Amusements—This Evening.

St. Charles Theatre.—Jenny Lind's Fifty-fifth Grand Concert in America.

Placide's Varieties.—Grandfather Whitehead—Divertisements—The Comedy of Errors.

Dan Rice's Circus.—Equestrian entertainments.

Shade's Hall, Poydras street.—Ethen's Minstrels.

Auction Sales—This Day.

Sykes, Hyde & Co. will sell, at 12 o'clock, at Banks Arcade—Schooner George Arnold.

J. B. Blache & Co. will sell, at 10 o'clock, at 77 Chartres street—Clothing, Hats, Clocks and Commerce.

S. of T...Meetings This Evening.

Harmony Division No. 15, at Orange Grove Hall, No. 222 Tchoupitoulas street, at half-past 7 o'clock.

Daughters of Temperance.

Olive Branch Group No. 1, in God Hope Chapel, Al.

The Daily Crescent.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL

Of the Council of the Second Municipality.

NEW ORLEANS:

MONDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 10, 1851.

See first and fourth pages for a variety of interesting matter.

Legal Advertisements.

Now that it is discretionary with litigants to advertise in any paper they think proper, we can confidently recommend the columns of the "Crescent," from its large and constantly increasing yearly, monthly and weekly subscription list, as a most advantageous medium of communication, and therefore hope that we shall receive our due share of them.

Job Printing.

The appliances of our Job Office are such now as to enable us to execute, with beauty and dispatch, every variety of printing in the book, card and poster line, at prices as low as at any similar establishment in the city. We, therefore, respectfully invite our friends and the public to give us a call, when in want of that description of work.

To Advertisers.—The city is now thronged with strangers, most of whom have come to see Jenny Lind, and spend their money. This is the time for advertisements.

Sale of Tickets for Jenny Lind's First Concert.—The tickets for Jenny Lind's first concert were sold at auction on Saturday last at the Armory Hall, and the occasion was one of considerable interest and excitement. The auctioneers were Messrs. Sykes & Hyde, the cryer being Mr. Palmer. The large hall was filled with our citizens, and considerable interest was manifested on the subject of the first ticket. The bidding for this important article was rapid and spirited, the principal competitors being our friend D'Arcy, the hatter, and Dr. Fryer. The former, however, with his usual sagacity and enterprise was determined to have it, and it was finally struck off to him at $240. When his name and bid were announced, the audience gave him a hearty and general cheer. Mr. D'Arcy selected No. 70 in the parquette as his seat.

The sale of the seats, sofas, etc., in the dress circle then commenced, and the prices increased as they proceeded from the sides to the centre, the front seats commanding as high as $20 and $25. Dr. Fryer obtained three front seats, for which he paid $75. The seats in the dress circle averaged about $17, and the sofas about $10. The seats in the gallery and ten latticed boxes, about five hundred in all, were bought by Wm. P. Scott, the auctioneer, at an advance of twenty cents per seat on the fixed price. The pit seats, 479 in number, at $3 for the regular price, were sold at an average premium of $2. The 557 seats in the dress circle, parquette, orchestra and four side latticed boxes, brought a premium of $3588, and in all $6373. The entire proceeds are estimated to be over $20,000.

The receipts of the auction sale of tickets for Jenny Lind's first concert amounted to between $20,000 and $25,000, making the largest receipts for any concert out of New York. The money taken at the doors has been given to his honor the Mayor for the purposes of charity. It amounted in all to $100 75. The second auction will take place on next Tuesday morning.

The Novels of the Day.—Having neither the time nor inclination to keep up with this popular department of literature, we trust to the critical taste of the Literary World, and publish to-day, outside, quite a long article devoted to a rapid review of recent novels.

The "Oregonian."—By the California mail we have received the first number of a new paper with the above name, published by T. J. Dryer, at Portland, Oregon territory. It is got up in good style, and is a pleasing evidence of the growing prosperity of that distant country. By it we learn that the steamer Gold Hunter arrived at Portland on the 1st of November.

The Case of Hugh vs. The Carrollton Railroad Company.—We learn that this interesting case has been taken by a Writ of Error to the Honorable the Moot Court of the Law School. After solemn argument, Roselius, Justice, delivered a long and elaborate opinion reversing the decision of the Supreme Court, and remanding the cause for further proceedings. The motto of the school should be—

"Go it while you're young."

For the World's Fair.—Messrs. Converse & Co. on Saturday shipped on board the packet ship Southerner, Capt. Sullivan, for New York, three tierces of "Usher's Spiced Beef," which is to be sent to the World's Fair.

We are glad to announce the safe arrival of the steamer Mobawk, after the loss of her sinking at Nashville. She has about 2600 bales of cotton on board.

The Autocrat.—This splendid boat, which was sunk yesterday, was the largest of the floating palaces on the Western waters. She has brought 5000 bales of cotton to New Orleans at one load.

The Mobile and Ohio Road is in a flourishing condition. Contracts have been made for iron on favorable terms. The people of Mississippi are subscribing liberally. Property in Mobile has already felt the impulse. New Orleans in the meantime is doing nothing for the Jackson Railroad.

Hon. William M. Tucker, of Mississippi, arrived in the city yesterday.

Tickets for the First Concert.—It will be seen by the advertisements in our columns, that tickets for Jenny Lind's first concert can be obtained at 74 Gravier street and at the Armory Hall. At the latter place, two hundred pit and gallery tickets are to be disposed of.

We are under obligations to the steamers Chancellor, Atlantic and Fanny Fern for river favors.

New Novel.—We have on our table from Harper & Brothers, publishers, New York, through John Ball, Bookseller, No. 56 Gravier street, the "Mother's Recompense," a sequel to "Home Influence," by Grace Aguilar. It is one of the best novels that has been published in this country for a long time.

In strolling around to see sights, as is our daily habit, we involuntarily dropped in the store of our friend Massey, corner Camp and Gravier streets, and found him opening a large and beautiful assortment of perfumery and fancy goods. We were forcibly struck with both their superior quality and elegance of appearance, and did not leave before taking each samples as would satisfy our nicest sense of the exquisite. His stock of drugs, medicines, surgical instruments, etc., is large and varied, and offers to dealers and others a wide and cheap field for selection. See his advertisement in another column.

The Baton Rouge Advocate states that when Herr Ryninger was killed at that place a few days since, the falling support struck a boy named Croft, and injured him severely. The wife of the unfortunate man who was killed is left without resources.

The Concert This Evening.—In order to prevent confusion among the carriages in front of the Theatre this evening, drivers are particularly requested to observe the following rules. In taking company to the Theatre be particular to set them down with horses heading towards Canal street, and in taking up, in another color. By observing this, all confusion will be prevented.

Placide's Varieties.—Our city is now filled with strangers, and no better opportunity can exist to witness an admirable dramatic performance than at this theatre to-night. Mr. H. Placide in *Grandfather Whitehead*, and the two Placides in the "Comedy of Errors," sustained by the excellent company, will certainly satisfy the taste of the most particular dramatic governant. This is the last night these pieces can be played, and we advise all who have not seen them, to take advantage of the present opportunity.

The Philosophy of the Tariff.

The Columbia Telegraph, in a temperate and well written article, presents the usual objections against a protective tariff. The editor asserts that the consumer pays the tax for the benefit of the producer. This is the theory of most of the writers on political economy. We will call the attention of the Telegraph to some facts in relation to the actual and practical operation of the American tariff, and ask of him the favor to publish this article. An intelligent and extensive dealer in crockery and glass, and house ware, who imports and buys also of the domestic factories, has furnished us with the facts now set forth:

In the winter of 1845-'6, it was expected that the *project* of the tariff, called McKay's Bill, would be adopted. That bill, among its changes, reduced the rate of duty on earthenware from thirty, to twenty per cent. *ad valorem*. The return packet, which carried this intelligence to England, brought a circular to all the American crockery dealers, signed by the majority of the English potters, notifying them of an advance of twelve per cent. on the old prices. The new tariff, however, retained the old duty of thirty per cent.; and the next packet brought the restoration of old prices! This gentleman knows of no cause to produce this marked rise and fall, but the proposed reduction of the duty.

Another instance. Under the high tariffs many glass houses had been erected, and the trade was in a very flourishing condition, both in the Northern, Middle and Western States. They had, however, been nearly all closed under the operation of the Compromise act of 1833. The tariff of 1842 imposed a high duty on glass ware, thus enabling the old factories which had been so long idle to recommence operations, and leading to the erection of new ones. The trade expected to be in some degree repaid for the interruption of their foreign trade, which was cut off by the prohibitory duty, by the advance in the price of the large stocks imported on the eve of the new tariff. But the competition between the American manufacturers resulted in a few months in such improvements in the quality and reduction in prices, that our informant's house were glad to dispose of their foreign glass at very great reductions from former rates. To such an extent were these improvements and reductions carried, (under the high duty,) that when the tariff of 1846 reduced the duty to a moderate rate, the glass houses were in a great degree independent of protection. A large tumbler, which in 1842, while we were dependent on Europe, cost the consumer $4 50 per dozen will now cost him $2 25, and the foreign article would not be imported were all duties abolished.

This, too, it will be borne in mind, is one of the articles of general use, and the reduction in the price, is felt in poor men's houses. The fine cut glass, requiring much and delicate manual labor, has not been so greatly affected; nor can its manufacture be carried on without present protection. A third instance, however, we think proves that even the more delicate arts will yet be successfully followed in this country, and that, too, without the ruinous reduction of labor. The instance to which we refer, is that of bronzed lamps. For many years a few industrious and ingenious men in Philadelphia struggled for a poor and pinched existence, manufacturing these lamps, aided by a protection of 30½ per cent. The supplies were derived chiefly from Birmingham. The pride of the mechanic was aroused, and he would not abandon the enterprise. He grew old in the contest, but his son inherited the firmness of the father. Possessed of an ingenious mind, stimulated by want—that best of patrons, he made experiments in the construction and economy in the manufacture, and at last produced that for which his father had toiled so long—a lamp which, in point of beauty and usefulness, should equal, and in price surpass, the English. Soon his business increased, and the Birmingham manufacturers surprised at the falling off in American orders, sent an agent over to ascertain the cause. He returned, and immediately a circular was dispatched, announcing a reduction in the prices. But the American mechanic had got ahead of them in that, and had, in advance, reduced the price below their new rate. They soon gave up the competition. Fifteen years ago, only the comparatively wealthy could use the handsome ornament and mellow light of the bronze lamp.

So moderate is the price now, that the poorer classes enjoy its benefits. The Bronze Lamp on the table of the American mechanic, nightly illuminates the philosophy of the tariff. The *retail* prices in New Orleans are below the wholesale prices of similar articles at present in Birmingham. And but for the British duty, the Americans could afford to undersell the English manufacture in his own market.

The gentleman to whom we are indebted for these interesting details, is opposed to a system of specific duties exclusively, and thinks that in many instances in this business, it would be impracticable; but that a distinction should be made, and some articles subjected to the ad valorem duty.

These facts have come to our knowledge accidentally. We shall be gratified if merchants engaged in other branches of business, would furnish us such information in regard to the philosophy of the tariff, which have fallen under their observation.

These practical contradictions of an ingenious, plausible, but ruinous theory, are forcible of reasoning.

New Books at Steel's.

To Love and to Be Loved, A Story, by A. S. Roe.—New York. D. Appleton & Co. 12mo., 190.

This is an American story; the scene laid in the city of New York and its vicinity.

The Women of Israel, by Grace Aguilar. New York, D. Appleton & Co. 12 vols., 12mo.

This is the work of a young Jewess, whose early writings only make all regret her premature death. The introduction is written with much beauty. We wish our limits enabled us to insert it in our columns. The closing chapters are devoted to the present condition of the Jews. Another interesting portion is the criticism of the Talmud.

Oglethorpe University.—Georgia seems determined to lead off in the Southern Confederacy, not in secession, however, but in all movements of progress—in railroads, factories, colleges, etc. Oglethorpe University is situated within a few miles of Milledgeville, the capital of the State. Its President, Dr. Tallmadge, is well known in this city, where he supplied the pulpit of Dr. Scott, in the early part of the winter. The chairs are filled by professors selected by subscribers from the different States. Thus Alabama has endowed the chair of moral philosphy, and appoints the professor. South Carolina, that of mathematics; Georgia and Florida have established the others. It is proposed to endow one from this State, and thus to give Louisiana the selection of one professor. Another admirable plan is the establishment of perpetual scholarships. The payment of $500 entitles the donor to keep one scholar, whose tuition is paid by the interest of the donation. This is to continue through all time. The other expenses are about $150 a year. We commend this system to other Southern colleges. While we feel a deep interest in the success of State institutions, we cheerfully present the advantages of the Oglethorpe College.

The McDonogh Bequest.—The joint select committee of the city of Baltimore, on the 29th ult., presented a voluminous report on the veto message of Mayor Jerome, relative to employing counsel in the McDonogh bequest litigation. The following extract from the report shows the conclusion to which the committee has arrived:

"The joint select committee on the McDonogh bequest, to whom were referred the Mayor's veto message and accompanying documents, and the letter of Mr. Durant respectfully report that they have given to this whole subject their most serious consideration. They have arrived at the conclusion, from the opinions expressed by the Mayor himself from time to time, even from the documents submitted by him, that the Mayor has been much mistaken in the idea that the appointment of counsel on the part of the city of Baltimore is entirely uncalled for by the circumstances that surround the bequest of the late John McDonogh."

Accompanying the report were resolutions for retaining counsel, etc. The matter has not yet been acted on.

Ice.—The Louisville Democrat of the 1st inst. says:

"Ice has formed across the river, and the ferry boat plies between our city and Jeffersonville with considerable difficulty. The ice crop now being secured is perhaps the best we have had, and is still forming as fast as ever.

"The robber of Adams & Co.'s Express has been found and arrested—a young Englishman, named Charles Child, about 18 years of age, who was temporarily employed on the road as brakeman. Only some four or five hundred dollars of the money has been recovered.

A Miss Virginia Whiting made a very successful debut at New York on the 28th, with Parodi, in "Romeo and Juliet." Parodi sustained the character of *Romeo*.

The State of the Public Finances:

It is with great pleasure we give publicity to the following satisfactory account of the Public Treasury. We shall publish every month the returns of the Treasurer. This is truly a democratic course. "Short accounts make long friends":

New Orleans, February, 10, 1851.

J. W. Frost, Esq.—Since my arrival in the city, I have received so many inquiries with regard to the existing condition of the Treasury Department of this State, I have thought proper, in my individual capacity, to submit to the public, through your paper, a statement of the condition of the Department from the commencement of my term, March 31, 1850. I propose, further, to keep them well informed on the subject by publishing monthly statements hereafter. For this I have no precedent, and no law requires it of me; but it is a matter of public concern and interest, and by these monthly statements every citizen can know the actual condition of the finances of the State. Your friend, etc.,

George C. McWhorter, Treasurer.

Statement of receipts and expenditures of the Treasury Department, of the State of Louisiana, for the year 1850, showing the whole amount received and expended, and the balance in the Treasury on the 31st December, 1850:

EXPENDITURES.

March 31, 1850.

Total amount expenditure to date	$421,641 94
Balance in Treasury	204 859 01
	$626,500 95
Balance as follows:	
General Fund	$67,047 79
Mill Tax Fund	115,5 5 54
Poll Tax Fund	18,091 54
Internal Improvement Fund	62,378 16
Road and Levee Fund	2,115 98
	$264 859 01

June 30, 1850.

Total amount expenditure to date	$227,021 84
Balance in Treasury	242,019 01
	$479,040 95
Balance as follows:	
General Fund	$93,790 32
Mill Tax Fund	1,292 42
Poll Tax Fund	1,925 64
Internal Improvement Fund	42,894 65
Road and Levee Fund	2,115 98
	$242,019 01

September 30, 1850.

Total amount expenditure to date	$153,151 71
Balance in Treasury	222,829 28
	$375,980 99
Balance as follows:	
General Fund	$101,483 54
Mill Tax Fund	75,377 48
Poll Tax Fund	10,062 18
Internal Improvement Fund	31,792 10
Road and Levee Fund	2,115 98
	$222,829 28

December 31, 1850.

Total amount expenditure to date	$253,049 53
Balance in Treasury	325,426 47
	$578,475 99
Balance as follows:	
General Fund	$143,184 12
Mill Tax Fund	141,534 88
Poll Tax Fund	19,984 68
Internal Improvement Fund	15,040 81
Road and Levee Fund	2,115 98
	$325,426 47

RECEIPTS.

March 31, 1850.

Balance in Treasury 31st Dec. 1849	$299 250 91
Total amount receipts to date	387 250 03
	$686,500 95
June 30, 1850.	
Balance in Treasury 31st March, 1850	$264,859 01
Amount receipts to date	214,181 84
	$479,040 85
September 30, 1850.	
Balance in Treasury 30th June, 1850	$242,019 01
Amount receipts to date	133,961 98
	$375,980 99
December 31, 1850.	
Balance in Treasury 30th Sept., 1850	$222,829 28
Amount receipts to date	355 646 71
	$578,475 99

The above statement shows the following general result for the whole year 1850:

Balance in Treasury 31st Dec. 1849	$299,250 92
Whole amount rec'd during 1850	1,091,040 58—$1,390,291 48
Amount of expenditure	1,064,865 01
Leaving a balance in the State Treasury on the 31st Dec. 1850, of	$325,426 47

Statement of Receipts and Expenditures of the Treasury Department of the State of Louisiana for the month of January, 1851:

EXPENDITURES.

Total amount expended this month:	
General Fund	$22,596 95
Mill Tax Fund	76,043 43
Poll Tax Fund	9,824 13
Internal Improvement Fund	4,330 74—$174,795 12
Balance in Treasury this day	185,140 74
	$359,935 86
Balance as follows:	
General Fund	$82,131 73
Mill Tax Fund	75,970 28
Poll Tax Fund	12,159 68
Internal Improvement Fund	10,740 07
Road and Levee Fund	2,115 98
	$185,140 74

RECEIPTS.

Balance in Treasury	$325,426 47
Amount received this month:	
General Fund	$22,514 56
Mill Tax Fund	9,175 83
Poll Tax Fund	2,419 30—$34,109 39
Balance in Treasury, January 31, 1851	$359,535 86
	$185,140 74

The Board of School Directors,

"Some banquet hall deserted."

The Board of School Directors clings to life with all the tenacity of a terrapin. On Saturday night the Municipal Hall was brilliantly illuminated; paper and pens laid on each mahogany desk, and every preparation for a full house. Five o'clock, the usual hour, passed; even six had struck, and yet no call to order. The Directors floated about the room, like a few oysters swimming in a mean soup.

The reporters went away, assured there was no item to be picked up. At last the Recorder took his seat, and called the Board to order. But at the very nick of time, two of the four Directors present left the Hall, and two only answered to their names, Messrs. Carter and Hillman. The Recorder then declared the Board adjourned to the next regular meeting in order! We doubt whether there is sufficient galvanism in the Recorder's mace, to twitch the limbs of this defunct Board, at the next meeting. The repeal of the ordinance of 1841, puts a quietus to their uncasy existence. On Tuesday night the Council will elect a new Board.

The Directors, it is to be hoped, will be elected without reference to political or religious distinction; and that the old rule which has worked so well will be restored, that of selecting the best men who will accept and discharge the duties, without asking the question whether they are whigs or democrats.

As the scholars who are candidates for admission to the High Schools, are now deprived of the benefit of all the schools, it is imperatively necessary that the New Board should organize at once, and appoint a Board of Examiners. We suggest that the Board shall consist of the Principals of the Schools, the Education Committee of the Council, the Superintendent, and such gentlemen as that Committee may invite. But that the Principals of the Boys' Schools, with the Superintendent, shall form a quorum.

We cannot close this article, without expressing the gratification felt by the friends of the schools, at the firmness and independent discharge of his important duties by Alderman Shields, Chairman of the Committee on Education.

There is Nothing New Under the Sun.—The industrious fleas which astonished the world with their feats a few years ago, are no new wonder. They were taught tricks in Ben Jonson's day. He says:

"Or 'tmay be, has the fleas that run at tilt
Upon a table."

The City.—We have never known the city to be so thronged with strangers as at present. The hotels and boarding houses are thronged, and the cry is "still they come." There is still plenty of room, however, and our country friends need not have any fears in regard to finding accommodations. The ladies, God bless them, look smiling and lovely, and they throng our fashionable promenades and fancy stores, giving a lively and pleasant appearance to the town. The advent of Jenny Lind will prove highly beneficial to New Orleans.

Burning of a Bridge.—We take the following dispatch from a Cincinnati paper:

Pittsburg, January 27.—Sunday morning about ten o'clock, the bridge that crosses the Allegheny river in the Fifth Ward, was set on fire and totally destroyed. It cost sixty thousand dollars and was insured for thirty thousand.

One or two other attempts were made to set fire to other buildings, but without success.

Twiggs.—The citizens of Philadelphia have caused to be constructed by the Messrs. Struthers & Son, a splendid monument, to be erected at Laurel Hill Cemetery, over the remains of the late Major Levi Twiggs, U. S. Marine Corps, and his son, George D. Twiggs, Lieutenant U. S. A.

Naval.—The U. S. ship Plymouth, from the East India station, arrived at Norfolk on the 29th ultimo.

The NewYork slaughter-house, owned by J. W. Coleman and others, Cincinnati, was entirely destroyed by fire a short time since. Damage about $6000.

The Arkansas river, says the Pine Bluff Republican of the 27th ult., has risen about two feet within the last ten days.

ANOTHER STEAMBOAT DISASTER.

From 25 to 30 Lives Lost.

The splendid steamer Autocrat, Captain Goslee, which left this port on Saturday evening, with five hundred tons of freight and a large number of passengers for Memphis, came into collision with the steamer Magnolia, Capt. Thomasson, from Vicksburg, about five o'clock yesterday morning, a short distance above Bayou Goula, and was sunk. The Magnolia was rounding out from a wood yard, and struck the Autocrat amidships, sinking her to her hurricane roof in less than ten minutes. Among the lost, we have only ascertained the names of Capt. Grant, of Tennessee, Mr. J. Ferguson, and one child. Mrs. Ferguson and one child were saved and brought down on the Magnolia. Of those belonging to the boat, Mr. A. Goodyear, third engineer, five colored firemen belonging to Memphis, and the porter, a colored man, belonging to St. Louis, are the only persons ascertained to be lost. The clerk of the Autocrat came down on the Magnolia, who states that he had not learned the names of the passengers on the boat, when the accident took place. The Magnolia immediately rounded to, and rendered all the assistance they possibly could by picking up those who had jumped overboard, of whom they saved a great many from a watery grave.

Since the above was in type, we have received this account from the officers of the Magnolia:

The steamer Magnolia, on her downward trip, had been wooding one hundred miles above New Orleans, and had rounded out from the wood yard about five o'clock Sunday morning; was working the starboard wheel, and was heading down stream; the larboard engine not working; when the steamer Autocrat, coming up the river under full headway, crossed the bow of the Magnolia, striking the Autocrat at the after end of the boilers, raking her side to the shaft, and cutting through her hull, and causing her to sink in a few minutes. The Magnolia lay by the wreck for several hours, rendering all assistance possible. It is supposed that a few cabin passengers from the Autocrat, were drowned from jumping overboard in their fright.

At the request of Dr. Hotchkiss, we publish the compliment to the Commander of the Carolina.

Bay of Panama, January 21st, 1851.

At a meeting of the cabin passengers, convened on board the steamer "Carolina," Tuesday evening, Jan. 21, 1851, Doctor Hotchkiss was called to the chair, and Mr. J. Agresta appointed secretary; when the following preambles and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, That on our present passage from San Francisco to Panama, on board the steamer Carolina, we have received at the hands of her ale'e commander, Richard L. Whiting, Esq., that attention and courtesy which has rendered him deservedly popular with all on board, therefore,

Resolved, That we convent to Capt. R. L. Whiting, as a testimonial of our regard and esteem, a silver speaking trumpet, with a suitable inscription thereon.

Resolved, That a committee consisting of the following gentlemen, J. Bayard Whittemore, Henry Palmer, Lahan Coffin, be appointed to procure the same, and present it to Captain Whiting, in behalf of the cabin passengers.

Resolved, That our thanks are due to Theo. L. Schell Esq., Purser, and to all the other officers of the steamer, for their gentlemanly attention in promoting our comfort during the voyage.

Resolved, That a copy of the proceedings of this meeting, signed by the Chairman and Secretary be present d to Capt. Whiting, and that the same be likewise published in the New York, New Orleans, and San Francisco papers.

Thos. P. Hotchkiss, Chairman,
J. Agresta, Secretary.

Tom Paine's birth-day was celebrated with a supper and a ball at New York. The Tribune having received an invitation, says: "There are some points in Paine's character we like, but more that we don't; and, on the whole, we think we shan't go."

According to the annual report of the Superintendent of Public Instruction of Kentucky, the sum of $144,005 50 will be distributed to the various counties and cities of that State in February next, to be devoted to educational purposes.

The auction duty paid in the city of New York amounts to the large sum of $*5,9 9; in the rest of the State it is only $363.

Go it Boots.—A Mrs. Boots, of Pennsylvania, has left her husband, (Mr. Boots,) and strayed to parts unknown. We presume the pair of Boots, are *rights* and *lefts*. We cannot say, however, that Mrs. Boots is right; but there is no mistake that Boots is *left*.

Arrivals at Principal Hotels....Feb. 9.

ST. LOUIS....C M Leavn, Miss A L Jopp, Miss S Jopp, Mrs Taylor, Mrs A Wesinger, Miss Jones, S H Buckner, H H Miller, Major Vaughan, Miss Vaughan, Mr Boylan and lady, Miss Boylan, Miss S B Lamb, S S Lamb, A A Sumpter, A D Sumpter, Miss King, J A Campbell and lady, S Fair, Ala; M Laforest, Paris; P King, S Whitfield, Dr J Guild, USA; Mrs D D Howard, Miss Howard, J F Howard, E C Johnson and lady, N Y; M Ward, Ky; C W Boats, T G Johnson, G L Mathews and lady, W J Fort and lady, NO.

VERANDA....S E Johnson, M Turner, Lt; A J Byass, J M Wetherspoon, W H Pickens, S H Burkett, Mr Frogge and lady, W G Waits, J H Pipes, J N Pines, W H Boon, J P Benson, J H Vertz, Miss; B South, J W Wamsall, J Kongo, W H Sanders, Mrs N S; John J McGoniner, W B Oliver, Ala; M P Schiner, A B Horn, E D Hawkins, W E Edington, La; H Hick, M Rawlins, S B Duncan, Ky; R Kendall, Cy; T A Lacoss, D H Lemman.

HEWLETT'S....Geo J W Heens, O Morgan, Dr O M Dinston, M W Bond, A G Howell, La; S Coon, S F Pennington, Wm Goodrich, Ky; G VanVorter, C S Swanson, S Cobin, A Anderson, H Chapman, E H Green, W E Walker, J G Hastings, Dr S Green, Gov T M Tucker, Miss; W C Bibb, NO.

WAVERLY HOUSE....W J Smith, Boston; John Glassnock and lady, W H Glass, La; Jas B Thomas, J W Brooks, Cincinnati; G D Williamson, C M Hunter, A P Sterling, John Grover, Va; J M Bibb, Ky; James Cardwell, Ky; Samuel P Shuler, J A Dew, Wm Trumby, Gennesseo Lee, Missouri.

Died:

On Monday, the 3d inst., at 7 o'clock, A.M., in the 50th year of his age, at the residence of his brother, Col. T. F. Hunt, Col. JOHN HUNT, a native of Huntsville, New Carolina, but for the last 20 years a resident of New Orleans and Pensacola.

The removal of Col. JOHN HUNT from amongst us by death, has left a vacancy in the community not easily filled, and an irreparable loss to many who, in their necessities, found in him the poor man's friend. In business he was fair, upright, just and undeviating in all his dealings with his fellow men, regarding their motives and opinions and looking upon their actions through no perverted medium, but in the exercise of a feeling which thought no evil. His kindness, calmness of deportment, unobtrusive charity and generous affection, were convincing proofs that in his breast the "noontime beams of charity" poured a perpetual serenity, which dispensed in silence, is the most amiable virtue that can adorn human nature. Such, in truth, was the character of the deceased who had justly become endeared to all who knew him, and had their unbounded confidence and respect. fel0 1t

At 9 o'clock on yesterday morning, Josiah, only son of Dr J. and Martha Hale, aged 2 years and 8 months.

The friends and acquaintance of the family are invited to attend the funeral service, at the family residence, No. 300 Magazine street, at 5 o'clock THIS EVENING.

On the 9th inst., at 7 o'clock, P.M., in the 20th year of her age, at the residence of her brother, Michael Meany, Ellen, wife of Denis Keeler, a native of the county Kerry, Ireland.

Her Funeral will take place THIS EVENING, at 3 o'clock, from No. 105 Tchoupitoulas street. fel0

The Mississippians now in New Orleans are requested to meet at Hewitt's Exchange, THIS MORNING, at half past 10 o'clock, to pay their respects to their late Governor, JOHN A. QUITMAN. fel0 1t

THEY HAVE COME!

Those persons who have been so anxiously waiting for the arrival of our SURGICAL, DENTAL AND EYE INSTRUMENTS, are respectfully informed that they have at last come to hand, and are now ready for inspection. They are solid, beautiful, and guaranteed of superior quality. Call and see them. For sale by

fel0 2ptf P. L. MASSEY, cor. Camp and Gravier sts.

PERFUMERY, ETC.

We have just received per express and are now opening an invoice of the finest PERFUMERIES, SOAPS, COSMETICS, etc., ever offered in this city. Customers and visitors are respectfully invited to call and examine our stock, which, we feel satisfied, will please. This assortment consists of—

Double Extracts, from the most exquisite Flowers;
Colognes, from the French, German, and American Laboratories;
Toilet Soaps of every variety and odor;
Pomatums, from the manufactories of Lubin, Dupuytren, Roussel, and others;
Shaving Soaps and Creams of every description;
Powder Boxes and Puffs; Toilet Powder, etc. etc.
Together with an extensive assortment of
Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes,
Combs, Nail Brushes, etc.

For sale at P. LOUIS MASSEY'S,
fel0 2ptf corner Camp and Gravier sts.

Take Particular Notice,

That Mrs. CAMPBELL, corner Camp and Gravier streets, still continues to sell her Goods at reduced prices, owing to her determination to leaves her stock, and all Ladies in want of Fancy Articles to complete their Toilets, that they may appear in full dress, at Miss Jenny Lind's Concerts will do well to call on Mrs. C. before purchasing elsewhere, and thereby save some 20 or 40 per cent. A very good assortment of WHITE KID GLOVES are to be found there. fel0

Millinery, Lace and Embroidery Store,

No. 57 Canal street.

Next Door to the Corner of St. Charles street,

Mrs. BLAIR

is constantly receiving the latest styles of BONNETS, CAPS, HEAD DRESSES and EMBROIDERIES of every description.

The stock of COLLARS and CHEMISETTES is beautifully assorted and very complete.

A full assortment of FRENCH KID GLOVES always on hand. DRESS-MAKING in the best style. fel0 1m 3dp

MILLINERY, LACE AND EMBROIDERY STORE,

57 Canal street,

Next Door to the Corner of St. Charles.

MRS. BLAIR can now supply Ladies wishing the Mandarin Lace and Moslin UNDERSLEEVES having received a splendid assortment per steamship Falcon; also, a beautiful assortment of COLLARS, with and without Insertion Handkerchiefs. fel0 1w

COD LIVER OIL—Prepared by Rushton & Clark, from fresh Livers, the only one that can be relied upon for arresting the progress of Consumption, as the most efficacious cure for Rheumatism, Scrofula, and all cutaneous affections. For sale by RANDOLPH & POPE,
fel0 2dp Druggists, 108 Poydras st.

Dealers supplied at manufacturers' prices. fel0 1t*

VENETIAN RED—20 bbls. superior English, for sale by RANDOLPH & POPE, Druggists,
fel0 1t* 108 Poydras street.

New Books.

Just received and for sale at

J. B. STEEL'S

N. O. Stationers' Warehouse, 14 Camp st.

WOMEN OF ISRAEL. By Grace Aguilar, author of "Women's Friendship," "Home Influence," "Vale of Cedars," etc.

MOTHER'S RECOMPENSE. By Grace Aguilar.

THE BARDS OF THE BIBLE. By George Gilfillan.

TO LOVE AND TO BE LOVED: A Story. By A. S. Roe, author of "James Montjoy," etc.

Anderson's PRACTICAL CORRESPONDENCE: A collection of modern Letters of Business.

VALA, THE SWEDISH NIGHTINGALE: A Tale. (With Portrait of JENNY LIND.) By Parke Godwin.

BARNUM'S PARNASSUS: Being Confidential Disclosures of the Prize Committee on the JENNY LIND SONG. Second Edition.

HENRY SMEATON. By G. P. R. James.

fel0 2t 3dp 1ddp 1dlp 1W

Ball and Soiree Vests.

We invite the attention of gentlemen to our assortment of ELEGANT EVENING VESTS, of the newest styles.

White and fancy colored Satin;
Fancy Cut Silk Velvet;
Embroidered White Marseilles;
Plain do. do. Matrimonial Cravats;
Buff do. do. do. do.

NORRIS & WAY'S

Fashionable Clothing Store, No. 22 Camp, corner of Common street,
fel0 2dp tf under Hewlett's Hotel.

TO THE LADIES.

Concert and Opera Combs.

Just received, per steamer Falcon, a large and splendid assortment of the celebrated ROPE-TOP TUCK COMBS, of an entirely new pattern. For sale cheap at

fel0 2t 2dp J. HUFTY'S, No. 4 Chartres street.

Superfine Shirts.

We have just received, per ship Nicholas Biddle, a large and complete assortment of all kinds of SHIRTS.

Super Irish Linen Shirts;
Cotton, with Linen Bosom Shirts;
Fancy colored Linen Shirts;
Do. do. French Chintz Shirts; at

NORRIS & WAY'S,

Fashionable Clothing Store, No. 22 Camp, corner of Common street,
fel0 2dp tf under Hewlett's Hotel.

Valentine's Day,

February 14, 1851.

"The heart will seek its kindred heart."

Just received and for sale, a Large Assortment of VALENTINES, of every description, consisting of

COMIC,
TRAGIC,
HEROIC,
SENTIMENTAL and
HISTRIONIC—Also
VALENTINE WRITERS.
ENVELOPES of every variety, to match the Valentines.

Also—

An assortment of FANCY and PLAIN PAPERS, for Valentines, just received, by the last steamer, precisely to

THOMAS L. WHITE,
fel0 2dp 4t 53 Canal street.

Jouvin's Kid Gloves.

DIRECT IMPORTATION.

Gentlemen's Dark colored KID GLOVES;
Do. Light do. do. do.
Do. Straw do. do. do.
Do. Black do. do. do.
Do. White do. do. do. at

NORRIS & WAY'S

Fashionable Clothing Store, No. 22 Camp, corner of Common street,
fel0 2dp tf under Hewlett's Hotel.

JENNY LIND STORE.

Boys' and Children's

CLOTHING.

A Large Assortment.

All Varieties.

OVER D'ARCY'S HAT STORE,

J. STEUART, Agent.

fel0 6t Cor. Canal and Chartres sts.

GENTLEMEN'S

Cravats and Scarfs.

We invite the attention of Gentlemen to our very large and elegant assortment of CRAVATS and SCARFS, of the new st and most fashionable styles.

Fancy colored Silk and Satin Cravats;
Plain and figured black Silk and Satin Cravats;
White Embroidered Evening and Wedding Cravats;
Do. do. Matrimonial Cravats;
Plain white Jaconet and Cambric do.
Black Embroidered Jenny Lind Silk and Satin TIES;
Fancy colored do. do. do. do. do.
Fancy colored Silk and Satin SCARFS;
Plain and figured black Silk and Satin SCARFS; at

NORRIS & WAY'S

Fashionable Clothing Store, corner of Camp and Common streets,
fel0 2dp tf under Hewlett's Hotel.

Fancy Balls.

CHILDREN'S FANCY DRESSES,
FURS, FURS, FURS,
LADIES' VICTORINES,
CUFFS, COLLARS, ETC.

OVER D'ARCY'S HAT STORE,

J. STEUART, Agent,

fel0 6t corner Canal and Chartres sts.

Norris and Way,

FASHIONABLE CLOTHING.

22 CAMP STREET,

Corner of Common street,

Have in store a full assortment of all kinds of *FASHIONABLE CLOTHING and FURNISHING GOODS*, for Gentlemen, of the newest and most fashionable style, made of the finest material and in the best manner, expressly for retail trade.

Black, blue, olive, brown and green Cloth Frock Coats;
Superfine black Cloth Dress Coats;
Do. fancy colored Cloth Sac Frocks;
Do. do. do. Cassimere do.
Beaver Cloth Overcoats;
Satin Cloth Overcoats;
Fancy Cloth Opera Overcoats;
Black and fancy Cassimere Pants;
Cassimere, Cashmere, Silk and Satin Vests; [fel10 2dp tf
Undershirts, Drawers, Suspenders and Pocket Handkerchiefs.

Together with all other articles appertaining to a Gentleman's Dress.

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A SERIES OF THE

Best English and Foreign Authors.

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