DAILY CRESCENT.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY—SUNDAYS EXCEPTED—
BY HAYES & M'CLURE.
A. H. HAYES....J. R. M'CLURE.
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TERMS OF THE CRESCENT.
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TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 14, 1848.

LOOK AT THE FIRST PAGE.—We repeat our injunction to the readers of our paper, that they always look at the first and fourth pages. Some of the most interesting articles published will often be found there.

NO NEWS.—What few papers we received yesterday, were mostly of dates anterior to those received the day before—and were completely barren of news. It will be quite delightful for editors when the telegraph gets in "working order" to this place, in connection with the degginses at the North.

HELP TO A GOOD CAUSE.—We understand that the benefit given by the Viennoise Children, at the American Theatre, night before last, yielded upwards of five hundred dollars to the charitable fund of the German Benevolent Society of this city.

A LARGE BUSINESS.—The letters by the Britannia, received by mail yesterday, read still better than the telegraphic accounts, as they show an advance of ⅛ to ¼d in the Liverpool Cotton Market. This favorable intelligence made the Cotton buyers active yesterday, and the sales ran up to 10,000 bales, mostly for Europe, but a part on speculation. Prices are up to 7¼ to 7⅞ for Middling to Good Middling, or ⅛ to ¼ cent over the rates of last Thursday.

MR. WALL'S CONCERT.—The concert of this gentleman, (the Blind Harper,) takes place this evening. He will be assisted by a brilliant array of additional talent—some in the vocal line, some instrumental.

☞ Messrs. Pierson & Bonneval will sell, this day, at 12 o'clock, at Banks' Arcade, several valuable lots of ground suitable for private residences, and located in the most improved part of the Second Municipality. Persons requiring good locations, will do well to attend the sale, as it will be made without reserve. We refer our readers to the advertising columns.

NOT COME.—The Peterhof arrived last evening from Rio Janeiro, which place she left on the 23d January. It was expected that Mr. Todd, our Minister to Brazil, would come home in her, but he was not on board.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.—Those who have not yet witnessed the beautiful, unique, clock-work performances of the Viennoise Children have one more chance—the very last in this city, as they depart to-morrow for St. Louis—this evening at the St. Charles, when they appear in three favorite dances. They, in addition to the "pleasing ways" of Mrs. Hunt and Mr. Chippendale, who appear in two favorite farces, will fill the house to overflowing.

GLIDDON'S LECTURES ON EGYPT.—The course of lectures (nine in all) on the subject of the Antiquities of Egypt, by Mr. G. R. Gliddon, commences to-night at the National Gallery, 13 St. Charles street. Mr. G. illustrates his statements with remarkable clearness, by means of maps, pictures, and diagrams.

ORLEANS THEATRE.—This evening, the Grand Ballet of "L'Almée," in which Mons. and Mme. Monplaisir will again delight the admirers of ballet opera—"La Zingarilla," a dance—and the Comedy of "Le Mari à la Campagne"—present a strong bill of fare.

BOOKS.—Miles C. Sale & Co., 17 St. Charles street, send us several pamphlet books; the first number of "The Cottage Library;" a work called "The Ladies' Science of Etiquette," and one entitled "The Pleasant Art of Money-catching." This last ought, from its name alone, to attract hosts of readers.

The establishment of Messrs. Sale & Co., is newly opened, and we recommend it to the book-purchasing world.

VERY ACCEPTABLE.—Mr. Thomas L. White, whose book store is at 53 Canal street, has sent us a copy of Walker's Dictionary, Grigg, Elliot & Co's. Philadelphia edition. Such books, of course, are always serviceable in a printing office; and this edition seems to possess full as much merit as any of its size now in print.

GEORGE W. KENDALL.—Several of the northern papers speak of this gentleman as preparing a History of the Mexican War, and making arrangements to have it illustrated with wood engravings, by Parisian artists. We shall welcome a work on this subject from Mr. Kendall's pen—confident that it will be creditable to himself.

OYSTERS.—We would refer those who like good oysters, (who does not?) to the fact of the receipt of an extra lot of fine oysters at the Holbrook Oyster Saloon, 97 St. Charles street.

A GREAT CONVENIENCE—*Sending Money by Mail.*—The English and French system of sending money by mail ought to be grafted at once on the postoffice in this country; (it would then have *one* redeeming feature, at least.) We allude to the law there which enables any one to deposite cash with a postmaster, and take a certificate of deposite, which is redeemable at the place to which it is forwarded.

THE TELEGRAPH SOUTH.—The Washington Union understands that the line of Telegraph which Mr. O'Reilly has begun to build South of Louisville, Ky., to New Orleans, is to be worked by a system independent of Morse's, if such an one can be found; and that a line of Morse's Telegraph is in rapid progress on the same route, to be connected with all the river towns in the West. Already about 320 miles of the posts on the Morse line are up, extending from Lexington, through Frankfort and Louisville, to Nashville and South; and the wire is going up as fast as it can be procured.

BOTH KINDS.—Yesterday morning we had a sharp dark rain; but three hours afterward the dust was annoying the passengers in our streets. "Variety is charming."

ATTRACTION.—Mr. Gliddon spent a moment with us yesterday; and by the programme he left, we see that his lectures embody "a Synoptical or Tynchronous Tabulation of Oriental and Occidental Events!" If this don't attract people—why then it wont. Joking aside though, the lectures will be well worth attending.

DEGREES OF COMPARISON—*Lately Discovered.*—A stray child is a waif; but a little thing made of beeves' blood is a wafer.

A blow in the face is sometimes called a clip; but a fast sailing boat is beyond question a clipper.

A subterrene receptacle of water is a well; but a well known character of a popular novelist is decidedly Weller.

The cotton in a candle is called a wick; but a certain kind of basket-work is wicker.

A stoppage is often a check—a spot makes a checker—and funds make an exchequer.

A certain kind of wine is port; and a man who carries burthens is a porter.

A nauseous medicine is a pill; a column is a pillar.

The plaything of a child is a doll; the God of a man is a dollar.

FROM THE BRAZOS.—By the arrival last night of the U. S. steamship Gen Butler, Capt. Wright, from the Brazos, whence she sailed on the 8th, we are in receipt of a Matamoros Flag of the 4th, through the attention of Capt. W. Its contents have been anticipated by previous arrivals. Nothing of interest stirring on the Rio Grande. The remains of the late Gen. Hopping were brought over on the Butler, under charge of M.r Hopping.

PASSENGERS.—Maj. McHenry; Lieuts. Camp, Wood, Wainwright and Jackson; Capt. T. W. Reed, U. S. A. Messrs. W. B. McElroy, A. J. Montgomery, M. Little, A. J. Nickerson, M. Hopping, John Dushane, L. J. Chamblin, M. P. Smith, J. W. Tillinghast.

Per steamship Telegraph—Maj. Taylor, Messrs. J. Turner, Geo. Wood, Jas. Hobbs, J. R. Baker, Mr. Bowen.

STILL LATER.—The U. S. transport Telegraph, Capt. Folger, arrived last night from the Brazos. She sailed on the 10th. We are indebted to the captain for a Matamoros Flag of the 8th, from which we make the following extracts:

The Third Dragoons.—Col. Butler, with five companies of the 3d Dragoons, will leave Mier on Friday next, 10th inst., for Victoria, the capital of this State. It is reported that one company of the 13th Infantry accompanies, but of this we cannot speak positively.

The Monterey Gazette of the 26th ult., was received by yesterday's mail. It is filled with a graphic account of the celebration of the anniversary of the battle of Buena Vista. The celebration took place on the 23d ult. The officers of the 16th Infantry gave a splendid dinner to Gen. Wool and the officers of the army now with the Division who shared with him the perils and achieved the victory of the ever memorable 22d of February, 1847. The old General was in excellent health and spirits, and entered with zest into the festivities. Toast, story, reminiscence, song and sentiment, went round the sumptuously spread board, and several very pertinent speeches were made. Maj. Bragg was prevented by indisposition from attending the celebration.

The river rose several feet in the early part of the week, but has again receded. Freights, in consequence of the continued low stage of the river, are very high. Business continues very dull in the city, with heavy stocks of goods on hand.

[From the Flag of the 4th inst.]

Our attentive correspondent at Santa Teresa has sent us several recent letters, which remain unpublished, the dearth of news with him causing them to be uninteresting. A letter received from him yesterday, mentions a conversation he had with a gentleman from Victoria, by whom he was informed that there were no Mexican troops at that place, and the people were openly expressing themselves solicitous that the department of Tamaulipas should come permanently under American rule. Goods were plenty and selling very low in Victoria. Large stocks had been sent there by foreign houses in Tampico. Money was very scarce, and the principal trade was carried on in barter—hides, wool, corn, etc., in exchange for goods.

We *have* been guilty of praising the climate of Matamoros, but we now take it all back, and pronounce it the most changeable, most disagreeable, most inhospitable spot on the face of the civilized globe. When this norther blows over and the sun warms us into good humor, maybe we may again recant. On Thursday it was hot enough to boil eggs in "two minutes by the watch" in the sun, and yesterday cold enough "to freeze the horns off a Billy-goat," and a misty, good-for-nothing sort of a rain falling the while.

It is hinted to us that the sons of the "Emerald Isle," a large number and highly respectable class of whom reside in Matamoros, intend to celebrate "St. Patrick's Day" by a ball—to be got up on a scale of extraordinary magnificence. We want to hear this confirmed.

☞ The U. S. steamer Fashion arrived here last evening, from Brazos Santiago, whence she started on the 10th inst.

DEVELOPEMENTS OF THE BLACK ART IN NEW ORLEANS.—Among all the feats we have ever witnessed—not forgetting those of Blitz and other "kindred spirits"—none go ahead of a performance ("little but smart,") of Dr. Whitley, who is now staying at the Planters' Hotel, of this city, and practising his profession as chiropodist on those who have the misfortune to require his services—or rather, we might say, the good fortune, for his operations do not cause the least pain at all, nor draw one drop of blood. The feat we allude to, is done with a common walking stick, which is made to raise itself up without the least apparent agency, and beat time to a tune hummed by the performer! Incredible as this may seem, it has been done repeatedly in the presence of persons attached to our office, and in the sitting-room of the Planters' Hotel.

POLITICAL.—At the democratic meeting last night, in the Third District, Mr. Richardson, heretofore an active member of the Taylor party, renounced Taylorism, and was again received into the democratic fold. Mr. Richardson said that he could not support any man for the Presidency who had so openly avowed himself a whig as had Gen. Taylor.

A Question of Propriety.

Our contemporary of the Mobile Herald disagrees altogether from some humble remarks of ours, last week, on the subject of "Model Artists"—and, (as near as we remember, for the paper containing the remarks alluded to has been mislaid,) disagrees also from our opinion of the perfect propriety of sculptures and paintings after a similar sort with these "Artists." In what we said, and in what we have to say, it is not so much about the Model Artists, but the general principle involved, that we care. Much has been written on the subject of that principle, in this country; for among the nations on the continent of Europe, it has been settled long ago. A portion of the English hold out still; but they do it more from the proverbial obstinacy of John Bull, than from any other reason.

The only objection that we can conceive of to the undraped figure, arises from an assumption of coarseness and grossness intended. Take away this, and there is no need (in the cases under discussion) of any objection at all. Eve in Paradise—or Adam either—would not be supposed to shock the mind. Neither would the sight of those inhabitants of the Pacific Islands, where nakedness is, or was, the innocent and usual custom. Neither does the sight of youth, among us or any where else. And so stern and commanding is the potency of genius, even over the vulgar—neither do c pies from the Venus de Medicis; for the prude dare not open his mouth against what the world, for many a year, has pronounced divine. It is only when people *will* try hard to think exclusively of what they assume to be a grossness intended, that they are "shocked" at such spectacles. But would not a woman of sense, (to say nothing of a man of sense, whose delicacies are not supposed to be so super-refined,) even if her education has been rigid in this respect, do better to take it for granted that *no* grossness is intended! Is there any absolute need of directing the mind the worser way?

Amid all the works of that Power which, in the most stupendous systems and the smallest objects in them, shows such unspeakable harmony and perfection, nothing can compare with the *human* master-piece, his closing and crowning work! It is a master-piece in *itself*, not as it is furbelowed off by the milliner and tailor. Nor would it be altogether uninteresting to pursue the inquiry how far artificial ideas on the subject of swaddling this work, so much in vogue among civilized nations—and barring off the contemplation of its noble and beautiful proportions—how far, we say, these practices may have aided in the effect of diminishing the average amplitude and majesty of the form, which effect must be confessed to when comparing present times with the age of the old Grecians and Latins.

As for the Model Artists, we know excellent women, and men too, who have attended their performances with rational gratification. We have witnessed them with the like result. It is somewhat a matter of taste, however; and we do not wish to quarrel with any body because his taste differs from ours. In conclusion, it may be as well to state that there are perhaps, in bye-places, exaggerated exhibitions of these groupings—as gluttony or drunkenness is the depravity of a wholesome appetite. Such, from what we hear, are so abominable as to be beneath even the merit of condemnation.

PROGRESS OF MR. CLAY—HIS VISIT TO NEW YORK.—We cannot but view it as every way unfortunate that Mr. Clay and the remains of Mr. Adams were to arrive in New York city at the same time. Yet, from an alteration in the arrangements of the Committee of Congress, who had the corpse in charge, such would inevitably be the case, unless the Committee or Mr. Clay altered the time of starting. The latter was to have left Philadelphia on Tuesday, 7th inst., by a special train, accompanied by a delegation of one hundred from that city to Amboy, there to have been received by the Common Council of New York, on board the steamboat Cornelius Vanderbilt, thence to New York.

That Mr. Clay has been received in New York by the "unbounded enthusiasm" which one reads so much about in the newspapers—but which is really developed only on great occasions like that—we have no doubt. Thousands of Americans yet venerate and love him as towering above all the other statesmen of the land; and in no place is there more of that ardent loyalty to him, than in the city of New York.

DOINGS IN THE MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE.—The Natchez Courier of the 7th instant, says: Bills providing for testing the sense of the people upon the propriety of calling a Convention to remodel the Constitution—for the purchase of two thousand copies of Hutchinson's compilation of the Laws of Mississippi, and for the establishment of an institution in Jackson for the education of the blind, have passed both Houses. Bills making appropriations for the improvement of our rivers and for the leveeing of the Mississippi river have passed the lower House.

NEW AND LARGE HALL FOR THE ODD FELLOWS, IN NEW YORK.—The very large and noble building, now in process of completion for the Odd Fellows of New York, at the corner of Grand and Centre streets, (as central a position as could be found,) is well worth a visit, both from the citizen and stranger. We get the following statistical account of this building, from the New York Tribune of the 2d inst.

We visited Odd Fellows' Hall yesterday, and examined the interior of it from the cellar to the dome. It is really a magnificent edifice, an ornament to the City—chaste, elegant and well-proportioned—fronting Centre street, 77 feet, on which is the main entrance, 71 feet on Grand street, and 105 on Orange street.

Its height to the top of the dome is 98 feet, and from the sidewalk to the top of the level cornice 70 feet, and the workmanship is in strict accordance with the rules of the Corinthian order of architecture; the antaes or pilasters, and the capitals, are complete.

The Hall fronts on three streets—the fronts on Grand and Centre streets agree. The principal front is on Grand street. Being located at a point on Grand street where the street forms an obtuse angle, it is in full view from Broadway and the Bowery, between which it is built.

The fronts are of Connecticut polished brown sandstone, and of superior workmanship—the first story is faced with rusticated ashlar, and the others with plain ashlar. The architect is Joseph Trench of Chambers street.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE AT ALBANY AND LOSS OF LIFE.—A destructive fire occurred at Albany, N. Y., on the 1st instant. Three brick stores and five frame buildings on the dock, below Hamilton street, were destroyed; on South Broadway ten buildings (frame and brick) were also destroyed. Whole loss, $50,000; insured, 20 to $30,000. A young man named Gillespie, of Engine Co. No. 2, and lad named O'Toole, were killed.

☞ Alfred B. Street, (the well known poet and writer,) has been appointed New York State Librarian.

DARING BANK ROBBERY.—Information was given at the Tombs yesterday, says the N. Y. Tribune of the 2d inst. that the City Bank was entered on Tuesday last, by some daring rogue, who stole a bag of gold, containing $2,000 with which he escaped, while the Cashier was engaged examining a check.

OPENING OF THE PENNSYLVANIA CANALS.—The Board of Canal Commissioners of Pennsylvania adopted the following resolution on the 25th ult.:

Resolved, That the several lines of the public works be opened for navigation as follows: The Delaware division, on the 1st of March next. The Main line (from Philadelphia to Pittsburg,) on the 10th of March. The Susquehanna, and North and West Branches, on the 15th March.

STEAMBOAT DISASTER.—The steamer Defiance has been sunk near Liberty. The boat is a total loss but the cargo will be saved in a damaged state.

☞ We learn from the Mobile Herald that a man named Flinn was killed near Hayneville, in that State, a few days ago by one named McGraw. The latter was arrested.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE AT ALBANY, N. Y.—A destructive fire broke out at Albany, N. Y., on the 26th ult., in a grocery store on the dock, below Hamilton street, there being three stores and five frame buildings, on the dock, destroyed. On South Broadway, ten buildings, frame and brick, were totally destroyed.

FIRE IN A RAILROAD DEPOT.—The depot of the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad was destroyed by fire on Saturday, 26th February. Several locomotives were destroyed, among which were some new ones, received a short time previous.

NEW POTATOES.—The editor of the Bunker Hill Aurora states that a friend lately handed him about a quart of new potatoes, grown in Charlsstown, Mass., in the open air! Some of them measure about four inches in circumference, and were very nice looking potatoes of their size. It is proper to add that they were not planted in the usual manner, but were an accidental crop.

☞ The business of the Montgomery and West Point Railroad, within a year has increased its income about 50 per cent. More than half of the whole income on the road is derived from passengers.—*Mobile Herald.*

Political News.

Mr. Clay's Withdrawal.—The Louisville Courier and the Frankfort Commonwealth say that letters have been received at Frankfort, (Ky..) from Washington, which render it certain that Mr. Clay will take an early occasion to withdraw his name from all connection with the next Presidency. A knowledge of this fact [we doubt it altogether.—*Eds. C.*] says the Courier, had unquestioned influence on the action of the whig convention recently assembled at Frankfort, which nominated Taylor Presidential electors.

At a large meeting of whigs, at Frankfort, a day or two previous to the convention, C. M. Clay, and others, advocated the passage of resolutions declaring it inexpedient again to bring Henry Clay upon the political arena.

North Carolina.—The Whig State Convention, which lately met at Raleigh, nominated Charles Manley as the candidate for Governor.

☞ At a late meeting of the Albany (N. Y.) Whig General Committee—a full meeting—resolutions strongly and unequivocally in favor of Henry Clay for the Presidency, and approving of the call for the Clay mass meeting to be held at the Capital on Friday evening, 3d inst., were adopted by a unanimous vote.

☞ One of the resolutions adopted at the Scott meeting held recently in Pittsburg, was as follows:

That while we are satisfied with the UNION AS IT IS, and willing to abide by all the compromises of the Constitution—we here avow our unalterable determination that in regard to all future acquisitions of territory, *slavery shall be forever excluded therefrom.*

☞ The Philadelphia Bulletin of the 3d inst., says that Mr. Dallas has written a letter, to be laid before the Convention to meet next day at Harrisburg, in which he declines being a candidate for the Presidency.

GEN. CASS IN DELAWARE.—A meeting of the democrats of New Castle County, Delaware, have unanimously expressed their preference for General Cass as a candidate for the Presidency.

Louisiana Legislature.

SENATE—*Monday, March* 13.—The Senate met pursuant to adjournment, the Hon. Trasimon Landry in the Chair.

After the passage of several private relief acts, the bill to authorize foremen of Grand Juries to swear witnesses was passed.

A bill relative to the privileges of seamen was on motion of Mr. Reynolds laid on the table, subject to call.

The House bill to provide for procuring a statue of Washington to place in the new State House at Bafon Rouge, was taken up and passed. The bill appropriates $5000, to be placed at the disposal of the Governor, in order to carry out the provisions of this act.

A bill for the regulation and preservation of the archives of the State was passed.

A bill relative to the production of Sugar Cane in Louisiana was passed.

The bill providing for the appointment of commissioners for the liquidation of the affairs of insolvent corporations, was next taken up and referred to the Finance Committee, which reported a substitute therefor. The substitute, after some discussion, was finally passed.

HOUSE.—The House met pursuant to adjournment, and immediately after reading the journal, the Committee on Finance reported favorably to the bill providing for an extension of time to the City Bank. The report was adopted.

The same Committee reported adversely to the Senate bill to lend $30,000 to the Barrataria Canal Company. This report was also adopted.

Mr. Smith, of Orleans, presented a memorial of the Gas Bank, asking to be paid for gas fixtures for the Courts in New Orleans.

The same member, on behalf of the Judiciary Committee, made a report adverse to the bill to amend the Black Code.

Mr. Larue, on behalf of the Finance Committee, to whom was referred the bill relative to the organization of a Board of Currency, reported two bills as substitutes for the same. The substitutes were adopted by the House.

The House, Mr. Moïse in the Chair, then resolved itself into a Committee of the Whole, having under consideration the bill reported by the Committee on Finance, to appropriate money for the support of the Free Schools of this State. The bill was adopted by the Committee.

A bill reported by the same Committee for the relief of the Sisters of Charity of the City of Donaldsonville, then passed.

An act appropriating $2000 to the relief of the Firemen's Charitable Association. Passed.

The committee then rose and reported the above mentioned acts back to the House, by which they were severally adopted.

An act appropriating $250 to the artillery company at Donaldsonville was adopted by the House.

On motion of Mr. Larue, the bill entitled an act to amend the first section of an act to provide a revenue for this State, was taken up.

The bill provides—

That the first section of an act to provide a revenue for the support of the government of this State, approved May 3d, 1847, be reënacted and amended to read as follows, to wit: That from December next, an annual ad valorem tax of one-tenth of one per centum, shall be levied for the purpose of supporting the government of this State, to pay the public debt and promote the public interest thereof, upon the assessed cash value of the following objects of taxation:

1. All lands and lots of ground lying within this State, owned or claimed by any person or corporation, whether patented or not, including in the assessment thereof, the value of all houses, fixtures and improvements, of every kind or value thereon, or affixed thereto; all machinery, neat cattle, horses and mules, when attached to and used on a plantation or farm.

2. All slaves for life or a term of years within this State.

3. All horses, mares, geldings, mules, jacks, jennies and neat cattle, when not attached and used on a plantation or farm, and assessed in the value thereof.

4. All carriages or vehicles, whether with two or four wheels, kept for pleasure, use or hire.

5. Shares of stock or interest in steamboats, ships, brigs, schooners and all other water-crafts whether at home or abroad.

6. All money loaned on interest.

7. All capital vested or employed each year in traffic, trade, merchandise, or in any kind of commerce.

8. The capital stock of all banks and other corporations doing business in this State, not expressly exempted from taxation by their charters granted by this State.

9. The property, of whatever kind, of all corporations over and above their capital stock, and all money or funds held by any such corporation in trust or on deposit, for persons or corporations other than citizens or corporations of this State, and used in trade or commerce, for the benefit of such persons or corporations.

An amendment offered by Mr. Larue, to increase the rate of taxation from one-tenth to one-eighth of one per cent., caused considerable discussion. A motion to lay the whole bill on the table was made and lost by a vote 39 nays to 36 yeas.

A message was now sent, to inform the Senate that the House was ready to proceed to the election of Lessees of the Penitentiary.

The Senate having entered; in

JOINT MEETING

The roll was called, and the Joint Meeting proceeded to the election of lessees of the Penitentiary. Messrs. Chas. G. McHatton, and George W. Ward, were nominated and unanimously elected, for the term of five years from the expiration of the present lease.

The Senate then retired, and the House again proceeded to the consideration of the Revenue Bill. Mr. Bodin moved for an indefinite postponement of the bill, when a call of the House was demanded, and a quorum found to be present. The motion for indefinite postponement then came up, and was adopted by a vote of 38 yeas to 37 nays. The bill was consequently indefinitely postponed.

The Bill to amend the Constitution of the State, by making Judges of the Supreme Court, Judges of the District Courts, Clerk of the Supreme Court, Secretary of the Treasury, Secretary of State, etc., elective by the people, was taken up. A motion to amend by striking out the Secretary of State and the Clerk of the Supreme Court, was lost. The yeas and nays were then called upon adopting the first section of the bill, which was decided in the affirmative by a vote of 48 to 36.

Mr. Pilié moved to lay the bill on the table, which was lost by a vote of 45 nays to 33 yeas. Mr. Pilié moved that the House resolve itself into Committee of the Whole, in order to allow each member to speak, when Mr. Larue moved the previous question, which was carried, and the bill passed its second reading. On motion of Mr. Larue, the bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time the next day.

The House, Mr. Bullitt in the chair, then went into Committee of the Whole, and proceeded to the discussion of the bill to appropriate money for the general expenses of the State, from April 1st, 1848, to March 31st, 1849, was passed.

The bill to lend $30,000 to the Barrataria and Lafourche Company then came before the committee. Mr. Larue moved to strike out all after the enacting clause, and to insert provisions to the effect that commissioners be appointed to value said Canal and property, and that the Company be requested to cede it to the State in consideration of the large sums already loaned to the Company and of which there is no prospect of repayment. The motion of Mr. Larue was adopted, and the bill passed as amended.

The committee then took up the bill to fix the salary of the Superintendent of Public Schools, which was passed.

An act to carry out the provisions of the joint resolution of the Legislature authorizing the Governor to employ counsel in certain cases, was passed.

After the passage of some bills of minor importance, the committee rose and reported the above bills back to the House, which then adjourned.

FUNERAL HONORS IN NEW ORLEANS TO EX-PRESIDENT ADAMS.—A correspondent sends the following note on the subject of funeral honors, in New Orleans, to the late John Quincy Adams. There is one point which all will certainly agree to; which is, that the man who has once been President of the United States, deserves every token of respect from the citizens afterward; and a decent consciousness of that truth will ever remain in the bosom of a true republican. We give the note alluded to:

Messrs. Editors:—The North, East and West, are moving in one great demonstration to do honor to the memory of the late illustrious Adams. Where are our citizens of the South and of this great city? Had the "old man eloquent" no admirers here, or is there no one to step forward in this matter? Let a public meeting be called and suitable measures taken to bring out the community to hear a discourse on the life and character of the great departed. Where is the New England Society?

MASSACHUSETTS.

THE STEYERMARKERS.—Charleston papers mention the arrival, in that city, of the Steyermarkische musical corps, who are probably by this time giving concerts. These performers—there are some nineteen or twenty of them, each a perfect musician on his piece—form the best band that has yet appeared in America. Probably they will be in New Orleans in due time; if so, the public here will be able to listen to musical execution altogether unequalled.

☞ Booth is playing a round of characters at the Park Theatre, New York. The prices have been reduced to fifty cents.

Mr. Wall's Concert.

Messrs. Editors—I have had the good fortune to be present at the rehearsal of the vocal pieces to be performed at Mr. Wall's concert this evening, and must, in justice to the artists and in thanks to Mr. Wall, who procures this musical treat, say that if the audience will not be richly rewarded for their trouble and expense I will give my real name and challenge contradiction. I do not wish to write a critique before the concert, but the "Buffo Duett," from "Linda,"—which, by-the-bye, the Bishop troupe could not give for the want of another bass singer—is unique in its way, and executed with an energy only to be equalled by the opera company in Havana. The other "Buffo Duett," from "Mathilde de Sabrand," is exquisite, and I only regret that the words are not understood by all. The "Aria," from "Betley," reminds me of sweet Borghese, and will be spiritedly sung. The "Rataplan," in French, is worth alone half the price of admission, and an English air by Jenny Lind, will be received with the applause due to the composer and singer.

JUSTICE.

Programme of Procession of the Crescent Club.

ON WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 15, 1848.

The Procession will proceed from their Club Room, No. 36 St. Charles street, at 8 o'clock, P. M.,—from St. Charles to Royal, down Royal to Esplanade, up Esplanade to Victory, down Victory to Madam Caldwell's, from thence up Victory to Condé, up Chartres to Canal, up Camp to Poydras, down Poydras to St. Charles, down St. Charles street to their Club Room, and then dismissed.

By order of the Grand Marshal, D. ALDRICH.
mh14 2t H. C. HUGHES, Secretary.

☞ **Seventh Ward, Second Municipality.**—The Democrats of this Ward are invited to attend an adjourned meeting, to be held at Arthur O'Donnell's, corner of Circus and Poydras streets, on WEDNESDAY EVENING next, 15th inst., at half-past 7 o'clock, for the purpose of nominating three candidates for Aldermen.

mh13 3t DAVID JOBSON, Secretary.

Municipal Election....Candidates.

☞ **For Mayor.**—We are authorized to announce A. D. CROSSMAN, the present Mayor of New Orleans, as a candidate for re-election at the next Municipal Election. mh10

☞ **For Recorder.**—The Editors of the Crescent will please announce CLEMENT RAMOS, the present incumbent, as a candidate for re-election to the office of Recorder of the First Municipality. mh14

☞ **For Recorder.**—We are authorized to announce JOSHUA BALDWIN as a candidate for re-election to the office of Recorder of the Second Municipality, at the election in April. mh10

Arrivals at the Principal Hotels Yesterday.

ST. CHARLES.—W. H. Sparks, J. Collins, W. Miller, Dr. Blacocke, T. K. Basseron, W. A. Birland, Col. H. McCoffey and lady, La.; Geo. Wood, S. S. Whitney, S. Whitney, jr., J. D. Beers, F. J. Cutter, N. Y.; P. C. May, J. L. Bozman, L. Gill, P. L. Lewis and family, C. McNab, Ala.; G. Davis, Va.; A. Lathrop, W. B. Clifton, Ky.; Mrs. F. Daniel, Miss C. Freeland, J. F. Harrington, Col. Fagg, W. H. Daunls, Mrs. R. C. Hume, J. W. Champlin and lady, Miss.; D. H. Hamilton, D. Lopez, A. Moise, jr., C. M. Levy, S. C. F. Norcom, Mo.; E. Englehart.

VENDRIE.—J. A. Simmonds, Md.; J. M. Smith, Ohio; I. J. Thompson, Ky.; Mrs. Kelly, Ct.; H. Dunnesil and family, La.; G. Levin, I. B. Robinson, E. M. Avery, A. Boyd, A. F. Boyd, A. M. Swayze, Mrs. W. Boyd, Carolina Boyd, E. F. Lozounrar, Miss.

HEWLETT'S.—T. B. Poindexter, I. T. Pugh, La.; J. Ogden, J. Macbeth, Miss.; J. P. Rinders, Ky.; J. W. Hayes, G. W. Reese, W. Burdett, J. Sidell.

PLANTERS.—J. J. Craft, M. R. Womack, M. Richardson, M. Agnew, La.; J. B. Sale, N. Rosenberg, Miss.; L. Giraldin, Ohio; W. L. Fluker, Capt. R. A. Harris, Ala.

ARCADE.—J. H. Wilcox, S. Clendenen, Miss.; J. Dunseth, La.

☞ **Brown's Gold Pens.**—These unrivalled GOLD PENS possess all the flexibility of the best Quills. The following extracts show the estimation in which they are held by the best Judges:

From the Picayune.

Messrs. Guinness & Bush have received a lot of Brown's Gold Pens, one of which we have tried. Those who can write at all with a metallic Pen will admire these. They run glibly and smoothly, and possess a good degree of elasticity. We commend those wishing for Gold Pens to the establishment of Messrs. Guinness & Bush, No. 12 Camp st.

From the Delta.

Splendid Pen.—We have received from Guinness & Bush, of No. 12 Camp street, a specimen of a most excellent kind of Pen, made of gold, and suited to be carried in the pocket. These Gold Pens, remarks an Irish friend, are the best *steel* Pens that have been manufactured. It is actually a pleasure to write with them.

From the Times.

Gold Pen.—We are inditing this paragraph with a superior specimen of "Brown's Gold Pen," for which we are indebted to our good friends Messrs. Guinness & Bush, Camp st. They are remarkably flexible, and write almost without any effort. These gentlemen have a very large assortment of superior Gold Pens, and we can confidently recommend their stock to all needing this description of article.

☞ For sale, wholesale and retail, by
GUINNESS & BUSH,
Dealers in Fancy Articles and Gent.'s Furnishing Goods.
mh14 5t 12 CAMP STREET.

☞ **To Purchasers of Clothing.**—Call at ALFRED MUNROE & CO'S *One Price Store*, No. 34 Magazine street, where may always be found the largest assortment of Goods in New Orleans, and at uniformly low prices. mh5

☞ **French, Spanish, English and Italian** Languages.—*VIVA VOCE SYSTEM.*—JAMES De PALOS, Professor of Modern Languages, No. 14, Exchange Place, opposite the Postoffice, between Canal and Customhouse streets, New Orleans, teaches the above Languages correctly, in a peculiar and easy manner. His system, the result of eighteen years labor and experience in the art of his profession, is founded on sound principles, governed by the laws of nature, and has been successfully practiced in this city for the last ten years. It has been demonstrated to be the only system by which a *scientific* and *practical* knowledge of a language can be acquired at the same time, and to such an extent as to enable the student to read, write and speak the language as if it were his native tongue.

Persons wishing to honor him with their confidence, are requested to call at his office from 9 to 12 M., or from 5 to 8 P. M., No. 14 Exchange Place.

References numerous and respectable. mh11 3mis

☞ **Clothing**—*NEW GOODS—Latest Styles.*—ALFRED MUNROE & CO., No. 34 Magazine street, have received per ships St. Mary, Palestine, etc., a fresh supply of

Superfine French black cloth Dress and Frock Coats;
" " " " Drawin Cassimere Pantaloons;
" " " Elastic " "
" black and Colored Satin Vests, best styles;
Rich black embroidered Cloth Vests, beautiful patterns;
Extra rich fancy Silk Velvet Vests, superb quality;
ALSO—Brown, blue, olive green, olive brown, claret and mulberry Cloth Frock Coats, of best French Cloth;
White Marseilles Vests;
Rich light Silk Vests, for Balls and Soirees;
ALSO—A variety of other choice articles for Gentlemen's wear.
☞ Call and examine. *One Price for Goods, and no deviation.*
mh5 ALFRED MUNROE & CO., 34 Magazine street.

☞ **Large Sales and Small Profits.**—ALFRED MUNROE & CO., 34 Magazine street, are now selling off their entire stock of Fine and Fashionable WINTER CLOTHING, at as low prices as the same quality of goods can be purchased any where in the United States.

☞ We have the Largest Stock of Clothing in New Orleans, and we challenge the world to show, in one store, an assortment EQUAL TO OURS. Among other goods are the following:

1000 black and colored Cloth Dress and Frock Coats;
900 Cloth, Cassimere and Tweed Sacs, Paletots and Coatees;
400 long and medium blue Blanket Coats;
600 pairs colored French and English Cassimere Pantaloons;
1000 pairs Black Cassimere and French Doeskin Pantaloons;
200 pairs black Satinet Pantaloons;
800 black and fancy colored Satin Vests;
300 colored French Cashmere Vests;
200 black Cassimere, Bombazine and Marathon Silk Vests;
Super black Silk Velvet and Royal figured Silk Velvet Vests;
Rich Paris Embroidered black Cassimere Vests;
Extra rich light Vests, for Balls and Soirees;
6000 Muslin Shirts, with linen bosoms—latest style;
2000 all Linen Shirts—latest style;
Under Garments of every description;
Black and white Kid Gloves; Suspenders;
Black and colored Silk Cravats;
Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs; Trunks, etc. etc.
☞ Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. No trouble to show goods.
☞ One price for Goods, and no deviation.
mh5 ALFRED MUNROE & CO., 34 Magazine street.

☞ **New Orleans Southern Brush Factory,** *No. 10 Camp street.*—The proprietor of this establishment again calls the attention of his numerous customers to his very large and extensive variety of Brushes, just manufactured and on sale at Northern manufacturers' prices. Country Merchants and others will find it much to their interest to call and examine for themselves. Contractors for the army and navy, as well as conductors of public institutions, and all others that purchase Brushes in quantities, will save a large per centage, as we class them with wholesale purchasers, and sell them at Northern prices. Steamboat captains and owners would do well to call and examine our Steamboat Flue Brushes, that have given such universal satisfaction on the floating palaces that glide along the navigable waters of the Hudson. Call and examine them. To our retail customers, we have the largest assortment of Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Nail and Comb Brushes, Shaving Brushes, Whisker Brushes, Ladies' Puff Brushes, and in fact every kind of Brush that is now in use; and should any of our customers wish a Brush of any kind made, no matter what shape or size, we will make it to order, on the shortest notice.
J. HUFTY.
☞ Catalogues can be had at the store. The highest price paid for American Bristles. Brushes of all kinds made to order. mh5

Married:

On Saturday evening, March 11, by the Rev. Mr. Deering, Mr. JOSEPH BOWLES to Mrs. SARAH LOCKE, all of this city.

Died:

On the 9th inst., on board the ship Atlantic, on her passage from New York to this port, Mr. THOS. GALAHER, aged 21 years, a native of New York.

Steamboat Departures This Day.

☞ See advertisements on Third Page.

Pittsburg.....DUCHESS, Wade, 4 P. M.
Pittsburg.....ALBATROS, Robertson, 5 P. M.

☞ The U. S. Mail steamer DUCHESS—For Louisville, Cincinnati,