WEEKLY CITIZEN.
SATURDAY, - - OCTOBER 13, 1883

Local Intelligence.

North Carolina has an owl 83 years old.

A large number of Nogales people are in town.

Dentistry Dr. Burgess is at the Palace.

Levin will fit up the old Fashion in gorgeous style.

Peter Tormey will have a lunch counter in the Fashion.

L. Zeckendorf & Co. are shipping ore from Plomo to Benson.

Arizona double discounts Italy on her sunsets, rains and vegetables.

Arizona has just as many square miles of arable land proportionately as California.

Paul Reicker has completed his survey of the line between Pinal and Pima counties.

Seven large wagon loads of Plomo ore arrived in town yesterday, en route to Benson.

The judgment against the Omega mine has been rendered for $27,000 in the district court.

The St. John Era's idiotorials are mostly essays on the beauties of the polygamous creed.

Wells, Fargo & Co. continue their business in Sonora, although it requires a double force of men.

The prisoners in the county jail are all democrats, consequently that cannot be the republican headquarters.

The Daily Mule has been started at Walla Walla. It will probably sustain its invariable reputation for kicking.

The contract between the U. S. Marshal and the Board of Supervisors for boarding his prisoners has been annulled.

Captain H. Hale is said to be the purchaser of the Carmen mine, Setentrion district, for an amount somewhere near $20,000.

A prisoner in the county jail, named Hoffman is occupying his time by knocking pen-and-ink pictures of superior merit.

All United States convicts one year and under go to Yuma, all two years and less go to Laramie; all over two years go to Detroit.

The Tucson mountains are being prospected very closely. If even low grade ores can be found it will pay to haul them to the smelter.

The following bullion was shipped from the Contention mine during the two weeks ending Oct. 6th: Contention 14,000 bars; Grand Central, 16 bars; total 25,000.

Land patents for the following parties are at the land office: Caroline G. Hancock, Francisco Castro, Mateo Jamarillo, Samuel A. Maulave, Elias A. Jones and Jesus Montoja.

Messrs. Fred Fleischman, L. S. Williams and J. G. Goodman are the commoners appointed by the Knights of Pythias to have charge of the entertainment to be given next month.

Dr. N. H. Matas, in a private letter to his wife in this city, says there is great distress in Hermosillo, occasioned by the pestilence. The people are in need of help. Measures are being taken in San Francisco to that end.

It is said that the Southern Pacific company is offering inducements to Pacific freight to come by way of Maricopa. If it can hold the business at this point teaming will continue to be quite large through this valley.

There is no language more simple, pure or more loved than the old Anglo-Saxon. The most eloquent speakers are best acquainted with its words and use them. It never had an original alphabet, but was modified from the Roman. Pitman's phonetic characters is the first purely Anglo-Saxon alphabet.

We had the pleasure of a call from Antonio Prendo this morning—the gentleman in the Citizens announced had recovered from his yellow fever in Sonora, and we acknowledge that he is the healthiest corpse we ever saw. The Citizens was misinformed, and is glad to make the correction.

When Sheriff Paul returned to Willcox from the robber hunt he telegraphed to Sheriff Shannon at Florence that he had Elmer and Hensley and for him to come and take them, but to bring two coffins. Yesterday he received the answer "Don't want them. Allow me to congratulate you."

R. H. Stratford has a very fine porte-crayon picture of himself, sketched by Miss Isabella Lovell, of San Jose, Cal., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Lovell, of this city. The picture is from a photograph, and has been faithfully and creditably reproduced, and reproducible the Judge just as he is, without any flattery. The work is very creditable to the young lady, especially as she has never seen the subject.

Joseph Betz, ex-mayor of Papago, has sold his business in Tucson and gone to San Francisco to reside permanently. It is rumored that a quiet wedding is to take place soon after his arrival at the Golden Gate, and the Betz are two to one has still be one of the principals. His many warm friends in Tucson, while regretting the loss of his presence, congratulate him on his proposed venture.

THE CARMEN MINE.

A Purchase Made by Iowa Capitalists.

This property is located in the Sentenicion mining district, on the western slope of the Sierra Madre, in the canton of Matamoras, and is in the southwestern corner of the state of Chihuahua. It can be reached by a long and toilsome journey on mule-back from the city of Chihuahua over perilous roads on the Sierra Madre. There is an easier road from the Pacific slope. The Carmen is an old mine that was worked many years ago by the Mexicans. It finally fell into the hands of an American named Thomas Bay, who "denounced" it. Bay lives about fifteen miles from the mine at present. He has been a Mexican judge. He married a Mexican woman and has a family.

Professor P. D. Barnhart, who returned last evening from a trip to the mine, imparted the following information to a Citizen reporter.

The professor left Tucson August 24th in company with Captain H. Hale and J. Hall, two gentlemen from Iowa, who represented capitalists willing to try the Carmen mine, providing it was favorable. The party proceeded to Guaymas and sailed on a schooner to Agua Bampo bay. They then went overland to Alamos, and thence to Fuerte. From the latter place they journeyed northwesterly 85 miles a mule back up the Sierra Madre to the Sentenicion district.

The Professor says the Carmen ledge has been traced 3,000 feet. It has an average width of 50 feet, and a minimum thickness of thirty feet. The ledge has no hanging wall, and in some points has no foot wall. Some aways have gone up into the thousands, but no dependence is placed upon the permanence of these portions. D. B. Ren is the superintendent. The Iowa gentlemen were so well pleased with what they saw that they made a bargain for the purchase of the mine and bought it, paying the money down on the spot.

The professor tells the usual story of all who come from Guaymas in reference to the yellow fever there, and its ravages. The natural fertility of the State of Sinaloa, he says, is wonderful.

In answer to inquiries about the company to work the Carmen, he said one would soon be organized.

Official Records.

LOCATION NOTICES.

Rose mine, Amole district, by James Slade, et al.

DEEDS.

P. J. Garcia to C. C. Stephens the Saragossa mine, $3,000.

C. C. Stephens to P. J. Garcia an undivided one-half interest in the Saragossa mine, $1,500.

Juan Valenzuela and Felicita Valenzuela to Geo. R. Shepard lot 7, block 120, village (now city) of Tucson, $200.

What Californians Think.

Californians have a queer idea of Arizonans as the Eastern tenderfeet have of Californians. A Californian thinks Arizona is all desert, with here and there a bare rock sticking its head above the desert sands. They think the Arizonans all wear long hair down to their shoulders, and carry cartridge belts, and two Colt revolvers and a bowie knife, and spend all their time practicing shooting out bar-room lights or plugging the heels of the tenderfeet with leaden messengers of death. They think Arizonans are especially partial to parsons and when they can entice one into a saloon they put a few volleys into the floor between the parson's perambulating perpendicular extremities, and then have him pray, dance and sing until he is exhausted. With them the Arizonan has the reputation of being very skillful with his revolver. He can twirl it around on his finger several times very rapidly, bring it down to a sight and then knock the eyebrows off of a bumblebee at a hundred yards away, or plug the long bole of a barrel rolling down hill. The William-Tell tricks of shooting an apple or a ten cent piece out of each other's hands is early taught to their kids. They think that the Arizonan makes his living by cribbing live stock of the Mexicans in Sonora and running them across the border, and shipping them by rail to California. It is a common opinion among Californians that when Arizonans get broke at faro, their only intellectual amusement, that it is a very ordinary occurrence for them to take the Wells Fargo box from a stage or go through the pay car to recuperate the attenuated condition of their exchequers. In fact the Caucasian of Arizona is little better than the savage Apaches, among whom there are none innocent of blood. The Californian thinks that the average Arizonans are ex-bank cashiers or harbor commissioners, and have a holy terror of them accordingly. When the Arizona delegation were marching in line at the Knights Templar Conclave at San Francisco they were greeted by the cries of "cow-boys." If the valiant knights of the sun-kissed land had drawn their glittering swords and soiled their polish in the gore of the carcasses of the restless the net would have been as acceptable to Heaven as when the she-bears came out of the wood and devoured the forty-two children of Bethel when they mocked Elijha, the bald-headed prophet of the Lord.

A Submerged Dam.

In the lower portion of Los Angeles county, California, the people have built a submerged dam across the bed of the Santa Ana river. This river, like many rivers in Arizona, is full of water in the wet season, but dry as a powder house in the summer. The river contains water up in the hills, but as soon as it reaches the valley the stream disappears in the sands. The dam was put down to the bedrock. The result is that the whole valley has more than enough water; for, instead of the mountain stream seeping its way to the ocean through the sand, the submerged dam holds its water in abeyance to be used in irrigating the surface of the earth.

The Santa Cruz is just such another stream as the Santa Ana. Rising in the Patagonia mountains, it trickles through Sonora, and then takes nearly a straight shoot for the Gila. In some rainy seasons its course has been plainly traced to its connection with the last named stream. After coming into Arizona a few miles, at intervals it disappears beneath and then appears above the surface of the desert sands, till a little way below Tucson there are no further indications of any moisture. At Tucson the stream is so divided by acequias or irrigating ditches that it is hard to determine just where the old river bed was.

The soil of the Santa Cruz valley is very similar to that of the Santa Ana, if not superior, as time will prove when it shall be irrigated.

There is every reason in the world to believe that the waters of the Santa Cruz, that rush down so bountifully from the Patagonias, find their way to the Gila through the seeping sands of the desert, down what is marked on the maps as the "supposed course of the Santa Cruz." This could be tested by digging a few wells along at various points, and ascertaining the amount of water in the subterranean river.

If a submerged dam were built from Tucson to Warner's mill across the old river bed, this immense body of water that now flows noiselessly to the sea could be caught and spread out on the surface of the valley, literally making "the desert blossom as the rose," and removing the curse from the ground that Providence placed upon it.

The soil here is certainly as fertile as is that of what was supposed to be the Carson desert, but is now solely through irrigation an agricultural district unexcelled for prosperity.

DAN MOORE.

A Fight Between Cattle Men and Settlers Over Land.

On the 24 instant Governor F. A. Tritle pardoned Daniel Moore who was serving a year's sentence at Yuma on a conviction of arson. The pardon was granted on a petition signed by ten of the jury who convicted him, by all of the attorneys of the bar except five, and one of these was absent. Another was of the firm who prosecuted him, but promised to intercede personally with the governor. Another knew nothing of the case. There were also separate petitions of the shorthand reporter of the court, the clerk of the court, the probate judge before whom the proceedings were bound on habeas corpus, by all the justices of the peace, by the judge who convicted him and many citizens, all of Pima county.

The governor granted the pardon without the usual thirty days' notice for remonstrance.

The facts, as set forth in the petition, are as follows:

Moore settled on a ranch in the Whetstone mountains with a few head of cattle and horses. He put a shanty on his land and lived in it. There was an old tumble-down adobe house on the same tract. It was built by a man named Harrison, who with his boys would on occasion ally stop over night in it while hunting up their cattle. The land was unsurveyed, and according to the national laws all improvements on public lands are lost when abandoned, and become the property of the successor. According to this Harrison's adobe became Moore's property. After Moore settled on the land Harrison sold the adobe to a man named Griffith. He, through a man named Kinnear, put a Mexican family in the adobe house. Moore came to Tucson, and from Col. C. E. Dailey, of the land office, obtained the information that to acquire the land he would have to live on it five years. When Moore returned to his home, owing to mistaken ideas as to his rights under the law, he ejected the Mexican family from the adobe house, and burnt its roof. He was arrested, and held in jail here four months. He was tried last June, and convicted of arson, and sentenced to one year's imprisonment at Yuma. He had served nearly three months when Governor Tritle's pardon set him free. Moore says he is going to go back to his old place.

Clifton Clarion: The editor of the Clarion, while in New York, had an opportunity of conversing with a number of gentlemen who have invested large sums of money in mines in this Territory, and who are well posted in regard to our resources, prospects, etc. In the course of conversation the Apaches and General Crook's "glorious" campaign into the Sierra Madre naturally came up, and without exception they were pronounced in their hostile criticisms of the old man. They claimed that Crook made a cowardly surrender to the Indians in order to save his own scalp and the scalps of his companions in arms.

Josiah Dils, a well known merchant and most exemplary and popular young man of Alexandria, died yesterday after a brief illness with typhoid-malarial fever. The remains were brought to Prescott for burial.—Journal.

TERRITORIAL DISTRICT COURT.

Hon. A. W. Sheldon, Associate Justice.

MONDAY, October 1st.

Kinley vs. Omega Copper Co.—Judgment for plaintiff for $27,312.22; also ordered that upon entry of this judgment the judgment for $64,624.44 be vacated.

Tully, et al. vs. Kinley.—Motion to dissolve injunction continued for the term.

U. S. A. vs. H. A. Wilson.—Given till Oct. 3rd to plead.

TUESDAY, October 2nd.

Tully et al. vs. Kinley.—Plaintiffs have leave to file a supplemental complaint if they see fit.

Reid vs. Acedo.—Submitted for decision.

U. S. A. vs. Henry L. Hart et al.—Until October 4th given counsel to file briefs.

Drake et al. vs. Gunsight M. Co.—Continued till October 8th.

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 3.

Goodman vs. San Catarina Copper Co.—Defendant given till October 4th to file affidavit for continuance.

Cal. Powder Co. vs. Katz—Motion stricken from calendar; demurrer passed for the present.

Chaima vs. Aguirre—Continued for the term.

Drake et al. vs. Gunsight M. Co.—Demurrers sustained from counts 14 to 22 inclusive; case tried; three claims admitted, balance referred to referee.

U. S. A. vs. L. S. Foster.—Case tried; defendant found guilty. Sentence set for Friday, Oct. 5th.

In re special venire.—Ordered that special venire issue to U. S. Marshal to summon thirty persons to serve as trial jurors returnable Oct. 4th, at 10 a. m.

Woods vs. Osborn et al.—Cause tried and continued till Oct. 4th.

Mercer vs. Acebodo.—Continued till next term.

Mercer vs. Acebodo et al.—Continued till next term.

THURSDAY, October 4th.

Goldwater vs. Morgan.—Motion to set aside service of summons denied. Exception.

Gervais vs. McDaniels.—Messrs. Haynes and Stiles entered as counsel for defendant. Motion to set aside submission heretofore made set for hearing Oct. 5th.

Goodman vs. San Catarina Copper Co.—Case peremptorily set for trial Oct. 5th.

U. S. A. vs. H. A. Wilson—Demurrers overruled and exception taken. Set for trial December 5th.

In re return U. S. Marshal of thirty jurors—U. S. Marshal makes return of the following persons to serve as jurors, to wit: A. V. Grossetta, S. E. Hall, Asa Fick, D. J. Rooney, J. M. Wilkins, A. B. Sampson, R. Sanders, J. S. Crosley, M. F. Freeman, Richard Starr, W. A. Scott, Sr., Geo. Allison, H. F. Bennett, George Hacke, W. J. Perry, C. F. Brown, A. Brichta, R. G. Balcom, H. L. Caples, R. H. Palmer, J. H. Jenks, H. D. Russell, Mart Moloney, J. Phy, I. Goldtree, P. Deachman, F. W. Davis, J. B. Sutherland, T. B. Fitch, R. V. Bluxome, all of whom answered.

U. S. vs. C. H. Lord—Cause tried and continued till October 5th.

In re discharge of special venire—All jurors brought in by special venire not in the present panel excused for the term.

Woods vs. Osborne et al.—Case submitted, to be filed October 5 at 10 a. m.

Hoffman vs. Fulton et al.—Case argued and taken under advisement by the court.

FRIDAY, Oct. 5.

It is ordered by the Court that members of the bar or others who have papers belonging to the office of the clerk of this court return the same within five days from this date, and that when papers are taken from the clerk's office, the same must be returned within five days.

U. S. A. vs. L. S. Foster—Defendant sentenced to six months imprisonment at Yuma, and pay a fine of $1,000.

U. S. A. vs. H. A. Wilson—Defendant admitted to bail on filing $500 bond in each case.

U. S. A. vs. L. S. Foster—Nolle prosequi entered.

U. S. A. vs. C. H. Lord—Cause tried and defendant found guilty. Defendant go on his own recognizance to appear Oct. 6 at 10 a. m. subject to sentence or any motion to be made.

Farley vs. Williams—Judgment and costs for plaintiff.

Gervais vs. McDaniels—Case dismissed at plaintiff's costs.

All jurors excused for the term.

SATURDAY, Oct. 6.

Farley vs. Galey et al.—Continued for the term.

U. S. A. vs. C. H. Lord—Hearing of motion for new trial continued for the term. Defendant admitted to bail in sum of $500.

Jeffords vs. Hine et al., and DeLong et al.—Motion for change of venue to Cochise county submitted without argument.

U. S. A. vs. H. L. Hart et al—Defendants given 20 days additional time to file authorities on demurrer.

In re appointment of committee to frame rules of court—J. A. Anderson, W. M. Lovell, W. Earll, John Haynes and Hugh Farley appointed to frame court rules and report November 1, 1883.

Goodman vs. San Catarina Copper Co—Case set for next term.

In re allowance of accounts of U. S. officers—Z. L. Tidball, expenses at and previous to the adjourned March term, 1883, $331.50; Z. L. Tidball, feeding prisoners from April 1 to June 30, $445.20; expenses at and previous to adjourned March term, 1883, $301.50.

J. A. Zabriskie, official services for the adjourned March term, $1,490.

Loring S. Williams, official services for the adjourned March term, $241.42.

Benjamin C. Barroll, official services for the adjourned March term, $124.60.

F. W. Gregg, fees from July 1, 1883, to Sept. 30, 1883, $67.85.

Solomon vs. Norton & Stewart—Transferred to Graham county.

Whiteside vs. Levin et al.—Affidavits on motion to vacate order to be filed.

In re U. S. accounts continued—Z. L. Tidball, witness fees at and previous to adjourned March term, 1883, $145.05.

Z. L. Tidball, juror fees at the adjourned March term, $1,093.

Z. L. Tidball, fees and expenses at and previous to the adjourned term, $4,-720.

The most complete stock of crockery and glassware ever brought to this territory is that carried by the old and reliable firm of A. D. Otis & Co, on the corner of Meyer and Pennington streets. There is no style or class of the wares mentioned, however fine, quaint or costly that cannot be found on their shelves. Hardware, embracing all classes of miners' and mechanics' tools, is made a specialty and is carried in quantities sufficient to meet any and all demands. Painters' materials, including steamas, varnishes, brushes, oils, etc., are always in stock.

The immense lumber yard, under control of the same enterprising firm, is one of the largest in this territory and is supplied with the best pine and red wood procurable, both finished and undressed. No size or quality of timber is wanted either for house, bridge, or mine use, that cannot be readily supplied. Their prices are living prices. Don't fail to give them a call. Correspondence solicited.

The subjects of Alfonso are bargaining about the extraordinary courage and bravery of their young ruler in the recent attack of the mob in Paris. It is hard to see how the Colonel would have acted differently. They say "he was as cool as a cucumber, and never made a move toward escaping." Had he have done so and jumped out of the carriage, the turbulent French would have pummelled him severely, and might have murdered him. Alfonso knew enough to see that far ahead so kept his seat. Nothing very courageous about that.

A few weeks ago the wife of a man named Conlin startled this community by declaring she had married him under the impression that he was his twin brother. To-day her husband brought suit against Daniel Newman, a leading citizen of this State, claiming $5,000 damages for alleged alienation of his wife's affections. The parties are all prominent, and much interest is manifested in the case.

Cattle for sale, Apply to B. G., P. O box 161, Tucson.

News Items.

It cost Missouri $10,000 for the Frank James trial.

Elections will be held in Ohio and Iowa October 9th, next Tuesday.

The Philadelphia Common Council has fixed the tax rate at $1 85 per $100.

The total valuation of Vermont is given at $169,022,800, against $167,733,-000 last year.

Sparrows were recently substituted for pigeons in a shooting-match at Philadelphia.

Ohio's Auditor reports that the collections under the Scott liquor-tax law are nearly $2,000,000.

The Irish Nationalists of New York have subscribed $10,000 to a fund for the defense of O'Donnell.

The Santa Fe road, a few days ago, sold at $3 19 per acre all its lands from Topeka westward for 150 miles.

Crushed strawberry is no longer fashionable, shot blue and plum color having, in a great measure taken its place.

A letter, containing $3 in bills, turned up at Ilion, N. Y., after wandering through various postoffices for sixteen years.

A child born in Savannah, the other day, weighs one pound and a quarter, and is nine inches long. It is in very good health apparently.

In a St. Louis justice court, the crowd of spectators recently became indignant and pounded the justice, jury and witnesses unmercifully.

At Cohassett, Mass., they have discovered a rock which, looked at from one position, gives a very good contour of the features of Daniel Webster.

The New York Graphic says: It is currently rumored on Wall street that Henry Villard has secured a very large, if not a controlling, interest in the Times.

Boston's big sewer, which has been nearly ten years building, and which has already cost about $4,000,000, is expected to be in working order by the 1st of January next.

A Philadelphia Judge recently rebuked a jury for failing to agree upon a verdict in accord with his views of the case. The jury then reconsidered and found the defendant guilty.

J. M. Barlow, an express messenger on the Utah Northern Railway, wrote upon his certificate of membership in the Odd Fellows a plea for forgiveness, and then blew out his brains.

A band of half-breed Chippewa Indians residing in the Turtle Mountains have informed the Surveyor-General of Dakota that they will not permit a government survey of their reservation to be made.

In Brooklyn, New York, the other day, a gentleman went into a bank to deposit $1,000. He placed it on the desk in a book. A young man standing by nudged him, telling him he had dropped a bill. While he was stooping to pick it up, the young man, who, by the way, had dropped the bill, abstracted $700 from the depositor's book and disappeared before the theft was discovered.

Foreign News and Gossip.

Fish dinners are fashionable in England.

The Pope gave audience a few days ago to 5,000 Italian priests.

The French government has placed about 170 judges on the retired list.

London, with a population of 400,000,-000, has a death rate of only 22 14.

The United States exhibitors obtained twenty-seven of the 5,223 awards at the Dutch exhibition.

One of the Marquis Tseng's dispatches to the Chinese government is said to have cost $25,000.

Saint Salens' "Henry VIII" has been given twenty-five times at the Paris Opera. The average receipts have been $3,500.

In some parts of Russia it is believed that if the bride tastes the cake on the eve of the wedding her husband will not love her.

Paris bonnets are now provided with a mansard, in which is stored the knot or coil into which the hair is twisted on the top of the head.

Paris is to be delighted by bull fights after the Spanish fashion. The director of the Hippodrome has imported a party of bull fighters from Madrid.

The Mongols have at last invaded Paris. A Chinese restaurant has been established there, at which one may feast on dessicated eggs and bird's nest soup.

The Empress of Russia has just ordered a cloak of sable fur trimmed with gold and enriched with precious stones, the whole cost being placed at $43,000.

Millocker's operetta, "The Beggar Student," is fast approaching its three-hundredth night in Berlin. It has already yielded the composer a profit of 50,000 florins.

Queen Marguerite of Italy was recently so courteous to a Westerner who was presented to her that the latter now calls her a "democratic daisy." The power of compliment could no farther go.

By the death of Admiral Patton the number of surviving Trafalgar veterans is reduced to four. The gallant Admiral was ninety-one years of age, having been only fifteen when he fought at Trafalgar. He retired from the navy in 1847.

Professor Huxley, on hearing recently that there were many new houses in the best parts of London which had no connection with the main sewer, remarked that he hoped the London Sanitary Protective Association might soon obtain power from Parliament to hang a few builders.

A company has been formed in London for furnishing water at such a pressure that as much as ten-horse power, it is said, can be obtained from a one-inch supply pipe. The scale of charges is regulated by the amount of water consumed, the company furnishing the motors at a rental of about $25 a year. For the water the charge is from $1 50 to $2 per thousand gallons, according to the amount used.

Pacific Coast Items.

The tug Tacoma is reported aground near Seattle, W. T.

The Standard mill at Walla Walla, W. T., was burned Wednesday.

Near Virginia City, M. T., last week, two horses were killed by lightning.

Navigation has been difficult in Puget sound for some days because of a very thick fog.

A coasting steamer Una, which went ashore at the entrance of Yaquina bay, is a total loss.

C. A. Reynolds, who shot Pollard at Downey City some weeks ago, has been held for trial without bail.

Nevada county has fixed its tax levy at $2 10 on the $100, an increase of thirty-five cents over last year.

The State Grange began its eleventh annual session at San Jose Wednesday, and will continue in session for five days.

The dwelling of Joseph Faull, near Nevada City, was destroyed by fire Wednesday. Nothing was saved. Loss about $1,000.

The Woolgrowers met in convention at the Dalles Wednesday. Resolutions urging protection by national legislation were adopted.

Work, which had been suspended for some time on the canal between lakes Washington and Union, W. T., was resumed on Monday.

The Monterey fair opened Wednesday under favorable auspices. The display of stock is good, and excellent outdoor sport is promised.

A Portuguese named T. N. De Brite was killed by a passing train at Port Costa, Monday. He had just been released from a hospital in that city.

The buildings at the race track at Susanville, the property of E. V. Spencer, were burned on Monday night. Loss about $8,000. The fire incendiary.

Dan McDoern, a brakeman, received a compound comminuted fracture of the left leg at Redding Wednesday, he having fallen before a car. He was sent to Sacramento for treatment.

A gourmand of Cazenovia ate 106 raw clams at one sitting recently. He afterward said it was a clamitous proceeding

A Visionary Bishop.

Judges Johnson, Smith and Kernan have decided the cases of J. B. Manix against the late J. B. Purcell et al. The opinion was delivered by Judge Smith, and occupied nearly three hours. Out of nearly 200 pieces of property held by the archbishop, fourteen were selected for this trial as being representatives of all. Nine of these were churches. The others were cathedral, including the archbishop's residence and schools, the seminary at Commersville, the orphan asylum and St. Joseph cemetery, old and new. The court found that in the case of the churches that though the titles were in fee simple in Archbishop Purcell, yet they were built from money raised by members of different congregations, and that the title in the archbishop by reason of the ruler of the church were in such cases as this the court is bound to regard; that the archbishop held the title only as trustee for the uses of the congregation, and that the property so held could not be subjected to the payment of debts of the archbishop. In the case of one church the majority of the court found that the evidence shows that the archbishop had advanced some money, and the church was liable for that amount to the assignee; as to the cathedral and Catholic school built by the archbishop directly from funds placed in his hands, except about $60,000 raised by subscription, the court held that though the archbishop held the property in trust as he did other churches, yet to the extent of the amount advanced the assignee was entitled to recover interest for the benefit of creditors.

Knights of Pythias Conclave.

The next session of the Supreme Lodge of the world of the Knights of Pythias convenes at New Orleans in April, 1884, and it is desired by the southern Knights and citizens to make it a notable event. To that end extensive preparations are being made in that city for a grand celebration, and the famed Mardi Gras Festival has therefore been postponed until that date in honor of the occasion. A large representation from every State where the order exists is expected to be present. Nevada has already taken steps to send a large delegation, and the California lodges, with 7,000 members, have been urged, through a circular from John H. Gyselaar, Supreme Representative, to take some action in the matter. A committee, composed of one member from each lodge, will be formed, to take the necessary action for the formation of a club, and endeavor to have California well represented. The members of the order have been assured by the railroad companies that reasonable rates will be charged for transportation to New Orleans and back. The Knights of Pythias celebration at New Orleans is expected to excel that of the Knights Templar in San Francisco, and several thousand uniformed Knights will parade. A competitive drill will be one of the features of the celebration. A delegation from the Uniform Division of California it is especially desired will be present.

An exciting scene took place lately in Loughres, Ireland, at the eviction of a tenant of Lord Clanricarde's, named Power, who refused to pay his rent. When the observed the bailiff in front of his door he ordered him off, and declared that he would lose his life rather than give up possession. The bailiff withdrew and informed the sheriff, who returned with a large force of police. Possession was demanded, but Power refused to give it, and said he would defend the place with his life. The sheriff's assistant climbed a large gate, and Power, rushing at him, seized a large stone which he attempted to throw at him. The party proceeded to smash the door, and Power than rushed up stairs, seized a bar of iron, and tried to strike them out of the window, but was prevented by his wife. They finally succeeded in effecting an entrance accompanied by the police, and seized all his effects, which were sold at public auction without any bidding, demonstrations on the part of the people of the locality.

Mr. James Grogan came in from the United Verde mines this morning. Mr. Grogan erected the furnace for the company, and having seen it fairly at work, goes to other fields of labor. He reports everything moving along prosperously and the ore as rich as ever. Specimens from the Eureka mine are just literally full of native silver. The bars and matte carry from $200 to $600 in silver to the ton. He pronounces the United Verde the richest mine in Arizona.—Gazette.

Surgeon Main, of the Marine hospital service, at Brownsville, Texas, sends the following recently received from Mexico to Washington: In Tapachula, State of Chiapats, a panic reigns on account of the great mortality caused by black small pox. The town has a population of 20,000 and 1,200 died, decomposition setting in in many cases before death. Mexico seems to be a good breeder of contagious diseases.

Davidson County, Tennessee, has voted the acceptance of the proposition of Huntington and other projectors of the new road from Cincinnati to Nashville, and that the county shall levy a tax sufficient to pay half the cost of the bridge across the Cumberland river, to be used jointly by the railroad and by the county as a free bridge.

The Mexican soldiers are closing around the Apaches at Casas Grandes. Hopes are strong that a decisive blow will soon be struck and these red handed fiends swept from existence.—Chihuahua News.

But they are "closing around" so infernal slow, that the Apaches may be a thousand miles away at the final round up.

J. W. Duncan, recently from Texas, has purchased from settlers in the San Simon valley a large amount of land, and proposes putting thereon about 25,-000 head of cattle. He has also located a water right privilege, and intends running pipes a distance of fifteen miles to the Southern Pacific railroad, so as to furnish his stock with water along the line.—Republican.

The Prescott Courier wants to see a democrat from Yavapai, Mohave or Apache county elected as Delegate to Congress at the next election. We move to amend by striking out "democrat" and inserting "republican." We have tried a democrat for two terms and would like to have a change.—Mohave County Miner.

GENERAL CROOK will avail himself of a hunt in the wooded country between Fort Verde and Fort Apache, that country for 150 miles afford hunting of which the "Gray Fox" is said to be fond of. We trust he will not divide his cartridges with the Indians.

THE Western spirit and enterprise injected into the New York World under the new management has raised it to one of the first newspapers of the country, besides raising Ned among all of its neighbors, including the Herald, Times and Tribune, which have been forced to follow its lead. Pulitzer has shaken up the old fogies of New York, and shown them what a live man can do.

Henry Villard, like many others of our most successful citizens, is of German birth, his native place being Speyer on the Rhine. He came hither early in life, and though at first inclined to study law, he was eventually led to devote himself to journalism.

In the city election in Boston the democratic ticket was chosen except the city clerk, one councilman and one assessor. The democrats have one majority in the city government. The comptroller and school board are democratic.

The city council last night called an election to be held on the 24th inst., to vote on a proposition to issue $25,000 in bonds to aid in the construction of water works at Prescott.—Journal.

THE New York Herald occupies five columns in the World of the 30th ult. to say "Herald at two cents. Cheapest paper in America." The Herald knows the full value of advertising.

N. H. Price, of Mineral creek, reports the loss of eleven calves from a disease which he thinks is black leg.

SAVE MONEY! SAVE TIME!
By Ordering the Champion Safe of the World!
Manufactured by the Detroit Safe Company.
The advantage of these Safes OVER ALL OTHERS will be fully explained by addressing or calling on
NOBLE & HALL,
General Southwestern Agents. Tucson, A. T. Warehouse on R. R. Track, west of Porter's Hotel.

All Sorts.

A novel idea—The plot of the story.

All that it is cracked up to be—flour.

The Light of Asia—The Japanese lantern.

The green backers of Butler!—Philadelphia Press.

When was venison the cheapest? When the man paid two deer for a whistle.

The artesian well throws up its water because it has a spring bottom.—N. O. Picayune.

The latest refrain of the Salvation Army is said to be, "If you can't get in at the Golden Gate, get over the Garden Wall."

Kentucky Colonels are said to be amazed at the statement that it took Prince Alexander, of Hesse Cassel, thirty years to become a Colonel.

When a death occurs in a Boston family the surviving members eat black beans for a month, as a mark of respect for the dead.—N. Y. Independent.

A Kentucky hog lived forty-three days without water. There other Kentuckians who have not tasted water in as many months, and they live, too.—Troy Times.

The oldest Mason in the state this week is Pierpont Potter, of Jamaica. Last week his name was Smith; next week it may be Jones or Brown.—Troy Times, Sept. 26th.

The patient man is sure of his reward. A horse balked with a man in Buffalo the other day, and he sat there in his buggy for nine hours before the animal moved on.

It would appear that a man able to pay premiums on $440,000 life insurance, as it is said does W. K. Anderson, of Titusville, Pa., is rich enough to get along without life insurance.

Old gent: "Ah, Mrs. B., did you keep a diary during your visit to the country?" Mrs. B, indignantly: "No, sir, I didn't. The family bought milk from the neighbors."—Cincinnati Traveler.

SMEARDON AND EUSTIS

Another Letter From Dr. Gregory Confirming the Death of the two Men.

HERMOSILLO, SONORA, October 6, 1883.

EDITOR CITIZEN: The two men who died in a secluded room on Carmen street, were undoubtedly the parties your issue of the 4th inst, says. The Englishman was tall and erect, very sandy, almost red, and somewhat bald headed; a bloated appearance; wore a straw hat, sides hung down pretty well as if much used in the wind; wore grey clothes. Billy lived one day longer and the result is not one line, letter, memoranda nor anything can be found, unless one Dr. Geiscish who called in at the last hour, and who, I am informed, has his valise, etc. One Gestner who was then a health officer, tells me $1,-500 was sent them here on their arrival and he thinks it is deposited in the store of Calderon.

Billy was the leading spirit of the two as he often scolded the other for for drinking so hard, etc. I enclose you all the lines found on Billy's baggage, except an envelop printed on the back. The valise of Billy, a leather one two feet long, is in my possession, contains a white petticoat, flounced at the bottom a pair of white pants and a red flannel shirt. The grey blankets were burned and had a much used and greasy appearance. Billy wore a black hat and shoes laced in front and a steel mixed coat, black cloth vest, and a sort of plaid pants of heavy cassimer. Summing up the acts of the two men these are the parties you claim no doubt. When they first arrived they said they might have to wait here as long as two weeks and they wanted to be alone, hence their renting the room on Carmen street.

I enclose the lines found and an envelope.

The valise is at your command, or any one wishing it. It is a new valise, wooden covered with leather, a lock and key to it.

PAUL GREGORY.

(The letter to Mr. Eustis, spoken of above, is written by W. R. Mould, dated San Francisco, Sept. 23, 1883.—Ed.)

THE VERDICT.

Died From Gunshot Wounds While Resisting a Posse.

Sheriff Paul last night received from Justice Nichols, at Willcox, the verdict of the jury impanelled to inquire into the cause of the death of the famous stage robbers, Hensley and Elmer. Following is the verdict:

TERRITORY OF ARIZONA, COUNTY OF COCHISE. }

In the matter of the inquisition upon the bodies of Charles Hensley and Jack Elmer, deceased, before W. F. Nichols, Justice of the Peace, acting coroner.

We, the undersigned, the jurors summoned to appear before W. F. Nichols, Justice of the Peace and ex-officio coroner of the town of Wilcox, county of Cochise and Territory of Arizona at Willcox, A. T., on the fourth day of October, 1883, to inquire into the cause of the death of Charles Hensley and Jack Elmer, the two persons found dead at Willcox, having been brought here from the vicinity of Hugh Percy's ranch, about ten miles northwest of Willcox, having been duly sworn according to law and hearing the testimony adduced, upon our oaths, each and all do say that we find the deceased were named Charles Hensley and Jack Elmer, nativity and age unknown, that they came to their death on the night of October 3d and morning of October 4th, 1883, in this county, by gunshot wounds at the hands of R. H. Paul, sheriff of Pima county, and his posse, while they were attempting to arrest deceased.

All of which we duly certify by this inquisition in writing by us signed this 4th day of October, 1883.

F. M. JEFFRIES, Foreman.
W. A. POINTDEXTER,
A. T. WISDOM,
F. C. GRAVEL,
B. F. BROWN,
D. W. SMITH, Jury.

(Signed:)

TERRITORY OF ARIZONA, COUNTY OF COCHISE. } ss.

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of the verdict rendered by the jury at the inquisition held by me on the bodies of Charles Hensley and Jack Elmer.

Witness my hand the 8th day of October, 1883, at Willcox, A. T.

W. F. NICHOLS, J. P.
Acting Coroner.

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a recipe that will cure you, free of charge. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph T. Inman, Station D, New York City. o3l-1y

As evidence of prosperity among the ranchers on Salt River and Tonto, Jack Eaton reports the sale of 12,000 feet of lumber, and 22,500 shingles, part of which is to build a school house on Salt River. Fred Medler and the Klines being the other purchasers.—Silver Belt.

An address of congratulation from the International Arbitration and Peace Association for Great Britain and Ireland has been sent to Signor P. S. Mancini, Minister for Italy. The address dwells on the services of Signor Mancini in procuring the embodiment, in the treaty of commerce between Italy and Great Britain, signed on the 15th of June, 1883, of a clause binding the two high contracting powers to submit to impartial reference any dispute that may arise in the interpretation or application of the said treaty, and of a clause of arbitration in a treaty between Italy and Belgium, signed December 11, 1882, and on his long labors to give practical effect to the beneficent principle of arbitration, instead of barren diplomatic conflicts and ultimate appeals to force. The address is signed by Lord Shaftesbury, the Duke of Westminster, Lord Aberdare, Lord Robartes, the Bishop of Exeter, Mr. Bright, M. P., Mr. Villiers, M. P., Sir Wilfrid Lawson, M. P., Sir John Lubbock, M. P., Sir Edwin Watkin, M. P.; chairman of the Channel Tunnel Company, and many members of Parliament and other gentlemen.

Cattle for Sale.

Stock cattle, and cows with or without calves, calves not counted.
R. M. WILKIS, Agt.,
d&w1m 221 Meyer street.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

Unclaimed letters