NEW ORLEANS:

WNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 28, 1850.

Court of the Recorder's Court—Second Municipal—The Recorder, other officers, lawyers, reporter, and all the respectable visitors of this Recorder's Court, were pleased exceedingly to see Mr. Joubre efficient Clerk, at his desk again, yesterday morning. Mr. Jonte looks very thin and meditative a sickness and necessary absence from his ies for fifteen days. He has not heard the fierogonies of which parties have delivered themselvs within these fifteen days. He ought to be thanl that even in his sickness he was getting a respfrom one misery.

RDER'S COURT—FIRST MUNICIPALITY. Recer Genois had his hands full of business yesterd There were quite a number of petty assauhrrests for drunkenness, vagrancy and loafing,il disturbing the peace, which, although we havnt reported them on account of the degraded andcorrigible characters of the parties, occupied a gideal of the Recorder's time. We give bebowery thing worthy of notice:

Odin Leonard was brought up on the charge of fing shot and dangerously wounded Elder Rivs. Celestin Leonard had a pistol and a knifwhen taken. He had three accessories rad, Louis Pecher, Charles Taylor and Voltaire Togano. All of the parties are free men of color. Pecher also had a knife. Yesterday afternoon, Toregano gave bail to appear this morning, but he bail was forfeit-d. The difficulty between Leonard and Rivaros began in market in the morning about some trifling matter, and Rivaros then struck Leonard in the face. Leonard was determined on revenge, and, with the accessories above named, met Rivaros at the foot of Bayou St. John, Lake end, and shot him. Rivaros died shortly after he was shot. The murder having been committed in the Third Municipality, Recorder Genois tranferred the individuals to the care of Recorder Seuzeneau. There were four balls in Leonard's pistol, all of which went into the body of Rivaros.

Contravention by a free man of color.—Thomas Brown, free man of color, was charged yesterday wirt having come into the State in contravention to law. He arrived here on the British brig Telegraph, and has been sent to jail, there to be kept until the vessel sails.

Sam Nicholas, *alias* Nicholas, who is *sum*, ought to have been ashamed of himself yesterday morning. On the day previous, he got so all fired drunk that he lay down on the ground in Conde street, not weeth to scamping, immediately in the presence of his horse and cart. Some persons sent the horse to the stable, left the cart in a yard close at hand, and took Nicholas to the Watch-house. Nicholas, yesterday, was very contrite, and the Magistrate discharged him. He went straightway to make up matters with his horse. He is "*sum*."

Insulting a White Person.—Noma Augustin, residing in No. 182 Ursuline street, made affidavit that, on Monday night, between 11 and 12 o'clock, one Theodule Petit, a free man of color, came to Mr. Auguste Lanusse's premises, next door to deponent (Mr. Lanusse being then absent) and there made a great deal of noise and scandal, and disturbance. Mr. Augustin then talked upon him to stop his noise, whereupon Petit turned on him and grossly insulted him, telling him he did not care a —— for either him or the Watchman, and that the Watchman had nothing to do with him. Warrant issued for Petit's arrest.

Charge of Violent Assault and Battery.—Martha Gaspard, residing in Ursuline, between Johnson and Galvez streets, made oath before Recorder Genois, yesterday, that on Monday evening, about five o'clock, one Gilbert Brouillard came to her house, and grossly abused and struck her three blows on the head with a pair of tongs. And that he drew a knife on her, and would have cut her severely but for the interference of his wife. Warrant issued for arrest of Brouillard.

A Dog Case.—Felix Francois, yesterday, made oath that, about half-past seven o'clock, Monday evening, he went to his washerwoman, in Condé street, for some clothes; that his dog followed him, and came in contact, in the alley, with one P. Lafon, who told him that he would kill the dog, and struck him several blows; that Felix told Lafon not to do it, when Lafon took hold of Felix, and shook him, and would have struck him, had he not been prevented by a neighbor. That Lafon, moreover, then sneed to give him, pedally, twenty-five practical posteriorical illustrations of his ire; that he had a grudge of more than six years standing against him, and would hang both him and his dog. Recorder Genois ordered Lafon to find bail for $500, or go to jail, to answer whenever case may be called up. Lafon found bail at once.

Assault and Battery among Ladies.—A very respectable case was argued by both female and tongues, before Recorder Gennis, yesterday. The parties are well known in the First Municipality. A dapper French lady named Mme. Forney, who can indulge in the pathetic when it suits, on the 21st of this month charged Mrs. Morel, a smart, brushing, business looking lady, apparently an American native, with having, on the night of the 20th, at the corner of Madison and Condé streets, insulted and slapped her. On the day of the affidavit Mrs. Morel was arrested, and gave bail. The examination came on yesterday. The lady complaining (Mme. Forney) had a host of witnesses—enough to have proved all the assaults in the First Municipality (and *that* is not looking to a small figure.) They swore lustily to the commission of the offence. But, lo! when the accused (Mrs. Morel) began to lead forth her witnesses in the Indian file, the Recorder became alarmed for his dinner for that day. They were the most unanimous set of witnesses that ever entered a Court—they all swore to the same circumstances—all told straight stories—all spoke "like books." After the evidence was closed, J. C. David, Esq., the distinguished counsellor, addressed the Court in favor of Mrs. Morel, who, on the moment he had completed his eloquent speech, was triumphantly discharged.

A Steamboat Hand Ashore.—Archibald Murphy, who, like nearly all desperate characters, when caught at their tricks, represents himself as a steamboat hand, was charged yesterday with both vagrancy and swindling. *Archibald* had an *arch* look, with a devil-may-care dash of villany mixed into it, that would be proof presumptive against him of both offences, any where. He was charged by U. Sneizschnaydre with being a dangerous and suspicious character—making no show for a living, and with being in the habit of prowling about disorderly places by night and day, in company with notorious characters. But the special charge against him was that he, the said Archibald Murphy, within a few days past, did "rope in" a stranger on the Levee and swindle him out of $60 or $70. It is believed that the stranger will be found and come into court to substantiate the charge; and, in the meantime, Archibald was committed to the Parish Prison until further examination.

RECORDER'S COURT.—SECOND MUNICIPALITY. There was little doing in the sentence room of Recorder Hale yesterday. Loafers were scarce in the *parquette*, in which they are privileged to hold seats. The outsiders were very few, from the cause, we presume, that most of them are persons who have no relish for labor, and they have seen so many sent to the Work-house lately for having no visible means of subsistence, that they have finedel they did not know when their turn might come, and have gone to some kind of labor as a last resort.

An honest but unfortunate woman.—Elizabeth Kerr, sheept-eyed woman of about 40 years, had her name called for being drunk and making herself disagreeably conspicuous on Monday night, and for being almost as bad as a common vagrant! Elizabeth acted like a philosopher. She got into no passion—used no bad language, but evidently acted on the principle that it was her policy to conciliate the Recorder. She said, as to the "drunk" part of it, she could n't say; but one thing she was sure of, she had not a pleasure in the world, and if any person gave her her liquor, surely it was their fault, not hers. A sharp controversy sprung up between Elizabeth and the officers of Police as to her general character—they contending that she was one of the most abandoned women in New Orleans, and she remonstrating gently against this slander on her character, which was all that she had to depend on for a living. She maintained that she was "an honest but unfortunate woman"—made a hard living by "taking in washing," and was just preparing to sail to New York on Friday. The evidence that she would go away on Friday, the Recorder discharged her. No sooner had she got her discharge than she began to show a little spunk. As she was going out, she sang back, "If I do get drunk, you know it is sometimes a good woman's fault." She was evidently throwing a brick somewhere.

A Drunken and Disorderly Man.—Dennis Gorman, a fellow of formidable chest and heavy proportions, was ordered to stand up and answer for his conduct in disturbing the peace on Monday night. He had kicked up all sorts of *extras* on the street—cleared the "Orleans" bar-room of most of its inmates, and went away to conclude his rowdyism by whipping a woman. Dennis told a plausible story, in which he attempted to turn the tables by saying that *he* was the injured man, and that two watchmen had taken hold of him when a man had him *down*. It was evidently of no use to try to frown Dennis down by showing him the "rod of terror" which the law holds over the heads of offenders. Dennis said he *might* possibly have been a little drunk; but if he knew himself, he could lay his hand on his heart and say that he never disturbed a human being. While he was thus apostrophizing his own innocence, he was taken all aback by the sudden presence of stout "*Jeems*" who deals out the "stout" and other liquid articles, and is the presiding spirit in the "Orleans" house. "Jeems" looked at him calmly, "more in sorrow than in anger." Dennis's countenance showed a whirl of contending emotions. It was a second picture of Hamlet, catching up with the ghost of his father. The Recorder saw through it all. "Can you give bail for your good behavior, sir?" "Oh yes; how much do you want?" "Five hundred dollars." "I can give you that easy enough, sir." And Dennis, good as his word, soon had his bondsman in court.

Serious Assault—Thomas Wallace was charged with an assault of a serious character on Michael McKay. Thomas is a stout, rather well-looking young fellow, whose natural goodness of heart would prevent him from trifling with a man when he had promised to whip him. He plead "Not Guilty," and was anxious to seize the opportunity yesterday to "argue the case," and show that Michael was the assaulter. The officers satisfied the Recorder that Thomas had pommeled Michael so badly that the latter was not yet able to go to the court-room. Thomas was remanded to prison until Michael might be able to attend court.

Another Assault.—John Sullivan, a man with a face as rough as a rasaway, was charged with showing his "science" on the body of Thomas Lennon. The two were side by side before the Recorder, and Lennon has not felt safe when so close to Sullivan's "science," for a long time before. Set for to-morrow.

The Whisky Contraband Case.—Mrs. McAuliffe, wife of Michael McAuliffe, who was arrested the other day on a charge of having knowingly purchased two barrels of whisky from a negro, which he had stolen from the Levee, appeared yesterday to state that her husband very sick and could not attend. The examination was postponed till Thursday next.

George Potier was up again—for nothing, according to his own account. The Recorder thought differently and put him under such bonds to keep the peace, as it will bother George very much to get signed.

Stealing Saddler's Tools.—Lewis Frank was arraigned for stealing a lot of Saddler's tools, consisting of knives, awls, etc. Lewis pled "Not Guilty"—said that he bought the tools from a white lady and had witnesses to prove this. He was ready to proceed to trial forthwith; but the State was not ready and Frank must therefore give bail or go back to durance till Thursday.

Resisting an Ordinance.—John Gerber, the man who sells the best meat in St. Mary's Market, and who does an almost purely *customer* business, on account of his good meat, came next. Commissary Carberry was sworn, and said that he was discharging the duties of Commissary in the market, and wanted to examine Gerber's meat, but Gerber would not permit him, although he showed him "the papers," in the shape of an ordinance; that afterwards witness saw Gerber throwing out, behind his stall, a great deal of stinking meat. The Recorder read from Ordinances of Municipality No. 2, for 1848, p. 302, the following section as applicable to the charge:

ARTICLE 16. If any person shall sell, or expose for sale, within the market aforesaid, any blown, stale, imperfect or unwholesome provisions or meat of any animal that died of disease, such provision or meat shall be seized by the Commissary, and shall be thrown into the nuisance boat, and the offender shall be fined for the first time in fifty dollars, for the first offence, and for the second, he shall be deprived of vending in said market, or of hiring any stall within its limits. It shall be the duty of the Commissary of the market to seize, or with two assistants appointed by the Recorder, and sworn before him, daily to make a strict inspection of the butcher's meat, and of other provisions exposed for sale at the said market, and to enforce the strict observance of this ordinance."

Mr. Gerber's counsel, Mr. Gaiennie, said that that ordinance was a good one, and protected the public, but the Recorder could do nothing with it. The Recorder too, thought so, and authorized the Commissary to take his chance by suing the accused before a Magistrate. Mr. Gerber is willing to be tried any where. He had all the good butchers in St. Mary's market present yesterday, to endorse his character for selling good meat.

Breach of Trust.—Wm E. Goddard, a Clerk in the store of A. Schumacker, on Magazine street, was yesterday charged, on the affidavit of the said A. Schumacker, with taking and carrying away from his store about $17 50 in money, 1 bedstead, 6 chairs, and 1 looking-glass, all of which he sent to public auction, without the affiant's knowledge and against his consent, and appropriated the proceeds to his own account. And further, that on Monday last, the same Wm E. Goddard collected a bill due the same Mr. Schumacker of $20, and played the same game with that amount. Warrant issued for Goddard's arrest.

Breach of the Peace.—Two ladies, both finely appareled, came before Recorder Hale yesterday. The one was a soft, mild, rather round-faced female personage, who is said to be, not like "Fanny" who "seemed younger once than she does now," but can look and feel as fat and fair as she did twenty years ago. Her name is Virginia Bowman. She is rather nervous, and had complained that a little, fiery faced French woman, named Miss Dartiney, had brushed up to her on the 19th inst. with a whole volume of the most fearful threats in French, which she intended to translate to her by the execution of the threats on her person. The Frenchwoman answered the charge in French, briefly: "A lie." The Recorder seemed as much afraid to take her word as Miss Virginia was to take the chance of getting a thrashing from her, and put her under bonds for $500. A brisk, business-looking Irishman, named Patrick Noolan, came up full of fire and fury that Miss Dartiney's character should be doubted, and said he was glad of the chance to go her bail.

Lieut. Charles Petrie.—We learn that yesterday this officer, who has been conspicuously before the public for ten or twelve days past in connection with a very disagreeable examination, was suspended from the farther exercise of the functions of his office by Acting Recorder Sparrel Hale.

COUNCIL OF MUNICIPALITY.

Council of Municipality No. 2.—This body met last evening pursuant to adjournment. There were 14 members present. On motion of Mr. Marks, Alderman Shields was called to the Chair. Some discussion arose as to the mode of electing a Chairman, various members contending for the ballot. Finally, Mr. Marks moved that Alderman Shields be appointed President of this sitting, which was carried. Mr. Shields took the Chair, the Council room was comfortably cool, the audience part of the room was well filled and the body proceeded to business.

A message was received from the Mayor, calling the serious attention of the Council to the necessity of introducing a full supply of water into the Seventh Ward; representing that the people there cannot get along without it, and that the ward ought to be supplied with it, by reservoirs and pipes running through the principal streets. The Mayor likewise called attention to offensive condition of Melpomene Canal, and suggested that the whole line of canal should be boxed and covered with plank, having sufficient outlets for cleansing the canal when necessary. This would give facilities in case of fire, and aid the general health. Another subject to which the Mayor called attention, was the neglected state of the Barone street prison, and he urged the immediate attention of the Council, to put it in a more decent and healthy condition. His Honor enclosed particulars of some sales effected by him on behalf of the Municipality. His Honor concluded by enclosing a memorial from a number of inhabitants of the Seventh Ward, to which he invited the Council's attention.

The various parts of the message were referred, without objection, to appropriate committees.

Another communication was read from the Mayor, saying that, a short time ago, it was currently reported in this city, that the peace of a neighboring State had been violated, and that the Chief of the 2d Municipality Police of this city had been involved in it. He now enclosed the testimony that had been taken in a full examination of the case, held at Capt. Forno's request, immediately on his return to the city, and hearing of that report, and asked the Council's action thereon.

A discussion sprung up as to the proper committee to which it ought to be referred. At length it was referred to a special committee of five; on which committee the Chairman appointed Messrs. Hooper, Sewell, Hawthorn, Renshaw and Sykes, among whom there are two of the Police Committee.

The Secretary read the Treasurer's Report from the 31 July to 27th August, inclusive, showing a balance on hand on 27th August, 1850, of $1471 49. It was received.

A message was received from the Treasurer, calling attention to the embarrassed state of the Treasury. A short time ago, the pay rolls for May had not been paid; and Messrs. Renshaw and Lawrason had given him their notes for over $9000, which he had discounted, and with which he had been enabled to clear all the pay rolls for May, but there was a large portion of the pay rolls for June yet unpaid. These employees of the Municipality wanted their money badly. Heretofore the Municipality had been able to draw on the coming year, but the early embarrassment of the Treasury prevented them from now counting in advance on the revenue of 1851; and, in consequence of this, it has been necessary to throw cash warrants into the market, which are now selling at from 5 to 10 per cent. discount. The amount of outstanding cash warrants was $68,000, and the amount for next month will be $20,000. If the liquidating law should be found constitutional, this Municipality having an assessment of over forty millions of dollars from stores and wharves, would have no difficulty in soon recovering her prosperous condition.

A discussion ensued as to the propriety of the Treasurer making out such a communication, and also as to its publication. It was finally agreed not to publish it, and it was referred to the Finance Committee.

Several communications from Surveyor, and from parties contractors with the Municipality, were read and received. Communications from Lamplighters, discharged Watchmen and the Carman of the Watch, as to one or two of those who had been or ought to be discharged, were received and referred to proper Committees. A letter as to removing manure from a point on Carrollton Railroad. A resolution authorizing the Finance Committee to agree with Messrs Bullard and Rosselius to defend a suit, at the instance of W. J. Minor, was adopted. Communications from Fire Company No. 14, Hook and Ladder Company No. 2 and Washington Fire Company No. 20, all asking reasonable appropriations, were referred to Fire Committee.

A petition from a number of slaves asking leave, with consent of their masters, to be allowed to form a *Benevolent and Temperance Society*, to be called "Benevolent Society No. 2," was read. Their masters' names were not signed but copied at the end of the document. The negro petitioners pledge themselves that none but slaves of unexceptionable character shall be admitted. It was indefinitely laid on the table.

Surveyor's Report was read and created a long discussion. It passed finally.

The Report of Finance Committee also met with some warm opposition, but was at length received.

A resolution was offered that the Treasurer be authorized to borrow $70,000 on the credit of this municipality. It contained some provisions regarding the means. Resolution adopted as offered.

The report of the Committee on Streets and Landings was an interminably long document. These and all other matters of any interest to any portion of the Municipality, we shall lay before the people in to-morrow morning's edition.

Meanwhile, we shall wind up this report with a very interesting memorial, offered, received and referred, last night:

A MEMORIAL *to the Honorable Recorder and Aldermen of the Council of the Second Municipality.*

GENTLEMEN—Your memorialists, inhabitants of the Second Municipality, most respectfully beg leave to show—that they are solicitous for the improvement of Canal street, which will result to the benefit and accommodation of the citizens generally; and in furtherance of those objects they request that your honorable body will take such measures as that your Committee on Streets and Landings may confer with the similar Commit tee of the First Municipality, and devise such steps as may lead to the commencement of improvement of said street from Claiborne street to Metairie Ridge, and that a substantial wooden road be built across the Canal leading through the centre of Canal street, from the head of Claiborne street to the Ridge, which will present to the citizens a pleasant thoroughfare for recreation, and greatly improve the general health of the city; and as this improvement is intended for the benefit of the whole city, we will present it in another view, viz: *The Burial of the Dead*—said improvement passing by the two large cemeteries, the Firemen's and Catholics, and others, (located on the said Ridge road.) will not only tend to their great convenience in paying the last sad rites to the dead, while at the same time such duties can be effected without the payment of toll.

[Signed by a large number of the most respectable citizens of the Second Municipality.]

NEW ORLEANS MARKETS.

CRESCENT OFFICE,
Wednesday Morning, August 28, 1850.

Cotton—The market opened on Saturday with a good demand, and about 1500 bales were taken at full prices during the day. On Monday higher rates were obtained, and during that day and yesterday 1600 bales were disposed of. Our quotations, which we advance ⅛, are nominal. Middling is generally held at 12 to 12½c.

NEW ORLEANS CLASSIFICATION.

Inferior	11 @11½	Middling Fair	12½@13c
Ordinary	12 @12½	Fair	— @13½
Middling	12⅝@12	Good Fair	nominal
Good Middling	12½@12⅝	Good and Fine	nominal

Tobacco—The market has been very quiet, and not a sale transpired on Saturday or Monday. Yesterday there was some inquiry, which resulted in the sale of 78 hhds A and R at 7¾ and 8¼c ⅌ lb

Sugar and Molasses—Prices of both articles remain firm at 5¾@6c ⅌ lb for Fair Sugar and 30@32c ⅌ gallon for Refined Molasses. 108 hhds Sugar were sold on Monday at the above rates.

Flour—Prices continue steadily to improve, but the demand has not been very active. Saturday's sales embrace 1000 bbls, including 100 Fresh Ohio at $4 25; 400 Illinois at $4 45@4 50; 200 Ohio at $4 87½; and 100 Fancy at $5 12½. Monday's, 1400 bbls, including 600 Fair at $4 50; 300 St. Louis Superfine at $4 55; 100 Extra Illinois at $4 95, and 100 Extra St. Louis at $5. Yesterday only 700 bbls were sold, as follows: 200 Sour at $3 55; 100 Fine at $4, and 400 Fresh Illinois (Superfine) at $4 50@$4 62½c ⅌ bbl.

Grain—The market has been heavy, and the sales of Saturday and Monday together were only 1500 sacks at 54c ⅌ bushel for Western. Yesterday about 1000 sacks were taken, including 500 damaged White at 50c, and 500 Yellow (Prime) at 54c ⅌ bushel. Of Oats, about 3000 sacks have been sold at 35@37c ⅌ bushel, and of Bran 1000 sacks at 62½@75c ⅌ 100 lb.

Provisions—Pork has sold in retail parcels at $11 for Mess and $9 50 for Prime. 550 bbls Mess were offered on Monday at $10 50, without finding takers. Bacon is without change, all those offered being sold. About 100 sks Rye have been sold, including 40 casks Sides at 4¾@5, 10 do. Shoulders at 4¾, and 65 do. Canvased Hams at 7¾@8¼c ⅌ lb. Of Lard, 231 bbls Prime have been disposed of at 7c, and 200 kegs, mostly at 7½c ⅌ lb. 100 boxes Cheese sold yesterday at 7c ⅌ lb.

Bagging and Rope—115 coils were sold on Monday at 6½@6¾c, cash.

Coffee—The sales of the three days embrace 2000 bags Rio at 9¾c ⅌ lb.

Candles—80 boxes Star sold on Monday at 12c ⅌ lb.

Lime—Monday's sales comprised 250 bbls Western at $1 10 ⅌ bbl.

Whisky—Market heavy. 35 bbls Oliver's brand sold on Monday at 16, and yesterday 200 bbls Rye at the same rate. Rectified in retail parcels brings 23½c ⅌ gallon.

Hay—A small lot of Western was sold yesterday at $24 ⅌ ton.

Exchange—The demand has been limited, and the rates are generally lower. We now quote Sterling at 109@109¼, New York sixty day Bills at 1@1¼ ⅌ cent. discount, and Sight Checks on New York at par@¼ ⅌ cent. premium.

Freights—1000 bales Cotton were shipped on Monday, in a Brig bound for Liverpool at 13-32d, and a bark was taken yesterday for Havre at 5/8 ⅌ cent. Cotton.

NEW ORLEANS CATTLE MARKET.

JEFFERSON CITY,
Tuesday Evening, August 27, 1850.

BEEF CATTLE—The receipts of Texas and Red River Cattle have an ample stock of that description in market, but Western is scarce. Prices vary at 4@6c ⅌ lb net.

HOGS—There is a good supply, and prices are rather easy at 5@—c ⅌ lb net.

SHEEP—Sell at $1 50@$3 75 ⅌ head.

MILCH COWS—A good supply on hand. Prices vary at $24@$30 ⅌ head, exclusive of Calf, for good Western.

CALVES—A good supply and a fair demand. Sell at $4 80@$7 00 ⅌ head.

NEW ORLEANS MONEY MARKET.

Corrected Daily by W. W. WHITE & Co. 81 Camp st.

Exchange.

Paris	5.5@5.30 francs.
New York, 60 days	¾@¼ ⅌ ct. pm.
New York, sight	par@ ¼ ⅌ ct. pm.
Boston, 60 days	¾@ 1¼ ⅌ ct. pm.
Boston, sight	par@ ¼ ⅌ ct. pm.

Gold.

California	$17 00@$17 25 ⅌ ounce.
American	$15 50@$15 75 ⅌ oz. pm.
Sovereigns	$4 50@— —
Napoleons	$3 80@$3 90 ⅌
English Doubloons	$15 50@$15 75
Mexican Doubloons	$15 50@$15 75

Western Money.

Kentucky	¼@ —⅌ ct. disc.
Indiana	¼@1 ⅌ ct. disc.
Ohio	¼@1 ⅌ ct. disc.
Missouri	¼@1 ⅌ ct. disc.
Tennessee	1 @1½⅌ ct. disc.

Uncurrent Money.

Alabama State Bank	1 @2 ⅌ ct. disc.
Mobile Bank	par@ ¼⅌ ct.
Georgia	¼@1¼⅌ ct. disc.
South Carolina	¼@1¼⅌ ct. disc.
North Carolina	1 @1½⅌ ct. disc.
Northern Bank of Mississippi	2 @— ⅌ ct. disc
Com'l and Agricultural Bank, Galveston	1 @— ⅌ ct. disc.

Drafts and Warrants.

One Hundred and Sixty Acres	$110 00@$120 00
Forty Acres	$35 00@$42 00

PORT OF NEW ORLEANS.

LATITUDE 29° 57' 20" N.—LONGITUDE 90° W.—in Time, 6h.

Cleared Yesterday.

Steamship Falcon, Harstene, Chagres via Havana, Paradise, Law-son & Co
Brig Octavia, Decker, Chagres, Jno Alexander
Schr J. Simon, Eldridge, Rio Nuevo, O Wickham
Schr Chipola, Cordson, Apalachicola, E G Rogers & Co

Arrived Yesterday.

STEAMSHIPS.

Steamship Galveston, Place, from Lavaca via Galveston, 25th inst, to Harris & Morgan—32 mp.

Schr Gem Arcola, Whitney, from Campeachy & Sisal, to J W Zacharie & Co—1st mp.

Anna, Johnston, from Opelousas.

Gloire, Dee, from Bayou Paras—11 bales cotton.

St James, Hyde, from Donaldsonville.

Florida, Gibeson, from Mobile.

Geo Hamer, Rowe, from Pensacola.

Passengers.

Per steamship Galveston, from Lavaca via Galveston—Miss Carroll Mrs Mahaffey and son, Miss Brodwick and servant, Miss Simon, Miss Grange, Miss Washington, Mrs J Smith, jr, and servant, Messrs T Bagley, J A Bagley, Dawley, Peck, Seymour, Preston, Stephens, McGraven, Howard, Gratian, Toler, Quick, Steinbolt—14 on deck.

List of Vessels in Port Not Cleared.

[Note—In the First municipality (designated in the following table by ⅌), the Bar numbers at the Railroad and run up, as the Bar numbers do in the Second, along the Bayou St. John, No. 1 being Flatboat Landing, in the Third (⅌), the one nearest at the Railroad and run down. No. 1 being Ferry wharf.]

Ships.					
Adam	6,m	Union	3,m	Amadora	12,m
Atlantic	3,m	Washington	3,m	Apalachicola	1,m
Amazonia	7,m	Vicksburg	3,m	Arab	3,m
Brutus	12,m	Virginia	1,m	Josephine	12,m
Gulnare	3,m	Walsh	3,m	Maj Ketchum	Point
Charles Hill	6,m			Mariota	24,m
Cornelia	12,m	**Barks.**		New Orleans	1,m
Dungeon	1,m	Abbot Lord	6,m	Patavia	1,m
Elmsor	1,m	Amelia	11,m	Telegraph	LPT
Erie	2,m	Ariadne	12,m	Wm H. Spear	3,m
Eagle	2,m	Fanny	1,m		
Fairy queen	1,m	Henry	Cove	**Schooners.**	
Frances	3,m	Hope	1,m	Alfred Exall	LPT
George Stevens	16,m	John Bird	11,m	American	LPT
Granada	1,m	Joseph Fish	3,m	Ann	LPT
H Vandegrift	1,m	Lucy Walker	12,m	Bro. Jonathan	LPT
Hero	1,m	Millington	12,m	Cora	LPT
Jenny Lind	3,m	O J. Chapman	3,m	Ellen	Po'n
John Dunlap	12,m	Otis	2,m	E. B. Lafayette	LPT
Magnolia	3,m	Osprey	1,m	Fairies	LPT
Mississippi	12,m	Patrick Henry	11,m	Geo W H Harrison	3,m
Orleans	12,m	Robert Walsh	11,m	H. L. Brunston	LPT
Pioneer	12,m	S. Gaston	12,m	Hunter	LPT
Peter Marye	1,m	Sarsens	10,m	J P Sumner	LPT
Ralph	3,m	Siberia	11,m	John Bell	LPT
Sarah Lee	4,m	Theodore	17,m	John Rowlett	LPT
Sheffield	6,m			Oregon	1 pp
Sultan	11,m	**Brigs.**		Two Friends	Point
T. B. Wales	17,m	Adams Gray	12,m	Wm. Freeborn	LPT

FILTERING STONES—A superior art-ale for purifying water, for sale by
aug 17 tf JOHN STROUD & CO. 146 Common st.

HAT AND CAP STORE.
J. BREWSTER,
Wholesale Hat and Cap Store, No. 47 Common st.,
New Orleans. ag30 1y W

OAKEY & HAWKINS, *Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants*, No. 90 Gravier st., N.O. aug1 1y W.

BULLARD & FROST, *Attorneys at Law*, 5 Charles street, New Orleans. 1y11 W

JOHN H. ELLIOTT, ALFRED E. ADAMS.
JOHN H. ELLIOTT & CO., *Commission Merchants*,
92 Gravier street. jul2 1y

AUCTION SALES.

P. B. TAYLOR,
AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, has removed to No. 92 Gravier street, where he will give prompt attention to the sale of Real Estate, Stocks, Cargoes, Damaged Cotton, Household Furniture, Slaves, etc. ap1 1y

LEWIS FLORANCE, *Commissioned Auctioneer* at La Bay No. 81 Gravier st., attend, as usual, and a his usual attention to the sale of Real Estate, Stocks Damaged Cotton, Household Furniture, Slaves, etc. ap1 1y

BOOKS:

ANCIENT AND MODERN BOOKS

To many Lawyers, new and old, rare and scarce, in every department of Science, the Arts, and Literature.....Curious Old Books, Prints, Pamphlets, Magazines, Pictures, Charts, Maps, Music, etc., with a good assortment of Stationery, and the above Curiosities, may be found at the FRANKLIN BOOKSTORE, 108 Camp street, one door below Girod. ly11

Tans, Freckles, Sunburn, and all Eruptions of the Skin

May be speedily and permanently removed by the use of the newly discovered ITALIAN BLOOM OF YOUTH. This exhaustless Cosmetic is an indispensable requisite to every lady's toilet. Its effects are perfectly safe and Complexions are greatly improved. For sale, price 50 cents per bottle, at GODING'S,
corner St. Charles and Canal street.
Importer of Fine Fancy Articles, Perfumery and Sporting Articles

This Lotion allays all irritation occasioned by the bite of mosquitoes. sep22

Recollect!

The Only Depot for the Sale of HALLEY'S ORIGINAL and ONLY GENUINE MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR, is at No. 101 Chartres street. sep1 tf

I. O. O. F.—HOWARD LODGE No. 13—Meets every THURSDAY Evening, in the Grand Lodge Hall, cor. of Tchoupitoulas and Poydras streets, at 7 o'clock.

Officers for the present term:

I. F. ALLISON.....N. G. | N. F. BOCK.....R. Sec'y
R. SAMPSON.....V. G. | F. W. DELSIDERNIER...F. S.
G. B. BOWDITCH, Treasurer. jy6

Masonic Notice.

HERMANN LODGE, No. 82 of Free and Accepted Masons have removed their Lodge from No. 118 Chartres street to the south-east corner of Bienville street and Exchange Place, where their Regular Meetings will be held every WEDNESDAY, at the usual hour.—By order.
HENRY SIMONS, W. M.
ALBERT PIKE, Secretary. au27

MR. EDWARD WOOD is my Attorney during my absence from this city. [jy28] JOSEPH WOOD.

MR. B. B. HART has been admitted a member of our firm. [aug1] E. J. HART & CO.

MR. B. L. HYAMS retired from our firm on the 1st instant.....New Orleans, July 18, 1850.
jy19 1m E. J. HART & CO.

NOTICE.—JAMES A. DANIELS has my power of Attorney during my absence from the State.
SAMUEL WOLFF, 25 Gravier st. jy18

DISSOLUTION.—The Copartnership existing under the firm of RAYMOND & ARMITAGE, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 31st June. W. C. RAYMOND is charged with the settlement of the business of the late firm.....New Orleans, July 20, 1850.
jy20 3m W. C. RAYMOND,
CHAS. ARMITAGE.

W. C. RAYMOND will continue the GROCERY BUSINESS, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on the late firm.
jy20 3m W. C. RAYMOND, 71 Camp st.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—JOSEPH H. PALMER has this day associated with him in the Wholesale Dry Goods Business, in this city, Mr. JAMES H. MASSEY, and they will soon remove to their handsome new store, 67 Camp street, with an enlarged stock, and will do business under the firm and style of JOSEPH H. PALMER & CO.
New Orleans, July 1, 1850. jy3

REMOVAL—THOMAS J. BECK (successor to G. R. R. Stringer) and WM. WALLACE WADE, Attorney at Law, *A Justice Public*, have removed to No. 81 GRAVIER STREET, where they are prepared to execute, with despatch, all *Commercial and Marine Notarial Business*.

Records of Wood & Beck kept separate. mh25 1y

BAKERS WANTED—One FOREMAN and Two SECOND HANDS at Crescent Bakery, No. 108 Carondelet street, immediately.
au22 BROOKS & HOGUE.

WANTED—A situation as CLERK or BOOK KEEPER, by a person who has lived in this city about eight years: the situation of Levee Clerk in some respectable house, preferred. Best of references, having well acquainted with the cotton business, and also having an extensive acquaintance among the cotton planters—having been clerk on the river—would be able to influence considerable business. A line left at the office of R. M. CARTER, Exchange Place, directed to "CLERK," will be attended to. aug28 3t

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD, CT.
INCORPORATED 1825.
CAPITAL $200,000.
J. W. CLARK, President.
WM. CONNER, Secretary.

FIRE, MARINE AND RIVER RISKS.

The undersigned, having been appointed Agent (in place of T. A. Adams, Esq., resigned) of the above old and and favorably known Company, is now prepared to insure on the most favorable terms, against FIRE, MARINE AND INLAND RISKS.

All losses promptly settled here, or paid in Hartford, Conn., at the option of the insured.

RISKS ON LIVES also taken in the New York Life Insurance Company.

CHAS. C. LATHROP, Agent.
Office 92 Camp street, New Orleans. sep1 1y

DR. CHRISTIE'S
GALVANIC BELT, NECKLACK, BRACELETS AND MAGNETIC FLUID,
FOR THE SPEEDY AND PERMANENT CURE OF ALL
Nervous Diseases,
And of those Complaints which are vaguely termed Nervous Debility, weakness, or unhealthy condition of the Nervous System.

THIS beautiful and convenient application of the galvanic principle has been pronounced by the Medical Faculty, and by distinguished physicians, both in Europe and the United States, to be the most valuable Medicinal Discovery of the Age.

Dr. Christie's GALVANIC BELT and MAGNETIC FLUID

Is used with the most perfect and certain success in all cases of GENERAL DEBILITY,

Strengthening the weakened body, giving tone to the various organs, and invigorating the entire system.

Also, CURES CRAMP, PARALYSIS and PALSY, DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION, RHEUMATISM, ACUTE and CHRONIC GOUT, EPILEPSY OR LUMBAGO, DEAFNESS, NERVOUS TREMORS, PALPITATION OF THE HEART, AGUE, NEURALGIA, PAINS IN THE SIDE AND CHEST, LIVER COMPLAINT, SPINAL COMPLAINT, and CURVATURE OF THE SPINE, HIP COMPLAINT, DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS, DEFICIENCY OF NERVOUS AND PHYSICAL ENERGY, AND ALL NERVOUS DISEASES, which Commences with from one simple cause—namely, *A DERANGEMENT OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM.*

In Nervous Complaints, drugs and medicines increase the disease, for they weaken the vital energies of the already prostrated system; while, under the strengthening, life-giving, vitalizing influence of Galvanism, as applied by this simple and wonderful discovery, the exhausted patient and weakened sufferer is restored to former health, strength, elasticity and vigor. The great peculiarity and excellence of this

Dr. Christie's Galvanic Curatives

consists in the fact that they arrest and cure disease by *outward application*, in place of the usual method dragging and physicking the patient, till exhausted Nature sinks beneath the infliction. *They strengthen the whole system, equalize the circulation of the blood, promote the secretions, and never do the slightest injury to sound or healthy organs.* Since their introduction into the United States, only three years since, over **60,000** persons, including all ages, classes and conditions, among which were a large number of ladies, who are peculiarly subject to Nervous Complaints, have been Entirely and Permanently Cured—when the hope of relief had been given up, and every thing else been tried in vain!

To illustrate the use of the *GALVANIC BELT*, suppose one of the persons afflicted with that bane of civilization, DYSPEPSIA, or any other Chronic or Nervous Complaint. In ordinary cases, stimulants are taken, which, by their action on the nerves and muscles of the stomach, afford temporary relief, but, in the end, leave the patient in a lower state, and with impaired faculties, after the action thus excited has ceased. Now compare this with the effect resulting from the action of the GALVANIC BELT. Take a Dyspeptic case, for example, in the worse symptoms of an attack, and simply tie the belt around the body, using the Magnetic Flu