DAILY CRESCENT.

NEW ORLEANS:

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 17, 1849.

LOCALS.—*See third page for City News, &c.*

☞ Many interesting Miscellaneous and News articles will be found on our First Page.

☞ Thanks to the officers of the steamboat Mobile, for Mobile papers in advance of the mail.

CAPT. HAILE.—We are pleased to learn that our old friend, Capt. Haile, has been appointed Superintendent of Public Works by the State Engineer, Col. Williams. We congratulate the Colonel and the Captain—and if the latter does not perform his duty, we shall consider ourselves responsible to the Colonel.

PASSENGERS BY THE ARCHITECT FOR CALIFORNIA.—Subjoined is a list of passengers going on the ship Architect, Capt. Gray, which leaves to-morrow morning for San Francisco:

Dr. King lady and daughter, James Taylor lady and two children, Chas. B. Caldwell and lady, Mrs. E. M. Roland and two children, Mrs. Lacks, Henry Joseph and lady, B. F. Hynson, N. Silverthorn, J. H. Harris, T. T. Hopping, L. D. Parker, James Vance, A. A. Watson, W. H. Digges, L. A. Dauby, J. C. Converse, M. T. Cox, C. Lawrence, H. S. Balch, L. F. Amelung, Wm. Bathwell, S. R. Mardis, J. C. Wilson, John Grover, C. S. Knight, C. A. Higgins, Sam'l. Fulton, W. E. Deason, Geo. A. Colton, Thomas Mills, Achilles St. Birier, James Dunbar, H. W. Wood, E. Latafa, Patrick O'Neill, C. B. Griffin, R. G. Hawkins, E. Peterson, V. M. Perton, J. Corset, Thos. Turner, John Larkin, H. C. Millbourne, J. M. Otis, C. W. Perkins, P. Forshee, W. Woodhull, John Crow, John Rows, A. J. Hitchcock, E. C. Simmons, Robert Badon, Francisco Emannel de Rodrigues.

COMMERCE OF NEW ORLEANS.—There were cleared at our Custom-house yesterday, for foreign and domestic ports, 8 ships, 6 barks, 2 brigs and 6 schooners—together 22 sail—to say nothing of a fleet of steamboats.

COL. A. H. SEVIER.—We have already noticed the death of A. H. Sevier, of Arkansas, but we have not devoted as much space to him as the distinguished nature of his character and services demands. He was a member of a family distinguished for its gallantry and devotion to the country during the trying scenes of the revolutionary war, being descended from a Huguenot named Seveir, who during the last century emigrated from France to South Carolina. Col. Sevier himself was born in the year 1803, in Green county, East Tennessee. In his early years he was surrounded by many disadvantages, such as could only be overcome by a person of his energetic nature. At the age of nineteen he went to Arkansas and commenced the practice of the law, in which profession he soon attained a high eminence. The people of the State honored him with many political trusts of high importance, in all of which his high abilities gained him the confidence and respect of his constituents. His career in the Senate of the United States, and as Commissioner in Mexico, are too well known to require recapitulation. His death will cause a vacancy in the number of our able men, which will not easily be filled.

BOOKS.—Children must read as well as their elders; and a very useful book, for their comprehensions, is the story of "Little John," translated from the French of M. Charles Jeannet, published by D. Appleton & Co., New York, and for sale by J. B. Steel, 14 Camp street. We have also received from Steel the 2d number of a work on Gothic Architecture applied to modern residences. This is really a valuable work, and should be in the possession of every one.

AMERICAN THEATRE.—Last night Mr. Booth appeared as *Hamlet*. The character was never better acted—he adopted the Royal's Dane advice to actors in general, suiting the action to the word, which was throughout a deeply studied and admirably adapted conception. We have no hesitation in naming Mr. Booth as one of the most correct elocutionists of the present day; there is no character in the whole range of the drama that requires such careful study as *Hamlet*, or in which the true scholar appears to so much advantage—in both these respects Mr. Booth stands preëminent. His interview with the *Ghost*, and his subsequent interview with *Horatio* and *Marcellus*, plainly told the plan he adopted of assuming lunacy to entrap the *King* and *Queen*. This was admirably carried out till the completion of his purpose—then the closet scene, the anxious inquiry "Was it the King"—the severe upbraiding of his mother—and the final lines—

"I must be cruel, only to be kind,
Thus bad begins, and worse remains behind,"

all showed the effect of close study and happy conception, quite confuting the argument that Hamlet was really insane.

The calm resignation after his return from England—his stoicism in the church-yard, and final passion when he killed *King Claudius*, were all beautifully wrought, and we may safely place Mr. Booth in the front rank of performers who understand the character of Hamlet.

Mr. Jamison's *Ghost* was an admirable piece of acting. While he unfolded to *Hamlet* the villany of his Uncle-Father and Queen-Mother, the audience were wrapt in a thrilling silence, clearly showing the profound attention the excellent acting of the scene commanded. Familiar as this play is and ought to be with every one, we cannot refrain from expressing our admiration of the correct manner in which all—even the minutest—parts were played upon this occasion. Mrs. Greene as the *Queen*, and Miss Petrie as *Ophelia*, performed admirably. Mr. Greene's *Polonius* was a quaint, well-conceived piece of acting, as also was Spear's *Grave Digger*. Mr. Keller as the *King*, and Mr. Charles as *Laertes*, were both clever. In fact, often as we have seen this paragon of plays, we never enjoyed its representation more than last night. The house was well attended, and the prospects of the Theatre continue.

This evening Mr. Booth—whose nights are numbered and rapidly drawing to a close—appears as *Shylock*—a character in which he stands without a rival. He will be ably supported. The "Merchant of Venice" will be followed by the favorite comedy of "Simpson & Co."

THE GREAT PANORAMA.—Stockwell's great picture attracted a fine audience last night. We perceive that Banvard's Panorama of the Mississippi river is attracting much attention in London. Now what would the Londoners say could they but see the *whole* river, as given in Stockwell's picture? Banvard's picture *commences* at *New Orleans* and *ends* at St. Louis—*leaving out from this city to the Balize*, and *all* the magnificent scenery of the *Upper Mississippi*. Stockwell would astonish Europe with his views of the Upper River alone.

THE TELEGRAPH.—We are indebted to O'Reilly's line for intelligence of the arrival of the Washington. It is strange that the news of the arrival of the Europa, by this line, which we published on the 2d inst., was not received in New Orleans, until the 5th, notwithstanding Morse's line was in connection with Baltimore. This fact tends to strengthen the charge made by the New Orleans papers, that their dispatches have been suppressed for purposes of speculation. So far, Mr. O'Riley has proved himself the superior of Morse, in enterprise and usefulness to the community.—*Jackson Mississippian.*

GOLD IN BROOKLYN.—A gentleman of this city had a piece of virgin gold presented him yesterday morning, which he would not sell for $5000. This is what we call a very handsome New Year's present. So does Mrs. Gold and the nurse.—*Brooklyn Daily Advertiser.*

The New York Globe adds: "That's not bad, cousin, but we should not wonder if the nurse should declare that same lump of 'virgin gold' to be spew-pons, in a week or two."

FOR CALIFORNIA.—A meeting was held in Camden, Ala., on the 4th inst., for the purpose of forming a California company. Eighteen persons enrolled their names. The editor of the *Mirror* is about to leave.

COLD WEATHER.—The thermometer stood 20° below zero, in Galena, on the 25th December.

The French Republic.

France is at last launched fairly upon the sea of republican experiment. Its Constitution has been adopted; its President elected; and its administration formed. For weal or woe, it must now go onward. We confess that we have, from the beginning, looked upon the revolution rather with the wish than the expectation that the efforts of the philanthropic and patriotic of France would succeed in establishing some permanent system which would meet the wants of the age; repress the abuses and corruptions which still linger as remnants of feudal rule or have grown into a precocious maturity under that renowned king of tricks and expedients, Louis Philippe; and commence the great work of social reform, until they finally brought forth into living, practical facts, the great truths shadowed forth in the battle-cry of the revolution—Liberty, Equality, Fraternity. The history of the past year has not strengthened our hopes in the ultimate result. We cannot well see what France has gained by her struggles, so far. The liberty for which she fought may, perhaps, be found in universal suffrage—its germ may be there—but the liberty to think, to speak, to do, has not been much extended by the Constitution; it is not likely to be greatly enlarged by the law. The same class legislation which had grown up under the constitutional monarch, or been handed down from the elder Bourbons, continues under the new republic; no one branch of human industry has been freed from the trammels which partial legislation had imposed upon it; commerce has not been emancipated from the blighting bondage of foolish tariffs; and the power of the master and the subjection of the workman remain unchanged—the latter having, we believe, acquired something like a theoretical acknowledgement of *his right to labor!* The progress in equality, if any has been made, has escaped our anxious scrutiny. The Fraternity is now where it always has been, in the hopes of the good, the dreams of the poetical, and the fears of the selfish—but it has no where on the surface of France any form of tangible existence which can either cheer its friends or alarm its enemies. France, after a revolution for Equality and Fraternity, has quietly, to all appearance, settled down into the good old plan of every one for himself, and his sulphureous majesty for the hindmost.

It is a melancholy termination to so fair an opening; but it is, nevertheless, a natural termination. Lamartine and Blanc and Rollin, were not the men for the time—they wanted to do what angels could not accomplish with the present race of men. They desired that all should be upright, industrious, frugal, just, benevolent, and wise; and they expected to make men so through forms of government and laws! It was a high, holy, magnificent design, but unfortunately it was not adapted to the time, nor the men of the time. The age is *utilitarian*—the political economists have brought selfishness to a science—and the utilitarian predominates over all; even those who see its ruinous effects in the permanent degradation of the larger portion of the species, and who confess that society is diseased and is sinking to decay, have not the knowledge, the will or the power, to suggest the remedy. The want, the great want, is the means of securing a fair distribution of the bounties of nature and the proceeds of industry to all. This is the equality and fraternity desired and desirable. But how is it to be done? That is the question which the revolution attempted to solve, and in the solution of which its leaders failed, because they did not calculate the strength of the selfish, utilitarian spirit predominant in the world, and attempted to oppose that spirit, which was stronger than themselves and their revolution, national guards, standing army, ouvriers and all. They began the wrong way. To produce the equality and fraternity desired, the reformer will have to prove to each that his own individual interest will be promoted by a system which will ensure the social equality of all; when this is done the work will be effected, and not before, unless some radical change takes place in human nature, which, however desirable to theorists, is not likely soon to occur.

The revolution which was begun by driving Louis Philippe from France, and was continued by making Cavaignac dictator, has assumed its ultimate form by the election of Louis Bonaparte to the Presidency, and the appointment of Odillon Barrot as the head of the Ministry. It has made its circle in less than a year, and has with a change of men and some slight change of forms arrived at the point from which it started. The same principles, the same laws, the same scramble for power, the same magnificence of pretence and insignificance of action, may be discerned. The inauguration speech of Louis Bonaparte would have made an excellent royal speech for Louis Philippe; and the Barrot Ministry, without more virtue, honesty or liberality, will have less sagacity and statesmanship than that of Guizot. Verily, this is not the spectacle the world was invited to gaze and wonder at.

WILMOT PROVISO.—In the Virginia House of Delegates, on the 4th inst., Mr. Conway gave notice that a meeting of the members of the Legislature would be held in the Hall of Delegates on the 8th inst., to take into consideration the subject of the resolutions introduced by Messrs. Floyd and Scott, in regard to the Wilmot Proviso and kindred measures. Mr. Syme expressed a hope that every member would be present.

VIRGINIA.—The manner in which the Governor of Virginia is inaugurated, is very simple and republican. That functionary quietly goes before a magistate in Richmond and takes the requisite oaths; and then as quietly proceeds to the discharge of the duties of his office—without ceremony, parade or show.

LEGISLATIVE PAY—*Illinois.*—[Extract of a letter dated Springfield, Ill., to the St. Louis New Era.]—Both branches of the Legislature have got fairly under way, and there is thus far a disposition manifested both sides to do up the business and adjourn, if possible, at the end of the *two dollar a day term* fixed by the Constitution. If the legislation should prove ever so poor and unprofitable, it would be full as good as the rate of compensation allowed to members; in this respect it would be a good deal as the *darkey* said when a preacher insisted that he should ferry him across the stream for nothing, for the reason that he was so poorly paid by his congregation; to which the negro replied—he guessed it was "*poor preach as well as poor pay*," and consequently was himself unwilling to work for nothing.

MISSOURI.—The Senate of Missouri has unanimously confirmed the appointment of Alexander Hamilton, as Judge of the Eighth (St. Louis co.) Judicial Circuit.

SOMETHING NEW.—A petition originating in Illinois, has been presented to Congress, praying that the public lands may not be sold forever, but that they may in time revert to government, so that all people hereafter may have an opportunity of getting a home. There is wisdom and forethought both in this new proposition.

PENNSYLVANIANS.—We observe in a late number of the Milwaukee Wisconsin the following notice: "The Sons of Pennsylvania will hold an adjourned meeting to-morrow evening to form a Wm. Penn society." This is the first movement that has come under our observation of the natives of the land of Penn forming themselves into a Society to preserve a kindly remembrance of their birth-place and its associations.

HOUSES FOR CALIFORNIA.—A number of Brooklyn (N. Y.) mechanics are engaged in fitting up houses ready to put up in convenient places in California. It is reported that two hundred such houses are to be fitted and sent out in early ships.

FRIGHT.—The St. Louis Reveille of the 4th inst. says: "Hands are refusing to ship on steamboats bound from this port to New Orleans. They fear the scourge which is at present sweeping the Crescent City."

Telegraphed to the "Daily Crescent."

Twelve Days Later from Europe.

ARRIVAL OF THE AMERICA.

Cotton and Breadstuffs Declined—Effect of the News on the New York Market—France: Napoleon Proclaimed—Speech, etc.—The Pope—Germany—English Business, etc.

BALTIMORE, JANUARY 12.

The steamship America arrived at Boston this morning, bringing twelve days' later news. Commercial advices are not quite so favorable. Cotton is dull and drooping. Upland Middling, 4¼; Fair Orleans, 4¾; Upland and Mobile Fair, 4¼. Flour, duty paid, 26 to 27, and in bond 25 to 26s. 6d. Wheat declined 6 to 7d. per bushel. White Corn 30, best yellow 32s. 6d. per quarter. Meal dull.

— BALTIMORE, JAN. 12.

Effect on the Markets.—At New York to-day holders are more anxious to sell, but buyers are keeping off, the America's news not being fully digested. Flour and Grain unchanged. Rice 3¼. Provisions firm. Groceries steady. Stocks advanced. Treasury Notes 8¼ prem.; New Loan 9¼.

Pennsylvania.—B. Groves is elected Treasurer of the State of Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE, JANUARY 12.

FRANCE—*Napoleon Proclaimed.*—The ceremony of proclaiming Napoleon President of the Republic occurred as before announced. Marrast, President of the National Assembly, proclaimed the President, for the term ending May, 1852, and the Republic, one and indivisible. Napoleon took the oath of office at the Tribune, and afterwards read an address to the people. After he had concluded his speech, Napoleon shook hands with Cavaignac, and the Assembly appeared delighted. The ceremony passed off quietly and without much excitement. Odillon Barrot has been empowered to form a Ministry. It is understood that Thiers is opposed to the new *régime*.

Napoleon's Speeech.—In his speech Napoleon said: "In taking the oath of the office to which the suffrages of the nation have elevated me, I deem it my duty to trace out, in some measure, my future policy. My administration shall be guided by the principles which should govern a man of honor, and I shall regard all those as enemies of the country, who may attempt by illegal means to overturn what the choice of the French people has so distinctly established. In regard to this there should be no difference of opinion among us; but we should endeavor to establish our democratic institutions on a true basis, and alleviate the miseries of the people, who have given such abundant and striking proofs of their confidence in the new government. The large majority I have received penetrates me with gratitude, and will serve to give moral force to my administration. With continued peace the prosperity of the country will increase, the misled will return, passions subside, and every one be animated by a spirit of conciliation. I have called around me, to aid in the arduous cares of government, capable men, who, whatever their political origin, are devoted to the constitution, determined to improve the laws and augment the glory and happiness of the Republic. To my predecessors I owe a debt of gratitude, and particularly to Gen. Cavaignnc, from whose hands I receive authority. His conduct has been worthy the generosity of his character, and his sentiments those of a statesmen and patriot. We have, citizens, a great mission to execute; that of founding a new Republic, which shall be animated by a desire for the interests of all. Let us be men of progress, although not sanctioning every Utopian scheme; belonging rather to our country than to a party."

The tide of popularity has turned in favor of the President.

Odillon Barrot has declared, in a speech in the Chamber of Deputies, that the Government would not meddle with foreign affairs, but would allow the greatest latitude to individuals, and do everything to promote harmony and restore confidence.

Ab-del-Kader has petitioned Napoleon for his freedom.

ROME.—The Pope still continues at Gaeta, refusing the overtures of the Roman Provisional Government for his return, unless the Chambers are dissolved, the National Guard disbanded, and the Journals suppressed....Canut [!—this is not very like an Italian name]—the Commissioner of the Papal army, was in Paris, on a mission to the French and English Governments....A Congress for the settlement of Italian affairs will shortly assemble at Brussels. When the representatives convene, the feelings of Russia, as to the disposition to be made of the Pope's person, will be known.

AUSTRIA AND HUNGARY.—The Austrian accounts of the Hungarian war are considered unreliable. The Imperialists are said to have taken Presburg, Syoman, and Erehembeurung. [These names, we presume, cannot be correct; but we give them as we find them in the dispatch.] Magre and Redreing [Hungarian Generals?] are devastating the country, and opposing almost insurmountable obstacles to the march of the invading army.

The Austrians have withdrawn from the Frankfort Assembly.

CALIFORNIA GOLD.—The Britannia and Cambria have arrived out, bringing the President's Message, which was read with great interest, especially the part referring to California.

ENGLISH BUSINESS.—English manufactures are improving, and the amount of bullion in the bank of England is increasing. It now contains £15,000,000; circulation, £16,700,000. Consols, 88¼ to 88⅝.

Paris Three Per Cents., forty-six francs six centimes; Five Per Cents., seventy-six, seventy.

LIVERPOOL.—Cotton remains the same at the latest advances. The market closed with considerable confidence, founded on the low prices, moderate stock, and the possibility of a crop not exceeding 2,500,000 bales. Sales of the week, 18,300. The new law, fixing the duty on Wheat at one shilling per quarter, will come into operation on the 1st of February.

BROWN'S GOLD PENS.

☞ New in store, a large stock of these UNRIVALED GOLD PENS. Also, our usual supply of GOLD PENS, from the other celebrated makers—with or without Cases. Also, a fine variety of PEN-HOLDERS—of Gold, Silver, Pearl, Porcupine Quill, etc. For sale wholesale and retail by

d11 1m3dp GUINNESS & BUSH, 12 Camp street.

☞ The Proprietors and Editors of the SUN OF TEMPERANCE, having found it necessary to discontinue the publication of their paper, in consequence of the prevailing epidemic, request all persons indebted to them to make immediate payment to Mr. MARK F. BIGNEY, who is duly authorized to collect all bills due the office. Mr. Bigney will be in attendance for a few days at the store of M. C. Sale & Co. 17 St. Charles street. ja5

☞ Preventive.—The Picayune says that Cleanliness is one of the best Preventives of Cholera. Clean UNDER-SHIRTS and DRAWERS, SOCKS, etc., can be obtained, both good and cheap, at LEIGHTON'S Gentlemen's Furnishing Store, No. 5 Royal street. d18

☞ Our Readers are requested to notice the advertisement of WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY and JEW DAVID'S PLASTER, on the 5th page of our paper. These excellent remedies are sold only by SCOVIL & MEAD, 113 Chartres street. ja11tf

☞ H. Dalley's Magical Pain Extractor.—The original and only genuine, always has the written signature of the proprietor, "H. DALLEY," on the wrapper of each box. Southern Depot, 151 Chartres street, New Orleans. d8tf

☞ Asiatic Cholera.—Dr. PRESTON, who was employed by the City Authorities in the Hospitals in New York, during the prevalence of the Cholera in 1832 and '34, will be happy to render any relief to persons afflicted with this fearful malady. Office, one door west of St. Charles street, St. Joseph street. d18 1m

☞ Strangers in the City, see Dr. B. F. MULLEN'S advertisement in the other columns of this paper. He is one of the very best in his profession now in the United States. All that stand in need would do well to give him a call, at 86 Customhouse street. n18tf

☞ New Orleans, Dec. 5, 1848.—Dr. J. MENSING: Sir—The Set of Teeth you inserted for me I consider to be the best job I ever saw. They are equally serviceable to me for use as the natural teeth. Those needing work done in your line are at liberty to call on me, at No. 14 St. John street, between Perdido and Gravier streets, and inspect it for themselves. Yours,

d8 3m A. G. TUCKER.

☞ Electro-Magnetic Machines, for Medical Use, with Improved Platina Batteries—price from $12 50 to $15; Philosophical Apparatus manufactured to order; Dentists' Gold Foil, Plate and Wire; Stockton's Artificial Teeth, Files, Excavators, Points for Lightning Rods, etc., for sale by

d 3m J. D. ANDERSON, 17 St. Charles st.

☞ The attention of Females is particularly directed to the Notice of Dr. PARKELEE, on the third page....Office, No. 26 Bevin street. d5 2dptf

☞ Phœnix Fire Co. No. 8.—A Subscription List for the benefit of said Fire Company, to aid them in repairing their houses, can be found at

n17 C. D. BUNCE'S Hat Store, 30 Canal street.

Congressional.

[Telegraphed to the Charleston Mercury.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10, 4 P. M.—*Senate.*—In the Senate to-day, a long and interesting debate took place on a motion by Mr. Underwood, to reconsider the votes of yesterday, by which the motion to receive the memorials presented by Messrs. Hale and Corwin were laid on the table. The discussion was participated in by Messrs. Underwood, Metcalfe, Hale, Douglass, Dayton, Davis and Berrien. Mr. Dickinson moved to postpone the further consideration of the subject indefinitely, and it was carried—ayes 27, noes 23.

The Senate then proceeded to the consideration of Executive business in secret session.

House.—The motion to reconsider the vote by which Mr. Gott's resolution, relative to the slave trade in the District of Columbia was taken up.

A call of the House was ordered, when 182 members answered to their names, and further proceedings under the call were dispensed with.

Mr. Wentworth moved to lay the motion to reconsider on the table, but the motion was negatived—ayes 79, noes 122.

A discussion then ensued, in which Messrs. McLane, of Md.; Smith, of Ia.; and Sawyer, of Ohio, participated, when the previous question was demanded and seconded, and the motion to reconsider the vote was carried—ayes 119, noes 81.

Mr. Smith, of Ia., then moved to amend Mr. Gott's resolution, so as to instruct the committee on the District to inquire what legislation was necessary to effect its purpose.

Mr. Botts moved to lay the amendment on the table, but it was negatived—ayes 94, noes 110.

Mr. Smith modified his amendment, so as to instruct the committee to report a bill to prevent the introduction of slaves into the District for sale, and moved the previous question, but it was not seconded.

Mr. Meade moved as an amendment that the committee be instructed to report a bill to provide for the detention and restitution to their owners of fugitive slaves escaping from one State to another. But the Speaker decided the amendment not in order....At this stage of the proceedings the House adjourned.

A MAMMOTH HOTEL.—Arrangements are making for building upon Fourth avenue and Twenty-third street, New York, or some point near the terminus of the various railroads about opening there, a hotel, which will probably be the largest in the world, covering an area of an acre and a quarter of ground. It is the enterprise of eastern gentlemen, in connection with one or two capitalists of that city.

Arrivals at the Principal Hotels Yesterday.

ST. CHARLES....C. Bell, Louis Landry, N O; Alex. S. Chapman, Allen Glover, Ala; E. C. Schoolfield, Birmingham; J. Black, Miss; J. Bossier, N O; Gen. Hunter and lady, U S A; Wm. C. Williamson, St. Louis; Saml. Merrill, Turry, Me; Dr. J. B. Porter, U S A.

HEWLETT'S....S. F. Slatter, N O.

PLANTERS'....John E. Simmons, Ala; J. Conklin, N Y; D S Melege, R. R. Leak, Levi Ayres, W. L. Taylor, Jas. W. Carleton, J. B. Lamar, T. B. Bertsdy, W. S. Horton, W. Lavender, Geo. A. Underhill, Ga; J. W. Howard and lady; A. Baker and family, Ala; John Knight, Mexico; John Gallaghor and lady.

S. of T....Meetings This Evening.

PELICAN DIVISION No. 1, at Pelican Hall, cor. Common and St. Charles sts., at half-past 7.

OCEAN DIVISION No. 2, at Unity Hall, Marigny Buildings, Third Municipality, at half-past 7.

JEFFERSON DIVISION No. 10, at Gretna, at half-past 7.

FINN DEGREE TEMPLE No. 1, at Temple Hall, No. 58½ Canal street, at 7 o'clock.

Auction Sales This Day.

MORPHY & NEVIUS will sell, at 10 o'clock, at 57 Magazine street, Boots, Brogans, Shoes, etc., etc.

R. M. ARMFIELD will sell at the store of Jasper F. Smith, 7 Canal street, Dry Goods, Hats, Boots, Shoes, etc., without reserve. [☞ See Auction head.]

☞ The ship ARCHITECT, for California, will leave the wharf at Lafayette, THURSDAY MORNING, 18th inst., at 9 o'clock. Passengers will please have their baggage on board the day previous, as none will be received the day of sailing. Shippers are requested to hand in their bills of lading this day, as the ship will clear to-morrow.

ja15 C. J. MEEKER, 66 Poydras st.

Steamboat Departures This Day.

☞ *SEE ADVERTISEMENTS ON THIRD PAGE.*

Louisville.....ALBATROS, Robertson, 12 o'clock, M.
St. Louis.....ANDREW FULTON, Fulton, 4 o'clock, P. M.
Louisville.....MELODEON, McMahon, 4 P. M.

☞ U. S. Mail Albatros—For Louisville, Cincinnati, Wheeling and Pittsburg—THIS DAY, Wednesday, at 12 o'clock, M., positively, from Poydras street wharf.

ja17 HYDE & OGLESBY, 12 Poydras st.

☞ The packet Andrew Fulton—For St. Louis—This steamer leaves THIS DAY, Wednesday, at 4 o'clock, P. M., punctually, from Poydras street wharf.

ja17 HYDE & OGLESBY, 12 Poydras st.

☞ U. S. Mail Melodeon—For Louisville, Cincinnati, Wheeling and Pittsburg—THIS DAY, Wednesday, at 4 o'clock, P. M., positively, from Poydras street wharf.

ja17 HYDE & OGLESBY, 12 Poydras st.

☞ Union Division No. 3, S. of T.—Meets every Friday evening at half-past 7 o'clock, at No. 222 Tchoupitoulas street. Officers for the present quarter—WILLIAM BOYLE, W. P.; E. K. PEARCE, W. A.; J. H. STUART, R. S.; WM. M. McCARTER, A. R. S.; DAVID LOCKHART, F. S.; JAMES WILLSON, T.; L. CLARK, C.; J. WILLIAMS, A. C.; WM. LUDECA, I. S.; T. WILLIAMS, C. S.; A. GRANER, F. W. P. ja8

☞ Masonic—*GRAND ROYAL ARCH CHAPTER OF LOUISIANA.*—The Grand Annual Communication of this Body will be held at the Masonic Hall, corner of Perdido and Baronne streets, on WEDNESDAY, the 31st instant, at 6½ o'clock, P. M.

The Officers of the Grand Chapter and Representatives of the Subordinate Chapters, under the jurisdiction of the General Grand Chapter of the United States, will take due notice thereof and govern themselves accordingly. ja12 D. BLAIR, Grand Sec'y.

☞ Cholera Preventive.—DR. WOODRUFF'S DYSENTERY CORDIAL, is resorted to in the early stages of the attack, will *certainly* and *speedily* arrest the disease. This medicine is prepared from the original recipe; was fully tested in 1832, in the cities of New York, Baltimore and Charleston, and found to be almost a specific remedy. Testimonials of the highest character accompany it. *Price only Fifty Cents.*....For sale only by J. WRIGHT & CO. 131 Chartres street, New Orleans. ja4 2wis

THE SUGAR PLANTER'S MANUAL,

Being a Treatise on the Art of obtaining Sugar from the Sugar Cane—by J. W. Evans, M. D.—a new and valuable Book.

Together with the most extensive stock of LAW BOOKS in the Southern country. ☞ For sale by

ja17 1d3dp&tf D. WOODRUFF & CO., 88 Camp st.

POPULAR SCHOOL BOOKS,

At No. 14 CAMP street.

Rowan's French Reader;
Poney's Syllabaire Français;
Comly's English Grammar;
Bullions's First Lessons in English Grammar;
McGuffey's Eclectic Spelling Book;
McGuffey's Eclectic Readers;
Emerson's 1st and 2d Arithmetic;
Smith's Arithmetic;
Mitchell's Primary Geography;
Morse's School Geography
Goodrich's Child's History United States;
Wilson's History United States;
Worcester's Dictionary, abridged.

—ALSO—

An extensive assortment of other

Standard School and Miscellaneous Works,

in every department of Literature, Science, and Art; together with every article of

STATIONERY

now in use. ☞ For sale at the

New Orleans Stationers' Warehouse.

ja17 4d1tW J. B. STEEL, No. 14 Camp st.

BEAUTIFUL ILLUSTRATED BOOKS,

Just received and for sale by

THOS. L. WHITE,

53 CANAL street.

CHILDE HAROLD'S PILGRIMAGE, by Lord Byron; a new edition with all the Notes, beautifully illustrated; edited by Thos. Moore.

TALES AND POEMS, by Lord Byron, with illustrative Engravings on steel, from designs by Henry Warren, with a Portrait of Zoleeka, by J. W. Wright.

OFFERING OF BEAUTY; a present for all seasons, embellished with eight Mezzotint engravings; edited by Amelia W. Lawrence.

WILLIS'S POEMS, of early and after years; illustrated by Leutze.

LADY OF THE LAKE, by Sir Walter Scott; illustrated.

ARABIAN NIGHTS ENTERTAINMENTS, in 3 vols., with 600 Engravings.

SHAKESPEARE'S PLAYS, 3 vols., illustrated by Wood Cuts; edited by G. C. Verplanck. ja15 3dp

BOOK STORE—53 CANAL STREET.

THOS. L. WHITE,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER.

OFFERS for sale a large assortment of BOOKS and STATIONERY, at low prices to suit the times. His stock consists of

Law, Medical, Miscellaneous, and SCHOOL BOOKS.—Also:

every variety of FANCY STATIONERY—consisting of Gold Pens and Pencils; Silver Cases and Gold Pens; Ladies' Silver and Pearl Card Cases; Blank Books; Paper; Ink, etc., etc.

☞ Booksellers, Merchants and Teachers, are invited to call and examine the stock of Books and Stationery, offered for sale at low prices, at

jy15 6t No. 53 CANAL street.

FELICIANA HOUSE,

Corner of TCHOUPITOULAS and JULIA Streets.

THIS House has been thoroughly repaired and fitted up in good style, and is now open for the reception of BOARDERS. The subscriber respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.

ja16 6md&W JOHN HOOVER, Manager.

JOSEPH H. PALMER, *Wholesale Dealer in DRY GOODS*, 56 Gravier street. ja16 6m

A. WETHERBY, *SHIP BROKER*, 78 Poydras st., New Orleans. ja16 1y

WM. S. MORGAN,

PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER,

37 CANAL STREET, Third Door from Camp street.

THE subscriber has just received an additional supply of WATCHES, JEWELRY and FANCY GOODS, consisting of very superior Gold and Silver Watches, with Hunting Cases, of M. I. Tobias, Roskell and other superior makers; also, fine London Duplex Watches; rich Jewelry, of the latest styles, comprising fine Gold Watch Chains, Keys and Seals; Ladies' Bracelets, Necklaces, Breast Pins, Gold Pencils Cases, Finger Rings, etc. Also a great variety of FANCY GOODS, selected by himself in the Northern markets, from the latest European importations, consisting of Work Boxes, Dressing Cases, fine Fans, Reticules, Scissors; a fine assortment of SILVER WARE, *pure as coin*; and other fancy articles.

All the above articles will be sold at the most moderate rates. ja16 6m

HAT MANUFACTORY,

CORNER OF CANAL AND CHARTRES STS.

WHERE at all times can be found the most extensive and superior stock of HATS, CAPS, UMBRELLAS and BABY JUMPERS, in the city. Hats and Caps, of all kinds, made at the shortest notice, in any style or shape desired. A new invoice of Ladies' Riding Hats and Caps just received.

ja15 3t J. D'ARCY, corner Chartres and Canal sts.

1849.

Blank Account Books for the New Year.

A splendid assortment of all classes—manufactured from the best English paper, in a superior style—at the usual prices.

☞ Every article of STATIONERY required by Merchants supplied. PRINTING and BINDING executed in the best manner at

NORMAN'S Book and Stationers' Establishment,

ja5 3dpr 8 Camp street.

Fancy Articles and Perfumery.

We have now open a Splendid Assortment of New and Beautiful

FANCY ARTICLES,

selected expressly for this market, consisting in part of:

CARD CASES—Pearl, Shell, Silver, etc.
RETICULES—Silk and Velvet, elegant patterns.
PURSES—A fine assortment, new styles.
DESKS—Ebony, Rosewood, Papier Mache, etc.
WORK BOXES—Ebony, Rosewood, Papier Mache, etc.
DRESSING CASES—Ebony, Rosewood, Papier Mache, etc.
PORTFOLIOS—Leather, Velvet and Papier Mache.
ACCORDEONS—Best French, double frame.
MUSIC BOXES—Shell and Tin Cases.
BOUQUET HOLDERS—A pretty assortment.
GOLD PENS—Of the first makers, Gold and Silver Cases.
JEWEL BOXES—Ebony, Rosewood and Papier Mache.
CHESS MEN—Chinese, English and German.
OPERA GLASSES—A large assortment.
ODEUR BOXES—From two to six bottles.
PAPETERIES—Of Ebony, Rosewood, Papier, etc.
FANS—Of Pearl, Ivory, Feather, Paper, Silk, etc.
PORTE MONNAIES—Of Shell, Pearl, Leather, etc.
CANES—Mounted with Gold, Silver, etc.
UMBRELLAS—A superior article, made for us.

—ALSO—

A fine stock of PERFUMERY, Combs, Brushes, Gloves, Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, Money Belts, Shoulder Braces, Fine Linen and Cotton SHIRTS, etc. etc.

ja1 2dp tf GUINNESS & BUSH, 12 Camp st.

NEW PUBLICATIONS

AT NO. 14 CAMP STREET.

WALTER LORIMER, by the author of "Amy Herbert," "Gertrude," etc., and other Tales, illustrated with six Colored Plates.
GRACE LESLIE, a Tale, in 1 vol.
WHIPPLE'S ESSAYS and REVIEWS, in 2 vols.
IRVING'S LIFE OF COLUMBUS, Putnam's New Edition.
IRVING'S BRACEBRIDGE HALL, Putnam's New Edition.
BIGLOW'S PAPERS, by Homer Wilbur, in 1 vol.
POEMS, by Ann C. Lynch, with illustrations.
WILD FLOWERS, Sacred Poetry, by Abbe Rouquette.
D'AUBIGNE'S HISTORY OF THE REFORMATION, illustrated.
BETHUNE'S POEMS, complete in 1 vol.
LAYS AND BALLADS, by Thomas Buchanan Read.
PRICE'S TABLES OF FRENCH EXCHANGE.
PRICE'S TABLES OF STERLING EXCHANGE.
PRICE'S TABLES OF GOVERNMENT STOCKS.

Also:

A Splendid Assortment of JUVENILE WORKS, for Children of all ages; embracing the various writings of Edgeworth, Sherwood, Barbauld, Farley, Embury, T. S. Arthur, Charlotte Elizabeth, Mary Howitt, and other writers of juvenile celebrity.

☞ Just received and for sale at the

"*NEW ORLEANS STATIONERS' WAREHOUSE.*"

ja10 8dltW J. B. STEEL, 14 Camp st.

N. Orleans Stationers' Warehouse.

No. 14 Camp street.

SCHOOL BOOKS and STATIONERY.

TO SCHOOL TEACHERS, COUNTRY MERCHANTS AND PARENTS.

The attention of those purchasing SCHOOL BOOKS, either for their own use or to sell, is respectfully invited to the assortment of the subscriber, who offers

ALL KINDS OF SCHOOL BOOKS,

as low as at any other establishment in this city, and has constantly on hand all works in the various departments of Education, in general use.

Also—An extensive assortment of

LAW, MEDICAL, THEOLOGICAL AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS,

in every department of Literature, Science, and Art; together with every article of

STATIONERY,

for sale at the *LOWEST PRICES*, at the "New Orleans Stationers' Warehouse,"

J. B. STEEL, 14 Camp st.

N. B. A Liberal Discount allowed to Country Dealers, Professors and Teachers, and those who buy to sell again. n29 2dptf

Valuable Edition of Standard Works.

AT NO. 14 CAMP STREET—

Carey & Hart's British Essayists; 8 vols. 8vo., half calf gilt. Alison's History of Europe; Paris edition; 10 vols. in five; half morocco.
Selections from the Edinburgh Review; 6 vols. in three; do.
Shakspeare; 8vo.; half calf, extra back; Campbell's edition, London.
Byron's Works; 8vo.; half calf, gilt extra; Murray's do. do.
Sterne's do. do. do. do.
Cunningham's Gallery; 2 vols. 8vo.; calf, gilt.
Smollett's Works; half calf, gilt.
Cicero's Life and Letters; 8vo.; half calf, gilt.
Whiston's Josephus; 8vo.; Edinburgh edition; half calf, gilt extra.
Blair's Lectures on Belles Lettres; London edition.
Lives of Eminent Persons, (from the Library of Useful Knowledge.)
Coleridge's Biographia Literaria; 1 vol. 8vo.; half calf.
Leland's Translations of Demosthenes's Orations; 8vo.; half calf.
Lady Montague's Letters; 2 vols. 8vo.; Paris edition; half calf gilt.
Canning's Speeches; 8vo.;