The Daily Crescent.

FIFTEEN CENTS A WEEK. NEW ORLEANS, FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 20, 1851. VOLUME IV.—NUMBER 93.

The Daily Crescent

OFFICIAL JOURNAL
Of the Council of the Second Municipality.

Published Every Day—(Sunday Excepted)—
BY J. H. MADDOX,

OFFICE.....No. 93 ST. CHARLES STREET.

Three Days Later from Europe.

BY STEAMSHIP AMERICA.

The steamship America arrived at Halifax on the evening of the 9th inst.. She has sixty-one passengers. Sailed from Liverpool at 11h. 30m. on 31st. Experienced heavy weather.

The Niagara arrived home on the morning of 25th. Neither the Lafayette nor the City of Glasgow had arrived when the America sailed.

England.

English files received contain nothing of interest. The first clause of the Ecclesiastical Title Bill passed on the 30th, by a majority of 224 against 62. The Glass Palace continues to attract its thousands; upwards of 50,000 persons passed through the doors in one day.

The United Service Gazette says, "we hear from high authority at the Cape, that the cost incurred in the first month of hostilities, was about £260,000, and that it has been between eight and ninety thousand per month since."

Dr. Crawford, Free Trader, has been elected for Harwich.

The debate on Mr. Baily's motion relative to the Government of Ceylon terminated in a majority of eighty for ministers, and that being the last motion of importance on the books, the Russell Ministry is therefore safe for the remainder of the season. The debate on the Roman Title Bill is still going on, but no advance has been made with the measure.

On the evening of the 27th, the Protectionists held a banquet at Tamworth, the residence of the late Sir Robert Peel, when the people of the town rose up *en masse*, and dispersed the gathering. Windows were broken, several persons were injured, and at length the military had to be called out to quell the riot.

The crops present a promising appearance.

Emigration continues as brisk as in the spring.

On Wednesday a number of fine vessels quitted Liverpool, chiefly for New York. The American, Capt. Lawrence, belonging to C. Grimshaw & Co., has 470 emigrants on board, and the Princeton, belonging to Crook & Guion, 300. The Waterloo and the Nasmyth, were both filled with emigrants for the States.

Of the gross amount of Customs Revenue, nearly one third is expended in collection. The total gross revenue collection in 1839 in the United Kingdom was within a trifle of twenty-two and a half millions.

Mr. J. B. Martin, chief engineer of the Pacific, has been presented by several of the passengers, who subscribed for that purpose, with a complete and handsome service of plate, tea and coffee pots, etc., as a testimonial to his ability. The plate is of the newest design, and has been manufactured under the superintendence of Haurburg, goldsmith and jeweler, of Church street.

Wm. Hamilton Lowry, Capt., and Thomas McNally, mate, of the Arabia, an emigrant ship, in the line between Liverpool and New York, charged with murder on the high seas, have been arrested—the former on board his vessel at Liverpool, the latter at Belfast. Both prisoners were committed for trial at the next assizes. Bail will be accepted to the amount of £100 each, in sureties, and £200 each on the prisoner's own recognizance.

France.

There is nothing of moment from the French Capitol beyond the fact that the Legitimists are making every effort to attain their desired revision of the Constitution. The party of order remained firmly attached to the President.

Commercial affairs continue brisk. Bourse closed dull.

M. Paschal Duprat's amendment to the National Guards' Bill has been rejected by the Assembly.

Portugal.

The Duke Saldanha has not yet promulgated any of his new measures since his arrival at Lisbon. Large bodies of the Reformers were calling upon the Queen to abdicate the throne of Spain. A telegraphic dispatch from Madrid of 24th, announces that Marquis Miraflies has been named Minister of Foreign Affairs. An appropriation had been made for the manufacture of 30,000 percussion muskets.

Austria.

The Emperor still remains at Warsaw, in company with the Emperor of Russia and the King of Prussia. The result of this conference has not transpired.

The Breslau Gazette, of the 25th ult., has the following: "A great sensation has been created in Hungary by the arrest of the Countess Jeleky and her companion, Madam Erdley, at Del Talgo. They have been ordered for trial by court martial at Peterwardein. It is said that the Countess has been the medium of a correspondence between the refugees in London and Asia Minor, and their partisans in Hungary. Some of this correspondence has been seized."

It is stated that Prince Christian, of Bluckburg, is to succeed to the throne of Denmark.

Italy.

The disturbances between the Roman and French soldiers still continue. The French authorities in Rome have caused 10,000 rations and a large supply of ammunition, to be taken into the Castle of St. Angelo.

Algeria.

Accounts from Algeria state, that a conflict had taken place between the Cabylese and the French forces, in which the former were defeated; several hundreds having been killed and wounded. Accounts from Lower Talplin are not so satisfactory. The French had entered the country on the 14th, and were desperately opposed by the inhabitants; they, however, were driven from all their positions and the blockade of Gajilla was raised. The loss of the French was estimated at 100 killed and 300 wounded, and that of the Fabyles at 437 killed and 1200 wounded; 42 villages were burned on the 15th and 17th. Several tribes have made their submission.

There is no further intelligence from the Cape of Good Hope.

Latest Intelligence.

[By Electric Telegraph, May 31st.]

PARIS—Friday.—The National asserts, that the loss of the expeditionary corps in Africa, under Gen. St. Arnaldis, is much understated. The number killed was 306, wounded 1331. The National affirms that this information is derived from the best source.

Paris Bourse.—Fives, 91 francs; Threes, 56.45.

LONDON.—At the Stock Exchange three failures were announced yesterday morning, in connection with the share settlement, the parties being Mr. LeGrande, Mr. Stephenson and Mr. R. Mortimer. The latter was compelled to suspend through the default of his principals at Nottingham.

The Great Exhibition.—The receipts at the doors yesterday (Friday) amounted to £2839 8s, and the sale of season tickets to £61 19s.

South-Western Railway.—A special meeting was held yesterday to authorize certain deviations in the Law and Valley Extension Railway. The Directors' resolutions were carried unanimously.

Markets.

From Hollingshead, Foit & Co.'s Circular.

"We have had a considerable amount of activity in our Cotton markets this week, arising more from increasing demand than any other cause. The accounts from the United States, received on Monday last, show continued large receipts at the ports, but reported rather unfavorably of their prospect regarding the growing crops, and this gave a favorable impulse to our market. The sales on that day amounted to 10,000 bales. But the principal feature to notice, is that the trade now buy with more confidence, and no longer in all cases restrict their purchases to small quantities. Added to this there has been daily a good demand for export, chiefly for the better qualities of American, besides a fair amount of business in speculation; thus we have had demand sufficient to give a healthy tone to the market. On the other hand it must be remarked, that either from necessity or some other cause there has been a strong desire to sell, and generally too much offering even for the large demand we have had, so that prices, although higher than last week, except perhaps for the inferior qualities, are not sufficiently changed to enable us to alter our quotations. A public sale of Sea Island was brought forward yesterday, when 330 bales were sold at 8½d. to 15½d., out of 2000 offered, and twenty stained at 3½d. to 9½d. per pound—price of the common qualities being 1d. per pound lower than at the last public sale on the 8th inst., the fine sorts obtaining steady prices. The sales to-day amount to 7000 bales, with a dull market, although no change in prices."

Cotton—Closed with considerable firmness, at rates current the Friday previous, for all descriptions. The Committee place Fair Uplands at 5½d.; Mobile 6d., and Orleans 6¼d. Sales of the week, 51,080 bales, of which 5040 were taken for speculation, and 9000 for export.

HAVRE, May 28.—The prices of Cotton declined. Sales to-day at three-fourth of a cent under previous quotations. Sales of week 3000 bales; stock 116,000; and ten ships expected, including the New York packets.

Breadstuffs.—Market firmer. Wheat in more request, at late rates. Flour not so free of sale; rates unchanged. Indian Corn, slight decline, but in demand.

Provisions.—Beef, demand light. Pork, sparingly dealt in, owing to the high rates demanded. More doing in Bacon. Hams dull. Shoulders not sought for. Sales large, at full rates. Market well cleared of Cheese.

Sugar.—Declined 6d. per cwt. generally.

Molasses.—Demand chiefly confined to superior kinds, Porto Rico, 15s. 6d.

Tobacco.—Quiet during the month.

Freights.—Stationary, with some flatness in the market; passengers are tolerably plenty, but rates continue low.

Money Market active. Consols advanced ¼d., and closed at 97¼d., and ¼d. for money, and 97¾d. for account.

American Securities.—The market is quiet: U. S. Sixes, '62, 105 to 106; '68, 107. New York State Fives, '58, '60, 95 to 96; New York City Fives, '55, '70, 90 to 91. Massachusetts Fives, '68, 106 to 107; Pennsylvania, 82 to 83. Ohio Sixes, '70, '75, 105. Maryland Fives, 90 to 91. Canada Sixes, '65, 100 to 101½; Montreal City, '57, '61, 83 to 84.

BOSTON, June 11, 9 A. M.—The America, Capt. Shannon, came up to her dock at 20 minutes past 8. Liverpool circulars quote a decline of 6d. per quarter on Corn.

Spirits Turpentine was selling at 33s. 6d. to 34s. *State of Trade in Manchester.*—The sympathy existing between the action of the Cotton markets and that of the manufactured article, was never rendered more apparent than it has been during the present month; neither probably was it ever more difficult to reconcile the outward appearance of the characteristics of this market with the actual condition, as it now stands. With regard to the supply of goods and yarns, and stocks generally, it might have been supposed that stocks were very heavy. Such, however, is not the fact, though purchasers have been confined to existing wants, except when at one period some considerable transactions were effected under an apprehended advance in prices.

The prevailing feeling from the commencement to the closing of the month has been of a fluctuating and depressed character, each feature being essentially produced from and influenced by the movement in the Cotton market. Dullness and depression have, however, predominated, and as might have been anticipated, both goods and yarns have experienced a farther and material decline in value. Still the demand has been on an extensive character.

Foreign Items.

The *Courrier du Havre* of the 24th ult. urges the French Government to resume possession of Hayti, and says that in its present condition of administrative disorganization and financial distress, a war would not be necessary—a simple demonstration would suffice to establish the political authority of France.

A journal giving some account of the horticultural exposition in Paris, publishes the following biography of the most venerable plant in France—an orange tree at the Palace of Versailles, known formerly under the denomination of Grand Constable:

"Leonore de Castille, wife of Charles III, King of Navarre, having eaten a *bigarade*, a sour and bitter kind of diminutive orange, which no one, certainly in these days, would wish to put to his lips, found it so good (there is no disputing taste!) that she planted it in a pot, in 1421, the five pips which this fruit contained. As the orange tree was not then common in Navarre, and as moreover the hand by which these seeds had been confined to the earth was not that of an ordinary gardener, the five young trees became the object of particular care. They were not separated, but were cultivated at Pampeluna, then the capital of the kingdom of Navarre, until 1499.

"At that epoch, Catherine, sister of Gaston de Foix, and wife of John III, King of Navarre, sent as a present to Ann of Brittany, wife of the King of France, Louis XII, a box containing five orange trees, as a rare and precious object, at the same time indicating their origin.

"That box, with its trees, afterwards became the property of the Constable de Bourbon, who conveyed it to his Chateau of Chantelle, in Bourbonnais, the chateau from which he marched into Italy in 1523, to take up arms against France. In consequence of this treason, his estate was confiscated, and the duchies of Bourbonnais and Chatellerault, which formed the appanage of the constable, were reunited in 1531 to the crown of France. At that time, Francis I caused this orange tree to be taken from Chantelle to adorn his manor at Fontainebleau, and in the inventory of the confiscated property of the constable figures, in a particular article, *an orange tree with five branches, brought from Pampeluna.* This tree was catalogued at Fontainebleau under the name of the Grand Constable.

"When Louis XIV. purchased Versailles and planted the magnificent orangery, which is still so much admired, he collected the finest orange trees, the other royal residences. The Grand Constable was brought here in 1684, and they added to this name that of the great Bourbon, a designation which it has continued to bear to the present day. But another remarkable fact is, that in 1784 the Grand Constable was confided to the care of a gardener named Lemoine, and from that year it was cultured by Lemoines, who succeeded from father to son until 1833, when the last of the name, having no male child, retired from the post. This last Lemoine died at Versailles in 1846. Here then is a tree 430 years old, which, during 150 years of its existence, has been tended by the same family."

M. Jules Janin, writing from London to the Journal des Debats, says that the grand banquet annually given on the 18th June by the Duke of Wellington, in commemoration of the battle of Waterloo, will not take place this year. "His Grace can, from his windows, see the flag of France floating over the Crystal Palace, and he is unwilling to offend against the laws of hospitality by these cruel souvenirs."

It is announced that negotiations have been opened at Paris to establish the basis of a postal convention between France and the United States of America. This question, which has often been entered upon before, seems now to be on the brink of a definitive conclusion.

The *Evenement* says, that "according to a letter dated Lyons, May 18, 1851, there exists at this moment throughout France an anti-republican society, which must be a transformation of the society of the 10th of December. It assumes the simple title of *Societe Militaire.* This society has caused to be made a million of little blue ribbons, about one-third of an inch in width and thirteen inches long, bearing in gold letters on one side the word *Societe*, and on the other *Militaire.* This ribbon folded in two at the point which divides these ends and pinned to the breast, is probably designed to serve as a sign of recognition and for rallying the members of the society at a given moment."

There are 304 manufactories of beet sugar in active operation in France. During the month of April last they produced in the aggregate 78,427,355 kilogrammes (about 198,000 cwt.) of sugar. The total production during the corresponding period in 1850 was 65,754,124 kilogrammes.

The *Memorial des Pyrenees* of May 12th says: "A very disagreeable little incident, resulting naturally from the defective demarcation of the frontier which separates France from Spain, is at this moment the subject of a lively correspondence between the Spanish Embassador and the Minister of Foreign Affairs. Four armed Spanish custom-house officers, pursuing some French smugglers, were arrested and disarmed by a detachment of the line, and conducted to Bayonne, where they were incarcerated as having violated the French territory. The Spanish officers pretend that the lines of demarcation not being traced, they were not aware that they had passed out of the Spanish territory. The frontier authorities pretend that the soil upon which these custom-house officers were arrested is Spanish, or at least doubtful, while the French maintain that it belongs to them. The prisoners have been released with admonition; but the Spanish Government complains of a violation of international law."

FAMILY GROCERIES.—
10 kegs Goshen Butter;
16 half barrels beef, Fulton Market;
30 kegs Leaf Lard;
60 barrels Extra Fine Flour;
12 cases Underwood's Pickles, assorted;
12 bags Spanish Chocolate;
20 bags Java Coffee;
Crushed and Powdered Sugar, etc.
Landing and for sale by
mh17 LABUZAN & CO. 85 Common st.

The Webb and Willis Affair.

Gen. Webb, attended by his counsel, Hiram Ketchum, Esq., appeared before Judge Duer, in the Superior Court, New York, on the morning of the 11th. It seems that the order to show cause why Webb should not be punished for contempt had not been served upon him, consequently no action was taken.

Mr. Ketchum stated that Mr. Webb was willing to give up the correspondence in question to his Honor Judge Duer, if he would receive it. The Judge, however, declined; stating that he could not do so without the consent of the plaintiffs. Neither of them being present, the subject was dropped.

The following is the card of Mr. Buckham, the gentleman whom Mr. Inman associated with Mr. Webb, in the duty to receive his daughter's letters from Mr. Willis:

MR. BUCKHAM'S CARD.

NEW YORK, June 9, 1851.

To the Editor of the New York Herald:

SIR—Having read Col. Webb's statement, published in your paper of Saturday, although I deem it inappropriate that I should, at the present time, make any reply to such portions of his communication as relate to the merits of the matter pending between Mr. and Mrs. Coddington and himself, I deem it due to myself, and all concerned, that some of the misstatements contained in his letter should be corrected without delay.

Col. Webb evidently attempts to make the impression that Mr. and Mrs. Coddington have resorted to their action for the purpose of screening Mr. Willis from the charge contained in the Courier and Enquirer article of May 15. In this I know that he is mistaken. I have not spoken to Mr. Willis for several years, nor, so far as I know, and as I firmly believe, was this proceeding resorted to for any such purpose as that assigned by Col. Webb. The object, and the sole object, of Mr. and Mrs. Coddington, was to vindicate that lady from the charge gratuitously asserted by Col. Webb; a charge which I firmly believe to be altogether unfounded. I do not hesitate most solemnly to declare my most unqualified belief in the innocence of Mrs. Coddington, and my perfect confidence that if the state of acts, relative to her correspondence with Mr. Willis, admitted of any other theory, I could not have failed to have known it. But I deem it due to the ends of public justice, that I should reserve a more full and explicit statement of the matter, at least so far as it lies within my knowledge, till such time as, by the regular course of judicial proceedings, my testimony may be deemed necessary.

It is manifest that Col. Webb wishes to make the public believe that the exposure of Mrs. Coddington's name, in connection with the charge against Mr. Willis, is the result of indiscreet conduct on the part of myself; and, as this concerns me personally, I have the right to be vindicated by the same channel through which this injustice has been done me. Suffice it to say, that in this imputation, conveyed in Col. Webb's letter, there is not one syllable of truth. When Col. Webb positively asserts that "the person does not live who has ever heard him say or intimate, directly or indirectly, that Mrs. Coddington is the lady alluded to in his publication," he must have forgotten the fact, which has since come to light, that, before it was printed in his paper, he exhibited to a gentleman the proof impression of the article of May 15th containing the charge, and that the gentleman at once stated to him that he knew of the fact of the correspondence from the lady herself.

It was well known to friends of Miss Inman that she had had a correspondence with Mr. Willis; and, under such circumstances, it can hardly be deemed a matter of surprise that the acquaintances of Mrs. Coddington, and the friends of her family, at once, upon the publication of Col. Webb's article, recognized her as the lady referred to; nor is it at all extraordinary that a very large portion of the community at once, and as if by common consent, adopted the impression.

Mrs. Coddington passively rested under the imputation, until in several newspapers she had been so distinctly referred to, that mistake was impossible, and until most discreet friends advised her that further silence would be deemed an acknowledgment of Col. Webb's charge. She then of her own accord sought her own vindication; and upon being applied to, by counsel of her own selection, to make an affidavit of the facts within my knowledge, my long continued friendship with her father, and my regard for her, as well as my strong conviction of her innocence, forbade that I should decline.

In the proceeding which has been resorted to, I had no agency either direct or indirect. I was not consulted; and while I feel constrained to admit that I accord in judgment with her advisers, I am not justly subject even to Col. Webb's censure.

With the publication of the complaint and accompanying papers in the Herald of the 5th, I had no agency or concern. I have since learned, that Mrs. Coddington insisted that the assertion of her innocence should be as publicly promulgated, as had been Col. Webb's assseveration of her guilt.

I have no power to consent for Mrs. Coddington that her letters be deposited in the manner and with the person suggested by Col. Webb. I have reason to believe that nothing short of their delivery to the possession of some gentleman selected by her adviser will be acceptable to her.

It was unnecessary for Col. Webb to have said that I must reconcile my conduct with my own sense of right, if I could; or to have conveyed the coarser imputation, that the statements contained in my affidavit are at variance with the truth. So far as they relate to the common agency of Col. Webb and myself in the transaction referred to, he knows them to be true.

Your very obedient servant, GEO. BUCKHAM.

EMIGRANTS TO CALIFORNIA

ARE invited to call and see the PORTABLE BEDS AND BEDSTEADS which shut up like an Umbrella. They cost only $15. Come and see them! I charge nothing to show the goods. E. WOOD PERRY, 69 Magazine st.

SHIP CHANDLERY, etc. etc., comprising—
Manilla and Hemp Ropes—of all sizes;
Tar, Pitch, Tar; Rosin;
Oakum—Hemp and Cotton;
Canvas—all sizes;
Patent Roller Sheaves—all sizes;
Patent Roller Bushings;
Spikes and Nails;
Oars and Skulls—all sizes;
Paints, Oils and Varnishes;
Hardware—a general assortment for ship use;
Crockery, Earthenware and Glassware;
Brooms and Buckets;
Pumps and Rigging Leather;
Sailors Clothing; Boots and Shoes;
Groceries, Wine and Liquors—of all descriptions.
For sale on the most reasonable terms, by
E. WOOD & CO. on the Levee, Post 21, Second st.
N'ly and No. 5 Red Stores, Third M'ly.

BARELLI & CO., 61 Common street, offer for sale the following to close different consignments—
Cognac Brandy; Madeira and Port Wine;
Cod Liver Oil; Saltpetre;
Essences of Bergamot, Lemon, Orange and Rose;
Walnuts and Lentils;
St. Julien Medoc Claret, in boxes. my19

GLASS LAMPS AND LANTERNS—
50 packages GLASS LAMPS;
50 " LANTERNS, a great variety of patterns and sizes, which are offered to the trade at a manufacturer's prices. [mh12] E. WOOD PERRY, 69 Magazine st.

WETHERILL LEAD WORKS, West Philadelphia, J. P. & William Wetherill, Proprietors—The subscribers, agents for the above celebrated brand of White Lead, keep constantly on hand a stock of the different grades, Pure, Extra and No. 1, in all the various sized packages. [jel1] E. J. HART & CO. 79 Tchoupitoulas st.

PAINTING DONE WELL AND CHEAP.
A. BOWERS, so long and favorably known as a House and Sign Painter, would inform his numerous friends and the public in general, that he has a FAN SHOP at 174 Magazine street, where he is prepared to contract for executing with promptness and dispatch all orders in his line of business, with the very best of materials. m7 1y

CORN MILLS—Straubb's superior French Burr;
COTTON PRESS SCREWS—Newell's superior Turned
I. W. ARTHUR & CO., Agents,
ap30 d&w tf 38 and 39 New Levee.

BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER and Pale ALE—50 cases Barclay, Perkins & Co.'s superior London Porter, in pint and quart bottles; 30 cases Pale Ale, also in pints and quarts, a most delicious article, just received and for sale by
jel0 JOHN TOOLE, 25 Bank Place.

MARSALLA WINE—Just received and for sale by the undersigned, landing from brig Louisiana, from Palermo, a few packages of this superior Sicily Wine, in casks, halves, quarts and quartos.
jel0 BARELLI & CO. 61 Common st.

WHITE LEAD—25 tons, from the best Northern Manufactures, for sale by
NATHAN JARVIS & CO.
mh4 tf corner Magazine and Common sts.

A AGENCY OF THE O'FALLON STEAM MILLS, St. Louis.—We will always be supplied with a stock of this choice brand of Flour.
d11 ytf FERD. KENNETT & CO. 93 Magazine st.

LINSEED OIL—75 barrels Northern Linseed Oil, in store and for sale by
NATHAN JARVIS & CO.
mh4 tf corner Magazine and Common sts.

BITTERS—75 cases Boker and Hilyger Bitters, in store, and for sale by
SAMUEL WOLFF, 95 Camp st.
my8 tf

HAY—780 bales prime Eastern Hay, just received per bark Eliza Ann, and for sale by
WM. J. DEWEY, 88 Gravier st.
jel0 1w

AQUA AMMONIA—10 carboys Aqua Ammonia, for sale very low, by
P. L. MASSEY,
my24 corner Camp and Gravier streets.

TEACHER OF MUSIC.

MRS. M. CAMPBELL, Teacher of Music on Piano Forte and Guitar, receives pupils at her residence, on Race, near Camp street; also, on the corner of Carondelet and Julia streets. Besides her regular lessons, she Lectures to her pupils once a week on the Science of Music.....Price $3 for twelve lessons. [d12 1y]

NEW MUSIC STORE,
93 *Camp street, three doors below Poydras.*

THE public is respectfully invited to call and examine the large, splendid and complete stock of PIANO FORTES, MUSIC and MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, at the above establishment, consisting in part of—
Grand Piano Fortes, from J. Pleyel & Co., Henri Herz, T. Gilbert & Co., and the best of other makers.
Semi Grand Pianos, from Henri Herz and Pleyel.
Piccolo Pianos and Pianinos, from Herz.
Square Pianos, from Gilbert, Dunham, Wm. Hall & Son, Gale, and others.
The splendid prize Piano, from Wm. Hall & Son, Broadway, New York.
Melodeons from 4 to 6 octaves.
Parlor Organs, in rich carved cases.
The Harmonicon Orchestra, or Organized Piano.
New style of Guitars, of rich and varied patterns, some of Tonnes' make.
Boehm Flutes.
Improved Accordeons, warranted not to get out of tune.
Brass Instruments, from double bass to alto—together with a full assortment of Music, new and old.
Mr. ALFRED F. TRUST has charge of the establishment, and will be at all times ready to wait on his numerous friends.
A room has been fitted up for the especial use of the ladies, where they can always try or have tried their music before purchasing. [6d6 1y] W. T. MAYO.

MUSIC AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.—The subscribers would respectfully request your attention to their large and extensive stock of Music and Musical Merchandise of every description; and also to their well selected assortment of Pianos, from the factories of the first makers in the United States and Europe.
Strings for Violin, Guitar, Harp, Violoncello, Double Bass, etc. Guitar Pins, Pegs, Screws, etc.
Clarionets, Flutes, Guitars, Accordions, Brass instruments of Cornets, Tambourines, Bazoos, Drums, etc. etc.
Piano Forte Wire, Tuning Hammers, Forks, etc. etc. and every article connected with the Music Business.
Orders for Music and Musical Instruments will be promptly attended to.
A liberal discount made to dealers and professors, and to seminaries.
Second Hand Pianos bought, and taken in part payment for new ones.
All the new Music received from the North as soon as published.
The entire Music Department will be under the charge of Mr. H. D. Hewitt.....New Orleans, La., Oct. 1, 1850.
E. A. TYLER,
H. D. HEWITT.
o25 ditfw4t

NEW MUSIC!!! NEW MUSIC.

TYLER & HEWITT, Piano Forte and Music Store, 39 Camp street, have just received from the North over Five Hundred New Pieces of MUSIC, from various composers, and suitable to play on all instruments. Among these pieces may be found the following beautiful compositions, viz:
"Drinking Song," from Macbeth, by Verdi; the celebrated "Hunter's Waltz," as sung with such great success at the St. Charles Theatre by Signora Pasoli; Fantasie on Signor Beletti's favorite air of "Sulla poma del mio brick;" "Punch Polka;" "Delightfulle Polka;" Fantasie from the "Bohemian Girl;" "Souvenir de Vienne;" "Fairy Glance," all by Strakosch. "Good-bye Polka;" "Masonic Polka;" "Mountain Daisy;" "Jetty Treffle's green song; Polkas, Marches, Waltzes, Songs, Operatic Sketches, etc., in great quantities.
Musical Merchandise of all kinds.
TYLER & HEWITT, 39 Camp street.
my27

D. ANDERSON, No. 17 St. Charles street, Watches, Chronometers and Nautical Instruments accurately adjusted. Philosophical and Electrical Apparatus made to order and repaired.
Marine Chronometers altered to run 56 hours. d25 1y

MR. MEYER, No. 100 Camp street, Watchmaker and Dealer in JEWELRY, GOLD PENS, FANCY ARTICLES, and WATCHES. All jewelry articles sold at moderate prices. m18

JAMES SPRATLEY,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office No. 110 St. Charles street,
Between Poydras street and Lafayette Square,
WHERE all operations on the TEETH will be performed in a scientific manner. ap8 1y

NEW FURNITURE STORE.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he has established a NEW FURNITURE STORE at 129 Canal street, State-house Square, where he has a complete stock of New and Fashionable Furniture, Transparent Window Shades, Carpeting, Matting, Hair and Moss Mattresses, etc. etc., which will be sold on accommodating terms. Furniture warehoused to call and examine. M. CARDONA.
Second-hand Furniture bought, exchanged, and for sale at the cheapest rate, 7 Bourbon street.
Furniture taken on storage. my21 ap30 d&w1m

CHEAP FURNITURE STORE,
No. 80 Circus street, corner of Perdido.

JOSEPH B. HUBBARD, Wholesale and Retail Dealer and Manufacturer of CABINET FURNITURE, such as SOFAS, BEDSTEADS, ARMORS, Sideboards, Dressing Bureaus, Marble Top Sideboards, Centre, Card and Work Tables, Marble Top Bureaus and Wash Stands, Looking Glasses; Mahogany, Walnut, Cane and Wood Seat Chairs; Moss and Hair Mattresses; Mosquito Bars; Feather Pillows, and Bolsters, of all kinds. This stock is manufactured of the *best material*, and the public are solicited to call and examine for themselves before purchasing elsewhere.
All Furniture packed and made ready for shipping, *free of charge.* for ow

TRUNKS.....TRUNKS.

TRAVELLERS are invited to call and examine our large and well assorted stock of TRUNKS, manufactured in Philadelphia, of the best materials. Our Fine Trunks are a superior article, finished in an improved style. Some Fine Trunks, extra size, on hand. Also, Valises and Travelling Bags. For sale at 80 Gravier street.
my26 1m S. ROBB & CO

PHILADELPHIA
SADDLERY and TRUNK Warehouse.

S. ROBB & CO. No. 60 Gravier street, are constantly receiving from Philadelphia and England new Goods in their line. Their stock comprises SADDLERY of all descriptions, SADDLERY HARDWARE, HARNESS, LEATHER, MATERIALS, etc. INDIA RUBBER GOODS, TRAVELING and PACKING TRUNKS, etc. etc.
Also—A fine assortment of BUFFALO ROBES.
Planters and Dealers are invited to call.
ja26

SADDLERY STORE—SMITH & BROTHER, 50 and 52 Common street, New Orleans, offer for sale the most complete assortment of Goods in their line in the Southern country, comprising—
SADDLES—More than 500 varieties of English, American, Columbian, Spanish, Mexican, and Side Saddles.
SADDLE BAGS and WALLETS, in great variety.—Bridles, Bridle Fillings, Martingals, Girths, Surcingles, Sheet Leathers, Extra, Reins, Hitch Reins, Halters, etc.
HARNESS—Coach, Gig and Buggy Harness, all qualities; Wagon and Dray Harness, complete or in parts; Collars, Dray and Wagon Saddles, Hames, Hind Bridles and Plantation Gear of every description.
TRUNKS—Packing Trunks, Travelling Trunks, Valises and Carpet Bags, all styles and finish.
SADDLERY HARDWARE, SADDLERS, HARNESS, SHOE MAKERS' TOOLS and FINDINGS of every description.....COACH TRIMMINGS.
LEATHER and SKINS—Skirting, Harness, Bridle, Sole and Upper Leather; Oil Top Sides and Hides; Enamelled Sides and Hides; Patent Leathers of all qualities and colors; Bag Hides and Sides; Russets; Wool Skins, Hog Skins; Goat and Sheep Morocco; Calf Skins; Lining and Welt Skins, all colors and qualities; Chamois and Buck Skins; Lace Leather; Buffalo Robes, etc.
Are Agents for the sale of the Patent India Rubber Gin and Machine Bands, Belting, the Patent Stretching Leather Bands; Saw Mill Bands; India Rubber Hose; Steam Packing, and India Rubber Clothing, of all kinds; Sand Rivets, Lace and Band Leathers, etc. etc.
SMITH & BROTHER, 50 and 52 Common st.

New Orleans Carriage Warehouse,
Nos. 113 Gravier and 12 Union street.

CARRIAGES AND HARNESS of every description always on hand. For sale low for cash or approved paper.
.....ALSO.....
Springs, Axles, Lamps, Bands, Cloths, Leather Lace and Varnish.
ap24 3m d&w W J. A. LUM & CO.

MILLER, HARRIS & WALDO,
74 *Canal street, New Orleans,*

WHOLESALE and retail dealers in FINE TABLE CUTLERY, Plated, Planished, Britannia, Japanned and Wooden Ware; Table Mats; Gilt and Bronzed Lamps and Gratnoles; Glassware; Pain and Colored Floor Matting, and House Furnishing Goods generally. Sperm and White Candles; Sperm, Whale, Lard, Linseed, Neatsfoot and Chemical Oils; Spirit Gas, Camphine, Alcohol, Turpentine, and Paints of all descriptions; Brushes; Window Glass; Putty; White Lead; Sand Paper; Glue; Curled Hair; Hair Seating and Springs; Flowers, Polishing Powder, Furniture, Couch, Black Japan and White Damar Varnishes. Also—Picked and Common Moss always for sale.
PRICES OF CAMPHINE:
By the barrel.....60 cents per gallon
By the five gallons.....65 cents per gallon
In a less quantity.....70 cents per gallon
mh14 1y d&W

The Kentucky Military Institute,

DIRECTED by a Board of Visitors appointed by the State, is under the immediate supervision and intendence of Gen. R. T. P. ALLEN and E. W. MUSSON, both distinguished graduates of West Point, and thoroughly practical Engineers, assisted by an able and efficient Faculty. The course of study is very full; apparatus extensive; buildings commodious; discipline mild; location every way desirable, at Franklin Springs, six miles from Frankfort, noted for health and exemption from bad influences; means, in brief, ample for a thorough and scientific and practical education, with daily exercise, by drill or field exercises connected with the studies, to strengthen the body while cultivating the mental and moral man. Studies continued at session during vacation—July and August. Entire charge $62 per semi-annual session, payable in advance to the Treasurer, E. H. TAYLOR, Esq., Cashier of the Bank of Kentucky, at Frankfort.
Address either Superintendent, "Kentucky Military Institute, near Frankfort, Ky.," or undersigned.
[Signed] P. DUDLEY, Adj. Gen. and Pres't Board.
For her information can be furnished at the Crescent Office. ap2 1aw & Wees 1y

CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASSWARE.

P. B. FELL & CO., 84 COMMON STREET, New Orleans, *Importers and Dealers, wholesale and retail*, offer for sale, Lamps, Plated and Britannia Castors, Candlesticks, Table Cutlery, Japanned Waiters, etc.....Goods will be offered at low prices, and when for the country, packed in the safest manner. m26 1y

HO! YE RED HEADS AND GRAY.

EAST INDIA HAIR DYE *colors the Hair and not the Skin.*—Any person, by occasionally using this Dye, may keep his Hair or Whiskers a dark shade, or particular hue. This Dye is manufactured by the celebrated Chemist, Dr. CORSTICKS, author of Comstock's Chemistry, Philosophy, etc., and is by him warranted to color the Hair, without injuring it in the least, and without staining the Skin. It is sold in New Orleans only by
mh11 6m J. WRIGHT & CO. 151 Chartres st.

MEDICAL DEPOT OF
PATENT MEDICINES,
59 POYDRAS STREET, New Orleans.

JOS. HUFTY would most respectfully inform the public generally that he has purchased the entire interest of the Southern Branch of the Empire Co., has leased the store, 59 POYDRAS STREET, and has fitted it up at considerable expense for the Patent Medicine business. Having unsurpassed facilities for supplying Druggists and Dealers generally with every article in this line, he confidently solicits an inspection of his stock and prices. Satisfaction will be given to all who may favor him with their patronage.
The following list only comprises a part of his extensive assortment, which can and will be furnished to the Trade on as reasonable terms as any other house in the South:

Sarsaparillas.
Bull's,
Shakers, (Howes,)
Comstock's,
Dr. Townsend's,
Graefenberg,
Dr. Guysott's Yellow Dock.

Bitters.
Dr. Blake's,
Dr. Green's,
Hutchinson's Vegetable,
Graefenberg,
Mortimer's Bitter Cordial,
Wild Cherry,
Moffat's Phenix Bitters,
Pepsin's, for dyspepsia.

Cough Remedies.
Dr. Rogers' Liverwort and Tar,
Dr. Davis' Compound of Wild Cherry and Tar,
Wister's Balsam or Wild Cherry and Tar,
Davis' Composed Syrup of Wild Cherry and Tar,
Pink Syrup,
Cod Liver Oil,
Dr. Coe's Syrup,
Dr. Clarke's Wild Cherry and Tar.

Hair Tonics.
Smith's Hair Tonic,
Owen's Magnetantia,
Balm of Columbia.

Dysentery Syrups.
Billings' Carminative,
Rice's Dysentery Ancrimant,
Dr. Davis' Pain Killer,
Graefenberg,
Olmstead's.

Pills.
Graefenberg,
Moffat's Life Pills,
Brandreth's,
Lozenziecx's Sugar Coated Cathartic,
Mortimer's,
Graefenberg Fever and Ague.

Vermifuges.
Comstock's,
Jayne's,
Winer's Canadian.

Miscellaneous.
Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam,
Indian Nervine Balsam for Fits,
Spohn's Sick Head Ache Remedy,
Spohn's Elixir of Health,
Mother's Relief,
Lucine Cordial,
Jono Cordial,
Dutton Catholicon,
Thompson's Eye Water,
Graefenberg Eye Lotion,
Graefenberg Eye Salve,
French Cerasus,
Mrs. Jewett' Cold Candy,
Stove Varnish,
Bartine's Lotion,
Sweet's Electrical Febrifuge,
Jew David's Plasters,
Linn's,
Oil Tannin,
Accoucheur, for Deafness,
Spear's Toothache Drops, etc. etc.
Hair Brushes,
Nail do.
Tooth do.
Paint do.
Dr. Laurie's Tooth and Gum Specific,
Calcined Carbon.

As the above list only comprises some of the leading articles, dealers and others can be informed that orders will be promptly supplied with any article in the Patent Medicine line not included therein.
Dr. H. is sole Agent for the GRAEFENBERG MEDICINES for the States of Louisiana and Mississippi.
Also sole Agent for Dr. JAYNE'S MEDICINES, MORFAT'S LIFE PILLS, PHENIX BITTERS, and WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.
The trade supplied on reasonable terms. m21 d&W 1y

Genuine Medicine Warehouse,
No. 151 Chartres St. New Orleans.

J. WRIGHT & CO. having resolved to stand unrivaled in J. every department of their business, have agreed with the Proprietors and Agents of all the genuine popular Patent Medicines throughout the United States, to keep them constantly supplied with a full and complete assortment at rates for below the usual market prices. By this arrangement they are enabled to offer for the inspection of purchasers the most extensive assortment in the city, and can defy any other city. Having had many years experience in the purchase and sale of Patent Medicines, they have unrivaled facilities for conducting this concerning business,