DAILY CRESCENT.

NEW ORLEANS:

THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 8, 1849.

☞ Decisions in our Supreme Court, (continued,) on the third page.....Congressional and River News, etc., with a letter of "Trastour," (which, by-the-way, should have been credited to the Mobile Herald and Tribune,) concerning the route from Vera Cruz to San Francisco, and a letter from our New York correspondent, on the first page....Last page, Items.

JAMES L. FREANER.—"Mustang" has arrived. He entered our office yesterday, looking as if a hundred Mexican campaigns were still before him. During the time he has been absent at the North, he has improved much; not meaning, however, that much improvement was necessary. Together with all the rest of the world, he is now going to California, where we hope he may realize all his dreams of wealth on the golden banks of the Sacramento.

DEATH OF AN EDITOR.—John Lavins, editor of the Hernando Backwoodsman, and for a number of years connected with the Mississippi Press, died recently at Hernando.

☞ The post office of the parish of St. John the Baptist, and all its contents, were burned week before last.

COTTON.—The stock in Augusta, Ga., on the 1st inst., was 53,810 bales. The receipts during the month of January were 56,372, and the shipments from the 1st of September, 1848, to the 1st of February, 1849, 159,588 bales.

SEED CANE.—Some weeks ago (says the Baton Rouge Gazette) we published a communication from an intelligent planter of this parish on the subject of the rot in the seed cane. The same complaint seems to be general throughout the State, as far as our information extends. The injury threatens to be very severe, and we have no doubt will be very injurious on next year's crop. About one-third of the cane is ruined; a red coating running through the middle of the cane and reaching near the eye has been noticed, and in some instances the eyes seem to have lost all symptoms of vitality. This disease in the cane cannot well be accounted for.

COTTON SUNK.—We learn, says the Noxubee Rifle of the 27th ult., that the flatboat of Mr. Laton Saunders, containing 400 bales of cotton, was sunk a few nights since in the Noxubee River, about twelve miles below that place. We have not ascertained the extent of the damages.

BLISS ON THE WAR.—The New York Post gives a rumor that Major Bliss is engaged in preparing a history of the campaigns of General Taylor, all of which he witnessed, and most of which he was consulted about.

FOR CALIFORNIA.—A party of gentlemen of this county left this place yesterday, (says the Yazoo Democrat of the 1st), for the Gold region. Capt. Thos. P. Slade, Elias Fisher, W. G. Russell, R. Russell, K. Exum, N. Sewell, W. Hall, —McCurry, M. Gadberry, U. Bayer, L. Battaile and R. Dillahunty, are the gentlemen comprising it. The company is composed of good material—bold, adventurous spirits. We trust that they may more than realize their anticipations.

BAYOU SARA SONS OF TEMPERANCE.—The following list of officers of the Jackson Division No. 16, Sons of Temperance, were elected at their last quarterly session: W. F. Kernan, W. P., J. J. Dixon, W. A., J. Lombard, F. S., M. W. Hughes, R. S., M. Wicker, T., F. Mattenly, A. R. S., T. Downing, C., J. N. Smith, A. C., W. Sullivan, O. S., —— Elhearth, O S., D. Dealy, Chaplain.

VIRGINIA MONUMENT TO WASHINGTON.—The amount of money now in the treasury of Virginia, applicable to the erection of a monument to Washington, is upwards of $40,000. This sum has arisen from private donations made in the year 1818, in pursuance of resolutions then adopted by the General Assembly. The original amount was only a little more than $13,000, but, having been placed at compound interest, it has increased to $40,000.

DEATH OF A UNITED STATES OFFICER.—In the Baltimore papers we find the announcement of the decease, on the 29th ult., of Capt. James M. Hill, Assistant Quartermaster of the U. S. army, in the 41st year of his age.

☞ Messrs. Beard, Calhoun & Co. sell this day Vacant Lots, for account of the Union Bank, situated in the rear of the Second Municipality; also, a gang of Slaves, to be sold without reserve, to pay advances. ☞ See advertisements.

FAVORS.—Thanks to the officers of the steamers St. Paul, Charles Carroll and J. T. Doswell, for late papers.

AMERICAN THEATRE.—Mr. Booth is attracting large audiences to this Theatre every night. This evening he will appear as *Richard the Third*. Mr. Booth is admitted by all to be the best living representative of this celebrated character; and the announcement of his performance in it never fails to draw crowds to the theatre in which he appears. It will be so on this occasion, and we strongly recommend the play-going public not to omit this opportunity, as on account of the shortness of his present engagement, it may be the only one they can have—at the same time it is advisable to secure seats during the day. "Mose in New Orleans," after an extraordinary run, accompanied by the greatest success, is also announced for performance to-night, and withdrawal very shortly; so that no time should be lost by those who wish to be amused by witnessing its representation....The manager still continues active in his exertions to deserve success, and announces another new scenic drama.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE—*The Herons.*—Last night we again saw these girls in two of their favorite pieces—"Old and Young," and the "Waterman." The young ladies are talented, truly, but we suggest that Miss Heron and Miss Fanny Heron should entice into their pretty faces some animation to characterize the parts which they assume. Miss Heron cannot sing—Miss Fanny can. She wants nothing but confidence in her vocal performances, to make—when time shall bring her to womanhood—her voice both pleasing and effective in rolade music. Her taste is much better than her musical knowledge or style, and while many of her notes are full of beauty, melody and pathos, the charm of her performance is destroyed by the mechanism of her face and action. Little Agnes is far superior to her sisters in all things except age and size. Her face is all alive to the matter of her part. She looks all that her tiny voice often fails to audibly articulate. Her action is good; and there is a freshness in her style that sinks in the shade the performances of her pretty sisters, Fanny and the elder. The Herons are well worthy of patronage, and have it. None should miss the delight their performances bestow.

ORLEANS THEATRE.—The delightful opera of "Lucia di Lamermoor" will be presented this evening. To-morrow night the Monplaisirs will appear in "Esmeralda." These *artistes* have been eminently successful, and have, as usual, been received by crowded houses.

THE OLYMPIC.—Something new is to be seen at this snug little establishment every night. Upon the present occasion the great rider Levi North will appear in a beautiful equestrian performance called Jack the Reefer. Tammany will dance, Rosaline and Mrs. Nunn will grace the Arena, and the two great rival Ethiopians—Dimond and John Stickney, will appear in a trial of skill.

☞ 238 immigrants arrived at this port yesterday from Great Britain and France.

Mexico.

The Spanish brig Habanero, Capt. Mallett, arrived yesterday from Vera Cruz, which place she left on the 26th ult. By her we are in receipt of papers from the city of Mexico to the 23d, being two days later than previously received. We find nothing of importance in our files.

In Congress, on the 22d, the 2d section of the Colonization Act was passed. According to this, the Colonists are to have perfect security and justice in person and property, and the liberty of exercising any profession or branch of industry they may choose, and also the right of taking out patents, etc.

The Indians continue their depredations in the State of Durango.

El Monitor accuses the Santanistas of conspiring to procure the return of that chieftain, and say that the insurgents of the Sierra are stimulated by his partisans.

IMPORTANT DECISION.—The following decision, rendered by Judge Buchanan of the Fifth District Court, is of the utmost importance, because it is in opposition to the decisions which have been heretofore rendered, because it restores the law to its legitimate meaning, and because the admirable reasoning of judgment is so conclusive that we have but little doubt that it will be sustained by the Supreme Court, and become the starting point of a new doctrine upon the matters in question, or rather it will restore the law to what it was before it became perverted by judicial legislation.

FIFTH DISTRICT COURT—In the case of C. M. HYAMS *vs.* C. C. O'CALLAGHAN—*Judgement, and reasons for judgement on oppositions.*—The question debated in this case is whether the legal mortgage granted by Art. 2367 of the Civil Code in favor of married women for the restitution of the value of paraphernal property, disposed of by the husband, is operative to the injury of third persons without recording.

This is one of the most perplexing questions in our Jurisprudence, for the reason that while the law seems entirely clear in favor of a negative solution (C. C. Arts. 3297, 3298, 3314, 3317), yet the affirmative is established by no less than five decisions of the Supreme Court, to be found in the 10th L. R ("Pain *vs.* Perrott") 4th Ro. R. ("Johnson *vs.* Pilsner"), 10th R.R. ("Turner *vs.* Parker"), 2d A. R. ("Fisher *vs.* Fisher," and "Crane *vs.* Alley.") Between the text of the law and these adjudged cases there is an obvious discrepancy. Upon a careful examination of the latter, for the purpose of ascertaining the reasons which have brought the present as well as the former Supreme Bench to the conclusion at which they have arrived upon this point, I find that each decision in turn refers to the case of "Pain *vs.* Perrott," the first of the series in 10th L. R.; and that that case is the only one in which a reason is distinctly given for the ruling of the point. The opinion of the Supreme Court in "Pain *vs.* Perrott" was pronounced by the late Chief Justice MARTIN, and commences by an acknowledgement that the article of the code (3298) which enumerates the mortgages *valid without* registry against third persons does not mention the mortgage of a married woman for her *paraphernal* rights. Yet because Art. 3298 *does* mention the mortgage of the married woman for her *dotal* rights, the learned Judge concluded that the Legislature meant to give the same advantage to her mortgage for paraphernal rights, on the principle "ubi eadem est ratio, eadem est lex"—a conclusion, which I presume to maintain was illegal and unsound.

Another legal aphorism, *Inclusio unius exclusio est alterius*, furnishes decidedly a more legitimate conclusion, logically speaking. The unsoundness of the doctrine of the case of "Pain *vs.* Perrott," consists in this—that the registry of deeds and contracts is a matter entirely arbitrary with the lawgiver and depending upon no general reason of law. Judge Martin was, indeed, entirely conscious of the weakness, not to say fallacy, of this reason for payment, because he has thought it necessary to add another reason, which was undoubtedly sufficient to justify the judgement in that particular case, but which was certainly no guide for any other case—to wit: the impossibility of plaintiff recording her mortgage. But because Mrs. Perrott could not have recorded her mortgage, does it follow in any other given case the married woman could not have recorded her. Impossibility of doing an act is not shown in such particular case. I make this observation for the purpose of showing that the Supreme Court have given to this case a general application, when critically and legally considered, it should not have had any such application. I frankly confess that I would consider myself obliged to disregard entirely the case of "Pain *vs.* Perrott" as a precedent, did I not perceive in the two cases in 2d Annual Reports, that our present Supreme Court consider the jurisprudence upon the point in question—the necessity of registry to secure paraphernal rights against third persons—to be now too well settled to be called in question.

In the case now before the Court, there does not appear to have been any impossibility of recording the mortgage. Mrs. O'Callaghan gave the possession of her jewels to her husband, for the purpose of raising money upon them to pay a debt due by him to Smith & Co. This fact is proved by her brother. The contract of pledge which supervened between her husband and Ogilvie, as proved by Mr. Fellows, was no doubt illegal, as contrary to Art. 2412 of the Civil Code. Mrs. O'C. may therefore reclaim her jewels in kind, wherever she can find them. But at all events she was aware of the disposition that her husband intended to make of her jewels. She might have required him to give her a receipt before a notary, and she might have recorded such receipt in the mortgage office.

There is a feature in the case, however, which seems to constitute a peculiar equity in Mrs. O'C.'s claim. Her jewels were pledged, and the proceeds appropriated for the purpose of releasing from seizure the identical slaves of her husband, which have been sold under execution in the present suit, and whose proceeds form the subject of these oppositions. It is thus seen that had it not been for the deposition which O'Callaghan took of his wife's jewels in 1845, these very slaves would have been alienated in that year. I therefore conclude that this is not one of those strong cases which are, perhaps, required to justify a *District Judge* in pronouncing a series of decisions of the Supreme Court to be contrary to law.

Judgement that the proceeds of sale be distributed among the parties claimant, according to the order in which they stand upon the mortgage certificate on file, with the exception of those judgements which were recorded after the 10th June, 1845; and that Mrs. O'Callaghan take rank as a mortgage creditor of her husband from that date, with a right of preference upon said proceeds over all the judgements recorded after the 10th June, 1845—that all the costs of this suit be first paid out of the proceeds of the sale.

(Signed) A. M. BUCHANAN, Judge.

A CUSTOM-HOUSE DIFFICULTY.—A New York letter says: "Several foreign vessels have made application to-day at the Custom-house for clearance papers to San Francisco, but I understand the officers there, not being fully apprised how to act under the peculiar circumstances of the case, have deemed it advisable to hold all such applications in reservation until instructions be received from Washington."

VIRGINIA CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATIONS.—Mr. Henry Edmonson has been nominated as the democratic candidate for Congress in the Monroe District, Va., and Henry P. Irving, as the whig candidate in the Charlotte District.

MELANCHOLY.—The Memphis Eagle of the 2d says: "We mentioned the other day the melancholy deaths of two brothers English, of this city. We have yet a sad item to add to this mournful history of domestic affliction. We are informed that the wife of the brother who died last, went out and watched over his grave all the day subsequent to his burial—returned home—and the next day she, too, was dead. It is a singular and melancholy episode in life's history."

DANCING ACADEMY.—Parents, and those who have the guardianship of the young folks, and wish them to learn the accomplished and fashionable art of treading the mazy dance with a light, airy and finished grace, would do well to put them under the charge of Mr. P. Clissy, who has his rooms at No. 14 Carondelet street. His complete success as a tutor for several years is his best recommendation.

MAGIC EXHIBITION.—That Prince of Jugglers and Magicians, Herr Alexander, Jr., will give the good people an opportunity to witness his wonderful powers of Necromancy, at Armory Hall, every evening this week. A word to the wise is sufficient.

All About California!

THE CALIFORNIA CRESCENT.—Will be published to-day, [Monday,] the "California Crescent," containing a Map of the Bay of San Francisco and the Gold and Quicksilver Region; Humboldt's account of the Discovery and Settlement of Old and New California, with an historical, geographical and statistical statement of the country, its climate, productions, gold mines and pearl fisheries; a topographical and meterological description of the Bay of San Francisco, the Vallies of San José, Sacramento, and San Joaquin and the western slope of the Sierra Nevada; Henry R. Schoolcraft's Letter on the Diluvial Gold Deposit, of California; Humboldt on the Mining Regions of Mexico, and on the Mines of Old California; Instructions for collecting, testing, melting and assaying Gold, by Edward N. Kent, of New York; an original Essay on the same subject, written for "The Crescent," with drawings of machinery, by Dr. Robert Jackson, a gentleman of great practical knowledge; and yet another on the same subject by our fellow-citizen, Trastour, for many years engineer of mines in Mexico; Letters from Officers of the United States in California relative to the Gold Deposit, and to events occurring in that country; a summary descriptive of the different Routes to California—the Corpus Christi, Independence, Cape Horn, Panama, Matamoros, Vera Cruz and the Arkansas—with much other interesting matter. The whole comprises a fund of information relative to the great subject of daily thought and discussion, such as can be found no where else in the same compass. The paper will be found invaluable to all who want to obtain a knowledge of or intend to visit *El Dorado*. Single numbers or packages may be obtained at the office of publication, 95 St. Charles street, and at J. C. Morgan's Literary Depot; F. Keller's, under the St. Charles Hotel, and at J. B. Steel's, 14 Camp st. Feb. 5

To Jerry Bundle, Esq., of Charleston, S. C.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 5, 1849.

Friend Jerry: It is not always that the disciples of Escalapius meets with immediate success in the art of purging and puking, or realize from their professional labors that golden harvest which is the invariable chimera that haunts the dreams of the sanguinary student when wrapped in the embrace of Morpheus. Hence you may readily imagine my reasons for abandoning the delightful duty of feeling pulses, rolling pills, looking wise, and smelling the sweet aroma which characterizes the chambers of suffering humanity. Not that it was unprofitable, Jerry! for you know, had that have been the case, my thread-bare poverty would soon have compelled me to play *mortal artist*, without charging for a sight!—but mistaking my abilities, (as many have done before me,) I resolved to suffer the dust to collect upon the mortar and pestle—close my ears to the cries of the afflicted—nod over the pages of Dumas—dress fine, and be *gentleman loafer*. Now, what it requires to make a "*limb of the law*," as prescribed by the Supreme Court of Louisiana, of late years, is very different from what it was in the days of laxity, when they were turned out as fast as running balls in a bullet-mould. Yet do not, my dear Jerry, for a moment suppose that after a student has gone through the whole course of reading requisite, which will take him full two years, if he does justice toward himself and the community—and has stood his examination before that most august body, the Supreme Court, and obtained his license to "practice in *all* the Courts of the law in Louisiana," that he is yet prepared to enter upon the duties of his profession! Oh, no!—there is still another and a more *important* examination to be undergone, i. e. before the honorable Police of the Second Municipality, touching the fitness and qualifications of the applicant to engage in the "rough and tumble" practice of the Recorder's Court! This examination is generally conducted without much form, ceremony or etiquette; not in a body, but singly do these worthies catechise the *new lawyer*, and after having brought him under the solemn promise to *fork over half the fees which he may receive at this bar*, he is informed that there is a written notice stuck up in the High Constable's office, declaring the books of the Second Municipality to be *private*, and not suffered to be seen by *any one* but officers of the police and gentlemen of the press. A gentleman of the bar attempted to examine the records in *open Court*, a few days ago, in order to ascertain the charge preferred against his client, who had sent for him, (*but not by a policeman,*) and was told that he could not *see* the books; if he wanted to know anything about them, he must ask, and his questions would be answered. Whereupon, he remarked that the books were *public records*, and threatened to have a *quo warranto* served upon any one who might refuse an examination of them. Whereupon, he was told, "*damn your quo warranto!* If you attempt any such thing *you'll* get worse than a quo warranto when you least expect it."

But to return to the description of lawyers and their resources, allow me to continue: That if any poverty-stricken knight of the black gown and white handkerchief should dare to come among us and attempt to establish a reputation by the *vulgar display of learning*, polite address, or persevering application to business, we immediately manifest our contempt and disapprobation of such a course, and for fear that some *unthinking merchant* might be made a dupe to morality and merit, we devise a hundred cunning reports about his character, put them in circulation through the medium of employed bullies, and should the slander goad him sufficiently to arouse his resentment or provoke his revenge upon its progenitors, should they be discovered, (you know our constitution forbids duelling,) we contrive to have the quarrel taken up by some *pugilistic friend* or midnight assassin, who charitably relieves us of an *unpleasant affair* and a dangerous rival, by either disgracing the candidate for public favor, in the eyes of the world, or putting him out of it. Thus, my dear Jerry, are the *second classed* lawyers of the New Orleans bar protected in their rights against the invasive usurpation of migrating talents; and as cautious boys, who cannot swim, seek shallow water, so do they content themselves with the ten-per-cent. revenue of a petty collector, and glory in the dazzling light of some maiden's eyes, whose mistaken pride induces her to prefer the empty name of *Counsellor* to the thrifty providence of industry.

Yet, strange as it may appear, it is nevertheless true, that such is the perverse notions of the community at large, if a young lawyer's necessities *compel* him to compromise the dignity of his profession, for the time being, by attending the Recorder's Court, where he can generally make a little ready money, which enables him to live until he can obtain a more reputable practice, they at once regard him as a man of *no ability*, degraded associations, and not worthy to be trusted with *big business*. Now, what has a young man to do, who has but a limited acquaintance in the city, and no money? Why, either starve in waiting for a *genteel* client, or live under the indignant frowns of the "*upper ten*"!

I am yet, dear Jerry, as I ever have been and always will be, your devoted friend and servant,

BEN BUCKET.

☞ Ex-Governor Young, of New York, has received, or is about to receive, a tea service, worth $1500, from his friends in New York city.

USURY NOT USURY.—The Senate of Wisconsin has passed a bill legalizing any rate of interest agreed upon by the parties in contract.

Arrivals at the Principal Hotels Yesterday.

ST. LOUIS....T Patte, Manuel Vega, Paris; D A Watterston, La; H M Emerson, Trinity, La.

HEWLETT'S....Jas C Woods, W B Chamberlin, West Baton Rouge; T E Shannon, Woodville, Miss; Jas L Weaver, N O; Robt Bonner, Gen Edw Satterfield, La; S F Pennington, Lake Providence.

ST. CHARLES....Lion L Perry, Jas J Foster, Tuscaloosa, Ala; J F Maguire, Boston; Miss McCutchon, Coast; Jas M Downer, N O; S Chambers, Mo; R Taylor, Cincinnati; J P Poynter, St Louis.

VERANDAH....W E Edward, Iberville; Wm J McIntosh, Miss; Philip O Smith, D Brackett, R W Murphy, George Sluggrow, Bayou Sara; Thos J McQueen, Montgomery, Ala; A D Rodgers, M Bird, F M Holly, Lowndes county, Ala; J S Ivey, J A Kerchevales, D Fullerton, Chillicothe, Ohio; Wm B Whitehead, Va; R L Deacon, N Y; Mrs Madison; Louis Desobry, Jr, Pisquemine; B S Parker, U S N.

Married:

In the parish of Pointe Coupee, January 31, by Joseph Jewell, J. P., Mr. SPENCER J. FOSTER to Mrs. MARY LANDONIA REYNOLDS, both of that parish.

In the parish of Pointe Coupee, on the evening of January 18, by the Rev. Mr. Winings, CHAS. D. STEWART to Miss JULIA, only daughter of Judge Black, all of that parish.

In Baton Rouge, January 23, by John R. Dufrocq, J. P., Mr. RAMON BOISVERT to Mrs. ARSEMA COMMEAUX, both of the parish of East Baton Rouge.

Died:

In West Baton Rouge, on the morning of January 30, of Cholera, ROSEMOND HEBERT, Esq., member of the House of Representatives. In the death of Mr. Hebert the community has lost a good citizen, a good friend, and his family an affectionate parent. May a kind Providence bring consolation to his young and bereaved family.

In Baton Rouge, January 18, at the residence of Mrs. Hubbs, E. M. CHATHAM, late of Philadelphia. He was a member of the Masonic Fraternity, and was attended to the grave by the members of St. James Lodge No. 47, and Washington Chapter.

In the parish of St. Mary, January 20, Mrs. MARY JANE, wife of Mr. William Kemper, of that parish.

☞ Louisiana Temple of Honor No. 1—Located at Lafayette.—Officers for the present term: JOHN PAGE, W. C. T.; THOMAS FRITH, W. V. T.; W. O. WARNOCK, W. R.; E. K. PEARCE, W. A. R.; A. C. REDLICH, W. F. R.; W. A. ARMES, W. Tr.; JOHN T. FRITH, W. U.; GEO. HULL, W. D. U.; THOMAS S. JACKSON, W. G.; CHARLES FERGUSON, W. S.; JOHN S. REED, Past W. C. T. fy7

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

TO THE CALIFORNIA GOLD DIGGERS.

Take a good supply of CLOTHING with you, or you will make a great mistake. The largest assortment of Clothing, Under-Garments, etc., in New Orleans, you will find at ALFRED MUNROE & CO.'S "One-Price" Store, No. 34 Magazine street. ☞ See their advertisement, in another column. fy6 6t

☞ Our Readers are requested to notice the advertisements of WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY and JEW DAVID'S PLASTER, on the first page of our paper. These excellent remedies are sold only by SCOVIL & MEAD, 113 Chartres street. ja11d

☞ Preventive.—The Picayune says that Cleanliness is one of the best Preventives of *Cholera*. Clean UNDER-SHIRTS and DRAWERS, SOCKS, etc., can be obtained, both good and cheap, at LEIGHTON'S Gentlemen's Furnishing Store, No. 5 Royal street. d18

☞ Strangers in the City, see Dr. B. F. MULLEN'S advertisements in the other columns of this paper. He is one of the very best in his profession now in the United States. All that stand in need would do well to give him a call, at 86 Customhouse street. n15tf

☞ New Orleans, Dec. 5, 1848.—Dr. J. MENSING: *Sir*—The Set of Teeth you inserted for me I consider to be the best job I ever saw. They are equally serviceable to me for use as the natural teeth. Those needing work done in your line are at liberty to call on me, at No. 14 St. John street, between Pardido and Gravier streets, and inspect it for themselves. Yours,

d8 1m A. G. TUCKER.

S. of T....Meetings This Evening.

CRYSTAL FOUNT DIVISION No. 4, at Crystal Fount Hall, 222 Tchoupitoulas street, at half-past 7.

WASHINGTON DIVISION No. 5, at Y. Brothers' Hall, Lafayette, at half-past 7.

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY DIVISION No. 6, at Unity Hall, Marigny Buildings, Third Municipality, at half-past 7.

Auction Sales This Day.

BEARD, CALHOUN & Co. will sell, at 12 o'clock, at Banks Arcade, Slaves.

MORPHY & NEVIUS will sell, at 10 o'clock, at No. 57 Magazine street, Groceries; also, at 12 o'clock, at Banks Arcade, Lots in Carrollton, and a valuable Negro Man.

R. M. ARMFIELD will sell at the store of Jasper F. Smith, 7 Canal street, Dry Goods, Hats, Boots, Shoes, etc., without reserve. [☞ See Auction head.]

Steamboat Departures This Day.

☞ SEE ADVERTISEMENTS ON THIRD PAGE.

Mobile .....OREGON, Hiern, 24 P. M. cars.
Louisville .....ALHAMBRA, Ford, 10 A. M.

☞ U. S. Mail Alhambra—For Louisville, Cincinnati, Wheeling and Pittsburg—THIS DAY, Thursday, at 10 o'clock, A. M., positively, from Poydras street wharf.

fy8 HYDE & OGLESBY, 12 Poydras st.

Introductory to a Course of Lectures.

To be delivered in the city of New Orleans, during the months of February, March and April, 1849, for the benefit of an Asylum for the Relief DESTITUTE FEMALES—at the Armory Hall.

The Committee formed for the purpose of raising funds in aid of a new Asylum to be founded in this city, for the relief of destitute females, have the pleasure to announce to their fellow-citizens that arrangements have been completed by which an interesting series of Lectures will be delivered during the present season, by several of our most distinguished citizens, who have kindly volunteered their services.

It is with no ordinary degree of pleasure that the Committee is now able to inform the public, that the object of the recent munificent donation of an esteemed fellow-citizen, is being carried out and meeting with full success. Already it has formed a nucleus, around which the means and sympathies of the generous and benevolent can be gathered with the utmost confidence.

Another benevolent citizen, whose enlarged munificence and public spirit are known to us all, and who founded, several years ago, a similar charity, to the one now proposed, bestowing on it several thousand dollars in valuable city property, has offered to combine these means with our own, and arrangements are now in progress, to be completed at an early day, by which these timely gifts will be brought into active use.

An appeal is now made to the public to sustain this charitable undertaking, to strengthen which it is unnecessary to bring forward facts to enlist its sympathies; it is proper, however, for us to state, that it is not alone for our own poor we ask support, but for those who come among us from abroad, and are brought to penury and want by the many ills of life, to which they are more exposed in this city, perhaps, than any other.

To lift up and encourage the unfortunate, those compelled by circumstances beyond their control, to relinquish every thing they have in the world except virtue, is the object of the proposed institution! surely, there is no charity in the whole extent of its great range, which commends itself more powerfully, and none that can be recommended with more confidence to the sympathies and approbation of our whole community than the one now proposed.

PROGRAMME.

The series will comprise Ten Lectures. Due notice will be given of the commencement, and the Subjects chosen by the Lecturers.

Price of Tickets.—Admitting a Gentleman and Lady for the series, $5; Ticket admitting a Gentleman or Lady, 50 cents.

LECTURERS.

Dr. Scott, Professor Dimitry, Rev. W. R. Nicholson, Professor DeBow, S. S. Prentiss, Dr. Hawes, Professor Riddell, C. Roselius, J. P. Benjamin,

COMMITTEE.

Leonard Matthews, Dr. E. H. Barton, W. Andrews, James Saul, Wm. M. Goodrich, Charles Gardiner, E. McPherson, M. M. Cohen, J. N. Lea, B. M. Norman. fy7 3t

DANCING ACADEMY.

18 Carondelet, between Canal and Common Sts.

CONDUCTED IN THE LATEST PARISIAN STYLE—Mr. P. CLISSEY has the honor to inform his friends and the public of this city, that having returned from his late tour in Paris, he has recommenced giving his lessons in that graceful art, DANCING. Mr. C. will teach QUADRILLES, WALTZES, POLKAS, VALSE A DEUX TEMPS, VALSE A CINQ TEMPS, RENOWA, and several other late, fashionable and elegant DANCES not that, as yet, have not come out. Days for Children, Mondays and Thursdays. Mr. C. will devote from 9 until 2 o'clock, for private lessons to ladies and gentlemen. He has also reopened his

Academy in Lafayette,

Corner of St. Andrew and Camp streets, for the accommodation of ladies and children who reside at a distance from the City. Days of Classes in Lafayette, Tuesdays and Fridays.

☞ Gentlemen are respectfully informed that a Class will be opened for them from 7 until 10 o'clock, every evening in the week, particularly for those who wish to perfect themselves in a short space of time. Mr. C. engaging to teach them to dance quadrilles in the course of one month, and to enable a gentleman to present himself with ease and elegance in any Ballroom. fy8 2m

☞ Satisfactory evidence can be shown from many gentlemen who favored him with their patronage last season.

☞ Dizziness of the head in Waltzing entirely cured.

McVOY'S TONIC.

Tone and Health Follow Its Use.

TONICS (*tonika* from *tonos*, tension, tone) are medicinal agents that restore the sound and healthy elasticity, the strength and vigor of the body when it is weakened and relaxed, and when there is a deficiency of tone or vital power from the influence of disease.

This TONIC acts upon the nervous, the capillary, and the muscular system. It acts upon the heart through its sympathy with the stomach, and also by the absorption of the active principles employed, so that they can be directly applied to the moving centre, and to the coats of the blood vessels. Indeed, of all the preparations contrived by the artifice of man, this is among those which exerts the most powerful TONIC effect. It increases the digestive powers of the stomach, stimulates the intestines, and being dissolved in the gastric and intestinal juices, is taken up by the absorbents, enters the blood, and stimulates the whole system. The countenance, once pale and faded, assumes a beautiful florid aspect, and the whole powers of the system are called into healthy action. It augments the powers of the secretory system, and by the moderate but powerful impression it makes on the nerves, increases the general vigor of all the functions.

It CURES (without purging) *where there is a pale or yellow skin, attended with swellings, Anasarca, Dropsy, Jaundice, Diseases of the Heart, Obstructed Menstruation, Chlorosis*, and may be used with entire success in a weak habit, indigestion, relaxation, and during the exhaustion which follows acute diseases.

☞ TONICS must not be used where there is Fever or Inflammation. Price $1 00

McVOY'S ELIXIR.

The Best Medicine of the Nineteenth Century, made from Roots of Plants growing near the Gulf of Mexico.

This is truly a valuable remedy, and everybody should have it. In Diseases of Children, and as a preventive of disease in its acute form, who can tell its worth? It has been used with preeminent success in *Diseases of the Chest*, such as *Colds, Cough, Difficulty of Breathing, Spitting of Blood, Night Sweats*, often attended with *Chills* and *Heat, Pain in the Breast and Side, Consumption in its forming stage, Asthma, Croup*. Also, *Liver Complaint, Costiveness, Scrofula, Wasting of the Flesh, Affections of the Spleen, Stomach and Bowels*. Since the appearance of *Asiatic Cholera* it has been found excellent in severe pain and derangement of the bowels. Its timely use will therefore check or prevent this dreadful disease. We have heard of no case of *Cholera* occurring where this remedy has been used. Where it has been used for indisposition in children, they have been invariably free from Worms, and enjoyed the most perfect health. For females it will be found superior to every other medicine, and can be used under all circumstances. Its depurative qualities places it far above all the Sarsaparillas. In *Scarlet Fever* it is unquestionably a great remedy.

☞ For further information see Pamphlets and Bills.—Price $1 00.

THE EOLECTIC SYRUP.

For the cure of *Fluor Albus, Excessive Uterine Discharges*, and *Chronic Disease of the Spleen*. Of unsurpassed excellence, positive in its salutary results, and worthy of universal patronage. Price $1 50.

THE RHEUMATIC ANTIDOTE.

A Great and Wonderful Agent, of truly astonishing power, composed of a simple vegetable element, and externally applied. For the cure of *Rheumatism, Tetanus* or *Lockjaw, Spasms, Stiffness of the Joints, Pain in every part of the body, Earache, Nervous Toothache* if applied in the ear of the affected side.

We would not deal in fulsome eulogy, nor in the usual style of panegyric, in commending this article to public notice, yet we feel that we cannot use terms too strong as illustrative of its power to heal. Excellence, efficiency, certainty, are its attributes. All who use it will say it is good, and will do incalculable good to the human race. Price $1. For sale by

H. BONNABEL,
corner of Natchez and Tchoupitoulas sts.
fy8 1y G. N. MORISON, 12 Magazine st.

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Patent Platform and Counter Scales.

THE undersigned, sole agents in New Orleans for the sale of Messrs. E. & T. FAIRBANKS & CO.'S (original patentees,) St. Johnsbury, Vt., celebrated PLATFORM SCALES, are prepared to furnish them at manufacturers' prices.

Counter Scales, to weigh from	½ oz. to	36 lbs.
Druggists' do.	do. do.	1 drachm to 8 lbs.
Portable Platform Scales,	do.	200 to 2500 lbs.
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The above are particularly recommended to purchasers as superior to any other article of the kind now in use, for correctness and durability, to which fact ample testimonials can be furnished.

SLARK, DAY, STAUFFER & CO.,
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LESSONS IN THE FRENCH LANGUAGE.

MR. EUGENE ESDRA has the honor of informing his Pupils and the public in general, that he has resumed his FRENCH CLASSES. Office, 28 Duncan's Buildings, Exchange Place. fy8 1m

A CARD.

Mr. and Mrs. Harby's Classical, English, French and Spanish School.

NAIADES STREET, between Thalia and Melpomene,

IS NOW OPEN for the reception of Pupils. Boys received at any stage of education, and thoroughly prepared for Colleges, Counting-houses and Trades.

Mr. Harby has had twenty-three years' experience as a Teacher, and feels assured that he can fulfil the reasonable desires of those parents and guardians who may entrust children to his guidance.

A limited number of Boarders will be received in the family. Mrs. H. will superintend the Female Department, and use her exertions to insure a polish of manners and a gentleness of disposition.

The French and Spanish will be taught by experienced instructors.

TERMS:

For Day Pupils, from $4 to $10 per Month.
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We do with pleasure recommend Mr. and Mrs. HARBY'S ACADEMY to the confidence and patronage of the public.

Isaac Johnson, Governor of the State of Louisiana.
Trasimon Landry, Lieutenant-Governor.
Charles Gayarré, Secretary of State.
Alexander Dimitry, Sup. General of Public Education.
George Eustis, Chief Justice Supreme Court.
A. M. Buchanan, Judge District Court.
Geo. Y. Bright, Justice of the Peace.
J. D. B. DeBow, Professor, University of Louisiana.
M. M. Cohen, Adm'r " "
A. D. Crossman, Mayor of the City.
Joseph Genois, Recorder Municipality No 1.
Joshua Baldwin, " " No. 2.
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ALFRED MUNROE & CO.

No. 34 MAGAZINE STREET,

Would invite the attention of purchasers of

CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS,

to the following advertisement. Our present numerous customers know the principles upon which we do our business; but to strangers who visit the city it may be necessary to repeat, our motto is,

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We have but one price for our Goods, and that invariably is the lowest in the city. Every article is warranted in every respect perfect and as represented by the salesman. After the purchase of any article it may be returned, and the money will be refunded if perfect satisfaction does not exist. It is our determination to *please* all persons who patronize us. The following is only a limited list of articles and prices:

DRESS AND FROCK COATS.

Fine black Cloth Dress Coats	from $10 00 to 14 00
Superfine do. do. do.	11 00 to 18 00
Extra super do. do. do.	20 00 to 30 00
Superfine brown, olive brown, olive green, invisible green, mulberry, dahlia and golden brown Cloth Dress Coats	12 00 to 25 00
Fine black Cloth Frock Coats	10 00 to 14 00
Superfine black Cloth Frock Coats	14 00 to 18 00
Extra super do. do. do. do.	20 00 to 30 00
Superfine brown, olive brown, olive green, invisible green, mulberry, dahlia and golden brown Cloth Frock Coats	12 00 to 20 00

SAC COATS AND PALETOTS.

Black French Cloth Sacs and Paletots	10 00 to 28 00
Black French Castor Cloth Sacs and Paletots	15 00 to 28 00
Rich golden brown, olive brown, olive green, royal blue and silver drab Cloth Sacs and Paletots	12 00 to 28 00
Brown, blue and drab Pilot Cloth Sacs and Paletots	11 00 to 18 00
Superfine Silk and Wool Codrington Sacs and Paletots	11 00 to 12 00
Brown, blue, olive, black, green and silver drab Tweed Sacs and Paletots	5 00 to 10 00
Rich golden brown, blue, olive brown, olive green, mulberry and drab French Castor Cloth Sacs and Paletots	12 00 to 28 00
Black and fancy colored Cremonia Doeskin Sacs and Paletots	14 00 to 28 00
Plaid Cassimere and heather plaid Sacs and Paletots	8 00 to 10 00
Extra superfine Blanket Sacs and Paletots	16 00 to 18 00
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Superfine black and blue English and French Cloth Cloaks	16 00 to 35 00
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