NEW ORLEANS:

THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 4, 1850.

YESTERDAY'S ITEMS.—The weather was as pleasant yesterday as one could wish, and the public promenades were crowded with a gay throng intent upon enjoying its balmy influence.

Local items were few and far between, offering little of interest to dilate upon, and nothing striking to lay before our readers.

The First District Court was engaged in the trial of civil cases. The criminal docket will be taken up again after these are disposed of.

BRUTAL.—A proper caption for a report like the one which we now notice, wherein Michal Dallipoy is accused of beating his wife very severely.

DISCHARGED.—John Burns, *alias* Chirpa, has been discharged from custody. He was accused of assaulting, with a knife, G. W. Smith, on the evening of the 27th ult.

DISTURBING THE PEACE.—Hugh Carlin violated the peace and dignity of the State of Louisiana, and insulted one of the guardians of the night. For this breach of the privileges accorded to sober citizens, Hugh was required yesterday to give bail in the sum of $500 or take the alternative of five days in jail.

LIFTING A MORTGAGE.—This legal act, which so seldom takes place, was consummated yesterday, according to the statement of Mr. Hermann Lucas, in any thing but an equitable manner, by one Henry F. Weise. The latter individual is charged with feloniously abstracting a document of this kind from the house of Mr. L. Recorder Baldwin will examine into the case.

INCORRIGIBLE.—Alexander Greenwood was committed yesterday to the Workhouse as an incorrigible vagrant—six months was the sentence awarded. Greenwood has been for years a notorious thief; he was arrested on Tuesday night in the act of entering the premises at the corner of Apollo and Melpomene streets, through a hole made in the fence.

THE BOWIE KNIFE CASE.—Sophia Montgomery was examined yesterday on the charge of assaulting, with intent to kill, one Phœbe Smith, on the night of the 1st inst. We gave the particulars yesterday. After hearing the evidence, Recorder Baldwin committed the accused to trial before the First District Court.

ASSAULT.—Margaret Gordon, having cause of complaint against one Timothy Dolan, beat the said individual so badly that, to prevent a further pummelling, he applied this morning for the protection of the law. A warrant was accordingly issued, and the masculine Mrs. Gordon was taken in charge.

ALLEGED PERJURY.—A charge of this nature caused the arrest, yesterday, of Wm. W. Cook, upon the affidavit of Charles White, who states that the crime was committed by the said Cook obtaining summary process against him in one of the Justice's courts, on a claim for debt, and by the requisite oath that defendant intended leaving the State. White insists that both allegations were false, and the subject has been referred to Recorder Baldwin for his opinion.

SWINDLING.—There are many modes of operating under this head; several of them make one amenable to the laws—others can be pursued, and yet the culprit go scot free. The nature of the transaction by which E. Sterling was minus $450, and Bernard H. Banner benefitted that amount, remains to be discovered in court. Banner has been arrested on the charge by the Second Municipality police.

BREACH OF TRUST.—An affidavit was made before Recorder Genois yesterday by J. F. Bercier, charging his clerk, D. DeMeza, with retaining funds to the amount of $1472, received for sales of sugar made on account of the house. The operation, it is stated, took place between November, 1847, and April, 1848, since which time the complainant has not been able to obtain the money. A warrant was issued for the arrest of the accused, but the officer returned the writ with the endorsement that the defendant had left the city.

A CHAIN OF EVIDENCE.—The most striking instance in modern times of a chain of evidence, formed link by link from circumstances, until strong enough to destroy the accused, is that of Professor Webster, lately convicted of the murder of Dr. Parkman. Another less interesting case came up yesterday, when one Wm. Day was found with the very chain of evidence already prepared upon his person, in the shape of a handsome gold guard, found secreted in his apparel. The fact of theft is strongly linked to this valuable trinket, and Day will have to await an examination upon the charge.

BURGLARY.—Wm. Clark was examined yesterday, on the charge of feloniously entering the premises of D. L. Kernion, on Bayou Road, and stealing therefrom a lot of wearing apparel, valued at $55. The accused was detected in the act, but showed his pursuers a pair of heels not easily matched for fleetness, and led them a race equal in interest to the best contests over the Bingaman. Finding his progress impeded by the stolen property, Clark did violence to his feelings by casting the bundle from him, and continued to evade the crowd that followed until he unluckily took refuge in an alley-way, the gate of which stood invitingly open. This proved a trap for the unlucky Clark, hemming him up between brick walls, and giving him a foretaste of stone ones. The testimony was plain and conclusive, and the prisoner was committed for trial.

☞ Mrs. Caudle, of curtain-lecture notoriety, gave her poor spouse the full benefit of her tongue, but we believe that the records of those ingenious ebullitions of the spirit manifested by the lady in question, never assumed a more *striking* tone of argument. Decidedly different was the case yesterday of Mrs. Parker, whose husband, George, applied to the Second Municipality police for a warrant against his pugilistic spouse. What think you, *gentle* reader, was the ground of complaint? Alas for the manhood of the accuser, he had received a severe beating at the hands of his "better half," who, after lecturing to her heart's content, tried the rougher method of bringing Mr. Parker into subjection.

TRESPASS.—Mr. Nicholas Sellier made a complaint yesterday, before Recorder Genois, against one Louis Senecal, which will cause the latter to appear before the crim nal court and answer to the allegations made against him. Sellier stated that last December he rented from the accused two rooms and a lobby at 41 Barrack street, and that with much care and trouble he had placed in said lobby a number of bottles, jars and phials, being a goodly array of lotions, mixtures and essences of rare medicinal qualities. Senecal, from some undiscovered cause, entered this arcanum of science on the 30th ult., and despoiled Sellier of his stock in trade, by breaking the glass vessels which contained the means of life, and deluging the floor with a general mixture. The Court sympathized with the complainant in his bitter trial, and sent the case up, for further proceedings.

THE LAST SCENE.—"When lovely woman stoops to folly" the course is too generally a downward one, at a pace that increases at each step, until the lowest depth is reached. The impetus once given, and the poor victim is drawn irresistibly along, receiving numberless buffets from the censorious world to add to the fall. Thus it was in "life's young day" with Ellen Crowley, before the blight of shame withered the flower and the storm of scorn stripped it of its leaves that closed around to protect it from the nipping frost of neglect. Friends fled—strangers doubted—the road of guilt was the only avenue left open to the erring one, and the broad path was taken in a moment of despair. Ellen's history, as told yesterday before Recorder Genois, was only a repetition of the tale of sorrow so often related by her sisters of the *pave*, and Ellen's destination was the same that many of her class have found before—the Workhouse opened its gates to inflict the last mark of degradation upon the child of infamy. The record is a brief one on the calendar, yet what a mass of misery is covered up in the simple lines.

☞ The emigration to California this spring, far exceeds that of last season. The Peru (Ill.) Telegraph says: "There appears to be no end to the California emigration this season. The number that passed through our town last spring is nowhere in comparison with the emigrants of this season. They appear to be well provided for, most of them having horses or mules instead of oxen.

New Orleans and Jackson Railroad.

LETTER NUMBER ONE.

The people of central and southern Mississippi, seeing the great advantages of a railroad to run from Jackson, Miss., to New Orleans, have been and are now putting forth strong exertions to secure its construction, and though they have sent delegates to New Orleans to commune and devise with delegates from this city and hereabouts upon that subject, yet no great interest has manifested itself to co-operate with them in so laudable and practicable an enterprise. The advantages of such a road are not only of great importance to that section of Mississippi through which it would run, but of incalculable importance to New Orleans—no matter at what point it might enter this city—whether the railroad itself should have its terminus here, or should connect with the city by steamboat across some of our lakes.

It is a principle, which does not need argument, that increased facility for transportation afforded by railroads cheapens the product sent for sale; not only because the expense of reaching a market is diminished, but because of the convenience of such facility; for thousands, and indeed millions of acres of land, which would richly repay the expense of cultivation, would not repay the additional expense of a long and tedious wagon transportation of their products to market; but with a cheap, convenient and facile means of transportation, they would not only repay the labor and expense of their cultivation, but afford an additional supply to the market.

It would not be out of place to speak of the advantages of railroads generally to those places at which they have their termini, as well as to sections of country contiguous and neighboring thereto.

The advantages of the Raleigh and Gaston railroad to that section of country through which it passes, are felt sensibly by all who live in the counties adjacent to its line—not only by those who have agricultural products to sell, but also by those who have an interest in purchasing such products. In the article of wheat alone, it had the effect of increasing the product by an enormous per cent. per year; and in nine years from the time of its completion, the wheat crop—fo say nothing of any other article—increased full five hundred per cent. on its original yield: indeed, by the statistical reports of that State, it appears that there was more wheat *seeded* in 1849 than was saved in 1840. The increase of other products was in a similar degree to that of wheat—the facility for transportation afforded by the railroad being the primary and principal cause. The State of North Carolina took stock in this road to a large amount, and so impressed was the Legislature with the incalculable advantages of railroads, that they have appropriated two millions of dollars more towards extending the railroad to the interior of the State. Though the soil of North Carolina be not fertile, particularly in its mountain regions, still her resources are great, and forcibly manifest themselves in the quantity of various products which yearly reach Petersburg, in Virginia, and the eastern towns in the State, by wagon, coming a distance of from 200 to 400 miles.

The advantages of railroads, ever since their practicability has been demonstrated, have been appreciated, and they have been favored by all the States of the Union. Tennessee is pushing her railroads eastward to meet the Georgia, Virginia and South Carolina railroad improvements. North Carolina is extending hers to meet these, and when they are completed there will be a continuous and direct line of railroad from the Atlantic coast to the Mississippi river, commencing at Norfolk, in Virginia, and terminating at Memphis, Tennessee.

New York wished to secure the trade of the lakes and north-west country. How did she effect this? By spending millions in the construction of railroads and canals; and profitably as the results have shown, Pennsylvania has incurred a debt of forty millions to secure the same object. Philadelphia has recently voted half a million towards building a railroad thence to Pittsburg. The State of Maryland, the cities of Baltimore and Wheeling have subscribed largely towards the same. St. Louis and Cincinnati have voted, the first a half million and the latter a million, to a railroad connecting those two places. The town of Lynchburg has voted half a million towards building a railroad to run through that place. Nashville, though situated near the Mississippi river, perceives the advantages of a railroad by which it shall communicate with the Atlantic coast, and has contributed half a million towards constructing such a one. The States of South Carolina, Georgia and Alabama and their principal towns are all seeking to secure the western trade by means of railroads. Massachusetts, as a State, has advanced more than five millions in aid of the Western railroad from Albany to Boston, and the rich results to the city of Boston and to the State generally prove the wisdom of the expenditure. The city of Boston, particularly, has felt most sensibly the advantages of this railroad—of the railroad enterprises of Massachusetts—as the city of New Orleans must feel the advantages of all railroads having a terminus here.

JEFFERSON.

CAPT. HUNTER AND COM. PERRY.—The fact has been already stated Capt. Hunter is to be summoned shortly before a Court of Inquiry, to explain the reason why he captured the town of Alvarado, in Mexico, during the late war, in advance of orders from Com. Perry. Capt. Hunter, we see, has addressed a pretty tart letter to Com. Perry, dated Washington, March 11, wherein language is employed that does not bespeak much cordiality of feeling between the two. The letter we find in the New York Herald of the 23d ult., sent by its Washington correspondent:

NATIONAL HOTEL, Washington, March 11, 1850.

SIR—I some time since addressed you a communication, upon which you informed me that it was your intention to take official action. Why have you not done it? It is due to your reputation as well as mine, that some positive action should be immediately taken. I know and your *aide* may be personal, but from a thorough knowledge of your character, I presume it will be official. Every one knows that you have never yet been accused of a noble or generous act, and no one knows it better than myself. Why did you not court-martial and sentenced the veteran Connor, and why have you not done justice to the noble and daring Tainall? These are questions which I surmise you will not answer; but, sir, I will answer them for you. It was founded upon jealousy, and without any nobility of character, you determined to violate every rule of honor for the elevation of yourself and family. In my youth, when a young and innocent boy, before the down was upon my cheek or a malicious feeling had entered my bosom, did you attempt to crush me to the earth by the strong arm of power. It appears, however, that the innocent boy whom you then tried to destroy, has since grown to manhood, that the frosts of forty-odd winters now sprinkle his locks, and he stands before you erect, your equal in every thing, except that military rank behind which you shelter yourself. I have not employed (as you have) any press to defend me; neither have I been as base as to apply to an enemy to injure the character of a brother officer, when all the information could have been obtained from those young and gallant officers who served under my command, and who then surrounded you. In Mexico the price of human life is fifty cents; what you paid this man for his false certificate (dictated, I have no doubt, by you) I know not, but would seek information from you, if I thought you possessed sufficient honor to tell the truth. I have claimed nothing for the small affair of Alvarado and Tlacotalpan, although I feel confident that if your brother-in-law, McKenzie, (whom you proposed to hang me for insubordination,) or any other of your relations, had done the same, you would have come forth to the world with a flaming proclamation, and recommended him to the Government for promotion. I did not, sir, demand an unconditional surrender of Alvarado and Tlacotalpan, without receiving it; neither did I, after making that demand, retreat, as you did, under the fire of the enemy at Tabasco. You retreated, sir, from Tabasco under fire of the enemy, after demanding an unconditional surrender; and you know perfectly well that when one of the most gallant officers of our navy was killed, (Charles W. Morris) it was mismaking with a white flag flying at your fore. I have employed no one, sir, to make me a cartoon of Alvarado. You have been more fortunate than myself, and sincerely congratulate you in having one who has enabled you to place on the walls of the Navy Department your great and glorious victories. There can no doubt you will be handed down to posterity equally illustrious with your great and noble brother, to whom whose reputation you have lived so long. Respectfully, etc.

C. G. HUNTER.

COM. M. C. PERRY, U. S. NAVY.

In connection with the above, it is but fair to give the following from the Philadelphia American:

CAPT. M. C. PERRY.—We have been requested by some of the professional friends of Capt. Perry to state that the Court of Inquiry into the conduct of this officer, which is expected to assemble at Annapolis on the 15th of April, was ordered at his own instance, and that it is his desire and purpose that every thing connected with his service during the late Mexican war shall be thoroughly investigated. Especially, as we are informed, is it his intention to have a searching examination made into the so-much-talked-of capture of Alvarado, and his friends express great confidence that, when all the facts connected with that affair are authentically presented, the public judgement in regard to it will be materially changed.

THE ESSEX AND PHŒBE.—Our readers are doubtless familiar with the particulars of the terrible combat between the U. S. frigate Essex, Com. Porter, and H. B. M. frigate Phœbe, Capt. Hillyar, aided by the brig Cherub, which took place in the harbor of Valparaiso during the last war with England. The details of this sanguinary fight, in which nearly all the officers and crew of the Essex perished, are already matters of naval history, and the name of the gallant Com. Porter is enrolled high in the list of naval heroes. Both commanders are, however long since dead, but both have left gallant sons to represent them in the navies of their countries, and while the steamship Georgia was at Chagres a short time since, these gentlemen were for the first time in their lives, almost within hailing distance of each other. Lieut. Hillyar being in H. B. M. ship of the line Asia, at Panama, and Lieut. Porter in command of the Georgia on this side. A meeting of these officers would have been highly interesting, but circumstances prevented it, and perhaps they never will be brought so near together again.

THE LATE SPELL OF COLD WEATHER.—We take the following from a letter dated East Baton Rouge, March 31st.

"There was a very severe frost in this region of the country last Wednesday night, killing all the cotton and corn that was up. The fruit is entirely destroyed. The sugar planters are fearful they will lose a good deal of their cane, as they had ploughed and scraped it. The shoot was frozen to the eye."

☞ We have never known in this part of the State, more disagreeable, cold and stormy weather, than we had on Wednesday last. The snow commenced falling early in the morning, and fell to the depth of one or two inches. At night it blew cold from the north—the next morning it was found that ice half an inch thickness had formed—and all the early gardens, peaches, plumbs and figs were destroyed. The mast is probably all destroyed, and those who expect to put up their own pork, must put in corn enough to fatten their hogs.—*Natchitoches Chronicle, 30th.*

Snow Storm.—Wednesday was, if not the coldest, at least the most disagreeable day of the winter. Early in the morning it was cold and rainy, and about 9 o'clock it commenced to snow, and snowed all day. The night was very cold, and on Thursday morning all the pools were covered with thin layers of ice. The crops have, we fear, sustained some injury from this unseasonable weather. All tender garden plants, peach trees, etc., were killed.—*Red River Republican, 30th.*

☞ Accompanying the following, among the items brought by the Niagara, we notice a request to editors in the United States and Canada to copy:

SIR JOHN FRANKLIN.—The report concerning Sir John Franklin's expedition, inserted in several of the English papers, and copied from a paper published in California, and received via Panama, has caused much distress of mind to all connected with the still missing expedition, as parties who are unacquainted with dates and other facts have for the moment been deceived and led to hope that there is truth in the statement. This, however, is quite fallacious, and requires immediate contradiction; for it is evident that the same is a false effort revived, and might lead to or postpone or retard the generous efforts still in progress both in this country and elsewhere on behalf of our gallant countryman.

Arrivals at the Principal Hotels....3d.

ST CHARLES—Dr Children, Pascagoula; C Coleman, Louisville; G H Kirk, Ala; J D Delano, N Y; S T P Ingraham; W H Robert, C D LeBrun, Mobile; T W Dunnica, Ala; C W Newell, Boston, C Henry, H Ripley, Lynchburg; J Clark, Tenn.

VERANDA—B T Walker, Baltimore; J W Baller, N Y; Gen G W Crawford, Md; Burch, Miss; J Bartlett, Natchitoches; H B W Bullard, Conn; V F Winter, Lafourche; C W Randolph and lady, West Point.

COMMERCIAL—Rollin Mason, Conn; M Thorp, R Harper, Texas; T Anderson, E Harvey, T Bindelburg, A John, H Kelley, M W Stuart, M W Smith, A Lee, M Coleman, C S Whitworth, Va; K Montgomery W Montgomery, New Albany; H D Beaty, Ky; A Montan, La; A S Staley Ill; M Woodford, Memphis; W Carter, Louisville, J Keithley, J McCormick, Ind.

LOUISIANA—Capt Kimbert, P H Williams and family, G L Sawyer, Miss Beeke, Miss A Farwell, John Campbell, John J Stoddard, Jos L Lowry, Chas W Griffith, N O; W Robinson, Rio Janeiro; Capt J Avery, N Y.

HAWLEY'S—C Smith, Mass; R J Smith, A LeConte, La; W F Mash.

PLANTERS—J Wightman, Ill; G Beasley, La; W Kullard, Pass Christian; D B Ross, Texas.

NEW ORLEANS MARKETS.

CRESCENT OFFICE,
Thursday Morning, April 4, 1850.

COTTON—There were several buyers in the Cotton market yesterday, but as the amount offering was very limited the sales did not exceed 2000 bales, at very full prices.

NEW ORLEANS CLASSIFICATION.

Inferior	9½@ 9⅞	Middling Fair	11⅜@11½
Ordinary	10⅛@10⅜	Fair	12 @12⅛
Middling	10 @10⅛	Good Fair	12⅛@
Good Middling	11⅛@11⅜	Good and Fine	

TOBACCO—Still in active request, and 700 hhds disposed of, including 34 hhds R at 5½; 40 hhds Mason county (A) at —; 132 hhds, 121 A at 7¾, and 11 R at 5¾; 181 hhds, 54 R at —, and 127 A at 7¾c, and the rest on terms not made public.

SUGAR AND MOLASSES—Some 800 hhds changed hands at full rates, say 2½@4c for Fair. Also, 500 to 600 bbls Molasses at 18@19 for Good Fermenting, and 22@23c for Refined.

FLOUR—The market seemed to be very quiet, and the only sales we heard of were 250 bbls Illinois and St. Louis (Superfine) at $5 75@$5 80, 200 bbls Extra St Louis at —, and 150 at $6 75 ₱ bbl. Ohio offered at less than $5 50 in one or two instances.

CORN—In active demand, and 11,000 sacks sold including 4500 sacks Yellow, from Platte, at 56, and 5000 sks, mostly White, at 57@58c ₱ bushel.

OATS—Sales of 500 sacks Indiana at 45, and 156 Prime St Louis at 55c.

CORN MEAL—1000 bbls Prime kiln-dried were sold from store to a shipper at 62 62½ ₱ bbl.

PROVISIONS—Pork was in limited demand and the sales confined to 55 bbls Mess at 83 62½, and 100 M O (two lots) at 88 75. Of Bacon, 37 casks taken at 3½@3¾c for Shoulders and 5c for good Sides. The only considerable sales of Lard were 50 bbls at 5¾, 175 do No 1 at 6½, and 30 at 6c ₱ lb. A lot of 76 tierces Prime Mess Beef brought $15 75 @ tierce.

COFFEE—Sales of 250 bags Rio at —, and 100 Prime at 9¾c ₱ lb.

BAGGING AND ROPE—Steady. Sales of 100 pieces and 100 coils at 14½ and 7½ on long time, 50 pieces at 14, 50 coils at 7, and 100 at 7¼c, all cash.

WHISKY—Dull, with sales of 80 to 100 bbls Rectified at 21½c ₱ gallon.

FREIGHTS—Very dull and nothing doing.

NEW ORLEANS CATTLE MARKET.

JEFFERSON CITY,
Wednesday Evening, April 3, 1850.

Arrived to-day per steamer Boston, 9 Beeves and 416 Sheep.

PRICES.—*Beef Cattle*, 5¼@5c ₱ lb net; *Hogs*, 4¾@5¼c ₱ lb; *Sheep*, $—@$5 00 per head; *Milch Cows*, $30@$40 ₱ head; *Calves*, 5½@12½c ₱ lb net.

PORT OF NEW ORLEANS.

Latitude 29°57' 30" N.—Longitude 90° W.—in Time, 6h.

Cleared Yesterday.

Br. ship Sir Charles Napier, Webster, Liverpool.
Br. ship Arab, Lewis, Liverpool. Holmes & Mills
Br. bark Peltonia, Hughes, Liverpool. J. W. Andrews & Co
Brig Lancet, Philbrook, Montego Bay and Falmouth, Ja., J. Bowman
Brig Kedron, Casey, Bilboa. J. Alexander
Schr. Cerah, Porter, Apalachicola. Leckie, Roberts & Co
Schr. Martha, Hall, Antigua, W. I., Wm. Burgess & Co

Arrived Yesterday.

Bark J. W. Dyer, Dyer, 23 days from New York, to Toby & Bogert—1st mt.
Brig Thos. Walter, Washman, 17 days from Philadelphia, to O. Wickham—1st mt.
Brig Ellis, Mills, 6 days from Key West, in ballast, to master—Point.
Schr. Gazelle, Witcher, 4 days from Apalachicola, in ballast, to master—Point.
Schr. Sylvester Gester, Rowe, from Campeachy, 25th ult., to B. Fernandez—1st mt.

STEAMBOATS.

Caddo, Graham, from Red River—329 bales cotton.
Hecla, Dalzoon, from Grand Ecore—132 bales cotton.
Gertrude, Finch, from Louisville.
Oregon, Montgomery, from Louisville—52 bales cotton.
Concordia, Frost, from Memphis—954 bales cotton.
California, Reynolds, from Mobile.
F. M. Streck, Streck, from Lafourche.
Mobile, Sutton, from Mobile.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—TWO SQUARES OF GROUND in Boulogne, one of them on the river and the other adjoining in the rear.

A Square of high Ground

in Lafayette.

Country Residence

to consist of a Dwelling and several acres of Land, not exceeding two miles from New Orleans.

House and Lot

at Bay St. Louis.

T. D. BAILES, Broker,
mh20 117 Common street.

INFORMATION WANTED—Of the person who discharged a trunk from Louisville, per Steamer FOREST LEAF, or the Drayman who received TWO BOXES MERCHANDISE from *Tutterton's Warehouse*, on the 14th November, marked K. H., AUGUSTA, Ga.; the trunk having been delivered by mistake. Any information given to the undersigned, by any person who may have received said Boxes, will be thankfully received and liberally rewarded by [1d3] R. M. HARRISON & CO., 14 Gravier st.

FOUND—A small sum of MONEY, which the owner can have by applying, to
mh25 S. WOLFF, 25 Gravier st.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF UNDERWRITERS,
New Orleans, March 23, 1850.

REWARD.—$1000 Reward will be paid by this board for the conviction of any free person of mature age, and $500 for the conviction of any slave, who may have been concerned, either principally or accessorily, in setting fire to any building or buildings in this city or in Lafayette.
mh25 W. CHAMBERS, Secretary.

BOARDING HOUSE FOR SALE—The *Lease, Furniture and Fixtures* of a BOARDING HOUSE, with bath room and all other conveniences attached; with a fine run of business—having 16 present 540 Boarders. For sale on reasonable terms, the proprietor being desirous of retiring from the business. For further information apply at this office.

BOARDING.

A LADY AND GENTLEMAN and two or three Single Gentlemen, can obtain board in a private family upon the most reasonable terms—$4 50 per week—by early application at No 228 GRAVIER STREET, between Circus and St. John streets.
mh18 3m

FOR HIRE—Two COLORED BOYS, good Cooks or *Waiters*, suitable for Hotels, Boarding Houses or Restaurants, will be hired on reasonable terms, by applying to
mh 17 HYDE & OGLESBY, 12 Poydras st.

COGNAC BRANDY—20 half pipes and 20 qr. casks Martell & Co's superior Cognac Brandy, landing ex ship Bothnia, from Bordeaux, for sale in bond.
mh25 S. WOLFF, 25 Gravier st.

SALT FOR SALE—The cargo of the bark Astoria, 1400 tons, Liverpool, 448 tons, in 4480 sacks of Coarse Salt; 45 tons in 550 sackes of Fine Salt.
mh18 KLINGENDER & CO. 23 St. Charles st.

LIME—Cargoes brig Lothers and Schooner Ceylon, now landing and for sale by
HAYMAN & HOLDEN,
mh16 No. 98 Magazine street and 11 Red Stores.

RICE.—91½ casks prime Carolina, landing from brig Foster, Capt. Lovett; for sale by
ap3 BARELLI & CO., 61 Common st.

RICE.—92 casks prime Carolina, landing ex brig Foster, Capt. Baker; for sale by
ap3 BARELLI & CO., No. 61 Common st.

RAISINS.—300 boxes, in layers, landing ex ship Silas R. Holmes; for sale by
ap3 BARELLI & CO., No. 61 Common st.

LIME—1200 barrels fresh Thomaston Lime, in store and landing, for sale by
ap3 6t JOHN STROUD & CO. 146 Common st.

CEMENT—100 bbls. Denman's and Nelson & Brown's Rosendale Cement, for sale by
ap3 6t JOHN STROUD & CO. 146 Common st.

PLASTER OF PARIS—600 bbls. Wotherspoon's Calcined Plaster, for sale by
ap3 6t JOHN STROUD & CO. 146 Common st.

AUCTION SALES.

J. A. BEARD, Auctioneer.

☞ Sales Room for the Season—Gloves, Hosiery and other Stocks, Tuesdays and Thursdays; Hat Stocks, Wednesdays and Saturdays, at 10 o'clock, at Banks Arcade; General sales, intermediate days. ☞ Office No. 16 Banks Arcade Passage.

AUCTION NOTICE.

COPARTNERSHIP.—The subscribers have this day formed a Copartnership under the name and firm of CARMAN & CO., for the purpose of transacting a General AUCTION BUSINESS
mh25 3m [signed] JAMES L. CARMAN.
[signed] D. I. RICARDO.

Groceries.....Provisions.....and Liquors.

BY SYKES, HYDE & CO.

THIS DAY, Thursday, April 4, at half-past 10 o'clock—Will be sold, at their store on shore, 81 Magazine street:
52,000 Havana Cigars. 100 boxes Tobacco;
300 bags Rio and Havana Coffee.
60 13 lb. chests Tea; 400 boxes Raisins;
50 baskets Oil; 125 cases Claret Wine;
50 qr. cask pipes French Brandy;
25 bbls Jamaica Brandy; 10 bbls. Gin
8 pipes pure Bedford Gin; 18 bbls. Whisky;
100 boxes Soap; 100 do. Pipes;
50 baskets Champagne Wine;
50 kegs Madeira Wine;
Hams, Sides, Shoulders, Beef, etc. etc.
Also, for account of whom it may concern—
161 cases Painted Pails. 10 dozen Brooms;
1 case Dry Goods, 1 do. Hardware; 1 do. Sun, slightly damaged.
ap4

Cotton.....Cotton.....Cotton.

BY SYKES, HYDE & CO.

THIS DAY, Thursday, April 4, at 5 o'clock—Will be sold, at the Factors Fund, for account of whom it may concern—
45 bales Cotton, damaged.
Immediately after, at the Shippers Press—
18 bales Cotton, damaged.
Immediately after, at the Alabama Press—
5 bales Cotton, damaged.
ap4

Catalogue Sale.....of.....Dry Goods.

BY F. H. PETITPAIN.

THURSDAY, April 4, at 10 o'clock—Will be sold at his Auction Room, No. 8 Carondelet street—
125 packages and lots of Seasonable GOODS, such as French Fancy Linen Drills, Bell Curtain Damasks, Fancy Cotton Foulard Handkerchiefs, Embroidered Curtains, Muslins, Linen Checks Bonnet Ribbons, Linen Cambrics, Linen Cotton Undersleeves and Bosoms, Linen Towels, Linen Table Sets, Shirting Linens, Cotton Checks, Brass Buttons, Mattress Handkerchiefs, Embroidered Collars, Laces, Linen Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Silk Fashions, Printed Lawns and Organdies, Ginghams, etc.

Also—

DOMESTIC GOODS, such as Bleached and Brown Cottons, Stripes, Ticks, Osnaburgs, Denims, Cottonades, etc.

Terms liberal at sale.

☞ Catalogues will be ready, and Goods can be examined early the morning of sale. ap3

Boots, Brogans, Ladies' and Children's shoes. For account whom it may Concern.

BY SYKES, HYDE & CO.

FRIDAY, April 5 at half past 11 o'clock—Will be sold, at their Auction store, 81 Magazine street, by order and under the inspection of the Port Warden—a Consignment of which it may concern—
190 cases BOOTS, BROGANS, Ladies' and Children's SHOES; slightly damaged on board ship Nathaniel Kimball from Boston to this p. ts. Terms—cash.
ap4

Window Glass.....Window Glass.

BY SYKES, HYDE & CO.

FRIDAY, March 8, at 11 o'clock—Will be sold at their Auction store, 81 Magazine st. ear—
1000 boxes WINDOW GLASS, 8x10, 10x12, 10x14, 12x18, 12x20, 14x20, 14x22, 15x20, 16x18, 16x20, 16x24, 18x20, 20x24, 20x30, 24x30.
Terms—$200, cash; $200 to $300, 90 days; over $300, four months for approved paper.
ap3

AMUSEMENTS.

PLACIDE'S VARIETIES.

BOXES and Parquette, 75 cents; Upper Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. Doors open at 7 o'clock. Performance will commence at half-past 7 precisely. THIS EVENING, Thursday, April 4, will be performed, the Petite opera of

THE PET OF THE PETTICOATS.

Chevalier St. Pierre.....Mr. C. Howard
Jeff.....Mr Holland
Lucette.....Mr. T. Placide
Fifi.....with Songs.....Mrs. C. Howard

To be followed by

GRAND DIVERTISEMENT,

To conclude with the new Romantic Burlesta entitled

THE SERPENT QUEEN. Or, The Nymphs of the Rhine.

Queen.....Mrs. C. Howard
Unique.....A Mermaid of Honor.....Mrs. J. Inman
Sir Rupert.....Mr. Inman
Tit-mouse.....Mr. George Bell.

ORLEANS THEATRE.

ORLEANS STREET, between Royal and Bourbon streets.

THURSDAY EVENING, April 4, 1850, will be performed the second time, Meyerbeer's celebrated Grand Opera, in five acts and nine tableaux, entitled

THE PROPHET.

Performers, Messrs. Poultier and Bevan; Mesdms. Downe and Bedia.

☞ Libretto of "The Prophet" price at the B x office.

☞ Performance will commence at half-past 7 o'clock.

EXTRAORDINARY AND AMUSING.

THEOPHILUS FISKE will exhibit his Series of Lectures and Experiments in Chemistry, at ARMORY HALL, this Evening, Friday and Saturday, upon the newly discovered Science of Aerobiology. Persons from among the audience will be entirely cured of all their infirmities, they will be made to forget the ills of life, sorrows and troubles, pain away to them will be made to seem like sponge, honey, milk, sarsaparilla, brandy, etc. All it is will be demonstrated to be a perfectly wholesome and scientific amusement. The wonderful remedial agent has effected the most astonishing cures of Palsy, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, and nervous diseases generally.

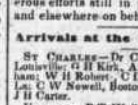
☞ Lecture to commence at half-past 7 o'clock.—Tickets 25 cents. A Gentleman and Two Ladies, One Dollar. Eight Tickets for 25 cents.—Children, Half Price.
mh24 3t

RACE.....RACE.....RACE.

GREAT FIRST HURDLE RACE, OVER THE BINGAMAN COURSE, Algiers—SUNDAY, April 7, 1850—Purse $250—$2 50 to the second, $100 to the third man. Distance 2 miles, over 10 Hurdles, 3 feet high. This Purse is free for all Jockeys, Amateurs and Amateur Dog, giving all who start to the Race 200 yards at the commencement of the Course, and entitled to be weighed with the proprietors on the Course, previous to riding, April 5, at 3 o'clock, P. M.—Race to come off at half past 2 o'clock.

☞ Entrance to Gate and Stands, 25 cents.
ap3 GLASS & CO. Proprietors.

Capt. Dan Hickok's First Spring Regatta



will take place on TUESDAY, April 16, 1850—To be a Triangular Race—Starting point opposite the Lake House—Distance 16 miles.—The Course will be divided into three equal Legs, for Four Classes, from 25 feet to 28 feet.

Two appropriate prizes, consisting of silver plate, will be awarded to the first and second boats of each class.

The Fourth and second Class free for all pleasure yachts. The Third Class free for any sailing everyday fore and aft rigs, except sloops.

Entrance—First Class, $3 Second Class, $2; Third Class, $1. The Regatta to be conducted under the rules and regulations of the Southern Yacht Club.

N B—Entries must be made in writing, addressed to Capt. Dan Hick ok, and delivered at the Office, or left on the bar of the Veranda before 5 o'clock, P. M., the 16th of April, when positions will be drawn for. Boats entering after that time will have to take position in rear, to the of so in which they are entered.
ap3

E. J. COXE & CO., DRUGGISTS, Corner of *Magazine and Perdido streets*, are prepared to offer, at reduced prices, cute orders for Planters, Country Physicians and Families. Every article warranted genuine.....Dr. E. J. COXE'S Celebrated Cordial, extensively used for ten years, and recommending themselves by their effects:

SOUTHERN COUGH SYRUP—An unequalled remedy for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, etc.

EXTRACT OF COPAIVA, SARSAPARILLA AND CUBEBS—A certain and agreeable cure. Preferable to the Copaiba or any other extract.

TONIC EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA AND TARAXACUM—The strongest preparation that can be prepared for the effect conclusive.

BALSAM OF NAPHTHA, TAR, LIVERWORT, etc. For the cure of Consumption and Bronchitis.

LOUISIANA VERMIFUGE, RHEUMATIC LINIMENT.

TONIC AGUE SYRUP and PILLS. ap6 1y3dp

HOUSES FOR CALIFORNIA.

ALFRED MASON, *Builder of Portable Houses, etc. etc.*—Houses of good structure and material will be furnished by A. M. on reasonable terms.

He will leave for San Francisco about the middle of April next, and will attend to the erection of the same if required. A portion of the money can be made payable in San Francisco. ☞ Orders left with C. W. MURRAY, No. 91 Magazine street, where plans can be seen, will meet with prompt attention. Premises on St. Charles street, opposite the Commercial Exchange. mh 1m

FOR SALE—*On account of Early Departure*—The FURNITURE (all new) of a Genteel BOARDING HOUSE, adapted to accommodate 40 Lodgers (there being now between 30 and 40 in the house,) together with unexpired LEASE; being in an appropriate and very valuable location. A moderate capital and qualified for the business will find this an opportunity to secure one of the greatest bargains ever offered in New Orleans; for cash or approved city paper. Possession given immediately.
mh23 12t THOS. D. BAILES, Broker, 117 Common st.

CALIFORNIA HOUSES.

CALIFORNIA HOUSES—PORTABLE—built with dispatch. Also, NEGRO QUARTERS, cheap and good. Apply to A. LEVY, Shipwright, Shipyard adjoining Ship Yard of CARPENTERING WORK and JOBBING is done. 211 ST. CHARLES street, near Julia.
ap3d 1y

☞ Orders from the Country promptly attended to

CALIFORNIA HOUSES.

CALIFORNIA HOUSES—Is constructing elegant PORTABLE FRAME HOUSES, suitable for California. Any number of Portable Houses of such dimensions as may be required, can be furnished at the shortest notice, on reasonable terms. A few Houses of 20 by 40 feet, for Stores, two Stories high, to which the attention of California emigrants is called, as they will be indispensable to the country, and be promptly attended to, when accompanied by cash or a city guarantee. A credit of 6 months will be given for approved paper.

Apply to T. D. BAILES, 117 Common street, and California Building Establishment, corner Benjamin and New Levee streets, in the immediate vicinity of the shipping and Ship Yards, at the Workshop, 219 Carondelet street, will meet with prompt attention. mh13 1f

HARDWARE AND IRON STORES.

No. 89 and 91 CAMP STREET.

PRIESTLY & BEIN, *Importers and Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Hardware*, Cutlery, Iron, Nails, Plates, etc., thank their friends for their very liberal patronage. The quality and prices of their goods, and their prompt attention to all orders received, will, they hope, secure to them a continuance of their favors. By arrivals from European and Northern ports they are constantly receiving fresh supplies, carefully selected, of every thing in their line, and can confidently invite the attention of purchasers to their large and well assorted stock, of which the following is a part, viz:

English Refined Iron, round, square and flat—700 tons;
Best Cable ..... —100 tons;
" Pennsylvania ..... —100 tons;
" " Boi