The Daily Crescent.

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The Daily Crescent.

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Bird Music.

GREAT BARRINGTON, March 18, 1851.

Messrs. Editors—A curious circumstance, quite aside from the ordinary dictates of instinct, occurred in the case of a young bobolink, in the family of the Rev. J. W. Turner, of Great Barrington, Massachusetts. He was caged at first apart from a pair of canaries, which were in another cage in the same room. The bobolink never sang at all from June to December, until he was permitted to share in the same cage the civilities and sympathies of his neighbors, the canaries, who had been so long entertaining him with their sweet and unwearied strains. When admitted to the same cage with them, he tried most assiduously to learn their song. At first, however, for a long time, with miserable success enough. He would stand and watch them with an agony of attention, and then try to imitate their notes. He would swell out his throat, and stretch up his neck as they did, and then with a violent effort try to sound one note, which, in spite of all his zeal and labor, proved to be a mere rough scream. At this humiliating failure he would be so provoked and enraged, that he would fly at his inoffensive and well meaning mates and teachers, and peck them most unmercifully, and drive them from their perch. So he did for three or four weeks, before any apparent progress was made in his studies. But his perseverance was equal to the difficulties he had to overcome. At length he could sound one note well, and one only. And so he continued for some six weeks longer; learning one note at a time, till he had finally completed the whole canary song and could sing it to perfection. Then he would sing with them in perfect harmony and perfect time, always closing at the exact note with them.

It is also a little singular that, although through all this training, he was never known to begin to make a sound till the canaries had first struck the key-note, yet, after he had acquired the skill to sing their song, he must always himself now give the signal by a significant cluck, when, instantly, the canaries, generously forgetting or forgiving his former incivilities, would strike in with him, and perform the piece with the greatest perfection, and with the highest delight to themselves and the listening family, who enjoyed this singular concert through the early part of every day for the whole summer.

It is also worthy of remark that this successful essayist in foreign music was never known to utter a note, or attempt to utter a note in his native tongue, till he had mastered the canary. Then, after a few weeks, when he found himself something of an independent singer, and capable, as he thought, of leading the choir, he at last ventured to go without the chorus and attempt his own native melody. In his first attempts at the solo, it was most diverting to hear him in confused notes—part in his native bobolink, and part in canary, till at length he was able to expel all foreign element from his style, and sing only the pure bobolink.

Having now succeeded in this, he proposed to the canaries to try the chorus again, and gave the "cluck," when the canaries, instant to the sign, started off singing their own native song. But not to the bobolink; he threw himself on his "reserved rights" and sang bobolink; and so they have continued to the present time, he singing bobolink, and they canary. And as he is the chorister, they begin when he does, and end when he ends, precisely at the same instant.

When this bobolink was first caught, his colors were a bright, beautiful black and white. After molting, he, for some reason not stated, never resumed his original spring dress, but has continued the plain brown, like the female, now for two years; and sings in the winter as well as in the summer, especially when the sun shines brightly, and the winds whistle in the trees around the dwelling; and now, since his character is matured, he is a sprightly, happy, gentlemanly sort of a bird. [Boston Traveller.

The Papal Dominions.

The official Bologna Gazette of March 24, contains an account of the death of the celebrated Passatore, whose real name was Stephen Pelloni. He has been long before the public as the head of the most formidable band of robbers infesting Romagna and Tuscany. His last and most daring enterprise, the sack of Forlimpopoli, while the inhabitants were at the theatre, will be fresh in every reader's recollection. His band was originally composed of about sixty men, perhaps occasionally reinforced by *dilettanti*, or unpromising bandits. The price for this Passatore was $3000; the rewards for the capture of others ranged from $500 to $50.

It appears that in the evening of the 22d ult., a moveable column of Papal gendarmes and Imperial chasseurs received intelligence that a party of banditti were sheltered in a house near Lugo, and went in pursuit of them. They had left the house, but from an ambush fired on the troops, of whom two were killed, and one mortally wounded. On the following morning two of the band went to the country house of Count Spadini, situated near Russi. Here another engagement took place. The commanding officer was mortally wounded, but nothing daunted, led forward his men after the marauders, who, under cover of the smoke, endeavored to escape. A soldier recognizing the famous Passatore, posted himself beside a tree, and took deliberate aim. The Passatore fell, but raising himself, was about to make his last effort to repel his foes, when a ball through the head laid him dead. Upon his person were found 700 dollars in gold, a diamond pin, a gold watch, several strings of pearls, and other valuables, beside a good store of ammunition.

The desperate character of this brigand and his band will appear from the statement that between the 5th August, 1849, and the 23d ult., thirteen soldiers, including four officers, have been killed, and seven wounded, in various encounters with them. This account will also prove that the Papal Government has not been so inactive in dealing with the brigandage which it inherited from the late Republic, as has been represented. The following is a comparative statement of the amount of crime under the governments:

Crimes Against the Person and Against Property. From August 1, 1847, to June 30, 1849—In Bologna, 7954; in Ferrara, 5046; in Ravenna, 2286; in Forli, 2084. From June 1, 1849, to Dec. 31 1850—In Bologna, 919; in Ferrara, 1028; in Ravenna, 738; in Forli, 1409.

From these returns we have the following:

Monthly Average of Offences, omitting Fractions. During the Republic—In Bologna, 578; in Ferrara, 240; Ravenna, 108; in Forli, 99. Since the Restoration—In Bologna, 61; in Ferrara, 67; in Ravenna, 49; in Forli, 93.

For the present year the only returns published relate to Bologna, and give for the two first months 69, or 34½ per month, which shows a still further decline in the amount of offences. And in this return are comprised ten robberies, the aggregate amount of the property taken in which is only 13 scudi, not £3.

Negotiations have been entered into between Austria, Tuscany, and the States of the Church, for the construction of a railway from Rome and Sienna, which will give an uninterrupted railway communication from Rome to Bologna.

Austria will undertake this line, provided the projected line from Bologna to Rome, via Ancona and St. Umbria, is given up.

By this means the harbors of Trieste and Leghorn will undertake the transport of goods to the Roman States from the railway communication with the northern and midland provinces.

The following is a comparative statement of the population of the principal cities of the country in 1840 and 1850:

	1850.	1840.
New York	517,849	312,710
Philadelphia	408,000	258,037
Baltimore	169,025	102,313
New Orleans	152,000	102,000
Boston	138,788	93,382
Cincinnati	116,108	46,082
Brooklyn	97,508	36,233
St. Louis	85,000	16,469
Pittsburg	60,000	49,000
Washington	43,278	22,354
Buffalo	42,277	18,213
Louisville	42,000	20,000
Providence	41,416	23,171
Newark	38,895	17,290
Rochester	36,551	20,191
Lowell	32,384	20,796
Williamsburg	30,086	5,095
Richmond	30,800	20,153
Chicago	28,269	4,470
New Haven	22,838	14,390
Syracuse	22,235	11,012
Detroit	21,019	7,013
Portland	20,819	15,218
Milwaukee	20,038	1,712

Mademoiselle Loyo has been offered $10,000 apiece for two of her horses, which of course she declines. Plus has eight beautiful animals, which, it is said, one hundred thousand dollars could not buy. We learn that her receipts at Niblo's average $10,000 a week.

The Fortress of Gibraltar.

Much has been written and said relative to this impregnable point, by historians of the past and authors of the present day. The editor of the Rochester Advertiser—who visited that place a few months since—in speaking of an erroneous impression, given credence to by the Washington Republic, that the entrance to the Mediterranean is commanded by Great Britain, and that no ship, heathen or christian, can enter or depart from the sea without passing under her batteries and asking her permission—says it is difficult to see how the Fortress of Gibraltar can command the entrance to the Mediterranean, when the straits opposite the Fortress are at least *twenty miles* wide. It can not be denied that Gibraltar is an immensely strong point, and as nearly impregnable as any position can well be made, with the works of nature and art combined. He says:

"While on a visit to that place, a few months since, we took occasion to examine the fortifications and internal arrangements of the garrison somewhat minutely. We traversed the subterranean galleries, or caverns, cut through the solid rock, and pierced with cannon, some turned upon the sea, some upon the adjacent land, some pointing horizontally, and some with their muzzles let down almost perpendicularly toward the base of the towering rock, within whose bowels they are entrenched; some of these guns are of immense calibre, but not quite powerful enough to command a reach of twenty miles. There is much to admire in the exact discipline and fine appearance of all the appointments and arrangements of this mighty Fortress. Every thing is done with precise and exact regard to the most rigid rules of military discipline. There are, we believe, about twelve hundred pieces of cannon mounted. Near every one of these are kept several rounds of ammunition, pyramids of ball, etc., with magazines hard by, containing larger supplies—and lighted torches are kept burning night and day, ready for use, at a moment's warning.

"The Garrison does not usually contain more than about 5000 soldiers. It is the intention to keep five or six years' stock of provisions constantly on hand, to guard against a sudden surprise or siege. The town of Gibraltar, built upon the western slope of the Rock, embraces some twelve or fifteen thousand inhabitants, many of them English and Spanish, with a sprinkling from every nation of the globe. The natives of the place are called 'Rock Scorpions,' and if the stranger gets away from their town, without experiencing some stinging evidences of the appropriateness of such a cognomen, he may consider himself quite fortunate. There are, however, some exceptions—you will find here some as noble specimens of mankind as can be found any where else."

Gibraltar is a free port, but has no very extensive commerce. It is a great smuggling depot, and is used principally for that purpose; the citizens of the place furnishing support to the most notorious of Spanish *contrabandistas*. The very Garrison, itself, acts as protector to these vagabonds, and when pursued, they immediately hurry into the harbor, and under the cover of British guns, are thus rendered secure. This is a specimen of England's boasted justice and superiority—protecting outlaws from the punishment that they deserve.

Speaking of the power of England to command the entrance to the Straits, he says: "They are about twelve miles wide at the narrowest place, (opposite Tarifa,) and as they approach the Mediterranean they widen out, so that at the entrance of that sea, where stands the fortress of Gibraltar, as we have before stated, the breadth is about twenty miles. The shores of the Morocco Coast, opposite, are bold and clear of obstructions, so that vessels can sail along, a greater part of the way, within musket-shot distance, without danger of shoal water or rocks. We have, ourself, in passing from Tangier to Ceuta, (a Spanish fortress on the Moorish Coast, opposite Gibraltar,) sailed almost within stone's throw of the bluff and rocky shore. A fleet composed of all the British battleships afloat could easily, therefore, pass out or in through the Straits, without 'passing under the batteries' of Gibraltar, or 'asking her leave.'

"The boast, therefore, that Great Britain commands the entrance to the Mediterranean, is like many other of her bombastic claims—all moonshine. It is true she has the best, the largest, and the safest harbor within the Straits, or its vicinity. It is only in this particular, and on account of the fine school for military discipline afforded by Gibraltar, that it can be said to be of any consequence to the British Government. And for these purposes, even, like too many of the British possessions, it costs vastly more than it comes to.

"It is said that Napoleon, while carrying his conquests through Spain, was solicited to besiege Gibraltar; but although he had no doubt of being able to subdue it, he did not consider the 'game worth the candle.'

"It would, at this day, be very difficult, if not impossible, to take Gibraltar by storm or by siege, or by assault of any description. It could only be done, in our opinion, by strategem, or treason within. And that, even, would be no easy matter, with the vigilant safe-guards constantly kept up.

"But who would ever wish to take that Rocky Fortress! What is it good for? Whom does it harm? It injures no one half so much as the power that possesses it, and has to bear the enormous expense which is required to keep it up."

Montgomery and West Point Railroad.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Montgomery and West Point Railroad Company, held on Monday, the 14th inst., the following gentlemen were elected to manage the affairs of the company for the ensuing year:

President—Charles T. Pollard.

Directors—Thomas M. Cowles, Abner McGehee, William Taylor, of Alabama; John P. King, of Georgia.

We extract from the report of the President to the stockholders, the following statement of the operations of the road, for the year ending the 1st March, 1851: Receipts from—

Passengers	$78,511 19
Freight	47,880 89
U. S. Mail	3,094 91
Saw mill and other sources	3,155 49
Deduct expenses	$167,142 72
Interest on cost	26,494 41—90,634 14
Showing a nett income of	$57,571 43

This is equal to nine and a quarter per cent. on the capital stock.

The road will be completed to West Point, and open for use, on the 1st of May.

The company have expended in building the road from Opelika to West Point, 22 miles, $180,081 72

The business of the road, for the past two years, shows a satisfactory increase in receipts as the Company only opened a part of their new road in November as far as Cusseta, and to Strahon's, within three miles of West Point, in February.

The receipts show as follows:

For year to March 1, 1851	No. of Pas'grs.	Bales of Cotton.	Amount.
March 1, 1851	30,034	28,289	$140,057 69
March 1, 1850	14,875	24,536	126,781 61
Increase	5,157	1,753	$13,275 48

We understand the receipts for March, and up to the 20th of April, this year, show a very heavy increase over last year—being this year, 21,378, against 14,762 last year; increase, 6,616—nearly 50 per cent.

It will be seen that forty per cent. of the entire quantity of cotton brought to Montgomery is by the railroad, and we have no doubt that with an average crop the coming year, our receipts will come up to 80,000 bales, of which one half (40,000 bales) will come by the road. [Montgomery (Ala.) Journal.

A GREAT PASSAGE.—"Hurrah for the Collins Line!" burst spontaneously from a thousand voices this morning, when it was known that the "Pacific," in nine days and twenty hours, had crossed the Atlantic. It gave full as much gratification to the public as if a great battle had been gained in Mexico, or on the frontier, or on the ocean. And why should it not? It is a great victory for our mechanics, our ship yards, our iron and steam foundries, our engineers, our mechanics, in general, for our common country. Such victories are bloodless, but far more important for our prosperity than if five thousand men had been killed, and ten or fifteen thousand wounded. [N. Y. Express, 19th.

STATE AGRICULTURAL FAIR IN GEORGIA.—Preparations are now being made for the next Fair of the Southern Central Agricultural Association, to be held in Macon, Ga., on the 27th October. Money for the prizes has already been subscribed, and District Agricultural Committees and others have been invited. Thus Georgia makes a noble display of her natural resources, and becomes rich by measures of peace and health, while South Carolina is parading herself into debt to buy "small arms" withal.

ANOTHER AMERICAN STEAMSHIP LINE.—Two steamships are now in course of construction at New York, to form a line to run between New York and Norfolk. At the latter point, this steamship line is to connect with the railroad line from the seaboard to Roanoke.

MEDICAL DEPOT OF
Patent Medicines,
59 POYDRAS STREET, New Orleans.

JOS. HUPTY (formerly of the firm of J. Wright & Co.) would most respectfully inform the public generally that he has purchased the entire interest of the Southern Branch of the Empire Co., has leased the store, 59 POYDRAS STREET, and has fitted it up at considerable expense for the Patent Medicine business. Having unsurpassed facilities for supplying Druggists and Dealers generally with every article in this line, he confidently solicits an inspection of his stock and prices. Satisfaction will be given to all who may favor him with their patronage.

The following list only comprises a part of his extensive assortment, which can and will be furnished to the Trade on as reasonable terms as any other house in the South:

Sarsaparillas. Ball's, Hakes, (Howes,) Comstock's, Dr. Townsend's, Graefenberg, Dr. Guysott's Yellow Dock.
Bitters. Dr. Blake's, Dr. Green's, Hutchinson's Vegetable, Graefenberg, Mattinson's Bitter Cordial, Wild Cherry, Moffat's.
Cough Remedies. Dr. Rogers' Liverwort and Tar, Dr. Davis' Compound of Wild Cherry and Tar, Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry and Tar, Pink Syrup, Cod Liver Oil, Dr. Clow's Syrup, Dr. Clarke's Wild Cherry and Tar.
Hair Tonics. Smith's Hair Tonic, Owen's Magistrealia, Balm of Columbia.
Dyspepsia Syrups. Billings' Carminative, Dr. Stephens' Aperient, Dr. Davis' Pain Killer, Graefenberg, Olmstead's.
Pills. Graefenberg, Moffat's, Brandreth's, Langenbeck's Sugar Coated Cousins, Morrisons', Graefenberg Fever and Ague.
Vermifuges. Comstock's, Jayne's, Wistar's Canadian.
Miscellaneous. Orris Tooth Wash.

Chlorine do do. Dr. Lazzro's Tooth and Gum Specific, Calomel Carbon, Mustard Liniment, Howes' Nerve and Bone Liniment, Indian Vermifuge Elixir, Hayes' Liniment for Piles, Lilly's Pile Ointment, Connell's Pain Extractor, Daley's do. do. Judkins' Ointment, Green Mountain Ointment, Military do. Connell's Mixture, Rough Hane, Smith's Panacea, Hosack's do. Indian do. Children's do. Gay's Cancelaguna, Green's Fever and Ague Tonic, Hooper's Pulmonary Balsam, Indian Sovereign Balsam for Piles, Smith's Sick Head Ache Remedy, Spolin's Elixir of Health, Mother's Relief, Lucius Cordial, Juno Cordial, Uterine Catholicon, Thompson's Eye Water, Graefenberg Eye Lotion, Olmstead's Eye Salve, French Cerasus, Mrs. Jervis' Cold Candy, Stove Varnish, Harlem Lotion, Indian Chonagogue, for Fever and Ague, Speed's Electrical Febrifuge, Jew David's Pavers, do. do. Oil Tannin, Accoustic Oil, for Deafness, Thompson's Toothache Drops, etc. etc.

COMMERCIAL INSTITUTE.
No. 4 Camp st., corner Canal, First Floor.

THE design of this Institution is to afford gentlemen preparing to enter the counting-room, and particularly merchants' clerks, the opportunity of acquiring a thorough commercial education.

The arrangements are such as to permit students to attend at any hour of the day or evening; those who desire can attend privately.

Each student, after thoroughly mastering the principles of the subject, takes charge successively of several cots, both of individual and partnership accounts adapting the forms to the nature of the business. This practice is performed entirely by the student himself, as a test of his study.

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MEDICAL CARDS.

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN—JAMES G. BELDEN, M. D., 10 Carondelet street, [illegible]

DR. A. H. NICHOLSON, Office No. 110 St. Charles street, residence No. 108 Carondelet st. [illegible]

DR. J. S. COPES—Office and residence, 444 Magazine street, second door above Edward. [illegible]

DOCTOR WREN, on Jackson, between Rousseau and Laurel streets, Lafayette. References—Dr. S. A. Cartwright, Dr. M. Cannon, Dr. Wm. G. Anan. [illegible]

DR. C. S. FENNER devotes particular attention to the treatment of DISEASES OF THE EYE. Office, 163 Gravier street, opposite the Varieties. [illegible]

DRUGS AND MEDICINES—NORTH & CO., Wholesale and Retail Druggists, No. 180 Poydras street, Fresh Vaccine Matter, direct from Boston, always on hand. Price per quill $1. Vaccine office up stairs; open from 11 a. m. to 2 p. m. [illegible]

EGYPTIAN EYE BALSAM.

DR. COHEN, having had 20 years experience, offers the above infallible remedy for all Diseases peculiar to the EYE. Ophthalmia, of five years' standing, cured in 15 weeks; the Year in the Eye, of 3 years, cured in 12 weeks; a man of the city, being stone blind for 9 months, was restored to the light of one eye in three weeks; a gentleman who always used specs for 30 years, by using only one drop, was enabled to read the newspaper without them by candlelight 8 hours after. Inflammation of 3 days *cured by one single drop*. It gives a brilliancy to the Eye, and also strengthens the sight.

☞ No. 154 CIRCUS Street and 77 MAGAZINE Street. [illegible]

DR. ELLIOTT, *Veterinary Surgeon*, would announce to the citizens of this city and the vicinity that he is prepared to attend well-bred horses in his late occupation in his line. Dr. Elliott bases his long experience as a Veterinary Surgeon will insure him a large business, as he spent nine years in the Veterinary College of France, five years in Paris, and the last five years in this city with great success. The Doctor's charges are from $1 to $10 upon any curable disease.

Advice gratis.

☞ The Doctor is to be found at all hours of the day and night at Tattersall's Stables St. Charles street.

☞ FAMILY HORSES, well broke, always on hand and for sale. [illegible]

DOCTOR FRYER,
THE INDIAN DOCTOR,

IS a regular graduate of Nature's wide Botanic Garden and Common Sense Medical College, and has made the study of Herbs his profession for thirty years; and daily cures more patients than any other physician in New Orleans.

To the Public.
Dr. Fryer's Cure of a Cancer!

Having just been cile tually cured of an inveterate Cancer by Dr. Fryer, I claim Doctor, 31 Poydras st. Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants; dealers in Goshen and Western Butter and Cheese, and agents for Taylor's Albany Ale, Porter and Newark Cider, Nos. 34, 36, 40, and 42 Old Levee, and No. 10 Front Levee, New Orleans. [illegible]

HART & CO., E. J., 79 Tchoupitoulas street, Wholesale Dealers in Groceries, Drugs, Chemicals, Paper, etc.

HOWARD, T. H., Attorney at Law, 11 Camp street.

HEALD, J. H., (formerly of M. GREENWOOD & CO.,) Commission Merchant, No. 86 Baronne Place, New Orleans.

JONES, SAMUEL, JR., (late TALBOT, JONES & Co., Baltimore,) Commission and Forwarding Merchant, 45 Poydras street, New Orleans.

KENNETT & CO., FERDINAND, No. 93 Magazine street, Agency of the St. Louis Shot Tower, have always on hand a full assortment of LEAD and BUCK SHOT, and BAR LEAD, from the St. Louis Shot Tower.

LOWE, J. F., Bell-hanger and Locksmith, Camp street, corner of Estelle. All work guaranteed.

H. H. HARE, WALTER BROOKS.
MARR & BROOKE, Attorneys at Law, 27 Carondelet street.

T. B. MARCH, W. H. BELL.
MARCH & BELL, Auctioneers and Commission Merchants, No. 29 Banks Arcade. Slave Depot, No. 135 Magazine street, New Orleans.

MARKS, JOSEPH B., Notary Public. Office No. 35 Camp street, between Common and Gravier, over the Hanover Bank of W. B. Parker. Ex-officio 26th February, 1851.

NUGENT & CO., RICHARD, Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants, 31 Union Row, Carondelet street.

DOOLE, WM. L., Notary Public, successor to Joseph B. Marks, office No. 35 Natchez street, opposite Banks Arcade, New Orleans.

REGULAR DRY GOODS TRADE.
PALMER, JOSEPH H., Wholesale Dealer in Dry Goods, 56 Gravier street.

PAYNE & HENDERSON, Wholesale Grocers, 30 and 32 Gravier street.

PURDY, WARK & CO. Commission Merchants, 81 St. Louis street.

PRICE, GEO. K. (late of Nashville, Tenn.) Wholesale Grocer, 36 Gravier street.

RAYMOND, W. C., Family Grocer, 71 Camp street.

G. W. RACE. W. H. FOSTER.
RACE & FOSTER, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law—Offices, 14 Exchange Place, N. O.

RANDOLPH & POPE, Wholesale and Retail Druggists and Apothecaries; Dealers in English, French and German Drugs and Chemicals, 108 Poydras street, between Camp and St. Charles streets.

ROMAYOSA, J., (Successor to COSTA & Co.) Importer of Havana Produce, keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of Cigars, consisting of Imperiales, Regalias, Londres, Londres, Panetelas, Trabucos, Regalias, Militar, Trabucos, etc. etc. from the most celebrated brands of Havana. No. 6 Front Levee, or corner of St. Libaire and Gravier streets.

W. M. D. SEYMOUR. S. C. SEYMOUR.
SEYMOUR & BRO. (formerly AULT & SEYMOUR,) Wholesale and Retail Grocers, 362 and 364 Tchoupitoulas street.

SOUTHMAYD, FRED'K R., Real Estate General Agency for the purchase and sale, leasing or improving of Real Estate, 59 Gravier street, New Orleans. References—Samuel J. Peters, C. Adams, Jr., Jas. Robb, Thomas Sloo, Esqrs.

STOUGHTON, CHARLES, Grocer and Wine Merchant, 94 Camp street.

THEODORE O. STARK. GEORGE W. CHRISTY.
STARK & CHRISTY, Office No. 10 Banks Arcade, New Orleans.

TOOLE, JOHN, Commission Merchant, Emigration and Remittance Office, 25 Bank Place.

TERRIO, J. NARCISSE, Parish Auctioneer, General Agent and Collector—Office 61 Chetimatches street, Donaldsonville, La.

CHARLES A. TOWNSEND. WM. C. TOMPKINS.
TOWNSEND & CO., CHAS. A., Wholesale Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, 4 Magazine street.

TYLER, E. A., 36 Camp street, Fine Watches, Clocks, Musical Boxes, Watch Chains, Seals and Keys, rich Jewelry of all kinds, Silver and Silver plated Ware, Spectacles, Work and Fancy Boxes, Paper Mache Goods, Fine Cutlery, Fancy Goods, etc., Jewelry manufactured and repaired; Watches and Clocks repaired and warranted.

VEASIE, J. H., Attorney and Counsellor at Law, will practice in the Parishes of Concordia, Tensas and Madison. Office, Pearl st., Natchez, Miss.

JOSEPH WADE. J. SANDS HENSHAW.
WADE & HENSHAW, Commission Merchants and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries, Provisions and Ship Chandlery, San Francisco, California.

WRIGHT & CO., A. J., Cotton Factors and Commission and Forwarding Merchants, 67 Gravier street, New Orleans, La.

WEBB, JOHN H., Original Vinegar Establishment, corner of Common and Marais street, opposite Charity Hospital.

WOOD & CO., F. W., Ship Chandlers, Grocers and Provision Dealers, opposite Post 21, Second Municipality, and No. 4 Bell Street, Third Municipality.

WOLFF, SAMUEL, Importer of Wines, Brandies, etc., and General Commission Merchant, No. 36 Camp street.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY

J. D. ANDERSON, No. 17 St. Charles street, Watches, Chronometers and Nautical Instruments accurately adjusted to the Meridian of New Orleans. Astronomical Apparatus made to order and repaired. 36-hour Chronometers allowed to run 56 hours.

M. H. MEYER, No. 100 CAMP street, Watches, Jewelry, Silver Ware, Fancy Articles, and WATCHES. All Jewelry articles repaired at moderate prices.

FINE WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER-WARE, etc.—YOUNG & CO, No. 8 Camp street, have at times on hand a constantly assortment of Watches in the above mentioned line. WATCHES of the best English manufacturers, in Gold and Silver, hunting and open face cases, Patent Lever and Duplex Escapements, full and jewelled, full plate and three-quarters plate movements, and all sizes. Gents' Watches, plain, engraved, enameled, and the cases set with Diamonds—all of which are fully warranted. Ladies' CHAINS of the newest patterns. Gentlemen's Guard, Fob and Vest CHAINS. SPECTACLES, Gold, Silver and Steel, for all sights. Diamonds in Brooches and Rings—very cheap. Ladies' Breastpins and Ear Rings—a large assortment. Gold Pens, in Gold and Silver Holders, all sizes warranted. Signet Rings, other Stone Rings, Wedding Rings, plain Gold Rings. Gold and Silver Thimbles, Studs, Collar and Sleeve Buttons. SILVER-WARE, warranted pure as coin, plain and threaded patterns, consisting of Table and Tea, Dessert, Mustard and Salt Spoons, Gravy and Dessert Forks, Soup Ladles, Butter Knives, Sugar Tongs.

An extensive assortment of handsome Silver Cups. PLATED WARE, consisting of Castors, Candlesticks, etc. Mantel CLOCKS, of black, white and gray Marble. Fine English Office Clocks, with Steel Warning Chimes.

☞ Gentlemen and strangers visiting the city are respectfully invited to examine the above stock before purchasing elsewhere, as the whole is of the finest quality, not to be equalled by any house in this trade, and at moderate prices.

☞ An extensive assortment given in repairing Clocks, Watches and Jewelry. Cases mounted and Diamonds reset.

SECOND-HAND BOOKS.

☞ The Subscriber has purchased the Stock of Dr. HUNTER, opposite the site of the ST. CHARLES HOTEL. This is the largest collection of rare and valuable Second-hand Books in the city.

As it is the wish of the Subscriber to dispose of the Books, and devote his attention exclusively to dealing in Watches, Jewelry, etc., he offers them at the lowest prices for cash. Among them are the best works on Theology, Law, Medicine, Novels, Belles Lettres, Poetry and Science.

☞ The latest Novels and Publications always on hand.

JOSEPH RAFARL, No. 34 St. Charles street.

BUSINESS CARDS.

ADDISON & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, 28 Poydras st., New Orleans.

ASPREWS & CO., JOHN W., Commission Merchants and Shipping Agents, 28 Common st.

I. W. ARTHUR. JOHN THOMAS.
ARTHUR & CO., I. W., Commission, Provision and Grocery Merchants, 28 and 30 New Levee.

ARMSTRONG, JOHN, 247 Tchoupitoulas street, opposite St. Mary's Market, is prepared to manufacture Gaiter Boots, of every description, at so cheap prices as they can be delivered here from any part of the country.

R. ARMSTRONG. GEO. G. LAWRASON. ARNOLD HARRIS.
ARMSTRONG, LAWRASON & CO., General Commission and Forwarding Merchants, and agents for the Upper Steam Mail Steamers, Office, 108 Gravier st., New Orleans to New York and Chagres; also, Pacific Mail Steamship Company from Panama to California and Oregon. Office 106 Magazine street.

BENSON, J., House, Sign and Ornamental Painter, Imitator of Woods and Marbles, 128 Camp street, opposite Lafayette Square.

COLLINS, C., Builder, No. 131 Poydras street, between Carondelet and St. Charles, New Orleans. Cisterns made, Housing-houses fitted up, and Jobbing in general done. Also—Sash, Doors, Blinds, etc., with or without Planters and others can be supplied.

DIBOLL, WM. O., Contractor and Builder, No. 170 St. Joseph street, between St. Charles and Carondelet, Jobbing of all descriptions, on short notice and reasonable terms. Stairs fitted up; Counters made of black walnut or mahogany, and finely polished. Cisterns made and repaired, and guaranteed for one year. Sash, Doors and Blinds made and repaired. Lattice-work and Parking Gates of all kinds made to order. Step Ladders of all sizes constantly on hand.

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ELLIS & CO., R. M., Commission Merchants, 67 Gravier street.

JOHN H. ELLIOTT. ALFRED S. ADAMS.
ELLIOTT & CO., JOHN H., Commission Merchants, No. 6 Customhouse street.

GREENWOOD & CO., MOSES, Commission and Forwarding Merchants, 66 Gravier street.

GEO. C. TAYLOR & CO., Dealers in Coffee, Gunny Bags, Rice and Western Produce, No. 72 Magazine street, New Orleans.

☞ Mr. W. C. FITZ is our authorized Agent to transact all business of the House, as per power of at. passed this day before A. C. Ainsworth, Notary Public.
GEO. C. TAYLOR & CO.

A. R. GRIEF. S. A. KINSLADER. W. H. GREENWOOD.
GRIEF & CO., Indian Doctor, 31 Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants; dealers in Goshen and Western Butter and Cheese, and agents for Taylor's Albany Ale, Porter and Newark Cider, Nos. 34, 36, 40, and 42 Old Levee, and No. 10 Front Levee, New Orleans.

E. J. HART. L. K. HARRS. S. E. HART.
HART & CO., E. J., 79 Tchoupitoulas street, Wholesale Dealers in Groceries, Drugs, Chemicals, Paper, etc.

HOWARD, T. H., Attorney at Law, 11 Camp street.

HEALD, J. H., (formerly of M. GREENWOOD & CO.,) Commission Merchant, No. 86 Baronne Place, New Orleans.

JONES, SAMUEL, JR., (late TALBOT, JONES & Co., Baltimore,) Commission and Forwarding Merchant, 45 Poydras street, New Orleans.

KENNETT & CO., FERDINAND, No. 93 Magazine street, Agency of the St. Louis Shot Tower, have always on hand a full assortment of LEAD and BUCK SHOT, and BAR LEAD, from the St. Louis Shot Tower.

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H. H. HARE. WALTER BROOKS.
MARR & BROOKE, Attorneys at Law, 27 Carondelet street.

T. B. MARCH. W. H. BELL.
MARCH & BELL, Auctioneers and Commission Merchants, No. 29 Banks Arcade. Slave Depot, No. 135 Magazine street, New Orleans.

MARKS, JOSEPH B., Notary Public. Office No. 35 Camp street, between Common and Gravier, over the Hanover Bank of W. B. Parker. Ex-officio 26th February, 1851.

NUGENT & CO., RICHARD, Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants, 31 Union Row, Carondelet street.

DOOLE, WM. L., Notary Public, successor to Joseph B. Marks, office No. 35 Natchez street, opposite Banks Arcade, New Orleans.

REGULAR DRY GOODS TRADE.
PALMER, JOSEPH H., Wholesale Dealer in Dry Goods, 56 Gravier street.

PAYNE & HENDERSON, Wholesale Grocers, 30 and 32 Gravier street.

PURDY, WARK & CO. Commission Merchants, 81 St. Louis street.

PRICE, GEO. K. (late of Nashville, Tenn.) Wholesale Grocer, 36 Gravier street.

RAYMOND, W. C., Family Grocer, 71 Camp street.

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RACE & FOSTER, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law—Offices, 14 Exchange Place, N. O.

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SOUTHMAYD, FRED'K R., Real Estate General Agency for the purchase and sale, leasing or improving of Real Estate, 59 Gravier street, New Orleans. References—Samuel J. Peters, C. Adams, Jr., Jas. Robb, Thomas Sloo, Esqrs.

STOUGHTON, CHARLES, Grocer and Wine Merchant, 94 Camp street.

THEODORE O. STARK. GEORGE W. CHRISTY.
STARK & CHRISTY, Office No. 10 Banks Arcade, New Orleans.

TOOLE, JOHN, Commission Merchant, Emigration and Remittance Office, 25 Bank Place.

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