NEW ORLEANS:

SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 6.

☞ The undersigned would inform the public that Mr. M. NAGLE, arrested by him on the 1st inst., on suspicion of having stolen three hundred dollars from his store, No. 200 Chartres street, has since proved himself entirely innocent.
Jan. 6th. 3t* L. A. GUILLEMAIN.

[Reported exclusively for the Crescent.]

INTERMENTS IN THE CEMETERIES.

For the 24 hours preceding yesterday, 6 P. M.

Firemen's Cemetery.

Names.	Age.	Disease.	Birthplace.
E. G. Wiess	—	Congestion Brain.	Unknown.
Capt. Stickney	50	Disease of Liver.	Mass.

St. Patrick's Cemetery.

Martin Dempsey	12	Cholera	Ireland.
Cornelius Calahan	32	Cholera	Ireland.
Ann M'Guire	33	Cholera	Ireland.
Margaret Gass	52	Cholera	Ireland.
Mary Griffen, infant	—	Spasms	N.Orleans.
John E. Smith	28	Typhoid Fever	Liverpool.

Protestant.

No interments.

Potter's Field.

William Bradford	21	Cholera	Mississippi.
Slave of Mr. Foucher	40	Cholera	Unknown.
Slave of G. Kirk	—	Cholera	Unknown.
Slave of Mr. Soloman	—	Cholera	Unknown.
Nathaniel Knowles	35	Congestion Brain.	Conn.
Infant	—	Still born	N.Orleans.
Slave of Michel Abot	—	Catarrh	Unknown.
Sarah Lyon	20	Cholera	Ireland.
Ia. Davis	34	Cholera	U.States.
Teresa Mew	21	Cholera	Louisiana.

Charity Hospital.

James Thomson	30	Cholera Asiatic	Ireland.
George Folon	27	Cholera Asiatic	Maine.
Thomas Dowd	22	Cholera Asiatic	Ireland.
Charles Duggan	32	Cholera Asiatic	England.
Charles Allis	19	Cholera Asiatic	Ohio.
Michael Effler	35	Cholera Asiatic	Germany.
William Rudney	26	Cholera Asiatic	Ireland.
Hannah Carman	25	Cholera Asiatic	Ireland.
Mary Ann Hagan	26	Cholera Asiatic	Ireland.
James Callaghan	32	Diarrhœa	Ireland.
Henrich Roth	21	Unknown	Germany.

Catholic No. II.

Seven interment reported—two of them Cholera.

St. Vincent de Paul.

One interment of Cholera—five of other diseases.

Lafayette.

Ann Mann	6	Cholera	Ireland.
Robert G. Whitehead	40	Cholera	Unknown

Board of Health.

FRIDAY, January 5 P. M.—At a meeting of the Board of Health, held this day, Mayor Crossman presiding, the following report was adopted:

No new or material change in the character and mortality of the prevailing disease, the interments for the twenty-four hours ending at 12 M. to-day being nearly the same number as that of the preceding day.

The thermometer ranges little above sixty degrees—the wind from the North, and the atmosphere dry and bracing.

[SEXTON' Report to the Board of Health.]

List of Interments in the City Cemeteries.

For the 24 hours preceding yesterday, 12 o'clock.

	Cholera.	Other dis's.	Total.
Protestant Cemetery (no report)	.....	.....	.....
St. Patrick's	5	5	10
Catholic Cemeteries, First Municipality	2	2	4
Potter's Field	14	6	20
Charity Hospital	16	1	20
St. Vincent de Paul	7	8	15
Total Interments	44	22	66

Interments for the Week.
From Cholera.

Cemeteries.	Sat	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fri	Total.
Protestant	3	0	2	0	0	1	..	7
St. Patrick's	11	8	8	9	6	5	5	54
Catholic, First Mu.	2	2	2	0	2	2	1	11
Charity Hospital	34	31	22	33	22	15	16	152
Potter's Field	12	20	21	20	20	12	14	120
St. Vincent de Paul	8	10	11	11	6	4	7	57
Total	71	71	67	84	67	39	44	402

From Other Diseases.

Cemeteries.	Sat	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fri	Total.
Protestant	1	1	1	1	1	0	..	5
St. Patrick's	3	4	2	2	7	5	3	26
Catholic, First My.	5	0	3	6	4	6	2	26
Charity Hospital	2	2	0	3	4	2	4	17
Potter's Field	6	5	7	6	5	7	0	36
St. Vincent de Paul	2	4	9	8	7	7	8	43
Total	19	16	22	26	32	25	15	156

Whole number of Interments, from all diseases, 504.

Charity Hospital Report.

For the 24 hours preceding yesterday, 6 P. M.

Admitted of Asiatic Cholera	8
Admitted of other diseases	35—43
Discharged of Asiatic Cholera	8
Discharged of other diseases	18—26
Died of Asiatic Cholera	15
Died of other diseases	5—20

H. VANDERLINDEN, Clerk.

Weekly Report.

[To 6 P. M. each day.]	Sat	Sun	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fri	Total
Admitted of Asiatic Cholera	26	34	30	26	9	7	8	142
Admitted of other diseases	23	22	19	37	40	29	35	225
Discharged of Asiatic Cholera	4	16	20	12	10	17	8	87
Died of Asiatic Cholera	21	25	21	37	21	13	15	158
Died of other diseases	1	3	1	6	2	4	5	22

Total, all diseases—Admitted, 367; Died, 180.

PICKPOCKET.—George Riley, charged with picking a man's pocket of a small sum of money, in the coffee-house of C. Gill, at the corner of New Levee and Lafayette streets, on the night of the 2d inst., was yesterday sent before the First District Court by Recorder Baldwin. Mr. Gill was the prosecutor in the case.

DISCHARGED.—Samuel Armitage, accused of stealing a purse containing about $80 from the pillow of Charles J. Jones, in Mrs. Grant's boarding-house, at the corner of Camp and Poydras streets, on the night of the 27th ult., was yesterday examined before Recorder Baldwin, and was discharged, the proof being insufficient to establish the charge.

VAGRANTS.—Joseph Smith and Nelson Longe were yesterday sent to the workhouse, as vagrants, by Recorder Baldwin, the former for ninety days and the latter for thirty.

ROBBERY.—A man named William Jones was brought before Recorder Baldwin yesterday, charged by Frederick Miller with knocking him down and robbing him of the sum of $5, on the Levee on Thursday night. The accused was committed for trial before the First District Court.

THE CODE OF HONOR EXTENDING IN PRACTICE.—Valmont Decoux made affidavit, yesterday before Recorder Genois, that he has reason to believe two free men of color named Moliere Duvernay and Ed. Fauchet intend "to commit a breach of the peace, by meeting in the field to fight a duel." Warrants were issued for the arrest of the belligerose "gemmes de color."

DRAWING A PISTOL.—Valentine R. Jones was yesterday committed to prison for five days, by Recorder Genois, for drawing a loaded pistol on Fulgencio Llojiacona, in the coffee house of Mr. Fernandez, on Levee street, between Ursuline and St. Philip streets, of which coffee-house Llojiacona is barkeeper, on Thursday night.

SUDDEN DEATH.—A German woman, aged about 23 years, named MARY Justus, employed as a domestic in a house on Canal street, between Franklin and Tremé, while washing in the yard of the house yesterday, and conversing in a jocular manner with a fellow servant, suddenly raised her arms, fell forward, and was dead in an instant. She was and had been apparently in perfect health. An inquest was held on the body, and the *post obit* examination proved that she died of an affection of the heart.

CHARGE OF STEALING A SKIFF.—A man named Peter Miller was yesterday arrested by the First Municipality Police, at the request of Henry Shaff, who charges him with stealing his skiff. The accused gave bail to appear for examination.

A MISTAKE.—The money and silver-ware found in the possession of a slave of Mrs. Bureau, on Thursday, by Lieut. Seischnaydre of the First Municipality Police is found to be the property of her mistress. The slave is an old and favorite servant, and presuming she could take better care of the property than her mistress, put it in her trunk for safe keeping. On the facts being explained to Recorder Genois, he dismissed the case.

AN OLD HAND CAUGHT.—A somewhat celebrated character in State Prison records, named Bill Jones, was caught on Thursday night in a state-room on board the steamboat Ivanhoe, having broken open a door with a chisel or "jimmey." He was sent before the First District Court yesterday by Recorder Baldwin, to be tried for attempting burglary and for assaulting with a chisel, with intent to kill, William Murdock who caught him in attempting to escape. Bill was in jail in St. Louis some months since on a charge of robbery, but managed to escape, and came to this city, where, under the guise of driving a cab, he has been occasionally trying his hand at his old trade. An officer arrived here from St. Louis about tonight since, with a requisition from the Governor of Missouri for Bill, but the officer was so terrified on arriving, at learning the cholera was in the city, that he immediately returned, without having made any search for the fugitive.

THE MURDER OF FENNER.—Recorder Genois yesterday went into a partial examination of the case of John Werner, charged with stabbing Henry Fenner, on the night of the 23d ult., on Royal street, and inflicting a wound in the abdomen which caused death. Thus far no witness has appeared who was present at the affair. The circumstantial evidence, however, was considered sufficiently strong against the accused by the Recorder, to remand him to prison to await a full examination on a charge of murder. The testimony adduced showed that the deceased died of a wound in the abdomen, inflicted with some sharp instrument; that he and the prisoner had been on unfriendly terms since the election, in regard to which they had some difficulty; that on being brought to the Watchhouse on the night he was wounded, he declared he had been stabbed by Werner, and repeated the declaration frequently from that time to the day of his death, stating that he met Werner between 11 and 12 o'clock in the morning, opposite Mr. Englehard's beer-house on Royal street; Werner caught him by the collar, when the deceased thrust him back and he fell, and that on rising he drew a knife and made a thrust which only cut the pantaloons of deceased; he then made a second stab which inflicted the wound that caused death. The two physicians who attended the deceased, it is alleged, have left the city, and their evidence cannot therefore be had at present.

COMMITTED ON TWO CHARGES OF LARCENY.—A Mrs. Rose Kramer was arrested a few days since by the Second Municipality police on the affidavit of Margaret Ryan, who suspected her of stealing a chest containing wearing apparel and money, to the amount of $800, (her property,) which she taken about two weeks before from her house, at the corner of Girod and Camp street. On searching the trunk of the prisoner, at the house of Mrs. Fallon, on Magazine, near Josephine street, a small piece of silk, in the form of a handkerchief, and a gold watch and chain were found. On the case being called up for examination, yesterday, before Recorder Baldwin, Mrs. Ryan identified the piece of silk as her property, and the case was sent before the First District Court. The watch was identified by a young man named Isaac Dyer as one which had been entrusted him by Mrs. Maria Woods, to have repaired, and which, while he was wearing it, was stolen from him in a house in which Mrs. Kramer and one or two other women were, while he was under the influence of liquor. Mrs. Woods also recognized the watch as her, and Mrs. Kramer was sent before the First District Court. Dyer himself was prosecuted some time since by Mrs. Woods, who charged him with breach of trust, in keeping the watch. He was discharged, however, and the recovery of the watch was no doubt a pleasing circumstance to him.

TRIAL FOR MURDER ON THE HIGH SEAS.—On Tuesday last Antonio Sibelich, an Italian, and Juan Martinez, a Spaniard, were arraigned before the U. S. Circuit Court, Judge McCaleb presiding, on a charge of murdering James Chappel, on board the ship St. Louis, on her passage from Vera Cruz to this city, on the 28th August last, when the vessel was about two hundred miles from the S. W. Pass. Tuesday and Wednesday and a short time yesterday morning were spent in empannelling a jury. Before the jury was complete between forty and fifty jurors were challenged by the prisoners. The accused pleaded not guilty, and having no counsel to defend them, the Court appointed Messrs. C. Dufour and W. M. Randolph to perform that duty.

After a brief address to the jury from the District Attorney, Mr. Durant, who conducted the prosecution, in relation to the charge and the nature of the testimony he expected to adduce, the witnesses were called.

Captain Haley, sworn.—Was master of the ship St Louis on the passage in which Mr. Chappel was killed; Mr. Chappel came on board at Vera Cruz as a passenger; the prisoners were shipped as seamen on the vessel at that port; they sailed from Vera Cruz on the 21st August; as the vessel was being towed to sea a package of money, containing between four and five hundred dollars, was handed witness from the steamer along side; all was quiet on board until the evening of the 28th. On that evening at 8 o'clock, when the watch was being changed, both the prisoners came to witness and requested permission to sleep aft, as the crew, they said, had threatened to throw them overboard and they were afraid to sleep forward with them; they appeared to be frightened and witness gave them permission to sleep aft; the deceased, Mr. Chappel, on hearing of Antonio's fears, called him and told him there was no danger, not to be alarmed, no body on board would hurt him; about 9 o'clock Peter (Martinez) who was at the wheel, was relieved by Antonio (Sibelich); about 10 Antonio was relieved by Wm. Martin, and on being relieved sat a short time on the rail; witness was at this time on top of the house, and Antonio soon left the rail and came on the house. Mr. Chappel had laid down on top of the house, and had nothing on but a shirt and light pair of pantaloons, as the weather was warm; witness also laid down and went to sleep; before going to sleep perceived Antonio creeping along towards the mizzen-mast, where he sat down, leaning his back against the mast; Mr. Chappel was lying so near Antonio that he could lay his hand on his body; witness lay near Mr. Chappel, who was between him and Antonio. Between 10 and 11 o'clock witness was woke up by a noise, caused it appeared, by Antonio making a spring; saw him draw a knife from Mr. Chappel's body; he then ran back toward witness and stabbed him in front about the shoulder; the mate, Mr. Palmer, came to assistance of witness; Antonio ran aft and the mate pursued him; they clenched and fell together, the mate under, when some of the crew came to the assistance of the mate, and they succeeded in taking the knife from the prisoner, who was then bound and tied to the mast; two knives were found in his possession, the one in his hand, the blade of which was broken in wresting it from him, and one in his bosom, a common table knife; the one taken out of his hand was covered with blood; both knives looked as if they had been sharpened that night, but the one used (sailor's knife) was the sharpest, and had a sharp point, which the other had not; the table knife was sharpened some at the top. A broken sailor knife was produced in Court and identified by the witness as the one taken from Antonio. Witness, faint from loss of blood, was about to go down to the cabin, when Martinez came up on the poop, looked at witness a moment and then returned down the steps; this was a minute or two after Mr. Chappel had been stabbed; Antonio was then being tied; witness went down into the cabin; Mr. Chapeel was already down; they were followed by the mate, who endeavored to assist witness and Mr. C.; Mr. C. expired shortly after, declaring that Antonio had killed him.

Cross-examination.—The vessel was then moated. [On giving this answer he was asked by the counsel if the vessel was not a brig; smiling, it is presumed, at the nautical ignorance of his interrogator, he replied, No, brigs have but two masts.] She was of 400 tons burthen; there were on board fourteen sailors before the mast (including the prisoners), the mate, the cook, one passenger (the deceased) and the witness; the prisoners were good seamen and conducted themselves well, until the homicide was committed; all hands were on deck at the time; witness never handed the money from the steamer, on leaving Vera Cruz; they were setting the main and mizzen top-sails; the prisoners were engaged setting the mizzen top-sail, and with the other hands were about the house, and witness thought they were looking at him when he was handed the money; the mate took the knife from Antonio after the homicide was committed, and after he had tied it to witness; Martinez was not put under arrest for thirty-six hours after the occurrence, as some of the men were sick and the vessel was short-handed; saw the knife in Antonio's hand when the mate was struggling with him; it was taken from him by the mate with the assistance of Wm. Stevens, one of the sailors.

John A. Palmer, sworn.—Was mate on board ship St. Louis on the passage from Vera Cruz to this port, when Mr. Chappel was killed; was first mate of the vessel; left Vera Cruz the 21st August; every thing was still until the evening of the 28th; about supper time on that day, say half past six o'clock, the Mexican [a man on board who was servant to Mr. Chappel, and who acted as cabin boy or steward,] told witness [objected to by defence and objection sustained by Court.] Witness's watch was from 8 to 12 on deck; in the early part of the watch, Peter (Juan) Martinez took the wheel; he was relieved by Antonio, and about 10 the wheel was taken by Wm. Martin, who relieved Antonio; Antonio after being relieved got up and sat on the after part of the vessel, on the rail on the starboard side of the wheel; in about half an hour he got off the rail and went on top of the house; witness was all this time walking on the house; the attention of witness was directed to the movements of Antonio, by both he and Martinez having come aft during the evening and Martinez telling him he were afraid to sleep forward; he asked them why? they said some of the men were going to heave them overboard; witness immediately went to Capt. Haley and told him the circumstance; the Captain ordered him to call all hands; he did so, and asked the men, individually, if they had any wrong with Antonio or Peter (Martinez); they said they had not; Capt. Haley, who was present, then told the prisoners they might stop aft, Peter did not come directly back, but stopped about the main mast near the cabin door; witness noticed when Antonio got on top of the house he was at the lee side of the wheel—the vessel was on the wind—and he crept along until he got to the mizzen mast; Mr. Chappel, Capt. Haley and witness were all on top of the house, talking and joking, until about half past 10 o'clock, when witness asks Mr. Chappel laid down and went to sleep; he laid with his head on a scuttle, within reach of Antonio, who could put his hand on his body; Mr. Chappel laid on his left side, with his back to Antonio; Capt. Haley laid down athwart, with his head toward the fore part of the vessel; Antonio continued walking; the deck until about 11; then called the watch to pump ship; the watch came aft to man the brakes; as the ship leaked considerably, had to work both pumps; the working of both pumps caused considerable noise; watched the men pumping with my back to Mr. Chappel; in a few moments witness sat down on top of the house; sat in a way that he could see the men at the pump without turning. They had been pumping about 10 minutes, when a witness heard Chappel jump and a scream; witness immediately jumped up himself; Antonio then, as witness thought, had a knife into Mr. Chappel; Mr. C. ran shed from Antonio, tore his shirt from his body and held it to the wound, and rushed down stairs; he noise roused Captain Haley; Antonio struck at Capt. H.; he defended himself; struck at witness also, they clenched, witness tripped him, and both fell on deck, witness underneath; witness found Antonio had his knife working under, between witness and the deck, cutting his back; witness on discovering this caught the arm with which the knife was held, and with the assistance of Wm. Stevens, who came up, took the knife from him, and in taking it, it was broken; [witness identified the knife in Court;] at this time William Miller left the wheel and with the assistance of top or three other men Antonio was lashed to the mizzen mast without much resistance. After securing Antonio, witness went below to assist Capt. Haley, who was very weak from loss of blood, and on being informed that Mr. Chappel was bleeding to death, when witness went below he found Mr. C. laying on the floor bleeding very profusely; he said to witness "Palmer, for God's sake, stop my bleeding;" in attempting to bandage the wound, witness noticed by his face and other signs that he was dying; witness then went to the Captain, who was fainting, and assisted him to the top of the house; he laid down on the house; witness then looked down through the scuttle and saw Mr. Chappel breathing his last. Witness received two cuts in the back, and one in the breast, the latter was slight, as the knife was partially broken by being warded off with his arm. The knife was very sharp; another knife, a table knife, was taken from Antonio's bosom. Witness kept the log, it being his duty, and mentioned these circumstances in the log at the time.

The District Attorney proposed to introduce the log-book as corroborative evidence. This was objected to by Mr. Dufour, on the ground that the mate was not under oath at the time the memorandum was made. The District Attorney urged upon the Court the value given to the record in a log-book by law—so much value that the law made it imperative upon the officers of a vessel to keep one. Mr. Randolph replied, sustaining the objection. He put it to the Court that the introduction of the log-book as testimony, while he who kept it was in Court, and did not be needed it to refresh his memory, would be an unusual procedure. The right of cross-examination was most sacred to a defendant, so much so that the law made it imperative that a witness shall be present at the trial, and shall give his testimony face to face with the accused. If any one of the witnesses were abroad, the Court could not receive their depositions; nor if all the witnesses were dead; the entry in the log-book, he asked, be brought up as testimony against the prisoner; and yet when all the witnesses were in Court, and when he who kept the log was present himself, it was proposed to bring it in as testimony—a record written perhaps in a state of high excitement, and mute as marble to a cross-examination.

The Court recognized the value of the log-book, but thought it intended for certain purposes, and refused to admit it as evidence in a case involving life.

The witness (Mr. Palmer) resumed his testimony. In relation to the conduct of Martinez on the occasion, the witness said he (Martinez), while witness was struggling with Antonio, came up stairs, put his head above the top of the house, and immediately went down again. The prisoners were employed at the same time at Vera Cruz, about three weeks before the ship sailed, and came on board together as comrades; they requested witness to put them on the same watch when he was dividing his watches; did not do it at that time, but did it afterwards, as two or three of witness's watch were sick of fever; this was done when the vessel was about four or five days out.

Cross-examination.—It was about thirty-six hours after Mr. Chappel was killed before Martinez was put under arrest; he was not arrested immediately because several of the men were sick, and the ship was short-handed. When the blow was given to Chappel, Martinez was at the pump, 30 feet from where Antonio and Chappel were. It was not over three minutes after the blow was given to Chappel, when witness heard the two knives; it was not full three minutes that Martinez ran up the steps to them, while they were struggling; he passed when he saw witness and Antonio down, and then went back. The Mexican ran down in the hold to save himself and covered himself with sails. Witness believed Martinez was implicated in the murder, because he was at the pump when the murder took place, and because he came running up the steps when he heard the noise on top of the house, and from other circumstances related by witness in his testimony.

Two seamen on board the vessel, named Wm. Martin and Wm. Stephens, and a Mexican, a servant to Mr. Chappel, who acted as cabin-boy or steward, were subsequently examined, and their testimony closed the evidence on both sides, as there was none to offer for the defence. Their evidence, in brief, showed that the prisoners were constant companions; that they were frequently noticed whispering together; that they kept as much as possible apart from the rest of the crew; that Martinez in company with Antonio, asked the Mexican to lend them a case of pistols the day of the night the homicide was committed—that he said they wanted the pistols because some of the persons on board were going to throw them overboard that night, and that Martinez, after Antonio had been tied, expressed his detestation of him for the crime he had committed.

The Jury was addressed successively by the District Attorney, Mr. Randolph and Mr. Dufour. For the prosecution it was argued that the prisoners had combined to commit an act of piracy, and were both equally guilty. The defence argued the fallacy of the theory of piracy being designed with such inadequate means. It was contended that the facts did not inculpate Martinez in the least; and while it was admitted that the homicide was committed by Antonio, it was argued that it was done in a momentary madness produced by intensity of fear from the real or imagined threats to throw him and his comrade overboard.

The case was submitted to the Jury about 9 o'clock at night, and at 10 they came in with a verdict of acquittal for Martinez, reporting that they were unable to agree upon a verdict in relation to the other prisoner. Martinez was therefore discharged.

Up to 3 o'clock last night, after a lapse of 24 hours, they were unable to agree. They are unanimous in finding the prisoner guilty, but one of the jurors qualifies his verdict by adding, "without capital punishment." This verdict the Court refused to receive, as the laws of the United States do not allow a verdict so qualified.

Messrs. Randolph and Dufour deserve great credit for the zeal and ability with which they defended the prisoner gratuitously. The manner in which they performed the duty assigned to them by the Court, does honor to the profession.

☞ The Connecticut river is closed by ice.

EXPLOSION.—The packing house of the powder works at Savanna, Illinois, exploded on the night of the 4th inst. No lives were lost. There were 600 kegs of powder unpacked in the building, and the loss is $2500.

☞ Frederick Jerome, the sailor who distinguished himself in saving lives from the Ocean Monarch, goes out to California as mate of a ship.

☞ The British Government has agreed to help the Halifax and Quebec Railway.

EARLY SHAD.—The Hudson and the Potomac each yielded up a shad on the 22d, the anniversary of the landing of the pilgrims.

PORT OF NEW ORLEANS:

LATITUDE, 29 57 30 N.—LONGITUDE, 90 W.—in Time, 6h.

Cleared Yesterday:

Ship Rockall, Hiler, Liverpool, J. P. Whitney & Co
Ship Albania, Schander, Liverpool, Dewey & Co
Ship Middlesex, Lovett, Boston, G. H. Pearson
Ship Elizabeth, (Br.) Barclay, Liverpool, McDowell & Peck
Brig Robt Wale, Barns, Richmond, Masi & Brenda
Schr. Gratitude, Day, Charleston, R. M. Harrison & Co
Schr. St. Helena, Winch, Belize, Honduras, J. Avet
Schr. Lone Star, Miner, Rio Grande, O. Wickham
Steamboat Mobile, Sutton, Mobile, Master

Arrived Yesterday:

Steamship Globe, Place, from Galveston, 33 inst, to Harris & Morgan—1st my.
Bark Ciocilia, Bartlett, 20 days from Thomaston, Me., to master—2d my.

STEAMBOATS

Jas L. Day, Gibenson, fm Mobile—23 bales cotton.
Mobile, Sutton, fm Mobile—120 bales cotton.
Courier, Martin, fm Pointe a la Hache.
Rio Grande, Gordon, from Opelousas—197 bales cotton.
De Vernon, Sweeney, fm Grand Ecore—212 bales cotton.
Princess, Leathers, fm Hard Times—643 bales cotton.
Ju in, Hinkley, fm Bayou de Glaize—182 bales cotton.
Luna, Fairchild, fm Bayou Sara—108 bales cotton.
Eliska, Landry, fm Baton Rouge.
Pride, Hadlock, fm Louisville.
Bay State, Collier, fm Cincinnati.

Memoranda:

Capt. Teal, of the bark Yarmouth, from Philadelphia, reports having seen on the 19th ult, in lat. 33°, lon. 72°, a vessel of about 120 tons burthen, bottom up, with green bottom, black bulwarks, and a broad white streak. The only part of the name discernable was James.

Passengers:

Steamship Globe, fm Galveston—Messrs. Ostrander, Durham, Brown, Davis, and Jackson—6 on deck.

☞ Grand Division S. of T., State of Louisiana.—The Regular Quarterly Session of the Grand Division S. of T., State of Louisiana, will be held on MONDAY NEXT, January 8, in the town of Baton Rouge, La.... Delegates from the different Subordinate Divisions of the parishes of Orleans and Jefferson, or from other parishes, who may be in New Orleans, will meet on board the steamboat ELIZA, on SUNDAY MORNING, Jan. 7, at 8 o'clock, precisely.

P. S. All Delegates intending to be present at said Quarterly Session will please report themselves to Brother Bully, No. 10 Camp street....By order of the G. W. P.
EDWIN L. LEWIS, G. S.
ja5 2t

☞ Firemen's Charitable Association.—The Regular Quarterly Meeting of the Board of Directors will be held at the Hall of Louisiana Hose Company on MONDAY, January 8, at 7 o'clock, P. M....By order.
ALFRED BELANGER, Secretary.
ja5

☞ Protection Hose Fire Co.—The Officers and Members of the above Company will please attend a Special Meeting on MONDAY EVENING, January 8, at 7 o'clock. Punctual attendance is requested....By order.
WM. H. ALLEN, Secretary.

☞ Perseverance Fire Co. No. 13.—Attend a Called Meeting on SUNDAY MORNING, Jan. 7, at half-past 9 o'clock. Punctual attendance is requested. By order of the Foreman.
HENRY J. HYAMS, Secretary.
ja5

☞ Jackson Fire Co. No. 18.—The Officers and Members of the above Company are requested to attend a Special Meeting of the Company on SUNDAY, January 7, 1849, at half-past 3 o'clock, when the Election of Officers and Delegates for the ensuing year will take place. Every member is expected to be present....By order of Company.
ja5 H. A. HENDRIKS, Secretary.

☞ NOTICE—James Gulick Fire Co. No 17.—Attend the Regular Monthly Washing on SUNDAY MORNING, January 7, at 5 o'clock. Immediately after, the Monthly Meeting will take place.
ja5 JOHN REYNOLDS, Secretary.

☞ Strangers in the City, see Dr. B. F. MULLEN'S advertisements in one other columns of this paper. He is one of the very best in his profession now in the United States. All that he need would do well to give him a call, at 86 Customhouse street.
u15tf

☞ Preventive.—The Physicians says that Cleanliness is one of the best preventives of Cholera. Clean UNDER-SHIRTS and DRAWERS, SOCKS, etc., can be obtained, both good and cheap, at LEIGHTON'S Gentlemen's Furnishing Store, No. 5 Royal street.
d18

☞ Electro-Magnetic Machines, for Medical Use with Improved Platina Batteries—price from $12 50 to $15; Philosophical Apparatus manufactured to order; Dentists' Gold Foil, Plate and Wire; Stockton's Artificial Teeth, Files, Excavators, Points for Lightning Rods, etc., for sale by
d m J. D. ANDERSON, 17 St. Charles st.

☞ H. Dailey's Magical Pain Extractor.—The original and only genuine, always has the written signature of the proprietor, "H. DALLEY," on the wrapper of each box. Southern Depot, 131 Chartres street, New Orleans. d8tf

☞ Asiatic Cholera.—Dr. PRESTON, who was employed by the City Authorities in the Hospital in New York, during the prevalence of the Cholera in 1832 and '34, will be happy to render any relief to persons afflicted with this fearful malady. Office, one door west of St. Charles street, No. 91 Joseph street. d18 1m

☞ Phœnix Fire Co. No. 8.—A Subscription List for the benefit of said Fire Company, is said then in repairing their houses, can be found at
C. D. BUNCE'S Hat Store, 30 Canal street.
u27

☞ NewOrleans, Dec. 5, 1848.—Dr. J. MENSING, Sir—The Set of Teeth you inserted for me I consider to be the best job I ever saw. Your services are invaluable to me for it is as the natural teeth. Those needing work done in your line are at liberty to call on me, at No. 14 St. Joan street, between Perdido and Gravier streets, and inspect it for themselves. Yours,
A. G. TUCKER.
d8 3m

☞ Roper's Sparring and Fencing Academy, No. 107 Poydras street, New Orleans. Open rom 9 o'clock A. M. to 2 o'clock P. M., and from 4 to 8 o'clock P. M.
ja5

☞ St. Joseph's Church, on Common street.—The Pews of this Church will be rented at auction from one year on MONDAY NEXT, January 8. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.
ja5 2t

☞ Postponement.—The GRAND TAYLOR BALL AND SUPPER is postponed until THURSDAY, January 25, when it will positively take place. Meanwhile the subscription list will remain open; price of subscription, $10—which entitles each subscriber to three Ladies' Tickets....By order of the Committee.
JAS. P. BROOKS, Director.
ja5 3in

☞ Cholera Preventive.—DR. WOODRUFF'S DYSENTERY CORDIAL, is resorted to in the early stages of the attack, will *certainly* and *speedily* arrest the disease. This medicine is prepared from the original recipe; was fully tested in 1832, in the cities of New York, Baltimore and Charleston, and found to be almost a specific remedy. Testimonials of the highest character accompany it. *Price only Fifty Cents*....For sale only by J. WRIGHT & CO. 151 Chartres street, New Orleans. ja4 2wis

☞ The attention of Females is particularly directed to the Notice of Dr. PARMELEE, on the third page....Office, No. 82 Hevia street. d5 3tipd

WHO PAYS for the Costly Fixtures, High Rents and Heavy Expenses of the Millinery Stores down town? Those who patronize them—and who do patronize them? Those who pay for the goods they buy at the prices!

NO HUMBUG, BUT FACTS.

IT IS A FACT that MRS. CAMPBELL, *Corner of CARONDELET and POYDRAS STREETS*, does and can afford to sell BONNETS and other FANCY GOODS at less prices than the most costly establishments of the same kind.

IT IS A FACT that is generally acknowledged, and should be universally known, that Mrs. Campbell's Bonnets are not excelled in style, neatness or quality, if equalled, in this city.

IT IS ALSO A FACT that those who patronize the splendid Millinery Stores down town, do help to pay their high rents and heavy expenses.

Besides BONNETS of all kinds, Mrs. Campbell, *at the corner of Carondelet and Poydras streets*, sells MANTILLAS, INFANTS' ROBES, LACES, EMBROIDERIES, FRINGES, PARASOLS, COMBS, BRUSHES, PERFUMERY, and many other useful and pretty things for the Holydays.
ja2 1w

TEN DOLLAR BETS.

THOSE Gentlemen who have bet Ten Dollar Hats, are informed that THE HATS are now ready for delivery, and can be found at
D'ARCY'S, 1 Chartres street.
d11

TO WHOLESALE PURCHASERS.

I AM the Agent for two extensive HAT Manufactories at the North, and am receiving large supplies by almost every arrival. *Prices very low*—consequently Cash or City Paper will be required.
G. V. RAYMOND, 35 Gravier st.
ja5 4t

BOARDING.

ONE OR TWO SINGLE GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with Board and a pleasant Room in a private family, within five minutes' walk of the St. Charles Hotel. A note, containing address, etc., directed to E. R. M., and left at this office, will meet prompt attention.
ja5 3t

FOR CALIFORNIA.

GENTS intending visiting the above, would do well to call at LEIGHTON'S Outfitting Store, No 5 *Royal street*, and supply themselves with good SHIRTS, etc., as on their arrival at their destination, they will find them even more valuable than gold
ja5 6t

TIN-PLATE.

300 BOXES IC and IX Charcoal brands;
9.0 boxes 14x20, IX and IXX;
14x14, IX and IXX, and other extra sizes, assorted, in store, for sale by SAMUEL LOCKE,
Nos. 8 and 9 Front Levee,
between Custom-house and Bienville sts.
ja5

COPPER AND SHEET-IRON.

600 SHEETS Brazier's Copper, 30x60 inches, 10 and 11 pounds;
500 sheets Brazier's Copper, 12 to 100 pound sheets;
400 bundles English Sheet-iron, Nos. 12 to 18;
400 " " " " 20 to 27;
In store and for sale by SAMUEL LOCKE,
Nos 8 and 9 Front Levee,
between Custom-house and Bienville sts.
ja5

COTTON DUCK.

75 BOLTS Cotton Duck, Nos. 1 to 10;
50 bolts American and Russian Sail Duck; for sale low by SAMUEL LOCKE, Nos. 8 and 9 Front Levee,
between Custom-house and Bienville sts.
ja5

BAR-IRON.

200 TONS English Bar Iron, assorted, Round, Flat and Square;
300 tons Tennessee and American Bar-iron;
In store and landing, for sale by
SAMUEL LOCKE, Nos. 8 and 9 Front Levee,
between Customhouse and Bienville st.
ja5

BUTTER.

200 JARS very superior Fresh Table Butter, just received and for sale by
JAS. TRUFANT, KNOX & CO., 71 Poydras st.
ja4 3tod

FREE AND EASY

WILL be held at the Seventh Ward coffee-house, Henderson's, corner of Poydras and St. Paul street, Second Municipality, MONDAY, 8th inst. being Christmas Day, at half-past 7 o'clock. To be continued on WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY nights, at the same hour.
d26 2w

TO FEMALES.

DR. PARMELEE would invite all those suffering from *Nervous* or other diseases peculiar to the *Female system*, to call at his office, No. 82 *HEVIA STREET*.

☞ Private consultations between the hours of 4 and 5 P. M. No. 82 HEVIA STREET, between Bayonne and Philippe. d4 3tipd

AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICAN THEATRE.

S. P. GRATTAN.....Stage Manager.

THIS EVENING, Saturday, January 6, 1849—The performances will commence with DOMBEY AND SON—Dombey, Mr. Stanley; Capt. Cuttle, Mr. Greene, Toots, Mr. Charles; Edith, Mrs. C. Pope....DANCE, by Miss J. LaForest....DANCE, by Mr. Thompson....After which the celebrated Horse TAMMANY, bred and trained by the far-famed LEVI NORTH, will appear in a series of Fashionable Dances....To conclude with the performances of the unrivaled SABLE MELODISTS.

☞ To-morrow Evening, Third appearance of Mr. LEVI NORTH and his celebrated Dancing Horse TAMMANY.

☞ The Police Department is under the control of Mr. S. L. Seaman.

Prices of Admission—Dress Circle, 75 cents; Parquette, Second and Third Tiers, 50 cents; Colored Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents.

☞ Private Boxes and Seats may be secured at the Box-Office, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 5 P. M., by applying to Geo. S. Stanley, Treasurer.

☞ Doors open at a quarter before 7; Performance will commence at a quarter past 7 precisely.
ja5

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.

Managers.....LUDLOW & SMITH.

Third night of the celebrated Comedian, Mr. HACKETT.

THIS EVENING, Saturday, January 6, 1849—Will be presented, the Comedy of THE KENTUCKIAN—Col. Wildfire, Mr