NEW ORLEANS:

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 12, 1851.

Meteorological Journal.

Kept by D. T. Lillie & Co., Nautical and Philosophical Instrument makers, 45 Customhouse street.

From March 28 to April 10, inclusive.

Days.	Thermometer. Sun's Rise	Noon	Sun's Set	Mean	Barometer. Sun's Rise	Noon	Sun's Set	Mean	Rain
Mar. 28	68	73	67	74	64	30.25	30.27	30.25	.....
" 29	66	79	69	80½	66	30.12	30.10	30.10	.....
" 30	68	80	72	78½	68	30.10	30.10	30.10	0.270
" 31	70	75	71	76½	66	30.12	30.08	30.08	0.340
April 1	67	73	66	74½	64	30.17	30.17	30.10	0.265
" 2	66	78	72	80	66	30.13	30.30	30.25	.....
" 3	68	78	69	81	67	30.22	30.22	30.18	.....
" 4	68	78	72	79½	67	30.10	30.05	29.96	.....
" 5	68½	72	68½	74	62	29.94	29.95	29.91	0.270
" 6	63½	78	76	78	63½	30.00	29.97	29.96	.....
" 7	74	75	70	77½	63	29.97	29.96	29.92	1.460
" 8	64	69	61½	69	56	30.00	30.15	30.20	.....
" 9	60	69	64	68	58	30.30	30.28	30.35	.....
" 10	62	73½	70	75	62	30.15	30.26	30.25	.....

CHARITY HOSPITAL.—The following report is for the week ending at six o'clock, P. M., April 11th: Admissions 357; Discharges 207; Deaths 32. Number remaining 774.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF THE FIRST MUNICIPALITY.—Yesterday the examination of the children of the Public Schools of the First Municipality, which took place in the Rampart street Masonic Hall, was brought to a close. The examinations have continued three days, and on the first day the boys of the schools were examined, and showed considerable tact and extensive acquaintance with the rudiments of a good education. On the two last days, the scholars of the Girls' High School were examined, and they acquitted themselves to the satisfaction both of the teachers and their friends. A numerous company assembled each day to witness the examinations.

RECORDER CALDWELL'S COURT.—Philip Curry was charged with being a vagrant and a disturber of the peace, and was sent to the First District Court.

A Suspicious Character.—Yesterday George Cayon was brought up and charged with entering the house of Mr. Theodore Hendricks, in Delord street, about five o'clock this morning, with an intention of robbing it. He was discovered before he could effect his purpose, and given into custody, and on searching him a "jimmy" was found in his possession. He wanted to persuade the Recorder that he found the house-breaking implement in the street, but he did not believe him, and sent him to answer the charge in the First District Court.

Stealing a Gold Watch.—Sarah Higgins, a woman about twenty-five years old, and of somewhat wretched appearance, was charged with stealing a gold watch, the property of Mr. B. F. Brown. It appeared that the prosecutor lived in a house elevated on piles in Baronne street, and on Thursday night, about eleven o'clock, after he had been in bed some time, he awoke, and found that his gold watch, valued at $100, had been stolen from the mantel-piece. He told the watchman, who was on duty in that street, that he had been robbed, and an unsuccessful search was made for the thief. Having retired, he was again disturbed about two o'clock, and then saw the thief, who was in his room, go out, and hide under the house. He called the Watch again, and search was made, and the woman was found hid under the house. On examining the spot where she had concealed, the watch was found, and the woman was then locked up. She was sent to the First District Court.

An Old Offender.—A sailor from Kentucky, named C. R. Stewart, who has been brought under the notice of the Recorder on several occasions, was charged with climbing over the fence of the yard of Mr. G. Zeigener, in Magazine street, about seven o'clock on Thursday night, with a felonious intent. Being a suspicious character, he was referred to the First District Court.

Charge of Forgery and Swindling.—An affidavit was made by William Moore a few days ago, against Thomas McAdam, whom he charged with swindling, in having presented a check for $200, and receiving the same on presenting it. Yesterday the Recorder was informed that the affidavit was made in error, as a number of blank checks with Moore's signature, was given to McAdam to use during his absence from the city, in connection with his business, and this was one. The prosecution was, therefore, allowed to be withdrawn.

The Electioneering Perjury Case.—James Monaghan, who was charged with perjury, in having voted under a false oath, at the First Ward of the Second Municipality, was again brought up yesterday, and the evidence of Mr. Donovan, Poll Clerk, taken against him. At the close of the evidence, the Recorder said four witnesses had been sworn, and three of them believed that the defendant voted without knowing that he was doing wrong; upon which ground he should discharge him as no case had been made out against him.

Serious Assault.—A man, named Patrick Brennan, was charged with assaulting Charles Petrie, on the 23d of March. It appeared that some unpleasantness arose between Petrie and Brennan about a mule, and the former obtained a writ of sequestration, for the purpose of gaining possession of his mule from the latter. On his going with a Police officer to Brennan, for that purpose, he was assaulted with some deadly weapon, and refused possession of his property. The assault being fully proved, Brennan was sent to the First District Court to answer for his offence.

RECORDER GENOIS' COURT.—Yesterday Z. Courage, was sent to jail for fifteen days for disturbing the peace of Derbigny street on Tuesday night.

Assault.—Eugene Berbet was sent to jail for a month, for assaulting, on Thursday night, Miss Arsine Aubry, in St. Claude street, at a quarter past eight o'clock.

Stealing Money.—Charles Brown was charged with stealing $120, the property of Jeremiah Collins. The prosecutor is a clerk in the grocery store, No. 7 Front Levee street, and on the 26th of March, he had the above sum of money in a chest in the store. Collins was a wrecking-man in the same employ, and on the above day he took the money and absconded with it. On being apprehended yesterday morning, he acknowledged the robbery to the officer; said he had spent thirty dollars, and lost the rest. He was sent for trial to the First District Court.

Unprovoked Assault.—Pietro Sheglich was apprehended yesterday morning for meeting Bernard LeBlanc on the Levee, at the foot of Main street, about six o'clock on Thursday night, and knocking him down and kicking him without provocation. He was ordered to give bail for his appearance this day to answer the charge.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.—A most destructive fire occurred yesterday at the corner of Jersey and St. Mary streets, in Lafayette, by which six or eight houses were levelled with the ground. It commenced about one o'clock in a small wood erection, and the wind being high, burnt rapidly for two hours. Several houses on St. Mary street, and several on Jersey street, were destroyed, and it was only by the utmost exertions of the Fire Department, that two or three blocks were not demolished by the destructive element. At one time the flames were so great that they extended across both streets, and threatened the houses on the opposite side, but the engineers were directed to that quarter, and by keeping the roofs and sides of the buildings wet, their destruction was prevented. There was a great scarcity of water, as no plugs were near enough to supply the engines, but by damming up the gutters, and obtaining supplies from the neighboring cisterns, enough was found to confine the fire to the row of buildings in which it first broke out.

ALARM OF FIRE.—The fire bells sounded the fire of the citizens between three and four o'clock yesterday afternoon, but the alarm was a false one, as no fire occurred.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT—*Before Judge Lazaro—McDonald vs. McGinness.*—This was an action instituted by the plaintiff for the purpose of recovering the amount of a reward paid to a police officer, for the purpose of recovering $200, stolen from plaintiff by defendant's slave. Fifty dollars was the amount of the reward, and fifty dollars was claimed as consequential damages. The Court decided that a police officer was not authorized to take a reward for doing his duty in searching for stolen property, as he was already paid by the Council of the Municipality; and, therefore, was not justified in taking a reward, and it could not be recovered from the owner of the slave. Judgment was given for the defendant. Mr. T. B. Veazey appeared on behalf of the plaintiff, and Frank Harris for the defence.

ARKANSAS MANUFACTURING.—Arkansas is manifesting its intention to take rank as a manufacturing State. It has every inducement to do so, and it is gratifying to learn that a beginning has already been made. A cotton factory has been in operation for sometime, in Pittsburg, in that State; another in Van Buren, and a third in Washington county. All of these have been conducted on a small scale, thus far, but success has inclined them to expand. The first two named have united their means and energies for that purpose, while the proprietor of the last mentioned establishment feels that his individual energies can give him sufficiently rapid propulsion. Some two or three years ago he commenced with rude machinery and a single horse for the motive power. From the profits of this little factory, limited as they must necessarily have been, he has already been enabled to put up a steam engine, and quite a number of spindles, which are kept in full blast. He desires the character of a successful pioneer, and sees clearly the way in which he is to earn it.

The geographical advantages of Arkansas unite with its other great natural resources, to stimulate it to manufacturing enterprise. It looks, with a good show of reason, to the rapidly increasing demand for manufactured goods in Texas and New Mexico. In its ambition to secure that valuable trade, it is not unaware that it has the young giant enterprise of Missouri to contend with. It is the conviction that Missouri has thus far outstripped it in sagacity and enterprise in monopolizing the Santa Fe trade, that has aroused Arkansas now to set on foot a formidable movement to contest the trade, with its advantage of being nearer than Missouri to Santa Fe, by a distance that will weigh in the expense of transportation.

The following is an inscription on a tomb-stone in Massachusetts. It is beautiful.

I came in the morning; It was Spring
And I smiled;
I walked out at noon; It was Summer,
And I was gaid.
I sat me down at even; It was Autumn,
And I was sad;
I laid me down at night; It was Winter,
And I slept.

Col. Benton addressed an immense assemblage at the Rotunda, in St. Louis, on the night of the 24. He said that a long war, which the people of Missouri were just beginning, had to be fought; and added, "I enlist for the war." It was only on Thursday that we declared our faith that there still was *fight* in him. It makes no difference what the war to which he referred is to be about. A war of any kind! That's enough for the Lion. General.

Fort Towson.

Fort Towson is situated on the east bank of Gates' Creek, just one mile from our village, about six miles north of Red River, and about the same distance east of Kiamichi, in lat 33 51 north, and long 95 01 west.

In approaching it from the prairies, the garrison presents a very beautiful appearance. The buildings, which are very commodious and comfortable, are principally frame, and front on the parade ground, forming a hollow square. The commandant's quarters, in the rear, show to great advantage, and, in short, every thing about the place indicates strict military discipline and good order. We know of no place where one could spend a summer more pleasantly than there. We take great pleasure, occasionally, in visiting the officers of the garrison, and exchanging the salutations of the day.

It is within ten minutes ride of those beautiful rolling prairies, which reach as far as the eye will carry, and which are here and there dotted with little patches of timber, forming islands, as it were, in the great sea of grass. How delightful it is, to rise at the beat of reveille, and sally out into those vast pastures, and see the herds of cattle and sheep quietly grazing around, listen to the twitter of the myriads of birds that fill the air with melody, and inhale the soft breezes that come laden with the perfumes of nature's flower garden. One almost instinctively exclaims—

"Aye, this is freedom! these pure skies
Were never stained with village smoke!
Around, where ere I cast my eyes,
Are endless wastes, by plough unbroke."

Fort Towson was first established in the year 1823, and occupied until 1829, when it was abandoned. A short time after the troops were withdrawn, it was burned down. It was rebuilt in the year 1831, by companies A, C, G and I, of the 3d Infantry, under the command of then, Major G. W. Kearny, who was relieved as follows: Capt. Nelson; Lieut. Col. Voss; Maj. Henry Wilson; Capt. Allen, of the 4th Infantry, company K; Major Fontleroy, 2d Dragoons; Brev. Maj. Beal; Col. Loomis, with 6th Regt. Infantry. Captain T. L. Alexander, in May, 1846, having been ordered to New Orleans, a detachment of fifteen men of the 6th Infantry were left, under command of the late Lieut. J. D. Bacon, who was relieved by Lieut. Foot, and he by Lieut. Davis, of the same regiment, who was relieved by companies D and K of the 5th Infantry, in 1848, under command of Capt. R. B. Marcy, and him relieved by Brev. Lieut. Col. Auchmuty, a detachment of fifteen men of the 6th Infantry were left, under command of the late Lieut. J. D. Bacon, who was relieved by Lieut. Foot, and he by Lieut. Davis, of the same regiment, who was relieved by companies D and K of the 5th Infantry, in 1848, under command of Capt. R. B. Marcy, and him relieved by Brev. Lieut. Col. Auchmuty, and then by present commandant, Capt. Isaac Lynde, company F, 5th Inf. Officers, Brev. Captain Charles S. Hamilton, A. Surgeon; Lieut. W. N. R. Beal; T. C. Maddison, Surgeon; Rev. S. Corley, Chaplain.

Immediately in the rear of the buildings is a ravine about eighty feet deep, varying in breadth from a few yards to half a mile, and bounded on the opposite side by rolling hills, densely covered with oak and pine. Through this ravine runs Gates' Creek, which is supplied by good springs in the pine hills, north-west of the Fort, and empties into Red river a short distance from the mouth of Kiamichi. This bottom, which is covered with hickory, scrub-oak, etc., presents a marshy surface.

Immediately in the vicinity of the Fort the soil, which is composed of light sand and clay, is very productive. Upon the prairies, the soil, although superficial, is much richer, based upon a thin stratum of limestone.

We had almost forgot to mention a fine chalybeate spring within ten minutes walk of the Fort, which is often used for medicinal purposes.

At present the supplies for Fort Ouachita and Fort Arbuckle, are sent to this post, from New Orleans, and hauled from here by wagons, a distance to the former of about eighty-five miles, and to the latter of about one hundred and fifty miles, nearer by one hundred miles than any other point of steam navigation.

We authorized to say, by one who has resided at the Fort since 1832, and who is connected with the army, that there is no Fort in the United States that can boast of better health.

In conclusion we return our thanks to our friends at the garrison, for their assistance in giving this history.

Population 101; one blacksmith shop; one wagon and carpenter shop; one bakery; one sutler's store. [Doaksville Intelligencer.

THE MINERALS OF GREAT BRITAIN.—Sir Henry De La Beche estimates the annual products of the British mines at £10,597,000, exclusive of the coal. This last article is worth at the mines £9,000,000, so that the sum total is £20,000,000, or one hundred millions of dollars. Of this amount the lead mines yield £50,000, or $2,500,000 of silver.

COST OF LIBERIA.—The Colonization Society has expended $1,125,000 since its organization in 1817. The number of emigrants is 7160.

The jail of Wayne county, at Winchester, Miss., was broken open by its inmates, on the night of the 26th ult., and prisoners effected their escape. The notorious Clark, who cut out the eyes of Dodd, some sixteen years ago, was released from the clutches of a tardy justice.

The Scientific Association meets this year in Cincinnati, early in May.

An officer arrived in Louisville, a few days ago, on the trail of a man who had recently obtained $7000 worth of goods in NewYork, under false pretences.

NEW ORLEANS MARKETS.

CRESCENT OFFICE,
Saturday Morning, April 12, 1851.

Although the amount of business transacted in our market has not been very extensive this last week, prices have generally been well sustained, and for several articles of Provisions (among which are Pork, Lard and Bacon) have advanced. Cotton was rather heavy in the early part of the week, but has become buoyant since the recent favorable advices from Europe. Sugar is quite steady, and the prime qualities of Molasses have again improved.

The Africa's news, which was received by telegraph yesterday, proves again favorable for Cotton, as it announces another fractional advance at Liverpool.

Cotton—The excitement noticed in our market on Friday week, occasioned by the unexpectedly favorable accounts by the Baltic, subsided almost immediately, and the sales of the first three days of the business week—Saturday, Monday and Tuesday—were confined to 3600 bale, prices tending in favor of purchasers until fully 1/8 of the previous advance was lost. On Wednesday affairs still wore a dull aspect, and barely 500 bales were disposed of at this reduction. Thursday was a day of rather more activity, the sales reaching some 4000 bales at steadier prices, as factors, in anticipation of later advices from Europe, were not offering their stocks freely. Yesterday morning the Africa's advices were received announcing a further improvement of 1/4d at Liverpool, the week's sales being 43,000 bales, and the closing quotation for Fair Orleans 7 5/8d. With as the effect was to excite factors to again put up the rates, and 6500 bales changed hands at an advance of 1/8@3/16; making a total for the week of 10,100 bales, taken partly on speculation, but principally for England. We have again raised our figures to correspond with the higher figures and quotations. The receipts at this port since the first of September are 878,004 bales, against the same date last year; and at all the U. S. ports an increase of 189,210 bales.

NEW ORLEANS CLASSIFICATION.

Inferior	7 @ 8½	Middling Fair	11½@11¾
Ordinary	9 @ 10	Fair	12½@12¾
Middling	10½@11	Good Fair	..... nominal.
Good Middling	11¼@11½	Good and Fine	..... nominal.

Cotton and Tobacco Statement.

	Cotton, bales.	Tobacco, hhds.
Stock on hand, Sept. 1, 1850	16,012	14,842
Received past week	16,110	77
" previously	841,894—857,004	21,481—21,558
Exported past week	19,271	159
" previously	603,863—623,074	17,907—18,066
Stock on hand, not cleared	234,542	19,492

Tobacco—The demand has been rather more general this week, and sales of some 170 hhds have been effected during that period, including one lot of 1199 hhds Mason county, taken for Spain, and said to be at about 9¼@9½c round. In prices we should judge that no material change had taken place, and therefore repeat our last quotations: Factory Logs, 5½@6½; Pantons do., 6½@7½; Fair, 8½@9½; Fine, 9½@10½; Choice and Selections, 10½@12c ⅌ lb. There were two large sales pending yesterday, but neither of them was closed in time for our review of this morning.

Sugar—There has been only a moderate supply of Sugar in the market during the past week, but with a limited demand prices remain without any material change. Fair and prime qualities being most in request have been firmer than ordinary and inferior descriptions. The sales, including 730 hhds taken yesterday, sum up about 2600 hhds, and we quote as before: Inferior to Common, 4@4½; Fair, 4¼@4¾; Prime and Choice, 5¼@6¼c ⅌ lb.

Week's receipts, 1808 hhds. Exports, 268 hhds.

Molasses—The receipts have continued light, particularly of re-boiled, and the sales of the week have been limited to some 2300 bbls, at a range of 22½@28c for good fermenting, and 31@32½c for re-boiled, the ruling rates for choice re-boiled latterly being 32½@32½c ⅌ gallon. About 400 bbls were disposed of yesterday at these rates.

Week's receipts, 1758 bbls. Exports, 89 bbls.

Flour—The Flour market has presented a quiet appearance during the greater portion of the week, but as the supplies have been light prices have been pretty well sustained. The sales up to Thursday evening reached barely 11,000 bbls, generally at the following range: Superfine Ohio $4 05@$4 12½, from the Levee and on flatboat deliverable alongside ship; St. Louis and Illinois $4 08@$4 25; Extra Ohio $4 37½@$4 50; and extra and fancy St. Louis $4 60@$4 87½ ⅌ bbl. The outside figures have not, however, been reached in recent transactions. We noticed early in the week a sale of 210 bbls Ohio from store, and not in prime order, at $3 90 ⅌ bbl. Yesterday's sales embraced about 4000 bbls at our quotations, the market closing with firmness.

Week's receipts 14,710 bbls. Exports 9326.

Grain—The arrivals of Corn have been large, and with a fair inquiry the sales of the week reach about 30,000 sacks, including 12,000 sacks yesterday. The sales have been of a little, but close at a range of 50@55c for ordinary to strictly prime lots, the ruling rates for good yellow and white being 52@53c ⅌ bushel.... Oats have been in moderate request at 40@45 for Ohio and Indiana, and 47@48c ⅌ bushel for St. Louis. The sales include 6000 bushels St. Louis taken on Thursday, by the U. S. Quartermaster, at 47½c.... There have been a few arrivals of Wheat, but we have not heard of any further sales.... Bran has sold generally at 75c, with a few lots at 80c ⅌ 100lb.

Week's receipts of Corn 46,176 sks. Exports 3721.

Provisions—Barrel Pork has been in fair request since our last weekly report, and full prices have been realized in all the transactions that we have noticed. The sales embrace about 6000 bbls (including 1600 taken yesterday) at the following rates: Brandel Mess $13 90@$14; uninspected $13 70@$13 75; M. O. $13@$13 75 for sain-pected and branded; $10 75@$11 50 for Prime; and $9 75@$10 00 ⅌ bbl for Rumps.... Bulk Pork has brought higher rates and we have noticed sales of about 300,000lb, mostly at 5½c for Shoulders, 5¾@6c for hog-round, and 6¾c ⅌ lb for Hams. The sales include 100,000lb meat fed at 5½c for hog-round. Of Prime Mess a lot of 60 tcs Shoulders has been sold at 5¼c ⅌ lb.... Bacon has fluctuated a little in price, but the rates have latterly advanced. The sales reach fully 1300 cks, mostly at 5 @5½c for Ribbed Sides, 5¾@5¾ free of backbone, and 9@9¼ for clear; 6¼@6¾c for Shoulders, the outside rate for extra only, and 7¾@10½c ⅌ lb for plain and bagged to extra sugar-cured Hams.... Of Beef we have noticed sales of 2,5 bbls Mess, a superior article, at $12 50, 100 hf bbls at $6 37½, and 200 tcs prime Mess at $15 ⅌ bbl.... Lard has advanced, owing to a brisk demand and reduced stock, and the sales comprise 1500 bbls and tcs and 4000 kegs. The rates latterly have been as follow: for bbls and tcs 7½@8¼c for inferior to prime, and for kegs 8¾@9c ⅌ lb. The outside rate was paid on Thursday for a lot of 1100 kegs prime from store.... Western Butter has brought 9@13, and Cheese 7½@8c ⅌ lb.

Rice—The market continues over-stocked, and the rates are without improvement. The principal sales that we have noticed during the week were 100 casks Carolina at 3¾c on time, and 140 in two lots at the same rate.

Whisky—There has been considerable fluctuation both in the stock and prices during the week. The trade sales about 2500 bbls, the opening rates being 18¾@19 for Rectified, and the market closing at about 18½c ⅌ gallon. Raw has sold latterly at 2@20½c.

Bagging and Rope—There has been only a limited demand for these articles, and the principal sales that we have noticed were 100 coils Rope at 6¾, and 200 at 6½c. Bagging may be quoted at 12@13c cash and time.

Gunny Bags—The sales have been quite limited, and we quote as the range 8½@8¾c, for new bags in bundles and in bales.

Candles—Sperm have been selling slowly at 41@43, and Star more briskly at 18½@19c ⅌ lb, the latter rate for the best brands known to be full weight.

Hay—Prices have ranged from $18 50@$20, with sales of 730 bales New York Hay at $18 50, $19 and $19 25 ⅌ ton.

Lime—Western has been selling by the quantity at $1 50@$1 62½, and fresh Thomaston (of which the stock is almost entirely exhausted) at $2@2 25 ⅌ cask.

Coffee—The demand has not been active, and the week's sales (including 800 yesterday) do not exceed 6200 bags at 10@10½c, the ruling price recently for good Rio being 10½c ⅌ lb. No more cargoes have arrived, and the amount of the direct imports from the 1st September to date is 206,700 bags against 184,610 to same time last year. The stock left in first and second hands last evening was about 25,000 bags, nearly all sound.

Tallow—We noticed sales during the week of 65 bbls good Western rendered at 6¾c ⅌ lb.

Lead and Hemp—We hear of nothing doing in these articles.

Salt—Three or four cargoes Liverpool have been sold on private terms, but known to be at an advance. From recent hands lots are selling at $1@$1 12½ for fine, and 80@90c for coarse, free of drayage.

Exchanges—The demand has been more limited lately, and the rates are not fully sustained. We quote:

Sterling	109¾@110¼
New York sixty-day Bills	¾@1 ⅌ cent. dis.
Sight Checks on New York	par@¼ ⅌ ct. prem.

Freights—The rates have continued to droop, and within a day or two some considerable shipments of Cotton have been made to Liverpool at 5-16d in British vessels, and some little to Havre at ¾ of a cent. To Eastern ports Cotton is taken at ⅝c; Pork at 40@45; Flour at 37½@40c ⅌ bbl, etc.

NEW ORLEANS CATTLE MARKET.

JEFFERSON CITY,
Friday Evening, April 11, 1851.

Arrived during the past week: 843 head of Beef Cattle, 520 Hogs, 850 Sheep, 64 Cows, and 147 Calves.

The market until to-day was but moderately supplied with Hogs, Sheep, Calves and Western Beeves. To-day's receipts comprised 540 Hogs, 350 Sheep, and 134 Western Beeves.

—PRICES—

BEEF CATTLE (Western)	5½@5¾c ⅌ lb net.
HOGS	6@6½c ⅌ lb net.
SHEEP	$2 50@$3 75 ⅌ head.
MILCH COWS	$30@$35 ⅌ head.
CALVES	$6 00@$11 00 ⅌ head.

NEW ORLEANS MONEY MARKET.

Corrected Daily by W. W. White & Co. 21 Camp st.

Specie.....½@1 ⅌ ct. pm.

Exchange.

Paris	5.32@5.27½ francs.
London	9@10 ⅌ ct. pm.
New York, 60 days	1 @ 1¼ ⅌ ct. dis.
New York, sight	¼@ ¾ ⅌ ct. pm.
Boston, 60 days	1¼@ 1½ ⅌ ct. dis.
Boston, sight	par@ ¼ ⅌ ct. pm.

Gold.

California	$17 25@$17 00 ⅌ ounce.
Doubloons	$16 00@$16 50 ⅌ ounce.
Sovereigns	$4 84@$4 87
Napoleons	$5 30@$5 40
Spanish Doubloons	$16 00@$17 00
Mexican Doubloons	$15 75@$16 00
Mexican Dollars	$1 00@ ct. pm.

Uncurrent Money.

Alabama State Bank	½@ ¾ ct. dis.
Mobile Bank	¾@ ¾ ct. dis.
Georgia	1 @1½ ct. dis.
South Carolina	¾@ 1 ct. dis.
North Carolina	¾@ 1 ct. dis.
Northern Bank of Mississippi	5 @10 ct. dis.
Com'l and Agricultural Bank, Greenville	¾@ ct. dis.

Land Warrants.

One Hundred and Sixty Acres	$120 00@$125 00
Forty Acres	$38 00@$42 00

Western Money.

Kentucky	½@ 1 ct. dis.
Indiana	½@ ¾ ct. dis.
Ohio	¼@ ½ ct. dis.
Missouri	¾@ 1 ct. dis.
Tennessee	¾@ 1 ct. dis.

PORT OF NEW ORLEANS.

LATITUDE 29° 57' 30" N.—LONGITUDE 90° W.—Time, 8h.

CRESCENT OFFICE,
Saturday Morning, April 12, 1851.

Cleared Yesterday.

Steamship Philadelphia, Brown, NewYork.
Ship Montauk, Lawrence &co
Ship Clarissa Currier, Knapp, Liverpool, J F Whitney &co
Ship Harrisburg, Mathews, Philadelphia, J W Andrews &co
Ship Kennebec, Smith, Liverpool, C J Meeker &co
Brig Leontine, Merryman, Cote Blanche, W H Hunnell
Br schr Geo B Mathews, Robinson, Belize (Honduras), J Y de Egana

Arrived.

Steamship Galveston, Stevens, from Indianola via Galveston 7th inst. to Harris & Morgan—31 mp.
Ship Parthenon, Taylor, from Newport (Wales), 14th Feb, to G W Hynson—Lafayette.
Schr Wm Bryan, Bryan, 3 days from Grand Caillou, to Chas Deslee &co—Point.
Schr Panama, Stewart, 4 days from Corpus Christi, in ballast, to master—1st my
Schr Panter, Reynolds, 3 days from Grand Caillou, to master—1st my.

STEAMBOATS

Anna, Johnston, Bon Dakon-Grosse Tete.
Banner of Attakapas, Mazzah, from St Martinsville.
Brilliant, Hart, from Bayou Sara.
Buckeye, Devon, from Cincinnati.
Dove, Box, from Warren River.
Gipsy, Ure, from Bayou Sara.
G W Kendall, Norton, from Cincinnati.
Gen Lafayette, Bentley, from Louisville.
Globe, Brooks, from Nashville.
Iowa, Carter, from St Louis.
J T Dowell, Pointer, from Pointe-a-la Hache.
Missouri, Atchinson, from St Louis.
Natchez No 2, Leathers, from Vicksburg.

Towboat Panther, Davis, from the Passes—towed down and to sea on the flat boat, ships Avalanche and Hugenot—brought up ship Parthenon, schr Panama, P M Sears and Wm Bryan.

Exports.

NEW YORK—Per steamship Philadelphia: Sundry mdse
LIVERPOOL—Per ship Clarissa Currier: 2,280 bls cotton.
LIVERPOOL—Per ship Montauk: 2,050 bales cotton.
PHILADELPHIA—Per ship Harrisburg: 1200 pgs lead, 1443 bales cotton, 30 bales peltries, 259 bdls hides, 59 bbls crude oil.
COTE BLANCHE—Per brig Leontine: 648 sks corn, 90 bbls pork, 28 do flour, 200 mahogany bdls, etc.
BELIZE—Per schr Geo B Mathews: 350 bbls 100 hf bbls flour, 59 bbls bread, 218 do pork, 10 kegs lard, 10 do butter, 20 bxs cheese, 19 bxs 60 bales tobacco, 3 bdls sugar, 40,0 feet lumber and sundries.

Imports.

GALVESTON—Per steamship Galveston: 8 bales cotton Kelly & Conyngham—29 do McKee, Buckley &co—10 do Williams—29 do Oakey & Hawkins—420,000 in specie to O Kimmin—J Burnside &co— A Gildemeister—Pickett, Perkins &co—Malbewell, Bell &co—Total, 82 bales cotton.
NEWPORT—Per ship Parthenon: 632 tons railroad iron to Wm G Weld
GRAND CAILLOU—Per schr Panter: 160 hhds sugar, 150 bbls molasses W E Thomson—40 do A Mitteneberger & co—34 bbls cistern sugar A & J Dennistoun &co.

Receipts of Produce.

CINCINNATI—Per steamboat Buckeye: 759 bales cotton Fellowes &co—63 hhds tobacco Murphy & Crafts—12 do A D Ward—6 do Love, Savage &co—2 do Kennedy & Foster —2 do Thomas, Dykers &co—Beatty, Liggett &co—10 do, 6 bxs twine, 6 do pos bagging, 151 sacks oats Shultz & Hadden—256 bbls flour Taylor & Cassily—40 do oil, 120 bxs candles, 250 bbls whisky, J Conway &co—25 hf bbls do E H Wingate—108 bbls do, 8 bbls spirits J Mactinger & co—182 bbls whisky Martin, Owen &co—84 do J Landis &co —112 do, 15 bbls charcoal J C Dyer—200 bbls flour T R Lewis—45 do eggs, 127 boxes cheese, 12 kegs butter J H Sturges &co—49 do J I Adams—59 baskets, 16 kegs butter, 5 bbls candles, 20 do potatoes W S Wright &co—30 do, 60 bbls eggs etc Schneider & Wiener—50 boxes starch J Hall—23 pkgs brandy B W Huntington—33 bbls bacon N H Brigham —15 kegs R Geddes—17 rolls leather Smith Bro—tot furniture P H Brennan—do H Wadrich &co—sundries Bates & Wyman —25 bxs starch H L Stone &co—3 bxs tools B W Huntington —48 bbls bacon Nye, Bro &co—10 tcs hams, 4 bales twine Parmele & Bro—Lippitt & Kenyon—2 do Williams—Total.
CINCINNATI—Per steamer G W Kendall: 1000 bbls flour, 50 bbls whisky Taylor & Cassily—182 do J Landis & co—30 do, 20 bbls lard, 10 do butter, 10 do cheese, 25 bbls Liggett &co—1800 lbs candles J Avet—68 bbls pork Henderson & Peake—20 do apples J A Morton &co—173 hf bbls 5-8 kegs pork Martin, Owen &co—1 bbls alcohol B Mazzeno—100 do liquors P C DePeyster—13 do do J Miller—13 do, 24 bbls potatoes L Dater—10 hf bbls butter H L Stone &co—25 tcs hams Secombe & Voorhies—7 boxes Hack & Washington—1 do E L Nimmo—50 dozen washboards Beebe &co—2 pipes wine A D Donaldson—4 sacks M Greenwood &co—42 cks bacon, 32 bbls lard, 10 do eggs W S Wright &co—10 do, 25 pkgs, 5 hf bbls 80 kegs butter Schneider & Wiener—30 kegs do, 19 bbls eggs, 6 bxs tongues E S Keep—103 bxs cheese, 75 kegs butter, 35 bbls eggs J H Sturges &co—20 do liquor E L Nimmo—14 do hams, 50 cases cheese G L Dainow—31 pkgs glassware twiney, Green &co—202 sks corn, 40 bbls apples, 70 bxs soap, 15 bx candles, 196 cks bacon, sundries to order.
LOUISVILLE—Per steamer Gen Lafayette: 31 bhds tobacco Fellowes &co—7 do Turner, Wilson &co—8 do W G Robinson—13 do Kelly & Conyngham—31 do Hewitt, Norton &co—24 do Pegram & Bryan—13 do, 1 bbls bacon McCombs & Donnell—37 do Kendall, Yos &co—329 pcs bagging J & R Geddes—190 bbls pork, 3 boxes Nails, Cox &co—30 do Bentley, Wilson &co—12 pkgs Wright, Williams &co—2 do J Bain—2 do E Stout—12 do Cady & Holmes—50 bbls whiskey Strother Bros—6 do C Mallot &co—20 bbls eggs D Seeland—16 bellows Stark, Day & Stauff—1 set furniture Buck & Pos—78 sacks Shultz & Hadden, Mulford Bro—289 sacks corn, 22 do bacon J Hurley—314 sks corn Hornil, Gayle &co —2270 do, 102 sks oats, 30 bbls 5 hf do 75 kegs lard, 13 casks whisky, 10 bbls eggs, 120 bbls flour, 2 do 10 do pickles T C Twichell &co—25 bbls 1 cask beer, 68 bales hemp, 300 coils rope Parmele & Bro—16 bbls eggs H Bunnan—25 do, 4 kegs lard F Martin—7 bbls eggs, 130 do potatoes Schneider & Wiener—5 cks bacon, 4 kegs lard Owens, Dykers &co—16 pkgs W S Wright &co—1 cask 12 bbls 10 half do beef F Roth—6 bbls eggs M Martin—682 sks corn, 65 bbls whisky, 12 do eggs Fellowes &co—255 do Wingfield, Trice &co—641 do T Morgan —1104 do, 314 sks oats Campbell & Rickarby—485 do Rodenburg & Watts—622 do A Thompson—212 clumps Parmele & Bro—19 bbls biscuit, 50 do whisky A Michel—19 do eggs J H Sturges—31 do pork, 34 cks bacon Waters &co—50 casks 36 hhds bacon, 100 tcs hams Shultz & Hadden—100 bbls flour, 3 bbls bacon, 2 bbls tobacco J S Foley &co—17 bbls tobacco Bridges & Maumuchio—50 bbls flour Lyman, Scott &co—250 do J Eager &co—480 do Kennedy & Foster—322 do R H Short &co—30 bbls beans F Y Carlisle &co—3 bbls 12 casks pork Fellowes &co—80 bbls beans R W Adams—34 casks oats, 65 bbls, Finley J Conway &co—135 casks oats A J Wright &co—4541 hides B L Mann—70 bales cotton J H Byrne &co—47 do M White &co—sundries to order.
ST LOUIS—Per steamer Iowa: 1608 bbls flour, 60 casks bacon, 117 bbls pork J Connory &co—200 do F Kennett &co —200 bbls flour Beverly, Sands &co—87 bales hair, 1 pkge J O Wendorff &co—1262 sks oats Turner, Wilson &co—324 do Campbell & Rickarby—321 do Lyman, Scott &co—737 sacks corn J eager &co—677 do Rodenburg & Watts—145 do Pegram, Frost &co—865 do Brander, Williams &co—100 bbls flour, 36 firkins butter J H Shaw &co—26 bales hemp, 25 cases rose Parmele & Bro—15 bbls eggs H Nourse &co—31 bbls bacon Waters &co—7 do T S Elder—10 bbls tobacco Bridges & Maumuchio—37 saddle-trees Smith Bro—2 pkgs mdse Hornil, Gayle &co.
NASHVILLE—Per steamer Globe: 115 bales cotton Hill, McLean &co—45 do, 8 bbls tobacco McGregor & Alloway —8 do R H Short &co—33 do, 62 bales cotton Fellowes &co —100 do, 68 bbls tobacco R Yeatman &co—2 do S H Davis —1 do, Finley, Conway &co—1 do Hewitt, Norton &co—3 do, 174 bales cotton R H Fraser &co—47 bbls tobacco, 26 cks bacon, 31 bbls pork Turner, Wilson &co—28 bxs oats R Crockett—28 bbls eggs Rebsdorf & Wier—1 box leads Armstrong, Lawrence &co—Total, 496 bales cotton, 222 bbls tobacco.
WABASH RIVER—Per steamer Dove: 34 bbls bacon J MacGregor &co—14 do Burges, Adams &co—8 bbls 2 bxs 3 do, 286 bbls flour, 2 do pork Overton, Chism &co—44 bbls barley oil T Langstaff—394 sks corn Price Fred &co—600 do R H Short &co—792