Amusements—This Evening.

St. Charles Theatre.—The School for Scandal—Gay Masquing.

Placide's Varieties.—Barings and Doings—First Night; or, A Peep Behind the Curtain—Divertisements—A Nabob for an Hour.

American Theatre.—Scenes in the Circle—Anxiety and Hungary.

Dan Rice's Circus.—Equestrian entertainments.

Auction Sales—This Day.

P. B. Taylor will sell, at 11 o'clock, at 2 Tchoupitoulas st. Raisins and Cranberries.

Lewis Florance will sell, at 12 o'clock, at Banks Arcade. Shawls.

Byers, Hyde & Co. will sell, at 10 o'clock, at 51 Magazine street—Groceries, Provisions and Liquors.

Wm. P. Scott will sell at 10 o'clock, at 87 Camp street—Furniture.

Vincent & Co. will sell, at 10 o'clock—Dry Goods.

S. of T.—Meetings This Evening.

Washington Fountain, No. 1, at Crystal Forest Hall, Washington street, at half-past 7 o'clock.

Pearl Division, No. 8, at the new Temperance Hall, 96 St. Charles street, at half past 7 o'clock.

....*Tomorrow Morning*....

Lafayette, No. 11, at the new Temperance Hall, 96 St. Charles street, at 9 o'clock.

The Daily Crescent.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL
Of the Council of the Second Municipality.

NEW ORLEANS:
FRIDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 8, 1851.

See first and fourth pages for a variety of interesting matter.

Legal Advertisements.

Now that it is discretionary with litigants to advertise in any paper they think proper, we can confidently recommend the columns of the "Crescent," from its large and constantly increasing yearly, monthly and weekly subscription list, as a most advantageous medium of communication, and therefore hope that we shall receive our due share of them.

Job Printing.

The appliances of our Job Office are such now as to enable us to execute, with beauty and dispatch, every variety of printing in the book, card and poster line, at prices as low as at any similar establishment in the city. We, therefore, respectfully invite our friends and the public to give us a call, when in want of that description of work.

To Advertisers.—The city is now thronged with strangers, most of whom have come to see Jenny Lind, and spend their money. This is the time for advertisements.

Our Weekly Paper.—The circulation of our weekly paper being very *large* and increasing, it will be found to the advantage of our merchants to publish their *standing* business cards not only in our daily, but our *weekly*, which will be extensively seen, and at very small additional expense.

☞ Notice—Tickets for Miss JENNY LIND'S first Grand Concert will be sold at auction, THIS DAY, at the ARMORY HALL BALL ROOM in Camp street....Sale will commence at 11 o'clock.

Meteorological Journal.

Kept by D. T. Lillie & Co., Nautical and Philosophical Instrument makers, 61 Gentilly street.
From January 31 to Feb. 6, inclusive.

Days.	Thermometer.					Barometer.			Rain
	M	N	M	N	M	M	N	M	
Jan. 31	50	49	54	49	50	30.50	30.53	30.53	"
Feb. 1	54	51	61	56½	54½	30.50	30.50	30.50	0.385
" 2	50	63	61	64	67	30.35	30.30	30.30	0.420
" 3	52	58	58	58	58½	30.10	30.07	30.04	.....
" 4	55	58	65	66	65	30.07	30.07	30.10	.....
" 5	66½	70	57	71	69	30.20	30.20	30.35	.....
" 6	51	72	69	73	51	30.30	30.30	30.30	.....

Charity Hospital....Weekly Report.

FRIDAY, February 7, 1851.

Admitted....608 | Discharged....376 | Died....34 | Remaining....1125

Nature of the Diseases of those who Died:

Asiatic Cholera	8	Ulcers	1	Variola	1
Diarrhea	10	Dol. Tremens	1	Int. Fever	1
Typhus	5	Pleuro Pneumonia	3	Softening of Brain	1
Dysentery	1	Parturition	1	Erysipelas	1
Phthisis	2	Exophthalmia	1	Dropsy	1
Typhoid	1	Scorbutus	1	Hydrothorax	1

Henry Vanderlinden, Clerk.

Correction.—In our notice of the dedication of the new church recently erected by that highly respectable body of our fellow-citizens, the Christian Congregation, on the corner of Camp and Melpomene streets, we stated that Mr. Ferguson, "confined his remarks chiefly to the repudiation of all creeds, except that which is laid down in the Scriptures, according to their views. This, we presume, is the case with all other denominations. The only difference is, that all other Christians have a written, and they an unwritten creed."

We have been requested to state that we were mistaken in supposing that the "Christian Church" has a creed either written or unwritten. We had no intention of doing them injustice. The remark was made under the impression that every religious society that has any system of faith or belief, must necessarily have a "creed," in the ordinary acceptation of the word. Webster, who is generally regarded as pretty good authority in this country, defines the word "creed" to mean, first, "A brief summary of the articles of Christian faith; a symbol; as the Apostolic creed."

Second, "That which is believed; any system of principles which are believed or professed, etc."

Now we had supposed that our Christian friends had some belief or doctrines, or creed, which characterized them as a Christian community, and distinguished them from others, but we are solemnly assured by one of the most prominent members of that church, that we were mistaken; and we, therefore, most cheerfully make the correction.

The Sale of the Jenny Lind Concert Tickets.—The auction takes place this morning, and we understand that twelve and a half cents will be charged as admission at the doors of Armory Hall, the receipts accruing from which will be handed to the Mayor for charitable purposes. This is a capital announcement, as it will prevent the house from being crowded from mere curiosity. The Flute Trio, and the marvellous Swedish Echo Song, are included in the programme of the Concert which we this morning publish.

The Steamer Brilliant.—This fine steamer has been thoroughly repaired since the late accident which happened to her, and has resumed her trips from Bayou Sara and the intermediate landings to this city. She leaves Bayou Sara to-day.

Firemen's Charitable Association.—Dan Rice, with his proverbial generosity, has tendered a benefit to the Firemen's Charitable Association, which is to take place this evening. Want of space prevents us from expressing our sentiments in full, but we give the correspondence between Dan Rice and the truly worthy President of the Association, Henry Bier. It speaks for itself:

To Henry Bier, Esq., President of the Firemen's Charitable Association:

Dear Sir—Deeply impressed with the value and importance of the benevolent institution over which you preside, and feeling it not only a duty but a pleasure to contribute our mite, small though it may be, in the furtherance of so divine an object, I hereby tender to the Charitable Association some time during the coming week; and, should it meet with your approval, I would respectfully suggest that either Thursday or Friday, the 13th and 14th inst., be set apart for the occasion. I remain, sir, yours respectfully, Dan Rice.

New Orleans, Feb. 3, 1851.

New Orleans, Feb. 4, 1851.

Dear Sir—In behalf of the Firemen's Charitable Association, the undersigned acknowledge your generous, much pleasing, the unexpected and flattering compliment which you have proffered in behalf of said institution, by setting apart an evening for its benefit.

This profit is most opportune and fully appreciated by the Firemen of New Orleans, in whose behalf I return thanks for the generous feelings which prompted you in this voluntary act may meet with a tenfold return. I would say to name Saturday next, the 8th inst., for said benefit.

Respectfully yours,
Henry Bier, President F. C. A.

A performance will be given at the Circus at 12 o'clock to day, affording the juvenile community a fine opportunity of being amused.

Placide's Varieties.—We perceive by the advertisement of this theatre, that Mr. Henry Placide is to engage for six nights more. This arrangement will meet the approbation of all, and the opportunity should not be lost of witnessing one of the best actors living. Our city is now crowded with strangers, and we are pleased to say that our theatres present an array of talent at the present time, surpassing any other city in the Union. Those who doubt it, should visit the Varieties and judge for themselves.

Spalding and Rogers' Circus.—This fine establishment, at the American Theatre, continues to do a splendid business, and new attractions are nightly offered. The splendid equestrian spectacles which they get up are done in magnificent style, and they deserve the patronage of the public.

The Amateur Race.—The spin over the Metairie yesterday afforded an unusual number of spectators. Dan Rice and his band were there in full blast, and served to while away the time between the heats. The race was won by Cato, after five heats.

Time, 2:30¾—2:49¼—2:53—2:49¼—2:45¼.

The last race was won by Uncas, with ease, in three straight heats.

C. M. Simpson, No. 50 Camp street, is really offering a splendid assortment of fancy goods, many of which we have examined, and must attract, at this fashionable period, when all the world is going to appear before, and hear the divine "Jenny," the general attention and patronage of the ladies.

We beg leave to call attention to the advertisement of Mr. James S. Shaw, Druggist, under the Veranda. His stock of Drugs is full and complete.

The Disposal of the Public Square.—As the Recorder is an anxious inquirer as to the extent of his power over the Public Square, we will endeavor to enlighten him. The squares are for the enjoyment and use of all persons who conduct themselves with propriety. When the rope dancer, the other day, stretched his wire from the roof of the Municipal Hall to the centre of Lafayette Square, he did not ask permission of the Council. When guns are hauled on the square and fired at elections, or on any other occasion, no one applies to the Council. The Recorder should have informed the officer that the square was public, and that no permission was required. His power over the square is sufficient to punish any violations of decency committed within its boundaries. The idea that an offer by a Band to play on the square should be referred to the Council, is ridiculous. When public meetings are held there, or on any of the other squares, we have never heard of any permission being asked or thought of. The power to use the squares is in the people themselves, just as much as the use of the streets. Whenever exhibitions for money are intended, permission is then obtained, because they necessarily exclude the public, and such exclusion can only be by consent of the Council. Common sense should have taught the Recorder this much at least.

Gov. Quitman Arrested, Resigned, and Bailed.—Yesterday Gov. Quitman arrived in the city, in charge of Mr. Fielding Davis, the Marshal of Mississippi, and made his appearance in court, and gave bail in the sum of one thousand dollars. Mr. H. W. R. Hill is on his bond. Gen. Quitman, immediately on his arrest, resigned his office of Governor, and issued a proclamation to the people of Mississippi. Having frequently written against the proposition that a Governor of a State was exempt from responsibility to the Federal Government, we feel it due to publish this singular document. By submitting to the decision of the Federal Court, and standing his trial like any other citizen, Gen. Quitman has reinstated himself in the respect of those of his countrymen who admired his military deeds, but condemned his course as Governor, in attempting to resist the course of the Federal Judiciary. However much sensation this arrest may make in Mississippi, it creates no interest here. He will be tried exactly as any other citizen.

Arrival of Jenny Lind.

The announcement in the evening papers of yesterday, that the Falcon was in the river with Jenny Lind on board, created considerable stir, and by 4 o'clock in the afternoon a large crowd had collected on the Levee opposite the Place d'Armes, where the steamer was expected to land. At half-past 4 o'clock the Falcon hove in sight, and by this time the concourse of people numbered three or four thousand. As the steamer neared the wharf, all eyes were strained to catch a glimpse of the fair songstress. Soon after the landing, Miss Lind, accompanied by Mr. Barnum, stepped ashore, and proceeded in carriage to the rooms prepared for her in Madame de Pontalba's buildings. She was received at all points in the most enthusiastic manner. She came out on the balcony and waved her acknowledgements to the crowd, amidst cheers which made the welkin ring. Her success here will, without doubt, come up to the most sanguine anticipations.

The Jackson Monument.—We are pleased to learn that the subscription list for the proposed Jackson Monument, to be erected in the Square of the *Place d'Armes*, is rapidly being filled up with respectable sums of money; but, notwithstanding the amount likely to be raised in the city, it will fall short of that required to carry out the plan equal to the merits of the object. It will, therefore, be expedient to resort for the deficiency, to all the parishes of the State; and it is to be hoped that public meetings will be called by the proper authorities to devise ways and means for the purpose. We are sure that every parish will subscribe liberally, without regard to party; and that they will invite inscriptions to be placed on the Monument, illustrative of their admiration of the services rendered to their State and common country by the hero and patriot whose memory it is designed to commemorate.

Lyceum Hall Lectures.—Dr. J. L. Smith delivered the fifth of his series of lectures last evening in the above place, and to a large and a highly delighted audience. His experiments, illustrating the pressure of the atmosphere, were of a most convincing and interesting character. The air pump was put into requisition, and by extracting the air from a variety of vessels, the usual phenomena were exhibited. But we were particularly pleased with the experiment performed, illustrative of the pressure of the atmosphere, and without the aid of the above apparatus, by simply causing a portion of water to boil by the aid of a spirit lamp in a tin vessel, having at its orifice a stop-cock, which, while ebullition was going on, was shut, and the lamp at the same time removed. The vapor shortly afterwards condensing, left a vacuum in the interior, and the sides of the vessel were by the external pressure, pressed in, leaving the tin can in a wofully battered looking state. For simplicity and satisfaction, this experiment answered the purpose, and in a way which met the commendation of all.

The experiments, too, in connection with this subject, in which he exhibited and explained the mode followed by the necromancer in removing the contents of a bottle, filling empty glasses with water and with wine, were highly amusing. Altogether, the lecturer and his experiments gave the utmost degree of satisfaction. His audience frequently exhibited their approbation by marks of applause.

Cotton.—The Liverpool Circulars of Washington Jackson & Co., announce the opinion of that well-known house in favor of the firmness of high prices. The weekly consumption for the last year has been 30,633 bales, against 30,511 bales of the year 1849—or, a total of 1,592,920 in 1850, against 1,512,920 of 1849. The stock of American Cotton in the kingdom, 31st December last, was 272,710 bales against 317,310 same time 1849; and the total stock, 521,120 against 558,340, or 37,220 bales less than last year—say a decrease of American, 44,600 bales; of Brazil, 26,520; of West India, 530; Egyptian, 3080; while of East India there is an increase of 37,510 bales.

The import for 1850 shows a decrease of 295,560 bales of American Cotton in England. But the high prices excited the production in other quarters, and the actual decrease of all kinds, is 157,000 bales. We think the time is coming when the Cotton bale will become the standard of value, and all the articles of less importance, as gold and silver, will be measured by the pound of Cotton, and not that by the grain of gold.

Dinner to Col. R. M. Hoe.—The complimentary dinner given by the proprietors of the New York Sun, to Col. R. M. Hoe, the distinguished inventor of the cylinder printing press, came off at the Astor House, on the evening of the 28th ult. It was given on the occasion of the erection of one of these presses, of a larger size than any heretofore made, in the vaults of the Sun office. It is capable of producing 20,000 copies per hour.

Among the company were the members of the New York city press generally, with many of our most prominent printers, type-founders, engravers, and publishers; G. P. R. James, H. T. Tuckerman, and other well-known authors; Henry O'Reilly, of telegraphic memory; Gen. Chandler, of the American Institute; Jasper Harding, of the Pennsylvania Inquirer, and many others.

After the cloth was removed, the Chairman read the regular toasts, accompanied with appropriate music from the band. The remainder of the evening passed off in a most animated manner. Col. Hoe feelingly replied to the toast complimenting him, and speeches were made by Major Noah, G. P. R. James, Esq., Horace Greeley, H. O'Reilly, Park Benjamin, Gen. Chandler, Rev. Messrs. J. P. Thompson, H. W. Beecher, and E. H. Chapin. The occasion was well deserved by Mr. Hoe, and its remembrance cannot fail to be most gratifying to him.

We are under obligations to Purser Pettis of the steamship Falcon for memoranda and papers.

We are indebted to the steamer Bunker Hill for river favors.

The Tariff.—The Washington Union of the 30th says: "The amendment in relation to the tariff was put to sleep yesterday in the House of Representatives, by a decision of the Chair, confirmed by a majority of fifteen, on an appeal to the House."

Arrival of the Falcon.

The steamer Falcon, Lieut. Hartstene, U. S. N., commanding, arrived at half-past four o'clock last evening, from New York and Havana, bringing a heavy mail from California, and a large number of passengers who came to Havana on the Georgia. The Falcon arrived at Havana on the 3d instant, after a boisterous passage from New York.

During a heavy gale from the south, one of the deck-hands had his legs broken in two places, they being caught in the chain cable which was thrown with great violence from the windward to the leeward of the ship—occasioned by shipping a very heavy sea—which also stove in a part of the forward bulwarks.

The Falcon left Havana on the 4th instant at five o'clock, P. M., with Jenny Lind, J. G. Bennett, of the New York Herald, and lady, and a large number of passengers on board.

The steamship Georgia, Captain Porter, from Chagres, left Havana on the 3d instant; the Ohio, from New York, sailed for Chagres on the 4th, and the Philadelphia on the 2d instant.

The Ravels were performing with great success at Havana when the Falcon left, and every thing appeared to be quiet on the Island.

The papers brought by the Falcon are up to the 1st of January—no later, however, than those received by the Pacific. They contain accounts of numerous shipwrecks and a fearful loss of life.

We deeply regret to learn by the Isabel, from Humboldt Bay, (the 6th inst.,) that Lieut. Woodward, who sailed from this port Oct. 25th, in the schooner Patuxent, on a Government Survey, was upset in a boat at the mouth of the Klamath, Nov. 5th, and drowned, with two others, P. Davis, a passenger, and J. Edwards, a seaman. Lieut. Woodward was a meritorious officer and gallant man, whose loss will be felt not only by the circle of his immediate friends, but by the service and the community at large. Much interest was felt for the report of his survey of the Klamath river and the neighboring coast; which he had the talent and fidelity to make valuable and important. This, we fear, is not to be the last priceless life sacrificed on the treacherous shores of the Klamath and Humboldt Bay.

Nov. 28th, the Patuxent drove from her anchors, before a South-easter, in Trinidad, and going ashore became a total wreck.

The bark Popmunnett, Wm. W. Taylor, master, of San Francisco, which sailed thence on the 14th December, on a whaling cruise, foundered at sea during a late heavy gale, and six of her crew (numbering in all sixteen) met with a watery grave.

It appears that at 8 A. M., on Sunday, the 16th December, it being the mate's watch, a terrific sea struck the ship on the larboard bow, threw her on her beam ends, and bursting her main hatch bars off, immersed the hatch in water, when she immediately filled. The watch on deck, with the exception of the mate, were washed from the decks into the sea. The captain and nine others succeeded in getting into a boat, but unprovided with either oars or sail to govern it, food to eat, or clothes to their backs. They had left the vessel but a few seconds when she foundered. At 11 P. M., one of their number, a seaman named R. H. Still, died from exhaustion. A portion of the lining was torn from the boat, with which they contrived to paddle her a distance of some hundred miles.

After knocking about in this way, with a heavy sea running, for fifty-two hours, these unfortunate men were picked up by Captain Hogan, of the Colonel Taylor, and have been safely brought into San Francisco. We are informed by Captain H. that it would be impossible to describe their state when taken on board his vessel, and that, in his opinion, they could not have survived three hours longer. They are still suffering severely, especially the captain. Their names are Joseph C. Little, first mate; James Taylor, second mate; William Spooner and Bernard Keen, boat steerers; W. Baldwin, cooper; C. Perkins, George French and James Roundy, seamen. The names of those who were drowned, we have been unable to ascertain.

In our previous report, says the Alta California, of San Francisco, of the loss of the bark Bostonian, in the Umpqua river in October last, we did not mention the fact that three persons, members of the crew, lost their lives in attempting to leave the wreck. The names of those drowned were Wm. Bell, of Cambridgeport, Mass.; John T. Smith, of Salisbury, and Fred. K. Johnson, of Prussia. The vessel became a total wreck; a portion only of the cargo was saved.

The Sonora Herald states that two Swedes and a German started out from Jamestown last week on a prospecting tour. Having travelled perhaps twenty miles—in a direction east from Sonora, on the other side of the big river, as they described it—probably between the branches of the Tuolumne—they kindled a fire for the night, and arranged themselves comfortably around it. About midnight, however, they were shot at by a party of Indians. One of the Swedes was killed and the other severely wounded in the head, while the German escaped unhurt.

The steam propeller Constitution, from New York, had arrived at Valparaiso, and would leave that place for this port via Panama, on the first of November.

From Borneo.

The San Francisco Herald has received the Straits Times, published at Singapore. From it we learn that the difficulties in Sambas between the Dutch and Chinese are not settled. According to the Dutch statement of these difficulties, the Chinese settlers on the west coast of Borneo, particularly those under Sambas, have shown a decided spirit of opposition to government regulations, and are attempting to carry on a smuggling trade. The Java papers say that a prahu succeeded in escaping the Dutch cruisers and entering the river Sadouw, carrying into Kongsie Taij Kong 25 chests of opium, 50 coyans of salt and 400 kegs of gunpowder.

The Dutch gun-boats blockaded the entrance of the river, and a demand was made on the Chinese to deliver up the prahu, her cargo and crew, in order to indemnify the opium farmer, and satisfy the fine imposed as a penalty. No attention, however, was paid to the demand, and it was necessary to send a military force to the Sadouw. A Dutch frigate and steamer were sent—a detachment of marines and sailors were landed to attack the fortifications raised by the Chinese for their protection. After an indecisive fight of half an hour the contest was ended—for what reason the Java reports do not satisfactorily explain.

It appears from the Dutch reports that there is not entire harmony among the Chinese. It is said that the Chinese of Taij-Kong are quarrelling with and plundering the other Chinese. But whether these are only put out in order to weaken the enemy, and give support to the Dutch authorities, it is difficult to determine. Certain it is that up to the latter days of August, the Dutch had not succeeded in scattering the Chinese and restoring order. On the contrary, at last accounts, the Chinese were threatening the fort of Sambas itself; and not only Sambas, but Sibatoe and Pemangkat would, if it was feared, be also attacked.

Passengers.—Miss Jenny Lind, Miss A H Mann, Miss C C Barnum, Mrs Lotard, Mr Barnum, with twenty-seven musicians, W H Stewart and lady, Miss Morgan, Miss C Cammet, W W Fisher, J T Lewis and servant, J G Bennett and lady, and two servants, J A S Ackles and lady, F G Smith and lady, A Bowerson and lady, A Meweter and lady, G Bacrendan, S A Pizzi, R Westfeldt, Jos Robb, J Lamotte, E Wabebloom, H P Hays, H D Bergeron, A S Norris, F J Crouson, S Woodhouse, U S A, F C Smith, U S A, Mr Humphreys, Mr Waterman, T S Day, D C Duncan, G Falvey, M Gaudy, W F Ross and lady, Dr Lardner and lady, two children and servants, B S Hinckley and lady, Capt Sligram, and Capt French, U S A, P M Kemp, G H Gibbs, A Hyman, E H Reeves, J Hobbs, F Barrier, H Bergeron, Miss Bass, H Sibley, Mr Tallman, Dr Brunen, C W Henry, D Dickerson, J Dickerson, Jas Dickerson, G W Frazier, J Walters, H D Martin, J Gracon, Mr Wilson, lady, and three children, F Aspinall, J B Hodges, A A Covington, W C Wilson, Mrs M Cameron, T Halverson, G A Chick, P C Williams, R S Foster, H L Pearson, Dr Hotchkiss, W Cheavens, F H Mes mon, T C Russell, e W Lee, A Shiff, W H Turner, Dr J B Dubley, G Levy, C P Voise, S P Dulon and lady, L Melinamme and lady, L C Hanman, J Hill, J Nelong, W Nelong, J Engarth, B Engarth, F T Suiros, D Levy, D Warner, H C Benossi, D Ryan, C Ryan, J Ryan, E Jarvis,—and 178 steerage passengers.

From Oregon.—We have received advices from Oregon up to December 4. The Legislative Assembly organized on the 2d, and on the following day elected their officers. They are as follows: Speaker of the House, Dr. Ralph Wilcox; Clerk, Asahel Bush; Assistant Clerk, B. Genois; Sergeant-at-Arms, Wm. Holmes; Doorkeeper, Septimus Huelat. For the Council, the following officers were elected: Chairman, W. W. Buck, First Clerk, George L. Curry; Assistant Clerk, Jas. D. Turner; Sergeant-at-Arms, Heman Buck; Doorkeeper, not elected. The Governor's message was then delivered.

A writer in the Oregonian states that articles of association have been drawn up for the Portland and Valley Railroad, with a capital of $500,000, and that within two weeks nearly $400,000 were subscribed, mostly by persons along the route of the contemplated road. In railroading our Northern friends have got the start of California.

The County of Yam Hill, Oregon, contains a population of nearly 1500.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Robbery.—About the time the Falcon arrived last evening, and during the excitement created by the landing of Jenny Lind, the clerk's office of the steamer Jamestown, lying at the foot of Bienville street, was broken open and robbed of $1700. No clue has been obtained to the robbers.

The Late Robbery in Camp Street.—A man, whose name we at present withhold, presented himself before Recorder Caldwell yesterday, and made a long affidavit relative to the recent robbery of Messrs. Matthews & Finley's safe, at the corner Common and Camp streets. He made numerous developments, which may lead to the detection of the burglars, but of this we are not very confident.

U. S. Circuit Court.—The case of Gen. Henderson was resumed yesterday morning, and Mr. Benjamin commenced the opening argument on the part of the United States.

At 11 o'clock Gen. John A. Quitman, late Governor of Mississippi, appeared in court, accompanied by Fielding Davis, the U. S. Marshal for the Southern District of Mississippi, and the Hon. A. T. McMurran, a lawyer from Natchez, and formerly a partner of Gen. Quitman's.

The Court here interrupted Mr. Benjamin in his argument, in order to receive Gen. Quitman and permit him to plead to the indictment.

The Marshal, having returned the writ of arrest to the court, Gen. Quitman rose and stated that, waiving the reading of the indictment, he desired to enter the plea of not guilty, and he should demand a speedy trial, as he had resigned his office as Governor for the purpose of obeying the summons of the court. He desired to be bailed, and was prepared to enter into a recognizance to appear from day to day until his trial.

The Court ordered the clerk to take the recognizance of General Quitman, in the sum of $1000. The General then entered into bond, with Mr. Henry W. Hill as surety.

The Court stated to General Quitman that it should give him as speedy a trial as was in its power.

Mr. Benjamin then resumed his argument, and continued up to the hour of adjournment.

Stealing Boots.—John Welsh was yesterday brought before Recorder Caldwell on the charge of stealing a pair of boots. If John had taken from a boot store, where there were plenty of them, the case would not have been so bad, but he stole them from a drunken man on St. Charles street, and he was sent before the First District Court for trial.

Dangerous and Suspicious.—Two individuals, calling themselves J. Bewett and Henry Monroe, were yesterday brought before Recorder Caldwell on the charge of being dangerous and suspicious characters—following no honest occupation to gain a living. They were unable to give any satisfactory account of themselves, and were sent before the First District Court for trial.

Fined.—Mat Sheridan was yesterday fined twenty dollars by Recorder Caldwell for carrying concealed weapons.

Recorder Genois' Court.—There was a large number of cases before this court yesterday, but they were nearly all of a trifling character, and only two were sent before the First District Court.

Vincent Berti was sent down for trial on the charge of committing a violent assault and battery on the person of Lucas Cousis.

Julia Wodds was examined on a charge of breach of trust. The complainant, Maurice Steiner, testified that he leased a lot of furniture to the accused, and that she sold and delivered the same to one Cardona. Julia was sent before the First District Court for trial.

Jose Matta was fined $5 for maliciously breaking down the stall of Catharine Frelisch, in the Veztelle's Market.

Official.

Ordinances and Resolutions of Second Municipality Council.

No. 3131.

Resolved, That F. Rodewald & Co. be and they are hereby authorized to enclose the public reserve in front of their property on Race street, between Camp and Coliseum streets, during the pleasure of the Council.

Passed Feb. 6, 1851. J. H. CALDWELL, President.
Approved Feb. 7, 1851. A. D. CROSSMAN, Mayor.

No. 3132.

Resolved, That the Surveyor be and he is hereby authorized to enter into the necessary contract with Patrick Jones, as principal, and H. J. Ranney, Wm. Ryan and Michael Glosser, as securities, for cleaning the paved, and cleaning and keeping in repair the unpaved streets, etc., and ditches of the Second District, for the term of two years from the date of the contract, for the sum of $5980 per annum. The work to be done and the payments made agreeably to the specifications and in accordance with the terms of adjudication by the Mayor.

Passed Feb. 6, 1851. J. H. CALDWELL, President.
Approved Feb. 7, 1851. A. D. CROSSMAN, Mayor.

No. 3133.

Resolved, That the Surveyor be and he is hereby authorized to enter into the necessary contract with Messrs. Martin, Graham, McLanathan and Davis, as principals, and Alden McLaughlin, as security, for the furnishing of all the necessary material, and keeping in repair for one year from date of the contract:

1st. The wood work of the wharves, between Canal and St. Joseph street, at the rate of $5 25 for each new pile furnished; $4 per superficial square for new planking, and ten cents per running foot for new stringers.

2d. The wood work of the wharves, between and including St. Joseph street wharf, up to the upper limits of the Municipality, at the rate of $4 95 for each new pile furnished; $4 per superficial square for new planking, and ten cents per running foot for new stringers.

The work to be done and payments made agreeably to the specifications, and in accordance with the terms of the adjudication by the Mayor.

Passed Feb. 6, 1851. J. H. CALDWELL, President.
Approved Feb. 7, 1851. A. D. CROSSMAN, Mayor.

No. 3134.

Whereas, The property holders on Liberty street, between Calliope street and the Shell Road, have petitioned the Council to have wooden gutters laid down in said street.

Be it Resolved, That the Surveyor be, and he is hereby, authorized to amend the contract with M. G. Almindinger, for planking Liberty street, so as to include the laying down of wooden gutters on each side of said street; the material to be furnished by the contractor, and the work done in accordance with the specifications on file in the Surveyor's office; payment to be made at the rate of 35 cents per running foot, as follows: Two thirds by the property holders to the contractor, who will be subrogated to the rights of the Municipality, and one-third by the Municipality, on the completion and reception of the work.

Passed Feb. 6, 1851. J. H. CALDWELL, President.
Approved Feb. 7, 1851. A. D. CROSSMAN, Mayor.

No. 3135.

Whereas, William Smith has failed to comply with his bids for the contracts for cleaning the paved, and keeping in repair the unpaved streets, etc., of the Third District, and for furnishing all the material, and laying plank sidewalks, adjudicated to him on the 20th ult.,

Be it Resolved, That the Mayor be authorized and requested, after giving ten days' notice in the official paper of the Municipality, to re-sell, for account and risk of the said William Smith, the contracts for the following works:

1st. The contract for a term of two years for keeping in repair the unpaved streets, and cleaning the paved streets, etc., and ditches of the Third District, agreeably to the specifications which will be published with said notice.

2d. The contract for furnishing all the necessary material and laying such Plank Sidewalks as may be required by the Council for one year. The work to be done agreeably to the specifications which will be published with said notice.

Resolved, That the two-thirds due by the property holders on each side of the said street be paid in cash on the completion of the work, to the contractor, who will be subrogated to the rights of the Municipality, and the one-third due by the Municipality, be paid on the completion and reception of the work.

Passed Feb. 6, 1851. J. H. CALDWELL, President.
Approved Feb. 7, 1851. A. D. CROSSMAN, Mayor.

No. 3137.

An ordinance for the establishment and organization of Public Schools within Municipality No. Two, of the city of New Orleans.

This Council ordains as follows:

1. That there shall be established Public Schools for the gratuitous education of children of either sex; to which schools all white children of proper age, resident in the Municipality, shall be admitted, and the said schools shall be so arranged that the boys and girls shall be taught in separate rooms, and their play grounds shall be separate.

2. The only requisites for admission to the said schools, and instruction therein, besides those mentioned in the preceding article, shall be good behavior, regular attendance, and cleanliness.

3. The Council shall, on the second Tuesday of February in each year, or as soon thereafter as may be convenient, elect sixteen citizens of this Municipality, who, with the Mayor and the three Aldermen composing the Committee on Education, shall constitute the Board of Directors for this Municipality.

4. The Board of Directors, eleven of whom shall be a quorum, shall, at their first meeting after their election, elect a President from their own body, prescribe his duties, and adopt such rules and regulations for their own government as they may think fit. They shall meet at least monthly in the Council chamber, or any other unoccupied room in the Municipal Hall. The Secretary of the Council shall also act as Secretary to the Board of Directors; he shall keep correct minutes of their proceedings in a book provided for that purpose, which book shall always be open to the inspection of the Mayor, members of the Council, and Board of Directors.

5. The Board of Directors shall have the management of the schools, elect the Superintendent and teachers, and remove them at pleasure; supervise the conduct of Superintendent, teachers and scholars, direct the system and course of education to be adopted, and prescribe rules for the discipline and internal organization of the schools. *Provided*, however, all the schools shall be governed by a uniform system. It shall be their duty to divide themselves into committees who shall have a constant personal superintendence of the schools.

6. It shall be the duty of the Board of Directors, at least quarterly, to report to the Council the situation of the Schools, the number of scholars, their progress, and all other information they may deem useful and calculated to promote the cause of public education, which report shall be published.

7. In the month of October of each year, the Board of Directors shall furnish the Council with an estimate in detail of the expenses to be incurred for the ensuing year, for the support of the Schools, when the Council will appropriate such sums as they may deem necessary for that purpose, which sums shall be paid from time to time by the Treasurer, on the requisition of the President of the Board, drawn in favor of the parties to whom the payment is due, and on the warrant of the Mayor.

8. This ordinance shall not be construed to authorize the Board of Directors to make any contract involving the expenditure of money otherwise than in accordance with the detailed estimate of the expenses to be incurred, and the sums to be appropriated by the Council thereon, without having first obtained the authority of the Council.

9. That the Board of Directors be authorized, and empowered to declare the seat of any member of said Board vacant, who shall absent himself without leave, for three consecutive meetings of the Board, or who shall habitually neglect to perform the duties of a member thereof, and report the same to the Council, so that such vacancy or vacancies may be filled.

10. That the seats of all such persons as are now acting, or claiming to act as Directors of the Public Schools, be and the same are hereby made and declared vacant.

11. That in the event of the refusal, neglect, inability to act, or removal of the Board of Directors, the Committee on Education be, and are hereby, empowered to exercise all the functions of said Board, until a new election be had.

12. The salary of the Secretary of the Board of Directors of the Public Schools shall be three hundred dollars per annum.

13. All ordinances and resolutions, or such part or parts thereof as are contrary to or in any way inconsistent with the provisions of this ordinance, are hereby repealed.

Passed Feb. 6, 1851. JNO. N. HAWTHORN, President pro tem.
Approved Feb. 7, 1851. A. D. CROSSMAN, Mayor.

No. 3138.

Resolved, That permission is hereby granted to the following persons to emancipate their slaves, viz: James B. Rowley, his slave Rebecca, a griffe, aged about thirty-one years, and her son, Jas. Napoleon Rowley, aged eight years; John Lynch, his slave Hannah, aged about forty-eight years; Maria Hall, f. w. c., her slave William, aged about forty years; Dinah Plunkett, f. w. c., the slaves Henry, a black, aged about twenty-four years; Abbeline, a black, aged about twenty-two years, and Aaron, aged about ten years, her children and grand children; and that said slaves be permitted to remain in the State, when their owners have given the usual bond and security to the satisfaction of the Recorder.

Passed Feb. 6, 1851. JNO. N. HAWTHORN, President pro tem.
Approved Feb. 7, 1851. A. D. CROSSMAN, Mayor.

Arrivals at Principal Hotels....Feb. 7.

VERANDA....W S Gordon, Ky; L S Anderson, A McWillie, H Hemington, E Burges, J D Murphy, Miss M J Martin, W C Barrett, T L Rents, G M Fogg, Dr J D Fowler, D C Lyles, J W Peyton, H R Whitaker, J Gibson, W G Kline, J G Coleman, R Semple and lady, Miss C Semple, Miss M Semple, Miss Randolph, F Young, Miss S G Cochran and lady, Miss; C B Heyliss, Dr Taylor, George Wilkins Kendall, J L Tyson, G Beaver, T Bibb, La; E A Semple, Mrs C Lucas, R C Jones, Miss Semple, R Randolph, F Young, Miss; S W Chadwick, W C Barry, T McBrain, Miss; S M Ogden, A Sabron, B B Mathews and lady, S Hutchinson, H J Harrison, E M Raney, J Pratt, C L Mathews and lady, Ky; J Fort and lady, Ala; Johnson, NO; H D Hopkins, Mc Winchelsoun, Brewer; F Aspinwall, P T Rucson, Miss Barnum, Mrs Lyman, Conn; J Scott, Mo; W W Mathews.

ST. LOUIS....Capt Fosgraves, Capt French, Dr Woodhouse, Dr Smith, J W Fraser, T E Williams, Dr Turner, USA, A Brewster and lady, A Waterman, T Kent and lady, Mo; J M Keene, W C Whitridge, A Adams, James Gordon, Bennett and lady, N Y; F J Burnit and lady, Pa; R Casement, Ireland; A McGowan, Steubenville; Miss E Burges, Cincinnati, Ohio; S T Harrison, W T Bowen, Ky; Mrs S Smith, Miss E H Minter, R A Nicoll, W M Weaver, Dennis Chandler and lady, Miss Chandler, Miss Campbell, Dr J T Dorsch and lady, Miss Dorsch, Miss Dorsch, Miss S Forster, J E Zoeller, NO; J Roach, Mr Kenner, Dr S Smith, Miss; S M Ogden, A Sabron, B B Mathews and lady, S Hutchinson, H J Harrison, E M Raney, J Pratt, C L Mathews and lady, Ky; J Fort and lady, Ala; Johnson, NO; H D Hopkins, Mc Winchelsoun, Brewer; F Aspinwall, P T Rucson, Miss Barnum, Mrs Lyman, Conn; J Scott, Mo; W W Mathews.

WAVERLY HOUSE....W W Gilsey and lady, Miss Gilsey, B S Owens and lady, Mrs F C Owen, Miss Carter, J A Owen, M A Levy and lady, Ala; Jas Bell and lady, Miss; Frank Leslie NY; M Brown and lady, Miss Brown, Miss Kelly, Miss Lyons, Miss Long; Dr Williams, Tenn; A G Wormly and lady, G W Cairns, G L Holmes and lady, Memphis.

WESTERN