NEW ORLEANS:

SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 26.

Weekly Report of the Charity Hospital.—Admitted, 345; discharged, 290; died, 23.—No Yellow Fever, and but few cases of Asiatic Cholera.

First District Court.—Messrs. J. H. Maddox, —— Bouligny, and Wm. Bell, the last of the parties concerned in the late duel, in which *J. W. Frost*, Esq., lost his life, surrendered themselves in court yesterday. On furnishing bail to the amount of $10,000 each, Judge Lorne permitted them to remain out on their recognizances.

Postponed.—The examination of Alexander, a slave charged with shooting and maiming a *f. w. c.*, with intent to commit murder, was yesterday again postponed to the 26th inst.

Vagrancy.—Acting Recorder Hawthorn yesterday sent Patrick Lawler before the First District Court on a charge of vagrancy.

The Devil to Play among the Democracy.—Affidavits were made against John and James Gallagher, for assault and battery, arising out of the dispute at the democratic meeting in the Second Ward of the First Municipality, on the 19th inst. Clubs and knives are mentioned as having been liberally used on the occasion.

Assault and Battery.—Eliza Farmerville has been assaulted and threatened with a stick, by Mr. Gallois, on Thursday evening. Elizabeth Kohn and Joseph Raymond have been kicking up a row on Philippa street, same evening. Warrants of arrest issued.

Committed.—Martin Meehan, for assault and battery, was sent before the First District Court yesterday, by Recorder Genois.

Stolen Chairs.—William Latimer bought a lot of chairs at a sheriff's sale, on the 5th of this month. Thirteen of these were stolen. That number were found, by virtue of a search warrant, on Thursday last, in a house on Chartres, between Bienville and Conti streets. The chairs have since been sequestered.

The Voudouists.—The twelve Voudouists arrested in the First Municipality, were yesterday fined $10 each, by Recorder Genois. Seven forked out the tin—five couldn't post the pony, and were sent to prison.

Dramatic Bellowings.—William H. Libney and Thomas Heiran commenced hallooing "watch," "watch," after a fashion the most stentorian, on Girod street, on Thursday night last. This was only act the first of the drama. James Barnes arrested them and brought them to the Watch-house Act the second. Yesterday Acting Recorder Hawthorn fined them two dollars each, and thus terminated act the third of this, the most vociferous piece of histrionics of the present season.

Dismissed.—The charge against Henry Lewis, of assault and battery was dismissed by Acting Recorder Hawthorn yesterday.

John Loudon, whose arrest for counterfeiting on a large scale, we noticed a few days ago, succeeded while at Maysville, Ky., on his way to Virginia, in charge of officers, in taking something that caused his death.

Desperate Attempt at Suicide.—John Corbert was prevented from shuffling off this mortal coil on Thursday evening last, by Watchman Ludwig. The means sought to be used on this interesting occasion was a water-box opposite a coffee-house in Magazine street. As Mr. Corbert was pretty well off for his four bits at the time, in the way of liquor, there is no doubt that his intention was only to take a homeopathic cooler on the occasion.

The Natchez Robbery—Dan Smith.—Daniel Smith, charged with stealing $900 from D. W. Hill, in Natchez, on the 24th instant, will be examined on the charge on the 1st proximo.

Re-Arrest.—A warrant was issued yesterday by Acting Recorder Hawthorn, for the re-arrest of William Weilly, charged with larceny.

Excitement at Galway, Ireland.

The New York Sun has been favored with the perusal of a private letter from Galway, Ireland, from which it makes the following extract, giving a description of the excitement in that city in expectation of the arrival of the steamer North America, from New York, and the disappointment when it was heard she had been bought, and her destination changed. It will be remembered that the announcement of her purchase and change of destination was not made until the hour proposed for her departure, consequently, when the news reached Galway, the people were momentarily looking for her arrival. The letter is dated the 1st of July, and says:

Tremendous is the excitement in Galway this day. Of course you heard of the steamer North America, which was to arrive here from New York. We were assured by letters from Dudley Pearse early the last month, that the company would surely start the American steamer on the 17th. I cannot describe to you how the people of Galway, and I might say of Ireland, felt on this occasion. Meetings of all the public boards were instantaneously held—a public dinner agreed to in order to give a splendid reception to the American passengers, and the theatre was beautifully fitted up for the occasion. I saw it lighted, and it surely was most beautiful. Over the chair was the harp illuminated with gas; all the boxes were decorated with evergreens and splendid lights for the reception of ladies.

At the end of the house was the spread eagle, accompanied with the crown, and the letters V and A beautifully lit in gas. The ceiling was all festooned with various colored draperies. All this was going on in one quarter, while Mr. Dargan, on the other side, pushed the poor devils on the railroad, and made them work night and day. I never could imagine such work could be done by any man as was done here the last month. Would you believe it, the rail is all laid down, and the engine can run to-morrow for Dublin.

Such was the desire in every quarter to make every thing comfortable for the Americans that wooden stairs were made at the dock and at Loughatea's for goods and passengers, uniforms for dock-gate men, bunting cut up for colors, sailors dressed in uniform in the yachts, new clothes for the watchmen, and the stands or sheds of the old 'Change all torn down. In fact, such was the preparations that it was all bustle, bustle. Again, there was a hard contest between Michael Carr and Thomas Connell, the auctioneer, to try who would get the contract for the dinner, and Thomas Connell succeeded. He boiled as many hams and killed as many fowls as you would imagine should do a regiment. He got ice from Dublin, with a good lot of venison. Poor fellow, he may eat it himself now! In fact, the preparations on Connell's part were most sumptuous, but I suppose the committee will remunerate him. The invitations were numerous; among the parties invited were the Mayor and Council of Belfast, Reynolds, the member for Dublin, and Keough, the member for Athlone. You will ask, who was to pay for these invitations? It was arranged that two hundred would be invited, including the eighty American passengers, and two hundred of the Galway gentlemen, at £1 per ticket—no ticket less. We had reporters here from Dublin, Waterford, Cork, Limerick, etc. The editor of the London Times was hourly expected; and, to conclude the description, all was prepared by the 25th of June, the day the America was expected to arrive, when the unwelcome news reached us that she would not sail before the 24th. But why attempt a description of the anxiety prevailing in Galway during the remaining eight days, to the 1st of July. Oh, horrible to relate! the New York Sun arrived with the news that the America was sold, and with it the prospects of Ireland. Surely ours is an unfortunate country—the English gold betrayed us.

Assault by the Anti-Renters upon a Deputy Sheriff—ALBANY, July 15.—During the last few days an examination has been progressing before Justice Cole, in reference to an assault made some time ago upon a man named Fish, by a party of men in the town of Berne, disguised as Indians. Yesterday, Under-sheriff Franklin Smith, while engaged in serving subpoenas upon persons to appear before Judge Cole, was attacked by three men, disguised as Indians, who dragged him out of his wagon, took his papers, and tied his hands behind him. They then bandaged his eyes, and were proceeding to give him a coat of tar, when a fourth of the party came up, also disguised as an Indian, and persuaded them to release the deputy, which they did, upon Smith's promising that he would not make a return of having served the processes, which he had succeeded in doing.

Flood in the Juniata.—A letter from Columbia, Pa., of the 17th, gives this intelligence—

"We have word here to-day of a very disastrous flood on the Juniata division of the canal, above Lewiston, which it is feared has done much damage to the work on this stream. It is reported that this region was visited with something like a waterspout about 3 o'clock yesterday morning. Several of the bridges on the Pennsylvania Railroad have been carried away, cutting off all communication by railroad. The canal for several miles is such merged; the extent of injury to this work cannot be known until the water subsides."

The Fourth of July in London.—For the first time since the Declaration of American Independence, the anniversary of that event was celebrated on the 4th inst., in London, with almost as much honor as in New York. Mr. George Peabody, of Baltimore, had issued cards of invitation to meet the United States Minister and Mrs. Lawrence at a fete which he gave that evening on the occasion, and about 700 or 800 persons were to be present, including all the American families now in London, and a large proportion of the nobility and public persons in England, by whom the idea had been received with the greatest satisfaction. The Duke of Wellington, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, the Lord Mayor, etc., are among those who attended. There was to be a concert, ball and supper, and the affair promised to be one of the grandest of the season, worthy not only of what it celebrates, but of the meeting of the nations in the year of the Exhibition.

PHILADELPHIA, *July 16, 1851.*

Items from Philadelphia.—Thomas Stubbins, one of Capt. Hill's company, who distinguished himself while in Mexico by carrying the American flag into Huamantla, met with an accident this morning that will probably prove fatal. He was bathing at the island, when, in making a dive in shallow water, he struck his head against the bottom, and so injured himself that he has since lain speechless.

Thomas Johnson, an old salt at the Naval Asylum, was buried yesterday in the cemetery attached to that institution, on the banks of the Schuylkill. He was a native of Norway, and it is believed was the last survivor of the crew that sided Paul Jones in the hard-fought battle with the Serapis. He was over one hundred years of age.

The office of Stephen Flanagan, agent of the Albany propeller line, was last night robbed of about $1,200, in money and checks, by some person who must have secreted himself in the building before it was closed up for the night.

The Parkersburg, (Va.,) Gazette of the 12th instant has the following paragraph:

Cholera.—This dread scourge has prevailed to some extent in Ravenswood, Jackson county, Va., within the last two or three weeks. We know not the exact number of victims to the disease in that vicinity, but it is said to have been remarkably fatal—all who were attacked having died, at the time our informant left the place. The German colony, in this county, has also suffered severely from the same disease. No less than six deaths have occurred among these immigrants within a few days. Several who were far gone with the disease, however, have since entirely recovered.

Influence of Abolition Agitation on Boston Commerce.—We have an intelligent mercantile correspondent in New Orleans, who acts as commercial agent for many large houses in this city. This gentleman informs us that almost his whole business for these Boston houses has been cut off in Mississippi, and greatly diminished in Alabama, owing to the feelings of hostility created in the minds of the people of those States, at the attacks made on their institutions by Boston and Massachusetts people, and that correspondence with Lynn has been wholly broken off. The spirit which has been manifested by many of our people may seem to justify this course, but our merchants are an intelligent and high-minded class of men. They are not the offenders, and should not be made to suffer for the acts of such men as Garrison, Elizur Wright, and their like. We are persuaded that the better informed and responsible classes of our citizens are heartily disposed to obey the laws, and to submit, cheerfully to the settlement by the last Congress, in that series of laws known as the Compromise measures, and we hope that nothing again may happen to embitter either section of our mighty Republic—a Republic which is regarded the world over as the last hope of human liberty on earth. If this is wrecked, despotism settles down upon the world for ages, and the hope of liberty forever dies. [Olive Branch.

Rencontre Between Gens. Foote and Quitman. We regret to learn that a personal difficulty occurred between the candidates for Governor in Mississippi, Gens. Foote and Quitman, on Friday last, the 18th instant, during their discussion at Sledgeville, in Panola county. The Memphis Eagle of the 21st gives this account of the affair:

"They had agreed before leaving Jackson, to refrain from all personalities in their discussions. Gen. Foote deemed it no infraction of this agreement to allude to Gen. Quitman's connection with the late Cuban Expedition; and had done so at several appointments previous to the one at Sledgeville, without provoking any interruption. At Sledgeville, however, when Gen. Foote spoke of the Cuban affair, Gen. Quitman stopped him and said that it was "*ungentlemanly and dishonest*" *thus* to violate their agreement! Thereupon Gen. Foote called him "*a liar.*" Blows were instantly interchanged; but their mutual friends interposed and separated the combatants. We understand that Gen. Quitman has signified his determination not to speak with Gen. Foote at any more of their joint appointments.

Postscript.—Since the above was in type, we learn from reliable authority that Gen. Foote made no allusion whatever, to the *Cuban affair* in his *first* speech—but that Gen. Quitman himself introduced the subject in his reply, and assailed the Administration in strong terms for its course in regard to that matter. Gen. Foote's remarks were solely in rejoinder, and in defence of the Government.

Singular and Terrible Accident.—We learn from the Reading (Pa.) Adler the particulars of an extraordinary accident which occurred on the 21st ult., in Bern township, Berks county. Mr. Elisha Davis, a large man, weighing about two hundred pounds, and sixty years of age, was engaged in making a small hay-stack, and before he quit or finished, cast over the side a pitchfork, with a handle of the ordinary length, which stood upright against the stack. After completing his work, he descended from the stack himself, and unfortunately alighted at the very place where the fork was standing, the handle of which pierced his body between the legs, and penetrated into the stomach about 17 inches, until it touched the breast-bone! There was no one present at the time but a small boy, who endeavored to draw the handle out of the wound with one hand, but not succeeding, he afterwards took hold with both hands, and by exerting himself to the utmost of his strength, pulled it out. The handle of the fork was about 12 inches thick, and sawed off blunt at the end which pierced him. Dr. Spatz was called in to attend him, and what is almost incredible to relate, he has so far improved as to be considered out of danger.

Women's Rights in France.—In the Assembly, on the 2d July, an amendment, allowing to women the right of petition, was proposed to M. Chapot's bill for regulating the general right of petition, and to the astonishment of most was adopted. It caused the loss of the bill when the question upon the passage was taken.

Bloody Affray.—At Memphis, on the 20th inst., W. B. Bryley and Y. J. Oliver, both respectable citizens, had a personal collision, during the course of which the latter gave the former a serious wound with a knife.

Forgery of Warrants.—A Washington dispatch of the 16th says the grand jury have found a true bill against Stetinus, the land agent, for forgery of warrants.

NEW ORLEANS, July 17, 1851.

Samuel Reynolds, Esq., No. 128 Gravier street.

DEAR SIR: I take the opportunity of expressing to you my sincere thanks and tendering to you my grateful acknowledgments for the great benefit I have received from your treatment of the *TWO CANCERS* on my right breast, which, I am happy to state, is nearly or quite well, and they have the appearance of being thoroughly eradicated; and I am truly thankful that the important matter which I have so long labored has caused. My pen is inadequate to express the degree of suffering I had experienced for the last two, particularly of the long thirty years, that I have been thus afflicted, as all who knew me can testify. Last year Dr. Gilbert operated on me for one cancer, which, and pronounced me well, (after giving me a slight fomitate of purgative,) and joyful was I at this decision, so desirous was I to get rid of those twin Cancers, the well known and hated cause of my extreme pain and trouble for so long a period. But judge of my disappointment, when but spring they returned, in a much worse form than they were before. Dr. Gilbert treated and pronounced them cupid. So, then, I applied to you, but, believe me, with little hope of relief at your hands, (after Dr. Gilbert, in whom I had placed so much confidence, had failed to effect a cure.) But you told me that you could cure my head, and that quickly, and also that you would warrant a cure; and to all appearances you have fulfilled your promise, and I am satisfied that you know what your medicines can perform, as well as your patients feel their efficacy. And I, for one, appreciate your candor, perseverance and watchfulness, and especially your tact in inspiring a patient with confidence; for, but it not been for this, I should have retreated to the amputation of my head. But, thanks to God Providence, and to you for your valuable services, that the misfortune is averted—my head cured.

Very respectfully, your obliged and obedient servant,

JOHN F. HOYT, Hatter.

1y18 1m

A GOLD MINE DISCOVERED.—*Patents taken by Hutchings.*—I have the honor to announce to the public that I have recently made an improvement in the art and separating, by which I can take the Lifeness of the smallest child in one hour, as easily as a flock of lightnings. On the announcement of the discovery in the Tree Dollar, July 2, many believed it to be a humbug, for they said it was impossible, and they called on me to make an invitation to the public to call at my office, Fulton street, near Gardner and Pardee streets, and other distinguished. I challenge any Daguerreotype Artist in the city to cope me at the office, and I will give $1000 to any one that can produce well know what I am about, for I am the oldest Daguerreotype Artist in the city since the death of Mr. LOCKWOOD.

☞ Ladies, with a certainty of success, you may bring your children. 1y18

DUFFIELD'S HAMS—50 tierces sugar cured Canvassed, just received, for sale by

1y18 S. J. HART & CO. 19 Tchoupitoulas st.

SWEET OIL—250 baskets Pisagniol for sale by

1y18 S. J. HART & CO. 19 Tchoupitoulas st.

CASTOR OIL—60 bbls. Adams's No. 1, for sale by S. J. HART & CO. 19 Tchoupitoulas st.

NEW ORLEANS MARKETS.

CRESCENT OFFICE,
Saturday Morning, July 26, 1851.

Our general market has presented a similar appearance during the week just closed, and business has not with an active demand. The stock of Cotton has been reduced and desirable lots have been scarce. The market, too, has been depressed by still further unfavorable accounts from Europe, and prices have fallen off very considerably. A week's later intelligence has arrived from Liverpool by the Arabia, and her advices were published on Thursday morning. Her arrival has caused a quiver in the Liverpool Cotton market on the 12th inst., of 1/16@1/8d., and quoted Fair Orleans at 5d ⅌ lb., with a dull market. The sales of the week preceding her departure were 56,000 bales, of which only 1500 had been taken by speculators. The Tobacco market is without further change, and the inquiry has been less active. Sugar and Molasses have continued dull, and without quotable alteration in prices. Flour has been in fair request, and the sales have exceeded the receipts. The business in other articles of produce has been quite moderate. Rio Coffee has been firmer, and in some instances a slight advance has been realized.

The next steamer due from Liverpool is the Niagara, of Cunard's line, which was to leave that port on the 12th inst. Our weather during the past week has been warm, with occasional showers, which have benefited the crops. The river is still about three feet below high water mark.

Cotton.—The Cotton market opened on Saturday with a very quiet appearance, and the sales of the day reached barely 500 bales, at about the range of our figures of the preceding day. On Monday there was rather more inquiry but about 1700 bales were disposed of at varied shade under the noted quotations. Good Ordinary to Fair Ordinary, sold at 6@6¼c. On Tuesday the business was again limited, only 600 bales, but on Wednesday there was a good demand, which resulted in sales of nearly 3000 bales, prices remaining without any quotable change. On Thursday morning the Arabia's accounts were published, and became at once effect her at noticed item. Buyers declined to operate to any extent, without concessions of full 1/8c on the previous quotations. The sales of the week amount to 5,000 bales, of which 1500 were taken by speculators, and 1200 bales were disposed of at about the range of our quotations. The week's sales then sum up 5500 bales. The goods last offered by the mover is middling, of which there is very little in the market. The receipts of the past week, show the last of September, are 256,701 bales, against 268,182 to the same date last year, and at all the United States ports there is now an increase of 201,141 bales.

NEW ORLEANS CLASSIFICATION.

Inferior	4¾@5	4¾ Middling Fair	6½@6¾
Ordinary	5¾@6	6¼ Fair	6¾@7
Middling	5¾@6	6¼ Good Fair	7@7½
Good Middling	6 @6¼	Good and Fine	[illegible]

Cotton and Tobacco Statement.

	Cotton, bales.	Tobacco, hhds.
Stock on hand, Sept. 1, 1850	10,612	14,795
Received past week	1,314	
" previously	1,000,848	78,150
	1,002,162	78,150
Exported past week	12,000	3,000
" previously	951,000	47,000
	963,000	50,000
Stock on hand, not cleared	39,162	28,150

Tobacco.—There has been less demand in the Tobacco market since our last review, and the transactions of late are made public have been limited to about 1500 hhds, comprising 450 on Saturday, 300 on Monday, 500 on Tuesday and 250 on Wednesday, and 10 on Thursday, and 10 yesterday. The principal sales have been on private terms, and much without our participation whatever. Prices, however, seem to be without further material change, and are still quite or follows: Frozen, 3@3¾; Lugs, 3½@4c.; Leaf, Inferior and Common to Fine, 4¾@7; Choice, 7¼@8c ⅌ lb. The sales reported in detail are 1000 hhds, of which 500 Lugs, 500 Leaf, principally