The Daily Crescent.

FIFTEEN CENTS A WEEK. NEW ORLEANS, SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 17, 1851. VOLUME IV.—NUMBER 64.

The Daily Crescent

OFFICIAL JOURNAL
Of the Council of the Second Municipality.

Published Every Day—(Sunday Excepted)—
BY J. R. MADDOX.

OFFICE.....No. 92 ST. CHARLES STREET.

THE NEWS FROM EUROPE
BY STEAMSHIP EUROPA.

NEW YORK, May 8, 7 A. M.—The steamship Europa arrived at an early hour this morning from Liverpool, whence she sailed on the 26th April.

In Liverpool and Manchester, Capt. West, of the Atlantic, has been feasted at a number of public banquets. The gallant Captain has also been the guest of Mr. Heywood, the eminent banker and member of Parliament from Lancashire.

From the accounts brought from Turkey there seems to be a chance of the immediate liberation of Kossuth. A number of noblemen have been refused passports to England, from Italy, to see the great exhibition. The refugees in Switzerland are being expelled very unceremoniously. Some of them have been seized in their beds, and transferred at once to the frontiers.

England.

The intelligence from England, politically and commercially, is important. Parliament will reassemble on the 28th, when the Income Tax Bill, and other measures, will come up for consideration. The Protestant agitation is carried on with renewed vigor.

At the grand banquet in Edinburg, on Tuesday, the attendance was very large. Lord Eglinton took the chair. There is to be a similar demonstration at London on the 29th. Lord Richmond will, of course, preside.

It is confidently reported that the Protectionists are devising schemes to bring about another ministerial crisis. Mr. Walpole has prepared a series of strong resolutions, which he purposes to bring forward as amendments to the Papal Bill. These resolutions will perplex members who wish to stand well with their pious constituents, and who will in all probability secure a majority for them. Should they fail in the House of Commons, they have strong hopes of success in the House of Lords.

The programme for opening the World's Fair has been published, and gives general satisfaction. The holders of season tickets, and a certain number of exhibitors, are to be admitted to the ceremony. It was intended to have a grand procession of the Lord Mayor and Corporation of London, from Guildhall to Hyde Park, but the proposition did not meet with favor. A notice was posted up on the 25th, requesting all exhibitors to make the arrangement of their goods before the 28th, as after that time no one would be admitted but those employed in the adjustment of the articles.

The announcement of her Majesty's State visit has had the effect of raising the sale of season tickets in four days from 7000 to between 11,000 and 12,000. So great is the demand that the price has been raised to three guineas for ladies, and four guineas for gentlemen.

Barnum, the renowned New York exhibitor, will have a show of curiosities in London during the World's Fair; among them a Chinese family, consisting of a lady, her maid, two children, a teacher of music, etc. The family will, on their arrival, be presented to the Queen.

The provinces are pouring in regiments of the light-fingered gentry to the metropolis. The police are on the alert, and all the "suspicious others," on whom, on being taken before the magistrates, will be locked up to keep them out of "harm's way" till after the exhibition.

Some elections had taken place in England and Ireland. At Boston, Mr. Fenfield, protectionist, was returned by 187 majority. Moore O'Farrell, late Governor of Malta, obtained the vacant seat from Longford. The Boston election terminated in a serious riot, which was only quelled by calling out the military. The people clamored for cheap bread. Eighteen of the ring leaders were captured and lodged in Bridewell.

The Catholics of Dublin had held a large meeting in opposition to the Papal Aggression Bill. Mr. Reynolds, M. P., presided, and the attendance was large. A meeting of Catholics from all parts of Ireland was determined on, to be held in Dublin on the 29th. Seventeen prelates, including three arch-bishops, signified their approval of the meeting.

France.

The all-absorbing topic of discussion at Paris is the Presidential election. The republicans are still divided in their candidates. The moderate support Gen. Cavaignac, while the ultras desire to sustain some one who represents the socialists as well as the democratic sentiment. The combined resistance which the two wings present to the Bonaparte policy, consists in perpetual motions for the previous question upon revising the constitution, whilst they are satisfied for the electoral law to remain as it is. The Elysee organs are busily engaged in assailing liberal views. A motion to allow newspapers to be sold in the streets, was rejected by yeas 236, nays 403. Guizot, it is announced, will be a candidate for one of the departments. The funds have declined on account of the unsettled condition of political affairs.

The National says that the partisans of Louis Napoleon begin to find that the period between the present time and May, 1852, is too short for the accomplishment of the law for the prolongation of the President's powers, and they propose, for the purpose of giving time, to bring in a bill postponing the Presidential election till the 10th of December, 1852.

Spain.

The Government is exceedingly desirous of extinguishing the public debt, and has required of all deputies a pledge to sustain measures looking to that end. The Government also desires, in concert with England, to assist Portugal against the rebellious Duke of Saldana.

Switzerland.

The British Legation has indicated its opposition to receiving the French refugees in England. There will probably seek an asylum in America.

The Markets.

London, April 25.—The Canada, from Boston, arrived on the evening of the 21st, and the accounts by her not being confirmatory of the short crop estimates, a complete panic has taken place in cotton. Holders have lost all confidence, and are forcing their stocks upon the market, regardless of price. The decline in American descriptions is fully three-eighths, and in several instances a further reduction has been submitted to.

The sales of the week have been 28,770 bales, of which speculators have taken 2,700 and exporters 3,060 bales. The official quotations, which must be considered nominal, are as follows: Fair Orleans 7¾; fair Mobile 6¾; fair Uplands 6¾; middling 6¼ to 6⅜ and 6¼; inferior and ordinary 5 to 6⅛, 5¼ to 6¼, and 5 to 6d per lb.

The stock of cotton in this port is 576,000 bales, of which 381,000 bales are American, against a stock at this time last year of 549,000 bales, of which 349,000 were American.

Trade in Manchester has been dull, and the prices of yarns and goods suitable for export have been lower, whilst there has been more doing in goods for home consumption.

FURTHER FOREIGN NEWS BY EUROPA.

We received a copy of Willmer & Smith's European Times, of April 26, brought by the Europa, from which we select the following additional interesting items of foreign intelligence:

Ireland.

Several incendiary fires have recently taken place at Mitchelstown, Nenagh, Birr, and Dicksgrove, (Kerry.)

The Dublin papers announce the conversion of four persons from the errors of Popery. One of them was a famous Corn-Exchange orator in O'Connell's time.

Dennis Healy is to be hanged at Tralee jail today for having poisoned his wife.

Lord Clonbrock is completely recovered from his late dangerous illness.

The Limerick, Cork, Waterford, and other journals, state that emigration continues to an enormous extent, stimulated, in most cases, by remittances from America.

From the townland of Ballyhugh, union of Kilmallock, it is alleged that two hundred and thirty persons have been evicted in the last month on the estate of John Marcus Clements, Esq., and their habitations unroofed.

The walls of Kilkenny and Clonmel are placarded with the names of the Protestants who signed petitions to Parliament against the Papal aggression, and in the latter place they have been denounced, especially Wesleyans.

It is stated that nearly a dozen farmers from the county of Durham contemplate proceeding, or have already proceeded to Ireland, for the purpose of renting or purchasing farms, now being sold under the Encumbered Estates Bill, and we understand that so soon as the experiment has been fairly tested, there are others ready to follow.

Emigration.—Within the last eight days eleven vessels freighted with emigrants have left the port of Cork, destined respectively for Quebec, Boston and New York. The gross total of passengers amounted to 1568, independent of the multitudes who leave for Liverpool by the steamers. In addition to these, 100 paupers, comfortably clad, arrived on Monday in Cork from the Kenmare workhouse, and were put on board the Hotspur, for Quebec. This is the second batch sent out within the last month by the guardians of the above named union.

Prussia.

Accounts from Berlin of the 18th inst. state that Count Alvensleben had returned to Dresden. The Ministers have left Berlin for the Easter holidays.

The Kolner Zeitung publishes some details of the last Austrian note. Austria consents to the return of the Diet, under condition of essential reforms. The reforms are a change of voting in the Plenum and Lesser Council, a general Austro-German Customs Union, and a Federal educational and military system.

Our Berlin correspondence is of the 21st instant. The ministerial papers state that Austria had proposed, in case of certain events, to march 200,000 troops through Piedmont. This proposal, which had been submitted to the Cabinet of Turin, has made a deep impression at Berlin. The same papers mention a secret treaty between Russia and Austria, and that they endeavor to gain the support of Prussia. The object of the secret Austro-Russian treaty is to protect Europe against the results of the crisis which is impending in France.

On Baron Monteuffel's return to Berlin on the 21st inst., a cabinet council was held, the particulars of which have not yet transpired. The Kreuz Zeitung states that the last Austrian note expresses the intention of the Cabinet of Vienna rather to drop the annexation question than to consent to the conditions under which Prussia offers her consent.

Austria.

The diplomatic intercourse with the Porte has lately assumed a tone of great asperbity. Austria protests against the Sultan's proposal to liberate the Hungarian refugees in Asia Minor.

It is expected that the Pope's Government will solicit the intervention of Austrian troops.

Our advices from Vienna are to the 19th inst. The papers publish a list of the newly appointed members of the Imperial Council. They are the Barons Krieg, Hogenden, Purkhard, Syogende of Magyar-Syogen, Salbotti of Eichencraft, Baumgartner, Buol, Vern, Barga, the Count Zichy, and the Prince of Satmerifercheeds Krantheim. It is stated that the German Kingdoms will terminate Dresden Congress by recalling their agents.

Vienna correspondence of the 20th inst. announces the appointment of Prince Schwartzenberg to the Governorship of Transylvania, vice Gen. Wohlgemuth, deceased. Baron Gehringer has refused to accept the post of Stadtholder of Hungary. That post is now to be offered to the Archduke Leopold. Our correspondent states that a change of measures may possibly be expected with regard to Hungary.

Italy.

The Risorgimento of the 12th inst. quotes the following, dated Florence, the 7th: "It has been rumored for some days that England has lately addressed to Austria a very energetic note against the occupation by her troops of the pontifical dominions and Tuscany. Persons usually well informed state that the note has been communicated to the Tuscan Government, with an intimation to take measures to dispense with those auxiliaries. It is likewise said that similar steps have been adopted with regard to France, as respected Rome, and I know that letters, written from this city by official personages, mention that some days ago the French Government had endeavored to impress the Pope with the necessity of a speedy cessation of the occupation. I am inclined to believe those rumors well founded, for M de Montessny, in a recent conversation with our Minister of Foreign Affairs, gave him to understand that the Austrians should not remain long in Tuscany."

Portugal.

The following telegraphic dispatch, announcing the failure of the insurrectionary movement in Portugal, was received at the Portuguese Legation on Wednesday:

"*Madrid*, 5 P. M., April 21.—According to dispatches of the 15th inst., received by the Portuguese Ambassador, and communicated to me, it appears that Gen. Saldanha, discouraged by the bad reception which he had met with at Coimbra, has directed his course towards the Spanish frontier."

Letters from Madrid state that the Spanish Government is disposed to assist that of Portugal against the Duke of Saldanha, in case of conflict, but that it is its desire, at the same time, to act in concert with England.

Holstein.

Hamburg correspondence of the 19th inst. states that the boundary question between Schleswig and Holstein has at length engaged public attention. The committee on this question claims a certain Schleswig district as belonging of right to Holstein. It appears that the Federal Commissioners are inclined to favor these pretensions. Owing to the intervention of the Federal Commissioners, the Danish Government has granted an amnesty to a number of Schleswig refugees.

Switzerland.

A letter from Berne of the 15th instant, in the Debats, says: "I hasten to inform you that the Federal Government has just received a communication from the English Legation, in which it protests against refugees being sent to England. The United States, therefore, is now the only country open to them.

The first detachment of Hungarian and Italian refugees, who lately deserted from the army of Radetzky, arrived at Berne on the 18th, under the command of Col. Durr. They are going to America by way of France. A great number of them fought under the government of Kossuth.

TELEGRAPHIC.

NEW YORK, May 14.—*The Markets.*—Cotton at New York to-day declined ¼ to ⅛. Nine hundred bales were sold. Corn was active, with an upward tendency. Pork declined a shilling to a quarter. Lard 9¼.

Sailing of the Niagara. — The steamship Niagara left Boston to-day with ninety-two passengers.

Death of Gen. Marriot.—Gen. Marriot, formerly Collector of Baltimore, died there to-day.

Baltimore Coffee Market.—Sales of 9000 bags of Rio coffee were made to-day at 9c.

NEW YORK, May 15, 8 P. M.—Cotton has declined a half cent. Upland Middlings 9¼, Orleans 9¾.

Flour sixpence better; Orleans nominal at $4 75. Lard 9¼d.

Pork is 25 cents lower. New Pork is quoted at $15 25.

The President is received with an enthusiastic welcome on his tour through New York.

Sales of Cotton 2000 bales, with a decline of a half cent since the steamer's accounts.

The steamer City of Glasgow takes from Philadelphia 134 passengers and $110,000 in specie.

Sumner, the new Massachusetts Senator, has written a letter opposing unconstitutional resistance to the execution of the Fugitive Slave Law.

At Liverpool, ships Richard Alsop and Birkenhead; at Bremen, Iztzin and Welker; at Genoa, Anonymous, Carmine and Philomena, from New Orleans; off Holyhead, May 2, Continent, of New Orleans, for Liverpool.

Fair Orleans at Liverpool, 7d. [Picayune.

The Temper of Cuba.

The New York Commercial Advertiser, of the 8th, thinks that the following extracts from letters from Havana, published in the Journal of Commerce, will go much further with reflecting persons, as indications of the public sentiments in Cuba, and the reception they would be likely to give to the would-be-pirates who talk of invasion, than the idle dreaming and false representations of the journals here favorable to the disgraceful anti-Cuban designs:

"To-day the Falcon, from New Orleans, brings fresh reports of the outfitting of an expedition, and I am told, although I have not seen it, a proclamation of President Fillmore denouncing all concerned, etc. etc. I can but add my firm conviction that the invaders must be indeed strong in numbers and means to expect any success; for the inhabitants, partly through loyalty and partly through fear of the consequent anarchy, or of the terrible vengeance of the Government in case of defeat, will be but slow to afford them 'aid and comfort.' The vigilance of the Government continues unceasing. The number of military in the city is much reduced by transfers to the interior and posts on the coast. The official paper contains copies of several offers of service from individuals and bodies of men in the interior, in the event of invasion," etc., etc.

* * * *

"There are some fears about another piratical expedition from the shores of the Southern States, but the Government here is well prepared for it. It is to be hoped, however, that the United States Government will have taken the necessary measures to put down or intercept all such nefarious undertakings. In fact, so generally confident are we of this, and of the little sympathy here and elsewhere in favor of such undertakings, that business is so far little affected by these rumors." * * *

"There is some alarm here occasioned by the rumored concentration of a force of 6000 to 7000 men at some point in Texas, destined to invade this island. Our hope is that this buccaneering project may be defeated by your Government—ours is at the same time abundantly prepared to overthrow it. It is currently reported and believed here that the leaders of the expedition have been furnished with large sums of money by citizens of the United States as well as of England."

AFFAIRS AT WASHINGTON.—*May* 8.—Letters give the annexed items:

Major James M. McRae, formerly a whig editor at New Orleans, has been appointed military storekeeper at California.

Gov. Letcher, Minister to Mexico, leaves here on his return on Thursday (yesterday) morning.

The Assistant Secretary of the Treasury expects to visit New York and Boston the beginning of next week.

The Superintendent of the Census will probably visit Europe shortly, for the purpose of obtaining information regarding European census operations.

There is reason to believe that the Attorney General will decide against the payment of interest on the Florida claims.

The Postmaster General leaves on Saturday, the others of the Cabinet, with the President, on Monday. A practical illustration will thus be given of the unanimity of the Cabinet. The Secretary of the Interior will return at once.

CHILIAN CURRENCY—*Gold Commerce, etc.*—A letter from U. S. brig Dolphin, Valparaiso, dated March 25, 1851, to the New York Courier and Enquirer, says:

"We arrived at this port on the 23d day of last month, after a beautiful passage (though rather long) of 67 days from San Francisco. We are to sail to-morrow (26th) for Boston, touching a few days at Rio de Janeiro. We brought down from San Francisco to this place $1,200,000 in gold and are taking in nearly as much here in doubloons for Rio de Janeiro. The Chilian Government are calling in all their currency to coin a new one, same as that in the United States—dimes, half dimes, quarter dollar, half dollars, dollars—both gold and silver—quarter eagles, half eagles, whole eagles, 2 eagles, and ounces."

PROGRESS OF COLONIZATION.—Attached to the annual report of the American Colonization Society, are valuable tables, in which are summed up the cost and results of the Colonization enterprise, from its outset, thirty-four years ago. The entire expenditure, since that time, is shown to be not far from $1,250,000. With this comparatively small amount six hundred miles of sea coast has been redeemed from the slave trade, and a flourishing Christian State founded on the African coast, with a population of about 150,000, chiefly natives.

The total number of emigrants sent to Liberia, by the Free Colonization Society, and its auxiliaries, in the several expeditions from 1820 to 1850, inclusive, is 6116. This does not include those (about 800) that have been sent out by the Maryland Colonization Society to the colony of "Maryland in Liberia." Of the whole number sent by the American Society, 2415 were born free, 165 purchased their freedom, and 3635 were emancipated, with a view of their going to Liberia. Virginia has sent a larger number than any other State, viz.: 2258. From New York 107 have gone. The number of liberated Africans sent by the United States Government, including the captives of the "Pons," (765 in number) is 1044. [N. Y. Journal of Commerce.

THE FLORIDA CLAIMS.—The Attorney General, Mr. Crittenden, has, at length, given his opinion, in full, on the subject of the claims under the Florida treaty of 1819. The opinion is, that under the treaty, the claimants who established their losses, by process of law, are entitled to interest, as damages for the loss of the use of their property, from the time of the loss; but that under the acts of Congress, applicable to the case, the Secretary of the Treasury is not directed to pay interest. As every Secretary, since 1837, has refused to pay interest, that usage is now established, and cannot be changed by the Secretary. He suggests that the claimants may go to Congress for an act allowing them interest, according to the proper intent of the treaty. Mr. Corwin will not act at all, nor give an opinion in the case, because he was counsel for the claimants. The Cabinet, it is said, will decide the question, after considering the opinion of the Attorney General.

The amount involved in the decision is computed at nine hundred thousand dollars. [Mobile Register.

CIVIL ENGINEERING.

THE subscriber offers his professional services to Railroad Companies and others who may desire them. He has been engaged since 1829 in the survey, location and construction of Railroads in the States of South Carolina, Georgia and Alabama, and has therefore a practical experience in the management of such works, which, he feels confident, will enable him to give entire satisfaction to those whom he may serve. Letters addressed to him at Greenville, Conecuh county, Ala., will be promptly attended to. Satisfactory reference of character and capacity will be given.
my8 1mos JOHN L. COLE.

R. R. R.
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
Is acknowledged by the true men of America to be the quickest and most effectual remedy for the cure of pain and the removal of its cause, in the World.

PAIN

IS the warning given of the presence of disease, and the prostration of the nervous system. To stop pain instantly is our first great desideratum—then to strengthen the nerves, and to give vitality and a healthy action to the nervous energy, so as to enable the system to ward off the attacks of disease. This we accomplish by

Radway's Ready Relief,

which is prepared expressly for the instant relief of pain, and to strengthen, invigorate, and to regulate the action of the nerves, muscles, secretions, and every organ in the system. Since Radway's Ready Relief has become a popular remedy, it is now prescribed by physicians in every place as the best and quickest cure for all

Neuralgia, Tic Douloureux, Sick and Nervous Headache,

who have used weak and ineffectual remedies in vain, certify that one or two applications of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF externally, and 20 drops at a dose internally, have completely cured them. It has stopped the most excruciating pangs of pain of

Rheumatism

in fifteen minutes, and cured the disease entirely in twenty-four hours. It has cured some during its application. It will always stop the pain in its five or ten minutes.

Neuralgia.

Every case of neuralgia, where it has been properly used, it has stopped the pain in a few minutes. It continued use will strengthen the nerves and rid the system entirely from disease.

Paralysis

Or nervous prostration, a relaxation of the muscles—in 99 cases out of 100 it will restore the use of the limb in a few hours. It strengthens, warms, and invigorates every muscle, nerve and sinew in the system.

Pains in the Bones.

All pains and all aches feel its wonderful soothing and strengthening influence; it instantly arrests the most severe pains.

Jumping Tooth-ache.

It will stop the most tantalizing tooth-ache in a few seconds. Thus, thousands of our citizens can attest. Nervous pains of all kinds are arrested in a few moments by Radway's Ready Relief.

Sick Headache.

999 cases out of 1000 it will free from pain in 15 minutes, and the continuance according to directions will positively cure.

☞ Price—**50** and **25** cents.

RADWAY'S MEDICATED SOAP,
As a beautifier of the Skin.

It surpasses every thing of the kind in the world. It removes Redness, Pimples, Blotches, Pustules, Tetter, Rash. It cures Salt Rheum, Ring Worm, Sore Heads, Sores, Particular Eruptions. It imparts health to the skin and beauty to the complexion. As a Nursery and Toilet Soap, it is beyond the reach of rivalry, and for Shaving purposes it is the best in use. One cake of Radway's Soap will last longer than three cakes of the same size of any other Soap in use, therefore it is the cheapest and best soap in the world. ☞ Price 25 cents, large cakes in engraved wrappers, and the signature of R. G. Radway upon each wrapper.

THE CROWNING ORNAMENT OF BEAUTY
Is a beautiful head of Luxuriant Hair.
Radway's Circassian Balm.

The lady or gentleman who desires a beautiful article to dress their Hair, are advised to make use of Radway's Circassian Balm; it possesses many advantages over all other hair tonics and preparations. First, it cleanses the scalp from dandruff, gives tone and vigor to the roots and bulbs, invigorates to healthy action the germ of life, which gives to the hair a healthy root, and forces the hair to grow; it cures Baldness, stops the hair from falling out, makes it fine, strong, soft and glossy, keeps it from turning gray, or becoming discolored. It is truly a luxury to dress the hair with this delicious preparation.

☞ Sold by
J. WRIGHT & CO.
151 Chartres st.
G. N. MORRISON.
12 Magazine st.
ap19 eod&W 1y

SUNDRIES—
Sardines—In whole, half and quarter boxes;
Duffield Hams—100 tierces in store;
Loaf Sugar—50 pckgs. Northern, loaf and crushed;
Snuff—2 0 dozen Macaboy and Scotch;
Cassia—200 mats;
Castile Soap—100 boxes.....For sale by
my16 E. J. HART & CO. 79 Tchoupitoulas st.

BRIMSTONE—150 tons Crude Brimstone, for sale by
my16 A. F. COCHRAN & CO. 27 Tchoupitoulas st.

COW PEAS—500 bags Carolina Seed Cow Peas, in store and for sale by
my16 A. F. COCHRAN & CO. 27 Tchoupitoulas st.

QUININE—2500 oz., for sale by
my16 E. J. HART & CO. 79 Tchoupitoulas st.

DALLEY'S
MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR.
The Original and Only Genuine.
NO COMPOUND

HAS ever been discovered that possesses any of the qualities of this famous remedy. Almost daily we hear of new, and heretofore unknown virtues discovered by its application to new diseases—and it is a remarkable fact, that many of its effects, are known only from accident or experiment. So deep has been the science of Mr. HENRY DALLEY, the inventor, so admirable the combination of its ingredients, that it is found suited to relieve almost every ailment to which the frame of man is subject. Let us enumerate some of the peculiar qualities of this remedy:

Sixth.—If BROKEN LIMBS, when set, be well wrapped up in the Salve, no Inflammation, Swelling or Pain can occur, and the bones unite, and become strong with astonishing rapidity.

Seventh.—When the Bowels are painful, or inflamed, the Extractor, if well rubbed upon them, will afford relief, and cause a movement, even when castor oil, jalap and all other medicines have failed.

Eighth.—Its use is perfectly safe in all cases—it never can do harm—the system will absorb no more than is necessary to repair it. It will not conflict with any medicines that may be taken internally.

We have not space in this publication to enumerate all the diseases cured by

DALLEY'S PAIN EXTRACTOR,

but we shall subjoin a few testimonials of its value, selected from the thousands in our possession, from all parts of the country.

PILES.

It may be confidently stated that there is no case of PILES which may not be cured by the PAIN EXTRACTOR. It is a certain remedy, and removes at once the pain and soreness.

I, John Williams, a resident of Hamilton county and City of Cincinnati, feel it a solemn duty that I owe to the community, thus to publicly state that I have been troubled with the Piles for about seven years, during which time I have suffered much bodily pain; lost a great portion of that time by confinement to my bed, and have expended several hundred dollars, but to no purpose; I continued to grow worse. Meanwhile, I was persuaded, and finally urged to make a trial of "DALLEY'S MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR" for the awful complaint; and to my utter amazement, I am as well and hearty as ever, and to the use of two boxes of this precious ointment I ascribe my cure. These facts I am willing to affirm to, should it make the statement of an old resident any more authentic. JOHN WILLIAMS.

Cincinnati, 4th month, 1847.

ERYSIPELAS.

For Erysipelas the PAIN EXTRACTOR is invaluable. Other remedies may make the disease disappear for a little time, but it is driven in, and will re-appear in the same or some other place. The Pain Extractor, however, *drives out*, and completely removes the cause of the disease, and effects through cure.

ALBANY, May 8, 1846, 34 Jackson street.

I was nine years under medical skill in the cities of New York and Albany, laboring under the most distressing Erysipelas, attended with inflammation of the kidneys, and with swelling Tumors, deeply ulcerated with large inflammation of the size of hen's eggs protruding, and large boils covered my body. The urinary secretions stopped for days, when my distress became intolerable. My tongue cracked, and the roof of my mouth was covered with sores, and my chest, at the root of my neck, was in a constant burning heat, so that cold water did not cool it.

In this misery I longed for death, and never expected recovery, when Mrs. Jessup desired me to

TRY DALLEY'S PAIN EXTRACTOR.

She brought to my bed a box, and applied some to the sores. I felt immediate ease wherever it touched me, and I begged for enough to anoint me thoroughly. It was obtained, and a new life seemed to invest me. To remove the burning and in the chest I even made Pills of it, and took them, which soon cured me. I owe my life to your valuable Extract, I being now as strong as ever, and have been so ever since early in the year 1843. KERZIA FRENCH.

SALT RHEUM.

This certifies that DALLEY'S PAIN EXTRACTOR has been used in my family for Salt Rheum of thirteen years' duration, and for Warts. These fierce diseases have been at once alleviated, and they were both entirely removed. There can be no doubt but this Medicine has all the virtues that the Patent reclaims for it, from what has fallen under my observation, added to the very remarkable testimonials in its favor by others who have used it in cases somewhat immediate relief. I do most cheerfully recommend to the attention of the afflicted the use of this invaluable salve. ROSWELL CHAPIN

Buffalo, N. Y.

CONSTIPENESS;
OR, CONSTIPATION OF THE BOWELS
THE PAIN EXTRACTOR

is the surest, safest and most certain remedy for this disease. It will positively give relief in the worst cases, and even after all the old remedies have failed. Persons have frequently called at our office with astonishment upon their faces, stating that they had used the ointment for other diseases upon the soles of their bodies near the bowels, and that a copious movement had resulted from it. This result will always follow a thorough rubbing of the Extractor upon the bowels when they are costive. Let the experiment be tried. It is perfectly safe; and is no instance can the Pain Extractor cause harm.

SORE NIPPLES.

The efficacy of the PAIN EXTRACTOR in this disease is remarkable. We know of numerous cases, and do not hesitate to say that the Ointment will never fail for this purpose. Delicacy prevents us from asking certificates from ladies on this subject. The following was procured by one of our Agents:

This will certify that we have used DALLEY'S MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR as a remedy for Sore Nipples, and have pleasure in recommending it to those who may be afflicted with that most distressing complaint, as a most valuable article to care it. PHEBE BRAY.
Albany, April, 1845. MARY MOORE.

FEVER SORES.

I hereby certify that I have been afflicted with an inveterate Fever Sore for fourteen years last past, and have spent nearly five hundred dollars in employing physicians and in purchasing medicines the last one or two months I was so lame as to be confined, in consequence, to my bed; I heard of and tried DALLEY'S MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR, when, to my great surprise, before I had used one whole box of this Salve, my limb was entirely healed, and I have nothing of it left about me. BRADOCK DAVIS.
St. Henrietta, Monroe county, N. Y., May 6, 1852.

CUTS, WOUNDS AND SORES.

The effects of the PAIN EXTRACTOR in these cases wonderful, so quickly does it remove all pains and soreness, and heal the injury. NO SCAR REMAINS. Its success in healing old sores of long standing is unparalleled.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 6, 1846.

Dear Sir: About a week since, while working at my trade, I cut my foot in a very bad and dangerous way. The whole bit of the edge entered the top of my foot, just below the big toe. The wound began to inflame, and continued so to do until I became much alarmed. I used British Oil, Tincture of Myrrh, and several adhesive plasters, but all to no purpose. I then commenced the use of

DALLEY'S MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR,

and in less than ten minutes the pain and inflammation began to subside, and has now entirely left me.

I can confidently recommend Dalley's Magical Pain Extractor as being superior to anything I have ever been tried for removing pain or inflammation.

I am a ship-carpenter by trade, and shall be willing to testify to the virtues of the Salve at all times when necessary. I reside on Franklin Avenue, at No. 151, where I can give any information desired. Yours, truly,
JEFFERSON M. BISHOP.

☞ COUNTERFEITS! ☜
Counterfeits Abound!!

All other falsely named PAIN EXTRACTORS are Counterfeits of DALLEY'S. The worthless man who sell them hope, that by stealing our name, they may induce the public to believe that their nostrums possess the virtues of the genuine articles. Buy of none but our authorised Agents.

☞ *Attend to the peculiar marks upon the genuine; and observe that the name, "H. DALLEY," be* WRITTEN WITH A PEN, *in different colored Ink, on the envelope of each box and that no other be upon it.*

☞ General Depot for the United States, where all orders addressed will be promptly executed.,
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415 Broadway, New York.

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Where all Dealers in the States of LOUISIANA, ALABAMA, MISSISSIPPI, KENTUCKY and TENNESSEE, and the City of ST. LOUIS, in the State of MISSOURI, will be promptly supplied.

JOHN WRIGHT & CO.,
General Agents for said Territory.
ap30 3m

TO RENT — The undersigned having determined to move to the country, wishes to rent a convenient two story Brick Dwelling, 17½ Girod street, containing nine rooms, shower bath, pantry and closets; has a fine front and back yard, well paved and set with hard wood shrubbery. This establishment has recently been elegantly furnished with the very best new furniture, all of which will be sold at a great bargain. Apply on the premises, or at 87 Camp street. [d14 tf

TO LET—Several Small houses, one in Greenville, all ready furnished. Inquire of
d11 tjan N. HOLMES, 25 Gravier st.

HOUSES TO RENT.—A number of DWELLING HOUSES for rent, on Canal street, between Romain and Peters streets, from the first of October. Apply to [15 tf] C. M. FOGG, 250 Magazine st.

WANTED—The undersigned wishes to purchase ONE HUNDRED SLAVES, for which the highest prices will be paid. Those who have slaves for sale will please call on the undersigned, at his office, 157 Gravier street.
mh31 3mos J. W. BOAZMAN

JAMES WHITE,
163 Gravier street, New Orleans,
Will constantly PURCHASE NEGROES; also, Board and Sell on Commission, say and all Slaves consigned to him
feb1 ly

J. STAFFORD & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
ICE!
No. 3 New Levee, New Orleans.
☞ Orders respectfully solicited. mh21 3m*

PUMPS AND BATHING APPARATUS, &c. JOHN MOARTY, PLUMBER, No. 124 CAMP STREET, New Orleans, has just received a new and large assortment of Brass Cocks, various sizes; Force and Lift Pumps; Hose Pumps, etc., etc.; Cooking Ranges; Bathing Tubs and Shower Baths. Also, laying and repairing Lead Pipes; Sheet Lead work of every description. Shop and Steamboat work promptly put up and repaired. All orders reasonably attended to. ☞ Charges moderate.

PERRYAN SHOWER BATHS—I have on hand an extensive assortment of SHOWER BATHS, which, for elegance and convenience, are unequalled by any other bath made. E. WOOD FERRY, 96 Magazine st.
☞ Shower Baths repaired. mh13

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JOS. HUFTY would most respectfully inform the public generally that he has purchased the entire interest of the Southern Branch of the Empire Co., has leased the store, 59 POYDRAS STREET, and has fitted it up at considerable expense for the Patent Medicine business. Having unsurpassed facilities for supplying Druggists and Dealers generally with every article in this line, he confidently solicits an inspection of his stock and prices. Satisfaction will be given to all who may favor him with their patronage.

The following list only comprises a part of his extensive assortment, which can and will be furnished to the Trade on as reasonable terms as any other house in the South:

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Comstock's,
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Graefenberg,
Dr. Guysott's Yellow Dock.

Bitters.
Dr. Blake's,
Dr. Green's,
Hutchinson's Vegetable,
Graefenberg,
Mortimer's Bitter Cordial,
Wild Cherry,
Moffat's Phœnix Bitters,
Pepsin's, for dyspepsia.

Cough Remedies.
Dr. Rogers' Liverwort and Tar,
Dr. Davis' Compound of Wild Cherry and Tar,
Wister's Balsam of Wild Cherry and Tar,
Davis' Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry and Tar,
Pain Syrup,
Cod Liver Oil,
Dr. Coe's Syrup,
Dr. Clarke's Wild Cherry and Tar

Hair Tonics.
Smith's Hair Tonic,
Owen's Magistratus,
Balm of Columbia.

Dysentery Syrups.
Hillman's Vermifuge,
Dr. Stephens' Astringent,
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Graefenberg,
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Vermifuges.
Comstock's,
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Meen Fou,
Almond Soap,
Lyons Kathairon,
Windsor Soap,
Rose Hair Oil,
Taylor's Shaving Soap,
Military Soap,
Transparent Soap.

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Orris Tooth Wash,
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Calcined Carbon.

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Mustang Liniment,
Hewes' Nerve and Bone Liniment,
Indian Vegetable Elixir,
Hayes' Liniment for Piles,
Lobb's Pile Ointment,
Connell's Pain Extractor,
Dalley's do. do.
Judkins' Ointment,
Green Mountain Ointment,
Military do.
Connell's Mixture,
Roach Bane,
Smith's Poisons,
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Indian do.
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Green's Fever and Ague Tonic

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Phalon's Nagui Hair Dye,
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