The Daily Crescent.

FIFTEEN CENTS A WEEK. NEW ORLEANS, MONDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 6, 1848. VOLUME I.....NUMBER 211.

JEWELERY.

CROCKERY AND CLOCK STORE.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he has REMOVED to his NEW STORE, 251 *MAGAZINE street*, four doors from St. Joseph street, where can be found a large assortment of CLOCKS AND CROCKERY. To all Clocks sold and repaired at this establishment will be given a written guarantee that they will perform well, and should they not meet the expectations of the purchaser, the money will be returned in all cases.

☞ Particular attention paid to repairing CLOCKS in any part of the city.

o13 3m J W KING, 251 Magazine.

KNOWLES & NOEL,
PRACTICAL WATCHMAKERS,
No. 25 CANAL street, first door below Camp, *New Orleans*, keep constantly on hand a large and well selected assortment of Swiss and English LEVER WATCHES,
Jewelry, Silver Ware, Pocket Cutlery, Gold Pens, Spectacles, and Fancy Goods.

Our personal attention will be devoted to repairing every description of FINE WATCHES, CLOCKS, and JEWELRY; which shall perform satisfactorily, *or no charge.* my21f

WATCHES JEWELRY, ETC.

EDWARD A. TYLER, 39 *Camp street*, would respectfully invite the attention of his friends and the public to his fine and well selected stock of *JEWELRY*, etc., comprising Watches of the most approved manufacture, in Gold and Silver, Hunting and Open-faced cases; Silver Ware of every description, consisting in part of Tea, Table, Sugar, Salt and Mustard Spoons Forks, Ladles, Castors, Cups, Pitchers, Toast-Racks, etc.

A great variety of Jewelry, Cutlery, Rich Fancy Goods, Perfumery, etc.

PIANO FORTES.

Just received from the manufactories of Messrs. Nunns & Fischer, and A. H. Gale & Co., a large supply of their superior PIANOS, in new style cases—a few with Coleman's Æolian Attachment, and Ives's Tuneable Reeds. Please call and examine. ap6 tf

CARPENTERING.

C. COLLINS, *BUILDER*, No. 131 POYDRAS ST., (between Carondelet and St. Charles,) New Orleans.

☞ Cisterns made, Counting-houses fitted up, and Jobbing in general done. Also Sash, Doors, Blinds, etc., with which Planters and others can be supplied. my27—tnl

STORAGE FOR COFFEE.

WE can ake on storage on one floor, second story, in a dry and dark place, 15,000 bags. Also, in another store, from 20,000 to 30,000 bags. Merchants having coffee to store will find it to their advantage to call and examine our warehouses. EMERSON, TOURNE & CO.
ap30 158 Tchoupitoulas street.

HEMP WAREHOUSES.

WESTERN AND PHOENIX.—The subscribers, having devoted the upper floors of the Phoenix and Western Warehouses, exclusively to the storage of Hemp, in order to meet the views of the Board of Underwriters, are prepared to receive and store the article on accommodating terms. Having a number of presses in the same buildings, they are also prepared at any moment to select and re-bale it in the neatest manner, and at low rates.
EMERSON, TOURNE & CO.
ap30 158 Tchoupitoulas st.

CARRIAGES!—CARRIAGES!

AT EASTERN PRICES, at the Commission CARRIAGE REPOSITORY, *No. 66 St. CHARLES street*, opposite the Commercial Exchange.—In hand and constantly receiving FASHIONABLE CARRIAGES of the latest styles, direct from the manufactories; COACHES, ROCKAWAYS, BAROUCHES, BUGGIES, &c., &c., for style, finish and price equal to any in market. Customers are invited to call and see for themselves.
je6 6m H. S. SMITH, 66 St. Charles st.

CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY.

THE Patronage that has been extended to us so very liberally the last seven years, while in Common street, has induced us the last summer to erect a large building expressly for manufacturing and repairing CARRIAGES.—We have now one of the largest Shops in the Southern Country, and are prepared, with good Northern workmen, and the best of materials, to build any style of Carriage to order, and guarantee them two years if used in the country. We are also better prepared than ever before for repairing Carriages, and can restore them almost to their original beauty and durability, although apparently worn out and useless. We will pay freight on carriages sent us to repair. We will, also, keep on hand an assortment of NEW and SECOND-HAND CARRIAGES, which will be sold low. Old CARRIAGES taken in trade for New ones. We invite the attention of those wanting New Carriages, or their old ones repaired, to call at our Manufactory and Repository and judge for themselves, at the *corner of GRAVIER and CARONDELET Streets*, next door to the Office of the Commercial Water Works, rear of the St. Charles Hotel, New Orleans.
MATTHEWS & DENMAN.
je6 6m

TO PLANTERS AND FAMILIES.
COMSTOCK & CO.,
No. 59 Poydras street.

HAVE on hand the following genuine MEDICINES, which every family ought to be supplied with, viz: Hays's *Liniment*, warranted to cure any case of Piles. Dr. McNair's Anodyne Oil, a certain cure for Deafness. East Indian Hair Dye—will color the Hair a jet black—not the skin. [Pains. Jew David's, or Hebrew Plaster, for Rheumatism and all Juno and Lucina Cordial, for married ladies and others. The Genuine Oldridge's Balm of Columbia, for the Hair. Comstock's Sarsaparilla, for purifying the Blood—price 50c. Brew's Liniment and Elixir, warranted to cure the Rheumatism or Gout, Contracted Cords and Stiff Joints. Oil Tanin, for Boots, Shoes, Harness and Carriage-tops; and it will double the wear of all *Leather* that it is used on. Mother's Relief, for Ladies about becoming Mothers. It relieves all Weakness and Nervousness. Warranted. Duck Headache.—Dr. Spon's Remedy will cure any case, either Nervous or Bilious. Warranted to do this. Green's Fever and Ague Mixture, warranted to cure any case, or all pay is refused for it. Try it on these terms.

CAUTION.—Dalley's Original and only Genuine Magical Pain Extractor, which cures Burns, Scalds, Erysipelas and all Eruptions of the Skin, Piles, Barber's Itch, Fever Sores, Rheumatism, Sore Eyes and Nipples.—Sold, *remember*, at 59 Poydras street—so that merchants can make 100 per cent. on it.

WORMS IN CHILDREN.—Kolmstock's Vermifuge is the most extraordinary remedy ever used. Should there be no worms, it will do good.

CONSUMPTION CURED—Also, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the Side and Breast, and all Lung and Liver Complaints—by Dr. Barthomew's Pink Expectorant Syrup. This is the only article that can be relied on for these complaints, and has cured cases after all other articles have failed.

The Military Shaving Soap is the best article in this city. Price 25 cts. It makes a rich cream lather that does not dry on the face.

TO THE LADIES.—*Balm of Columbia, for restoring the Hair.*—

"Long hair is a glory to woman," says Paul,
And all feel the truth of the pious quotation,
Preserve it then, ladies—your glory may fall,
Unless you protect it with this preparation.

The Genuine Balm of Columbia is not only a Hair Restorative, but the best coloring fluid in the world. It makes the Hair glossy and fine, stops it at once from falling out, and restores it on Bald Heads, and keeps the Hair free from dandruff and scurf.

DR. SPOHN'S SICK HEADACHE REMEDY is warranted to cure any case, either Nervous or bilious. Will you try it? It has cured cases of twenty years' standing.

NEW DISCOVERY.—Dr. Connell's Mixture, for Gonorrhœa and Gleet, Seminal Effusions and Weakness of the Utera or Bladder. This Mixture contains no injurious article whatever, but possesses tonic properties of real efficacy, and more congenial to the constitution, than any other medicine used for these complaints. Freed from the nauseating qualities attending copaiva and the common mixtures, it will be found agreeable to the palate and pleasant to the stomach, and will cure any case, or all pay is refused for it. It is equally good and certain for females.—Sold only at 59 Poydras street.

CONNEL'S MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR will prove a blessing to all those who use it. It is a sovereign remedy for all Burns, Scalds, Felons, Ulcers, Bruises, Tic Doloreux, Erysipelas, and all complaints which need an external application. By its use, Inflammations are removed, Swellings reduced, and even Mortification stayed. It will be supplied to all clergymen *gratis*, for their use, and the poor of their parishes.—Sold only at 59 Poydras street.

DYSPEPSIA AND LIVER COMPLAINT CURED, and YELLOW FEVER PREVENTED, in every case, by the use of Longley's Great Western Indian Panacea—warranted to cure the most severe cases of the above complaints. Loss of Appetite, Bilious Affections and Indigestion are permanently cured by its use. The great points are, it is not bad to take. It does not leave the bowels costive, and never gives pain in its operations. This Panacea will remove all the bad bile from the stomach, and give tone to the system, and thus keeps off all attacks of malignant Fevers. If the stomach is in a healthy state, and the pores of the skin are open, so as to admit of free exalation from the body, there can be no attack of Yellow Fever. This office the Panacea will positively perform, and we recommend the unacclimated and others to try the article if they wish to insure health during the summer. As a Family Medicine, it is unequalled for Coughs, Colds and all Diseases of the Blood, and Kidney Complaints; for all these things it is warranted unequalled, and all who do not find it so may return the bottle, and get their money again.

DR. LARRETTI'S JUNO CORDIAL OR PROCREATIVE ELIXIR.—For both Male and Female—prescribed as an effectual restorative in cases of Debility, Impotency or Barrenness, and all Irregularities of Nature. It is all that it professes to be, viz: Nature's grand restorative and remedy for those in the married state without offspring. It is a certain cure for Seminal Emissions, General Debility, Weakness of the Genital Organs, Nervous Affections, Leucorrhœa or Whites, and all complaints of Females. As a Female Medicine, it is unequalled. Also, a certain remedy for Incipient Consumption, Indigestion, Loss of Muscular Energy, Physical Lassitude, Female Weakness, Debility, etc. ect.—Sold only at 59 Poydras street.

DISEASES OF THE BLOOD and Breaking out of the Skin effectually cured by a bottle of Comstock's Extract of Sarsaparilla, which will purify the blood, and act as a tonic to strengthen the system, and enable it to bear up against the debilitating heat of summer. Price only 50 cts. per bottle, or $4 per dozen—and equal to any Sarsaparilla sold for $1 per bottle.

☞ CAUTION.—All the above articles are sold ONLY by COMSTOCK & CO., No. 59 POYDRAS street, N. O.; 69 Second street, St. Louis; 50 Royal street, Mobile; Bell & Lanham, Baton Sara; and by Comstock & Co., 21 Courtlandt street, New York.
je1 6m istp

HEMP! HEMP!! HEMP!!!

THE undersigned, in order farther to meet the views of the Board of Underwriters, have set apart, exclusively for the storage of Hemp and other extra-hazardous articles of merchandize, the one-story brick Warehouse, (Orleans No. 2,) corner Delord and Magazine streets. The locality and facility of receiving and delivering at the Warehouse (there being no hoisting to the second story required) renders this the most desirable place for this description of storage.
ap4 6m GEO. R. BEARD & CO.

DR. MENSING, Dental Surgeon,

HAVING returned to the city of New Orleans from his tour in the North and East, is prepared to perform all operations appertaining to the TEETH; and has become acquainted with the best mode of operating approved by the College of Dental Surgeons of Baltimore, Md. His prices for operations are in proportion to suit the times. a16 tf

TOOTH-ACHE CURED

IN LESS THAN ONE MINUTE, by Dr. MENSING'S *TOOTH-ACHE ELIXIR*, or no charge. ☞ Office No. 53 Baronne street, 4th door above Common st., New Orleans.

☞ *Office 53 Baronne street, 4th door above Common.*

J. WEST Practical DENTIST, 112 St. Charles St.
☞ *Warranted for Ten Years.* ☜

THE SUBSCRIBER, having introduced into his practice a new and improved method of FILLING TEETH with Gold, by which double the amount of density is produced, is prepared to warrant every filling where the Tooth is constitutionally good and healthy *Ten Years.*—Also, whole and half sets of ARTIFICIAL TEETH, either in blocks of carved work, with false jaw and gums, or with single or separate Teeth, as may be preferred, mounted on Gold Plate and confined by atmospheric pressure, sufficiently firm to sustain a weight of sixteen pounds, will be furnished on better terms and of a better quality than can be procured at any other Dental establishment in the South.

☞ J. W. refers to the following gentlemen who have honored him with their patronage:

Prof. STONE.	SYKES & HYDE.
" MOMBRY.	SPENCER & WRIGHT.
" DIMITRY.	MORPHY & NEVIUS.
Dr. BENBROOK.	ROBESON & ALLEN.

N. B.—Dentists supplied with Gold Foil and Plate.....Office, *No. 112 St. Charles street.* a15 3m

FOR YUCATAN.

MILITARY GOODS.—The subscribers have now on hand 200 U. S. RIFLES, from Harper's Ferry; a large supply of CULT'S REPEATING PISTOLS, (six shooters,) English BELT PISTOLS, HOLSTER PISTOLS; also, low priced Revolving Pistols, which, with a complete assortment of SWORDS, SABRES, Military Sashes, and other Military Equipments, they offer for sale, low for cash, at No. 15 Chartres street. [je28tf] HYDE & GOODRICH.

PIANO FORTES.

HENRY PARSONS, 96 *Camp street*, (new store) four doors below Poydras, offers for sale a very extensive stock of PIANO FORTES, from J. Chickering, Nunns & Clark, Gilbert, and A. H. Gale & Co. This stock comprises a great variety, embracing the much esteemed Æolian, which is rapidly gaining in public favor.

SECOND HAND PIANOS taken in exchange, and tuning and regulating done at short notice. je30 tf

CHICKERING'S PIANO-FORTES.

THE PUBLIC will please take notice that Mr. HENRY PARSONS, 94 CAMP STREET, is my only agent for the sale of my PIANO-FORTES in Louisiana; and that instruments taken at this depot may be considered the warranted tied from the factory; and that the prices will be the same, adding freight and insurance only. Orders may be left for any kind of instrument, and no advance required until the article is received and approved. J. CHICKERING.
my16 334 Washington street, Boston.

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,

PRYTANIA Street, 2d door above EUTERPE Street.

MRS. PREWETT, who has had considerable experience and always given entire satisfaction, has opened a SCHOOL as above, where will be taught all the branches appertaining to a finished education—Geography, Grammar, Reading, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, Physiology, Astronomy, &c., &c.

☞ An experienced French Lady has been employed to give lessons in the FRENCH LANGUAGE. Also—a Gentleman to teach Algebra and the higher branches of MATHEMATICS. Lessons on the PIANO FORTE and GUITAR will also be given, and especial attention paid to the deportment and moral instruction.

☞ Among those to whom Mrs. P. would refer are—the Rev. Jno. Hutchison, Oakland College, Miss.; Hon. J. A. Stickney, Mayor of Natchez; C. A. Lancelot, Esq., Rev. J. R. Stratton, Natchez; Mrs. Emma Willard, Troy, N. Y.; Jno. Watt, Esq., Hon. S. S. Prentiss, Gen. C. N. Rowley, and the Board of Directors of the Public Schools of the Second Municipality, New Orleans.

Prices unusually low. o2 1m

WATCHES, JEWERY AND FANCY GOODS.

THE subscribers have just received an additional supply of very superior Gold and Silver Watches, with Hunting Cases of M. L. Tobias, Roskell and other superior makers; also, Fine *London Duplex Watches*, rich Jewelry, of the latest styles, comprising Fine Gold Watch Chains, Keys and Seals, Ladies' Bracelets, Necklaces, Breast Pins, Gold Pencil Cases, Finger Rings, &c. Also, a great variety of FANCY GOODS, selected by one of the firm in the European markets, consisting of Work Boxes, Dressing Cases, fine Razors, Reticules and other fancy articles. Also, fine Scissors and Needles, Table Knives and Forks, Castors, Candlesticks, Double and Single Barrel Guns, Pistols, Revolvers, Bowie Knives, Military Goods, &c., &c., for sale at moderate prices, by
je21 HYDE & GOODRICH. 15 Chartres st.

TO MERCHANTS, PLANTERS, BUILDERS, Carpenters, and all others interested in Building.

W. P. KELSEY & CO., STEAM MANUFACTORY, *ST. PAUL Street, between Julia and Girod sts., near the Protestant Cemetery*, are now fully prepared to execute to order every description of work used in private or other buildings, such as:

Panel and Store Doors,	Mahogany Balusters,
Rolling & Stationary Blinds,	Awnig Posts,
Window Sash,	Caps and Bases for Columns,
Window and Door Frames,	Mahogany, Rosewood and
Mahogany Newels,	Black Walnut Veneering.

Every description of Circular and other SAWING, TURNING of all kinds done to order.

BUILDINGS of every description contracted for. Sugar-Houses, Furnaces, Chimneys and Machinery, with every thing appertaining thereto complete, on the best and most approved plan. Drafts of Building and Machinery made to order. Stores shelved and Bars fitted up.

All orders addressed as above will meet with prompt attention. Those who are desirous of building would do well to give us a call.

☞ Mahogany, Cherry, Black Walnut, Cypress and Eastern White Pine Lumber, and Yellow Pine, for building purposes, constantly on hand and for sale. o21 6m

COPARTNERSHIP.

ON the 30th of September, 1848, the undersigned associated with him in the BOOK AND JOB PRINTING BUSINESS, Mr. LEWIS A. MIDDLETON, late of Mobile. The business of the concern will in future be conducted under the firm and style of SPENCER & MIDDLETON.
o23 H. SPENCER.

MAGIC PRESS PRINTING OFFICE,
89 *MAGAZINE Street, one door above Poydras.*
H. SPENCER. LEWIS A. MIDDLETON.

SPENCER & MIDDLETON have just received at their office, 89 Magazine street, from New York and Boston, a large assortment of well selected new and latest style LETTER PRESS and JOB PRINTING TYPES and PRINTING MACHINES, with which they are now prepared to execute all orders in their line with correctness and dispatch, and on as reasonable terms as can be obtained in the city. With the facilities now at their command, and with a *practical knowledge* of every department of their business, to which they will devote their individual attention, they feel every assurance that they can give perfect satisfaction to all who may favor them with their custom.

In printing CARDS the superiority of the MAGIC PRESS over all others now in use, is generally admitted—in proof of which we invite an examination and comparison of our specimens with those of any other press in the city. We print

CARDS AT FROM $3 TO $5 PER 1000,

And other descriptions of Book and Job Printing at equally low rates. o23

CRESCENT RESTAURAT & OYSTER SALOON,

No. 46 ST. CHARLES Street, corner GRAVIER.

THIS establishment has been entirely remodeled, greatly improved, and very handsomely re-furnish. ed throughout, and is now open for the season. From the previous well-established reputation of the CRESCENT OYSTER SALOON AND RESTAURAT, WALTER deems it superfluous to enter into a long panegyric of his house, but simply to thank his friends and patrons for the marked and liberal patronage he has received, and to assure them that the kind manner in which his efforts to please have been appreciated, will only stimulate him to increased exertions, to secure the large patronage already given, and make the "Crescent Restaurat" the most fashionable and popular resort in the city.

He has made arrangements to be at all times supplied with the finest OYSTERS, from Mobile, Barataria, Cat Island and Grand Pass, which will be served up in any style to suit the palate. His arrangements are complete to be seasonably supplied with every variety of GAME and FISH; in the preparation of which no pains will be spared to gratify the taste of the most fastidious epicure.

On his bill of fare will always be found STEAKS, CHOPS, CUTLETS, every kind of POULTRY and VEGETABLES; in short, with every thing in season that can be procured.

His stock of LIQUORS having been selected by himself, are of a superior quality, and embraces the best and choicest brands imported, of French and Swiss Wines, Cordials, Scotch Ale, Irish and Scotch Whisky, London Brown Stout, and the best Philadelphia Ale and Porter—a trial of these Liquors is all that he desires to insure a favorable opinion. a23 1m

HOLBROOK OYSTER SALOON.

THE friends and patrons of the HOLBROOK OYSTER SALOON are respectfully informed that this well known establishment is now open for the winter season; and the public generally is assured that, as heretofore, the best quality of OYSTERS will be served up, as the proprietor is determined that the celebrity of his establishment shall be kept up, so that no just cause of complaint may be heard. Thankful for past favors, the proprietor trusts that his continued endeavors to please, the public may guarantee to him a continuance of that public's patronage. a25 tf

LOST OR STOLEN.

LOST or stolen from the advertiser, a DRAFT, of which the following is a copy:

No. 112. Camargo, Mexico, August 31, 1847.
To Lt. Col. T. F. Hunt, Dep'y Qr. M. Gen'l U. S. A., New Orleans, La.

At sight pay to the order of James Chaplin, the sum of six hundred and fifty dollars, being for that amount received by me in specie for the public service, and for which this shall be your receipt at the Treasury of the United States. Given in duplicate, this being the original, which being paid, the duplicate of same tenor and date to be null and void.
$650. [o17] G. H. CROSSMAN, Major & Qr. Master.

HOEYVILLE BRICK MANUFACTORY.

HOEY & BYINGTON respectfully inform the citizens of New Orleans, Lafayette, Carrollton, Algiers, Gretna and "Hoeyville" that they are now prepared to deliver the cheapest and best made BRICKS in the Southern country, to builders and others, at the lowest price. This establishment is the largest in the South, and the patronage of the public is respectfully invited.
my30 tf HOEY & BYINGTON.

DAILY CRESCENT.

New York City---Broadway, Hotels, &c. &c.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28, 1848.

Eds. Crescent—In a former letter, I undertook to describe "life and things" in our far-famed Broadway; but my letter only halted along, I believe, as far as the Park. A principal beauty of the latter place, this fine autumn weather, is the fountain, which they are now allowing to play, after a pretty long resting spell. Do you know we have more complete fountains than any other city in the world! Paris itself "can't begin" with us in this respect.... Off a few rods yonder, in front, as you stand with your back to the Astor House, is that time-honored edifice—the Park Theatre. Hamblin has had the front steps taken away, and there is now a long, low, roomy outer-lobby. From this you ascend to the inner-lobby, shorn of its capacious old proportions—which has given mortal offence to some of the most antiquated frequenters of the place, who used to count upon walking there during the intermissions, as much as on seeing the play itself. Shakspeare, with bare head and crossed legs, yet stands in his niche in front, but he seems to "draw" poorly. The knowing ones say that Hamblin has hardly paid his expenses since he opened the Park.

The Astor House on one corner of Barclay street, and the American on the next, must always be much resorted to from their central position. It is undeniable, however, that uptown the course of fashion takes its way, even in hotels. There is a bitter feeling between the New York and the establishments first mentioned....Now you pass music, dry-goods and book-stores—places for all sorts of costly nick-nacks—and come to Plumbe's House of a Thousand Faces. Have you never been in there? Then enter by all means, and spend a good hour in looking over the most remarkable lot of human counterfeit presentments, true as life, that ever greeted your eyes!

Chambers street is one of the lines of demarcation in the character of Broadway. From Bowling Green to the City Hotel forms Character No. 1; from that to Chambers street forms No. 2; and thence to Canal No. 3; the rest upward is the "no more beyond." I haven't time to delineate the separate traits of each—if we may mention such a thing as traits in Broadway; which, perhaps, has more of the cosmopolitan than any other street in the world.

Stewart's shop for dry goods has not done much for elevating the standard of architecture. It is difficult to say what order it is of; perhaps none at all. As you pass there of an evening, and see scores of young men, putting away muslins and silks, you will hardly help thinking that their young-man-hood might be put to some better uses. Stewart is horribly rigid with his clerks; as are also Seaman & Muir just above, on the opposite side. These clerks lead a hard life indeed; and generally dwindle away before they have far passed thirty years.

The Irving Hotel, with a single couched lion guarding the entrance, has somewhat innovated on the block on the north side, below Reade street. Here is the place for showy jewelry shops. Chains, bracelets, blue and green stones; there, with their hundred et ceteras, you see them displayed in the large plate-glass windows.

Ah! that gloomy far-back building, behind those sombre trees! The New York Hospital—the place where mangled bodies, and folks who fall down in fits, are taken. One shudders, if he but thinks of the agonies and pains daily existing there.

The Broadway Theatre—with a collection of frightfully daubed things in gorgeous gilt frames—"paintings" by courtesy called—now strikes the eye, particularly if it is evening. There shine the gas lamps surrounding the names of some thirty States, from Maine to Texas—flanked on each side by the lamps of the gilded drinking-houses of that region. Inside the Broadway is as near perfect as one can conceive a temple of the drama ought to be; but outside, the effect is none of the grandest. Chocolate colored plaster, and some diamond shaped panes of tinged glass, are the "own peculiar" of the Broadway. Moffat's new store, opposite his old one, has just been completed; and is as spruce and dashy as expense can make a five story house on a Broadway corner. On the south side of the street, along here, have of late grown up a number of large "halls," for exhibition purposes. You will see some fifteen or twenty of them when you next come to town. They have large panoramas, and similar pictorial exhibitions, with other things to please "the public eye."

The Tabernacle block, (with the exception of Moffat's corner,) stands just as it did years ago. The same shade at noon-day, the same tall, dingy brick walls, and the windows that look as if all the soap and water in the world couldn't divest them of a darkness like the still water of a pond in the woods, meet one as of old The Society Library Building, however, has a more prosperous and frequented look than it used to possess; more groups chatting and laughing on the steps—more folks going in and out. The Carlton bar, of an evening——but I dare say you know all about it.

Barring a few more pretensive windows, (some new comer not being satisfied without "an effort" at expansion)—a change of an old stand of twenty or thirty years, into the possession of an intruder—the other side of Broadway, for several blocks, has not altered much, either. By-the-way, passing there of late my attention has been drawn to one of the queerest pictures I ever *did* see. It is of "The Last Supper;" but, with a *few* slight changes from the common version. Instead of the pathos, the Judas, and all that, the artist has made the suppers as merry as larks. Each has a fair damsel by his side, and a fat flagon in front of him; while a musical individual purveys harmony for the feast and its enjoyers! What do you think of it?

The Apollo Room, with the three smirking divinities up on the roof—(did you ever go to dancing school there?—the room I mean, not the roof)—and all the old landmarks contiguous to these diggins, also remain as in the days past. Canal street, and the delightful odor of the gas house, ditto, ditto. But it's of not much use to go on. The merry little Olympic, "Tattersall's," and the Broadway House—all are there. You meet no striking change till you get up to Niblo's—whose lights are fled, and whose music is decidedly dead. Why don't they put up something there? There is room for some dozen splendid edifices; where now goes by the interesting name of Frog Pond. Some queer Circus, or something that way, is to take up its quarters there for the winter.

MANHATTAN.

[For the Crescent.]

First of November---All Saints' Day.

Eds. Crescent—If the following historical account of the origin of "All-Saints' Day" appear worthy a place in your excellent paper it is at your service. AN ANTIQUARIAN.

This day is a festival which is held in honor of all the Saints. It was first established by the tyrant Phocas, in 607, when he took possession of the Roman Pantheon, which till then had remained in the hands of the pagans, and been appropriated to the service of *all the gods*. All-Saints' Day is, therefore, the lineal successor of *All the Gods' Day*, and consecrated to St. Mary in Rotunda and all the blessed of both sexes, as the heathen festival was consecrated to Cybele, the mother of all the gods. Mary is the Christian Cybele, the Queen of Heaven, the Mother and Bride of God, a representative of Nature, our common mother. Mary signifies a lady, or the sea, which is the mother of dry land, the womb of creation.

This festival was held by the Romans on the first day of May, and the Christians retained the same day of celebration for more than two hundred years; when Gregory IV transferred it to the corresponding opposite day of the year, the first of November, six months later. The Eve of All Hallows, or Hallow E'en, is a memorable day throughout all Scotland; but it is regarded more as a festival, which is consecrated to the interests of lads and lassies, and the revelations of the future destinies of lovers, than a commemoration of the virtues of the saints. Many a foolish rite is performed more for amusement than from any real expectation of lifting up the veil of futurity and discovering things to come.

On this day also is held All-Souls' Day. It happens on the 2d of November, but when the 2d falls on a Sunday, the festival, unlike all other festivals, is held on the preceding day. This is done in order to share as much as possible in relieving the suffering souls in purgatory. In former days, every Sunday morning during the preceding months, persons dressed in black used to walk about ringing bells, and reminding the inhabitants of the solemn duty they had to perform to their afflicted creatures, who were suffering the torures of the damned, and only wanted the contributions of the faithful to the priestly coffers to release them from their troubles; for it would not be expected that priests would contribute their services gratis as the people their money.

* * * * This festival, also, is merely an old pagan festival Christianized. The Romans called it Feralia, because then they carried feasts to the tombs of the dead, whose souls were supposed to be released and wandering up and down feasting upon the luxuries which their surviving friends provided for them. They held it in February, and it continued eleven days. The popish legends inform us that the festival was ordained by St. Odillon, Abbot of Cluny, who in the isle of Vulcan, or Sicily, (no doubt in the neighborhood of Mount Ætna,) heard the voice of devils complaining sadly that the souls of the dead were wrested from them by means of alms and prayers.

Much of the offerings of the faithful was spent upon this pious service, and those who were at the point of death understood no better method of making their peace with God, than leaving a bequest of land or money to be appropriated to the chanting of requiems and other holy ceremonies for the departed. By these means the church secured the greater part of its present property. This custom of bequeathing property to the church increased to an extravagant degree.

The Duke of Ossuna, when an ambassador to the King of Spain, during the pontificate of Innocent XI, was supplicated for charity by a mendicant friar. "Put a pistole in this plate, my lord, and you will release that soul from purgatory for which you deligh it." The Duke complied, and was soon assured that his piety had been effectual. "Say you so, holy man," replied his grace; "then I shall take my money for a future occasion; as you cannot, nor would you, I am confident, if you were able, again condemn the poor soul to its former sufferings."

Frederick the Great of Prussia was desirous of recovering the revenue of a forest which had been bequeathed by his progenitors for a similar pupose, and he demanded of the "Religiosi," by what authority they appropriated it to themselves. They replied that it was given to the "Holy Brotherhood," upon condition of their saying masses daily for the repose of one of his majesty's ancestors. "And how much longer," said Frederick, "will that holy work continue requisite?" "Sire," said the cautious prior, "it is not possible for me to speak of the precise time; but when it shall become unnecessary, I will dispatch instantly a courier to inform your majesty."

LABOR....BY MRS. FRANCES OSGOOD.

Pause not to dream of the future before us!
Pause not to weep the wild cares that come o'er us!
Hark—how creation's deep musical chorus
Unintermitting goes up into Heaven!
Never the ocean wave falters in flowing;
Never the little seed stops in its growing;
More and more richly the rose-heart keeps glowing,
Till from its nourishing stem it is riven.

"Labor is Worship"—the robin is singing,
"Labor is Worship"—the wild bee is ringing;
Listen! that eloquent whisper upstinging!
Speaks to thy soul from out nature's heart.
From the dark cloud flows the life giving shower;
From the rough sod grows the soft breathing flower;
From the small insect the rich coral bower,
Only man in the plan, e'er shrinks from his part.

Labor is life!—'till the still water faileth;
Idleness ever dispaireth, bewaileth;
Keep the watch wound, for the dark rust assaileth!
Flowers droop and die in the stillness of noon.
Labor is glory!—the flying clouds lightens,
Only the waving wing changes and brightens;
Idle hearts only the dark future frightens,
Play the sweet keys wouldst thou keep them in tune!

Labor is rest—from the sorrows that greet us;
Rest from all petty vexations that meet us;
Rest from sin promptings that ever entreat us,
Rest from world-syrens that lure us to ill.
Work—and pure slumbers shall wait on thy pillow,
Work—thou shalt ride over care's coming billow,
Lie not down wearied 'neath woe's weeping willow!
Work with a stout heart and resolute will!

Droop not tho' shame, sin and anguish are around thee!
Bravely fling off the cold chain that has bound thee!
Look on you pure Heaven smiling beyond thee!
Rest not content in thy darkness—a clod!
Work for some good be it ever so slowly;
Cherish some flower, be it ever so lowly!
Labor—all labor is noble and holy!
Let thy great deeds be thy prayer to thy God.

☞ There was a Fancy Dress Ball at Nashville a few evenings since, at which "the servants in waiting," for the sake of being attired in some general costume, were dressed up in the parade uniform of Deluge Fire Company, No. 3. A meeting of the firemen was subsequently held to take into consideration the indignity thus offered to them, and the company in order to show their resentment made a *public bonfire of their uniforms*, not feeling willing to appear again in public in the character of *waiting servants.*

THE CELT AND THE SAXON.—"The Scottish nation," Dr. Knox asserts, "is Saxon, not Celtic: the remains of the Celtic race are fast leaving Scotland, and may soon cease to exist."

THE MORAL EFFECTS OF FURNITURE.—A recent philosopher has just discovered that not only one-half our ills, but two-thirds of our misconduct may be traced to the rise and progress of modern furniture. In his opinion indolence comes from rocking-chairs and late rising, and bad appetite from patent beds and luxurious pillows. Bah!

EDITORIAL FRACAS.—We learn from the Delaware Chicken that a fracas occurred between Wm. Penn Chandler, junior editor of the Delaware Gazette, and Lieut. Columbus P. Evans, senior editor of the Delaware Republican, late from the army in Mexico. The dispute originated in a bet. Both battered one another earnestly.

☞ The papers are twitting each other about the announcement that John VanBuren rises at 4 o'clock in the morning. The Globe says it is another evidence that John is a *rising* man. The sun of the Sage of Lindenwold has nearly set, but the old man is no doubt gratified to see his *son-rise.*—*Cincinnati Dispatch.*

☞ Mr. E. G. Squier has nearly completed a volume supplementary to the great work published by the Smithsonian Institute, and to be entitled, "American Archæological Researches, an Inquiry into the Origin and Purposes of the Ancient Monuments of the Mississippi Valley."

INTERESTING LAW CASE.—The Detroit Free Press gives the report of a case of considerable importance in itself, and as a precedent, recently decided in the U. S. Circuit Court in that city. It was the suit of the United States vs. B. Humphrey and S. B. Davies, and was brought by the Government against the defendants, owners and proprietors of the Stage Company in the Western States, for the recovery of $4673, stolen from one of the the stages of the defendants in the month of March, 1846. The money was in gold, put up in the usual packages, together with two other boxes of silver, and in charge of the agent. At Carlisle Hill, a small place between Michigan City and South Bend, while the stages were changing horses, the money was taken, and this suit was brought to recover the amount of the robbery. The counsel on the part of the Government were District Attorney Norvell and Mr. Frazier, and for the defendants Messrs. Joy & Porter, and Samuel Clark, of Kalamazoo. The case was submitted to the jury, who after retiring about ten minutes, brought in a verdict in favor of the defendants.

THE PHILADELPHIA DRY DOCK.—The contract for building a sectional dock, basin and railway, at the Philadelphia Navy Yard, has been given to the patentees, Messrs. Davis & Moody, of the city of New York, by the Government.

THE GREAT SEA SERPENT.—When the frigate Dædalus, Capt. M'Quahae, which arrived at Portsmouth, was on her passage home, between the Cape of Good Hope and and St. Helena, her captain and most of her crew, at 4 o'clock one afternoon, saw a sea serpent. The creature was twenty minutes in sight of the frigate, and passed under her quarter. Its head appeared to be about four feet out of the water, and there was about sixty feet of its body in a straight line on the surface. It is calculated that there must have been under water a length of thirty or forty feet more. The diameter of the exposed part of the body was about sixteen inches, and when it extended its jaws, which were full of large jagged teeth, they seemed sufficiently capacious to admit of a tall man standing upright between them.

☞ Sixteen additional miles of the New York and Erie Railroad, from Binghampton to Great Bend, were put in operation on the 26th.

SCIENTIFIC PROPHECY.—About nineteen years ago Mr. Hait, of Wilton, Connecticut, then a remarkably good student in his collegiate course, was suddenly deprived of his reason and memory. In those circumstances, his father, Rev. Mr. Hait, sent him to Hartford, but finding no relief, he sent him to Dr. Chaplin, of Cambridge, Mass. The doctor said there was no relief for him at that time, but at the age of thirty-six or seven there would be a change; that the brain was too much expanded for the cranium, and there would at that age be a contraction, which would enable it to act healthfully. His anxious father and family saw their hopes deferred for nineteen years. That time has recently expired, and to their great joy the prophecy is fulfilled. The man began to inquire for his books, as if he had just laid them down, and resumed his mathematical studies where he left them. There is no trace on his mind of this long blank in his life or of aby thing which has occurred in it, and he did not know that he was almost forty years of age.—*N. Y. Journal of Commerce.*

I. O. of O. F.

We have before us, says the New York Sunday Dispatch, a copy of a circular issued by Allen Lodge, No. 92, of Hudson, which was suspended in consequence of the recent troubles in the Order, but which, after the decision of the Grand Lodge of the United States, petitioned for reinstatement, and were accordingly restored to good standing. The circular is addressed to all Lodges in this State, and cannot fail to have a good effect. We make an extract to show its spirit:

"It is evident to our minds, that the good of the Order demanded Allen Lodge to take the course she has; and we further believe, that the best welfare of the Fraternity, in this State, requires all the Lodges, which have acted under the new constitution, to do likewise. These Lodges carried the question in dispute to the Suprene Head of the Order, and that body has decided they were wrong; they are, therefore, as we conceive, morally bound to obey its decision—the peace and harmony of the Order requires their submission. It is a matter of impossibility for the Order to exist for any considerable length of time, without complete subordination by subordinates, to the acknowledged head of the Order. If that Supreme Head commits errors, or makes unjust decisions, the evil can be removed by those who are subordinate to it, by electing and sending such representatives as are known to have correct views upon the subject in dispute. Now, if those who have acted in good faith with the new constitution party, claiming as they do, to have more enlarged and more republican views upon the subject of our organization and legislation, sever themselves from the order, as they have been advised to do, by some, and which will necessarily follow, if they disregard the late decision of the Grand Lodge of the United States, they will cut off all chances of carrying into operation any of their contemplated reforms."

AN UNREASONBLE EDITOR.—The junior editor of the Highland Messenger has retired from that public position, and gives the following reasons for so doing—which a liberal community will doubtless regard as unsatisfactory. Is it not "glory enough" to be the "organ of public sentiment!"

"With the last number closed the connection of Marcus Erwin as junior editor of this paper. As his present aim is rather to be fed than to be famous, he rel