THE DAILY REBEL.

Office on Market Street, nearly opposite the Post Office.

CHATTANOOGA:

THURSDAY MORNING, SEPT. 25, 1862.

FORTIFY THE TENNESSEE AND CUMBERLAND RIVERS.

We think it certain that we will soon have possession of the Middle and the most of West Tennessee. This being the case we must prepare to guard against the inroads of the enemy when the Tennessee and Cumberland river rise so as to enable the enemy to ascend them with their gunboats. This subject, we feel sure, is attracting the attention of the War Department, and every thing will be done that is possible to prevent those rivers being taken possession of again by the enemy. Let the people of Middle and West Tennessee cooperate heartily with the Government in its measures of defense. Let them furnish any number of negroes that may be wanted to complete such fortifications as may be undertaken, and this too without grumbling or complaint. The attention of the people everywhere should be directed to this subject, and no efforts should be spared to close the navigation of these rivers during the coming winter and spring. We have not much time to spare. In two or three months the rivers will be in navigable condition, and then it will be too late to erect fortifications. Let every effort, both public and private, be made to procure suitable guns with which to defend these fortifications, and do not stop to count the cost.—We must spare no labor nor expense to accomplish these ends. The safety of our State, the preservation of our property, and all our best interests depend on it. Let there be no hesitation, no holding back, no want of energy. We must call upon the Confederate Government to fortify these rivers, and we must act heartily in concert with that Government, and if the Confederate Government will not fortify them we must do so ourselves, for it will not do for us to permit again to have control of these rivers. If we can't do better we must by means of batteries of light artillery so annoy the enemy that they cannot use their transports. But the safest plan is to erect suitable fortifications at several points on both rivers, so that if the gunboats pass one fort they will have to come in contact with others.—Let the guns be furnished and we are satisfied the people of Tennessee and North Alabama will do the balance. If there are not enough guns of heavy calibre for the purpose of defending these rivers, the sooner they are made the better it will be for the country. There is no time for delay. Measures are precious and efforts should now be directed towards this end.

PARTISAN RANGERS.

The Secretary of War has issued an order in regard to persons subject to the conscript law joining companies of partisan rangers, which we intend to publish whenever we can meet with it. Our recollection is that it forbids any person between the ages of eighteen and thirty-five joining companies of partisan rangers since the month of July. Whilst a few regiments of partisan rangers may be of service, yet there are now entirely too many, and more are being formed. The objection to this kind of service is that the companies are not under sufficiently strict discipline, being independent, or thinking themselves so. Great complaints are being made by our own citizens, in some places, at the damage they are doing to them and not to the enemy. Nothing less than a regiment of partisan rangers should be allowed, and then they should be under officers who would keep them under strict discipline, and keep them from committing depredations on our own people. Little bands of partisan rangers, scattered through the country, might be of great service when the country is overrun by the enemy, but when it is in the occupation of our own friends, then they ought to be put in brigades under the command of general officers, otherwise they will be productive of more evil than good. A few regiments of partisan rangers, with batteries of light artillery attached, under command of proper officers, could do much good in annoying the enemy on the banks of the Mississippi, Tennessee and Cumberland rivers and destroying their transports; but these regiments should never be under the command of any field or company officers that would permit the least interference with the property of our own citizens.—Plundering and pillaging should never be tolerated in any portion of our army, and should be punished with the utmost severity of martial law. The people are generally willing to give or sell to soldiers whatever they need, and if it becomes necessary to take anything for the use of the soldiers, it should never be done except by the order of the officers highest in command, and then not without fair compensation. The partisan ranger service may be made one of great use under proper restrictions, but it is one liable to great abuse. The practice which we hear is going on in some places, of thirty or forty men, calling themselves partisan rangers, subsisting off of the country and taking whatever they want from the citizens, is a crying evil and should not be tolerated, and we are satisfied meets with no favor or encouragement from our military authorities.

☞ We call attention to the communication of "Low Private" in this mornings issue, on a subject of great interest to the soldiers. This evil ought to be corrected, and soldiers ought to be regularly paid. Whose fault it is we are unable to state, but the blame rests upon some one. It seems to us Captains of companies ought to know how to make out proper payrolls, and if they do not, then paymasters ought to be willing to give them the proper information, at all events soldiers should receive their pay at regular and stated times, for in many instances it is absolutely essential to their own support, and the support of their families.

☞ Henry W. Miller, an eminent lawyer and statesman, of Raleigh, N. C., died on the 17th inst., at his residence at that place.

[COMMUNICATED.]

Mr. Editor: It is hard enough for private soldiers to serve the Government for the pitiful sum of eleven dollars per month, and then still harder to get the money after it has been so dearly earned. Soldiers have now been eight and ten months in service who have never received one cent of pay. When they go to their officers, they will refer them to the Quartermaster, or tell them that they will be paid as soon as the pay rolls are made out. When the pay rolls are made out, and are presented to the Paymaster or Quartermaster for payment, there is something wrong in the pay rolls—it has not been filled out right, or at least the Pay or Quartermaster says so, and the consequence is that the roll is thrown aside, until the question of pay again comes up, when the same difficulties again present themselves in the way of the soldier and his pay. The truth of it is, sir, that neither the officers nor the paymaster knows one half the time how to fill up the blanks. The officer fills up one way and the paymaster another, and the consequence is that the soldier has to bear the ills resulting from this conflict of opinion. I know a case in point, where the officer, in filling up a blank descriptive roll, left the right hand column blank, and marked due under the head of "bounty." The paymaster, not a thousand miles from this place, refused to pay the soldier, because the amount of his monthly pay was not put under the head of "due," while in fact the head of "due" had only reference to the bounty of the soldier where unpaid, and had nothing to do with his monthly pay.

Such are a few of the difficulties, Mr. Editor, the private soldier has to encounter in getting his money. It is enough that the private has to submit to the indignities often heaped upon them by men who at home and in civil life were their inferiors, let alone having to undergo the vexations, loss of getting his little pay, which has been thrice earned, through many perils and when dangers thicken.

LOW PRIVATE.

From Nassau.

The British steamer Anglia, from Nassau (N. P.) for a Southern port, got ashore on Stono Breakers on Friday last. The weather was very thick, and she was trying to get her position with certainty when the accident occurred. A boat left her with five passengers, among them Mr. Zichinsson, formerly of New Orleans, which landed on Folly Island, where the passengers were left and the boat proceeded back to the ship; but when the former reached the position of the steamer the latter could not be found, she having no doubt come off and proceeded to sea during the absence of the boat. The crew of this boat have succeeded in reaching this city, but the situation of the passengers is unknown, and as they were left on an uninhabited island they may have a trying time. They were informed of their position and how they might reach Charleston, and it is hoped that they will get here safely.

Up to Wednesday last the yellow fever was prevailing at Nassau, and we regret to hear that several persons known in this city have died of it, among them Mrs. Lockwood, wife of Captain Thos. Lockwood, of the steamer Kate; Mr. Thos. Elliott, formerly of Beaufort, S. C., and Captain John Price, of Wilmington, N. C. Captain Robt. Brown, of Wilmington, had died from the effects of an injury he had received before leaving that place. The British steamers Leopard from Charleston, and Kate from Wilmington, N. C., had both arrived at Nassau, as had also the schooner Sue from Glasgow.

A report had reached Nassau that the Yankee armed steamer Santiago de Cuba, which has been cruising around the Bahamas, annoying neutral commerce, had accidentally and unfortunately fallen in with the Confederate war steamer 290, and that the Yankee had been handled so roughly as to compel her to resort to Key West for repairs. If 290 had been fully manned the Yankees would have been among the things that were.—*Charleston Mercury.*

ANOTHER FLEET.—An inventory of another fleet for operations on the Western waters is given by the Chicago *Tribune*. It states that six gunboats are being constructed at the Carondelet navy yard, below St. Louis—the Osage, Neosho, Winnebago, Milwaukee, Chickasaw and Kickapoo. Two of these, which are being constructed on the plan of the Monitor, are nearly completed. They have one turret each, and will mount two eleven-inch Dahlgren guns. The others are much larger, and have each two turrets. The boats are of solid iron throughout. Four hundred men are at work upon them. The first two draw three and a half feet of water. The others six feet.

TREASONABLE.—A man named Mace, in the employ of Hotchkiss & Son, shot and shell manufacturers, in West Twenty-fourth street, New York, was arrested in Gotham on Saturday, the 30th of August, for treasonable language. Mace was heard to say, while looking at one of the passing regiments, "There goes another lot of fools to be shot." Upon being carried to headquarters he did not deny that he used the language, but offered as an excuse that it was the common talk of the shop. The traitor was locked up.

LOCAL MATTERS.

☞ We return thanks for the kind remembrance of a lady friend, in the shape of a plate of Cake sent us yesterday. It was pronounced excellent by our gastronomical editor, and made us feel like wedding times.

☞ We carelessly stated yesterday, that the amended Conscript bill had become a law, when in fact it has but passed the House. It will, we have no doubt, pass the Senate, but until then it is no law.

WASHINGTON ARTILLERY OF AUGUSTA.—This fine corps is still at this post awaiting orders. It has been greatly reduced in numbers by detaching its members, and sending them with other batteries, now with Gen. Bragg's army. Since reorganization the following is a list of its officers. Capt. E. F. Prichard; Lieut. Robt. Wallace, 1st Senior; Lieut. John Dasher, 1st Junior; and Lieut. J. M. Roberts, 2d Senior. We hope soon to hear of its ranks being again full, and the battery in active service.

FROM NASHVILLE.—Letters were received last evening from the neighborhood of Nashville, written on last Saturday, which state that nine small regiments of infantry, with Stokes' regiment of cavalry and one Pennsylvania company of cavalry, are all the force now in Nashville. The troops now there are said to be Gen. Payne's division. Their pickets do not extend beyond the environs of the city. Occasionally they send out foraging parties sustained by heavy bodies of infantry, which our forces generally manage to get hold of.

Andrew Johnson is still there, and is said to be drinking very hard. They are still fortifying the city, the fortifications being principally fronting the Murfreesboro', Lebanon, Franklin and Nolanville pikes. Thousands of negroes are carried from the different counties in Middle Tennessee to Nashville, and many of them are sent to Kentucky. But taking our negroes in case Kentuckians, and it is said an order has been issued that no more negroes be allowed to accompany the army to Kentucky. The Federals are taking what they want, and eating out the city, and will soon be in a starving condition. It is thought Johnson is awaiting the result of some decisive battle in Kentucky. If the Federals should be defeated he will abandon the city, otherwise he will endeavor to hold it.

Latest from Nashville.

We are indebted to Mr. J. E. Ray, for the Nashville Union of the 20th. We make the following extracts from the editorial column of the Union:

FIGHT AT GREEN RIVER BRIDGE—REPULSE OF THE REBELS.

Lieutenant Klettering, of the First Tennessee Cavalry, left Louisville on Friday week, and arrived here yesterday evening. He states on last Saturday eight hundred rebel cavalry attacked the guard at Green River Bridge and after a severe fight were repulsed by our troops, with the loss of twenty-seven killed. We lost none, our men being well entrenched. On Sunday, Bragg, with 10,000 men was reported to be at Glasgow Junction. Gen. Rosseau started, on Friday evening, with the only new guard to attack him. Gen. Buell following the next day.

Gen. Thomas's division was still at Bowling Green on Thursday morning. We suppose the rumor of a fight at Cave City on Tuesday originated from the fight at Green River Bridge. We regard the defeat of Bragg's army as certain. Lieut. Klettering says that there were at Louisville, when he left, 120,000 of the new levies. There must now be on the line of the railroad not less than 200,000 Federal Troops.

We learn that on last Thursday the Major of the 14th Ohio, who was traveling in the stage, was robbed by the guerrillas of his watch, $175, his *pantaloons*, and all his valuables. He was dressed in citizen's clothes and was sick at the time.

SKIRMISHES.

We heard late yesterday evening that the foraging parties had several skirmishes yesterday, with the guerrillas. Two parties, attended by some of Col. Stokes Cavalry, and a part of the First Tennessee Infantry, repulsed their assailants. A third train of twelve wagons, escorted by some thirty of the 7th Pennsylvania cavalry, was captured. The guerrillas numbered over one hundred. Our cavalry were falling back at the time, when one of the teamsters escaped, and we have not heard whether they were captured or not.

We learn from a gentleman whose veracity none will question, that a highly respectable lady arrived in this place on Wednesday, directly from Huntsville. The lady states that neither at Huntsville nor on the road to this place did she see or hear of any body of Confederate troops moving towards Nashville. We have no doubt of the truth of her statement, and are satisfied that the cock-and-bull tales we have heard for the last week of Price, Van Dorn and Breckinridge moving in this direction have been idle inventions of the enemy made for the purpose of accelerating the much hoped for Federal evacuation.

The Grape-vine informs us that VAN DORN is at Murfreesboro, and fortifying that place with a strong system of Amazonian breast-works. His artillery horses having all died under the conscription act, he has been compelled to employ oxen to draw his artillery wagons. The oxen are all stump-tails, their Candal prolongations having been amputated, or rather eradicated, for the purpose of making gu-ta soup for his soldiers. We have no other reliable news from that quarter.

The Union is aroused. The people are moving, and their swelling voices now at last begin to sound in our ears like the roar of a mountain torrent, swollen by protracted rains. Soon the great Federal flood-tide will come thundering on, and woe to the rotten hulk and creaking masts of the rebel ship.

DEATH OF GENERAL CALL.—The Tallahassee papers record the death of General Richard K. Call, a distinguished citizen of that State, which occurred Sunday last. Gen. Call was for many years identified with the history of Florida. He was an aid to Gen. Jackson, and was subsequently appointed Governor of that Territory, to which post he was reappointed, and served, we believe, until its admission as a State into the Union. He was one of the ablest and best men in the State, and always enjoyed a warm place in the affections of the people.—*Savannah Republican.*

CONFEDERATE POSTAGE STAMPS.—The unloading of the prize steamer Bermuda, now lying at Philadelphia, is progressing. Another discovery has been made by the prize commissioner superintending the unloading—that of 26 boxes, each about one foot square, banded with iron, and sealed on the edges. Each box was marked "P. O. D." This excited suspicion, and one of the boxes was opened, and found to contain four tin cases; and this being opened, there came to light sheets of Confederate postage stamps—five cents. The engraving is well executed. The box contained $10,000 worth of the stamps, and if the others contain the same quantity, the whole value (to the Confederates) will be $260,000. There have also been found coils of a submarine telegraph cable.

A Card.

I hear it rumored all over the country, since my return from captivity, that I did not lose anything by the Federals—that they (the Yankees) gave me a better horse, saddle, &c., than I had before. I take this occasion to say that it is not true. They took my horse, saddle, saddle bags, books, clothes—every thing that I had, but the suit on my back, and never even said "thank you." It is true, I was furnished with means to buy another horse, &c., but it was by Southern citizens in Nashville and vicinity. I am under many obligations to them—no thanks to the Yankees.

I would be glad if they would leave my Bible and Sketch books with some of my friends. They would be worth a great deal to me—I suppose nothing to them. The books have my name in them.

M. P. SWAIM.

At a called meeting of Olive Branch Lodge No 297 F. A. M. held at their lodge room in Jasper, Tenn. Sept. 17th, 1862, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, It has pleased the All wise Disposer of events, in His good providence to remove from our association on earth our beloved brother, DAVID BANKIN, Esq., who died at his residence in Jasper, yesterday the 16th instant at 12½ o'clock. Therefore—

Resolved, 1st, That in the death of David Bankin this community has lost one of its best citizens—his family a kind husband and father, and this fraternity a true and faithful brother.

Resolved, 2d, That as brother Masons we offer our sincere condolence to his bereaved family.

Resolved, 3d, That in token of our heartfelt sorrow at the death of our brother Bankin, we wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days.

Resolved, 4th, That the Secretary of the lodge be requested to transmit a copy of these resolutions to the Chattanooga Rebel and Knoxville Register for publication. Also a copy to the family of the deceased.

W. G. KNOWLES,
D. L. DANIEL,
B. W. GRIFFITH,
Committee.

B. W. GRIFFITH, Sec'y pro tem.

New Advertisements.

Administrator's Sale.

I WILL sell at auction on Monday, the 29th inst., the property of D. P. Brown, consisting of corn, stock, household and kitchen furniture.

sep24-4t D. M. THOMPSON, Adm'r.

Major-General's Orders.

HEADQUARTERS C. S. FORCES, Chattanooga, Sept. 21st, 1862.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 21.

[Extract.]

II. Col. Alex. McKinstry of the 3d regiment Ala. Vols., is assigned to the command of the Post at Chattanooga and the troops between Hiwassee and Bridgeport.

By command of Maj. Gen. S. Jones.

sep24-4t CHAS. A. STRINGFELLOW, A. A. Gen'l.

Orders Commander of the Post.

HEADQUARTERS C. S. FORCES, Chattanooga, Sept. 22d, 1862.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 1.

I. In order to facilitate officers and soldiers auxious to join their commands it is ordered as follows:

II. All officers and soldiers arriving at Chattanooga will report to Major St. Paul at the Camp of Instruction." Surgeons and assistants will report to Surgeon Fewellyn, Medical Director. Quartermasters and assistants will report to Major Thomas, Post Quartermaster, Commissaries and assistants will report to Capt. Frames, Post Commissary.

III. The men in Camp of Direction will be divided into three temporary divisions, to wit:

Those belonging to Bonner and Anderson's divisions will constitute the right wing; those belonging to Withers, Cheatham and Kirby Smith's divisions will constitute the left wing. The cavalry, mounted and dismounted, and the artillery will constitute the reserve.

IV. Captains or Lieutenants of Companies, belonging to either of these two divisions, will upon reporting to the commander of Camp Direction, be authorized to enroll from amongst the men of those respective divisions, companies of not less than 120 men, and to report the names of the officers of said companies to the Camp Commander.

V. As soon as said companies are formed, they will be armed and equipped, and forwarded to Knoxville there to repel marauders.

Those belonging to the right wing to the officer commanding the right battalion of the light brigade commanded by Lt. Col. Whitfield, and those belonging to the left wing to the officer commanding the left wing of said brigade.

VI. The artillery and cavalry will report to Lieut. Col. Whitfield for further orders.

VII. A commissioned officer will be detailed to examine the passes of all persons leaving Chattanooga by the different railroads. Any officer or soldier arriving without a pass from Post headquarters, will be arrested and sent back to report at the Provost Marshal. By command of Maj. Gen. McKinstry, Col. Commanding.

JOHN L. HANDLEY, A. A. A. Gen'l.

sep24-tf

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER, Chattanooga, Tenn. Sept. 9th, 1862.

By order of Quartermaster General I have been instructed with entire control of collecting the hides of the beeves killed for the army, for tanning and the purchase of Leather for manufacturing. Tanners having leather on hand and wanting hides will do well to address me with proper references. The army must be shod, and it is the duty of all patriotic tanners to assist in so doing. All leather held at unreasonable prices will be impressed. F. W. DILLARD, Major A. Q.M.

Southern Confederacy copy and send bill to my office.

P. S. Send copy paper containing the advertisement. F. W. DILLARD, A. Qm.

sep19tf

TEAMSTERS WANTED!

I WANT 50 GOOD TEAMSTERS FOR THE ARMY

Pay---$20 pr Month and Rations.

A. F. JONES, Maj. A. Qm.

Chattanooga, Sept. 6th.

$25 REWARD.

STRAYED or stolen from my lot on Thursday, 11th inst., a small light bay mule pony, white ring around each eye, white spot in the forehead, 7 years old last June, neat made and in fine order. I will give the above reward to any one that will bring said pony to me at my house near the Tan Yard, at the Chattanooga bridge. JANE HULSEY.

sep23-1m

Coal! Coal! Coal!

PARTIES requiring coal for the coming winter can obtain it by addressing LARK & REDDOW.

sep19-1mp Running Water, Tenn.

Collar-Makers Wanted.

STEADY employment and good wages will be given to a number of journeymen to work on artillery and wagon Harness Collars. Address

JESSUP & HATCH, sep6-1m Augusta, Ga.

Notice to Conscripts.

PERSONS whose names have been enrolled by me, and all who are liable to Conscription, will meet me at Dr. Sim's office on Market st., Chattanooga, on Tuesday 30th inst., that their enrollment may be completed.

JNO. J. LOWRY, Enrolling Officer 11th Civil Dist. Hamilton Co.

sep25-2t

OFFICE BUREAU OF CONSCRIPTION, KNOXVILLE, TENN.

ORDERS.

All persons liable to conscription under the Act of Congress approved April 16th, 1862, will be allowed until the 5th of October to volunteer in any regular company now in the service of the Confederate States.

Such persons will present themselves to the enrolling officer within the district or county to which they belong and be enrolled as volunteers, or by presenting themselves at this office they will be enrolled here.

The enrolling officers will make out the enrollment of volunteers in duplicate and forward this office with the rolls as soon as they be completed. They will also furnish the volunteers with a transcript from the rolls giving his description and enrollment duly signed and certified, and direct the volunteer to report with the same at this office. Under the heading of "remarks" on the enrollment, the officer will note the company and regiment to which the volunteer desires to be attached.

On presenting the description list to any Quartermaster, the volunteer will be furnished with transportation to Knoxville.

The correctness of all enrollments will be certified to by the enrolling officer.

E. D. BLAKE, Lieut. Col. C. S. A.

sep23-4w Supt Enrolling Dept.

☞ Chattanooga Rebel, Georgia Banner, Atlanta Post, Cleveland Banner, and Select Advocate copy and send bill to Superintendent of Enrolling Department.

Military Blanks.

THE FRANKLIN STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

ATLANTA, GEO.

CAN furnish, to commanders, at short notice, and in the best style, every variety of military Blanks at as low prices as such work can be done by any similar concern in the Confederate States of America. Our facilities for rapidity and neatness, not excelled by any establishment. Send for a sample of the following:

MUSTER AND PAY ROLLS,
MUSTER ROLLS,
REGIMENTAL MONTHLY RETURNS,
BRIGADE MONTHLY RETURNS,
COMPANY MONTHLY RETURNS,

Morning, Weekly and Monthly Reports, Co. & Reg't with many others.

☞ Orders, for Blanks or other work, entrusted to our hands shall receive prompt attention and meet with early despatch.

Address—

J. J. TOON & Co., Proprietors Franklin Printing House, sep21-4t Atlanta, Ga.

To Volunteers.

THE JACKSON ARTILLERY (Capt. Dunn's Battery) Tom Georgia having just received an accession of two rifled pieces to their Battery, will receive able-bodied and moral men to man them.

All that have not been enrolled and will pass the Surgeon's examination will be paid $50 bounty. This Battery is in Gen. Maxey's Brigade, stationed at Bitter Creek. Apply immediately in person or by letter to

Capt. G. A. DUNN, sep18-1m* Battle Creek, Tenn.

N. B—Any desired information in regard to the company will be furnished by calling on Maxey's Brigade, Chattanooga.

Notice.

BY order of the Commissary General C. S. A., the undersigned will receive at his office, Columbus, Ga., sealed proposals for the manufacture of (10,000) twenty five thousand bbls. whiskey.

The article to be good, pure corn whiskey, suitable for the army, put up in good merchantable barrels and delivered at suitable depots, on railroads and rivers within the State of Georgia connecting with the present great thoroughfares of the Confederate States.

No proposal or bid will be received for less amount than (5000) five thousand bbls., and each contractor required to furnish as above (1/5th) one fifth of amount contracted monthly.

Good and sufficient bonds will be required for the faithful and prompt execution of contracts in accordance with the regulations of the Confederate States.

A. M. ALLEN, Columbus Ga., Sept. 18 2w Capt. A. A. C. S.

BRIDGE MEN WANTED.

I WANT 50 experienced Bridge Workmen to work on the Bridge-post Bridge, at extra high wages. Work to commence on the first day of October at Chattanooga.

sep16-2w A. L. MAXWELL, Jr.

MASONIC FEMALE INSTITUTE.

CLEVELAND, TENN.

Rev. J. N Bradshaw, Principal.

THE next Session of this Institute will commence on Monday the 1st day of September next, under the direction and professorship of the Rev. Mr. Bradshaw, who has had charge of it for the last two months.

The Trustees in making this announcement would most especially appeal to all citizens who have daughters to educate to send them to this Institution. Mr. Bradshaw has had charge of the school for the last ten months during which time he has rendered ample, and we might say, universal satisfaction to the Trustees, patrons and pupils. There never was a better time than now to educate their daughters than at home—economy is plenty—everything a farmer raises brings two prices, and the Tuition to this School is the same that it was when everything was at low figures.—What excuse can there be now for a man who neglects to educate his daughter? None. Situated here in Cleveland a healthy locality, we have an Institution with an excellent Instructor added, a sufficient corps of Assistants, to instruct all who may favor it with their patronage. Let one and all put their shoulders to the wheel and build up such a School as will be of incalculable benefit to our country.

We have the building and we have the Teachers, the failure devolves upon the people. We hope they will do their portion thoroughly.

The Trustees are thankful to the citizens for the patronage bestowed upon Mr. Bradshaw heretofore and are glad to know that under his administration it has not fallen behind any of the previous sessions.

The Board of Trustees.

TERMS OF TUITION.

Primary Department	$12 00	per Annum.
Preparatory "	16 00	"
Preliminary Class	20 00	"
Sophomore "	24 00	"
Junior "	30 00	"
Senior "	36 00	"
In Music, Piano, Guitar or Melodeon	50 00	"
Thorough Bass Comp., &c	20 00	"
French and other Modern Languages	20 00	" each.

In the Ornamental Department full provision will be made, at the ordinary prices.

The rule of payment is one half in advance, the rest by the middle of the term.

Board can be had in good families, and at convenient boarding houses kept purposely for young ladies. The price of board, including lights and fuel is not to exceed $2 00 per week. G. W. PARKS,

Aug. 9, 62. Secretary & Treasurer.

Valuable Summer Residence FOR SALE.

LOCATED about 3½ miles from Chattanooga, containing three hundred and thirty eight acres of land; seventy or eighty of the above are cleared. There is on the place a good spring of free stone water, also an orchard of young trees of almost every variety of fruit, among them are over a hundred dwarf pear trees. The houses are all new. Any one desiring such property can learn the terms by applying to

B. HOOPER or W. F. HOOPER, sep12-1m Agents.

Committed

TO jail in Chattanooga on the 17th August, 1862, a negro boy named Aleck, who says he belongs to James Cockerell of Pontotoc County, Mississippi. He is about 5 feet 4 inches high, black complexion. The owner will come forward, prove property and pay charges,

M. B. COULTER, aug 20 Sheriff Hamilton Co.

For Sale.

210 Acres of land within 3½ miles of Chattanooga. Apply to J. C. WARNLE.

Aug. 1st

To the Public.

I HAVE lately opened the Boarding House formerly kept by Esq. Rawlings one door above the Commissary Department, on Market street, where I am prepared to accommodate transient visitors with fuel and provisions. I will spare no pains in giving satisfaction and furnish my table with the best the country affords.

aug24-1m R. W. COBBS.

HATTERS! HATTERS!!

GOOD Journeymen Wool Hat Makers can find constant employment at good wages.

J. M. HOLBROOK, Atlanta, Georgia.

aug23-1m

Horse taken Up.

TAKEN up on the streets of Chattanooga, on Wednesday last a bay back horse, 16 hands high, one shoe. The owner can obtain the horse on applying to this office by paying charges and proving property.

aug 23tf

Committed

TO Jail in Chattanooga, on the 27th August, 1862, a negro boy who says his name is Bill and belongs to J. J. Portis, Dallas County, Ala. He is about 27 or 28 years of age, 5 feet high, copper color. The owner will please come forward, prove property and pay charges.

M. B. COULTER, Sheriff H. C.

aug30

School Notice.

THE undersigned will commence the second session of his school in the Camp Ground on the 29th day of present month. He begs to express a continuance of the liberal patronage with which the community has favored him in the past.

Tuition (Elementary branches, per term of 20 weeks) $8 00
Advanced branches, Geography, English Grammar, &c., 10 00
Use of hall in Academy, for other of the middle of the session. Both boys and girls will be received.

Chattanooga, Sept. 5th-1m A. TEMPLETON.

WANTED TO BUY,

5,000 Lbs. Wool, for which the highest cash price will be paid. Address

aug23-1m J. M. HOLBROOK, Atlanta, Ga.

EXECUTIVE HEAD QUARTERS, Chattanooga, Aug. 18, 1862.

GENERAL ORDER, No. 8.

The necessity of arming our gallant troops who are now returning from Northern prisons, and the slow recruits which are being brought to the field, renders it impossible to procure arms for a State force.

The Confederate army now being in our midst, the authorities anxiously desire to fill the thinned ranks of Tennessee regiments to the maximum, and it is believed that the great body of our people who are willing to volunteer will enrol themselves with their friends and kindred already in the service.

The Governor is therefore compelled to suspend all effort to organize a State Corps.

Moreover, Orders Nos. 6 and 7 are countermanded.—The commanding officers of corps already organized will return their muster rolls to the Adjutant General of the State and report for special orders.

By command of Governor,

ISHAM G. HARRIS.

W. C. WHITTHORNE, Adj't Gen'l.

aug24

Wanted to purchase for the Army, a large lot of

SHOES.

I WILL contract for the manufacturing of large or small lots. Transportation will be furnished for Hides and all other material for manufacturing Shoes. Those wishing to sell, or contract for the manufacturing of Shoes, will call, or address me at Dalton, Whitfield Co., Georgia.

W. P. AYER, Major & A. Q. M. Post.

Dalton, Ga., Aug. 18th, 1862. 4tm

GENERAL ORDERS NO. 9.

HEADQUARTERS HEAD QUARTERS, Chattanooga, Tenn., Sept. 6, 1862.

I. Major John I. Hopkins is appointed special aid to the Governor, and is instructed to see that the enrolling officers of the Reserved Military Corps in the Eastern Division of the State proceed to enroll all those subject to the provisions of an act of Congress approved April 16, 1862, entitled "An act to further provide for the public defence." The enrollment of conscripts under said act of Congress will be made in conformity to the General Orders of the War Department under the superintendence of Col. E. D. Blake, C. S. A., who has been detailed for that service in Tennessee.

II. The Judges or Chairmen of the County Courts in the Eastern Division of the State will immediately appoint competent persons in each civil District, ward or town of their respective Counties to take such steps as enrollment of all who are subject to the provisions of said act of Congress, the names of whom will be immediately made upon completion to Col. E. D. Blake, at Knoxville, Tennessee.

III. Said enrolling officers will also enroll all persons who are over thirty-five and under forty-five years of age and all those who are over forty-five and under fifty-five years of age, and forward a report of them, with a duplicate list of the conscripts, to the Adjutant General of the State.

By command of ISHAM G. HARRIS.

W. C. WHITTHORNE, Adj't Gen'l.

Cleveland Banner, Athens Post, Knoxville Register and Greenville Banner, copy. sep12

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT NO. 2, Sparta, Tenn., Sept. 2, 1862.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 1.

The President having authorized the enforcement of the Conscript Law in the State of Tennessee, officers are now engaged in the preparatory steps for the execution. All persons liable to its terms will be allowed to volunteer in such companies as they may select, in thirty days. This indulgence will not exempt them, however, from conscription at any subsequent date. It is hoped the ranks of our noble Tennessee regiments will soon be filled by voluntary enlistments. No new companies or regiments will be received until the ranks of those now in service are full.

By command of Gen. Stacy.

GEO. W. GARNER, A. A. Genl.

OFFICIAL: Jos. E. Dyer, A. A. Genl. sep12-1w

[Extract.] HEADQUARTERS C. S. FORCES, Chattanooga, Tenn., Sept. 8, 1862.

SPECIAL ORDER, No. 10.

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VI. All officers at this Post, and all who may hereafter arrive here, whether in Corps or not, will immediately report in person to Major H. E. Peyton, commanding the Post at Chattanooga.

By command of Major General S. Jones.

GILES B. COOKE, A. Adj't Genl.

[Extract.] HEADQUARTERS, CHATTANOOGA, TENN., August 27th, 1862.

SPECIAL ORDER, No. 8.

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II. All officers discharged from hospitals, returning from sick furloughs, or who may by any means have become separated from their regiments, will, on arriving at this place, immediately report to Maj. T. F. W. Doyle, commanding camp "Direction."

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By command of Maj. Gen. S. Jones.

CHAS. A. STRINGFELLOW, A. A. Gen.

[Extract.] HEADQUARTERS C. S. FORCES, Chattanooga, Aug. 26th, 1862.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 9.

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III. Major Henry E. Peyton is assigned to the Command of the Post at Chattanooga.

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By command of Maj. Gen. Sam'l Jones.

GILES B. COOKE, A. A. Gen'l.

KENNEDY HOUSE,

TRANSIENT BOARDERS.

ST. LOUIS STREET, MOBILE.

sep7-1m MRS. J. C. KENNEDY.