Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
Gold Medal—Midwinter Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

In all the great Hotels, the leading Clubs and the homes, Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder holds its supremacy.

40 Years the Standard.

LOCAL NEWS.

The jury in the case of Zeckendorf vs. James, returned a verdict in favor of the plaintiff, giving judgment for $4000.

The west bound passenger arrived this morning at half past ten o'clock and the east bound at 1:30 this afternoon.

The rain in Tucson last night was about the heaviest that has fallen for a long time. In the middle of the night there were running rivers in many of the streets.

There will be a meeting of Tucson Lodge No. 4. F. & A. M., tonight, October 23rd, at 7:30, for work in the third degree. All master masons in good standing are fraternally invited.

A large crowd was assembled at the residence of W. P. B Field this morning in attendance upon the auction sale of furniture which took place there.

Two boys, whose combined ages were not twenty-five years, had a hearing yesterday upon a charge of vagrancy. They were sentenced to five days a piece in jail, and given an opportunity to escape.

A card at the post office this morning announced that there would be no trains either way today. The washouts along the different railroads this year have caused an almost unequalled disturbance in the arrival and departure of mails.

A wrecking train went out last night to a point between Heaton and Montezuma to repair a break in the track and replace a freight car which had overturned. The accident occurred at the place of the last washout on the road.

The entertainment given by the ladies of the Methodist church, at the opera house last night was witnessed by a large and appreciative audience. It was a success financially as well as in its production, in consequence of which everybody is well pleased.

Thousands of lives are saved annually by the use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. In the treatment of croup and whooping cough, the Pectoral has a most marvelous effect. It allays inflamation, frees the obstructed air passages, and controls the desire to cough.

It is a matter for congratulation that the epidemic of diphtheria is subsiding in the city. No new cases have been reported for several days past, and those under treatment are not considered dangerous. Many quarantine cards have disappeared and patients are rapidly convalescing.

The new furnishing store in the Grosetta building will be opened about Nov. 1, by Seligsohn Bros, and will gain prominence under the name of the "Nonpareil." As complete a stock of gents' furnishing goods as was ever brought to the territory, will be on their shelves.

The stories in McClure's for November will comprise, in addition to the first installment of the Kipling serial, two dialogues by Anthony Hope; a true story of railroading in the Rocky mountains in winter, by Cy Warman; a romantic story of a diamond robbery; and a Thanksgiving love story.

The rains in Arizona this year have been more copious up to this time than ever before. Reports from every section of the territory confirm this statement. Should the weather continue warm for a while, the feed on the ranges will be abundant. The outlook for fat cattle is better than for many years, and consequently, stock men are more than happy.

Charles C. Suter, the well known locomotive engineer, who has been running on this division for years, has been nominated by the republicans of Tucson for county recorder. If the people of his county have the good sense to elect him they may be sure they will have a faithful officer.-Western Liberal.

Superintendent Randolph and W. G. Curtis, of San Francisco, who is chief of the department of engineering, bridges and roadway, have been on a trip of inspection over the eastern end of the Tucson division of the S. P. They came into the city on Thursday evening and left again yesterday.

A jury in the Yavapai county mining case was secured yesterday and the trial began this morning. The examination of witnesses has been in progress all day and the prospects are fair for a long continued case. Eminent legal talent is engaged on both sides, and the battle will be hotly contested to the finish.

Reports from the north are to the effect that a very heavy rain fell in that section during the past couple of days, and that the grass on the ranges is higher and thicker than it has been for the past twelve years. The cattlemen are very happy as they are now assured of plenty of feed for the winter and know that their herds will be in fine shape in the spring and that none will be lost for the want of grass.

The superior truthand delicacy of the old daguerreotype are made manifest in the November McClure's, where fine reproductions of daguerreotype portraits of Calhoun, Webster, Edward Everett, Dr. Holmes, Jenny Lind, and others from a late collection still surviving, illustrate an entertaining paper, by Mrs. T. D. Davis, on the development of daguerreotyping in America. Soon after the discovery ofthe process, American daguerreotypers became the finest in the world; and there is a strong movement now toward a revival of the art. The paper is, therefore, timely as well as entertaining.

In the number of Harper's Round Table published October 20th are many interesting articles and stories, among which may be mentioned a fairy story by Evelyn Sharp, entitled "The Princess in Her Garden;" an article on "The Cape Cod Salt Works," describing the method of abstracting salt from the ocean as employed in colonial days; and an article on "The Flags of the Revolution," by William Hale; installments of the serial stories "A Virginia Cavalier," by Mollie Elliot Seawell, "In the Old Herrick House," by Ellen Douglas Deland, and "The Voyage of the Battletrap," by Hayden Carruth. There will be the usual departments devoted to Interscholastic Sport, Bicycling, Stamps, Photography, etc.

Judge Chalmers yesterday held an Indian to answer to the federal grand jury upon a charge of smuggling mescal.

See "Modern Gentlemen," by Jay Hambridge, in Truth tomorrow. All trains and news stands.

The great register of Graham county this year will contain 1929 names, a gain of 306 since 1894. It is expected that 1500 votes will be polled in that county this year.

The Gazette says that U. S. attorney Ellinwood has sent in the name of a successor to Mark Smith, his assistant, who has been removed. The U. S. attorney declines to disclose the name of his choice.

Tucson Lodge No. 4, F. & A. M. will meet tonight, Oct. 24th, at 7:30 for work. All masons in good standing are fraternally invited to be be present.

The greatest rustling ever done by office hunters in Pima county is being done by candidates just now. They are everywhere, and all are confident of success. There will be a large chunk of disappointment distributed on the morning of November fourth, and each defeated man will receive his full share.

The Blue Rock Gun Club, of this city, has issued invitations for a grand Thanksgiving shoot. A great many visitors are expected from outside points and some good shooting may confidently be expected. In addition to the shoot and the accompanying prizes, there will be an elegant banquet served in the evening, to which all the participants in the shooting are invited.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25cts a box. For sale by George Marti

Card of Thanks.

We wish by this means to express our grateful thanks to all those who kindly aided us in our recent entertainment, either by taking part in the same or by their attendance. Thanks are also due to Montijo's orchestra for their services, which they so kindly donated. We also thank Professor Castillo for his untiring efforts to make the entertainment a success.

MRS. DRISCOLL.
MRS. JONES.
MRS. MARINER.
MISS MATTHEWS.

POINTS FOR OUR GIRLS.

A young woman should not bow to any young man, no matter how well mannered he may be, who has not been properly introduced to her.

When you have been invited to call on a friend who is visiting your friend, and find both hostess and guest out, you should leave a card for each.

When you arrive in a strange city send your card, with your temporary address upon it and the hour at which you will be at home, to the friends whom you wish to see.

At an afternoon tea it is customary, especially if there are to be many visitors, for the hostess to ask some of her young girl friends to pour the tea, coffee and chocolate.

There is no impropriety in giving to those men friends with whom one is well acquainted some trifling souvenir at Christmas or Easter, or when birthdays come.

No matter how friendly a young girl may feel toward a man whom she has known for years, any letters, when trouble comes to his family, should be addressed to his wife, and not to him.

When calling on a married lady you leave one of your own and two of your husband's cards; when your hostess is unmarried you leave one of your own and one of your husband's cards.

A girl of 14 would better be thinking of her schoolbooks than of getting married, for it is scarcely likely that she can judge at that age what man would be most desirable as a husband.—Ladies' Home Journal.

BRIEF AND BRIGHT.

"So you feel you cannot marry him? Yes, I am fully decided." "Why, don't you like him?" "O, like him well enough, but I can't get him to propose." —Harlem Life.

"How did I manage to sell such a costly picture?" repeated the artist, with a low, rippling laugh. "That's something of a professional secret, but I don't mind telling you. I made it in the form of a folding bed."—Richmond Dispatch.

When a girl is 16 the eligibility of a young man depends a good deal on what sort of a mustache he has. When she is 26 she is likely to think more about his bank account.—Somerville Journal.

Something Different.—"You surely do not favor petticoat government?" said an objector to a woman suffrage advocate. "No, I don't," was the reply. "I favor bloomer government." — Detroit Free Press.

George—"That Miss Millwood has a charming expression." Maud—"Do you think so? I think she has a very sly face." George—"A sly face?" Maud—"I mean the kind of a face that you wouldn't want to trust alone in a pantry with another girl's pie."—Cleveland Leader.

A Story of Pluck and Sacrifice.

A Rockland (Me.) woman whose story is briefly outlined by the Courier-Gazette has particular reasons for thankfulness that the last years of her life are spent in the land that celebrates July 4. This lady, Mrs. Hanrahan by name, lived in Ireland at the time of the potato famine. At last things got so desperate with her family that they held a council to see what could be done to keep them from starvation. America was thought of, but if the husband went to the United States what would keep the mother and children? So the brave woman decided that she would go. By hard exertion and bitter sacrifice her passage money was earned, and, taking a sad farewell of her home and little ones, she crossed the ocean. She procured a situation in New York, and while the father kept the family together and earned enough to give them a scanty living the mother worked night and day in the far-off city to get the funds that would bring her dear ones to this country. At length the years of probation were over, the father and children landed in New York and the family was once more united. "Ah!" said the old lady, "it was a happy day when I saw me man and the children landing from the steamer."

None but Ayers at the World's Fair

Ayer's Sarsaparilla enjoys the extraordinary distinction of having been the only blood purifier allowed an exhibit at the World's Fair, Chicago. Manufacturers of other sarsaparilles sought by every means to obtain a showing of their goods, but they were all turned away under the application of the rule forbidding the entry of patent medicines and nostrums. The decision of the World's fair authorities in favor of Ayer's Sarsaparilla was in effect as follows: 'Ayer's Sarsaparilla is not a patent medicine. It does not belong to the list of nostrums. It is here on its merits."

"VOTERS, ATTENTION!"

Under the above caption the "Independent Political Club," of Tucson, last week issued a circular in Spanish, of which the following is a translation:

"ATTENTION VOTERS."

"There was recently organized in the city of Tucson, Arizona, an Independent Political Club, composed of republicans, populists and democrats, for the purpose of resisting the unjust attempts on the part of the members of the societies of the Junior Order of Mechanics, Patriotic Sons of America and others of their kind which the public know with initials of the A. P. A. acting against the rights of the citizens of the United States whose fathers were not born in this country and every American citizen who professes the Catholic religion.

Being firmly convinced that such principles are diametrically opposed to the spirit and to the letter of the constitution of this country, we have resolved to place in the knowledge of the voters of this country that the republican ticket was formed by the most active members of the Society of Junior Order of American Mechanics and their sympathizers, and that the ticket is composed, in its greater part, of members of that society those who sympathize in their principles of opposition to the Mexicans.

We also call the attention of the voters to the fact, which corroborates that which we have said, that there does not appear the name of a single Mexican on all the ticket and that many republican Catholics have expressed their determination to vote against their party because of its having transcended its rights when it disobeyed the Supreme law of this country which is with just reason the mode of republics because it has for a solid pedestal the absolute tolerance of worship.

In view of the seriousness of the case and for the purpose of unifying the vote of every citizen who is opposed to the sentiment of the A. P. A. this circular is directed, inviting every citizen, be he American, Mexican, Frenchman, or of whatever race, pure or mixed, that in the coming election they vote against the enemies of our constitutional rights and we appeal not to a war of races but to the law to which we all owe submission, if we wish to merit the noble title of American citizens."

DEMETRIO GIL,
President—Republican.
J. M. MARISCAL,
Vice-President—Republican.
ENRIQUE MEYER,
Secretary—Republican.
HILARIO URQUIDES,
Treasurer—Democrat.

There is no doubt that the men who have signed their names, as officers, to the foregoing circular, as well as the majority of those who have become members of the organization, are sincere in the beliefs they express. There is just as little doubt that these men have been made the dupes of ambitious political demagogues, whose sole desire is to encompass the defeat of the republican ticket, and who, wholly void of any regard for truth or honor, have exerted their utmost influence and power in the circulation, among our Mexican citizens, of a series of falsehoods and misrepresentations, the object of which is too patent to require explanation.

It has been alleged that an organization, known as the "A. P. A." has an existence in Tucson, but the CITIZEN is wholly ignorant as to any of the facts in connection therewith. The broad assertion is made in this circular, and has been very generally circulated among the MEXICANS, that every nominee on the republican ticket belongs to this society, the only object of whose existence is to antagonize the freedom and welfare of every foreign born citizen especially the Mexicans and Catholics The fallacy of such a statement is so great that no thinking man gives credence to it for a single moment.

Beginning at the democratic primaries, in Tucson this year, there were a number of self-constituted leaders of democracy who imagined that they had conceived a shrewed scheme which, carried to a finish, would secure the defeat of any republican who might be nominated. They became intoxicated with the brilliance of their scheme and overstepped the limit of safety to their cause. The circular, at its close states that "there is no appeal to a war of races," but notwithstanding this assertion, that is really the only object which the leaders of this strife have ever had in view. The scheme was conceived in the minds of demogogic aspirants to political fame, who shrewdly calculated that the injection of wilful falsehood into the minds of the Mexicans, relative to their nationality and religion, would serve the purpose of inculcating such hatred against the republicans, whom they falsely accuse, as to turn them bitterly against all whose defeat they desire to secure. These democratic leaders are they who have inaugurated a "race war," if there be one. The republicans have made no such effort, and would, under no circumstances, stoop to such disreputable practice, to secure a patronage which would not be theirs upon the plea of merit and truth. That any man, either democrat or republican, should ever so far forget the principles of true manhood and humanity, of justice and of freedom, as to lend himself to such a damnable scheme as have the demagogues who initiated this antagonism between our citizens, is most bitterly deplored by every right-thinking man in the community.

If, through the efforts of those who have fathered this scheme, the Mexicans have been banded together to vote against the American nominees on the republican ticket, and have made this a "war of races," by what line of reasoning, pray, do they arrive at the conclusion any American will vote for any of the Mexican nominees on the democratic ticket.

The democrats have thrown a boomerang which will, following its well established habit, return laden with nothing but disaster to its projectors. The Mexicans can illy afford to further any such strife as their democratic leaders recommend, and will certainly, with their usual good sense, see the pit which has been dug for their reception, and refuse to fall in.

In corraboration of the statement that there is nothing but a political scheme back of this democratic attempt to create a "race war," reference is made to the fact that, until the last primaries held in this city, the charges of antagonism to the Mexicans had always been made against the republicans. When the democratic primaries were held this fall, however, the old-time demagogues in the party became badly frightened at the prominence the younger and more progressive element was assuming, and in order to choke the life out of any possible rival to their leadership, they used as a weapon against them the same cry which they had heretofore employed solely against the republicans.

Tucson numbers among her Mexican residents some of her best and most loyal citizens; men who are as good Americans as were ever born under the stars and stripes, and who would rally to the support of the union at the very instant they were called upon. The CITIZEN has never entertained a doubt as to their loyality. Upon the contrary it has always been ready and anxious to defend our Mexican residents against any attack which might be made upon them for any cause. It occupies the same position today, and no one can more deeply regret that any man or set of men, claiming allegiance to the stars and stripes should lend himself to such a disgraceful cause as stirring up a strife among American citizens for political, or any other purposes.

List of Election Officers.

List of Inspectors and Judges of Election of the several precincts of Pima County for the general election to be held November 3rd, 1896.

Tucson Precinct.—Polling place, the City Hall; Inspector, Geo. F. Meek; judges, Gus A Hoff and Alex McKay.

Tubac Precinct.—Polling place, the School House; Inspector, Sabino Otero; judges, W F Black and Wm Renney.

Greaterville Precinct.—Polling place, B Barcelo store; Inspector, Dan'l Johnson; judges, J B Anderson and Max Enzenbey.

Crittenden Precinct.—Polling place, J Smith's house; Inspector, Wm Powers; judges, John Smith and T T Childers.

Oro Blanco Precinct.—Polling place, Phillips' store; Inspector, A B Noon; judges, John Bartlett and Wm Tonkin.

La Noria Precinct.—Polling place, Judge Harrion's house, Inspector, Richard Harrison; judges, Jas Parker and J L Hathaway.

Pantano Precinct.—Polling place, Vail's Warehouse; Inspector, James Kane; judges, Chas. Leverance and J Moore.

Ariyaca Precinct.—Polling place, Bernard's store; Inspector, Robt J Paul; judges, A B Sampson and N W Bernard.

Redington Precinct.—Polling place, Patton's Store; inspector, D. Markham; judges M. S. Chrisman, and P. S. Patton.

Elgin Precinct.—Polling place, school house at Evans Camp, inspector, Anthony O'Donnell; judges T. L. Rice, and V. Igo.

Harshaw Precinct.—Polling place, Jones store building; inspector, E L. Oaks; judges Wat. Gittins, and James Hale.

Calabasas Precinct.—Polling place, Santa Rita Hotel; inspector, Geo. W. Atkinson; judges R. E. Key, and Joseph Wise.

Tanque Verde Precinct.—Polling place, school house; inspector, N. Van Alstine; judges Bruno Lara, and Wm. Duma.

Nogales Precinct—Polling place, Desart's warehouse; inspector, G A. Avery; judges Robert Williams, and J. F. English.

Gunsight Precinct—Polling place, Sutherland's house; inspector, Phil Schaff; judges Thos. Childs and H. Snyder.

Olive Camp Precinct—Polling place, Brown's Station; inspector, J. K. Brown; judges Walter Davis, and John G. Baxter.

Quijotoa Precinct—Polling place, W. T. Day's house; inspector, W. T. Day; judges, W. C. McDuffy and Isaac Smith.

San Xavier Precinct—Polling place, School house; inspector, S. M. Shortridge; judges, Joaquin Burruel and Jacob Tivil.

La Osa Precinct—Polling place, Pedro Aguirre's store; inspector, Pedro Aguirre; judges, P. R. Tully and Manuel Redondo.

Rincon Precinct — Polling place, School house; inspector, P. G. Rusk; judges, Esau Mills and J. B Fraker.

Rosemont Precinct—Polling place, Company's store; inspector, Wm Shaw; judges, W. S. George and Jose Andrade.

Old Glory Precinct—Polling place, Company's office; inspector, J. B. McClenahan; judges, A. Bachelier and J. A. Andrews.

Duquesne Precinct—Polling place, Company store; inspector, David Allen; judges, F. A. Stevens and C. F. Dunnavan.

By order of the board,
FRED G. HUGHES,
Clerk of the Board of Supervisors,
Pima County, A. T.

Communicated.

DOS CABEZAS, Oct. 23, 1896.

EDITOR "CITIZEN":

It would seem to me that the popocratic party, Mr. W. J. Bryan at the head, would be likely to succeed fully as well before a thinking people if they showed a little consideration for the opinions of those who may differ from them as to feasibility of opening our mints to the free coinage of silver at 16 to 1.

Mr. Bryan enunciated it as an axiom in his Philadelphia speech Sept. 22 that "The free coinage of silver is true—because every enemy to good government is against free silver." If Mr. Bryan believes his own statement, it shows a delusion of mind bordering upon insanity.

It is so of all his speeches. They are made up of denunciation, vituperation and misrepresentation, and I judge he can not elucidate a point clearly as he does not see clearly himself.

Of his followers I have little to say as that passage of scripture will apply to them which says "Blessed are the poor in spirit (weak minded) for they shall see God."

"Bucky O'Neill" is out with a letter to our governor and one to Mark Smith and both are being used as campaign documents. I have read them; they are made up of fault finding but not a single enunciation of principle. Mr. O'Neill should keep in mind that passage in Job which says "O that mine enemy would write a book." These letters are good document, for the other side.

Fight for A. J. Doran as it is necessary for this territory to send a republican, for McKinley is as sure to be elected as that the sun will rise on the 3rd. of next November.

S. R. DELONG.

Cure Consumption and lung troubles

NEW YORK, Oct. 20 1896,

EDITOR CITIZEN:—

Please inform your readers that I have an absolute remedy for Consumption and all Throat, Chest and Lung Diseases; also for Loss of Flesh and all Conditions of Wasting. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have already been PERMANENTLY CURED. So proof-positive am I of its power, that to increase its usefulness and make known its great merits, I propose to SEND FREE, TWO BOTTLES, to readers of your paper who will write me giving their Express and Postoffice address.

Sincerely,
T. A. SLOCUM, M.C.,
183 Pearl St., New York.

We take the liberty of publishing the Doctor's communication in full for the benefit of our readers. Nothing could be more philanthropic. When writing, please state you read his letter in this paper and greatly oblige—EDITOR

Change of Sentiment.

Bakersfield Californian: It is now as certain as anything can be that California will give a majority for the republican ticket. During the past month a most remarkable change has come over public sentiment. There are thousands of men who believe in free silver, but who, nevertheless, recognize the fact that from a purely business standpoint the interests of all demand the election of McKinley. Business enterprise everywhere is at a standstill, awaiting the result of the election. If McKinley be successful, there will be a revival of enterprise in every direction, and capital will seek investments everywhere. On the other hand, if Bryan should be chosen, capitalists will lock up their resources even closer than is now the case and complete stagnation will follow. It is useless to clamor about this or to point out what some may think is the folly of such a course. It is a condition and not a theory that confronts us. Every man who wants to see a business revival, and an immediate one, will vote for McKinley. It is because this belief is becoming more widespread everywhere that the prospects of carrying California are becoming more assured everyday. And this is reason enough, outside of any belief in any theory as to tariff or finance, why intelligent men should vote for McKinley and Hobart.

THE EMPIRE COMPANY

At Crittenden, Is Actively at Work.

There is now no dount that the Empire Smelting Company at Crittenden is in the field for business. Immediately after the death of Col. Fitzgerald, there was not a little speculation as to the future movements of this company. He had laid out an immense amount of work and had begun its execution with a vigor which promised early completion and prosperity for the camp. It was rumored that his death would cause great delay in the prosecution of the work, even if it did not bring about its entire abandonment. The company's property, however, is too valuable to lie idle. After a brief survey of the situation, Dr. E mes, of New York, was sent out to continue the work which Col. Fitzgerald had begun. The doctor has commenced active operations, and all Crittenden is sanguine over the bright outlook for the future. Grading is being done for the new mill. Three large buildings are in process of erection. The company store, a large affair will occupy one. In addition to the other improvements which are being made, a tramway, four miles long is being constructed from the mountains down in the valley, and when completed will be used for the transportation of ores and fluxes to a point where it can be loaded onto wagons and transported to the mill. As rapidly as a large force of men can accomplish the work, the mill and every portion of the property will be placed in perfect running order, and soon the camp of Crittenden will be teeming with the healthy life of busy workmen. The future for this section is more than bright and is to be congratulated upon the acquirement of the Empire company.

Somebody Will Lose.

A republican and a democrat, each firm in his own belief, wagered $500 yesterday upon the result of the contest for congress in the territory. The bet was $100 each upon the following five propositions, the republican holding the affirmative:

1st.—That Doran will come down to Phoenix with not less than 200 plurality; this includes the five northern counties.

2nd.—That Doran will have a plurality in Pinal, Pima and Cochise counties.

3rd.—That Smith will not have a plurality in more than one county in the territory.

4th.—That Doran will receive a plurality of all the votes cast in the territory.

5th—That Smith will be the third man in the race.

HIS NECK BROKEN.

Freddie Groesbeck Instantly Killed by a Falling Shed.

Last Friday evening a fatal accident occurred at the ranch of C. V. White, by which Freddie Groesbeck, the eldest son of Mrs. White lost his life.

Freddie, with his youngest brother, were sent out for some kindling wood, but instead of going to the wood pile they went to an old shed which was covered with no less than a ton of dirt, and Freddie commenced cutting the center post, which seemed to be the main stay of the shed. When he had it almost cut off the younger brother saw the shed commence to fall and ran from underneath it, just in time to save his life, for a moment later it came down with a crash, catching the elder boy beneath its weight.

The boy who had escaped ran to the house and gave the alarm. Assistance arrived in a very few minutes and the debris removed, and there beneath lay the crushed form of the unfortunate boy. His neck was broken, his chest crushed and one arm and both legs were broken.

The body was tenderly carried to the house and Dr. Potter was summoned, but a slight examination told him that life was extinct.

The body was interred in the Layton burying ground the next day.

The bereaved family have the sympathy of the entire community.—Guardian.

Grand Republican Rally.

BISBEE, Oct. 22, 1896.

The most enthusiastic political gathering of the campaign in Bisbee was held on the evening of Oct. 22. Hon. A. J. Doran who beyond any doubt will be our next delegate to congress, addressed a large and enthusiastic gathering at the Bisbee opera house. His speech was a plain statement of his position on affairs of interest to the citizens of Arizona and was well received and heartily applauded. Mr. Doran was followed by Col. J. A. Zabriskie who held the audience spell bound for an hour and a half with a most convincing speech upon the issues of the day. Great good has resulted from the speech of Col. Zabriskie and many republicans who were on the fence have come into the ranks and will vote to a man for Jim Doran. Cochise is all right and will roll up a good majority for the republican ticket. OBSERVER.

An Enjoyable Party.

Last Saturday night Miss Mamie Hoff was the recipient of a most pleasant surprise, at the home of her father Mr. Gus. Hoff. A number of her young friends congregated and proceeded to her home, where the evening was most pleasantly spent with music, dancing, games and refreshments. The hours skipped merrily by until nearly midnight, when the guests took their departure, filled with regret that time was so swift, and happy in the recollection a most pleasant evening. Those who attended were Misses Emma Johnson, Ruth Brown, Ruth Strauss, Birdie Culver, Attie Hughes, Ettie Goldtree, Lillian Dodge, Pearl Seely, Cora Delano, Ina Wilkinson, Lulu Katzenstien Nellie Spring, Carrie Armstrong, Violet Armstrong, Orphie Shibell, and Martha Weir.

Messrs Jimmie Johnson, Juan Estudillo, John Young, Harry Early, Will Sultan, Fred Logan, Pike Boland, Harry Dunn, Simmon Ziegler, Mark Long, Robt. Vail, Seth Orndorff, Thos. Rutford, Jas. Gillette, Ed Heaton, and Kid Kitt.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Look Out!

A NEW species of intimidation is to be inaugurated by the democrats at the election this year in Tucson. Outsiders being prohibited by law to approach nearer than fifty feet to the booths, while voting is in progress, it would seem that a voter would be safe to mark a ballot according to the dictates of his own conscience; but the ingenious democrats of Tucson have found a way to evade the law. It takes only a second to vote the straight ticket, just one little cross. But to cast votes for candidates on different tickets requires some little time. So, to intimidate the voter, and assure a vote for the straight democratic ticket, the democrats propose to have "watchers" on duty, whose business it will be to time each voter. The report of the "watcher" will inform them whether the ticket has been voted straight, or whether it has been scratched. Verily, for "ways that are dark and tricks that are vain," Tucson democrats are very peculiar.

COINS AND PAPER CURRENCY.

Different Kinds of Money in Circulation in the United States.

There are ten different kinds of money in circulation in the United States—namely, gold coins, standard silver dollars, subsidiary silver coins, gold certificates, treasury notes issued under the act of July 14, 1890, United States notes, (also called greenbacks and legal tenders,) national bank notes, and nickel and bronze coins. These forms of money are all availed as circulation. While they do not all possess the full legal tender quality, each kind has such attributes as to give it currency. The status of each kind is as follows:

Gold coin is legal tender at its nominal or face value for all debts, public and private, when not below the standard weight and limit of tolerance prescribed by law, and when below such standard and limit of tolerence it is legal tender in proportion to its weight. Standard silver dollars are legal tender at their nominal or face value in payment of all debts, public and private, without regard to the amount, except where otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract. Subsidiary silver is legal tender for amounts not exceeding $10 in any one payment. Treasury notes of the act of July 14, 1890, are legal tender for all debts, public and private, except when otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract. United States notes are legal tender for all debts, public and private, except duties on imports and interest on the public debt. Gold certificates, silver certificates and national bank notes are not legal tender, but both classes of certificates are receivable for all public dues, while national bank notes are receivable for all public dues, except duties on imports, and may be paid out by the government for all salaries and other debts and demands owing by the United States to individuals, corporations and associations within the United States, except interest on the public debt, and in redemption of the national currency. All national banks are required by law to receive the notes of other national banks at par. The minor coins of nickel and copper are legal tender to the extent of 25 cents.—United States Treasury Circular.

WANTED—AN AGENT

in every section, to canvass, $4 to $5 a day made, sells at sight; also a man to sell staple goods to dealers, best side line, $75 a month. Salary or large commission made, experience unnecessary. For sealed particulars send stamp. Clifton Soap & Manufacturing Company, Cincinnati, O. Jan2w-1-y

ROBBED THE TILL.

A Mexican Made a Raise in Congress Hall.

On Saturday night Charley Brown, of Congress Hall, was on duty at his place of business, and about midnight he noticed two Mexicans standing on the sidewalk. About this time he went to lunch and left a young man in charge until his return. He was gone but a short time, and when he came back, relieved the young man. The bar room of the saloon was deserted, the crowd being gathered around the games which were in progress in the adjoining room. Mr. Brown went from behind the bar to inquire as to the wants of the players. As he returned, the two Mexicans who had been standing on the sidewalk came in, and told him that a man had just opened his till and abstracted a quantity of money therefrom. They said they saw the man, who had just ran out of the door. They gave a description of the man, whom they said they knew, although he was a stranger in the city. Mr. Brown examined his money drawer and found that from $25 to $30 had been taken from the little apartments where he kept his change. The money taken was in dollars and halves. When Mr. Brown went into the back room, the pilferer quickly slipped behind the bar, opened the till, grabbed as much of the silver as he could carry in both hands, and ran with it. Further back in the drawer was some seventy or eighty dollars in bills, which, had there been time, might have been secured.

Officers Bell and Sullivan were summoned by Mr. Brown, and after receiving a description of the thief, started out on his trail. They went to the east end of the city, one going to the ticket office, and the other to one of the saloons which was open. In the saloon was a Mexican answering the discription the officers had received. He had taken off his outside shirt and had his hat turned wrong side out and pulled over his eyes. He was drinking and appeared to have quite a little money. The officer saw him and immediately went to the depot, told his companion that he had their man spotted and together they went and arrested him. He was the right man, without doubt, for he still had some twenty-dollar of the money in his pockets. He was taken to jail and locked up.

The officers, Messrs Bell and Sullivan are deserving of great credit as the capture was effected within a half hour from the time the theft was committed.

Causes of Nervousness.

The maladies which above all others cause nervousness, are dyspepsia, biliousness and constipation. The great sympathetic nerve which connects the epigastric region with the brain, is always injuriously affected if the stomach and bowels are disordered; a permanent derangement of the functions of those organs reacts by sympathy upon the entire nervous system. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, in restoring tone and regularity to the digestive apparatus, and overcoming constipation, permanently remedy the nervous complaints which originate in alimentary weakness or disturbances. They are the very best nervine that can be used. By eradicating the exciting causes of nervous weakness, they permanently overcome the disability itself. But this is not all. By checking the maladies which cause nervousness, they build up anew the system weakened and depleted by nervous disease.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth

Be sure and use that old and well tired remedy, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle

Hon. R. C. Brown is back from a trip to the southern portion of the territory.

"How happy could I be with either
Were the other dear charmer away."

Battle Ax PLUG

The ripest and sweetest leaf and the purest ingredients are used in the manufacture of "Battle Ax," and no matter how much you pay for a much smaller piece of any other high-grade brand, you cannot buy a better chew than "Battle Ax."

For 5 cents you get a piece of "Battle Ax" almost as large as the other fellow's 10-cent piece.

ARANSAS PASS.

A Force of Men to be Set to Work This Month.

A Letter From Col. Goodyear—Colorado Tarpon Catchers—Truck Farms Looking Well.—A Promising Orchard Of Walnuts.

Yesterday Chief Engineer W. D. Jenkins of the Aransas Pass companies received a letter from Col. Goodyear, who has undertaken to procure and maintain deep water at Aransas Pass at his own risk. Col. Goodyear is just finishing up a government contract at the Brunswick, Ga., harbor, and writing from that place says in part:

"I shall send a force of men to initiate the work at the pass the latter part of this month or the first of next. I will not be able to reach there myself until a later date, owing to the necessity for a government survey of my work here, and getting a certificate from the government."

Mr. William C. Harris, editor of the New York American Angler, is still at Tarpon, where he and his artist, Mr. Petrie, have been securing portraits of fishes for Mr. Harris' great work, "The Game Fishes of North America." The Express correspondent has just received a letter from Mr. Harris, in which he says.

"My visit here has been a delightful one in angling experience and in health getting, so much so that I intend to stay two or three weeks longer, sending Mr. Petrie, the artist, home via Rockport tomorrow. My health was somewhat shaken when I returned from the Catalina waters, but the ozonic southeast trade breeze of this spot has toned me up wonderfully. I am getting fat, notwithstanding the hard work of breasting the breakers, which I do almost daily, when surf fishing for channel bass or redfish, as they are called here.

"We have secured life portraits of young jewish (black groupers,) the tarpon, the croaker and the redfish. I wanted the kingfish, but unfortunately they are not running, only one having been caught, and that by Mr. Sea.

"There is a party of six gentlemen here from Denver, Col., and Chicago who have caught tarpon galore averaging about eight a day for a week. I will enclose their names and score in this.

"J. C. Sanders, Denver, Col., 11; John G. Morgan, Col., 8; S. M. Sutherland, Chicago, 11; E. L. Hogenback, Chicago, 5; W. G. Sedam, Rockport, Tex., 2."

Mr. Robert Hopkins picked a second crop of figs last week. He expects to have a few each week up to Christmas.

The trees are young and this is their first bearing season, next year Mr. Hopkins expects an abundant crop. His figs are the white Adriatic, which, when dried, are the finest Smyrna figs of commerce.

Capt. O. L. Wilson is highly pleased with his new sloop, the Nimrod, built at Aransas Pass. It skims over the water like a bird, and answers the rudder as no other boat he has sailed has done. It has remarkably sailing qualities. He recently sailed sailed from Rockport to Corpus in five hours. The boat was much admired by the Corpus people.

The truck farms in the Portland neighborhood are in excellent condition. Mr. Willacy made his first picking of fall cucumbers for market last Tuesday. He has forty acres of fall beans almost ready for market.

Julius Hoffman of this place is picking a fall crop of watermelons. He is a pretty active man considering that a little over a week ago, while on top of his windmill tower, thirty-five feet high, the tower fell, throwing Mr. Hoffman against his truck farm with a thud that jarred the whole neighborhood.

A. Hay, of this place has as mall grove of the Welton walnuts in a very flourishing condition. He applied to Mr. Welton of San Antonio for some of these valuable trees in the spring of 1895. Of those he received but one died, the rest of them making a growth beyond expectations.

Large numbers of ducks, geese, and brant are now flocking in from the North, and soon they may be counted by the square miles on the Aransas Pass waters.

This morning wound up a rain that lasted almost two days and two nights. It was one of the steady, root-soaking variety. There was a high wind yesterday afternoon and evening, and the noise of the surf on the ocean beach, six miles distant, was like thunder all night. At 5 o'clock this evening another rain set in, and it is now pouring with every prospect of keeping it up a day or two longer.—San Antonio Express.

IT WILL PAY you to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. With pure blood you need not fear the grip, pneumonia, diphtheria or fevers. Hood's Sarsaparilla will make you strong and healthy.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, carefully prepared from the best ingredients. 25c.

Advertised Letters

Advertised letters remaining in Tucson postoffice for the week ending Oct. 17, 1896.

Ayala Amado	Moreno Francisco
Aserda Estevan	Moreno Rosaria de
Alvarez Ana Maria	Ochoa F
Alfaro Wicenby S	Olivas Luisa R de
Armstrong E K	Olivas Rafaela
Belducea Jose	Ortega Juana
Brunett Carlos	Ortega Ysidora de
Bradford Barbara	Orvene Jessie A
Bufanda Teodoro	Perley H N
Castillo Antonio P	Pully Sara
Cobanillas Ejitacio	Petus R H
Fierro Jose	Quinones Teresa R
Gebrke Teodoro C	Quesse Manuela
Guerrero Jesus	Quintero Ysabel
Gonzales Concep'n	Ruiz Jose
Hanni V E	Ramirez Camilo
Holgin Noberto	Rodriguez Fran'co
Hayes J R	Rodriguez
Handy Lupa	Romero Ynocente
Herrera Altagracia	Romero Esquipula
Henault M	Sanches Sesto
Hearns Frank	Sanches Jose
Joice P A	Sanches Katarme
Jones Clem	Slocum Edward
Maldonado M M	Slattery D
Martin D R	Smith F R
Marin Mercedes	Soltero Rufino
Mera Refugio F	Stevens S H Mrs
Mendoza Juan	Sullivan Thos
Mitchell J W (2)	Urillas Luz V de
Misner J Barvay	Valdez Cruz
Montano Rafaela	Valdez Alberto
Molina Carmen	Valenzuela C
Moreno Antonio	Valenzuela Valentin
Markham Pat	Verdugo Luisa R
	Whitzel Jesse

C