Amusements—This Evening.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.—Jenny Lind's Ninth Concert.
PLACIDE'S VARIETIES.—The Husband of My Heart—La Bayadere.
AMERICAN THEATRE.—Ropes in the Circle, etc.
DAN RICE'S CIRCUS.—Equestrian entertainments.

Auction Sales—This Day.

SYKES, HYDE & CO. will sell, at half-past 10 o'clock, at 51 Magazine street—Wines, Liquors, etc.... At 12 o'clock, at 7 Bourbon street—Furniture.
J. B. BLACKS & Co. will sell, at half-past 10 o'clock, at the store—Clothing, Hats, Caps and Shoes.
WM. P. SCOTT will sell at 10 o'clock, at 375 Magazine st.—Furniture.... At 11 o'clock, at the corner of Duplantier and Magazine streets—Furniture.
N. VOINIS will sell, at 10 and 4 o'clock, at 101 St. Charles street—Marble Statuary, Fancy Articles, etc.... At 29 Chartres street—Jewelry, Watches and Fancy Articles.

S. of T....Meeting This Evening.

UNION DIVISION No. 3, at Crystal Fount Hall, 225 Tchoupitoulas street, at half-past 7 o'clock.
LOUISIANA DIVISION No. 11, at Unity Hall, Marigny Building, Third Municipality, at half-past 7 o'clock.
YOUNG MEN'S MAGNOLIA DIVISION No. 12, at Pelican Hall, cor. Common and St. Charles streets, at ½ o'clock.

The Daily Crescent.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL
Of the Council of the Second Municipality.

NEW ORLEANS:
FRIDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 28, 1851.

TO ADVERTISERS.—The city is now thronged with strangers, most of whom have come to see Jenny Lind, and spend their money. This is the time for advertisements.

Legal Advertisements.

Now that it is discretionary with litigants to advertise in any paper they think proper, we can confidently recommend the columns of the "Crescent," from its large and constantly increasing yearly, monthly and weekly subscription list, as a most advantageous medium of communication, and therefore hope that we shall receive our due share of them.

Job Printing.

The appliances of our Job Office are such now as to enable us to execute, with beauty and dispatch, every variety of printing in the book, card and poster line, at prices as low as at any similar establishment in the city. We, therefore, respectfully invite our friends and the public to give us a call, when in want of that description of work. Particular care is bestowed on lawyers' briefs, and the least possible delay in furnishing proof-sheets.

See First and Fourth Pages.

The Commercial, Marine and River News will be found on our fourth page this morning....On our first, will be found a variety of matter—Congressional proceedings and the current news of the day, with other matters of interest.

We are authorized to state that the Treasurer of the Mint is prepared to pay all deposits of gold made prior to the first of January, 1851, and those made since that time up to number 43, inclusive.

It gives us great pleasure to hear that the tickets have gone off more briskly, and brought better prices at the auction of yesterday, than we had expected. We presume that this has been caused by the announcement that M'lle Jenny Lind leaves us towards the end of the ensuing week. Mr. Barnum has, as we understand, retained a portion of the tickets, which will be sold to-day in the office of the St. Charles theatre, without a premium.

THE LYCEUM.—Dr. Smith's last lecture was devoted to illumination. He described the various gases used in producing light. He described the process by which the gas is prepared, which is burned in this city. He exhibited the Bude and the electric light. The last is the most beautiful flame we ever gazed upon. To-night he continues the subject, and will show the apparatus used by Payne, and explain the process as announced by that person.

"Jenny Lind's Tour through America and Cuba," is the title of a work which we understand is to be published early in May. From our knowledge of the author, the public may rely upon having an authentic work. It is written by Mr. C. Rosenberg, a gentleman who has been for many years one of the editorial staff connected with the London Morning Post, and will be illustrated with several correct and careful portraits.

A NOVELTY FOR GEOLOGISTS.—*The letter writer of the Charleston Courier says:*

"But, at the moment, up rose a Senator, who always resinds me of a volcano, with frosty head, and fiery eye—Judge Butler."

This is about equal to the Mississippi orator, who, speaking of an assassination, said: "Like a tiger, with his pistol cocked, he sprang upon his victim."

"The Feast of Belshazzar," now exhibiting in Charleston, is a copy, and not the original. The copyist has had the audacity to complete the portions which the severer taste of the painter never could execute to his own satisfaction.

THE COFFIN MANIA.—In Charleston they have had an exhibition for several months. It is a Panorama of the Calhoun Funeral. There is no accounting for tastes.

THE LOUISVILLE JOURNAL.—This excellent sheet comes to us in an enlarged form, and in an entire newly dress. We are pleased to see this evidence of prosperity.

KING'S PALACE, No 72 GRAVIER STREET.—It will be seen by an advertisement in another column of our paper, that S. Elkin, at this extensive and fashionable resort, is offering a large and splendid assortment of dry goods, which he is determined to sell at prices which cannot fail to attract the attention of the trade.

PLACIDES.—We hope the "Tuneful Nine" will be allowed to ascend to their ethereal homes, and never bore the audience with their potatoes hoax, and unharmonious verse. We think Barnum can well afford to bear the va'ger abuse of Urania. The language smacks more of Billingsgate than of Olympus, and would become a fishwoman more than a muse. The satire was both indecent and disgusting. Placide has one of the very best companies in the country, but he has a bad caterer. Reform this. To-night they being out the "Bayadere," and as the musical talent of the company is of a high order, it is always an attraction.

THEATRICAL ARRIVAL.—Mr. C. Burke, one of the best and most eccentric comedians in this country, has arrived in our city, and we are pleased to learn is engaged at the St. Charles Theatre. Mr. B. has been playing at the different Northern theatres during the season, with great success, and he comes amongst us with a high reputation, which we can assure our play-goers, he will fully sustain

SAM STICKNEY'S BENEFIT.—S. P. Stickney, who has for some time past been performing at Dan Rice's Circus, puts forth a card for a benefit this evening. Mr. S. is well known to our citizens, having long been a resident of New Orleans, and we hardly need add that he is deserving of a bumper. The firemen, to whom he has always been liberal, being a member of the body himself, should turn out strong on this occasion.

THE AMERICAN.—Last night was the first appearance of the little rider, Burte. He is about ten years old, and rides a pony without saddle or bridle. His feats elicited the warmest applause from the delighted audience.

Thanks to the steamer Lexington for Louisville papers.

Thanks to the General Lafayette, Rockaway and Empire, for river favors.

We published, a few days since, an account of the sentence of an American citizen named Stiff, to six years in the chain gang in Havana. The offence was, being found drunk in the streets, armed with a revolver and bowie-knife. The Cincinnati Times, in an article headed "the long-lost turned up again," says the famous Col. Edward Stiff, known to this community pretty well, as a newspaper publisher, and the man who had so many persevering secret enemies constantly pursuing him, has again turned up. The last we heard of him was that he was publishing a paper in Alabama, and that he had there committed a homicide.

INDIA COTTON.—A recent work attempts to prove that a cheap transit (by railroad) and a better gin, are all that India requires to furnish England with her inferior cottons.

ICE MARKET.—180,000 tons of ice have been housed in the neighborhood of NewYork, being twice the amount of last year. In 1850 ice sold at fifty cents a hundred pounds. The coming season it will sell at twenty five cents.

A Miss Heron was to make her *debut* at Philadelphia on the 17th, as *Bianca*, in the tragedy of "Fazio."

The Mississippi a Bond of Union.

A few days since there appeared in the Crescent the following article, which has been extensively copied by the Southern Union papers:

"SECESSION.—It is acknowledged on every side that the South is destined to separate from the North." [Charleston Mercury.

"Why you never were more mistaken. It is only acknowledged in one side South. Those Carolina politicians would just come out West, and see this Mississippi River, and then go home and dream of separation, if they could. The valley of the Mississippi can never be dissevered. Nature's law is mightier than all the conventions ever assembled from Hartford to Nashville." [Crescent.

The Charleston News did not deign to notice our commentary; but the Carolina Telegraph, with commendable spirit, has replied at some length. Anxious to treat with all courtesy, an opponent who deems the Crescent a foe worthy of its ink, we copy the entire article, and shall endeavor to furnish a reply to its questions and arguments.

"Will the Crescent inform us what peculiar powers the Mississippi possesses to compel or persuade the South to unlimited submission? Does every great river of the world lie wholly within one State, or nation, or empire, or republic, or is it manifestly designed by Nature that such should be the case? We appreciate the Mississippi, and should like very much to take a view of it, (not to take a boat on it, however, unless we desired a blow up,) but we cannot, for the life of us, perceive what lethean virtues its waters can possess to induce forgetfulness and listlessness. We look upon all such expositions of Nature's laws as submissionists frequently deal in, as absurd, or even blasphemous, and we challenge the proof that Nature intended these United States to form indefinitely one republic or nation. The fact that they have remained one for sixty years, proves nothing more as to the laws or intentions of Nature, than the union of the colonies with the mother country, for a much longer period, and every lesson of history or analogy is against the idea of the divine right of union, in all its forms. The only effect the Quixotic sentiments by the Crescent can produce, if generally received and circulated, will be to encourage the North to further aggressions, for the most potent check they have yet experienced has been a recognition of the possibility and the probability of separation under certain contingencies. What a phenomenon is presented in the degeneracy which has occurred on this continent in seventy years. Before the grass has decked the grave of the last revolutionary hero, doctrines and precepts are inculcated which condemn and falsify the whole spirit and teachings of that revolution, which was emphatically a resistance of separation and resistance, to a government whose ends had been abandoned by a prostitution of its forms."

The answer to the first question is to be found in the history of the West. We fear our amiable friend of the Telegraph has never deemed it worth his while to learn any thing of the difficulties encountered by the pioneers of the West. Content to contemplate and admire the glory of Carolina, the outside barbarians have escaped his observation.

We will call his attention to this interesting portion of our national history. He seems to think that the partition of this valley, between several different sovereignties, would be no serious injury. Let him turn to the administrations of the early Presidents, and learn from the past what would occur in the future. The control of the mouth of the Mississippi by Spain, led to the most serious evils. Her vacillating, capricious policy, exasperated the people of Kentucky and other Western settlements. The action of the Federal Government was watched with a jealous and discontented mind. Parties sprang up in the West, having for their object separation from the Union, and conlition, more or less close, with France or Spain. English, French and Spanish emissaries infested the settlements, and treason was busily at work, alienating the hearts of the people from the Atlantic States. The West caused more anxiety and threatened more danger, until the acquisition of Louisiana, than any other cause. We refer the Telegraph, to Marshall's Washington, to Stoddard's and Martin's Histories of Louisiana, to Monette's Valley of the Mississippi, to the American State Papers, to Butler's History of Kentucky. These will furnish him with a frightful picture of the condition of the West, while the Mississippi River was in the possession of different powers.

The acquisition of Louisiana by Mr. Jefferson, was the crowning glory of his life, and the most important act in the history of the United States, since the adoption of the Constitution. The man who can at this time talk coolly of the division of the Mississippi, proves either his want of patriotism, or his shameful ignorance of the past and present condition of the West.

"Home-keeping youths have ever homely wits."

"The *lethean* virtues of the Mississippi" is a most unfortunate term. A river which bears on its bosom a commerce of $400,000,000, is entitled to any other epithet.

The Editor is equally unfortunate in his allusions to other rivers. What does he think of the Rhine, with its custom houses at every league, levying tribute on every passenger and package? Or, perhaps, he reads with pleasure, the sanguinary battles on the Rio de la Plata. The valley of that river, is divided among some dozen States, and affords an admirable illustration of the effects resulting from a partition, by political boundaries, of a region evidently intended by physical causes to be one. Compare the soils and natural resources of the Mississippi and La Plata, and then contrast the condition of the inhabitants. Whatever else may happen, the Valley of the Mississippi must form one nation. The blasphemy is committed by him who talks of severance.

The Telegraph thinks there is no more cohesion in this geographical division, than there was between the Colonies and Great Britain. Three thousand miles of ocean, and antagonistical interests, are likened to the unity of interests and destiny which controls this valley.

The Crescent tells obvious truths. If their effect is to strengthen a bad cause, we regret it. But truth cannot, and ought not, to be concealed. If the South can only be sustained by the falsification or suppression of truth, it must fall.

But the Telegraph talks of the degeneracy of that spirit which inculcates the importance of the Union. We refer the Editor to the warnings of Washington, Jefferson, and Madison. If lovers of the Union are offenders against sectional rights, they only imitate the course, and obey the precepts of those great men, who always taught that the Union alone would protect the Liberties of America.

Sunday School Meeting.

A meeting of a very interesting character was held on Tuesday evening, at the Presbyterian Church, on Lafayette Square, to take measures for establishing a Depository of Sabbath School books in this city, a desideratum which has long been felt by those who are interested in these schools. The meeting was one in which various religious denominations united with a truly Catholic spirit. It was opened with prayer by the Rev. Mr. Goodrich, of St. Paul's Church, after which the Rev. Mr. Campfield, Agent of the American Sunday School Union, made an extended address. He spoke of the want of more general education, as shown by statistics from the late census, giving the numbers in several States, of those who could neither read nor write, and dwelling on the importance of establishing Sabbath Schools, if for no other reason, to prevent another generation from growing up in ignorance. He spoke at much length of their religious influence, and of the amount of valuable religious knowledge conveyed by Sunday School Libraries, and referred to the high character of the books which are written for the young at the present day, as contrasted with a similar class of books twenty-five or fifty years ago. The master minds of the age are now employed in writing children's books. One eminent theologian of the Presbyterian Church, now living, has written thirty volumes of this character, which have been published by the American Sunday School Union.

We Skipwith and Rev. W. Prime, now supplying Dr. Scott's place in the First Presbyterian Church, addressed the meeting, illustrating in their remarks the eminently beneficial influence of Sabbath Schools, and the necessity of having libraries connected with them, in order to make them interesting and permanent. Dr. Neville, of Christ Church, made an eloquent and forcible appeal to the friends of Christian education, to embrace this occasion for providing their children and the children of this community, and of the country of which New Orleans is the centre, with the facilities for obtaining a Christian literature. He referred to the temptations which prevail in this city, and which are so powerful to lead neglected children astray, and, alluding to the notion that children should be left to grow up without any religious bias, said that if they received no bias to that which is good, they would be sure to receive a bias to that which is evil, when surrounded by so many powerful temptations, and repeated with great emphasis, and accompanied with many forcible remarks, the words of the wise man, "a child left to himself, bringeth his mother to shame."

The importance of establishing a Depository, which shall be kept well supplied with books of the character designated, was fully shown and ably advocated, and we are greatly mistaken in the character of our citizens, if they do not nobly respond to these appeals.

The meeting was closed with singing and prayer by the Rev. W. Fletcher, of the Baptist Church.

RAILROAD CONVENTION IN NEW ORLEANS.—Want of space and the lateness of the hour prevented us from inserting the resolutions introduced by Mr. DeBow, and passed, at the Railroad meeting the other evening. The recommendation of a Railroad Convention, in New Orleans is one which will meet the hearty approval of the whole community, and we rely that the General Council will lose no time in taking the preliminary steps which may be necessary. New Orleans, has a great stake in the matter, and will welcome our Southern and Western brethren among us, to meet and discourse upon the common cause and common remedies. All such Southern conventions will meet our hearty response:

Whereas, The extension of railroad enterprises in the Southern and Western States, in tending to the development of their resources and power, and in strengthening the bonds of union which exists between them, is a subject in which the people of New Orleans feel the deepest interest, and in carrying out which they will most heartily co operate:

Resolved, That this meeting heartily approve of a convention of the Southern and Western States, which has been suggested in different quarters, for the promotion of our railroad enterprises and other kindred purposes, and respectfully recommend the city of NewOrleans as an appropriate place for the meeting of this convention.

Resolved, That it be recommended to the General Council of the city, to take such steps as will, with the consent of our sister States, insure the assembling of such convention at as early a day as possible.

NAVAL DISCIPLINE.—Flogging has been abolished in the commercial marine of the United States. The law bears date September 28, 1850. A shipmaster was prosecuted in Boston; the defence was ignorance of the law; but as the vessel did not leave Boston till several weeks after the passage of the law, his plea did not avail him and he was held to bail. The passage of the law had escaped our attention. We rejoice in this step toward the improvement of the sailor. We believe that much of the degradation of this useful class, has been attributable to the brutal tyranny at sea.

MODESTY.—The Columbia Telegraph "thinks it will be long before they (the Crescent) can exemplify the art of sinking." You forget that we have the files of your paper carefully preserved for the purpose; when the editorials may fail us we have a certain resource in the blood and thunder speeches of the memorable session. A grave discussion is now going on in the Carolina columns as to when the secession move shall commence. It is very evident that many are beginning to reflect on the consequences; and if they could only escape the world's dread laugh, they would gladly abandon their wild impracticable scheme. Nobody shall laugh at our irritable little sister. We will kiss and make friends. The Columbia editors are gentlemanly fellows, and we are very sure, if they would travel abroad a little, they would soon learn that there is something of a world west of the Savannah river. We shall be happy to show them the Mississippi. One sight of that elephant, will cure them of secession.

GEN. HOUSTON ON TEXAS.—This statesman recently delivered a lecture in Philadelphia on Frontier Life. The North American gives a sketch of the lecture, which was very favorably received. We quote one sentence simply to put the General right and do justice to Louisiana:

"In this connection he stated it as a fact, that Texas was the first State in the Union to adopt laws protecting the property of married women, and exempting the homestead from seizure for debt."

Now the General, as he at one time practiced law in this State, ought to have known that the rights of married women have always been protected in Louisiana. He ought also to have known, as a lawyer of Texas, that by the Spanish laws in force in that province or department, their rights were also recognized, and that the clause in the Constitution of Texas is only declaratory of the old law. He must buy the Digest of the Spanish Laws, by Gustavus Schmidt, Esq., of NewOrleans, which is now in press.

OLD IRONSIDES.—That brave soldier, but poor poet, G. W. P., emulous of Holmes' fame, has tried his hand on the old ship. His verses certainly are very patriotic, which they may well be, considering all the good is stolen from Campbell and Drake. This stanza, however, is his own:

"But when the *smiles* of peace descend,
Her *eagle* wing still sweeps
The ocean breast—or lies at rest
As some great *lion* sleeps."

As this is not from South Carolina, but hails from Down East, we hope we may "hesitate dislike" of such a monster as this cross between the eagle and the lion. The first constituent in poetry is sense.

A RICH MORSEL.—

"There is a pleasure in poetic pains,
That none but poets know,"

writes Wordsworth, and we are confident our readers will be of the same opinion, after perusing the following communication, which we received by last night's mail. [South Carolina Telegraph.

Wordsworth must have been the boldest thief who ever stole other men's poetry. If the editor will turn to the second book of Cowper's Task, he will find the same words. Will he furnish the proof that Wordsworth ever claimed the lines?

Notice is given that the *Southern Rights Livery Stable*, in Montgomery, has no *small pox* in it.

Do horses belong to political parties? We suppose this is a revival of the feuds of the circus, in the last days of the Empire. A thorough search of the Southern Rights Stable showed no small pox, but cords of Yankee hay! We suppose this sort of provender is favorable to *submission*. It never would do to feed Southern horses with State Rights provender, lest the pampered steeds should catch the nullification mania.

EXECUTION.—Henry and Moses, slaves, were executed at Nashville, on the 21st, the former convicted of killing two white men in Franklin, and the latter for killing his master. A large number of persons were present.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.—The Mobile Advertiser says: "Col. T. B. Goldsby's stable of horses, seven in number, arrived yesterday on the Lowndes, Jr., and proceeded to the race course.

"We announced a few days ago, the arrival of Mr. Patterson's celebrated horses *Charmer* and *Rube*, from Charleston, where they had won the fastest three and four mile races ever run over that course. They have as companions *Lithgow*, formerly owned by Col. Hampton, and winner of the three mile purse at Charleston) and a three year old by Wagner, and a Boston two year old, purchased at a high figure by a successful turfman of Alabama.

"Other distinguished turfmen of our State have recently made purchases of celebrated horses from the stud of J. M. Clay, Esq., of Kentucky, which, with our home growth and foreign importations, will furnish fields of horses seldom witnessed at any race meeting. This is one of the popular amusements that all can enjoy with satisfaction. We congratulate our citizens on the prospect for fine running, at the approaching spring meeting."

The Charleston Courier says: "A villainous attempt was made about day light on the morning of the 17th inst., on the Central Railroad, about four miles from Richmond, to throw the care off the track, by placing a sill of timber across it, which was fastened down by stakes upon a high embankment. Fortunately the train was going very slow, as it came upon the obstruction, and the engine alone was thrown from the track. It was supposed that the object of the villain was to obtain plunder from the wreck of the freight."

Powers, the sculptor, intends, it is said, during the present year, to return to the United States from Italy, bringing with him his last and noble statue of America.

THE FATHER OF THE PRESIDENT.—The venerable father of President Fillmore, now eighty years of age, is on his way to pay a visit to his son, at Washington, and has reached Philadelphia, where he will remain a day or two, having taken lodgings at Jones' Hotel.

The form of the Daily Post Boy, at Maysville, Ky., has again been *pied* by some villains, who have performed this operation for the Post Boy some three or four times.

FIRE IN AKRON.—The whole square in Akron, Ohio, known as Hall's corner, was burnt on the 17th inst. Loss about $50,000.

The bill to incorporate the Green Bay, Milwaukee and Chicago Railroad Company, has passed both branches of the Wisconsin Legislature.

The Virginia Convention have agreed upon reporting "universal suffrage" as an article in the new constitution.

The fine new bark John Swasey, recently built at Cincinnati, has been towed down to Louisville. She will soon arrive at NewOrleans.

The Shelby (Tenn.) News, says: "We had the pleasure the other day of examining a SILK QUILT, made by Miss Eliza Ann Connelly, of this place, composed of 15,039 pieces! It is a beautiful thing, and evidences the great taste and industry of the young lady.

LOCAL MATTERS.

THE CITY.—The city continues thronged with strangers, and our merchants, and proprietors of the different places of amusement are reaping a golden harvest. The weather is mild and lovely, and our principal streets are made gay and pleasing during the soft hours of evening, by the presence of large numbers of bright eyes and sweet faces. We have never seen New Orleans a more pleasant place of residence than at present, and we would be glad to have a Jenny Lind here every winter.

The Henderson Case drags its slow length along in the United States Circuit Court, and a jury is yet in the perspective. Almost every man who is called, has made up his mind one way or the other, and almost all the rest are incompetent to serve from other causes. The case will probably occupy the remainder of the present term.

THE COURTS.—In the Second District Court yesterday, a case of fraud was commenced. A merchant is charged with having made an unlawful transfer of his stock to his clerk. We refrain from mentioning names as if the matter has been thoroughly investigated. No one, if any public interest were going on in any of the other courts "at stars."

FIRE.—There were two alarms of fire about 5 o'clock yesterday morning, caused by the burning of part of the roof of a building in Julia street, known as one of the "Thirteen Buildings." The flames were soon extinguished, and but little damage was done.

HE DREAMED AND WAS FLOGGED.—Frederick John Hamill came all the way from the Buckeye State to see the New Orleans Elephant, and for the last week he has been in full chase of the animal. He has seen Jenny Lind, has visited all the Theatres, and acknowledges that he has made other strenuous exertions to accomplish his object; but failed entirely until Wednesday night last. During Wednesday, John was busily engaged in getting tight, and by 9 o'clock in the evening, he had so far succeeded that he was not positive as to the time of day or the geography of the city. He however started for his place of residence in the back part of the Second Municipality, fully confident that he knew "the road home." He travelled as far as St. John street, where in a vacant lot, he sunk down to rest under a vast load of brandy toddies. John slept, and he dreamed a pleasing dream, but alas for his brief happiness, he awoke to the consciousness that some kind-hearted individual had relieved him of his pocket book, containing $35. John found his way home, and now expresses a strong determination to start for his home in the West in a very short time, if not sooner.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT.—In the case of Patrick Ryan, charged with a breach of trust, on motion of the District Attorney, a *nolle prosequi* was entered. Thomas Wahlford was tried on a charge of entering a house in the night time, with intent to steal, and was found guilty. Wm. Walsh, *alias* Finnegan, was found guilty of robbery.

ANOTHER LOT OF VAGRANTS.—The police of the Second Municipality, on Wednesday night last, arrested sixteen men, all healthy and stout looking fellows, as vagrants. They were found sleeping in flatboats and under cotton bales, on the Levee. They all told the Recorder the most plausible tales imaginable, and he let them off. It is hard to imprison an honest man because he is too poor to pay for a place to sleep; but there is plenty of work to be obtained, and the town being so full of thieves, the utmost caution should be observed.

RECORDER CALDWELL'S COURT.—The Recorder did not send a single case before the First District Court yesterday, although a large number came before him. All the principal ones were postponed in consequence of the absence of the witnesses.

Arrivals at Principal Hotels....Feb. 27.

WESTERN VERANDA....James Kelly, Man Julia Kelly, Drury Massey, Ky.; Zenas Smith, Robert Smith, Iowa; James Dunlap, Dr Robert Brown and lady, Miss Jane Brown, Missouri.

Died:

In the city of Lafayette, on the morning of the 27th inst., ISAAC PHILLIPS, a veteran of 1814-15, aged 69 years, a native of Amsterdam, Holland, and for the last 40 years a resident of this State.

In Lafayette, February 24, MOSES, infant son of Samuel and Mary Jane Galvin, aged one month and four days.

☞ **Dr. J. Lawrence Smith** delivers the Twelfth Lecture of the Series on Chemistry at the Lyceum Hall, THIS EVENING, at a quarter-past 7 o'clock. The Drummond Light will be repeated—Remarks on the Payne Light—Application of the Electric Light to illumination, and an exhibition of the Electric Light Microscope.

JENNY LIND'S GRAND CONCERT.

☞ Tickets for JENNY LIND'S CONCERT on FRIDAY EVENING, the 28th inst., can be procured at the Agency of the Orleans Sentinels' Warehouse, of J. S. STEEL, No. 14 Camp street.

N. B.—A few choice Front Seats in the First and Second Dress Circle, Parquette and Pit, can be obtained on early application at the above-named Warehouse, No. 14 Camp street. feb28 1t*

Examination of Teachers.

☞ The Committee on Teachers of the Board of Directors of Public Schools in Municipality No. Two, hereby give notice to all applicants for employment as Teachers by the Board, who have not heretofore been examined, to appear for this purpose at the room of the Superintendent, punctually, at 4 o'clock, THIS AFTERNOON. The examination, if necessary, will be continued on SATURDAY, (to-morrow) during the day, commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Committee on Teachers—
E. A. BRADFORD,
N. R. JENNINGS,
D. WM. R. LINDSAY,
J. S. CLENDENIN,
D. BYRNE.
feb28

BY N. VIGNIE

Sig. Vito Viti's Last and Closing Sale

Will take place on FRIDAY, 28th inst., at store No. 101 St. Charles street, opposite the St. Charles Theatre, and will comprise a fresh assortment of useful and fancy articles, viz: Marble Figures, Alabaster Sculptures, French Clocks, Papier Mache Work, Silver Plate, Bohemian Glass, Girandoles, and many other articles too numerous to mention. The ladies and gentlemen of New Orleans are respectfully invited to attend, as this is to be the final sale of Sig. Vito Viti, prior to his departure. 1627

Jacques de Molay Encampment.

☞ A meeting of this Encampment will take place on SATURDAY EVENING, March 1, at 7 o'clock, at Masonic Hall, No. 18 Common street. Sir Knights are requested to be punctual in attendance....By order of the Grand Commander. 1483 J. R. PATTISON, Recorder.

James Gulick Fire Co. No. 17.

☞ The members of the above Company are Engine-house on SUNDAY, March 2, at 10 o'clock, A. M.; immediately after, the monthly meeting. By order. GEORGE MAYNE, Secretary.

Jackson Fire Co. No. 18.

☞ The members of the above Company are hereby notified to attend the regular monthly meeting on SUNDAY next, March 2, at 10 o'clock, A. M....Punctuality is requested, as matters of importance will be brought before the Company. 1649 JOHN F. GRUBER, Secretary.

Dr. E. Crain's
Shoulder Brace and Supporter.

THIS ingenious instrument, as may be seen by the cut, supports the whole Body, and is of great value to persons suffering with Pains or Weakness in the Back, Chest or Side, giving immediate relief, and finally rendering the weak and deformed, strong and vigorous. The consumptive, or those predisposed to consumption may be greatly benefitted, and have life prolonged by the use of this BRACE.

☞ CALL and examine the BRACE, and convince yourselves.

SHERMAN, Agent for the South, 70 St. Charles street, New Orleans.

☞ Also, Agent for Dr. Banning's celebrated BODY BRACE. feb22 w,F,M

REFLECT ONE MOMENT,
FOR YOUR OWN GOOD.

☞ By the use of Dr. Lozier's TOOTH and GUM SPECIFIC, you can preserve a clean and white set of TEETH; you can free them of tartar or the Gums from scurvy; you can prevent your Teeth from decaying, and the harbouring anguish of the Toothache. You can arrest the progress of decay in your Teeth, if it commenced, by using this Specific thoroughly, night and morning; for it all means upon going to bed at night, as it is a well ascertained fact that the most deleterious effects are produced at night upon the Teeth, from the noxious conditions they are in after masticating food throughout the day, from various causes. For the teeth as a remedy this is one of the best purifiers that can be used, and it is guaranteed free from acidity.

☞ Agents for New Orleans: Dr. S. Gilbert, 118 Perdido street; J. Wright & Co. 161 Chartres street; F. L. Massey, corner of Camp and Grayier streets; Chas. A. Magnon, corner of St. Charles and Union streets; A. Kendall & Co. 72 Magazine street; J. Prime & Co. corner of Canal and Carondelet streets; Charles Newman, corner of Canal and Baronne streets; Medical Depot, 49 Poydras street; H. Kutteyer, Jackson street Levee, Lafayette; Geo. A. Rose, corner of Royalet and Bourbon streets; Gunter's, corner of St. Charles and Canal streets. feb24 M,W,F 2p 2w*

☞ NOTICE ☜
FROM
KING'S PALACE, 72 Gravier street.

☞ The question of late having been so repeatedly asked by the customers of this establishment,

"When will KING return?"

can now be answered. He left Boston a few days ago, and will soon be found, FROM MORN TILL MIDNIGHT, busily engaged in disposing of THE BARGAINS which he has, for the past sixty days, been purchasing. Suffice it to say, that the MERCHANT and the PLANTER will have the advantage of the tact, skill and judgment which is universally conceded to KING in purchasing his goods, and which he has acquired by close application to the Dry Goods business for the last

THIRTY YEARS.

☞ The Ladies being interested in a few articles, I would say that we are selling

HANDSOME PARASOLS
AT ONLY ONE DOLLAR.

And so for *SILKS, SATINS, BAREGES, ORGANDIES, LAWNS, GINGHAMS, MUSLINS, CURTAINS, BONNETS, RIBBONS, FANS, MATTING*, etc. etc., at as low a figure that it would require a visit to properly perceive, from the four sea, to satisfy themselves, for I confess that I should blush myself at seeing the prices in print.

Store open from 5 A. M. till 10 P. M., not, however, to carry out the general impression of the community that

"KING NEVER SLEEPS,"

but finds it indispensably necessary—from the increased amount of business, in packing boxes and preparing bills of lading; and had Franklin lived in the present day, he would have very justly said

"That the sound of the Hammer"

can be heard BOTH EARLY AND LATE at the store of that indefatigable, enterprising, tireless and enterprising new-comer,

☞ **KING**, of GRAVIER STREET. ☜
feb28 1t Gdp 1t 3mp* S. ELKIN.

NOTICE.—The temporary copartnership which has heretofore existed under the name of WEYMOUTH, DRAKE & CO., was dissolved by mutual consent on the 24th February, 1851. The Auction and Commission Business will hereafter be continued by the subscriber solely, on his own account, at the Commercial Exchange, corner of St. Charles and Perdido streets. [feb28 1t] J. M. WEYMOUTH.

PLANTATION DRUG STORE—The subscriber would respectfully call the attention of planters, physicians and others, to his stock of DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, etc., all of which—being selected with great care, and recently received—will be found not to be inferior, on examination, satisfactory as regards quality; and the prices shall be as low as those of any similar establishment in the city.

☞ Physicians' Prescriptions carefully prepounded.

THOS. RANKIN, Druggist and Apothecary,
feb28 1m corner Camp and Poydras sts.

STRAW GOODS--STRAW GOODS.

NEW SPRING GOODS of every variety.—
PANAMA, CAMPEACHY,
PALM LEAF HATS, LEGHORN, and
—too—
A complete stock of Moleskin, Silk, Black and Drab Beaver, Mexican and Wool Hats, just landed and for sale cheap, by BIF, DUN & CO.
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers,
50 Magazine street, corner of Gravier.

AMUSEMENTS.

M'lle JENNY LIND'S
NINTH GRAND CONCERT
IN NEW ORLEANS,
☞ At the ST. CHARLES THEATRE,
On FRIDAY EVENING, February 28.

PROGRAMME....PART I.

OVERTURE—"Don Giovanni"....Mozart
ARIA—"Miei rampoli" (Cenerentola)....Rossini
Signor Belletti.
RECITATIVE—"Care compagne."
CAVATINI—"Come per me sereno," (Sonnambula)....Bellini
M'lle Jenny Lind.
FANTASIA—Flute....Briccialdi
Mr. SIEDE.
DUET—On Original Tyrolean Melodies—arranged by....Benedict
M'lle Jenny Lind and Signor Belletti.
(Performed for the first time.)

PART II.

OVERTURE—"Le Serment"....Auber
ARIA—"Non paventar," (Il Flauto Magico)....Mozart
M'lle Jenny Lind.
IL SOGNO—"The Dream"....Mercadante
Signor Belletti.
VIOLONCELLO OBLIGATO....Mr. BRAUN.
BALLAD—"By the bella Wera."....Benedict
M'lle Jenny Lind.
SOLO—Violoncello....Kummer
Mr. BRAUN.
THE MOUNTAINEER'S SONG....Swedish Melody
M'lle Jenny Lind.
CONDUCTOR....Mr. JULIUS BENEDICT.

☞ A first class ORCHESTRA, led by Mr. JOSEPH BURKE has been engaged.

☞ One of Chickering's Grand Pianofortes, furnished by Mr. HENRY PARSONS, Pianoforte Warerooms, No. 13 Camp street, will be used for this Concert.

☞ Doors open at half-past 6—Concert to commence at 8 o'clock.

☞ Books containing the words of the Songs. Price 25 cents.

☞ The price of Tickets has been fixed as follows:

First and Second Circle....Five Dollars
Parquette and Orchestra....Five Dollars
Parquette Pit, which are numbered....Three Dollars
Seats in the Pit not numbered....Two Dollars
Third Tier....Two Dollars
Gallery....One Dollar

☞ The choice of Seats for MONDAY'S Concert will be disposed of at auction, on SATURDAY MORNING, 1st of March, at 11 o'clock, by SYKES, HYDE & CO. at their Sales Rooms, No. 51 Magazine street.

☞ In order to give all an equal chance, the choice of pieces will be offered at auction the day previous to each Concert. Seats not sold at the auction may be secured at the above prices, at the ticket office

☞ M'lle JENNY LIND WILL NOT SING ON SATURDAY NIGHT NEXT....The number of her remaining Concerts in this city is extremely limited, as she has engaged a passage in the Steamer MAGNOLIA, which will leave New Orleans next week.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.

Managers....LUDLOW & SMITH.
Stage Manager....B. DEBAR.

☞ Benefit of Mrs. H. S. CHAPMAN.

SATURDAY, March 1, will be performed, for the first time in this city, the original romantic Drama, in three parts, entitled

THE CAMP, THE COTTAGE, THE COURT.

Count Benoski....Mr. Lenan
Sir Charles Seeley, Duke of Sevringham....Mr. J. M. Weston
Sampson Tyrbe....Mr. Chapman
Rosamond Seeley....Mrs. Parker
Flora....Mrs. W. G. Jones
Lisa Lowell....Mrs. Chapman
After which, the inexpressible Farce entitled

FOUNDED ON FACTS.

Theodore Hook's celebrated Extravaganza, entitled

THE MARRIAGE OF MOSE AND LIZE;
or, New York in 1851.

Mose....Mr. Chapman
Lize....Mrs. Chapman

☞ Monday—Benefit of Mrs. W. G. JONES.

☞ The celebrated Comedian, Mr. G. BURKE, is engaged, and will shortly appear.

☞ Doors open at half-past 6; performance to commence at 7. Box office open from 10 until 3 o'clock.

"Lady Macbeth" and "Meg Merrilies"
ON THE SAME EVENING.

☞ First and Last Time in this City.

SATURDAY EVENING, March 1, 1851, at the HISTRIONIC HALL....Rare and first well appearance of Miss CHARLOTTE CUSHMAN, when will be presented the first three acts, and the first scene, fifth act, of

MACBETH.

Lady Macbeth....Miss Cushman
And the last two acts of

GUY MANNERING;
or, The Gipsy's Prophecy.

Meg Merrilies....Miss Cushman

☞ The prices are notified that Tickets can be had at No. 92 Camp street; No. 59 Magazine street; No. 31 Gravier street; and on the door. 1627 2t

PLACIDE'S VARIETIES.

☞ Mere Novelty—Operatic Salad—New Drama—Capital Farce.

THIS EVENING, Friday, February 28, will be presented, first time in this city, a comic opera, in two acts, entitled

THE HUSBAND OF MY HEART.

Duchess....Mrs. C. Howard
Eugenie....Mrs. Rowe
Madame Coquinarde....Mrs. Rowe
Duke....Mr. Wright
Viscount....Mr. Downes
Bricolet....Mr. Holland

To conclude with the Grand Operatic Ballet entitled

LA BAYADERE.

Zoloe....M'lle Hilarion
Zamore....M'lle Valtz
Noron....Mrs. C. Howard
Gulnar....Mr. Lent
Unknown....Mr. Downes

Prices of Admission—Boxes, first and second tier, and Parquette, 75 cents....Boxes, third tier, for colored persons only, 50 cents....Gallery, 25 cents.

Alteration of Time—Doors open at quarter before 7; performance to commence at quarter past 7.

The Box Office will be open every day, from