NEW ORLEANS:

MONDAY MORNING, JUNE 2, 1851.

CHARITY HOSPITAL.—The report of this institution for the past week shows considerable improvement in the health and convalescence of the inmates, and the number at present remaining in the institution is considerably less than that of the previous week. The admissions for the week ending yesterday were 202, discharged 194, deaths 36. There remains on the books 529.

EMIGRANT ARRIVALS.—According to the report of the Health Officer of the ports of New Orleans and Lafayette, there arrived during the week ending May 31, the large number of 1155 emigrants in this port, from different parts of Europe. Among them were 227 Frenchmen, 300 Germans, and 628 Irish. One of the vessels, called the Saxon, from Liverpool, had sickness on board during the passage, and she is now lying off Slaughterhouse Point. During the passages of the five ships which brought the above immigrants, only four grown persons and twoinfants died, and one sailor, named James Smith, from Havre, was lost by falling overboard.

AN EDITORIAL DIFFICULTY.—Yesterday morning between 9 and 10 o'clock, a difficulty of a serious character took place between Mr. Theard, one of the editors of the New Orleans Courier, and Mr. V. Alaman, the Spanish editor of the Union newspaper. Some misunderstanding has existed between these gentlemen, on Cuban affairs, and articles strongly tinged with that irony and sarcasm, which none know better how to use than editors, have appeared in both journals. Yesterday morning, Mr. Theard went to the residence of Mr. Alaman, in Exchange Alley, and sought an interview with him, in the course of which he tore up a Union newspaper and threw it into his face. Mr. Alaman ordered him to leave the room, and when about to descend the stairs, Mr. Theard pulled out a cigar and threw it at the face of his editorial antagonist. Mr. Alaman then drew a pistol, presented it at the breast of Mr. Theard, and fired, but fortunately he quickly changed position, and the ball passed over his shoulder. Mr. Theard then went to the office of the Recorder, made an affidavit, and had Mr. Alaman arrested, but he was afterwards bailed out until this morning, when the case will be investigated before acting Recorder Fabre. The occurrence caused considerable excitement among the *elite* circles yesterday, and speculations as to the cause of the occurrence were numerous, but we obtained the above information from reliable sources, and have no doubt of its truthfulness.

AN AFFRAY.—Yesterday afternoon, an affray took place in the Third Municipality, upon the Levee, between Mandeville and Spain streets. It appears that about half-past four o'clock, the attention of Officer O'Brien was called to a three story house, in which there was a great disturbance. On the officer entering, he discovered several persons with blood on their faces and clothes, and one man named Thomas, was cut in two places, over the right eye, and on the upper lip. The officer arrested a man named Jones, who has an open knife in his possession, and also a person named McKay, who was concerned in the affray, and they, with several others, who were afterwards taken into custody, are to be brought up for examination this morning.

STABBING.—On Saturday John Criswell was arrested, and sent to prison, to await examination for stabbing John Cunningham, and seriously injuring him at ten o'clock, on Saturday morning.

THE THIRD MUNICIPALITY.—Yesterday the officers of the Third who have been elected by the new administration, took their stations, and the officers who have hitherto held their situations, retired. In visiting the Calaboose and the Police Jail, it was noticed that every thing had been left in the utmost disorder, and the Work-house was in an extremely filthy state, so much so that the sweepings of the rooms were allowed to remain in the corners, and the property of the Municipality was in every department much neglected. It is hoped that the present officers will be more faithful to their trust, and more attentive to their duties.

THE PONTCHARTRAIN RAILWAY.—Yesterday the traffic on the above line was immense, and the cars were kept running as fast as possible, while some nine or ten carriages, with engine and tender, composed every train. It was estimated that upwards of 5000 persons visited the Lake during the day.

STABBING.—On Saturday evening, a difficulty occurred on board of the schooner Banner, lying in the New Basin, between a Chinese cook, employed on the vessel, and a sailor named W. N. Wilkins, who acted as mate. The latter took a large carving knife, and with it stabbed the Chinaman on the right breast. A warrant was immediately issued for his arrest, and he is now in custody, awaiting an examination.

SUICIDE OF A MULATTO.—An inquest was held yesterday morning, by Robert Spedden, Coroner, upon the body of a mulatto man named Henry, the slave of E. S. Keep, who had committed suicide. It appears that he was a drayman, and on Saturday afternoon he left the place where he was living at, about four o'clock, and between that time and seven o'clock in the evening, he went into a stable on White street, between Melpomene and Terpsichore streets, and with a pistol shot himself through the head. The ball was fatal, and while they were carrying him to his residence, he died. The jury returned a verdict to the effect that he died from a wound in the head made by a pistol shot.

A SUSPICIOUS CHARACTER.—Yesterday morning, between two and three o'clock, a vagrant, named Thomas Dolan, was arrested while sleeping in an unoccupied house on Triton Walk. He had in his possession a hat and coat, which are supposed to have been stolen, as he could not account satisfactorily as to the manner in which he came by them.

STEALING LEAD.—Yesterday, Thomas Mullen, a disgraceful looking character, who sported an eye as black and disfigured as an ugly-looking piece of Pittsburgh coal, was discovered on the Levee, about mid-day, with a large pig of lead in his possession. He was observed by officer Fuller, carrying it away, and on his making inquiries, he found that Mullen had been to a large stack of leaden pigs, which had been unshipped and placed on the Levee, and taken one away. He was arrested the thief, and made him carry the lead as well as himself to the Watch-house. He will be brought upfor examination this day.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT.—On Saturday, the following sentences were given by the Judge against the prisoners mentioned, who were brought up from jail for the purpose of receiving sentence: John Williams, convicted of robbery, was sentenced to seven years' hard labor in the Penitentiary.

William Smith, for an attempt to rob Jacob Gobin, was sentenced to one year's imprisonment, with costs.

Lewis Kladich, for larceny, was sentenced to one year's imprisonment at hard labor in the Penitentiary.

John W. Davis, *alias* William Reid, for bringing counterfeit money into the State, and being ready to utter the same, was sentenced to ten years' imprisonment at hard labor in the Penitentiary—three years on one charge, and seven on the other.

Frederick Meyer, for possessing moulds for counterfeiting coin, was sentenced to ten years' hard labor in the Penitentiary.

Methodist Church Case in New York.

FIFTH DAY.

The Court-room was densely crowded this morning with spectators, desirous of hearing the Hon. Rufus Choate open the defendants' case. They were destined to disappointment, however, for at opening of the court, Mr. Ewing stated that Mr. Choate was extremely unwell to-day, and therefore unable to commence his argument. The Court, in consequence, granted an adjournment until 10 o'clock on Monday morning, when, it is understood, the case must go on, whether Mr. Choate appears or not.

The documentary evidence read by Mr. Fancher, for the defence, yesterday afternoon, went to show that the travelling preachers are not the owners of this fund, but that it is held by the Church in the nature of a charity, and comes within their fund for charitable uses. The travelling preachers, in distributing books, did not do so, as had been alleged, with a view to a fund for old age, etc., but were compensated for doing so, the books being furnished to them at 25 to 33½ per cent. discount. The Book Concern has been raised, not by contributions, but by the course of its business. It was established in 1799, on a capital of $4 000. In five years afterwards its value was $23,000, and in four years more, being in 1808, it was worth $47,000, and has continued to increase, until it is said now to be worth $750,000. It is not a vested right in the travelling preachers, as had been contended; in proof of which might be mentioned the important fact that the Annual Conferences create travelling preachers, who, in process of time or reverse of circumstances, become claimants upon the fund. Yet the Annual Conferences have nothing to do with the Book Concern, its officers being appointed and its affairs controlled by the General Conference. He also showed that the Southern Conference has been supplied since 1844 with books on the same terms as the Canada Conference—that is, 7 per cent. less than the wholesale price. [N. Y. Com. Adv.

DISORDERLY MEETING IN PHILADELPHIA.—For some months a large party have been using every effort to accomplish the removal of Wm. D. Lewis, Collector of the Port at Philadelphia. Charges were made against him, and his enemies remained in Washington during the whole time of their consideration. The President, after careful consideration of his case, did not find sufficient cause of removal. This so exasperated the enemies of Lewis, that they have been attacking his reputation at every point, and watching a chance for complaint against him quite as faithfully as if paid for it. A man thus situated ought to be cautious. It seems that, since the President's refusal to remove him, Mr. Lewis made some remarks about a meeting of mechanics, in which he spoke rather slightingly of that class of citizens—saying that *they were very good in their place*. The enemies of Lewis have used this to all advantage with the mechanics. Meanwhile a large gathering, purporting to be a "whig meeting," was held on the night of the 24th, in the Chinese Museum, which passed resolutions demanding Lewis' removal—where the police arrested numbers; all sorts of violence were resorted to, and the most disgraceful scenes were enacted that have been witnessed in Philadelphia for years.

The delegates to a State Railroad Convention assembled in the Alhambra, in Mobile, on Thursday last, 29th. The spacious hall was filled at an early hour. Hon. Wm. R. King was elected, by acclamation, President of the Convention.

The Chairman made some handsome introductory remarks in relation to the objects of the Convention. He alluded to the two great lines of railroad now in progress in Alabama, the Mobile and Ohio and the Selma and Tennessee Railroads, and showed what their completion would accomplish.

Resolutions were adopted pledging the Convention to foster the railroads in operation in the State; that the State is bound to administer such funds as she may have received from the General Government under the act of Congress, setting apart five per cent. of the lands within her borders for public improvements; and that a committee of ten prepare an address to the people of Alabama, and attend generally to the objects of the Convention.

Mr. Perhams, Mr. W. S. Burr, of Selma, and Col. Phillips, made stirring appeals.

Col. Phillips then offered the following resolution, stating that although perhaps not altogether germain to the object of the Convention, it was a question of great importance to the cities of the Gulf, and to every portion of the country interested in its commerce, to find some means of avoiding, if possible, the hazardous voyage around the Florida Capes, which entailed a heavy annual loss. The resolution was unanimously adopted.

Resolved, That, in consideration of the vast commerce which finds its outlet on the Gulf of Mexico, and the heavy tax and loss which that commerce is subject to, in the navigation of the Cape, we deem the inquiry, whether these burdens could be avoided by the construction of a ship canal across the Isthmus of Florida, as worthy of the closest investigation, and we therefore recommend that immediate steps be taken to procure the most thorough investigation of the subject.

The Convention then adjourned.

The Weather and the Crops!

ARKANSAS.—The Helena (Ark.) Shield, of May 24, gives us this information:

"We have been informed, within the last day or two, by several intelligent planters, that the appearance of the cotton-plant is of the most promising character, the *stand* being better than they had ever seen. The cotton is said to present a healthy, vigorous appearance. Since the 1st inst., the weather has been most favorable for both corn and cotton. The frost of that day did no damage in this region."

NORTH MISSISSIPPI.—The Oxford Star of the Union, of the 22d May, says:

"The cotton-plant, though small and backward for this season, appears to be hardy and thriving; in fact this is the case with most of the crops, and if the weather continues favorable our farmers may still realize average crops."

LOUISIANA.—The St. Francisville Chronicle of the 31st ult. says:

"*The Crops—Weather.*—The weather for some two weeks has been extremely dry and hot. We are blest, if we can call it a blessing, with any quantity of dust. The crops are suffering very much for the want of rain, corn particularly. The cut-worm has done considerable damage in many portions of the Parish, but it is supposed that the late warm and dry weather will disperse them. The lice, too, have recently taken possession of the young plant on many plantations, and we learn, is doing considerable damage. Should we have rain in the course of a few days, abundant crops of corn will be raised."

SAD OCCURRENCE IN SOUTH CAROLINA.—The South Carolina papers make a great deal of their "encampments" of late. These military amusements, or exercises, are paraded in the newspapers with flourishes of martial rhetoric made with solemnity enough to suit the onslaughts of "Cerro Gordo" or "Churubusco." There is no harm in this. It assists in keeping up a fine military spirit, which is nourished nowhere more enthusiastically than in Louisiana, one of the most peaceable States of the Union.

At the latest *encampment*, held at Camden, S. C., an occurrence of a truly lamentable nature marred the pleasure, and dimmed the lustre of the occasion. Near the close of the display, Mr. Fletcher, an officer in camp, was sun-struck, and placed in the hands of the surgeon. At night he was delirious, and during some firing and confusion in the camp, he started up, seized his musket, and rushed from the tent, thrusting with his bayonet at all persons within his reach. He was not secured until he had inflicted severe wounds upon five persons, and among them Dr. Shannon, who is not expected to recover, the bayonet having penetrated one of his lungs.

CONVICTED.—Two negroes, William Empson and James Anderson, have been tried for the brutal murder of Joseph Williams, the aged farmer waylaid and slain on the public road, near Newcastle, Delaware, last winter. Both have been found guilty. They had not been sentenced on the 22d, but death is the certain penalty for murder in the State of Delaware, pardons in any case, even for minor crimes, being very rare, the Governor being, in all cases, required to lay his reasons for a pardon before the Legislature. It is to this infrequent use of the privilege that Delaware owes its comparative exemption from the graver felonies.

HORRID OCCURRENCE—*Macallister, the Magician.*—Our readers are doubtless aware that Macallister, the magician, has been playing a very successful engagement in St. Louis. On the 15th, a boy who had witnessed the feat of cutting off the nose, in the absence of his parents, tried the experiment upon his sister. He succeeded in severing the nose entirely from her face, but could not so well perform the mending process. The child's life was despaired of for a time, the bleeding was so profuse. The Reveille, however, says that hopes are now entertained of her recovery, with the disfiguration only of a fearful and irremovable scar.

Hon. Wm. R. King has gracefully declined the dinner tendered to him by the citizens of Mobile, without reference to party. Mr. King has always commanded the esteem of his party. Beloved by Alabamians, he has received high national distinctions, to which he has imparted additional honor. He never stood so fair before the people as now. His noble course on the Compromise question, although fully expected from him, gave him a largely increased popularity, both in and beyond his own State.

TENNESSEE.—Walter Coleman has received the whig nomination for Congress, to represent the Memphis District. Frederick P. Stanton is the democratic nominee.

The Webb and Willis affair has come to a termination, so far as Gen. Webb is concerned. He declares, in his paper of the 23d, that in future *nothing short of a charge of murder* will ever induce him to trouble his readers with a word of personal matter. Now is the time for Willis. Willis will now be as smooth as a piece of silk. He will give the whole affair, now, a *poetical phase*, and out of it weave a Web of romance in which *one* desperately bad character will be portrayed.

The Savannah Georgian of the 27th ult., announces that the health officer has ordered the brig William Henry, which arrived on the previous day from Bath, Maine, to undergo Quarantine at Fort Jackson, owing to sickness on board.

The Richmond (Va.) Enquirer says that the agony basis is over for the present, the Convention on the 21st ult., having, by a majority of 7, (51 to 44,) ordered the insertion of the compromise reported from the committee of the whole. The Alexandria Gazette is now satisfied that such a constitution will be presented as will be accepted by a large majority of the people.

PORT OF NEW ORLEANS.

LATITUDE 29° 57' 30" N.—LONGITUDE 90° W.—in Time, 6h.

CRESCENT OFFICE,
Monday Morning, June 2, 1851.

Cleared Saturday.

Steamship Louisiana, Lawless, Galveston, Harris & Morgan
Steamship Union, Budd, New York, Babcock & Fennell
Steamship Alabama, Foster, Vera Cruz, C J Meeker &co
Ship Charles, Rusk, Trieste, J H Ashbridge &co
Ship Berlin, Smith, Liverpool, J P Whitney &co
Ship Oswego, Howell, New York, J W Stanton &co
Ship Eliza Morton, Wilmer, Liverpool, J P Whitney &co
Bark Horace, Alley, Bonaventure, L H Gale
Bark Z P Brown, Brown, Boston, Geo W Hynson
Brig Lexington, Merriman, Cardenas, J W Andrews &co
Schr John Rosier, Morrison, Tampa Bay, Zerstin &co
Schr Wm Bryan, Merrill, New York, Chas Deake &co
Schr E S James, Wescott, Apalachicola, R M Harrison &co
Schr Aurelia, Hanson, Apalachicola, Master
Schr A N McKay, Downer, Apalachicola, E G Rogers &co
Schr Josephine, Valverde Mobile, Jas Farrelly
Schr Eagle, Stone, Pensacola, Master

Arrived.

Steamship Fanny, Foote, from Brazos St Jago, 28th ult, to C J Meeker &co—31 mty.
Steam propeller J W Rayburn, Granshaw, 2 days from Key West, to master—Pilot.
Brship Hero, Kennedy, 33 days from Liverpool, to Holmes & Mile—3d my.
Ship Sarah & Louisa, McLellan, from Liverpool, April 10, to J. H Oakes—31 mty.
Schr Ella, Schernbeck, 2 days from Pensacola, to master—Bana.

STEAMBOATS.

Amazon, Dugas, from Lafourche.
Bulletin No 2, Church, from St Louis.
Bostona, Bentley, from Louisville.
Falcon, Hix, from Pittsburgh.
Flora, Bassett, from Vermillion.
Fashion, Wilson, from Minden.
Hecla, Kay, from Natchitoches.
J L Webb, Sutherlain, from Vermillion Bay.
Osceola, Martin, from Jefferson.
Ophelia, Gordon, from Washington.
Towboat Defiance, Hanbury, from the Passes—brought up ship Helena.
Towboat Anglo-American, Porter, from the Passes—went down light—brought up ship Sarah & Louisa.

Exports.

TRIESTE—Per ship Charles: 1277 bales cotton.
BORDEAUX—Per bark Horace: 50,600 staves, 2 bbls sugar.
LIVERPOOL—Per ship Berlin: 2335 bales cotton.
LIVERPOOL—Per ship Ellen Maria: 2578 bales cotton.
NEW YORK—Per steamship Union: 1271 pcs lead, etc.
NEW YORK—Per schr Wm Bryan: 417 sticks cedar, 3000 staves.
NEW YORK—Per ship Oswego: 222 hhds tobacco, 2700 sacks corn, 90 bbls rosin, 20 bbls whiskey, 100 do glue, 13 blocks walnut, 461 pieces 104 cases 198 bbls pork, 173 tierces 269 bbl lard.
VERA CRUZ—Per steamship Alabama: 15 horses, etc.
GALVESTON—Per steamship Louisiana: 767 bbls flour, 10 do pork, 71 do whisky, 10 bales tobacco, 275 sacks corn, 60 do coffee, 10 do bacon, etc.
BOSTON—Per bark Z P Brown: 2539 pigs lead, 2355 sks corn, 102 rolls leather, 200 bls a whiskey, 23 do lard, 400 bbls flour, 12 tierces oil, 1919 hides, 8000 staves, 8 bbls tobacco, 30 pkgs sundries.
CARDENAS—Per brig Leontine: 49,000 hoop poles.
TAMPA BAY—Per schr John Rosier: 100 bbls flour, 20 do whisky, 20 barrels bale rope, 15 cks tobacco, 75 bbls rosin, 25 do coffee, 40,0 feet lumber, 10,000 laths, 5,000 hoop poles.
APALACHICOLA—Per schr E S James: 8 hhds sugar, 5 hhds 154 cks bacon, 147 pcs bagging, 100 coils rope, 56 bbls hams, 100 do whisky, 40 do flour, 20 do pork, 12 kegs 100 bbls lard, 1225 sks corn.
APALACHICOLA—Per schr Aurelia: 2 hhds sugar, 183 bbls flour, 150 do pork, 20 do whisky, 50 kegs 3 bbls lard, 9 cks bacon, 277 sks corn.
APALACHICOLA—Per schr A N McKay: 100 bbls flour, 20 do pork, 20 bbls molasses, 220 pcs bagging, 300 coils rope, 16 ctn 88 cks bacon.
MOBILE—Per schr Josephine: 200 sks wheat, 911 do corn, 13 bbls sugar, 7 do lard, etc.
PENSACOLA—Per schr Eagle: ballast.

Imports.

BRAZOS ST JAGO—Per steamship Fanny: $32,347 38 in specie to sundry consignees—hides to order.
LIVERPOOL—Per ship Helena: 3160 sks salt to Holmes & Mile.
LIVERPOOL—Per ship Sarah & Louisa: 49,500 slates Leslie & Davidson—6 cks ware F Ferguson—1 hhds 150 qr ter ware Martin, Boyd & Co—75 do, 8 hhds do Henderson & Gaines—97 cases 2 crates do J Gauche—884 bars iron Davis, Brooks &co—800 bdls do Marsh, Bancroft &co—147 bdls 517 bars do Fleming & Hunter—75 cks ware McDowell, Mills &co—9 cases 9 bdls do W A Violett &co—1 cask 8 cases do Voigta & Jeanneret—86 cases 86 bdls steel A Robb—4 boxes mdse Frehn, Clegg &co—613 cks do E F Nichols—48 bbls ale Slark, Day & Stauffer—3 do mdse, 455 bars railroad iron, 2729 sks salt to order.
KEY WEST—Per propeller J W Rayburn: 3 cases cigars to R Pinet.
PENSACOLA—Per schr Ella: 42 bales cotton J G Cocke &co—85,000 feet lumber, 10,000 laths J C Pooley.

Receipts of Produce.

LOUISVILLE—Per steamer Bostona: 105 hhds tobacco W G Robinson—5 do Turner, Wilson &co—19 do Fellowes &co—42 do Hewitt, Norton &co—2 do McCenochie & Dudley—11 do Ferguson & Bryant—6 do Swan, Dykers &co—6 do J W Alves—9 do Watt & Summers—2 cs, 4 hhds Johnson Beverly, Sands &co—200 coils rope Shultz & Hudson—353 do, 53 bales twine, 113 pcs bagging Forman, Latting &co—25 do Commerce & Square—1 do Stewart Sells papers—2 J Maginnis &co—8 bales twine, 100 cls rope, 101 pcs bagging Sanderlin, Bro &co—15 do R Geddes—2 do G M Pickard &co—50 do Page & Bacon—2 do Harrison Bro &co, 50 coils rope G W Burke &co—27 do, 70 pcs bagging Nalle, Cox &co—3 do, 3 cls rope R Nugent &co—3 cks bacon, 7 bbls pork, 18 kegs lard, 185 sks corn H B Claiborne—972 do, 2 bbls 3 kegs lard, 261 bbls pork, 5 do oil, 42 cks bacon F C Twichell &co—40 do hams, 57 sks bran, 17 kegs lard W B McCutchen & co—18 bbls beef, 20 half bbls tongues Converse Kennedy—17 ctn hams R W Adams &co—24 stoves J & T Sullivan—50 do O Sanlet—13 do S Locke—129 pcs cast iron M H Devereux—6 bbls oil R W Hemenway—1 box books E J Hart &co—3 bales cotton J G Cocke &co—sundries to order.
ST LOUIS—Per steamer Bulletin No 2: 100 bbls bacon Martin Lewis &co—681 sacks corn A Michel &co—25 kegs butter E S Keep—34 bbls 35 bbls lime Lane, Parker &co—100 bbls flour, 81 bales hemp Addison &co—20 bbls oil Marsh & Ranlett—10 do A Kendall &co—17 cases bacon Shultz & Hudson—100 bbls flour E H Wingate—10 do, 300 sks corn S L Shaw—2 bbls flour, 2 do bacon, 1 do lard J K Rayburn—90 bbls flour, 1486 sks corn, 1212 do oats Lyman, Scott &co—3 bbls vrgrs, 2 kegs butter Converse Kennedy—27 do, 3 bbls lard A D Grieff &co—60 bbls flour, 27 cks bacon J Connoly &co—31 bales hay, 177 sacks oats, 182 do corn J D Shann—300 do, 7 cases hams, 71 ctn lard Turner, Wilson &co—100 bbls flour, 11 cks bacon Kennett, Dix &co—31 do, 979 bbls flour, 163 sks bran Kennedy & Foster—199 sks corn, 212 bales hay J O Nelson &co—37 bbls vrgrs R W Adams &co—35 cases sks oats Beatty, Liggett &co—5 cks bacon C T Baldwin &co—110 coils rope E G Rogers &co—248 bbls flour J Eager Young—8 cks bacon, 31 kegs butter G L Dobson—445 pigs lead Wood & Low—2407 do Foulick &co—6 qr casks brandy, 48 cks bacon Bell & Stebbins—114 bbls pork and lard, 5 kegs butter Parmele & Bro—16 bbls tobacco S H Davis &co—14 bales cotton Bonner & Smith—sundries to order.
LAFOURCHE—Per steamer Amazon: 8 hhds sugar to Dreiler & Son—68 hhds do, 10 bbls molasses A Mitchenberger &co—41 do H Tete &co—7 do H & W Stackhouse—11 bbls syrup T S Elder &co—75 do, 20 hhd do W G Hewes—5 bales cotton Cammack & Squires—6 do J S Turner—31 hides and sundries to order.
NATCHITOCHES—Per steamer Rechi: 41 bales cotton A & J Dennison &co—21 do Hill, McLean &co—2 do Fleurer &co—6 Ar Mitenberger—5 do J B Plauche &co—sundries to order—Total, 82 bales cotton.
VERMILLION BAY—Per steamer J L Webb: 167 hhds sugar C D Blanc.
VERMILLION—Per steamer Fiora: 5 hhds 92 hhds sugar, 10 bbls molasses—5 do sugar Duffy & Fremaux—190 hhds C D Blanc—47 do A Curel—12 do I W Arthur &co—16 do U A Pollard—15 do Dalsu—sundries to order.
JEFFERSON—Per steamer Osceola: 24 bales cotton S O Nelson &co—11 do Cherry, Chambers &co—7 do Brewster, Williams &co—6 Buchanan, Carroll &co—8 Payne & Harrison—4 I W Arthur &co—4 M Greenwood &co—3 R M Ellis & co—1 Rankin, Bullard &co—1 Bickett, Perkins &co—40 do 2 bales peltries, 1 bbl beeswax Wright, Williams &co—sundries to order—Total, 115 bales cotton.
PRINCETON—Per steamer Lida: 18 bales cotton J Williams—8 G Burke &co—27 Swiney, Green &co—25 J C Rikes—3 Fears, Donegan &co—49 Buchanan, Carroll &co—7 S O Nelson &co—1 Dawes, Cudd &co—11 Payne & Harrison—6 Payne & Harrison—2 bales 2 casks hides Witherell, Wade &co—Total, 147 bales cotton.
MINDEN—Per steamer Fashion: 4 bales cotton to Hill, McLean &co—2 do J B Gribble—2 do Pickett, Perkins &co—1 do Buchanan, Carroll &co—Total, 9 bales cotton.
WASHINGTON—Per steamer Ophelia: 119 bales cotton J B Bellocq—3 do Payne & Harrison—17 do, 5 hhds sugar Pavy, Lobit &co—4 hhds do, 3 bbls molasses R Nugent &co—5 bales wool, 15 bales Blanchin—2 bales hides Lepaze & Fer—14 rolls leather H Gilp—2300 feet lumber F Perret—sundries to order—Total, 174 bales cotton.

FLATBOATS.

—*Second Municipality*—
INDIANA—Per 3 boats: 410 tons hay to order.

Spoken.

By ship Sarah & Louisa, on the 10th ult, in lat 23° 20', lon 56°, ships Arabella and Scotland, from Liverpool for Mobile.

Passengers.

Per ship Sarah & Louisiana, from Liverpool—187 steerage.

List of Vessels in Port Not Cleared.

(Note.—In the first municipality (designated in the following table by "1st") the Nos. commence at the Railroad and run up. In the second (2d), the Nos. commence above the Steamboat Landing, No. 1 being Flatboat Landing.....In the Third (3d), the Nos. commence at the Railroad and run down, No. 1, being Perry Wharf.)

Ships.				Barks.			
Anna Dorothea	19,m3	Middlesex	28 m3	Antoun	19 m3	Vermouth	12,m3
Aurelia	9,m1	Mediator	3 m3	Nordon	19 m	Yazoo	Canal street
Batchelor	Pier	Nordon	19 m	Old England	30,m3		
Benjamin	2,m3	Olympus	16 m3	Olympus	16 m3	**Brigs.**	
Bonny glen	1 m	Otillia	Point	Otillia	Point	Alfred Exall	UPT
China Clarendon	Point	Queen	16,m3	Queen	16,m3	Apalachicola	Point
Clifton	3,m3	Republic	21,m3	Republic	21,m3	Caroline de Mar	UPT
Columbia	22,m3	Scotia	30,m3	Scotia	30,m3	Caroline	UPT
Columbia	22 m3	Sherley	1 m1	Sherley	1 m1	Cubanay	UPT
Cornelia	22,m3	Squanshum	33 m3	Dundee	11,m1	Dundee	11,m1
Cuba	8,m3	St Peter	1,Pier	Squanshum	33 m3	Enos Hart	LPT
Caledon Brender	1,m1	Suffolk	14,m3	St Peter	1,Pier	Emilia	11 m1
Dugouno	5,m1	Sarah Lewis	32,m3	Suffolk	14,m3	Francesca	13,m1
Empire	5 m3	Saxon	17,m3	Sarah Lewis	32,m3	Pizz	6 m1
Elizabeth	21 m3	Scotia	14,m3	Saxon	17,m3	Harriet	UPT
Europa	1,m1	Tennessee	5,m3	Scotia	14,m3	Hudson	UPT
Equinoxial	31,m3	Terrent	36,m3	Tennessee	5,m3	Isa Wallace	UPT
F. J. Roger	25,m3			Terrent	36,m3	Josephine	12,m1
France	15 m3					Marshal Ney	11,m1
Hope	17 m3					Mary George	LPT
Hudson	3,m3					Mary Ann	UPT
Hector	1 m3					Minerva	LPT
J Tuck	2,m3					Stella	Point
La Comet	3,m3					Velocity	UPT
Jersey	2 m3					R H Palmer	UPT
Jessie	4 m3					San Miguel	Point
Jane Hamilton	27,m3					J W Hunter	LPT
John Bulmont	7,m1					Tartar	UPT
John Tuckr	30,m3					Tangerine	LPT
Lucy Ann	1,m1					Water Witch	LPT
Lutet	1,Pier						
Julius	1,Pier					**Schooners.**	
Lucy	19,m3					Alderman	LPT
Kentucky	15,m3					Sonia	LPT
Louisa	14,m3					Faustina	LPT
Lone Star	4,m1					Harriet	Point
Louisiana	1,Pier					J W. Houston	LPT
Lemuel Dyer	3,m3					John Wesley	LPT
Leonidas	14,m3					Paquete	LPT
Maintor	22 m3					Panama	LPT
Mary Ward	18 m3					T. P. Jones	LPT

TEA—75 half chests superior Pouchong Tea, for sale low to close consignment.
my31 A. F. COCHRAN & CO. 27 Tchoupitoulas st.

NEW ORLEANS MARKETS.

CRESCENT OFFICE,
Monday Morning, June 2, 1851.

Cotton—There was some little demand for Cotton on Saturday, and 2200 bales were sold, at about the rates of the prev ous day.

In a day or two we may expect later advices from Europe by the steamer *Asia*, which is now in the ninth day of her passage to New York.

NEW ORLEANS CLASSIFICATION.

Inferior	6 @ 7	Middling Fair	9¼@10
Ordinary	7¼@ 8	Fair	10¼@11¼
Middling	8¼@ 9	Good Fair	11¼@ —
Good Middling	9 @ 9¼	Good and Fine	Nominal.

Tobacco—A mixed lot of 108 hhds, part frosted, were sold at prices not made public.

Sugar and Molasses—About 200 hhds Sugar changed hands at steady prices, say 5¾@5¾c for fair....No sales seis in small parcels, at 37@38c for good fermenting to choice re-boiled.

Flour—Demand limited, and barely 900 bbls disposed of, including 400 fine at —, 100 Ohio at $2 85, 204 in two lots at $3 90, and 100 St Louis on the Levee at $4 ⅌ bbl. A portion of the Flour now in store is said to be sour.

Corn—Good demand for shipment, and 14,000 sacks sold, including 7,000 inferior, bested, etc., at 37@37½; 384, prime inferior, at 41; 6 0 mixed at 42; 900 at 42½; 1000 white and mixed at 47; 1600 in lots at 42@46; and 1800 prime yellow from store at 50c ⅌ bushel.

Oats—St. Louis selling in small lots at 37@38c ⅌ bushel.

Bagging and Hope—110 pieces and coils bought 12 and 6¾c—long time, with interest added.

Pork—Dull, and only small lots selling at $14 76@$14 80 for Mess, and $14 25@$14 37½ for M O. The stock at the *Intersections*, yesterday morning, composed 27,182 bbls, of which 14,818 Mess, 2016 M O, and 1667 Prime, against a stock of 31,842 bbls on the first of last June, of which 10,360 were Mess, 2575 M O, and 3885 Prime.

Bacon—Inactive; sales of 20 casks clear Sides at 9¾, and 20 tierces Hams, slightly damaged, at 7¼c ⅌ lb.

Beef—A sale of 50 half bbls Mess (Dunnick's) on the Levee, at 67 62½.

Lard—Small sales of kegs at 11@11¼c ⅌ lb.

Coffee—Sales of 875 bags Rio, in lots, at 9¾@9¾c ⅌ lb.

Naval Stores—A W. mington cargo recently received has been nearly sold, as follows: 250 bbls Rosin at $1 75; 850 do. Tar at $2 25@$2 37½; 100 Pitch at $2 00; and 100 bbls Spirits Turpentine at 40@40c ⅌ gallon.

Lime—31 bbls St. Louis Lime were sold at $1 15, and 30 bbls at $5.

Whisky—No change; 171 bbls Rectified, and 84 bbls, sold at 18½c.

Exchange—Transactions limited, in foreign bills:

France	5.10@5.15.
Sterling	108¾@109¾.
New York sight-day Drafts	¼@¾ ⅌ ct. disc.
Sight Checks on New York	¼@¾ ⅌ ct. prem.

Freights—Nothing new.

NEW ORLEANS CATTLE MARKET.

JEFFERSON CITY,
Sunday Evening, June 1, 1851.

Arrived per steamers Bostona and Bulletin, 45 Western Beef Cattle, 200 Hogs, 556 Sheep, and 150 Calves. An ample stock offering.

—PRICES—

BEEF CATTLE (fine Western)	6¼@7c ⅌ lb net.
(Texas, etc.)	4 @5c ⅌ lb net.
HOGS	4½@4¾c ⅌ lb net.
SHEEP	4 @— ⅌ head.
MILCH COWS	20@40 ⅌ head.
CALVES	$5 50@$9 50 ⅌ head.

AUCTION SALES.

Parlor Furniture, French Plate Mirror, Piano.
BY J. M. WEYMOUTH, Auctioneer.
At the Commercial Exchange, 67 St. Charles street, for sale at
THIS DAY, June 2, at 11 o'clock—Will be sold to the highest bidder:
A lot of fine Parlor and Chamber FURNITURE, one French Plate Mirror, 41 by 66 inches; one fine rosewood Piano, in good order; also, one very large Cooking Stove, suitable for a boarding-house, together with a lot of common Furniture. jy2

Household..... Furniture.
BY MORPHY & NEVIUS.
MONDAY, June 2, at half-past 4 o'clock—Will be sold on Adams street, second house above Dauphine street—
Very handsome Rosewood Sofas, Chairs, Tables, Bedsteads and Bureaus, Looking Glasses, Carpets, Card and Centre Tables, Kitchen Utensils, etc.

Boarding-house Furniture, corner of Tchoupitoulas and St Joseph streets.
BY WM. P. SCOTT, Auctioneer.
MONDAY, June 2, at half-past 10 o'clock—Will be sold at auction, without reserve, to the highest bidder—
A large quantity of Boarding-house FURNITURE.
Also, the lease of said House to let for February, 1852. my30

French Cottonades....Drills....and....Dry Goods.
BY F. H. PETITPAIN.
TUESDAY, June 3, at 10 o'clock—Will be sold at auction, at No. 5 Canal street—
2 bales French fine Cottonades;
1 case Fancy Drills;
And other Dry Goods.
100 bbls of Remnants DRY GOODS, consisting of Linens, Ginghams, Printed Muslins, Prints, English Longcloth, Lance Hosiery, Fringes, Silk Patterns, Gingham Dishcloths, Bleached and brown Cottons, Ticks, blue and red Curtain Calico, Embroidered Capes, Mohair, etc. etc.
Terms at sale. jy2

BY PRIVATE SALE.
BY LEWIS FREEMAN, Auct'r.
Office 81 Gravier street.
A SUPERIOR SLAVE WOMAN and her Child, a Girl 7 years old—speaks French and English, and is a first rate Cook. The child can make herself very useful—is fly guaranteed, and sold for a fault. Should the above Slaves not be sold at private sale, they will be offered at AUCTION ON SATURDAY, the 7th of June, by auction. jy1 3t

FOR SALE—In the village of Biloxi, on Delauney street, near Pass Christian Road, ONE LOT OF GROUND, measuring 100 feet front by 200 feet deep, with the improvements, consisting of two small cottages, back but dings and well, suitable for a small family or party wishing to spend the summer months on the borders of the Lake. If desired, it will be sold in two lots of 50 feet front, one being a house on front. Terms very moderate. Apply to F. EVANS & CO.
my28 2m 75 Canal street.

TO RENT—The large and commodious building in Carrollton, formerly occupied by Mrs. Warren as a Female Seminary, together with six lots surrounding it, on which are a number of fine fig, plum and peach trees, grape vines, etc., now in full bearing. The building has been lately painted and completely repaired; is furnished with a capacious cistern, with stables and all other necessary appurtenances, and for the quietness of room, retirement, and free circulation