NEW ORLEANS:

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 8, 1851.

RECORDER CALDWELL'S COURT.—A number of drunken delinquents were discharged by the Recorder, upon promising to reform their conduct.

Highway Robbery.—Charles and Michael McCauley were brought up for meeting Mr. C. Hanske, in Hercules street, on Saturday night about 8 o'clock, and knocking him down with intent to rob him. They were both well dressed men, and when questioned by the Recorder said they were not guilty, as it was only a frisk, and if the prosecutor's head was hung with diamonds they need not rob him, for they had plenty of money and friends, and were well known. They were remanded.

A Disorderly.—P. O. Rearden was fined ten dollars for disturbing the peace of the Watch-house on Sunday night, and breaking the lock of the door of his cell. Not being able to pay, he was sent to jail for thirty days.

Stealing Lead.—Lewis Thompson and John Tissel were sent to the First District Court, upon the evidence of Mr. W. P. Lamothe, for stealing two pigs of lead, value $6, from the steamer Buena Vista, which were brought as freight from St. Louis, on Friday night last. The steamer lay at the foot of Gravier street, and the thieves had succeeded in carrying the lead to Common street, before they were arrested.

The Canal street Murder.—Yesterday, Emile Auvray was brought before the Recorder, charged with aiding and abetting Anthony Neither, alias Tony, in the murder of John Thomas Royals, on Saturday night, in Canal st. The Recorder observed that as Tony had not been arrested, the prisoner must be remanded, and then inquired if any thing had been heard of the murderer. A Police Officer said that he had searched for the murderer in Lafayette, and was at the place where he was employed ten minutes after he left on Saturday night. About one hour after the murder he was seen on the Levee, and had been to his lodging and changed his clothes. About 4 o'clock on Sunday he was seen on the river bank, a little above Lafayette, since which time nothing has been heard of him. Neither is by birth a Dutchman, about 5 feet 5 inches high, stout built, dark hair and eyes, full face, goes by the name of Tony, and was an omnibus driver for Hart, Thomas & Co. The Recorder remanded the case till this day, and requested the Police to take particular care of the prisoner.

RECORDER GENOIS' COURT.—Yesterday about twenty persons were brought up before the Recorder for being drunk and disturbing the peace on Sunday night, and were mostly discharged after a caution.

Stealing Sugar.—Charles Recques was charged with stealing two cows, the property of Mr. Gillender, who lives at 132 St. Philips street, on Sunday night, and was remanded for the production of evidence.

John Fletcher was brought up for entering the State as a fugitive, and was handed over to the Sheriff.

FOURTH DISTRICT COURT.—*Vincent Williams vs. The Nashville Marine Fire, Life and Trust Co.*—In this court, yesterday, an action was brought to recover $2000, the amount of insurance upon a two story frame building, with a one story stable in the rear, situate in the city of Lafayette, and before its destruction by fire, on the 19th of March, 1850, belonging to the plaintiff. The defendants refused payment, on the ground that the property was not properly described in the policy, but the Court ruled otherwise, and gave a verdict for the plaintiff.

A DEEP TRICK.—Yesterday morning, a man from Down East, who is one of the owners of a steamboat plying between this port and the ports on the river coast of Eastern Mississippi, went into an auction room on the Levee, and bid $5 for six pairs of pantaloons. He handed over the money (and then requested the goods; but no, the wielder of the hammer and the knocker of things down, told him that he must pay $5 for each pair, which was more than double their price, and the Down Easter left without his cash or goods, to make an affidavit against the auctioneer for swindling. When told that the case would keep him in the city several days, he gave up the attempt, and contented himself with the loss. Strangers have often been cautioned about frequenting such auctions, and we hope this notice will be a benefit to inexperienced individuals.

AN INCENDIARY KILLED BY A NEGRO.—A gentleman of this Parish, says the Minden (Louisiana) Journal, was much troubled by some one who kept trying to set fire to his gin-house, and at length he determined to surprise him. Accordingly he one night commanded one of his negroes to arm himself with a double-barreled shot-gun, and keep strict watch for the rascal, and shoot him upon the first glimpse. The old negro proceeded to obey orders, and after sitting patiently until the turn of the night without any disturbance, saw in the "dim distance" an object moving slowly, but steadily towards him. As soon as it became within safe shooting distance, he fired, and down came his victim. He ran to the house and informed his master that he had killed the rascal, and no mistake, for he had seen him fall. The master went with his servant to examine, and there sure enough the dead one lay "prostrate in the dust"—but it was one of his best oxen, instead of the villain, who had been trying to burn his gin!

VIRGINIA'S BLOCK FOR THE MONUMENT.—At the marble establishment of Mr. J. Rogers, on the northwest corner of Main and Eighth streets, we saw yesterday, among other beautiful specimens of work in Mr. R.'s line, a handsome block of granite, four feet by two in size, designed for the Washington Monument now erecting in honor of Washington, in the city which bears his name. On its polished face is the following inscription, in well executed chiselled letters:

"Virginia, who gave Washington to America, gives the Granite for his Monument."

This inscription is surrounded by an ornamental wreath, executed on a very hard and flinty granite, in a style which reflects much credit upon the taste and skill of Mr. Rogers. The block was prepared under the direction of Governor Floyd.—[Richmond Dispatch, 28th.

A TOUCHING INCIDENT.—We extract the following touching incident from a letter in the New York Mirror, written by a passenger in one of Collins' steamers to Europe:

"A little girl was returning to England in charge of the captain. She was the only female on board, and by her sweet simplicity had won the love of the noble captain and his passengers. The poor child was very, very sick, nearly all the way, and became much reduced in strength. One dreary night, the fancy struck her that soda water would be refreshing, and it was given her perhaps more freely. Symptoms of the stomach almost immediately ensued, and before the morning came the little sufferer had passed away to a better world; mourning most of all, that no mother's gentle hand would close her eyes in their last sleep, nor a mother's prayer (a Mother's Prayer!) linger last upon her deafening ear. But the great stalwart captain had almost a mother's heart. He whose voice could be heard high up aloft, when the tempest raged in its fury, had tones of gentleness and love for the poor dying child; and though he scarce knew the meaning of the word care, tears fell like rain from his eyes upon the wasted form of the little corpse.

"Beautiful, beautiful, most beautiful—though full of gloom—was the scene presented in that cabin on that wild winter's night. With exquisite delicacy, and almost sacred tenderness was the corpse laid out and preserved. But another trying time for the generous captain was yet to come, for he knew that the mother would hasten to the dock gates to meet her child the moment the ship's arrival was telegraphed. And she did. The captain saw her in an instant, and as soon as the ship got near enough to enable her voice to be heard, she could no longer restrain herself, but cried out in tremulous accents—Is Mary on board? The poor captain scarce knew what to say, but requested the mother to go to his hotel, and he would soon be with her. I dare not attempt a description of the subsequent scenes of this simple, though sad drama. Suffice it to say, that when Thomas B. Cropper goes to his last account, of this touching incident, (which I have related with substantial accuracy) it will surely be said—'Inasmuch as ye did it to the least of these my little ones, ye did it unto me.' Noble Beasts! Much honor to your hearts and breasts of some of our gallant captains, of which I possess ye many proofs before I let go your button."

SECESSION OF SOUTH CAROLINA.—The Washington correspondent of the Journal of Commerce says, should South Carolina secede to-morrow, the movement would be in no way noticed by the United States Government, except the withdrawal of the United States military force from Fort Moultrie, and the placing a United States steam vessel of the harbor of Charleston, Beaufort, and St. Helena, to collect the revenue. The state of things then be this: The United States mail will be run from Wilmington, N. C., to Savannah. The banks of South Carolina will suspend, because the creditors cannot pay them. The cotton crops will be sent at great expense, to Savannah. Houses in Charleston will become of little value—for her trade will cease. The slaves will become valueless and burdensome, and their masters will drive them off, or run away from them; the very state of things that John Randolph predicted. Taxes will be doubled for 1851; but for the next year they were doubled for 1850; and the property must become destructive of all business and property; and the State can neither borrow nor pay. The South Carolina revolution cannot be sustained beyond one crop.—[Mobile Register, 5th instant.

A NEW INVENTION — *Mustachios Attention.*—The Tribune says:

"We yesterday saw a drawing of a new invention, in the manufacture of which India Rubber is the principle article employed. It is especially for the use of gentlemen with long mustachios, and is remarkably simple. It is merely a strap with a spring at each end. The wearer attaches a spring to each mustachio, passes the strap behind his head, and eats his soup without the trouble of parting his mustachios to obtain entrance to his mouth. This is no age of great invention."

REMAINS OF PAUL JONES.—Col. Sherburne has obtained from our Government an order directing the frigate St. Lawrence to proceed to France, before her return from Southampton, for the purpose of bringing home the remains of the celebrated Paul Jones. Col. Sherburne goes out to Europe by the next Collins steamer for Liverpool, to superintend the exhuming of the remains, and their safe conveyance to this country.—[N. Y. Sun, 28th ult.

The Going Snake Temperance Society, Cherokee Nation, has for officers Hon. Sis Eider, President, Young Squirrel, Vice President, Stay Grasshopper, Sec'y.

DANIEL WEBSTER AND ISAAC HILL.—It is always pleasant to record such incidents as are here related in an article we copy from the New York Express:

"A pleasant incident was connected with the last moments of Isaac Hill, which being authoritatively in our possession, we do not feel at liberty to withhold from our readers.

"A few days before Mr. Hill's death, he received a letter from Mr. Webster, earnestly offering him any attentions from himself or family which might alleviate his sufferings. Mr. Hill was too feeble in body to answer the letter otherwise than by dictating a reply, which he did, aided by the pen of his son. In that reply he took occasion to approve of Mr. Webster's course in regard to the Constitution and the Union, both of which he considered in great peril during the discussion of the Compromise Measures before the last Congress. This approval Mr. Hill had expressed at the time, and as a Union man, believing that there are many hidden dangers still lurking in the body politic, from his death-bed, and on the day before his death, he begged Mr. Webster to go on in the good work before him, of urging his countrymen to observe each and all of their constitutional obligations.

"Mr. Hill died on Saturday, and on Sunday Mr. Webster sent Mr. Hill's son a letter of condolence, full of touching allusions to the past, and recalling the occasion of a burial of great political differences upon the altar of the Union. The deep political enmities of the past were mentioned with regret by Mr. Hill, and Mr. Webster sympathized with this forgetfulness of differences. Time and reflection, he was glad to know, had moderated these extreme animosities, and taught each how much sweeter were the hallowed influences of age and experience than the bitter waters of malice and uncharitableness.

"This letter imparted a feeling of sincere satisfaction to the family of the deceased."

MINNESOTA WINTER.—We learn, says the St. Paul Chronicle, the following additional particulars of the drowning of Judge Hamlet H. Perkins, at the Falls of Saint Croix. It appears that it became necessary to have a large cake of ice cut away, which extended over the swift current of the river, and which was considerably above the surface of the water. Finding none of the men willing to venture out to the ice, Judge P. took an axe and went upon it himself, and commenced cutting the ice, when the cake fell into the water and he upon it. The cake floated down with him upon it among the rocks of the rapids, when it broke. He was precipitated into the water, and floated down to the edge of the ice below the rapids and struggled some time to get out upon the ice. In the mean time, two men swam in to try to save him; but he was finally carried under the ice and drowned. When found his cravat was found to be very tight, and some think that he was strangled by his cravat, which was contracted by being wet. That, however, is not very probable.

W. P. Murray Esq., of St. Paul, a short time since, when on his way down the river to Red Rock upon the ice, with a horse and cutter, in company with four double teams, about four miles below town, passed on to a large field of ice, which broke loose and floated off with the whole caravan of men and beasts. At last the flotilla fetched up on the east shore of the river. The men went ashore on foot, and by means of ropes put around the horses' necks, one by one, they dragged the horses ashore after them.

BILLS OF LADING.—A case which occurred in the Court of Common Pleas regarding a liability on a bill of lading, calls for the attention of the mercantile public. The question was whether a bill of lading given by the master of a ship for goods which he had never received on board, could be held to bind his employers. The Court decided to the contrary. The very nature of a bill of lading, it was affirmed, showed that it ought not to be signed till the goods were on board, and the only remedy for the consignee, therefore, was an action against the Captain for fraud. A bill of lading, under such circumstances, would consequently be as valueless as a forged bill of exchange, and as the security of persons receiving these documents is thus made contingent upon the honesty of the master, irrespective of the character of the owners, it is a point that should not be overlooked.—[Liverpool paper.

POPULATION AND VALUE OF SOUTH MISSISSIPPI. Free population, 124,550; slaves, 167,660; amount of real estate, $27,979,595; amount of personal, $73,221,925; amount of products, $1,726,394.

THAT POWDER MAGAZINE.—The Mayor of Charleston having addressed Major Hagner, of the United States Army, on the subject of the erection of the contemplated powder magazine, the latter replies at length, giving his opinion against the erection of the magazine in the city. Major Hagner is endorsed by the Mercury as "an officer of experience and skill in the department to which this subject belongs," and that "he is a gentleman of so high a character that implicit trust will be reposed in the perfect good faith of all which he says."

We presume this written opinion of Uncle Sam's officer will settle the question, and that the magazine will not be located near the Citadel as proposed.—[South Carolinian, 2d.

UNFORTUNATE OCCURRENCE.—A difficulty took place between Lewis P. Breedlove and Jacob Segrest on the 25th ult., which resulted in Mrs. Breedlove's being severely shot. The parties, we understand, had been quarrelling at Chelaw, but finally quit and went home. Segrest, however, got his rifle, and went over to the house of Breedlove, for the purpose of shooting him. Mrs. Breedlove saw him coming, and got between him and her husband, and received the load of the rifle in the fleshy part of the fore arm, which it dreadfully lacerated. The ball then struck the arm above the elbow, and running up, buried itself somewhere between the shoulder and the neck.

Mrs. Breedlove is the sister of Segrest, and the parties have for sometime been at law about the property of Segrest's father, who died sometime last year.—[Macon (Ala.) Republican, 3d.

To remove stains—Repentance.—[Ex.

This may do for reputations, but it won't do for shawls or silk dresses; the only thing left in such cases is to *dye*.

A reporter for the Boston Mail was fined $2 67, a few days since, for smoking in the streets of that city.

The expenses of the Ohio Constitutional Convention will amount to within a fraction of $100,000.

Self-Interest street, is the name of a street in Norfolk, Va.

Mr. Gresham has recovered $1000 damages of Dr. M. Thom, at Louisville, Kentucky, for malpractice, in causing the death of his child.

The House of Representatives, of Massachusetts, has passed the bill for electing members of Congress and electors of President by a plurality of votes.

Rev. George D. Wildes is spoken of in the highest terms as Assistant to the Rector of Trinity Church, Boston.

Among the subscriptions to the Bates cheap postage testimonial in New York, are two or three of $250 each.

The Jacksonville Republican says that emigration into the interior counties of East Florida is unusually great the present season, from the States of Georgia as well as the Carolinas.

A monument to John S. Skinner, to be raised by subscription in the State of Maryland, in memory and appreciation of his services to the agricultural interests, is suggested.

Prentice says a Mr. Bentley has been indicted for severely wounding a stranger with an axe, alleging as a reason, that he didn't know but the stranger was a robber. "He didn't know," added Prentice, "and so he *axed* him."

At the "National Gallery" there is in the course of preparation for public exhibition, a number of rare animals from the Rocky mountains, which have been deposited by Col. Albert. They will be ready in a week or two.

Last year, up to the 19th of March, just eight hundred deaths had occurred in Boston. This year, the same number had occurred up to the 29th of March, which shows an unusually even mortality between the two years.

The orthodox length of a sermon at the Royal Chapel of Queen Victoria, is twenty minutes. George II fixed this, as he could not stand a longer discourse without going to sleep.

An old soldier was court-martialled for drunkenness; the offence was clearly proved, and the culprit was called upon for his defence. It was short, simple and successful. "Does the Court think that Uncle Sam hires all the essential virtues for seven dollars a month?"

The Emperor of Russia has commissioned his agents to purchase every model at the Great Exposition, which may be useful to Russian manufactures. A letter from St. Petersburg announces that the Emperor intends to spend ten millions silver rubles in such purchases.

A great ecclesiastical alliance, is the Rev. Sebastian Streeter, of Boston, must be. The papers say that since he has been installed Pastor of the First Universalist Church there, he married three thousand couples. 300 couples! 600 hearts! 12,000 hearts! Hilloa, stop there!

On the arrival of Gen. Winfield Scott in Cincinnati, one of the mortars which he used in the battle of Lundy's Lane, in 1814, is to be fired on the landing. A sight at this relic of that bloody contest, will cast a patriotic thrill through the hearts of all beholders.

Rev. C. S. Kingsley and wife, Rev. L. C. Woodward and wife, for Oregon; and Rev. Chas. Metlay and wife, Rev. David A. Dryden and wife, and Rev. A. L. Bateman, sailed on the 25th, in the Cherokee, as missionaries of the Methodist Episcopal Church, for California.

A bill has passed the State Senate of Pennsylvania, forbidding the storage of saltpetre in Philadelphia and the surrounding districts in quantities exceeding one hundred pounds. The bill imposes a heavy penalty, and it makes provision for measures of a very summary character.

The Harrisburg American says that Mr. Callender, of York, died suddenly in the cars on his way home on Thursday evening, 27th ult. He had just effected an insurance upon his life in the sum of $5000 in the Keystone Mutual Insurance Company, a few hours before, and left Harrisburg in apparent health.

From the Unitarian Congregationalist Register, for 1851, we learn there are in the United States 241 societies, and 195 ministers. The first society was organized at Plymouth in 1620, President John Adams being one of the first trustees; the second in Boston. In Canada there is a society at Montreal and Toronto.

The democratic papers of New Hampshire are figuring out a majority of 2271 for Dinsmoor, and the Concord Patriot of March 27, says: "We consider the election of Dinsmoor (by the Legislature) morally certain." The new Constitution was presented to the people in fifteen separate parcels, every one of which was rejected by a large majority.

Wilkes, the editor of the Police Gazette, New York, was a few days ago convicted of a libel on Mr. Jordan, late Attorney General of the State of New York. In order to avoid the action of the court until he could obtain a stay of the proceedings, he fled to New Jersey, on the Governor of which a requisition from the Governor of New York has been issued. The case was tried in Duchess county, the sheriff of which has offered a reward of $100 for the arrest of the fugitive. The Governor of New Jersey has not determined what he will do in the premises.

Dr. Zadoc Howe, of Billerica, Mass., who died lately, left three thousand dollars to the Bible Society, and the remainder of his property is to be applied to the erection and maintenance of a High School in Billerica. He has named as trustees four Unitarians, one Orthodox Congregationalist, one Baptist, one Universalist.

The anti-tobacco movement is going ahead with great velocity in Boston. On the evening of the 27th ult. the Hall of the House of Representatives was filled to hear a lecture from a great agent in this reform. At the close of the lecture, a large number of copies of a scathing satire styled "Diary of the Rev. Solomon Spindle," were sold to the audience, and hundreds signed the pledge.

The Rt. Rev. Joseph Crétin, late Vicar General of the Rt. Rev. the Bishop of Dubuque, and appointed to the newly created See of St. Paul, Territory of Minnesota, received the Episcopal Consecration in the domestic chapel of the Rt. Rev. the Bishop of Belley, in France, at the hands of that Prelate, assisted by the Coadjutor Bishop of Belley, and the Bishop of Lausanne and Geneva, on the 26th of January last.

On Jenny Lind arriving at Nashville, that portion of the people who had no chance to get a glimpse of her as she passed them, took to the tops of the houses to look down upon her landing. At the first auction sale of tickets, Mr. J. G. Turner, of the Nashville Veranda, was the fortunate recipient of the premium ticket, at a premium of $200. The entire receipts of the sales were about $800.

PORT OF NEW ORLEANS.

LATITUDE 29° 57' 30" N.—LONGITUDE 90° W.—See Page 68.

CRESCENT OFFICE,
Tuesday Morning, April 8, 1851.

Cleared Yesterday.

Steamship Alabama, Foster, Chagres.
Steamship North America, Bielham, New York.
Goodrich &co
Ship J C Humphreys, Badger, Liverpool, H V Baxter
Ship Jas Conner, Bennett, Liverpool, J H Ashbridge &co
Schr Wm R Pettis, Saunders, St Marks, E G Rogers &co

Arrived.

Ship Josephus, Day, from Cardiff, Wales, in distress, to master—Point.
Ship Mortimer Livingston, Barstow, from Havre, Feb 17th, to J. H Gales—1st mp.
Brig Marshal Ney, Lillie, 35 days from Philadelphia, to master—Eng Turn.
Brig R Robert Patterson, Lincklin, 16 days from Boston, to master—3d mp.
Schr Chipola, Rooke, 4 days from Apalachicola, to master—Basin.
Schr Gen Clinch, Morris, 4 days from Apalachicola, to master—1st mp.
Schr Aldermen, Collins, 5 days from Brazos St. Jago, to master—1st mp.
Schr L Foster—Point.

STEAMBOATS.

Anna, Johnston, from Bayou Bronze-Tete.
Gem, Ostrander, from Memphis.
Mohawk, Boyle, from Nashville.
Mary Foley, Dalforn, from Lockport.
Ophelia, Gordon, from Washington.
Princess No 2, Holmes, from Vicksburg.

Towboat Anglo-Saxon, Davis, from the Passes—went down to tow out—brought up ship Mortimer Livingston and brig Marshal Ney.
Towboat Star, Whitney, from the Passes—towed down and to sea ship Ariadne, ships Brutus and Jenny Lind, schrs Southerner and 21 Paquete—brought up ship Josephus schr L Foster.

Exports.

LIVERPOOL—Per ship J C Humphreys: 1943 bales cotton, 331 bbls flour, 3000 staves.
NEW YORK—Per steamship North America: Italian, 1 bale cotton, 1 box specie.
HAVRE—Per ship Jas Conner: 848 bales cotton, 140 hhds 54 cks bacon, 124 hhds ingnr, 264 bbls pork, 100 bbls lard, 50 tcs grease, 200 boxes candles, 80 bales rope cuttings, 100 do moss, 25 bbls spirits turp.
CHAGRES—Per steamship Alabama: Sundry mdse.
ST MARKS—Per schr Wm R Pettis: 450 bbls flour, 240 do whisky, 100 do pork, 50 casks bacon, 300 sks corn.

Imports.

PHILADELPHIA—Per brig Marshal Ney: Ass'd mdse.
CARIPHY—Per ship Josephus: Railroad iron to order.
APALACHICOLA—Per ship Gen Clinch: 35 bales cotton Cleveland, Rey &co—9 do E G Rogers &co.
APALACHICOLA—Per ship Revenue: 330 bales cotton Wood & Lowe.
APALACHICOLA—Per schr Gen Clinch: 210 bales cotton Wood & Lowe—36 do M White &co—5 bales sacks Jury &co—32 bale paper Sheldon & Potter—13 rolls belting Smith & Pro—18 pkgs mdse to order.
BRAZOS ST JAGO—Per schr Alderman: 289 hides, 3 bdls skins, 0 Wickham—2150 hides, 2 bdls skins, 2 cases mdse Cromer &co.
BOSTON—Per brig Robt Patterson: Assorted mdse.
HAVRE—Per ship Mortimer Livingston: 1 pkgs mdse H DeGoer & Rillard—1 do A Leconte—17 do P Pirel &co—17 Maland—48 T N Currin—1 H Bonnabel—1 J Currin—1 Cestia 1 Favre 6 do A Cantine—W E Valentine &co—1 do P A Hardy—1 T Duconnan—4 to L Perro—600 burr stones H H Green—sundries to order.

Receipts of Produce.

NASHVILLE—Per steamer Mohawk: 104 bbls tobacco, 9 bales cotton K Yentman &co—40 do Cherry, Henderson & Co—2 S & G Cameron—2 do Fearn, Dugger & Co—2 do M H Cooper &co—12 C & G B Tate—6 Bradley, Wilson &co—25 do, 5 bags seed Moon, Titus &co—8 bales cotton Burbridge & Co—2 do Fearn & Co—6 Freeman & Co—97 Peterson & Fowler —11 Siddell, Green &co—26 J B Byrne &co—63 do, 278 sks corn, 37 hhds tobacco MacGregor & Alloway—3 do, 1 bale cotton Pettigrew—27 hhds tobacco West & Summers—4 pkgs mdse, 51 hhds tobacco Turner, Wilson &co—3 do G W Givens—1 do Hewitt, Norton &co—10 do Baker & Story—42 do W G Robinson—8 do, 34 bales cotton R H Fraser &co—95 bdls leather Martin, Owen &co—950 sks corn H Cowan—25 sugar kettles, 70 grain bars Pickett, Perkins &co—7 tons oil cake Gray & Robinson—1 cask lacon P A Girand—4 bbls eggs G R Price—Total, 260 bales cotton, 273 hhds tobacco.

MEMPHIS—Per steamer Gem: 685 bales cotton Bradley, Wilson &co—22 do S Wilson &co—838 Fellowes &co—254 M D Cooper &co—261 J B Byrne &co—5 do Robson & Allen—145 Pickett, Perkins &co—133 Fears, Donegan &co—18 Lowe & Patton—8 G Burke &co—56 Cherry, Henderson &co—98 McLemore, Carter & Co—50 Freeman & Co—42 R Elder, Bro &co—33 A Mittenberger &co—18 do P A Girand, &co—16 Buchanan, Carroll &co—15 J & G Cromwell —15 Wright, Williams &co—8 Bonner & Smith—6 do Williams—13 J B Graves &co—8 Bonner & Smith—6 do Siddall, Greene &co—2 hhd tobacco Wright, Williams &co—Total, 2570 bales cotton.

VICKSBURG—Per steamer Princess No 2: 365 bales cotton Fellowes &co—22 Swiney, Green &co—52 Hill, McLean &co—5 Wright, Williams &co—39 Bradley, Wilson &co—4 do J B Byrne &co—43 Payne & Harrison—10 Pickett, Perkins & Co—2 Turnbull & Mollhenny—8 Watt & Dettmiller—5 Kohl Beck—5 Bonner & Smith—3 W Jackson &co—Total, 501 bales cotton.

WASHINGTON—Per steamer Ophelia: 120 bales cotton, 167 hides J B Belloso—166 do, 2 bales cotton Pavy & Co—30 do J B Planche &co—40 do C Tolediano—1 Guayaca & Landourd—1 do, 15 sacks leather, 35 hides H Gilly—20 hhds sugar Kelly & Conyngham—11 do Barlesius & Adams—6 do, 6 bbls molasses F Perret—2 do M White &co—36 hides J M Johnston &co—151 do L Dufilho—Total, 164 bales cotton.

RAYO DEL GUADALETE—Per steamer Alabama: 1000 sks sugar, 20 bales cistern sugar Joe Lallande—22 do O Lanve—44 do, 51 bbls molasses Payne & Harrison—50 do, 25 hhds sugar Henderson & Tenier—20 do M Bouchard—20 do Dixon & Leach—25 do Kelly & Conyngham—20 do, 27 bbls cistern sugar McRae & Coffman—5 bales cotton E Gerard &co.

HOCKHOCKIE—Per steamer Mary Foley: 128 hhds sugar W Jackson &co—1 do J Hall—13 do W G Hewes—25 Brand & Landry—63 bbls cistern sugar C Belcher &co—21 do, 8 bbls molasses, 14 bales cotton Pavy, Lobit &co—1 do mdse E Gerard—64 do to order—50 bbls molasses P Cazenave—8 do C Pasquier—sundries to order.

Passengers.

Per ship Mortimer Livingston, from HAVRE—43 Passengers.

List of Vessels in Port Not Cleared.

[Notice.—In the First municipality (designated in the following table by "1st"), the Nos. commence at the Railroad and run up.... In the Second municipality, the Nos. commence above the Steamboat Landing, No. 5 being Flatboat Landing.... In the Third ward, the first commence at the Railroad and run down, No. 1 being Ferry Wharf.]

Ships.			
Adelaide	L'Ste	Isaac	4,00
Anna Rich	1,Sec	Isabella	3,00
Arrington	1,3rd	Mary Crocker	13,00
Arthur	Point	Massachusetts	1,0e
Ashburton	1,2d	Mexico	1,00
Amoria	1,2nd	Medford	3,22
Australia	1,3rd	Magnolia	1,00
Columbia	1,2nd	Magnolia	1,00
Creole	1,2nd	Rosin	1,00
Crescent	1,2nd	Rebecca	6,00
Dolphin	1,2nd	Rachel	13,00
Diogenes	1,2nd	Rea Lion	2,00
Dirigo	1,2nd	Sheffield	1,00
Dorset	1,2nd	Sarah Bruce	1,00
Empire	1,2nd	St. Charles	2,00
European	1,2nd	St. Louis	8,00
Empress	1,2nd	Southerner	1,00
Equity	1,2nd	Tennessee	4,00
Equinox	1,2nd	Thos. Perkins	13,00
Excelsior	1,2nd	Thos. Patten	2,00
Essex	1,2nd	Tamaroa	1,00
John Morris	1,2nd	Washington	1,00
Kit Everett	1,2nd	Virginia	1,00
P. P. Sage	1,2nd	Vancouver	Point
Peter	1,2nd	Wilson Lewis	1,00
Geo. Berry	2,3rd	Washington	1,00
Gen. Worth	1,3rd	Windsor Castle	1,00
G. W. Hunter	1,3rd	Wm. Penn	1,00
Goliah	1,3rd	Wm. Sprague	1,00
Hope	1,3rd	Wm. Tell	1,00
Horsford	Point	Woodstock	1,00
Harriet Augusta	1,2d		
Harrisburg	1,3rd	**Barks.**	
Hy. Nesmith	1,2d	Adler	3,00
Hy. Van Gaspe	1,2d	Augusta	1,00
Hotham	1,2nd	Caroline	17,00
H. Hudson	1,2d	Convoy	3,00
I K Lee	1,2nd	C. Wright	10,00
Iowa	1,2nd	Emma Isabella	6,00
Indiana	1,2nd	Eliza	13,00
Isaac Newton	1,2d	Emma Lincoln	6,00
John and Albert	15,00	Gondolo	3,00
Jas. Hunter	6,00	Golden Era	L'Ste
Jas. Milner	1,3rd	Hector	1,00
Josh. Monroe	15,00	H. Demoss	12,00

Brigs.			
Adams Gray	11,00	Louisa	10,00
Aiden	Magdalene	Lucinda	1,00
Bella del Mar	L'Pt	Louisiana	5,00
Detroit	10,00	Lucy Ann	3,00
Elizabeth Watts	12,00	Mandarin	1,0e
Enoch Pratt	11,00	Milliken	1,00
Fredrica	L'Ste	Nashua	3,00
Henry	1,00	Neptune	1,00
Hamsonia	Point	Neptune	1,00
Hamlet	11,00	Nimrod	1,00
Leontine	Point	Nancy	1,00
Lena	11,00	Pearl	1,00
Lucy Ann	1,00	Rosina	1,00
Mount Vernon	Point	Rienzi	13,00
Ocean	12,00	Reindeer	3,00
Rapidan	1,00	Sarah	2,00
R. Patterson	12,00	Sarah Bridge	4,00
Tartar	10,00	Sophia	L'Ste
Telegraph	L'Pt	Tuscan	1,00
Third of May	11,00	Vigilant	1,00
Union	11,00	Vesta	L'Pt
Victoria	14,00		

Schooners.	
American	L'Pt
D. C. Foster	L'Pt
G. B Mathews	L'Pt
Home	L'Pt
Homet	L'Pt
Jane Elizabeth	12,00
John Bull	8,00
Mary George	4,00
M. F. Lutterloh	L'Pt
Mary Ellen	L'Pt
Ocean Queen	10,00
Oregon	L'Pt
Rapidan	L'Pt
Robins	L'Pt
Two Friends	L'Pt
Venus	L'Pt

IRON, COPPER AND TIN PLATE.

300 TONS best TENNESSEE IRON, assorted—flat, square and round.
25 tons best Plough Plates.
19 tons best Plough Moulds.
27 tons best Collins' Axes, 16 to 5.

Best Refined Cable.
100 tons assorted.
15 tons refined Boiler Iron.
19 tons refined Boiler Plates.

Swedish Iron.
75 tons assorted—flat, square and round.

English Iron.
300 tons Flat Bar, 1 to 4½ inch by ¼ to 1 inch.
100 tons Round Bar, ¼ to 4 inch.
100 tons Square Bar, ¼ to 4½ inch.

Sheet Iron.
750 bundles, 9 to 20.
400 bundles, 22 to 26.

Hoop Iron.
150 bundles, ⅝ to 4½ inch.

Scroll Iron.
100 bundles, ⅝x⅜ to 1x⅜, 8-16 and ¼.

Angle Iron.
5 tons assorted—1¼, 1½, 2 and 2½ inch.

Copper.
30,000 lb Brazier's, 14x60 lb sheets, 30x60.

Tin Plate.
350 boxes best Charcoal, IX.
For sale at the very lowest prices, and on accommodating terms, by PRIESTLY & REIN
sp2 6t 89 and 91 Camp street.

MEDICINES AND CHEMICALS.

NATHAN JARVIS & CO., corner Magazine and Common street, offer for sale, wholesale and retail—Sulphur, Soda and Yeast Powders—Rag. and Am.; Rhubarb; Quinine; Jalapi; Senna; Castor Oil; Blue Mass; Cayenne Pepper; Morph; Gum Arabic; Opium; Castile Soap; Calomel; Gentian; Ipecac; Tapioca; Sago; Arrowroot; Epsom Salts—Eng. and Am.; Saleratus; Bi. Carb. Soda; Cream Tart.

Window Glass; White Lead; English and Northern Putty; Colza, Oil and Turpentine. ap4 1m

CHEESE—75 boxes English Dairy, for sale by
ap4 E. J. HART & CO., 79 Tchoupitoulas st.

NEW ORLEANS MARKETS.

CRESCENT OFFICE,
Tuesday Morning, April 8, 1851.

Cotton—The market was very quiet yesterday, and though easier rates were conceded, purchasers could be found for only about 1000 bales.

NEW ORLEANS CLASSIFICATION.

Inferior	7 @ 8¼	Middling Fair	11¼@12
Ordinary	9¼@10¼	Fair	12¼@12½
Middling	10¼@11	Good Fair	nominal
Good Middling	11¼@11½	Good and Fine	nominal

Tobacco—A lot of 34 hhds new crop sold as follows: 5 hhds at 6, 6 at 6¼, 6 at 7½, 8 at 9, and 8 at 9½c ⅌ lb.

Sugar—The demand was limited, and only about 600 hhds were taken at 4¾@5½c for Fair.

Molasses—We noticed only retail transactions at 26@27½c for Fermenting, and 32c ⅌ gallon for Choice Re-boiled.

Flour—There was hardly any inquiry, and the sales reached barely 1000 barrels, in lots, at $4 05 for Ohio, and $5 15 ⅌ barrel for St. Louis. We also hear of 1200 barrels sold on Saturday, but not then reported, from store, at about $3 90 ⅌ barrel.

Corn—Improved. Sales 800 sacks at 56; 250 at 57, and 1475 Prime White and Yellow, from flatboat, at 58c ⅌ bushel.

Provisions—Pork was firm, with sales of 200 barrels Mess, without inspection, at $13 75, 175 Inspected M O at $13 70, 100 at $13 50, and 150 barrels Rumps, also inspected, at $10 ⅌ barrel. Of Bulk Pork 135 cases were sold at 6¾c for Hams, and 5¾c for Shoulders. Bacon was steady, and 160 cases sold, including 95 casks Ribbed Sides, in four lots, at 8¾, 10 do Clear at 9, 25 do partly clear of back-bone, at 8¾, 40 casks St. Louis Shoulders at 6, and some small lots Extra do at 6¾c ⅌ lb. Of Beef, 225 barrels Extra Mess (Dominick's) were taken at $12 50 ⅌ barrel, and 200 tierces Prime Mess at $15 ⅌ tierce. Lard was firm, with sales of 50 barrels Choice at 8¾, and 145 kegs at 8¾c ⅌ lb.

Rice—A lot of 100 casks was sold from store at 3½c ⅌ lb on time.

Coffee—Sales 1300 bags Rio, nearly all at 10½c ⅌ lb.

Lard Oil—A lot of 50 barrels was sold at 60c ⅌ gallon.

Lime—Sales 630 barrels Western (8¾ Genevieve) on the Levee, at $1 50 ⅌ barrel.

Whisky—The principal sale was 100 barrels Rectified at 19c ⅌ gallon.

Exchanges—Demand limited. We now quote:

Sterling	10½@11¼
New York sixty-day Bills	¼@1 ⅌ ct. dis.
Sight Checks on New York	par @¼ ⅌ ct. prem.

Freights—Two American ships were taken up for Liverpool at 5¾d. for Cotton.

NEW ORLEANS CATTLE MARKET.

JEFFERSON CITY,
Monday Evening, April 7, 1851.

The receipts of stock have been unimportant to-day, (comprising a lot of Cows and Calves for re-shipment.) The supply offering for sale is very moderate of all descriptions, and the market dull, with prices easy at our quotations.

—PRICES—

BEEF CATTLE (Western)	6¼@7c ⅌ lb net.
HOGS	7@7½c ⅌ lb net.
SHEEP	$3 25@$3 50 ⅌ head.
MILCH COWS	$25@$30 ⅌ head.
CALVES	$5 00@$10