of Monday night, and a large number of them, with many men also, fled on board of the vessels in port, which were, luckily, numerous—about twenty-eight or thirty in all. The large ships received 200 or 300 each. Many have since returned on shore. Several families are preparing to leave the island, and numbers have already quit.

DAILY CRESCENT.

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WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 28, 1848.

☞ See First and Fourth pages. ☜

MR. SEVIER.—The Courier of la t evening contains a correspondence b tween Mr. Sevier a d the Governor, J. T. Preston, Charles Gayarre and o.her gentlemen belonging to the democratic party. They request Mr. Sevier to afford the citizens of New Orleans an opportunity to express to him personally their high opinion of his public services and private worth. Mr. Sevier undoubtedly merits this testimonial of esteem from our citizens, and we greatly regret that circumstances were such as would not permit him to comply with the request.

BEARER OF THE TREATY.—Dr. W. K. Rayburn, bearer of the treaty of the ratification of peace between the United States and Mexico, was to have left this city last evening for Washington.

COL. SEVIER.—We regret to learn that Colonel Sevier, our distinguished and successful Commissioner to Mexico, is at present laboring under a severe indisposition, contracted during his late visit to Mexico. The complaint is of a bilious order, and has in a manner prevented him from receiving the visits of his friends. The best wishes of all who know him are, that he may speedily regain his wonted health.

CELEBRATION.—We refer our readers to the programme in another column of the celebration that is to take place on the Fourth of July next. It will speak best for itself.

LIEUT. BEAUREGARD.—We are glad to see that the services of this talented young Louisianian have been properly appreciated by the inhabitants of the parishes of San Bernard and Plaquemine. A meeting of the inhabitants of those parishes was held on the 25th at the Station House of the Mexican Gulf railway for the purpose of celebrating the return of Lieut. Beauregard. A committee appointed to draft resolutions, reported in favor of presenting him a sword as a token of admiration.

THE DISCHARGE OF THE TROOPS.—The resolution which passed Congress ordering the different regiments to the points at which they were mustered into service before they are discharged, was doubtless intended for the benefit of the volunteers; and had they been shipped from VeraCruz directly home, we have no doubt that the object would have been attained; but long before the orders founded on the resolution had reached VeraCruz, many of the regiments had been dispatched to this city. Hundreds to them had made their arrangements to remain in the West, select the lands to which they were entitled, and prepare to become permanent residents of the great Valley; besides, it must not be forgotten that, after two years of service, it is not unnatural that they should desire as soon as possible to escape the rigors of military discipline, at all times a galling yoke for Americans to bear, and which would never be submitted to except at the call of patriotism. It comes hard for the troops, under such circumstances, with the prospect of release immediately before them, to be informed that they must again be confined to a crowded ship, be subjected to the annoyances of a long voyage, and have all their plans and projects frustrated. If any method could be devised by means of which those regiments which desire it, and which left VeraCruz before the reception of the late order, could be discharged here, we imagine that it would be the best for all concerned. We hope that means may be found by the officers in command to comply with the wishes of the troops, especially of the non-commissioned officers and privates, who have endured most of the hardship and done most of the fighting of the war, with but little of the honors and less of the pay.

MAJOR GEN. BUTLER.—For the last two days this gallant officer has been "at home" to our citizens at the St. Charles Hotel. Yesterday the Mayor and the Recorders of the different Municipalities called upon him in a body, and tendered him their respects, and were received by him in the most cordial and courteous manner. Amongst those who were present we noticed the white-haired veteran Gen. Gaines, who "clasped, with an eager clasp," the hand of an old comrade in arms. Gen. Gaines stated that as he was not on duty, it afforded him much pleasure to look out from the top of the terrace of the noble St. Charles upon the beautiful city of New Orleans, and requested Gen. Butler to accompany him. To this Gen. Butler assented to, and on going up the stairs, a democrat observed "that this move might possibly be an augury of the elevation of Gen. Butler to the Vice Presidency of the United States." Horace Greeley says "there are good times coming,' and Father Ritchie observes "*nous verrons.*"

SEMI-WEEKLY—this morning—containing late news, foreign and domestic, markets, &c. Single copies in wrappers at office—5 cents.

FROM TEXAS.—The steamship Yacht Capt. Wilson, arrived last evening from Galveston, bringing us Texas papers. We extract the following paragraphs from the Civilian of the 22d:

Corpus Christi.—This port, since the occupation of Matamoros and other Mexican towns on the Rio Grande by the U. S. troops, has been somewhat overlooked, but is now reviving under the prospect of peace, and the restoration, to some extent, of the old order of things.

We learn that the place has now about 300 American inhabitants, and some 200 Mexican. Captain Sutton's company of Rangers is stationed there. There is a considerable quantity of land in the vicinity planted in corn, which is growing finely and promises to supply the demands of the present population.

It is stated by the Austin Democrat that the Fronter Regiment is about to be reorganized. Col. P. H. Bell is a candidate for the office of Colonel. The Democrat says: "For Lt. Col. we hear Maj. M. Chevallie, Capt. M. T. Johnson and Capt. E. H. McCulloch spoken of; and for Major, Captains B. F. Hill and James S. Gillett."

PASSENGERS—*Per steamship Yacht from Galveston.*—Mr. Borden and lady, Mr. Pemfix and lady, Mr. Sheppard and lady, Mrs. Bogart, Mrs. Cutrey, Mrs. Moore, Mrs. Redie, Messrs. R. Mills, Dyer, Ward, Redie, Sennett, Thompson, Dennison, Franklin, Lewis, Bardley, Hyler—21 on deck.

☞ Weld & Co., 72 Camp street, have the "Henpecked Husband," a novel by the author of the Flirt. It is good.

VESSELS DEPARTING.—The following is a list of the vessels that left last evening for the seat of peace: the ships Toronto, Pharsalia and Elizabeth Ellen, and bark Gen. Taylor for the Brazos; the bark Orion and the steamship Palmetto for Vera Cruz. The steamship Galveston leaves this morning, but her port of destination is not stated.

MARSHAL'S SALE.—*This Day.*—The U. S. Marshal sells this morning at 9 o'clock, at the store No. 49 Camp street—Books, Stationery, &c.

AUCTION SALES—*This Day.*—Benjamin Kendig & Co. sell, at 10 o'clock, at the Auction Mart, corner of Common and Circus streets, horses, mules, cattle, carriages, etc.

Gen. Butler.

We perceive by a notice in the Courier of last evening that the democrats of this city and Lafayette design to make a public demonstration in honor of Major General Butler on Saturday next. This is all right—and we hope the proceedings will be such as will be a credit to our city, as well as agreeable to the distinguished officer whom they are intended to honor. But we think it would have been in much better taste if the city authorities had by prompt action taken away from the public reception of the commander of the army all party character. It is true that Gen. Butler is a candidate for Vice President, but it is also true that he has distinguished himself in the recent war, and bears upon his body the memorable memorials of its battles, and that as the head of the returning army any token of respect to him, would be in so much an acknowledgment of the gratitude that the country ought to feel for the incomparable soldiers under his command—nor ought it to be forgotten that from New Orleans, and from men of all languages, religions, and shades of opinions in it, Gen. Butler is entitled to receive special marks of consideration, for the conspicuous part which he took in its defence when a stronger than Mexican foe was clamoring for its "beauty and booty" in 1815. If party feeling has had any influence upon our municipal councils, and prevented them from moving before this, with a view of showing respect to the worthy, the honorable, and the brave, who have deserved well of their country, it says but little in support of our boasted liberality. But we cannot believe that any motive so unworthy of New Orleans has caused the omission on the part of the authorities, and we consequently anticipate that they will take instant and proper measures to render honor where honor is due. At the same time, however, our democratic fellow-citizens are right in "going ahead," and we expect that they will show that "some things can be done as well as others."

COLONEL HUGHES.—This officer, who has recently arrived in town, is the commander of the Maryland Regiment. Although his command has had no opportunity of signally distinguishing itself, it has performed services of the most arduous and useful nature, and has during a considerable time been more actively employed than any other regiment. To Col. Hughes is due the credit of keeping open the communications between Vera Cruz and the City of Mexico, by retaining possession of the National Bridge which had previously been the strong hold of the guerilleros. As Governor of Jalapa he gave unbounded satisfaction, and in many instances his promptitude and energy were displayed with very beneficial results.

We very much regret that the Maryland Regiment has had no opportunity of signalizing its prowess in battle, as we are sure it would have given a good account of itself, it having been considered one of the very best corps in Mexico. The Light Artillery company of our friend Lloyd Tilghman, belongs to this regiment. He exhibited his gallantry by escorting Santa Anna and his lady from Jalapa to Antigua; but Palo Alto and Resaca can testify that his achievements have not been altogether bloodless.

NEW YORK REGIMENT.—We understand that the greater part of this regiment will embark for home to-day on the ship Edith. The utmost activity prevails in the Quartermaster's office, and every exertion is being made to forward the troops now on their return to their homes.

THE SECOND PENNSYLVANIA REGIMENT.—Among the duties incumbent upon us at this time, none can be more pleasing than that of expressing the gratitude with which we, in common with all our countrymen, feel to the officers and soldiers who have shed such lustre upon the American arms. We take peculiar pleasure in complying with this duty towards the gallant regiment abovenamed, for there is none in the service which has proved itself more worthy of all the honors we can bestow. The Second Pennsylvania is commanded by Col. Geary, and more fortunate than the First, was permitted to share in the glories and triumphs of Churubusco, Chapultepec, and the city of Mexico. In every engagement it acquitted itself in a manner creditable to the volunteer force, and at the storming of Chapultepec its gallantry and daring courage was particularly conspicuous. Never has any State been better represented than the old Keystone by the First and Second Pennsylvania regiments. May they receive from their fellow-citizens the approval and gratitude they so well merit.

COMPANY E, 2D PENNSYLVANIA.—We understand that Company E, of the 2d Pennsylvania Regiment has obtained permission of Gen. Brooke to furnish its own transportation to Pittsburg. This company is commanded by Captain Johnson, and was raised in the neighborhood of Greensburg, Westmoreland county, Pa. If we are not mistaken, the citizens of that county intend to erect a monument to the memory of the Pennsylvanians who have fallen in battle during the Mexican war.

TO THE TROOPS.—We learn from an authentic source that all the troops who will arrive in this city from Mexico will be on their way to their respective homes by the 20th of July next. This reflects much credit upon the Quartermaster and his officers, who are delegated to furnish the transportation of so large a body of men.

SOUTH CAROLINIANS.—Seven companies of the South Carolina regiment arrived in Mobile on the 24th inst.

☞ Herr Von Grone, who served as a volunteer in our army in Mexico, and was noticed for his gallantry at the battle near the National Bridge, has returned to Prussia, his native country, to fall in an engagement with the Danes, being shot through the head. He has left a number of friends in the United States.

From the St. Louis Reveille.

The Oregon Trace.

Oregon Battalion—The Tribes in Pursuit of the Pawnees—Scalps Taken—Pawnee Village Burned—Pending destruction of the Nation.

Captain Van Vleit, who distinguished himself at the taking of Monterey, and who has been, during the winter, with the Oregon Battalion, arrived in town on Sunday, direct from Grand Island, on the Platte river, having left that port on the 5th inst.

Three companies of the battalion arrived at Grand Island on the 1st June, the other two companies, it was expected, would arrive in five or six days. All were in good health, one man only having been lost since leaving Fort Kearny. This battalion, it will be remembered, was sent out last summer, with a view to the construction of a line of military posts to Oregon, but, from delays and what not, nothing further has been done, as yet, than the laying out of the ground at the first station, at Grand Island, the work now to be prosecuted with vigor, though the chance is, that as peace has been made, the battalion may be recalled in the fall, and the regiment of Mounted Rifles, (originally designed for this service,) sent out in its place. The *special* "Oregon Regiment," is yet under the consideration of Congress.

The summer upon the plains, promises to be a bloody one, owing to the general rising of the tribes against those notorious prairie robbers the Pawnees. Capt. Van Vleit, on the 5th inst., twenty miles this side of Grand Island, met a party of three hundred Cheyennes, lying in wait for the Pawnees. The day after he encountered the whole Pawnee nation—several thousands—men, women and children—going towards the buffalo grounds. On the 7th, Capt. V. V. passed through the village of the nation, and found it entirely deserted; while there, a party of Sioux appeared on the opposite side of the Platte. They crossed, and charged down on the Captain, who had with him only two men and a sergeant. No molestation was offered to the travellers, but, after having shared some refreshment, they fell upon the desolated village and destroyed it entirely, with the corn-fields in the neighborhood. The travellers learned that the Pawnees, shortly before this, had been attacked by a large party of the Iowas and the Sacs, and that they had lost seventeen scalps. It was further ascertained, that a war party of three hundred Osages were on the trail of the Pawnees; so that, what from hunger, (they have suffered severely,) and the ill will which their aggressions have raised against them generally, there is a great probability of this summer's war upon them ending in their destruction.

John Mitchel.

We see in many of our exchange papers accounts of meetings held, money collected, and plans concocted, to release Mitchel from his imprisonment at the Bermudas. This is mere gasconade which can end in nothing. If any design were entertained to attempt his rescue, common sense would seem to dictate that it should be kept secret and not made the subject of windy speeches and verbose resolutions. But any attempt of the kind would be manifestly futile. If the object is to be attained by an open attack, as one would suppose from the number of men and vessels spoken of, we would beg leave to inform the valiant and enthusiastic gentlemen engaged in the perilous enterprize, that they had better persuade the government to put into commission all our vessels of war, for nothing less would be required to give them the slightest chance of success. The Bermudas, owing to their extended shoals of coral, to their narrow and devious channels almost unapproachable by nature; and the British naval force constantly in the vicinity, and the stationary fortifications at St. George's and Ireland Islands, commanding the only practicable entrances, have contributed so much to their natural strength as to cause military men to regard them as nearly if not quite impregnable. The way of force, then, is sheer folly, and the resort to artifice, after all the world has had notice of the design, would be more foolish still. We hope, therefore, that all ideas of such nonsense will be abandoned. The proper way to benefit Mitchel is not for men to risk their necks, or incur the chances of sharing his chains in their efforts to carry out ill-advised schemes for his rescue, but to labor in the cause for which he suffers, to do the things that he recommended, and to establish that liberty for his country which will take from its oppressors the power to retain him in bondage or to consign others to a similar fate.

THE BERMUDAS.—These Islands, or reefs, having been selected for the imprisonment of that glorious patriot, John Mitchel, public attention has been directed to them. They will acquire immortality from the Irish republican. They are situated in the Atlantic, about 200 leagues east of Cape Hatteras, North Carolina, surrounded by numerous rocks and shoals, which render them difficult of approach. They were discovered by Juan Bermudez, a Spaniard, in 1522, but not inhabited until 1609, when Sir G. Sommers was cast away upon them; and they have belonged to Great Britain ever since. The principal one is called St. George. Lat. of St. George, 32° 40' North, long. 62° 32' West. They are sometimes called Sommers' Islands.

THE PATRIOT'S WIFE.—The wife of Mr. Mitchel is a niece of Sir Wm. Verner, a Member of Parliament for the County of Armagh, and was married at the early age of 15 years. Although still youthful, she is the mother of four children, the eldest of whom is 9 years old. This lady has shown by her conduct that she is every way worthy of her noble husband.

ÆERIAL.—Mr. Thurston is to make his second aerial voyage at Canandaigua, N. Y., on the fourth of July.

☞ Grace Greenwood has retired from the editorship of the Dollar Newspaper, on account of failing health. She's a fine creature and deserves a good husband. Say what you will about it, damp newspapers, jingling rhymes, flashy sentiment, wafers, pen and ink, sand and desk labor, are not fit for the sex. It is better to be the wife of a yeoman than the most famous of literary ladies.—*Boston Post.*

CIGAR SMOKING.—The centre watch in Boston reported on the 14th inst., that on their "first out" they saw two hundred and thirty-four persons smoking in the streets.

☞ A "habitant" arrived at Pointe Levi on the morning of the 13th inst., says the Quebec Mercury, from Ste. Marguerite, (south shore,) states that when he left there, seven inches of snow lay on the ground!

☞ The order of "United Americans" celebrated the anniversary of the battle of Bunker Hill, on the 17th inst.

CAUGHT AT LAST.—Robert Pringle was arrested at Cincinnati on the 16th inst. for assaulting Wm. Patterson. So "the man who struck Bill Patterson" has been caught at last.

THE WASHINGTON.—This vessel arrived at New York on the 19th, having accomplished the trip in 15 days. Two-thirds of the distance was performed in eight days; but an accident occuring to her machinery, prevented her from arriving as soon as she otherwise would. She brought 144 passengers.

PUNCTUALITY EXTRAORDINARY.—Captain Judkins, of the steamship America, on leaving Liverpool for the United States, on the 15th of April, orderer his dinner to be ready at his hotel, on his return from America, at 6 o'clock on the 22d ult., and was there within five minutes of the time. In like manner, we understand, he has ordered his dinner to be ready on his next return, on Saturday, 8th July. He leaves Liverpool to-day for Boston, and Boston for Liverpool on the 28th inst.

NAVAL.—The U. S. sloop-of-war Germantown arrived at Pensacola on the 23d, also the frigate Cumberland, bearing the broad pennant of Com. Perry.

Com. Newton arrived on the 17th, and assumed command of the Vixen.

The U. S. steamer Vixen and U. S. schr. Mahonese, arrived at Pensacola on Thursday last. The Vixen left Tuxpan bar for the Island of Labos on the 15th inst., thence for Pensacola on the 16th.

The Mahonese brings the bodies of the late Commanders Harris, of the steamer Iris, and Henry Pinkney, of the Vixen, who were drowned with three other persons, in attempting to cross the bar at the mouth of the Tuxpan river.

List of Officers of the U. S. Steamer Vixen.—Jas. H. Ward, Lieut. Com'g; Act'g Master Rob't A. Marr, Ass't Surgeon A. N. Bell, Passed Mid. Joseph Fry, 1st Ass't Engineer George Sewell, 2d do. Wm. F. Lynch.

List of Officers of the U. S. Schr. Mahonese.—W. D. Porter, Lieut. Com'g; Act'g Master Chas. Dyer, Passed Mid. N. T. West.

LAUNCH.—There was a grand turn out at Albany on the 15th inst., to see a new steam ferry boat launched. The company were waiting in almost breathless expectation to see her go off—the band struck up a beautiful air, the block was cut away, and—the craft stood stock-still! she wouldn't budge a line. After a close inspection, it was discovered that some mischievous scamp had driven an iron spike, about a foot long, through the ways into her hull. This was finally removed, and off she went.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE AT LAWRENCE, MASS.—A fire broke out on the night of the 16th inst., in the stable of Plummer & Kimball, Oak street, in Lawrence, which was entirely consumed, together with seventeen valuable horses, ten tons of hay, thirty bushels grain, and a number of carriages and harness. Loss about $6000. Insured for $2000.

CHICAGO RACES.—The second trial between *Lady Jane* and *Jack Rositter* came off at Chicago on the 12th, for 1000. *Lady Jane* was the winner.

☞ The river, in the forty-eight hours preceding last evening, had fallen 3 inches, and the mark at the head of the canal showed 3 feet 9 inches. Medium-sized boats pass through the canal drawing at least a foot more than the guage shows.

Much rain fell night before last, but now the sky is again clear.

Boats from below report 6 feet water on the bars in the Ohio. The lower Mississippi is said to be very much obstructed by snags, and they are daily accumulating.—*Louisville Journal, 19th.*

COLLISION.—The steamboats Martha Washington and Uncle Ben came in collision on the Ohio river at a place called Rome, 150 miles below Louisville, on the night of the 14th. The Uncle Ben had been stove in, and came very near sinking.

THE OIL MARKET.—The NewBedford Mercury states that, week before last, the sales of whale oil in that city have amounted to about 12,000 bbls., at prices ranging from 29 to 32 cents per gallon—taken chiefly for exportation.

TELEGRAPHIC.—The Telegraph is in operation between St. Louis and Peoria.

GRAND PROCESSION.—On Saturday night next a grand torch-light procession will take place in honor of the arrival of Gen. Butler, and all those who have distinguished themselves in the war. It will be a most magnificent fête.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.—This evening, the new local sketch by Mr. J. E. Durivage, entitled "NewOrleans As It Is." This sketch will be highly entertaining, not only to our floating population, but particularly so to the "Can't-get-away Club." Two favorite farces will conclude the amusements of the evening.

☞ We thank the Belle of the West for late papers.

BOOK-BINDING.—We yesterday saw as splendid a specimen of book-binding as has ever been executed in this city. It was in fact equal to the bindings of a majority of the Annuals issued by the London press, and in regard to richness of design and delicacy of taste cannot be surpassed by any of the craft in the Union. This beautiful specimen of art was executed by Messrs. Schmidt & Wagner, No. 39 Natchez street, at the sign of the "Big Ledger." We commend the firm to the patronage of the public.

☞ John Neal has taken the editorial chair of the Portland Transcript. His pen has lost none of its quicksilver qualities by the lapse of time. He is still John Neal—and we would wish him *nobody else.*

☞ The editor of the Aurora (Ia.) Republican, has been a strong Taylor man. Upon hearing of the nomination of his favorite candidate, thinking himself bound to make some demonstration, he went and—got married.

MAINE.—A democratic legislative caucus has nominated Governor Dana for reelection, and Hugh J. Anderson and Rufus McIntyre, for Presidential electors at large.

☞ The Cleveland Herald, the leading whig paper of the Western Reserve, Ohio, has come out strong in favor of the Philadelphia nominations.

☞ The Washington Union says, "we are happy to observe Mr. Hall, of New York, again in his seat in the House of Representatives, from whence he was called some time since by sickness in his family, and to bear the remains of his youngest son, an interesting youth, to rest in the city of his birth."

RATIFICATION MEETING.—The great ratification meeting of the whigs of Louisville occurred on the 17th. It was a tremendous gathering of the people.

☞ The population of Oregon is estimated at twelve thousand, which will be considerably increased by emigration the present year.

☞ Alexander Ely, a revolutionary veteran, died at Rochester, N. Y., on the 15th inst. He witnessed the execution of Major Andre, and was a participant in many of the deeds of valor which occurred in his youthful days.

[From the Baltimore Sun.]

SENATE.—*Washington, June 19.*—Mr. Webster rose and said it was known that in the course of last year, a large convention was held at Chicago, to take into consideration, among other things, the subject of internal improvements. That convention adopted certain resolutions, and appointed a committee to draft a memorial to Congress. That memorial he was now about to present. Mr. W. said it was a very respectable paper, very respectably signed, and like the memorial of the Memphis convention, on a previous occasion, he moved that it be referred to a select committee of five, to be appointed by the chair, and be printed, which was ordered accordingly. And he furthur gave notice that at a future time he should move to print an extra number.

Petitions and memorials were also presented by Messrs. Hale, Sturgeon, Cameron and Lewis, and several unimportant reports were made from committees.

Mr. Atchison reported, with an amendment, the bill to regulate the intercourse among the Indian tribes in Texas.

Mr. Jefferson Davis, from the Military Committee, reported a joint resolution "on the Choctaw reserve."

Mr. Dickinson, pursuant to a previous notice, called up his bill amendatory of the naturalization laws, providing that where persons applying for naturalization may leave the country before the expiration of the period of residence required before receiving papers of naturalization, but with the intention of returning, the time they are so absent shall be deducted, and shall not be deemed, as heretofore, to so operate as to compel them to commence anew the period which they are so required to reside in the country. After some debate, the bill was read the third time and passed.

Mr. Breese reported a bill granting the right of way, etc., for a railroad from St. Louis to ——, on the Missouri river.

Mr. Johnson, of Maryland, submitted a resolution, which lies over, requesting the Secretary of the Treasury to inform the Senate of the whole number of officers now employed in and about the Customhouse at Baltimore, with the compensation allowed to each; and that he also inform the Senate what was the number of such officers at the same Customhouse on the 4th of March, 1845, and the compensation allowed each.

Mr. Butler reported a bill from the Judiciary Committee, to regulate the trial of issues in the District of Columbia.

On motion of Mr. Pearce, the Senate took up the joint resolution, (similar to that which has been heretofore considered and rejected in the House) directing the restoration of the contract for carrying the great Southern mail between Washington and Richmond, to the Potomac, Fredicksburg and Richmond Railroad and Steamboat Company.

A debate ensued which occupied the remainder of the session, in which Messrs. Pearce, Bradbury, Yulee, Berrien, Allen, Cameron, Mason, Davis of Massachusetts, Hale and others participated. An amendment, offered by Mr. Bradbury, requiring the Railroad Company to pay damages to the Bay Company, was negatived—18 to 27. It was proposed further to amend by providing that the sum paid to the Railroad and Steamboat Company should not exceed the highest price paid on other railroad and steamboat lines in the country for similar services, but the amendment was not adopted.

Mr. Hale moved to lay the resolution on the table, and asked the yeas and nays, which were ordered, and resulted, yeas 20, nays 29.

Mr. Johnson, of Georgia, proposed to amend, by providing that the contract shall not be renewed until the Bay Line shall consent to relinquish their contract, but the amendment was also rejected, 19 to 27. The joint resolution was then read the third time and passed, by yeas and nays, 27 to 19.

The bill to promote the dispatch of business in the Supreme Court of the United States, was taken up, considered, and then passed over informally; after which the Senate adjourned.

In the HOUSE, the Clerk called the body to order and stated that in consequence of illness, and by advice of his physician, the Speaker would not take the chair to-day.

Mr. Ashmun stated that it was probable the illness of the Speaker would be but temporary—that he might resume the chair to-morrow—and he would therefore offer a resolution that Mr. Burt, of South Carolina, be appointed temporary Speaker. The resolution was unanimously agreed to.

Mr. Houston, of Alabama, from the Committee on Public Lands, reported back the Senate bill to refund to the State of Alabama certain moneys advanced for the United States during the years 1836 and '37, and allowing interest thereon. Referred to the Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union.

Mr. Wentworth presented a memorial from a convention at Chicago, on the of 5th July last, in favor of river and harbor improvements, and a debate ensued on a motion to print, which motion way finally decided in the affirmative, 122 to 56.

Mr. Andrew Stewart moved a suspension of the rules to enable him to introduce a resolution of inquiry into the expediency of reporting a bill to increase the revenue by increasing the duties on foreign luxuries and such foreign manufactures as are now coming into ruinous competition with American labor. Ayes 85, nays 82.

On motion, the daily hour of meeting was changed to 10 A. M.

The bill to regulate the exchange of certain documents and other publications of Congress, was passed.

A bill was reported and read twice to repeal the first section of the act concerning the District of Columbia, approved 27th February, 1801.

The bill was passed extending the time for locating Virginia military land warrants.

Also, the bill extending the time for satisfying claims for bounty lands.

Also, the bill to regulate postage on newspapers, and for other purposes. Adjourned.

Officers Reported to General Brooke, June 27.

2d Lieut. N. E. Cargill, 11th Infantry, from Monterey; Capt. Chas. Naylor, 2d Pennsylvania Volunteers; Capt. P. A. Hickman, 14th Infantry, from St. Louis; 2d Lieut. A. E. Steen, 13th Infantry, from St. Louis; Lieut. Col. A. S. Williamson, Mich. Vols., from Cordova, Mex.; 2d Lieut. J. M. Kennaday, 5th Tennessee, from San Juan; Col. Geo. W. Way, Jr., Dist. of Col. and Md. Vols., Jalapa; Maj. T. R. Kinley, Dist. of Col. and Md. Vols., from Jalapa; Col. John J. Fay, 13th Infantry, from Vera Cruz; Lieut. Col. W. H. Emory, Dist. of Col. and Md. Vols., Mex.; Capt. Joseph Perry, 1st Louisiana Vols., from Mexico; 2d Lieut. Chas. Manly, Jr., 12th Infantry, from Charleston; Capt. P. B. Anderson, 14th Infantry, from Nashville; Major Lewis Cass, Jr., 3d Dragoons, from Monterey; Major H. Loward, Tennessee Volunteers, from Mexico; Capt. R. M. Soans, 5th Indiana Vols., from Mexico; Paymaster A. D. Stewart, from Mexico.

Presents for Wives, Sisters and Sweethearts.

☞ We beg to call the attention of our friends returning from Mexico, and travellers generally, to the following list of FANCY ARTICLES, ordered and selected expressly with reference to their suitableness for

PRESENTS.

FANS—Of Pearl, Ivory, Feather, Paper, Silk, &c.
CARD CASES—Pearl, Shell, Silver, &c.
RETICULES—Silk and Velvet, elegant patterns.
PURSES—A fine assortment, new styles.
DESKS—Ebony, Rosewood, Papier Mache, &c.
WORK BOXES—Ebony, Rosewood, Papier Mache, &c.
DRESSING CASES—Ebony, Rosewood, Papier Mache, &c.
PORTFOLIOS—Leather, Velvet, and Papier Mache.
ACCORDEONS—Best French, double frame.
MUSIC BOXES—Shell and Tin Cases.
BOUQUET HOLDERS—A pretty assortment.
GOLD PENS—Of the first makers, Gold and Silver Cases.
PARASOLS—Last styles.
JEWEL BOXES—Ebony, Rosewood and Papier Mache.
CHESS MEN—Chinese, English and German.
PORTE-MONNAIES—Gold and Silver enamelled, and all the
ODEUR BOXES—From two to six bottles. [new styles.
PAPETERIES—Of Ebony, Rosewood, Paper, &c.

☞ Now in store, our usual stock of fine LINEN and COTTON SHIRTS, Gloves, Suspenders, MONEY BELTS, Stocks, Cravats, Canes, Umbrellas, Gold Pens, &c. &c.,

GUINNESS & BUSH,
Dealers in Toilet, Fancy, and Gents' Furnishing Goods,
je20 1m 12 CAMP STREET.

☞ **The Queen's Delight**, which forms an essential ingredient in the GRAEFENBERG SARSAPARILLA COMPOUND, is probably superior to Sarsaparilla itself. Professor Frost, of Charleston, speaks of it as follows: [☞ See Bulletin No. 6, 3d page.] je22

☞ **To Purchasers of Clothing.**
ALFRED MUNROE & CO.'S
"ONE PRICE STORE," No. 34 MAGAZINE STREET,
Where may be found the Largest and
BEST ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHING,
of every description, in NewOrleans.

At this establishment every article is offered at the very lowest price at which it can be sold, and no reduction can in any instance be made. Purchasers, whether they are good or bad judges of the quality of goods, may rest assured of obtaining every article at the very lowest price, without the trouble of beating down, or the fear of being cheated. We have but one price for goods, and that invariably is the lowest in the city. Our stock of Clothing and Furnishing Goods is now very large, comprising

Over $60,000 Worth.
Made in the latest and best manner and warranted.

Coats.

Black and colored Cloth Dress Coats	$11 00 to $25 00
Black and colored Cloth Frock Coats	12 00 to 25 00
Black and colored Cloth Sac Coats	10 00 to 16 00
Cashmere and Tweed Sac Coats	6 50 to 10 00
Fancy Tweed Business Coats	6 50 to 10 00
Overcoats—all descriptions	4 00 to 15 00
Merino Sac Coats	5 00 to 15 00
Merino Dress Coats	6 00 to 15 00
Merino Frock Coats	6 00 to 18 00
Croton and Alpaca Sacs	4 00 to 7 00
Linen Sacs and Coatees	2 50 to 4 00
Cashmarette Sacs and Frocks	10 00 to 15 00

Pantaloons.

Black Cassimere Pants	$5 00 to $7 00
Black Doeskin Pants	5 00 to 10 00
Colored Cassimere Pants	4 00 to 7 00
Black Satinet Pants	3 00 to 4 00
Colored Tweed Pants	3 00 to 4 00
Cottonade Pants	1 50 to 2 50
French drap d'Ete Pants	5 00 to 7 00
English Merino Pants	3 00 to 4 00
Linen Drill Pants	2 00 to 5 00
Linen Check Pants	2 00 to 2 50
White Linen Drill Pants	3 00 to 5 00
Indian Nankeen Pants	at 3 50

Vests.

Colored Cashmere Vests	5 00 to 7 00
Black Satin Vests	3 50 to 5 00
Colored Silk and Satin Vests	2 50 to 6 00
Rich black embroidered Vests	at 8 00
Rich fancy Velvet Vests	5 00 to 9 00
Gold and silver figured Vests	4 50 to 8 00
Best white Marseilles Vests	3 00 to 5 00
Best colored Marseilles Vests	2 50 to 5 00
Best buff Cashmere Vests	3 50 to 5 00
Rich light Silk Vests	4 50 to 6 00
Rich light Chalies Vests	2 50 to 4 00
Best black Silk Velvet Vests	5 00 to 7 00

Shirts, Cravats, Handkerchiefs, etc.

Superfine all Linen Shirts, stitched bosoms, $2 50 to $4 50; superfine Muslin Shirts, linen bosoms and collars, $1 to $2 75; French Gingham and Calico Shirts; Hickory check and Negro Shirts; Merino, Flannel, Gauze, brown, white and pink Undershirts and Drawers; Silk Undershirts and Drawers; very rich styles fancy Cravats; Italian and French Black Silk Cravats; Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs; Linen border Handkerchiefs; Linen and Silk Gloves; Black Kid Gloves; Cotton, Merino and Linen half Hose; Silk and Gingham Umbrellas, etc. etc.; also, Trunks, Valises and Carpet Bags. je14 tf

Sands's Clothing Emporium.

☞ **Richard Sands**, grateful for past favors, would respectfully call the attention of the public to his Fashionable Clothing and Furnishing Store, 26 POYDRAS, corner of Tchoupitoulas st.

N. B. Gentlemen arriving in the city will find it to their interest to call and examine for themselves. ap6

No. 1 MAGAZINE ST. CORNER CANAL STREET.
M. HUNTINGTON,
DEALER IN CLOTHING,
Keeps constantly on hand a complete assortment of every article required for a Gentleman's Wardrobe. ap15 2dptf

☞ **Fashionable Clothing.**—THOMPSON & NIX, No. 44 *Canal street*, have received by recent arrivals from New York a large and superior stock of Fashionable Summer Clothing, comprising all that is new in materials or manufacture. Their stock, in part, consists of

Super black Dra d'Ete Frock and Dress Coats;
Super black and colored Merino Sac and fancy Coats;
Black and brown Croton and Alpaca Sacs;
Striped, check and plaid Linen Sacs;
Best black French Dra d'Ete Pants;
White Naval and Military Drill Pants;
White Satin Face and Canvass Drill Pants;
Fancy French Drill Pants, newest styles;
Check Drill and Stripe Linen Pants;
Buff and Fancy Linen and Marseilles Vests;
Plain and figured white Marseilles Vests;
Superior Linen and Cotton Shirts;
Undershirts; Drawers;
Half-hose; Pocket Handkerchiefs; Cravats; Gloves;
Suspenders, etc. etc. ap5 2dptjy1

☞ **Writing.**—Messrs. DOLBEAR, *Nos. 15 Camp and 29 Chartres streets*, will keep their *WRITING ACADEMY* open during the entire summer and fall, so that pupils can, in a short time, be well fitted to fill the most profitable situations.

☞ All pupils are desired to attend until they write in a free, bold and rapid business style. ☞ Hours, 9 to 11 A. M., and 4 to 5, and 7 to 9 P. M.

☞ *DOLBEAR'S GOLD PENS* for sale. my18

☞ **H. Dailey's Magical Pain Extractor.**—The original and only genuine, always has the written signature of the proprietor, "H. DALLEY," on the wrappers of each box. Southern Depot, 151 Chartres street, New Orleans. ap27

☞ **French, Spanish and Italian Languages.**—*By OLLENDORFF'S NEW METHOD of learning to read, write and speak the above Languages.*—The undersigned, practical Professor of the French, Spanish, English and Italian Languages, respectfully informs the young gentlemen and others of this commercial community, who wish to acquire a thorough knowledge of any of the above languages, that he has lately arranged and established his Day and Evening Classes on the following terms, viz: Daily lessons, $10 per month; lessons three times a week, $5 per month—payable in advance. Classes are open day and evening, throughout the year, and pupils admitted every day.
J. S. DePALOS,
Professor of Modern Languages, No. 14 Exchange Place,
(opposite the Post-office.)
Can be seen in his office from 9 to 12 o'clock, and in the evening from 5 to 8. Classes may be formed in any part of the city. Notice left at the bookstore of Mr. J. B. Steel, 14 Camp street, will be attended to. ap17

☞ **To Country Merchants, Planters and Physicians.**—Please see the advertisement of RUSTE & PADDOCK, upon the Fourth Page, headed as above. my10

☞ **See advertisement**, on the first page of this paper, headed "*TO PLANTERS AND FAMILIES,*" of Comstock & Co.'s celebrated Medicine and Magical Pain Extractor Depot, No. 59 Poydras street, where all that is said is warranted GENUINE and PURE. je1 6m

☞ **Important to Health.**—No family should neglect to have on hand a few bottles of BILLINGS' *CARMINATIVE SYRUP*, the only reliable remedy for Bowel complaints, which occur more frequently during the summer months than at any other period. ☞ This remedy never fails in