The Daily Crescent.

NEW ORLEANS:

FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 8, 1850.

☞ The twelfth day's proceedings in the case of the ship Russia, A Peep at the Inquisition, and a great number of news items, will be found on our first page. The List of Letters remaining in the Post-office, will be found on our third page.

☞ We remind our readers that Dr. Banning delivers his second lecture before the ladies to-day, at 12 o'clock, and his third, before ladies and gentlemen, on Animal Mechanics, as relates to health, in Armory Hall.

☞ "Novice" will find an answer in the post-office, as requested.

Washington's Farewell Address.

Eds. Crescent—In the Bee of Monday, among the proceedings of the State Senate on the 14th of February, I find the following:—Mr. Sigur said, "I am astonished that a gentleman of the intelligence of the Senator from West Baton Rouge (Mr. Clarke) should have fallen into the *popular* delusion, that the Farewell Address was written by George Washington. It was the *joint production of Jefferson and Madison.*"

At the present time, when a spirit of disunion is abroad, generated by fanatics North and South, any remark tending to lessen the weight of the advice given by the Father of his Country in his Farewell Address, should receive a marked censure. The honorable Senator from New Orleans authoritively rebukes a fellow member for his ignorance in believing that the Farewell Address was written by George Washington. Such, says the Senator, is "*a popular delusion*, the address was the joint production of Jefferson and Madison."

Every American who has read much of the political history of the close of the administration of Washington knows, or should know, that George Washington was not on political or personal terms with Mr. Jefferson at the time the celebrated address was issued. The history of the address is given by the late John Jay in a letter to Judge Peters, dated Bedford, State of New York, 29th March, 1811. This letter commences on page 338 of the 2d volume of "The life and writings of John Jay, by his Son." This letter fully vindicates Washington's title to the authorship, by facts within the knowledge of Jay. If, sir, you have the deep interest in the unsullied and spotless character of him who was "First in war, first in peace, and first in the hearts of his countrymen," may I beg of you to publish Mr. Jay's letter. It may prove of great good to some good people in our Legislature.

—— DEMOCRAT.

BEDFORD, March 29, 1811.

Dear Sir—* * * * * * *

If it be possible to find a man among those whom he esteemed, capable of offering to him such a present, it is impossible to believe that President Washington was the man to whom such a present would have been acceptable. They who knew President Washington, and his various endowments, qualifications, and virtues, know that, aggregately considered, they found a *tour ensemble* which has rarely been equaled, and perhaps never excelled.

Thus much for presumptive evidence. I will now turn your attention to some that it is direct.

The history (if it may be so called) of the address is not unknown to me; but as I came to the knowledge of it under implied confidence, I doubted, when I first received your letter, whether I ought to disclose it. On more mature reflection, I became convinced, that if President Washington was now alive, and informed of the facts in question, he would not only authorize, but desire me to reduce it to writing; that when necessary, it might be used to invalidate the imputations to which those facts give colour. This consideration terminated my doubts. I do not think that a disclosure is *necessary* at this moment, but I fear such a moment will arrive. Whether I shall then be alive, or in capacity to give testimony, is so uncertain, that in order to avoid the risk of either, I shall now reduce it to writing, and commit it to your care and discretion, *de bene esse* as the lawyers say.

Some time before the address appeared, Colonel (afterwards General) Hamilton informed me, that he had received a letter from President Washington, and with the draught of a farewell address, which the President had prepared, and on which he requested our opinion. He then proposed that we should fix on a day for an interview at my house on the subject. A day was accordingly appointed. On that day Colonel Hamilton attended. He observed to me, in words to this effect—that, after having read and examined the draught, it appeared to him to be susceptible of improvement—that he thought the easiest and best way was to leave the draught untouched and in its fair state; and to write the whole over with such amendments, alterations, and corrections as he thought were advisable; and that he had done so. He then proposed to read it, and to make it the subject of our consideration. This being agreed to, he read it; and we proceeded deliberately to discuss and consider it, paragraph by paragraph, until the whole met with our mutual approbation: some amendments were made during the interview, but none of much importance. Although this business had not been hastily dispatched, yet, aware of the consequence of such a paper, I suggested the giving it a further critical examination; but he declined it, saying that he was pressed for time, and was anxious to return the draught to the President without delay. It afterward occurred to me, that a certain proposition was expressed in terms too general and unqualified, and I hinted it in a letter to the President.

As the business took the course above mentioned, a recurrence to the draught was unnecessary, and it was not read. There was this advantage in the the course pursued—the President's draught remained (as delicacy required) fair, and not obscured by interlineations, etc. By comparing it with the paper sent with it, he would immediately observe the particular emendations and corrections that were proposed; and would find them standing in their intended places. Hence he was enabled to review and to decide on the whole matter, with much greater clearness and facility than if he had received them in separate and detached notes, and with detailed references to the pages and lines, where they were advised to be introduced.

With great esteem and regard, I am, dear sir,

Your obedient servant, JOHN JAY.

A BADGER AND TERRIER FIGHT.—The Crescent of Monday last makes "honorable mention" of a fight which was to come off in our sister city the day before, between an Irish badger and six Scotch terriers. "The badger cost $250." A very agreeable Sunday recreation for our sister city.—*Mobile Register.*

The Mobile Register seems disposed to misrepresent our views both on politics and morals. The article in the Crescent was intended to call the attention of our officers to this brutal exhibition. But the Register would leave the impression on the minds of its readers that the Crescent sanctioned this Sabbath recreation. We ask that paper to do us justice in this matter. Its comments on our articles on the Southern question we will answer to-morrow; press of more interesting matter prevents our notice of it to-day.

☞ Our thanks are due to Mr. Ensign, the courteous Clerk of the California, for late Mobile papers.

ORLEANS THEATRE.—The grand opera of the "Huguenots" will be performed to-morrow evening, at this theatre.

CAMPBELL MINSTRELS.—The Concerts of this talented troupe are well attended, and the fine Hall of the Commercial Exchange is nightly filled to its utmost capacity with a highly gratified audience. PEEL is a sovereign balm for low spirits, and the other members are most efficient aids to drive dull care away.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.—Miss Cushman's *Neighbor Constance* is decidedly her best character in comedy, though we must confess that she plays the vixen a little too strongly. Mr. Couldock's *Wildrake* was capital. The members of the regular company all acquitted themselves most creditably. To-night, "Macbeth."

THE MARRIAGE OF WASHINGTON.—This very fine painting, by Stearns, can be seen at the store of E. A. Tyler, No. 39 Camp street. It is valued at $1,000 and is one of the twenty-five superb prizes that are in the *grand raffle* advertised in another column.

SECOND MUNICIPALITY LYCEUM.—A supplemental lecture will be delivered this evening by Prof. Forshey, on the scripture relations of geology. The lecture commences at half-past seven o'clock.

☞ The Hon. Harman Denny has granted to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company a free right of way through his Springfield farm, about a mile from Pittsburg.

Amusements...This Evening.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.—"Macbeth"—"The Day After the Wedding."

PLACIDE'S VARIETIES.—

ORLEANS ITALIAN HALL.—Concert.

The Notaries.

We had hoped that the bill of Mr. Dufour, providing for the examination and licensing of Notaries by the Supreme Court, would become the law. Why should not Lawyers and Doctors be appointed by the Governor and Senate as well as Notaries? The democratic spirit is against all favoritism or restriction. Let every man who can pass an examination be allowed to practice the profession of a Notary. As the game of politics is now practiced, we cannot expect to see any change in this system while the power is in the hands of the Executive. The people must select for themselves.

These remarks were called forth by the removal of some of our oldest and most experienced Notaries. Wm. Christy gives place to T. O. Starke, D. I. Ricardo to Wm. Monaghan, A. Mazureau to D. Bandoin, and Moreau to O. H. Perry; H. B. Cenas re-appointed. It is not pretended that their successors are better qualified. We presume, in fact, it will be admitted by all that the new officers have not the theoretical nor practical knowledge of the removed. Certainly the public are not to be benefited by the change. One set are turned out and another put in, merely for the sake of party. This will always be the case while the appointing power remains in the hands of the Executive. If the law permitted every man to practice the profession who could pass an examination, there would be the same competition which is manifested at the bar, and the public would gain.

We wish the new incumbents success, both for their own sakes and that of the public.

Foreign Items.

The London Times of February 8 says: "It would appear by the accounts received respecting the operations in cotton, that, to a certain extent, a reduction must be produced on the consumption of that important article. It is quite obvious that there is not the slightest probability that an advance corresponding to the increased quotations of the raw material will be obtained for goods and yarn in the foreign and colonial markets. With admitted glutted markets at every important point in the world, it is futile to expect such an advance as twenty-five per cent; and the immediate result must therefore be a serious check to consumption."

THE COFFEE MARKETS.—The following is the latest intelligence by the steamer America relative to the foreign coffee market:

HAVRE, *Feb. 8.*—The Coffee market has ruled dull, and prices have been rather in favor of buyers, who still hold back. Native Ceylon in good order has been taken in at 64@65c, and black Trange has been sold at 55@56c ⅌ cwt. Mocha has been taken in at 70@74c for middling and good. Plantation Ceylon has been sold at 63c 3d@63c 6d for fine order to low middling; and at 70@71c for fine middling, at 55@60c for Trange, and at 70c for Pesberry.

LONDON, *Feb. 8.*—This afternoon there was little desire on the part of shippers or home dealers to operate in Coffee, and sales to the value of native Ceylon at public sale, 272 bales Mocha were taken in at 62@70s, while a small parcel of Yellow Madras sold at 73s. Of Plantation Ceylon 39 cases, 148 bags, privately found buyers. Fine at 77s, low middling and middling 65s 6d@72s.

ALGERIA.—The *Semaphore de Marseilles*, of the 28th Jan., quotes the following letter, dated Bona, the 22d: "The column of troops, operating in the Auzeas, entered the valley of the Oued-Abby, which is remarkable for its fertility and high state of cultivation. It is covered with numerous villages, built like those of France. The principal towns are Nenna and Nam. The latter refused to surrender. On the 5th the assault was given. In less than four hours our troops occupied the streets and terraces, and at night it was reduced to ashes. Its defenders evinced the same courage as those of Zaatcha, and the women fought with more obstinacy and fury; some of the men fled, but they died with arms in their hands. They are the descendants of the women of Carthage. On the 7th the column was still under the walls of Nara."

It is said that the Pope has come to an arrangement with the Catholic powers relative to the constitution to be given to the Pontifical States. According to that arrangement the *motu proprio* of last year is to remain the basis of the new constitution. The States are to be divided into four legations, each of which will have at its head a Cardinal as political chief. A member of the Sacred College is to be President of the Council of Ministers, with the title of "Cardinal Secretary of State."

The gigantic project of a railroad from France to India, spoken of, appears to have no other substantial existence than a long editorial in the London Times, half jocular, half sarcastic.

Mr. Stuart Wortley's bill, for giving the stamp of legality to a marriage with a deceased wife's sister, has every prospect of soon being numbered among the "statutes at large." Leave to introduce the bill was carried by 149 against 65.

It is rumored that the Queen is to go to Gibraltar in the course of the ensuing summer.

A correspondent of a London paper says: "I beg to remark that in the north the Scotch lassies walking in the streets without bonnets, shoes, or stockings, (as alluded to by a writer in your paper) is by no means a proof in that country of poverty or destitution, but is merely a matter of taste, custom, or inclination, as the case may be."

During the first few years that have elapsed since the first ragged school was founded in London, the number has risen to eighteen, that of voluntary teachers to 500, and that of the pupils to 15,000.

The French Government has proposed to the Committee of the Budget that a grant of £4000 be given to uphold the Italian Opera-house under Rosconi's direction.

The Bishop of London has already introduced a bill into the House of Lords, to regulate proceedings against clergymen accused of holding "heretical" doctrines.

A lecture was lately delivered, by a genius calling himself Porolok, at the Working Man's-hall, Keighley, Eng., to prove that the world was not round, but *flat* like a pancake. Some of his audience asked him what sort of a fence there was round the edges!

The packet ship New York, which left that port on the 22d January, arrived at Havre on the 7th ult. in 16 days.

Alizare, the great French basso, died at Marseilles on the 23d January. But for his dwarfish statue and corpulent person, Alizare might have been the first basso of the age.

A horrible murder and suicide have been committed in Paris. A Lieutenant of the 55th Regiment of the Line, lodging in the Rue du Havre, killed his mistress with his sword, and then threw himself from his window into the street. He was killed on the spot.

An Englishman and an American were going to Prague to take lessons of Liszt. At Dresden they applied to the Austrian Embassador to get their passports *viséd*. The Englishman had it done without difficulty, but it was announced to the American, that by virtue of instructions from the cabinet of Vienna, the entrance to the Austrian States was forbidden to the citizens of the United States. The American declared that he should appeal to the Austrian cabinet.

It is certainly a very remarkable fact that the first warlike demonstration announced in Europe in 1850 was made by Great Britain against Greece.

An extension of the franchise in England was promised in the Queen's speech, but Lord John Russell, in reply to a question asked by Mr. Hume, has said that "it was not the intention of the Government to propose any bill for the extension of suffrage this year."

The President's Message caused some sensation in Lisbon, on account of the reference made to our claims on the Portuguese Government.

The conduct of the British Government in making war upon Greece is not justified at home, and even the Times calls the whole affair "a strange and unparalleled occurrence."

Fifty-eight practical Chinese vessels, mounting about 1200 guns, and with crews of 3000 men, have been totally destroyed by fire, and without the loss of one life of officers and men, under the order of Com. Hay.

Workmen are now putting together, at the shipyard at Whampoa, China, a steamboat, for R. B. Forbes, Esq., of Boston. It is built after the model of the North River boats. At the same place there is in the process of construction a floating Bethel for seamen.

A new comic opera, in three acts, entitled "The Rocks," by Ole Bull, the famed violinist, (being his first attempt at a lyric work,) is announced to be produced at the National Theatre he has just built in Bergen.

At a marriage ceremony celebrated on Christmas day, not ten miles from Skipton, a correspondent says the following persons were present: Bridgroom—Pally O'Bill's O'Dan's; bride—Maria O'Great Nancy's; Duke O'Bill's O'Dan's, Jack O'Jack's O'Mary's, Tom O'John's O'Richard's, and Ellen O'Jem's O'Dont's.

Prices of Teas at Canton are lower than those of last season.

It is known that the ex-dictator of Hungary, Gen. Gorgey, was formerly devoted to chemistry with considerable success. It appears that in his retreat at Klagenfurth, Styria, he has resumed his old studies, which had been broken off by the political agitations of his country.

The accumulation of troops in the Kingdom of Poland is going on with great rapidity. For several miles around, there is no village in which every house is not turned into a garrison. It is no longer concealed from the troops that their destination is to the Lower Danube.

Europe counts another Republic. By a firman dated Jan. 3, the Porte has recognized the New Constitution which has been adopted by Zagori, a small district of Albania, near Janina, comprising forty-four villages and a population of 15,000 souls. Each village chooses its command counsellors, and sends a deputy to an assembly which meets twice a year in Janina.

Switzerland is attracting more attention just now than any other State of Europe. It is said that the political refugees of various nations at Geneva have planned a new revolutionary campaign. Although there are only fifteen hundred refugees in Switzerland, yet they have correspondents all over Europe. Lyons and Geneva are their head quarters. Austria and Prussia are alarmed, notwithstanding the former has an army of 600,000 men, and the latter an army of 500,000. France complains of this enormous force, and threatens to send an army to the frontiers. The peace of Europe is again threatened.

It has been estimated that about one-third of the manufactures of Birmingham are exported to the United States.

Accounts from Strasburg mention that on the 22d January, the thermometer marked 19 degrees below zero. In consequence of the intense cold, the neighboring villages were infested with wolves and foxes.

Jerrold's drama of "Nell Gwynn" has been revived at the Haymarket, Jane Reynolds as the heroine.

Halevy's opera of "The Valley of Andorre," has been successfully produced at the Princess's, for the first time on the English stage.

A concert was announced at the Hanover Square Rooms, for the benefit of Mrs. Sewell and Miss Horn, sisters of the late composer, Charles Horn. Prince Albert and the Duchess of Gloucester had given their patronage. The scheme would comprise gleanings from Mr. Horn's new oratorio, "Daniel's Prediction," and divers songs, duets, glees, etc. of his writing.

Madame Ronconi has retired from the stage.

The visit of Sontag to Paris is to sing at concerts.

At Messrs. Chubb's establishment, London, is a padlock made of gold, of such tiny dimensions, that it only occupies the cavity in the shield of a gold signet ring, the whole, with two keys, weighing but 16 grains. The Lilliputian lock was perfect, and its wards answered with as much accuracy to the keys as those of larger dimensions.

M. Prudhon, who, since his conviction for libel, has been suffered to remain in the Conciergerie, and receive the visits of his family, has been placed in solitary confinement since the seizure of his journal containing an article headed "Vive l'Empereur."

The American Securities in London keep steady, and a fair amount of business was going forward.

☞ According to the articles of war, it is death to stop a cannon ball.

☞ A Peace Convention is to be held at Albany during this month.

☞ The Canadian Parliament has been prorogued to the 3d of April.

☞ There is more speculation now in cotton than has taken place before since the year 1825.

☞ Oehlenschlager, the celebrated Danish poet, is dead.

☞ Mr. Sergeant Talfourd has been knighted by Queen Victoria.

☞ "I'm a done sucker," as the child said when he was weaned.

☞ John B. Gough delivered the Address before the Sons of Temperance of Buffalo at their celebration on the 22d.

☞ "Whatever dangers threaten the Union, I shall stand by it, and maintain it in its integrity." *President Taylor's Message.*

☞ In a single century, four thousand millions of human beings appear on the face of the earth, act their parts, and sink into its peaceful bosom.

☞ It is reported that Barnum is exhibiting at his Museum, in Baltimore, a member of one of the *second* families of Virginia.

ADJUTANT GENERAL.—C. N. Rowley has been re-appointed to this office. We are glad to see this, as he has made an efficient officer.

☞ Lord Jeffrey, the well-known reviewer and original editor of the Edinburgh Review, died in Edinburgh on the 19th ult.

☞ The quantity of wheat and flour to go forward at the opening of navigation, the coming Spring, from the Lake ports, will be at least a third less than last year.

☞ One of the largest gambling houses of Boston was entered by the police a short time since and nine of the gamblers arrested and committed to jail.

Auction Sales This Day.

SYKES, HYDE & CO. will sell, at half-past 10 o'clock, at the corner of Gaienne and Tchoupitoulas streets—Family Grocery Store.

S. of T....Meetings This Evening.

UNION DIVISION No. 3, at Crystal Fount Hal, 122 Tchoupitoulas street, at half-past 7 o'clock.

LOUISIANA DIVISION No. 11, at Unity Hall, Marigny Buildings, Third Municipality, at half-past 7 o'clock.

YOUNG MEN'S MAGNOLIA DIVISION No. 12, at Pelican Hall, cor. Common and St. Charles sts., at half-past 7 o'clock.

STAR OF HOPE DIVISION No. 29, in Odd Fellows' Hall, Lafayette, at half-past 7 o'clock.

☞ **Prof. Forshey's Final Lecture on Geology.** THIS EVENING, March 8—General Review of the Course, and finally, the Compatibilities of Geology with Scripture History.

☞ **First Gun!—FIRST WARD, Second Municipality.** A Meeting of the friends of Public Education, and the wants of the First Ward, will be held THIS EVENING, at half-past 7 o'clock, at Frank Emmett's Coffee-house, corner of Tchoupitoulas and Orange streets, for the purpose of nominating two candidates as Aldermen from that Ward, and two delegates to a Convention to select candidates for the General Council. mh8

☞ **To the Ladies.**—Dr. BANNING announces to the Ladies that he will deliver the Second of Lectures desired of him, on Female Health and Symmetry, in ARMORY HALL, at 12 M., on THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY of this week. He asks to lecture *free*, in order to insure the most extended public benefit. mh7 3t

☞ **Free Invitation.**—*Private Lectures on Physiology.*—Dr. HOLLICK will deliver one more Series on TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY, March 5, 6, 7 and 8, illustrated by all his Models and Paintings. For GENTLEMEN only, (Youths not admitted,) at half past 7 o'clock, P. M.; doors open at 7. For LADIES only, on *Female Health*, at 1 P. M.; doors open at half-past 12.

Admission Fifty Cents; or a Ticket for the Course, One Dollar.... Tuesday, 5th, both Afternoon and Evening, *Free*.

☞ In the New Hall, 23 Camp street, between Common and Gravier. mh8

Bartine's Horse Lotion.

☞ A never-failing remedy for all diseases the Horse is subject to. Recommended by the well-known firm of Kipp & Brown, New York; Haven Wendell, Boston; and by thousands of gentlemen throughout the country. Sold only in New Orleans by J. WRIGHT & CO. 151 Chartres street. mh8

ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF

Spring Goods,

☞ Per Ship Wabash.

THEO. A. JAMES & CO. Fashionable Clothing Establishment, No. 82 *Common Street, between the Verandah Hotel and Hewlett's Exchange,*

☞ Are now opening a lot of fine **GOODS, for Spring and Summer Wear,** consisting in part of super Lisle Thread UNDERSHIRTS and GLOVES; Fancy London Silk TIES; Silk and Hair STOCKS, a new article expressly for summer use; white Linen and Fancy Elastic SUSPENDERS; Gauze Silk UNDERSHIRTS and DRAWERS; Silk, Lisle Thread and Cotton GLOVES; Linen hf. HOSE, etc. etc. mh7 6t&lp

Dollar Gold Pen.

☞ A Good Gold Pen and Silver Case for One Dollar! We have received a lot of these capital Pens.

Opinions of the Press.

"Beats any thing we offered." (Crescent.

"This new description is valuable." (Picayune.

"A better Pen we never put to paper." (Delta.

.....New in store.....

☞ A large supply of Gold Pens, of all the celebrated makers, at the lowest market prices, ranging from

ONE TO EIGHTEEN DOLLARS!

mh7 6t&c GUINNESS & CO., 12 Camp st.

[Reported for the Crescent.]

Louisiana Legislature.

BATON ROUGE, March 4, 1850.

The Senate met agreeably to adjournment.

Present: Hon. J. G. Bryce, President *pro tem.* Twenty-six members present.

Mr. Bryce introduced an act for the relief of Charles S. Leckie, Sheriff of Rapides. Passed, and the Assistant Secretary requested the concurrence of the House to said bill.

He further requested the concurrence of the House in an act to extend the provisions of an act to establish the circuit system in the 10th and 17th Judicial Districts, approved January 29, 1847.

Mr. Drew introduced an act to emancipate C. B. Penrose, a minor; passed.

Mr. Salomon, the Assistant Clerk of the House, informed the Senate that the Speaker of the House had signed the enrolled bill of the Senate, entitled an act for the relief of Harrison Rogers, of St. Landry; and also of J. W. Hayes, of West Feliciana.

The President *pro tem.* signed said bills, and the same were submitted to the Governor for his approval and signature.

Mr. Salomon informed the Senate of the concurrence of the House in the following bills of the Senate:

An act granting powers and privileges to any number of persons who shall form themselves into a corporation for the purpose of opening a Turnpike Plank Road from Shreveport, through Greenwood, in Caddo, to the Texas line.

An act to amend an act entitled an act to establish a Workhouse and House of Refuge by the several Municipalities of New Orleans, and for other purposes, approved March 5, 1841.

And further, an act declaring valid certain notarial acts which have been heretofore, or may be hereafter, executed in this State.

And an act to regulate the duties of Auctioneers.

Mr. Rieker introduced an act to amend the first section of an act entitled an act to provide for the draining and clearing of the marsh grounds and swamps situated between the city of New Orleans, its incorporate suburbs, and Lake Pontchartrain, approved March 19, 1835. Passed.

On behalf of the Finance Committee, Mr. Phillips reported a substitute to an act for the relief of several Charitable Institutions therein named, which substitute is entitled, an act making appropriations for the general expenses of the State up to the 31st December, 1851; said substitute was made the special order of the day for Wednesday, March 6.

Mr. Phillips reported, on behalf of the same committee, without amendments, an act to amend the 37th section of the revenue law of this State.

Same member, on behalf of a Special Committee, resolution instructing the State Engineer to make a survey and map of the new parish of Iberia.

Mr. Cade reported a substitute, which underwent its second and third reading and passed.

On motion, an act to provide for the effectual cancelment of the bonds of the State, issued for the use of the Citizens' Bank of Louisiana, was made the special order of the day for to-morrow.

Mr. Salomon requested the concurrence of the Senate in an act relative to the 7th and 9th Police Jury Wards of Concordia; said bill was taken up and passed.

The following bills were taken up, under consideration, and passed:

An act to authorize a person under arrest, charged with a bailable offence, to give security residing in any part of the State.

An act to enable the Governor to have the swamp and overflowed lands selected, which were granted to the State of Louisiana by the act of Congress, of 2d March, 1849.

Mr. Cole, on behalf of the Committee on Claims, to whom was referred an act for the relief of Harry Kean, reported a substitute to said bill, bearing the same title, which underwent its third reading and passed.

Mr. Van Wickle introduced an act for the relief of the inhabitants of the State of Louisiana, subject to the overflows by the Mississippi river, and to create a General Levee Fund, underwent its second reading, and referred to committee.

The Assistant Secretary requested the concurrence of the House in the resolution ordering the improvement of the navigation of Red River—Resolution relative to the establishment of a Dock Yard in the city of Lafayette or its vicinity, for the construction, equipment and repair of national vessels.

On motion of Mr. Phillips, the Senate took up the following bill at its second reading:

An act to take the sense of the people on the expediency of calling a Convention to amend the Constitution. Mr. Phillips moved that said bill be indefinitely postponed. Pending the debate on said motion, Mr. Haralson called for the previous question, "Shall this bill be indefinitely postponed?" Mr. Duncan called for the yeas and nays—there being a tie, Mr. Bryce, President *pro tem.* gave his casting vote against the motion, which was lost. Mr. Phillips's motion to make said bill the order of the day for to-morrow, was lost; and pending the discussion on the motion to postpone the bill indefinitely, the Senate, by motion, adjourned till to-morrow at 9 o'clock, A. M.

BATON ROUGE, March 5, 1850.

The House met pursuant to adjournment. Quorum present.

The Speaker presented the petition of the General Council in relation to the protection bill. Referred to the Committee on Levees.

Mr. Barthe—Petition of the Louisiana State Bank in relation to the Navigation Company.

Mr. Sever, on behalf of the Judiciary Committee, reported the following bills: An act relative to public advertisements in the parish of Orleans; an act to provide for appeals from Justices of the Peace in certain cases in Orleans and Jefferson; and an act to protect the city of New Orleans against overflow.

Mr. Walker, on behalf of the Committee on Commerce, reported the following bill: An act relative to the number of Inspectors of flour, and of Repackers and Inspectors of beef and pork in New Orleans.

Mr. Connolly presented an immense number of local bills from the Internal Improvement Committee.

Mr. Barthe, from the Select Committee, reported the Senate's bill in relation to the Navigation Company. This bill was passed through its several readings and is now a law. It provides for the forfeiture of the charter, and authorizes the Governor to lease out the same for 20 years. Mr. Barthe made a very lengthy report in relation to it, and in conclusion gives as reasons for the forfeiture of charter:

1. By failing to keep a regular set of books until 1834.

2. By declaring a dividend in 1836 when their only means of paying the same was by applying moneys belonging to their creditors.

3. By discounting notes to an amount over $27,000 when insolvent.

4. By mismanagement of their affairs.

5. By nonfeasance in not performing the work required by their charter.

The House then passed the $25,000 bill for the Medical College, in New Orleans—vote, 53 to 16.

The bill concerning the Batture in front of the Second Municipality, came up as the special order.

Upon this bill Messrs. Sever, Larue and Moise were the principal speakers. The former gentleman wished the matter put off until next week. The others opposed it. It was finally made the order of the day for Thursday, the 14th inst.

Adjourned till to-morrow.

Our Reporter adds the following: The Citizens' Bank Bill was to-day passed in the Senate to a third reading by 2 majority. I am very sorry to inform you that the friends of the convention and protection bills now entertain no hopes of getting them through the Senate. It is the general impression that even the friends of the former in the Senate, are *afraid to face the music.* The Nashville Convention resolutions will come up to-morrow in the House. A substitute will be offered, viz: the Tennessee Resolutions. You may put down Louisiana as being opposed and refusing to send delegates to that convention.

☞ **Dr. Gilbert**, formerly of Memphis, Tenn., offers his professional services to the public in the treatment of all forms of Chronic Diseases, especially Cancers, White Swellings, Scrofula, Tumors, Wens, Abscesses, Sores of long standing, Rheumatism, Mercurial and Syphilis of the worst form, without the use of the knife or mercury, and all Diseases of the Skin.

☞ Office, No. 17 Chossman street, between the new Customhouse and the River.

He offers the following certificates from the physicians of Memphis:

"Dr. J. Gilbert—We have been intimately acquainted with Dr. R. Gilbert's practice for four years; we have often visited his extensive Infirmary, near Memphis; have closely observed his treatment of the most difficult cases; and we feel it to be a duty we owe to the community at large to express our entire confidence in his skill and judgement in the successful management of such diseases as he professes to cure. He has, in our judgement, been far more successful in the treatment of that class of diseases he professes to cure than any other physician in the world.

"M. GARRETT, M.D. WM. DENNY, M.D.
J. HUKE, M.D. JOHN WILSON, M.D.
J. HARMON, M.D. S. W. FEAT, M.D.
J. S. CURTIS, M.D." mh8 tp1

☞ **Dr. Townsend's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla.**

Wonder and Blessing of the Age—GREAT SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE.—This Extract is put up in Quart Bottles; is as pure, safe, pleasant, and warranted together to any adult. It cures disease without cutting, purging, sickening or disturbing the patient. The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other Medicines is, while it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is one of the very best

Spring and Summer Medicines EVER KNOWN. It not only purifies the whole system and strengthens the person, but it creates new, pure and rich blood—a power possessed by no other medicine. And in this has the grand secret of its wonderful success. It has performed, in which the last two years, more than 100,000 cures of severe cases of disease; at least 15,000 were considered incurable. It has saved the lives of more than 5000 children the two past seasons.

2000 cases of Chronic Rheumatism;
2000 cases of Dyspepsia;
2000 cases of General Debility and Want of Energy;
2000 cases of the different Female Complaints;
2000 cases of Scrofula;
1500 cases of the Liver Complaint;
2000 cases of Diseases of the Kidneys and Dropsy;
2000 cases of the Gravel;
1000 cases of Rich Headache;
1500 cases of the Dropsy;
2000 cases of Consumption;

And Thousands of cases of Diseases of the Blood, viz: Ulcers, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Pimples on the Face, Scald Head, Tetter, Nettlerash, etc. etc., together with numerous cases of Sick Headache, Pain in the Side and Chest, Pelvic Affections, etc. etc.

☞ Prepared and sold by E. F. TOWNSEND, M.D., 130 Fulton street, New York, and sold by the only Agents for New Orleans,

mh4 6t 21c J. WRIGHT & CO., 151 Chartres st.

HAY, CORN, OATS, BRAN AND SHORTS—Constantly in store and for sale in lots to suit purchasers, by [f24 3tp] J. GARLAND & CO., 9 Lafayette st.

Arrivals at the Principal Hotels....7th.

ST CHARLES—J Osgood, E G W Butler, Jr, J McClindy, S Blount, Rev J H Linebaugh, Lt W S Rogers, W A Smith and lady, J White, Ala; L M Case, Ohio; R B Freeman, Ga; H M Waddell, D E Dailey, N C; M Dwyer, T W Hynes, E J Gray, Mo; C M Cesar, G H Foote, J Hitchcock, Miss; T H Badger, E H Ewing, Tenn; W W Wood, Pennsylvania.

VERANDA—J L Irwin, N C; W J Stansbury, J Block, R H Cage, Mrs Hays, Mrs Lea, Miss Stone, J G Morgan, A Kenner, Mr Franklin, B T Fenning, Miss J Barber, Ala; L Jones, D Newell, Y B Gardner, J Howe, D Woodruff, Lt; Mr H C Hayes, Texas; H T Hays, N O; W McDonnell, Ind.

PLANTERS—C Webb, N O; J W Clark; C Seaman and lady, A J Morgan, La; J G Vinongerbutz, J Schnyler, A Cuse, G W Autrey, Ga; R Boulbonet, Mobile; J H Milburn, Ala; J Woodnisdoff and lady, Miss; S B Hall.

HERMITT'S—F Emerson; L Doderick, Tenn; J Morrow, P C Wallis, Miss; J Emerson; W Sportsman; W R Peebles; H Marot.

COMMERCIAL—J Link, St Louis; T Byrne, N O; W J Walker, Ky; G W Dunn, R B Gwin, W Stigler, G G Freer, R W Garrison, Miss; T Brander, M M Norcom, Tenn; S Douglass, Ky.

Steamboat Departures This Day.

☞ *SEE ADVERTISEMENTS ON THIRD PAGE.*

Mobile.....OREGON, Hiers, 3½ P. M. Cars.
Louisville.....DELTA, Greene, 4 P. M.
Yazoo River.....EXIT, Sweney, 4 P. M.
Louisville.....UNCLE SAM, Swimick, 4 P. M.
St. Louis.....JOSIAH LAWRENCE, Carlyle, 12 M.

☞ Steamer JOSIAH LAWRENCE—For St. Louis.—This excellent passenger steamer will positively leave THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock, from foot of Third street. Apply to WHITE & BUCHANAN, 15 Poydras street, or JOHN R. SHAW & CO. 21 Poydras st.

CORSON & ARMSTRONG have taken an Office at No. 72 Camp street, up stairs, (opposite the Picayune,) where they will be pleased to see their old friends and customers, and fill their orders as usual. mh8 1m

WANTED—By the advertiser, a SITUATION as BOOK-KEEPER, or OUT-DOOR CLERK in a Commission House. Having resided many years in this State, and had considerable experience in either of the above capacities, and possessing the best recommendations, is desirous of obtaining immediate employment. For further information address "G. N." at this office. mh8 6t

MADAME YOUNG—This celebrated philosophier (late of New York) can be consulted at No. 221 Carondelet street, daily, except on Sundays, from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M. Madame Y. makes no pretensions to magic, but she will astonish those who consult her of their disposition and character, and leading transactions of the past, present and future, as well as if she had known them from birth. Terms for a lady or gentleman $1. mh8 2t*

SPRING FASHIONS FOR 1850.

NEW FRENCH FANCY GOODS.—D. F. SCANLAN & CO. 12 *Chartres street*, respectfully inform the ladies that they are receiving per steam ships Ohio and Crescent City, an extensive assortment of French DRESS GOODS and MILLINERY ARTICLES, with a rolling rich summer Nouveautes, are invited to examine the stock; they will find some choice new articles, received from Havre, by the steamships Canada and Europa. mh8 7t2p

MURPHY'S HOUSE.....100 St. Charles street.

BILL OF FARE, March 8.

Broiled, Baked and Fried; Sheep Stewed and Raw; Red Fish Oysters Broiled, Fried, Roast, Stewed. Head do. do.; Trout and Perch do. do....ROASTS—Turkey, Venison and Mutton, Veal, Chicken, Pork, Beef and Ducks, Snipes, Squabs, Teal Ducks and Prairie Hens. Tenderloin Beefsteak; Boiled Leg Mutton; Venison Steak; Pork Chops; Ham and Eggs; Mutton Chops, etc....WINES and BRANDIES of the choicest flavors. mh8

HOLBROOK

Oyster Saloons and Restaurant.

Bill of Fare.....March 8.

Oysters, broiled, stewed, roasted, fried and raw; Broiled Sheephead; Hasheed Eggs; Squabs; Stew; Venison; Beefsteaks; Teal Ducks; Chickens; Mutton Chops; Pork Chops. Wines and Brandies of all kinds—all of which will be served in the best manner.

☞ Families and parties supplied. mh8

Grand Raffle.

PAINTINGS AND JEWELRY.

☞ The **PAINTINGS** and a Schedule can be seen at the GEM, **19** *Royal street*; the **JEWELRY** and a Schedule at E. A. TYLER'S, **39** *Camp street.* Twenty five Prizes, two hundred and fifty chances, at **$10** per chance.

That magnificent and celebrated Painting, "THE MARRIAGE OF WASHINGTON," by Stearns, constitutes the first prize, valued by many at $1500.

Residents and strangers visiting the city, on examination of the Schedule, will find a rare opportunity to obtain a valuable prize.

☞ That Ladies may have an opportunity of viewing, especially the first prize, "The Marriage of Washington," it is now at E. A. Tyler's, 39 Camp street, where they can leave an opportunity of subscribing to obtain a valuable prize. mh7 3t

SUNDRIES—*IN STORE*—

BRANDY—24 pipes Hennessy's and Stagg & Shay's Sugar Cured Hams;
BEEF TONGUES—20 boxes superior;
CHOCOLATE—40 boxes No. 1;
RAISINS—300 packages whole, half and qr. boxes;
FIGS—600 drums;
PRUNELLES—40 cases;
CANDLES—100 boxes Sperm and Solar Sperm;
BUTTER—30 firkins choice Goshen, fresh;
CHEESE—75 boxes Goshen;
CRACKERS—Boston, Butter, Wine, Pilenick and Soda Crackers;
MUSTARD—75 dozen Keynsky, fresh; for sale by

mh8 CHAS. STOUGHTON, 94 Camp st.

Direct Importation.

☞ Now opening at the **NEW STORE, 114 Canal street**, a complete assortment of *EUROPEAN GOODS*, received per ships Statesman, Orlando, Humboldt, Transit, Atala and others, from Havre and Liverpool, consisting in part of the following desirable articles:

MOUSSELINE DE SOIE—Imprimé;
Do. do. rayé et à carreaux;
Do. do. plain, black & grave colors;
BRASELIENES—Something new;
BAREGES—Tissage a la Jacquard;
Do. printed, plaided and striped;
Do. solid colors;
CREPE DE PARIS—A la Pompadour;
MOUSSELINE DE TARBARE—A pois & printed;
GRENADINES—Plain and printed;
TOILE DU NORD—Plain and printed