g Co·

BELLS!

CHURCH, SCHOOL, FIRE-ALARM, FINE-toned, low-priced, warranted. Catalogue with 1500 testimonials, prices, etc., sent free.

LINFORTH, RICE & CO.,

Sole Agents for Pacific Coast, 401 Market st., San Francisco.

THE CITIZEN.

SUNDAY, MAY 8, 1881

ARTHUR LAING is in no manner connected with the CITIZEN, as correspondent or otherwise.

SIXTEEN painters are at work painting the new Railroad Hotel. The house is almost ready for occupancy.

TWELVE bars of bullion were shipped on Monday from the Silver King mine, valued at $26,300.

APRIL 30, the Contention mill, Tombstone, shipped four bars of bullion, valued at $11,281.38.

C. SELIGMANN & Co. are erecting a fine awning in front of their store on Meyer street.

MR. WETMORE has succeeded in producing a fair article of coke from the San Carlos coal.

THE Land Office at Florence has been reopened. The new Register has arrived, and is proceeding with dispatch to dispose of the accumulation of business of that office.

AN excellent place for picnics exists among the huge cottonwood trees a short distance beyond Fort Lowell. The shade is quite dense and the atmosphere cool and pleasant.

MR. B. A. FICKAS has begun the work of transcribing the records of that portion of the former limits of Pima county now embraced in Cachise county.

C. O. BROWN has got back from the Deer creek coal fields. In developing his claims he found some quite large veins of very fine coal. The railroad surveyors are within twenty miles of the coal fields.

THE following Postmasters have recently been appointed for Arizona: A. C. Cowan, Contention, Cachise county; Thomas L. Williams, Willcox, Pima county.

IT is reported on the streets that Messrs. W. M. Griffith and Jim Stewart have sold a mine in Tombstone for the snug sum of $500,000. Further particulars depouent saith not.

THE Las Vegas Optic says a heavy immigration has set in California via the Southern Pacific route. The passenger trains pass through Las Vegas loaded down with human freight.

As the hot weather approaches the people begin to wish that some enterprising individual had erected a summer hotel on the Santa Catalina mountains, where the weather is delightfully cool, the water unsurpassed and the hunting splendid.

THE Nevada, Cal., Transcript rereports that George F. Meek, who graduated at that office as a printer, has cleared $50,000 in a successful mining venture in Arizona, where he went about three months ago.

MR. H. BUCK, D. S. C., of Arizona, has returned from Tombstone, where he had an application to establish a lodge of Knights of Pythias. The call was signed by thirty-one persons. The new lodge will be instituted in about six weeks.

MR. WHITMORE, of Eau Claire, Wisconsin, accompanied Hon. Henry Cousins to Phenix and will assist him in dispatching the accumulated business of the Land Office. Mr. Cousins will soon pay a visit to Tucson.

MR. FRED CONZANTE, who returned a short time since from a three years' visit to his German home, contemplates securing two Indians from each tribe in Arizona, and will take them to his native country and exhibit them as objects of curiosity.

A CALL has been circulated, and fifty signatures obtained, for the organization of a Turn Verein society in this city. A meeting will be held on Sunday to elect officers and organize. As these societies are very progressive, the new organization will form a desirable addition to the local orders.

THE telegraph company are putting up a new wire between Tucson and Los Angeles. It has now reached a point a short distance beyond Yuma, and its erection so interferes with the working of the other wires that it is frequently impossible to get a list of Arizona passengers from California. It is hoped this will be remedied in a few days.

A CIRCULAR from General Superintendent A. A. Towne, of the C. P. R. R., announces that Mr. W. G. Curtiss is appointed Superintendent of Track for the Central Pacific Railroad and leased lines, and that Mr. A. A. Bean will succeed Mr. Curtis as Assistant Superintendent of the Southern Pacific Railroad of Arizona and New Mexico, with headquarters at Tucson.

WE learn from Mr. Woolfolk, of Pantano, that Mr. W. L. Vail is constructing a road from that station to the Total Wreck mine, a distance of seven miles. About twenty men are engaged in the work, and the force is soon to be increased to fifty. The new road will make a great saving in distance between the mine and railroad station, and greatly facilitate the working of the mine.

THE Pacific Iron Works, of San Francisco, are doing a vast business in the way of furnishing mining and milling machinery for Arizona mines. Besides introducing all the latest and most improved patterns, this firm always give the best satisfaction by reason of the superior and complete quality of their productions. Mill men will be benefited by a correspondence with Messrs. Rankin, Brayton & Co.

THE Phenix Herald says the Golden Star Mill at Cave Creek is one of the best ten-stamp quartz mills in the Territory. It is all ready to start up, but as yet lies idle through some company troubles. It would pay well as a custom mill. John Cheney lives near by in a cabin and acts as watchman for the property. We stopped and took dinner with him. He first came to Cave Creek in 1863. He has has mined on the Verde, Lynx Creek, Hassayampa and Black Canyon when the Indians were the thickest, and was in Prescott when it was surveyed. He thinks the Peck an especially rich district. "The Humbug District," says Mr. Cheney, "for twelve miles around Tip Top, contains more mineral than any place I have ever seen in my life, and I have mined in most of the Pacific Coast States and Territories."

Personal Notes.

A. K. Brewer is rapidly convalescing from his recent illness.

J. E. Carroll, of the famous Carroll mine, Shakespeare, New Mexico, is in the city for a few days.

Mr. W. Martin, formerly agent for Walker's Stage Line, has returned to Tucson, after a protracted trip through the mountains.

Moye Wicks has returned from a business visit to Ures, Sonora. He reports having been treated with the utmost hospitality by the people of Sonora.

Lieutenant Winchester is in the city, being summoned hither as a witness in the Gardiner-Hanna suit relative to the Grand Central South mine. Lieutenant Winchester is just recovering from an attack of malarial fever, and looks quite feeble.

The proverbial enterprise of Chicago merchants is being felt even in Tucson. Mr. Chas. A. Sturtevant, representing the large jobbing house of Hibbard, Spencer & Co., dealers in hardware, nails, cutlery, etc., 26 to 32 Lake street, Chicago, is now in the city in the interest of his house. Mr. Sturtevant is a pleasant and energetic gentleman, and will doubtless succeed in securing to Chicago a share of the trade of Tucson.

PINAL.

D. M. Humes shot a 400-pound bear while prospecting in Rogers District.

John F. Bartleson, of Silver King, is about to visit his former home in Belton, Mo.

P. A. Brown has returned from Laporte, Indiana, where he organized the Specie Paying Gold and Silver Mining Company.

GLOBE.

Geo. E. Lilly has arrived from Aurora, Ills.

E. F. Kellner and family have started East. Mr. Kellner will return at once.

Hazard and Lawrence have struck a four-foot vein of good ore in their Col. Surry mine.

Joshua Burris died at the residence of Mr. Asbell, near Phenix on the 24th ulto.

Mr. J. E. Palmer succeeds Judge Blake as superintendent of the Centennial mine.

Mrs. Putman, who has been visiting her sister here, has gone to her Illinois home.

Mr. Laughlin, a printer in the Chronicle office, lost a finger last Friday, in the cogs of a press while it was in motion.

Capt. Sterling, chief of the scouts of the San Carlos Agency, is gathering up the strays of his flock.

J. W. Haskin, superintendent of the Irene Milling and Mining Company, has returned from New York.

Bardy, youngest son of Mrs. J. E. White, died on the 26th ulto., of inflamatory rheumatism.

L. T. Fisher has retired from the Chronicle sanctum and has gone to Tombstone.

Pat Foley has been taken to the Hot Springs, near Camp Thomas, for relief from inflammatory rheumatism.

PHENIX.

Miss Stella A. Morehouse's kindergarten school is a success.

Prof. Frambes will visit his old home in the East for the first time in 23 years.

J. Barton and son have arrived from Apache county to reside in Phenix.

Dr. Jones and Johnny Packer have gone to Cataract creek to look after mines.

Patrick White, of McDowell, was acquitted on his trial for selling liquors to Indians.

E. T. Hargrave is in from his cattle ranch, 40 miles north of Ft. McDowell, to meet his wife, who is returning from a visit to her parents in Illinois.

TOMBSTONE.

Miss Nellie Cashman is treasurer of the Irish Land League.

Thomas Coglan is confined to his house with a severe bilious attack.

F. A. Pomroy, formerly of Pomroy & Green, druggists, has started for Idaho.

Sol. T. Anderson, of the Russ, has returned from King's Springs, much improved in health.

Councilman J. A. Kelley and wife were tendered a serenade Saturday night, on their return from an eastern visit.

A New Firm.

Messrs. Knox & Whitney have established a commission room on Church Plaza, as resident agents for the following San Francisco houses: G. R. Lucy & Co., soap manufacturers; R. W. Simpson, brushes, brooms, wood, willow ware; Lynde & Hough, codfish, herring, etc.; Franco-American Perfumery Co.; Bach, Meese & Co., wholesale liquors and wines; Cal. Champage Cider and Vinegar Works; Merry, Fault & Co., provisions and canned meats; G. W. Hume, genuine river salmon; Whittier, Fuller & Co., coal oil and leads; Arpad Haraszthy & Co., champagnes and clarets; also for Dixon's axle grease. Mr. Knox is a resident of Globe and is well known throughout the Territory, while Col. Whitney, active partner of the establishment, is well and favorably known as a thoroughly energetic and prompt business man, who will win success even under most trying and discouraging circumstances.

The new firm offers such inducements, by dealing direct with manufacturers, that retail dealers will find it to their interest to deal with them.

District Court—Stillwell, J.

TUESDAY, May 3.

Territory vs. I. B. Kowalskie—Venire for 50 jurors, returnable at 9 a. m., May 5.

WEDNESDAY, May 4.

Edward Rawson et al. vs. Edward Longbottom—Demurrer withdrawn, 20 days to answer.

Singer Manufacturing Company vs. M. McKinney et al.—Demurrer argued and submitted.

Extra jurors excused until May 5, 9 o'clock a. m.

Max Zier vs. San Xavier Mining Company—Demurrer overruled as to first and sustained as to second cause of action: five days to amend complaint, 20 days thereafter to answer.

P. Charauleau vs. Chas. Sausalle—appeal dismissed.

Chas. King vs. G. W. Atkinson—Demurrer sustained; five days to amend complaint.

MICHAEL BOYNTON went from this country to take a hand in the ruction in Ireland, and is now in an English prison. Paul Boynton went from this country to take part in the South American row, and is now in a Chilean prison. Our State Department is expected to get them both out of jail and back to the land of the free. Is the expectation altogether reasonable?—[Alta.

GALEYVILLE

Progressing Finely—The Development in the Mines—Gillispie District, New Mexico, Etc., Etc.

GALEYVILLE, Arizona, April 28.

EDITOR CITIZEN: Things here are progressing finely, every man that is able to do so is sinking on his claims, while those who are not are at work for wages in order to thoroughly prospect what they believe to be veritable bonanzas. When this camp first came into prominence, some six months since, this place was overrun with camp followers; men who go into a camp after others have found and opened it up for the purpose of living off of the labor of others. They overdid the matter and a great many left, which, though not changing the status of affairs one whit, gave the place the appearance being dull. The camp is now improving, but this time the number of men employed and the developments justify the improvements, therefore they will be permanent.

The Texas smelter is nearly if not quite all on the ground, and will be put in running order as fast as men do it. There are now about 30,000 bushels of coal on the ground and several hundred cords of wood, and both are being added to daily. This company also has, in addition to the carpenters, coal burners and wood cutters, some sixty or more miners at work on the mine getting out ore in readiness for the smelter.

In addition to this company are the Old Chihuahua Company, organized in the East, and the New Chihuahua Company, organized in San Francisco, both of which are opening up some first-class prospects. There are several other companies, including the Congressional, which are expected to commence work on a large scale shortly. Besides all these, there are innumerable shafts being put down by individuals, among which may be mentioned the Maine, Hell, Bruce, Black Goose, Crusader, Capitol, Glendower, Homestake, and numerous others whose names I cannot recall just now, all of which are showing up sufficiently well to induce the owners to push the work as rapidly as their means will permit.

Gillespie district, New Mexico, is now attracting considerable attention, every prospect there, with a single exception, carrying horn silver in large quantities, and all are improving as depth is attained. The single mine that carries no horn silver as yet, the Great Western, is by no means inferior to those that do, being plenteously supplied with black sulphurets of silver and native silver, assaying from $300 to $1400 per ton. A great many of the best prospects there are owned by parties here, and most of the outfitting for that place is also done here. An assayer, with a complete outfit for testing all classes of ores, starts for Gillespie next week, and, we understand, a stock of goods will be taken in there immediately. The owners of the Sunrise mine were offered and refused $60,000 for their mine last week.

Altogether, the prospects of this camp are brighter than ever before, and we confidently believe that ere many moons shall roll round many paying properties will be operated in this section. More anon.

EMBRYO.

Smelting Furnaces.

The wonderful deposits of copper and argentiferous galena ores being developed in various parts of our Territory are attracting the attention of capitalists in all parts of the world, and it is safe to say that "the half has not been told" in regard to them. The reduction of this class of ores is destined to be a business of vast magnitude. We are glad to be assured that California leads the world in this as in all other classes of mining machinery. The Pacific Iron Works, Rankin, Brayton & Co., of San Francisco, first introduced the Water Jacket system of smelting now used in all parts of the country, and have added many improvements which have greatly lessened the cost of handling these ores, as materially raising the standard of the bullion product. The Copper Queen furnace at Bisbee, that has made such a remarkable run was built at these works and another similar plant for the same company is now in course of construction by this firm.

San Diego.

Rapid progress is being made on the new gas works for San Diego. It is expected that they will begin to furnish gas to consumers about the 1st of July.

An insane Chinaman was sent from San Diego to the Napa Insane Asylum last week.

The project of the Julian City narrow gauge railroad is being agitated. The route proposed is via Warner's ranch, Santa Isabel and Ballena to San Diego, and it is estimated that it would insure a market for the crops on 300,000 acres of tillable land.

Sheep shearing in San Diego county is pretty well over. The clip is quite good, and well up to an average yield.

New Newspaper

Hon. Sam Purdy, Jr., has issued a prospectus of a new paper he purposes establishing at Yuma. He says:

"The Yuma Free Press will commence forming public opinion on or before the 15th day of next month. Like all newspapers, it will be devoted to the interests of the people, but, unlike some, will always remain true to its devotion. No private obstacle will be allowed to check or deviate its course to the public. I shall own and edit the paper."

Mr. Purdy is thoroughly competent to fulfill his promises given in the prospectus, and will give to the people of Yuma a live and readable journal.

A Waif.

[Los Angeles Commercial, May 3.]

There arrived last night a little lad, travel stained and weary, at the office of the Chief of Police, in search for his mother. The story of the child is a sad one indeed. He says that when he was five years old his mother, who appeared partially insane, treated him badly, and his father, a Mr. Besson, took him to Arizona and New Mexico, where he roughed it for five years. About five months ago his father was murdered by the Apaches, and since he has been making his way toward Los Angeles from near El Paso, Texas, to find his mother. His name is Anton Besson. The lad is now ten years old, speaks English and Spanish, with a little French, and is a very bright little fellow, with a premature development which his wild experience has brought him. His story was known to the railroad boys and they have helped him to plenty of food, so that he had a good "grub stake" left on arrival here. If any one knows his mother or any other relatives they will confer a favor by calling on the Chief of Police.

FROM GLOBE.

Happy Spring Time—The Death Roll—Bullion Production and Mining Developments.

GLOBE CITY, April 30.

EDITOR CITIZEN: The weather here at present is quite warm during the day, but the nights are cool and a pair of blankets (not Tucson blankets, either;) are very necessary for comfotrable sleeping. The surrounding hills are robed in beautiful spring time attire, whose verdant splendor makes cheerful and also beautifies the face of Mother Nature, while the little feathered minstrels gladden the weary human soul with their sweet, cheerful songs, the charming melodies of which float on the balmy mountain breezes from nearly every branch and bough. Indeed, it appears to us that spring time, especially in the happy mountain homes in the great west, is a vacation in life, for all alike—birds, beasts and all mankind appear to become animated with new life, and are more content and happy than they otherwise would be if there was no spring.

There has been some sickness here of late which in four instances in the past two weeks has proved fatal, from pneumonia, which is very uncommon in this section. The names of the deceased are of follows: Mrs. Wm. T. Gann, died on the 11th instant; Mr. C. C. Meyers, on the 14th; Mr. Andrew Stewart, on the 16th; little Bardy White, on the 26th, which completes the death roll for a long time to come.

The business outlook here is daily becoming more prosperous. We have news daily from every part of the district of new strikes and rich developments. We have three mills that are running on full time. The Mexican mill at Stanton, or Wheatfields, is running on Mack Morris ore, from Richmond Basin, which mine at a depth of 300 feet is yielding more and a better quality of ore than ever before, and the bullion shipments from the above mill for several days past we are told has averaged $1000 per day. The Stonewall mill at McMillen is also yielding an increasing amount of bullion. The Stonewall mine is turning out from a depth of 570 feet equally as good if not better ore than it ever has heretofore, which begins to look like permanancy to us. What say you? The Globe mill is running on Alice ore, which is also looking better every day as work progresses, and Mr. Wm. Beard, the able superintendent, informed us a few days since that he had enough ore out to run the mill steady for two or three months. The Irene mill we understand will be completed at an early day, and work resumed on the mine of the same name, which we believe honestly is second to no other silver mine in the Territory of Arizona, many reports to the contrary notwithstanding. The Golden Eagle mill and mine we are informed will soon start up again, and the Silver Nugget is also to be operated again shortly by Mr. Lennon, the former manager, and we truly hope he will succeed this time in placing the property on a dividend paying basis. All in all, we see nothing here to discourage anyone, but everything to encourage them. It is true times have been very dull here for several weeks past, but it is plain to be seen by the most casual observer that the pristime life and activity is daily returning, and all that is necessary to create a regular boom is to harmonize and pull together. PIONEER.

Harshaw.

[Hon. Pat. Hamilton in Prescott Democrat.]

The town of Harshaw is built in a gulch among the rolling hills of the Patagonia range. The houses are strung out for nearly half a mile, and are built of lumber, adobe and stone—the former material largely predominating. There are eight or ten stores in Harshaw, several lodging houses and hotels, corrals and blacksmith shops; while every other house throughout the town appears to be a saloon. The place has a thrifty and prosperous air. The trade with Sonora and the neighboring mining camps is large. New buildings are being erected, and a feeling of confidence pervades the community. About midway up the main thoroughfare, on the side of a low hill, is situated the mill of the Hermosa Mining Company. It is one of the most complete institutions of the kind on the coast. Everything is done on the automatic principle, and but little manual labor is required. It is turning out at present from $60,000 to $75,000 per month, and is not running to its full capacity owing to a scarcity of water.

On the high hills south, about a mile and a half from town, is the Hermosa mine, an immense body of free milling ore carrying chlorides and horn silver. The ore is easily reduced, and five tons to the stamp is the average work of the mill. The mine is opened by shafts, drifts and tunnels. The ore body has been cut at a depth of over 300 feet by a tunnel 700 feet in length, which pierces the mountain from side to side, thus affording plenty of ventilation. West of the Hermosa is the Hardshell, on which D. B. Gillette, formerly of the Tip Top, is now operating. Although the developments are as yet but slight, the ore body is fully as large as in the Hermosa, and is said to be fully as rich. Gillette's success in the mining line is still attending him, and it is nearly certain that he has secured another bonanza nearly equal to the Tip Top or the Hermosa. Nearly two miles west of the Hardshell is the Trench mine, now owned by Haggin and Tevis, of San Francisco, but worked centuries ago by the Jesuit Missionaries. Some of the finest hoisting machinery ever brought to the Territory has been erected on the property, and the mine is being opened in a thoroughly systematic manner. The main shaft is down 300 feet, and two levels have been opened. The Trench is a strong, well defined vein, with good walls, and promises to become valuable property. The Alta mine, south of the Hermosa—on which there is a shaft 100 feet deep—is not being worked, but it is said will soon resume operations. These are the leading mines of Harshaw camp, and they give employment to nearly 200 men, which makes it one of the livellest in Arizona. In the way of wood, water and delightful climate it is not surpassed in the Territory, and its future is most encouraging.

IN one of the camps on Ann river, Minnesota, lives a Chippewa squaw who is enjoying the society of her twenty-fourth husband, the medicine man of the tribe. Forty years ago, at the battle of what was called Battle Hollow, she was living with her thirteenth husband, a distinguished warrior, who fell pierced by the arrows of the Sioux. Since then she has been married and divorced from ten husbands, and married the present one eight months ago. She is old and goes by the name of "Old Monument."

County Recorder's Office.

MINING LOCATIONS.

Rescue, Papago, April 26; N W Bernard, J E Curry, John Brogan.

Baack Bros, Tyndall, April 10; Arank H Baack, A B Cacy, Frank Cacy.

Surprise, Rincon mountains, April 26; F P Teal.

Mountain Chief, Rincon mountains, April 26; F P Teal.

Martha, Rincon mountains, April 26; F P Teal.

Philadelphia, Rincon mountains, April 26; S Milligan.

Hidden Treasure, Rincon mountains, April 26; S Milligan.

Roman Beauty; Rincon mountains, April 26; F P Teal, S Milligan, M Gratto.

Last Chance, Rincon mountains, April 27; M Gratto, R C Brown.

Hard to Get, Rincon mountains, April 26; F P Teal, S Milligan.

Gold Flat, Quijotoa mountains, April 5; Conrad Beck.

Gold Dust Baboquibora mountains, April 4; Wm Warford, A L Warren.

Black Prince, Gold Mountain district, Jan 5; B W Connelly, John Renshaw, Thomas Thomlinson.

Hubb, Gold Mountain district, Jan 5; B W Connelly, John Renshaw, Thomas Tomlinson.

O'Connor, Empire, April 13; Ralph P Elliott, Edward Downer, James H Campbell.

Florence, Oro Blanco, March 13; W H Knarp.

Scorpion, Santa Catarina mountains, March 24; Wm Burt.

Cap, Santa Catarina mountains, March 24; Wm Burt.

MILL SITES.

St Lawrence, Greaterville, April 4; L H Gormley, R R Richardson.

WATER CLAIMS.

Creek four miles south of Greaterville, April 4; O D Bleakley.

Creek five miles south of Greaterville, L H Gormley, R R Richardson.

DEEDS FOR MINES.

Frank Raymond to Thos M Norwood, J H Miller and Geo T Buell, Continuation mine, in Greaterville district; $1.

Wm N Leet et al to Geo A Brown, 1-3 Picacho, Cocospis; 2-9 Don Diego, Cababi district; 1-3 Cobricio, 1-6 Fernandez, Cumbabi district; $1.

Wm K Elliott to J McC Elliott, Knox, Buckeye, Mountain View, Legal Tender, Fair Play, 1-3 Bullion, 1-3 Grant, 1-2 Sherman, 1-2 Exchequer mines, Pima district; $1.

W F Fitzpatrick to Charlie Kresham, 1-2 Bull Whacker and Copper Queen, Silver Bell; $200.

W F Fitzpatrick to Teresa C Kresham, 1-6 Bells, Silver Bell; $100.

Fredk Blabee to Geo A Wilson, Sheridan, Collateral, Pino Alto, and Opesura mines, Rincon mountains; $1.

J J Baker to Thomas Wilson, 1-14 Lasander mine, Patagonia; $500.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION.

Silver Eagle Gold and Silver Mining Company, by C H Wilson, Geo Conkling, Jas Ledgewood, Jas W Lawrence, Miles M Obrien, John G Jennings, Harrison Dingman, John McCafferty, J C Fitzpatrick, 200,000 shares, $50 each.

Consolidated Arizona G and S M Co, by Jas W Lawrence, Geo Conkling, J H Lane, Harrison Dingman, Daniel Robinson, 200,000 shares of $50 each.

WRITS OF ATTACHMENT.

L Zeckendorf vs M Goldbaum, lot in Harshaw; $96.72.

Rogers Bros & Co vs H M Bragg, Mark Twain mine, Washington district; $18.

DEEDS FOR REAL ESTATE.

Corporation of Tucson to Luterio Acedo, lot 7, block 195; $9.61.

R S Barclay and J M Luttrell, to L C McBlain, lot in La Noria; $250.

City of Tucson to Geo F Foster, lot 7, block 215, Tucson; $7.88.

Richard Woffenden to Guadalupe Mendoza, part of lot 1, block 235, Tucson; $300.

Guadalupe Mendoza to Albert Steinfeld, part of lot 1, block 235, Tucson, $300.

POWERS OF ATTORNEY.

Morse & Co to Edward Hudson, power to cancel certain mortgages.

Frederick Smith to Leopold Winter, to sell lot in San Diego.

APPOINTMENT OF AGENT.

Appointment of Albert Steinfeld as agent of Copper Queen Mining Co.

Territorial News

[Phenix Gazette.]

The little son of Mrs. J. W. Swilling is now lying very low, and we understand its life is almost despaired of.

Some eighty tons of ore from the Union mine, Winifred District, is on the dumps at the mill on the Grand Canal.

Hon. E. Kirk Hart and Edwin Porter, after a month's sojourn in our city, examining the mines of Tonto Basin and rusticating in the mountains, leave to-morrow for their homes in Albion, New York. Mr. Hart expects to be joined by his family at St. Louis.

Mrs. Josefa Frederico de Serrano, wife of Fernando Serrano, died last Saturday evening at their residence on Monroe street. She was well known for her many charitable acts among the sick and afflicted of her race. It is a sad blow for her husband, for besides losing his wife he is left with two small children.

In conversation with Capt. Woods on Saturday, he related to us his experience during a cloud burst on the Gila, near Gila Bend. He states that himself and his son Will were out looking for his horses some few days since, when they noticed a huge cloud moving with great rapidity towards them, and having some knowledge of the workings of the elements, thought that it might work injury to the stock and themselves. But letting the animals take care of themselves, himself and son sought refuge along the side of a gigantic cactus tree, and awaited results. They were scarcely in position before the cloud had attained a position directly over them, and as they expected, burst. Mr. Woods says that without witnessing one of these cloud bursts, no one can picture the scene. The rain poured down in torrents. They stood clinging to this tree with water around them as cold as any sleet rain he ever experienced in Iowa, for half an hour, when they went to the rescue of their horses. To search for them they were compelled to wade from knee deep to shoulder in swiftly running water, where but a short time before they traveled dry shod. It was with difficulty that they got them to a high piece of ground. Mr. Woods and his son had a narrow escape with their lives. Willie Woods, by being in this cold water for so long a time was thrown into a heavy fever. He was brought to Phenix and placed under the care of Drs. Wharton & Rosson for medical treatment. He is improving.

THE old adage, "stuff a cold and starve a fever," has been thoroughly exploded by science and experience. Often the best thing to do for a cold is to starve it, to the extent, at least, of giving the patient a very light and simple diet till the cold is broken. Moderation in diet, or even a touch of actual fasting by the sacrifice of a meal or two, will often prove better than medicine in subduing the cold.

GEN. JOUBERT, the Boer leader, said to an Englishman not long ago: "I do not fight as your soldiers and officers do, for a cross or piece of ribbon on the breast; we fight, though unwillingly for our homes and liberty and the country which our ancestors fought, worked and died for before us."

After the War.

The story is often told in and about Richmond of an interview said to have occurred just after Lee's surrender, between Secretary Stanton and Major Drewry, commander of Drewry's Bluff at the time of the attack upon it by the Union fleet in 1862. The Major, who had been a dry goods merchant in Richmond before the war, and who is a common sense man of the world, knowing that all further resistance was in vain, went at once to Washington to see the Secretary of War. Very doubtful whether Stanton, always stern and usually overbearing, would see him if he knew his name and mission, he went into the Secretary's private office unannounced. In his presence, the ex-rebel, without any preamble, said: "Mr. Secretary, I am Major A. H. Drewry, of Richmond. I have fought against the Federals as well as I could for four years. But now the war is over, and I want to go to work again. I have hundreds of acres of wheat land on the James; they have been sadly neglected all the time, and they need my immediate attention. We've been whipped, and I've got sense enough to know it. Now that peace has come I want my pardon." "On what grounds?" inquired Stanton severely. "First, on the grounds of having had fighting enough; secondly, because I have helped to improve your navy by showing you how poor wooden ships are in action. After I had driven off the Galena, Aroostook and the other vessels you began to build iron boats, and made your navy what it ought to have been at the start. You owe me a pardon for the valuable information I furnished to your cause." Stanton relaxed as the Major went on, and finally, pleased with his candor and boldness, invited him to call the next day at a certain hour. Drewry was prompt. The two had a long talk; the Secretary gained much information about the South, its condition and prospects, and handed the Virginian his pardon. The Major kept his word. He went to work immediately, and has continued to work ever since without troubling himself about politics and political theories. It more of the Southerners had imitated his example the South would be in far better condition than it is to-day.

Mining Altitudes

[Bodie Free Press.]

A good deal of nonsense is being indulged in by contemporaries about the altitudes at which mines, and especially silver mines, are found; and one paragraph, evidently started by some man from the Louisiana low lands, says that "scientific men have proved by actual measurements that most of the great silver mines lie 10,000 feet above the present sea level, and among the richest are some 2000 feet higher still." Job, of the land of Ux, who was doubtless better versed in geology, mineralogy, metallurgy and practical mining than many of the editors who keep the above quotations afloat, said: "Surely there is a vein for the silver and a place for the gold where they fine (refine and purify) it." Rich mines have been found as high as 16,000 feet, and many of them as much as 10,000 feet above the level of the sea, but it does not follow that silver mines are found only at such altitudes. The highest croppings of the famous Comstock are considerably less than 8000, and the Eberhardt, of White Pine, Nevada, which was the richest mine of the known world, is barely 9000 feet above the sea level. The Carthaginian mines of antiquity, which at one time employed 40,000 operatives, were scarcely 5000 feet high, and the richest mines of Tombstone, Arizona, do not attain even so great an altitude. In all the broad mineral region of Nevada no paying vein of silver ore has been found at an altitude of 10,000 feet. It does not follow even that, because veins of silver are found in the older rocks of lofty mountain ranges, they may not also be found in the sandstones and other sedimentary rocks of the valleys, as in the case of the vast rich regions of Silver Reef, Utah. The speculation as to the "altitude of mines" is all nonsense, for "surely there is a vein for the silver," and that vein is likely to be found, all other conditions being favorable, at an altitude of 4000 as at one of 10,000 feet.

Washington and Cornwallis.

[London Telegraph.]

It is not generally known that at moment when Lord Cornwallis surrendered to General Washington the humbled Englishman simultaneously uncovered his head. With characteristic thoughtfulness General Washington prayed him to put on his hat, as—the weather being chilly and wet—there was danger of his catching a cold. "It does not much matter what now becomes of me," exclaimed the dejected Englishman, to which, in a firm voice, General Washington at once replied: "On the contrary, my lord, I anticipate for you a long career of distinction and honor in the service of your King and country." How truly these generous and prophetic words were borne out may be seen by those who care to read the epitaph upon the monument erected by a grateful country to Charles, the First Marquis of Cornwallis, in St. Paul's Cathedral. Yet memories of this kind only serve to remind us that, in Keble's beautiful words, "Brothers are brothers evermore; no distance"—and it may be added—"no bickerings break their tie of blood."

The Solid South at Stake.

[Chicago Times.]

"The people think we are fighting for a few offices," said a Senator from one of the Southern provinces the other day. "The notion," he said, "is a very erroneous one. We would not continue this struggle twenty-four hours if there were nothing in it but a few offices. It means a great deal more than that. If the Mahone movement in Virginia succeeds we shall have to surrender half a dozen Southern States. It will make political rebellion and treason respectable in the South. Mahones will spring up in all directions. Sir, the very existence of the Democratic party is at stake in this struggle."

THE law punishing one man who treats another to a drink is now in full blast in Wisconsin, and a very singular case happened in that State last week. An editor, Charles B. Harger, of the Evening Wisconsin, Milwaukee, was arrested for treating a brother editor. The singularity of this case is that an editor should do such a thing—first, from moral considerations; second, from financial. Editors are good, but not rich. There is nothing strange in the fact that has since leaked out, that the editor, when he found he had violated the law, at once gave himself up to justice. This is just like an editor.—[Chicago Printer.

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