NEW ORLEANS:

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 3, 1850.

HEALTH OF NEW ORLEANS.—The report of the Board of Health shows but 152 deaths, during the past week, in Lafayette and New Orleans combined. Of these, sixty, it will be seen by the subjoined list, were under 10 years of age; 41 were colored; and 18 resulted from casualties, intemperance and old age—leaving a mortality of only 93, among the white population, above the age of childhood. The official report furnishes us the following statement:

Apoplexy	2	Dysentery	6
Bronchitis	1	Diarrhœa infantum	1
Brain, dropsy of	1	Gastritis	1
" congestion of	1	Gout colitis	1
" inflammation of	1	Hypertrophy	1
Convulsions	1	Congestion	1
Cholera	8	Fever, remittent	3
Cholera morbus	1	" typhoid	4
Cholera infantum	2	Typhus	1
Consumption	11	Gastric remittent	1
Cholitis	1	Hepatitis	1
Drowned	1	Hydrothorax	1
Diarrhœa	1	Heart, hypertrophy	1
Debility	1	Intemperance	1
Dentition	2	Marasmus	3
Measles	2	Old age	1
Pneumonia	1	Paralysis	1
Rheumatism	1	Scarlatina	1
Suicide	1	Sunstroke	1
Tetanus	2	Tumor	1
Tic douloureux	1	Tympanites	1
Ulceration	1	Unknown	1

Of which 21 were colored; 93 under 10 years.

DANGEROUS ASSAULT.—Robert McGovern was arrested yesterday on the complaint of N. S. Sigmon, who charges the defendant with wounding him with a knife.

TAKING A SHIP.—David McFarlin and Edward Davis, stand charged with being in possession of a skiff belonging to Mr. Quinn. Recorder Caldwell will inquire into the facts.

A VAGRANT.—John Nichols, on the charge of having no local habitation, was taken into custody, and will be examined by Recorder Genois.

FIRE LAST NIGHT.—Two three story brick buildings were partly destroyed by fire last night on the Levee, between St. Joseph street and St. Mary's market. The upper portions of the tenements were burned—the buildings were both occupied as clothing stores.

FIRE.—A two story frame building was consumed on Monday morning, about 4 o'clock, above the Gretna Ferry Landing, Lafayette. Loss, $1000. The property was owned by J. G. Myers. The house was vacant at the time.

THIRD MUNICIPALITY—*Recorder Sessions.*—We found nothing yesterday worthy of comment before this Court. A few petty assaults, and noisy disturbances of the peace, made up the docket.

FOR TRIAL.—Lotitia Parker and Ellen Damian, having done grievous injury to the personal charms of Jane Turner, by an assault upon her person, at the corner of Franklin and Customhouse streets, were required to give bail yesterday by Recorder Genois, for their appearance for trial before the Criminal Court.

ARREST OF VICTOR COLLINS.—Louis, alias Collins, who stands charged with stealing the package of $2200 from the clerk's office of the steamer Latona, and who it was alleged, was hurried away by Boyer and Joseph Martin, has been brought back to this city, having been arrested at Baltimore by officer Boullon. Martin and Boyer, it will be remembered, caused the arrest of Collins—claimed the money in his possession, and after having received $1900, procured the release of the prisoner, and under the personal direction of Boyer Collins was shipped off from the city. A few days developed this conspiracy, brought the culprits to condign punishment, and enabled the officers of justice to secure the guilty parties. The description of the funds found in the possession of Collins, agreed with the statement by the rightful owner, Dr. Damien, and the confession of Collins, has we understand, fixed the guilt of Martin and Boyer. The case will be examined before Recorder Genois.

RECORDER'S COURT—*Second Municipality.*—Charles Dewitt and Andrew Melville were examined on the charge of stealing a valuable diamond ring, and other valuable property, from Mrs. Eliza McLaughlin. The evidence showed that due of the prisoners was lodging at the house of complainant, No. 195 New Levee, and finding that her husband had gone over the Lake for a few days, he brought his companion to the house to aid his schemes. On Monday last, while Mrs. McLaughlin was at market, the accused broke into her room and obtained a clasp watch $100, a gold chain, and a small sum of money. A large amount was known by the thieves to be on the premises, but they could not find it wherabouts. While they were searching for more booty, Mrs. McLaughlin returned, found out their purpose, and, pistol in hand, guarded the only avenue of escape until assistance could be procured, and the thieves taken into custody. The accused were sent before the Criminal Court for trial.

Louis Frank and Dorf ins, charged with receiving property known to have been stolen from the store of Clark & Allison, were discharged—the accusation being withdrawn.

Thomas Daley was sent before the First District Court on the charge of stealing a bed key from Joseph B. Hubbard, at the corner of Chouz and Perdido streets.

RECORDER'S COURT—*First Municipality.*—Officer Kehoe made an affidavit, and affixed his mark, before Recorder Genois, charging John Langlois with stealing a trunk from on board of the steamboat Lowndes, Jr. The trunk was found in a coffee-house on the Levee, and at the same time Langlois was arrested.

Clark Johnson will be required to answer a serious complaint preferred against him by Christopher Hilliard, who affirms that on Monday night said Johnson came at a late hour to his premises, No. 84 Philip street, near Royal, and there perpetrated "fantastic tricks," accompanied with loud and unusual noises against the peace of the complainant, the dignity of the State, and in violation of the ordinance—all of which is set forth, and will require an explanation from the accused.

John Kennedy was brought up on the charge of stealing a purse containing $33 from Wm. Kelly, at the New Custom-House. The accused was remanded to appear for trial.

A. Lion, arrested on the complaint of Henry Hesser, was discharged from custody.

First Municipality Council.

This body met last evening, Mr. Lafourcade in the chair, and the minutes of the last meeting were read. Communications from the Mayor was received, stating that he had advertised the contract for planking the Hall, etc., to P. Shields for $3,850.

A letter from Mr. Willman was received, relinquishing his contract for cleaning the streets. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Various petitions were read and appropriately referred.

On motion, the Council proceeded to fill the vacancies in the day and night police. S. Moody was elected day police officer, and Michael Keehan, Falkenstein, Blangdi, Madden and Lafourcade, were chosen watchmen.

The Finance Committee reported, that agreeably to notice, they had purchased $25,000 bonds maturing in 1854 at various dates of interest, effecting a saving to the Municipality of $2,094. The Communication was ordered to be printed, and to be considered at the next meeting. Among them is one to appoint commissioners in relation to the filling of the Canal street parkway, to repair, ordering the payment of various bills, and the sale of unproductive property, etc., were adopted.

Mr. Fabian, on behalf of the Improvement Committee, presented various resolutions, which were adopted.

Shortly afterwards the Council adjourned.

Second Municipality Council.

This body held its regular session last evening—Thirteen members present. The official report will be published by us to-morrow. We annex a summary of the proceedings:

The Treasurer's weekly report was read, as follows:

Balance on hand at last report	$206 46
Received since	6,042 19
	$6,319 26
Disbursed	3,898 28
Balance on hand	$2,420 98

A long communication from Manuel White, relative to opening certain streets on his land, was referred to the Committee on Streets and Landings.

Philip McGovern, an ex Watchman, again petitioned the Council to investigate the charges which led to his suspension by Capt. Forno, at the request of Aldermen Scharff and Bouny.

A debate ensued, in which it was stated that the Police Committee had reported against McGovern and not been re-elected by the Council. He had been suspended by the Captain. The subject was referred back to the Committee with a request to report, so as to place the accused in a correct position before the public.

A petition signed by a number of prominent citizens was read in favor of the proposed improvement of Canal street.

A remonstrance, by a smaller number, was offered against the same.

Patrick Ward, hose scavenger, asked for payment for work done. He complained that the Treasury was empty. Referred to the Finance Committee.

A number of Contractors petitioned on the same subject. Referred.

Mr. Lawrason, from Committee on Finance, moved the appropriation of $10,896, for the maintenance of the Public Schools for the present year. Adopted.

Mr. Lawrason, from the Committee of Streets and Landings, reported in favor of the petition of the Crescent Manufacturing Company.

The Police Committee recommended the discharge of Kelly, an officer at the work-house, for enticing four prisoners to escape. Adopted.

The Superintendent of the House of Refuge reported that he had "severely whipped" a boy for hiding a chisel, by which he expected to escape. How far this severe whipping of a child was carried, is not stated—but from his judgement of the Superintendent, will be inquired into.

Mr. Sykes reported, that the Special Committee upon the Fourth of July, had not been able to meet the committee from the First Municipality. So the matter lay over until after the celebration.

The Committee on Education reported in favor of building certain school houses. Adopted.

The report of the Committee upon the proposed Improvement of Canal street came up; the resolutions in favor of said improvement were taken up.

Mr. Yenner opposed them at some length, and moved a report of the subject to the Finance Committee.

Mr. Lawrason advocated the improvement in a forcible and eloquent manner.

Mr. Renshaw moved that the matter be referred back, that the owners of property on Canal street, opposed to the improvement, might be heard.

Mr. Lawrason was not in favor of the reference. He stated that the matter had been thoroughly investigated already.

The question was taken to refer the whole matter to the Committee on Streets and Landings, to report after the Finance Committee, in December next.

The yeas and nays were called, and a tie announced. The Recorder gave the casting vote in favor of the reference.

Leave of absence was given the Recorder for two months, upon his appointing a substitute.

PROGRESS OF KNOWLEDGE—*The Press in Motion.*—The St. Louis Reveille gives the following graphic description of the removal of that office, and the mysteries of the craft thus exposed to the gaze of the day:

"At an early hour yesterday morning, the fashionable residents about Olive street and Exchange alley were thrown into a state of excitement by the unexpected intelligence of the removal of the Reveille office to our new building. Before sunrise, every window and house-top in the vicinity was occupied by curious spectators, anxious to behold the extraordinary procession; and it is said, that at 8 o'clock, precisely, a barber, whose shop commanded a full view of the scene, refused five dollars for a seat upon his pole. The hall square, through which the procession was to pass, was beautifully adorned in honor of the occasion. Among the chaste ornaments hung out, we particularly noticed Mr. Byers's garland of fresh mint, which was tastefully displayed at the door of the Byron house, with the following appropriate motto from Milton's Comus:

"And first behold this cordial julep here,
That flames and dances in his crystal bounds,
With spirits of balm, and fragrant syrups mixed."

"We were likewise struck with the liberal exhibition of elegant rows of small clothes, gracefully fluttering at the tailors' shops, as well as with the picturesque transparency in oil, which waved to and fro, beneath the painter's sign; and we must not neglect to mention the public spirit manifested by the fruiterer—whose oranges and nuts lent a pleasant variety and fragrance to the occasion.

"The spectators seemed to be highly exhilarated; and as the period approached for the procession to move, the cook at the Monroe House appeared at the dining-room window, with his pleasing smile and his brightly polished bread basket. The waiters, too, in clean white aprons and jackets, waited with professional patience for the exhibition; and the chambermaids, gazing over their brooms and dusters with enjoyment, heightened the interest of the scene, as they took their stations in the windows of the fourth story.

"As the dense crowd which nearly blocked up the street were on the tip-toe of expectation, it was announced, at half-past 8 o'clock, by one of the devils falling down stairs with the second volume of Richardson's dictionary, that the procession was in motion, which was confirmed by another devil following with the first volume, and an apprentice appearing immediately afterwards with 'Webster unabridged.' The procession then moved on in the following order:

TWO COMPOSITORS—each bearing a *case of small pica*, and apprentices on each side with *sticks*

ONE OF THE OFFICE DOGS

FOUR COMPOSITORS, with *weekly forms*, surmounted by a beautiful medley of *pi*.

FOREMAN—Armed with *shooting-stick*.

TWELVE GERMAN GENTLEMEN, bearing the *imposing stone*, and singing in their native tongue—
composition as either side with cases
of sonnets and nonsense.

EDITORIAL CHAIR—Carried by two young gentlemen who kindly volunteered for the occasion—young gentlemen on either side
with bottles of bitters.

Editors smoking segars and carrying inkstands.

CAXTON—Bearing his press.

BUST OF FRANKLIN—Carried by a member of the Typographical Association.

SCISSORS—Carried on a green cushion.

"The procession moved in beautiful order, and was applauded as it marched an entire half square. Though the crowd was great, and the pressure, occasioned by a desire to see the sight, was excessive, we are happy to announce that no accident occurred during the interesting ceremony, with the exception of a slight scratch received by the devil in his fall with the dictionary.

"Seriously, for the 'noise and confusion,' but twenther, etc., has led us to make light of a troublesome affair, the Reveille office is now once more located near the very spot, whence for many years have been sent forth daily missives for the amusement of the public, and where, it is hoped, we may still be allowed to call up those peculiar sensations, for the gratification of those who have always kindly received them with favor, and whom we trust yet to amuse and gratify. To all, our new office is open, and our hands extended to give them a heartly welcome."

ST. LOUIS.—Robert O'Blennis, of St. Louis, went to the office of the "Rolling Ball," a scurrilous sheet of that city, on the 24th ult., and inflicted a very severe chastisement on the proprietor—a printer named James B. Crangle. He was badly injured, and, it was thought, dangerously so. The weapon used was a heavy cane, and the reason assigned was the publication of a paragraph in which O'Blennis was alluded to.

SINGULAR PHYSIOLOGICAL FACT.—Transference of vitality, which seems to take place when young persons are habitually placed in contact with the aged, is not a nursery fiction. It is well attested by very competent authorities. "A not uncommon cause," observes Dr. James Copland, "of depressed vital power, is the young sleeping with the aged." This fact, however explained, has been long remarked, and is well known to every unprejudiced observer. I have on several occasions met with the counterpart of the case: I was a few years ago consulted about a pale, sickly, and languid boy, about four or five years of age. He appeared to have no special ailment, but there was a slow and remarkable decline of flesh and strength; what his mother very aptly termed a gradual blight. After inquiry into the history of the cause, it came out that he had been a very robust and plethoric child up to his third year, when his grandmother, a very aged person, took him to sleep with her; that he had declined progressively ever since, notwithstanding medical treatment. I directed him to leap apart from the aged parent, and preserve her gentle pinies, change of air, etc. The recovery was rapid. But it is not in children only that debility is induced by the mode of abstracting vital power. Young females married to very old men suffer in a similar manner, although seldom to so great an extent; and instances have come to my own knowledge where they have suspented the cause of their debilitated state. These facts are often known to the aged themselves, who consider the indulgence favorable to longevity, and thereby illustrate the selfishness which in some persons increases with their years." Every medical practitioner is well aware of the fact, and parents generally are advised not to allow their infants to sleep with aged persons.

THE TALISMAN OF CHARLEMAGNE.—Many years back "Prince" Louis Napoleon was stated to be in possession of the talisman of Charlemagne:—"A small nut in a gold filigree envelopment, found round the neck of that monarch on the opening of his tomb, and given by the town of Aachen, (Aux-la-Chapelle,) to Bonaparte, and by him to his favorite Hortense, *ci-devant* Queen of Holland, at whose death it descended to her son, the present President of the French Republic."

The Germans have a curious legend connected with this talisman. It was framed by some of the magi, in the train of the ambassadors of Aaroun-al-Raschid to the mighty Emperor of the West, at the instance of his spouse, Fastrada, with the virtue that her husband should be always fascinated towards the person or thing which it was on. The constant love of Charles to this his spouse, was the consequence; but as it was not taken from her finger after her death, the affection of the emperor was continued unchanged to the corpse, which he would on no account allow to be buried, even when it became offensive. He confirmed, even when it continued to be the fashion, the belief in some knowledge of the occult sciences, at last drew off the amulet from the inanimate body, which was then permitted to be buried, but he retained possession of it himself, and hence became Charles's chief favorite and prime minister, till he had been promoted to the highest ecclesiastical dignity, as Archbishop of Mainz and Chancellor of the Empire. At this pitch of power, whether he thought he could rise no higher, or whether scruples of conscience were awakened by the hierarchical vows, he would hold the heathen amulet no longer, and he threw it into a lake not far from his metropolitan seat, where the town of Ingelhum now stands. The regard and affection of the monarch were immediately diverted from the mink and all men, to the country surrounding the lake; and he determined on building there a magnificent palace for his constant residence, and robbed all the ancient royal and imperial residences, even to the distance of Ravenna in Italy, to adorn it. Here he subsequently resided and died; and it seems that the charm had a power as well as an active power; his throes of death were long and violent; and though dissolution seemed every moment impending, still he lingered in careless agony, till the Archbishop, who was called to his bedside to administer the last sacred rites, perceiving the cause, caused the lake to be dragged, and silently restoring the talisman to the person of the dying monarch, his struggling soul parted quietly away. The grave was opened by the third Otto, in 997, and possibly the town of Aachen may have been thought the proper depository of the powerful drug, to be by them surrendered to one which was believed by many, as he believed himself to be, a second Charlemagne.

Official.

Ordinances and Resolutions of Second Municipality Council.

No. 2911.

Resolved, That the Surveyor be and is hereby required to notify the Water Works Company to erect a hydrant on Lafayette Square, for the convenience of the children and citizens frequenting said square.

Passed June 18, 1850. J. H. CALDWELL, President.
Approved June 22, 1850. A. D. CROSSMAN, Mayor.

No. 2912.

Resolved, That the Comptroller and Treasurer be and they are hereby authorized to remit to Bishop A. Blanc, the Municipal Tax on the property situated at the corner of Clio and Prytania streets, the same being now used by the Female Orphan Asylum as a Free School.

Passed June 18, 1850. J. H. CALDWELL, President.
Approved June 22, 1850. A. D. CROSSMAN, Mayor.

PORT OF NEW ORLEANS.

LATITUDE 29°57'59" N.—LONGITUDE 90°W.—in Time, 6h.

Cleared Yesterday.

Ship Medallion, Hombert, Genoa. J P Whitney & Co
Ship Cuba, Robinson, Liverpool. Gifford & Lynch
Ship Geo F Patten, Simson, London. J P Whitney & Co
Ship Kennebeck, Phinney, Boston. G W Hyman
Ship Arcadia, Gomez, Havre. H V Hunter
Bark Alabama, Wall, St Thomas. J P Whitney & Co
Hamb bark 27th May, Lafrenz, Belize, Honduras. J P Whitney & Co
Schr Geo Bennett, Snow, Pensacola. Master
Schr Mystic, Smith, Calcasieu. Wetherby & Hopkins
Steamer Gen Hamer, Rowe, Pensacola. John Harley

Arrived Yesterday.

Mex schr Boteta, Aless, 7 days from Tampico, to Barelli & Co—lst. mp.

STEAMBOATS.

Autocrat, Gesler, from St. Louis—445 bales cotton.
Bale Creole, Ure, from Bayou Sara.
Pastoon, Martin, from Balize.
Rosamond, Price, from St Louis.
Rockaway, Davis, from Shreveport—35 bales cotton.
Gen Taylor, Hyde, from Donaldsonville.
Mobile, Allen, from Mobile.
Jul 1 day, Bates, from Mobile.
Towboat Conquest, Hanlon, from the Passes.

Memoranda.

The steamer Autocrat left St Louis on the 25th ult—in port loading for New Orleans, steamer Josiah Lawrence, Charles Hammond and J M Niles; the steamer Iowa just arrived at the A left.

The steamer Bostona left St Louis on the 26th ult—reports a rise of three feet water in 24 hours, and still rising.

Towboat Connector towed down and to sea, on the 25th ult, ships Ontiopse and Queen, bark Lantaro.

JOSEPH B. MOORE, *Commission Merchant*, No. 107 Poydras street, New Orleans. m18 w

S. P. JONES, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Mansfield, DeSoto Parish, La., will practice in the District Courts of the Parishes of Natchitoches, Sabine, De Soto and Caddo. *Reference*: To the Attorneys of the 16th and 17th Judicial Districts. apl 1 w

HAT AND CAP STORE.
A. BREWSTER,
Wholesale Hat and Cap Store, No. 17 Common st., New Orleans. m30 1y W

NEW ORLEANS MARKETS.

CRESCENT OFFICE,
Wednesday Morning, July 3, 1850.

COTTON—The accounts by the Pacific, from Liverpool, to the 19th June, were received yesterday morning by telegraph, advising us of a firmer English market. With rather sealed to produce no effect, and prices declined ½@¼d. The sales comprised about 5000 bales, as nearly the following quotations:

NEW ORLEANS CLASSIFICATION.

Inferior	8½@9½	Middling Fair	12½@13½
Ordinary	9½@10½	Fair	13½@14½
Middling	10½@11½	Good Fair	14½@15½
Good Middling	11½@12½	Good and Fine	nominal.

TOBACCO—There was a fair inquiry, but we heard only of 99 bhds taken, as follows: 12 A at 8, 74 at 7¾, 5 at 7¾, and 2 R at 6½ ⅌ ℔.

SUGAR AND MOLASSES—The demand for SUGAR was better, and 500 hhds were sold at full prices—Fair 5¾@5¾c. For Molasses there was no inquiry, except for retail lots.

FLOUR—There was but little demand, and prices for ordinary brands were still lower. The sales amounted about 1300 bbls, including 70 bbls Ohio at $4 75, 400 do. Louisville at $5 87½@$5 40, 75 at $5 50, 200 (in two lots) at $5 62½@$5 75, 200 Extra at—, and 100 at $6 50 ⅌ bbl.

GRAIN—The market was less active, and former prices were hardly sustained. About 3000 sacks were sold, including 1400 Yellow at 70, 300 Yellow and White at 70 and 65, and 200 do. at 85c ⅌ bushel measd. Of Oats, we noticed sales of 250 sacks St. Louis at 36, and 400 at 35c ⅌ bushel. Bran, in small lots, brought $1 35 ⅌ 100 ℔.

PROVISIONS—There was a good demand for retail lots at $12 00 for Mess and 49 75@$10 00 for Prime, and the sales include 90 bbls Mess at our quotations. Of Bacon, 50 casks were sold at 5¾c for Sides and 4¾ for Shoulders, 30 casks Clear Sides at 6¼, and 30 casks Cincinnati Shoulders (by auction) at 4¾@4 60c ⅌ ℔. Of Lard, 132 kegs were disposed of at 7¾c ⅌ ℔.

WHISKY—We noticed only small sales of Rectified at 24 @24½c ⅌ gallon.

BAGGING AND ROPE—Sales 125 pieces and coils (in two lots) at 13½ and 13½c.

LIME—125 bbls Western were sold on private terms.

EXCHANGES—No alteration.

FREIGHTS—Cotton was taken for Liverpool at ⅝d for Cotton, and 1000 bales were shipped in an English vessel, for the same port, at 3-16d.

NEW ORLEANS CATTLE MARKET.

JEFFERSON CITY,
Tuesday Evening, July 2, 1850.

Arrived to-day per steamer Autocrat: 40 Beef Cattle, 24 Cows, 210 Sheep, and 260 Hogs. The best quality of Western Beef Cattle is held at 6c ⅌ ℔. net. Of other descriptions of Stock, we quote—

PRICES: *Beef Cattle*, 2½@3½c ⅌ ℔ net; *Hogs*, 6½@6¾c ⅌ ℔ net; *Sheep*, $1 50@$2 50 ⅌ head; *Milch Cows*, $15 @$32 ⅌ head; *Calves*, $5 50@$6 50 ⅌ head.

MAYO'S
MUSIC STORE.
Nos. 5 and 7 Camp street,
Three doors from Canal.

THE undersigned desires respectfully to inform the public that they can always find at his MUSIC STORE a choice and large assortment of PIANO FORTES, at very reasonable prices and on accommodating terms. Among these are Pianos of the celebrated manufacture of Messrs. Jas. Pirsson, T. Gilbert & Co., of Boston, of rich tone, and finished beautifully in Rosewood, Black Walnut and Mahogany, with iron frames, made in the most substantial manner, and all the manufacturers