NEW ORLEANS:

TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 29.

Board of Health.

List of Interments in the City of New Orleans for the Week ending July 26, 1851.

Aphtha, 1; Aorta, disease of, 1; Apoplexy, 1; Brain Congestion, 1; Brain Softening, 1; Bilious Colic, 1; Bowels Ulcerations, 1; Croup, 1; Consumption, 11; Convulsions, 1; Cancer, 1; Dysentery, 4; Debility, 2; Dentition, 1; Eastern Pulmonary, 1; Convulsions, 1; Cholera Morbus, 1; Dropsy, 1; Dropsy of Brain, 1; Dropsy of Scrotum, 1; Debility, Congenital, 1; Erysipelas, 1; Fever, Malignant, 1; do. Typhoid, 1; do. Remittent, 1; do. Bilious, 1; do. Unknown, 1; Fever, Puerperal, 1; do. Gastric, 1; Gastritis, 1; Gastro Enteritis, 1; Hemiplegia, 1; Heart, Hypertrophy of, 1; Hydrocephalus, 1; Whooping Cough, 1; Marasmus, 8; Old Age, 1; Pneumonia, 11; Pleurisy, 1; Convulsions, 1; Remittent, 1; Rheumatism, 1; Scarlet Fever, 9; Tetanus, 1; Uncertain, 3. Total, 104.

Of these 39 were under 10 years of age, and 15 colored.

A. HEUVEN, Secretary.

List of Interments in the City of Lafayette, for the Week ending July 26, 1851.

Brain, Congestion of, 1; Consumption, 2; Chest, disease of, 1; Cholera, 1; Dropsy, 4; Debility, 2; Diarrhœa, 1; Dentition, 1; Enteritis, 1; Edemasis, 1; Gastro Enteritis, 1; Hydrocephalus, 1; Marasmus, 1; Meningitis, 1; Rheumatism, 1; Scarlatina, 1; Spasms, 3; Typhus, 1; Tumors 4; Uncertain, 1. Total, 32.

A. HEUVEN, Secretary.

First Municipality Council.—There was a called meeting of the Council last evening, over which Recorder Genois presided. Members present—Messrs. Fabre, Pecquet, Laughlin, Derbes, Blake, Barthe, Richardson, Bonneval, and Hagan.

The object for which the meeting was called, was shown by the Message of the Mayor, read by the Secretary. It is stated that, in the first place, it was called for the purpose of receiving the report of the Finance Committee. In the second, to consider the necessity of having the Nuisance Wharf placed on a better footing then it is at present, it having become one of the greatest nuisances in the Municipality.

The report of the Finance Committee was brought up by Alderman Laughlin. It stated that the Committee were negotiating with the Gas Company to fund the debt due said Company, amounting to nearly $100,000, under an act of the Legislature passed in 1847. The settlement to be made with the Gas Company, including a sum of about $37,000, maturing in 1854, of the bonds of the old Sinking Fund, held by said Company is this. The payments are to be made by the First Municipality, under the act of 1847, as above, to be in bonds, at 25 years, bearing $7 70 interest per annum.

The following is a summary of the resolutions which were offered, with a view to the carrying out of the above arrangement:

Resolved, That the Treasurer of Municipality No. One, lodge in the Bank of Louisiana, on the first of every month, out of the general resources of the Municipality, $2000 for the express purpose of securing monthly payments to the Gas Company, for furnishing light to the Municipality.

Resolved, That the Gas Company shall have the right of causing to be forfeited the contract now made, if any neglect or inability to fulfil the same on the part of the Council, should warrant it.

The Committee then called the attention of the Council to the fact that Alderman Emilé Barthé was about to visit New York on professional business, and that he offered to negotiate a portion of the Municipality Bonds, having twenty-five years to run. Mr. Barthé's services were offered on this occasion gratuitously.

A resolution to this effect was offered; the sum to be negotiated for being fixed at $500,000, bearing interest at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually on the 1st May and 1st November of each year, at the office of the Treasurer of the Municipality; bonds to be delivered to the purchasers or their agents, on payment of the same.

The committee further recommended that the Treasurer be authorized to pay on the warrant of the Mayor, to John L. Lewis, sheriff of the parish of Orleans, $67 65 for conveying lunatics from the Parish Prison to the Asylum at Jackson. To the same individual, for maintaining prisoners from 1st April to 30th June, 1851, $597 12½.

To several other persons, for hardware, repairs done to the Vegetable Market, for cutting iron plates for bridges, for sundries, etc., $687 99. With the exception of the sheriff's account, the committee said they recommended the payment of the other accounts with much reluctance; they were extravagant, although certified by the Surveyor, who, though knowing that the work had been done, knows, the committee think, as much about its value as the committee themselves.

The committee ask time to report on other accounts, and exclaim against the manner in which the Municipality has been mulcted in transactions which should be under its own immediate control.

The several resolutions contained in the report were passed *seriatim* and the report adopted.

The second part of the Mayor's message, as we said before, referred to the horribly filthy state of the Nuisance Wharf; and recommended an immediate change as absolutely necessary.

The first resolution, to refer the matter to the Surveyor, was not seconded; the second, to refer it to the Improvement Committee, to report at next meeting, passed.

After some other business being gone through, in an unusually amicable manner, the Council adjourned.

Positive Recovery.—The f. w. c., Camilla Spriggs, wounded in the neck from a pistol shot fired by Alexander, the slave of —— Walker, is pronounced by her physician, Dr. Robert McCracken, Gravier street, to be now entirely out of danger, except a trifling debility, from low diet during her treatment.

Examination of the Slave.—The examination of the slave was proceeded with yesterday before Acting Recorder Etter. Col. Field for the prosecution—Eustis for the defence.

Elizabeth Gillan, a f. w. c., on being examined, testified that she was walking with Camilla Spriggs, on Common street, on the day of the occurrence; that on turning the corner of Adeline street, they were overtaken by the slave Alexander, then a prisoner in Court, who spoke to Camilla, to which she made no reply, whereon he fired a pistol at her. This caused her to run, but he followed close, and firing a second pistol at her, wounded her in the neck. Alexander, on this, went away, and Camilla soon after reached her mother's house. As soon as he turned the corner of Adeline or Gravier street, he commenced to run, but was pursued by Messrs. Landy and Culligan, overtaken and arrested by them.

The testimony of —— Spriggs, the mother of the wounded girl, corroborated the most part of the above statement. She said the girl was only 16 years of age; that the prisoner had called two or three times at her house; understanding his intentions to be the marrying of her daughter, she forbade him the house; her daughter did not like him or encourage him. The prisoner used after this frequently to pass her house, use scurrilous language towards her, and threatened two or three times to blow the brains out of her. She complained to his master of this conduct, who promised to have him whipped. She also complained to the Recorder, who took her affidavit, and issued a warrant for his arrest, but learning that he had been already punished, she did not proceed with the information. She never encouraged the prisoner—neither did her daughter—they both disliked him. Col. Field read the law from Bullard and Curry touching the case, which provided death as the only expiation for such a crime. The Acting Recorder sent the prisoner before the First District Court.

First District Court.—Harman Doane vs. Henry Alsobrook, Sumpter Turner, Lawrason and others, Southern Mutual Life Insurance Company—In the case of a writ of *quo warranto*, sued out by the plaintiff in this case, the evidence, which was of a very lengthy character, was yesterday taken before Judge Larue. The case was continued over to 10 o'clock this morning for argument.

Charge of Wounding with Intent to Kill.—J. C. Mosley, charged by J. S. Thompson with wounding him with a short sword, and otherwise injuring him, by flinging a brickbat at him on Saturday last, gave bail yesterday in $500 to appear to answer the charge on Friday next, in the Recorder's Court of the Second Municipality.

Discharged.—William Nutley, charged with halooing watch and breaking the peace, was discharged yesterday by Acting Recorder Etter. Michael Manning, charged with a breach of the peace, was also discharged.

An Improper and Disorderly House.—Dr. P. L. Nee describes the house at the corner of Royal and St. Peter streets, First Municipality, kept by one Suzanne, a colored woman, as an improper and disorderly house. Suzanne was arrested.

Charge Withdrawn.—The charge against Dominick Burns, of obtaining goods under false pretences, was withdrawn. The matter was a fair commercial transaction, and should have never been brought before the notice of the Acting Recorder's Court.

Larceny.—James McGuinness, charged with stealing a pig of lead from the steamer J. Hewitt, was sent before the First District Court yesterday, by Acting Recorder Etter.

Carrying Concealed Weapons.—Jonathan J. Byrd, arrested by Lieutenant Ahern on Saturday night, about 11 o'clock, on Phillipps street, for having a concealed and deadly weapon about his person, (a large knife,) was yesterday fined $25 by Acting Recorder Etter.

More Concealed Weapons.—Robert Howlee was arrested last evening by the First Municipality Police for carrying concealed weapons.

Bringing in the Cash.—Mesdames Virginia Brown, Mary Williams, Anne Murray, Amelia Reeves, Emma Fisher, Anne Anderson, Elizabeth Harper, Anne Dedugez, E. A. George, Anne Vincent, Henrietta Rose, Amanda O'Neil, Isabella Shoneck, Johannah Dillulon, Ellen Knowles, Hannah Buckley, Rachel Meyers, ——, Bowler, Mary Ann Moore, Polly Stoberfield, and Josephine Tanner, charged under the vagrancy law, were yesterday fined $10 each by Acting Recorder Etter—$210 this, to add to the funds of the Municipality.

Vagrancy.—Wm. Strong, a vagrant, was sent to prison for thirty days, yesterday, by Acting Recorder Etter. James Matthews, Thomas Matthews, and James Dalton, like offence, like punishment. Mary McCoy, the same. John J. Sullivan, the same. Alice McQuoid, Margaret Cosack, Eliza Murphy, Eliza Woods, and Bridget Cummings, another batch of vagrants, like punishment.

Vagrancy in the First Municipality.—Charles Ash, Hickey Coffey, Robert Lewis, and George Jones, charged with vagrancy, were yesterday sent by Recorder Genois before the First District Court. M. Jones, *alias* Clayton, and Stephen Price were fined $25 each, and obliged to give bonds of $500 for future good behavior. John Ford stands charged with vagrancy, by Alphonse Yvan.

Assault and Battery Cases in the First Municipality.—Domingo Diaz stands charged with assault and battery, by A. Mottiee, daggers and whips included. Mary Ann Clifford, assault and battery, made by Mary Ann Smith, a brickbat extra in the charge. Margaret Butterwick, like charge, by Emma Ware. Robert Bennett charges Geo. ——, with assaulting and threatening him with a dangerous weapon.

Breaches of the Peace in the First Municipality.—Michael Keenan charges James Porter with brickbatting the door of a house at the corner of St. Louis and Basin streets. Majioni —— is charged by Mary Chandler with a breach of the peace. J. McDonough and John Toole are charged by Humphry Flinn with assaulting and threatening him.

Fined.—Patrick Keenan, drunk and disturbing the peace was fined $5. Henry Parsons, a f. m. c., same offence under more aggravated circumstances, was fined $25. Edward Falvey, Owen Meighan and James Gleason, like offence, fined $5 each. George White and Eliza White, were also fined $5 each for like offence. John Fary, like offence, like fine.

Robbery.—A blue porcelain clock, a black merino paletot and pants, a gold pin, a silver snuff box, a pen knife, a pocket handkerchief and the key of an iron safe, were stolen by some adroit thief from the residence of Mr. J. C. Joffison, on Canal, between Roman and Prieur streets, on Sunday night last.

Remanded.—Michael Nolan, charged by Elijah J. Otis and John Learsay with stealing from a flatboat, was remanded yesterday for further examination by Acting Recorder Etter.

Bombastes Furioso.—Vincez Selvis, for flourishing a large dagger and threatening to make a sheath for it of the first watchman's skin he could meet, was held to bonds in $500 for more peaceable conduct in future.

Fifty Dollars Fine.—John Ford was fined $50 yesterday by Recorder Genois, for carrying concealed weapons.

Silver Snuff-box Found.—Some one's silver snuff-box was found yesterday by Corporal Bernard, on Burgundy, near Hospital street.

Pray Pre-Pay!—Some things are quite as well said in verse as in prose; a fact which will be undeniable, among the poets at least. The following impromptu, from one of our subscribers, is decidedly as well put as any thing of our own could be. It relates to the new Post-office law, and the necessity of accommodating ourselves to it with all possible dispatch.

"Precept on precept, line upon line,
Pre-pay *your* postage, and I'll pre-pay *mine!*"

The importance of this advice will be better understood when we remind the reader, that by the new law we save two cents on every letter, the postage of which is paid by the sender. Our correspondents are particularly entreated therefore, for ourselves, and the sake of the public generally, to pay *three cents* in advance on their letters, that we may be spared the necessity of paying *five*. "A penny saved," says Franklin, "is a penny gained." According to this rule, two pence saved is two pence gained; and putting the saved and gained together, in such cases, we are four cents richer (by all logic) at the close of the transaction. [Charleston News.

Be careful in directing your letters. According to the new official list of post-offices in the United States, there are 25 Washingtons, 24 Franklins, 23 Salems, 22 Springfields, 25 Centrevilles, 19 Jacksons, 15 Jeffersons, 18 Lafayettes, 9 Kosuths, 10 Lowells, 20 Richmonds, 18 Waterloos, 23 Columbias, 18 Concords, etc. The direction should always contain the county and State in which the post-office is located.

Italy Quickening.—The well-informed correspondent of the Newark Daily Advertiser, writing from Florence, under date of 15th June, says:

"A project is now on foot at Genoa and Turin to establish a regular line of steamers between New York and Genoa, which I understand is regarded with marked favor by the Government of Sardinia. The railroads in that kingdom to connect Genoa with Switzerland on the one side of the interior, and France on the other, are now in full progress, and their completion is looked to as the opening of a new era of political and commercial freedom.

"The Austro-Italian Railroad enterprise, to connect the cities of the Peninsula—Florence, Leghorn, Rome and Naples—with Trieste, Venice, Vienna, Milan, etc., is in full progress, with a fair prospect of completion within a few years. So that next year there will probably be a steam communication through this extended route.

A correspondent of the Philadelphia Ledger, who signs himself "Som-body," asks "Does anybody know anybody? If they do, I wish anybody would tell somebody to tell anybody to mind nobody's business but his own. And then everybody would get along much better, and feel more pleasant, if nobody meddled with what was nobody's business but his own. Very sensible and good advice, but which could not be driven into some people with a sledge-hammer.

Rev. Mr. Muir, of Aberdeen, Scotland, made an experiment in his own church the other day, to demonstrate the rotation of the earth. To the great confusion of the assembled *savans*, the machine indicated that the earth was turning the wrong way. It is suggested that a cog-wheel got out of place, or else the earth was backing up to take on more passengers.

Sizes of Shoes.—The Lyon Directory for 1851 says a size is the length of one "barley corn," or one third of an inch. A size stick is thus formed: Take a rule or piece of pine-wood thirteen inches in length, and divide it into thirty-nine equal parts, of one-third of an inch each. The first thirteen are left blank, and created nothing. The second thirteen are called children's sizes. The third thirteen are called men's and women's sizes, each marked from one to thirteen. Thus nine inches is a man's size, No. 1; ten inches is No. 4; eleven inches No. 7; twelve inches No. 10.

Anthony Smith, who was on trial before the U. S. Court, sitting at Utica, for attempting to pass a counterfeit half dollar, was acquitted on the ground that the alleged counterfeit coin was not produced on his trial.

"Gentlemen of the Jury, have you agreed? What is your verdict?" "We find the prisoner not guilty—if he'll leave the town."

There are now in the United States nearly 1500 steam vessels of various descriptions; in Great Britain and Ireland about 1200.

The American Tract Society receipts during the month of June were $27,819 22.

Five more British soldiers have deserted from St. John's, (N. B.,) and escaped to the American shore.

Some wag, at a late temperance dinner, recommended that the temperance cause be carried on with ardent spirit.

The number of emigrants that have arrived at Philadelphia during the present year is 10,297, being 5160 more than for the same period last year.

In the manufacture of gold-leaf, a cubic inch of gold may be beaten out till it covers 282,000 square inches, and it has been carried even to the 280,-636th part of an inch.

The Crimea.—Defeat of the Russians.—We copy the following from the Constantinople correspondence of the Morning Herald, under date June 15:

"Important news has been received from Dagistan via Trebisonde. All the correspondence from Tiflis gives more or less the details of the successes of the mountaineers over the Russians, who have suffered immense loss. The leader of the Daghless is Mohamed Emin, the naib of Sheith Chamil, who, at the head of 25,000 picked men, of the warlike tribe of the Abedjiets, and other independent tribes of Western Caucasus, had attacked the Russian entrenchments of the Chenis, and driven the Russian troops under the command of General Cerebriassoff, beyond Themer. The engagements which took place were bloody and disastrous, and the Russians suffered so severely, that all the spare wagons of the army were barely sufficient to carry their wounded away.

Their loss, according to an impartial statement, is calculated at 5000 in killed and prisoners. The mortality in comparison is by far greater among the officers than among the privates. The position of the Russian army is very insecure at present, on account of the communications between Tagnar and Kouban being intercepted, and owing to the vigilance of the Daghless, it is impossible to send reinforcements in that direction for some time to come. The mountaineers boast at present of being well supplied with ammunition and arms, and ready to continue the war against the invaders of their homes throughout the whole summer season. By the above, it is ascertained that the Russians have made no progress whatever in the conquest of the Caucasus this year, and I doubt not both they and their intended victims must have become heartily tired of this dreadful and protracted warfare."

The Bomb-Shell Contract.—This contract, which has blown up Gen. Talcott, and seriously damaged others, has been much commented on by the interwriters and the press. The decision of the Court Martial is generally conceived to be entirely just. We half suspect that the course of the negotiation and final giving out of the immense contract, was simply a pursuance of a loose system of favoritism which had grown up under preceding administrations. But coming to the knowledge of F. S. Conrad—who was green in the matter of distributing personal favors through government contracts—and whose sense of public duty was rather too old-fashioned to be swerved by the bland and persuasive appeals of gentility and friendship, he would not rest till he had the whole matter exposed, and the head of the Ordnance Bureau brought to accountability for it!

The lesson is a severe but just one—and it is to be hoped will be a warning to others. The admonition of the President to Col. Huger smacks also of old-fashioned rigor and virtue. He wants no more private letters on public business—they are very improper—congratulations about contracts getting into the hands of friends, and suggestions about having "private understandings" with the head of the Bureau on the subject of a contract for public work, did not seem altogether proper in the eyes of the President. Nor were they.

This explosion of the bomb-shell contract, while it is to be lamented, it is to be hoped will be of service in preventing like transactions, at least for some time to come. [Richmond (Va.) Dispatch.

Old Voyageur.—There is a venerable old voyageur, named Montreille, now 92 years old, who lives, and has lived for the last 60 years, within 10 miles of the Falls of St. Anthony, but has never yet seen the Falls, his business as a voyageur and trapper never having taken him in that direction from his home. He says he has visited 19 different encampments in 24 hours, all the encampments being 4 miles apart or more, which would make a march on foot of at least 76 miles in 24 hours, including stoppages. Probably the world has never produced a race of more hardy, athletic pedestrians than the voyageurs and trappers who range through the wild regions of North America, between the great Lakes and the Pacific Ocean. The unwritten legends of their experience of border and savage life, and of their perilous adventures, would make volumes, if written, of stirring romance.

One of the duties performed by voyageurs is the transportation of baggage, supplies and canoes, across portages. For this purpose they use the *portage collar*, which is a strap passing around the forehead, attached at each end to the burden or pack to be carried, which is also partly supported upon the back. In this manner a voyageur often carries (packs) a barrel of flour a distance of five or six miles. Squaws, with particular exceptions, carry burdens in the same manner. In this way we have often seen one in St. Paul carrying a heavy load of cranberries, or of corn, in a sack. The voyageur finds a "repose," that is, something to place his burden upon while he rests, every 3 miles in crossing a portage. This mode of transportation was not only common amongst trappers and voyageurs, but until lately it was universal among the Indians, especially the Chippewas, who, until recently, had few, if any horses.

Anecdote of John Adams.—When John Adams was a young man, he was invited to dine with the Court and Bar at the House of Judge Paine, an eminent loyalist, at Worcester. When the wine was circulated round the table, Judge Paine gave, as a toast, "the King." Some of the whigs were about to refuse to drink it. But Mr. Adams whispered to them to comply, saying, "We shall have an opportunity to return the compliment. Accordingly, when John Adams was desired to give a toast, he gave "the Devil." As the heat was about to resent the supposed indignity, his wife calmed him, and turned the laugh upon Mr. Adams by immediately saying, "My dear, as the gentleman has seen fit to drink to our friend, let us by no means refuse, in our turn, to drink to *his*."

Sabbath Schools.—The most gifted cannot find a worthier field for labor than the Sunday School. The noblest work on earth is to act with an elevating power on a human spirit. The greatest men of past times have not been politicians or warriors, who have influenced the outward policy or grandeur of kingdoms; but men who by their deep wisdom and generous sentiments, have given light and life to the minds and hearts of their own age, and left a legacy of truth and virtue to posterity. Whoever, in the humblest sphere, imparts God's truth to one human spirit partakes their glory. He labors on an immortal nature. He is laying the foundation of imperishable excellence and happiness. His work, if he succeed, will outlive empires and the stars.

NEW ORLEANS MARKETS.

CRESCENT OFFICE,
Tuesday Morning, July 29, 1851.

Cotton—The market was quiet yesterday, and the sales were limited to about 700 bales, including an even running list of Middling and Good Middling at 8½c. We still quote:

NEW ORLEANS CLASSIFICATION.

Inferior	5½@ 6¾	Middling Fair	8 @ 8¼
Ordinary	6¾@ 6¾	Fair	8¼@ —
Middling	7 @ 7½	Good Fair	nominal.
Good Middling	8 @ 8½	Good and Fine	nominal.

Tobacco—There was a good inquiry, and sales were closed for 275 hhds, including 150 hhds (in three lots) on private terms, and 25 hhds at 5½c ⅌ lb.

Sugar and Molasses—We heard only of retail sales at previous rates.

Flour—Demand limited and only 900 bb's sold, including 250 bbls Ohio at —, 300 Indiana at $4 07½, 100 St. Louis at $4 37½, and 200 extra St. Louis, in several lots, at $5 00 ⅌ bbl.

Grain—There was a fair inquiry for Corn, but at easier prices, Sales 6500 sks, including 500 damaged and inferior at 31@32, 1000 at 34, 1500 (in four lots) at 36, 250 at 37, 500 white at 51, and 850 yellow at 55c ⅌ bushel.... Oats were in fair request and 950 sks Ohio sold at 28, 1000 St. Louis in several lots at 22@23c ⅌ bushel.... Of Bran, we noticed sales of 500 sks at 97½c @ 100lb.

Provisions—Holders have advanced their pretensions $1 ⅌ bbl, and were generally asking $15 for Mess. We, however, noticed a sale of 50 bbls at $14 75, and some retail lots at $14 75@$15 ⅌ bbl.... Bacon was selling in small parcels at 9c for Sides and 7 for Shoulders; though prime Cincinnati Meats are mostly held rather above these rates.

Hay—150 bales Western sold at $17 50, and 50 at $18 50 ⅌ ton.

Coffee—1450 bags Rio of the Kepler's cargo, to arrive, sold at —, and a small lot from store at 9c ⅌ lb.

Gunny Bags—5500 sold at 24½c cash.

Whisky—Between 50 and 60 bbls Rectified were disposed of at 23c ⅌ gallon.

Exchanges—Demand limited; we still quote:

Sterling	108¼@110.
France	5.17½@5.15.
New York sixty-day Bills	1½@2 ⅌ ct. dis.
State Checks on New York	¼ ⅌ ct. dis. to ¼ ⅌ ct. pm.

Freights—A ship was taken for Liverpool at 7.16d for Cotton.

NEW ORLEANS CATTLE MARKET.

JEFFERSON CITY,
Monday Morning, July 28, 1851.

Arrived to-day, 24 head of Western and a lot of Red River Beeves. The supply of Sheep is moderate; Calves and Hogs scarce. Prices remain in favor of holders.

—PRICES—

Beef Cattle (fine Western)	7@— ⅌ lb. net.
" " (Texas, etc.)	4@6 ⅌ lb. net.
Sheep	2½@3 ⅌ head.
Hogs	6½@7½ ⅌ lb. net.
Milch Cows	$25@35 ⅌ head.
Calves and Yearlings	$6@10 ⅌ head.

Concert Hall and Job Printing Office.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING, of every description, executed with the neatness and dispatch, and at prices as low as any house in the country. Persons desirous of having work done, are respectfully invited to give us a call before ordering elsewhere.

ALL KINDS OF LABOR, MULE BILLS, CARDS, CIRCULARS, BILL HEADS, NOTARIAL AND CORPORATE SEALS, BILLS OF LADING, STEAMBOAT BILLS, STEAMBOAT CARDS, BILL ENVELOPES, POSTERS AND HANDBILLS, COTTON RECEIPTS, BLANKS, ETC. ETC.

J. B. SYBERE & CO. 3d Camp st.

PORT OF NEW ORLEANS.

LATITUDE 30° 57' N.—LONGITUDE 90° W.—Time, 6h.

CHURCH OFFICE,
Tuesday Morning, July 29, 1851.

Cleared Yesterday.

Steamship Louisiana, Parker, Galveston, Harris & Morgan.
Ship Mary, Hawkes, Liverpool, J. G. Jenkins.
Brig Ariadne, Hawkins, Philadelphia, Pendleton Bros.
Schr Mentor, Webster, Tampico, John Hanley.

Arrived.

Ship William, Hall, 28 days from Philadelphia, to C J Mather & son, 1d ser.
Brig Adams Gray, Schneider, from Havana, 6½d inst, to J Phillips—in ballast.
Schr Randall Hunt, Thompson, 6 days from Brownsville, in ballast, to master—lumber.

STEAMBOATS.

Tuscumbia, Johnson, from St Louis.
Towboat Mary Kimbrel, Phillips, from the Passes—towed down and in tow on the 24th inst, for Alabama—through up with William and brig Adams Gray.

SELDOM—PASSED UP.

Ship Kate Kelly, from Liverpool.
Bark Raptor, from New York.

Exports.

BORDEAUX—Per brig Sylvester: 54,300 staves.
PHILADELPHIA—Per ship Mary Ann: 1200 pine boards, 27 white boards, 40 do cedar, 40 do walnut, 10 bbls molasses, 250 empty barrels, 20 do hoops, etc.
GALVESTON—Per steamship Louisiana: 201 bbls flour, 111 do whisky, 50 do pork, 10 kegs lard, 25 do butter, 100 sks corn, 100 do salt, etc.
PENSACOLA—Per schr Martha: 40 bbls flour, 20 bbls pork, 10 sacks beans, 100 sks corn, 20 do salt, and sundries.

Imports.

PHILADELPHIA—Per ship William: Assorted cargo.
HAVANA—Per brig Adams Gray: 21 bales tobacco ⅌ M Gomez—20 do, 3 bales cheroots E Cabrera—2 cases cigars J A Gravely—2 cases, and 10,000 cheroots J Valdes—1 case do, 50 jars oil, 100 kegs olives, 9 bags starch, 10 bales tobacco, 1 case do D Pujol—1 case cigars Dubroix & Bastien—1 case do F de Rivas—1 case do S M Cuesta—1 case do Dr Dupuy—10 bales tobacco Y Quintana Rosa—3 bales do Bernabe—1 case do F de Fuentes—27 bales do ⅌ Martin—1 case do C Belchen—1 case do Cruz—1 case do Dubroix & Bastien—1 pkg J H Hanks—1 do C Belcher & co—1 do Lebarbe & Xiques—2 cases 1 bales mdse J L del Campo—40 boxes sugar Kelly & Cayzgham.

Receipts of Produce.

ST LOUIS—Per steamer Tuscumbia: 1252 pkgs lead Kennedy & Foster—200 bales hay, 100 bbls flour Lyman, Scott & co—50 do, 20 kd do, 400 sks bran, 400 do oats E Wiggins—97 do corn J B Shaw & co—50 do do G W Gwynn—70 do do T Moore—60 do J Roper & co—491 do Pres. Free Bank—600 do to order—32 do, 30 kegs lard, 7 pkgs 3 casks beeswax Kendall, Dix & co—1 bale buffalo robes J Wilson—1 do do J Bowers—3 do Walton & co—3 bales wool J O Wendell—1 pkg do Walton & co—1 do Kendall & co—1 bale do Wilson—1 pkg 2 do Martin—1 bales peltries J B Sexton—1 pkg J H Hanks—1 do C Belcher & co—mdse to order.

Memorandum.

Steamer Tuscumbia left St Louis 23d inst. In port for New Orleans, steamers Concordia and Uncle Sam. The river from St Louis to Cairo falling fast.

The brig Adams Gray reports the brigs Tuscumbia and Mount Vernon and schr Rome at Havana, to sail in a few days for this port.

List of Vessels in Port Not Cleared.

[Note.—In the First municipality (designated in the following table by "m1"), the Nos. commence at the Customhouse and run up, in the Second (m2), the Nos. commence above the Steamboat Landing, No. 1 being Fathers Landing.....In the Third (m3), the Nos. commence at the Railroad and run down, No. 1, being Perry Wharf.]

Ships.					
Belle Assise	4,m1	Parthenon	2,m3	Josephine	RR
Camillus	2,m1	Rapidan	15,m3	Lucinda	RR
City of Lincoln	6,m1	Rio Grande	2,m3	Mongolia	2,m1
Cleopatra	2,m1	Sarah Sands	2,m3	Sag Quoque	RR
Coquette	21,m1	Tuscaloosa	2,m3	Star of the West	UPP
Eastern Queen	23,m1	Washington	12,m3	J. H. Palmer	UPP
Europe	5,m1	Wm. Jarvis	12,m3	Palmetto	1,m1
Paris	16,m1	William	7,m1	Texas	3,m3
Forest State	2,m1	**Barks.**		Water Witch	LPP
Gladiator	2,m1	Cyrus	1,m3	**Steamers.**	
Granadia	Pier	Hercules	2,m1	American	RR
Helena	14,m3	John Mundy	2,m1	Arizona	Pier
Isaac Rogers	4,m3	Lodback	10,m1	Brailford	UPP
James Pendell	18,m3	Lyons	11,m1	Jerald	LPP
Jas. Hewitt	12,m3	Mayo	2,m1	G. R. Lapsley	LPP
John Smith	1,m1	Milton	2,m1	Louisiana	LPP
Kate Hunter	27,m1	Prince	1,m1	Robert Fulton	Pier
Mobile	26,m3	Prince Albert	RR	J W Bennett	LPP
Manchester	2,m3	**Brigs.**		Mississippi	LPP
Metoca	1,m1	Adams Gray	RR	Mary Sim	LPP
Malvern	12,m3	Bath del Mar	LPP	P. M. Sears	LPP
Mt. Washington	1,m1	Emilie	11,m1	Tom Key	LPP
Nautilus	3,m3			T. Jones	LPP
Ocean Star	14,m1			Two Friends	LPP

NEW ORLEANS HONEY MARKET.

Corrected Daily by W. W. WHITE & Co. 31 Camp st.

Specie	
Mexican Dollars	15@20 ⅌ ct. pm.
American Dollars	15@par ⅌ ct. pm.

Exchange.

Paris	5.00@5.07½ francs.
London	9 @10½ ct. pm.
New York, 60 days	par @ ¼ ct. dis.
New York, sight	par @ ¼ ct. pm.
Boston, 30 days	par @ ¼ ct. pm.
Boston, sight	par @ ¼ ct. pm.

Gold.

Californ.	$17 25@17 35 ⅌ ounce.
American	par.
Spanish	par.
Napoleons	par.
Spanish Doubloons	$17 00@17 00
Mexican Doubloons	$16 00@16 00

Uncurrent Money.

Alabama State Bank	par @ par. dis.
Mobile Bank	par @ par. dis.
Georgia	par @ par. dis.
South Carolina	par @ par. dis.
North Carolina	par @ par. dis.
Northern Bank of Mississippi	5 @10 ct. dis.
Ass't and Agricultural Bank, (Natchez)	5 @par. dis.

Land Warrants.

One Hundred and Sixty Acres	$140 00@$145 00
Forty Acres	$35 00@$40 00

Western Money.

Kentucky	par @ ¼ ct. dis.
Indiana	par @ ¼ ct. dis.
Ohio	par @ ¼ ct. dis.
Missouri	par @ ¼ ct. dis.
Tennessee	par @ ¼ ct. dis.

NEW MUSIC—Just received at No. 39 Camp street, a very large assortment of NEW MUSIC, among which may be found—The Bloomer Schottish—by Demuler, with a splendid lithograph of the new costume;—O I Sing to Me—song by Miss Lakeman; Happy Days Then, but I Love Thee No More—composed by Wallace; Miss Flora—The Castle Song—by Wallace;—Village Maiden's Song—by Wallace; and of Friendship's music—by Wallace.

Also—An elegant assortment of FOREIGN MUSIC, which will be sold at very low prices, by

jy29 3t H. D. HEWITT.

READER, A WORD TO YOU!

IF you wish to have a most excellent Medicine in your house, to administer immediately in case of Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, etc., which is now prevalent, go immediately and get a bottle of

Beach's Anti-Cathartic Mixture,

one of the best remedies ever discovered. You will find it also quite a specific, safe and free from unpleasant and consequences infallible one than any thing ever known. It saves the vomiting and purging in Cholera and Cholera Morbus instantly.

NEW ORLEANS, July 17, 1851.

Samuel Reynolds, Esq., No. 125 Gravier street:

DEAR SIR: I take this opportunity of expressing to you my sincere thanks and gratitude, and publicly acknowledgment for the great benefit I have received from your treatment of the *TWO CANCERS* on my right hand, which, I am happy to state, is nearly or quite well, and they have the appearance of being thoroughly eradicated; and I am truly thankful that the torment under which I have so long labored has ceased. My pen is inadequate to express the degree of suffering I had experienced for the last two, particularly of the long thirty years, that I have been thus afflicted, as all who know me can testify. Last year Dr. Gilbert operated on me for some six months, and pronounced me cured, offering me a signed certificate of purgatory,) and joyful was I at this decision, as desirous was I to get rid of those twin Cancers, the well known and hated cause of my extreme pain and trouble for so long a period. But judge of my disappointment, when last spring they returned, in a much worse form than they were before. Dr. Gilbert treated and pronounced them cured. So, then, I applied to you, but, believe me, with little hope of relief at your hands, (after Dr. Gilbert, in whom I had placed so much confidence, had failed to effect a cure.) But you told me that you could cure my hand, and that quickly, and also that you would warrant a cure; and in all appearance you have fulfilled your promise, and I am satisfied that you know what your medicines can perform, as well as your patients feel their efficacy. And I, for one, appreciate your candor, perseverance and watchfulness, and especially your tact in keeping a patient with confidence; for, but it not been for this, I should have submitted to the amputation of my hand. But, thanks to kind Providence, and to you for your valuable services, that the misfortune is averted—my hand cured.

Very respectfully, your obliged and obedient servant,

JOHN F. HOYT, Hatter.

jy18 1m

BACON—100 casks and tierces Hams, Side and Shoulders, for sale by

jy6 I. W. ARTHUR & CO. 29 and 30 New Levee.

AQUA AMMONIA—10 carboys Aqua Ammonia, for sale very low, by P. L. MASSEY,

jy29 corner Camp and Gravier streets.

CALCINED MAGNESIA—10 cases Calcined Magnesia, just received, for sale by

aug24 P. L. MASSEY, corner Camp and Gravier sts.

LEMON SYRUP—200 boxes, superior article, for sale low, by NATHAN JARVIS & CO.,

jy24 corner Magazine and Gravier sts.

COFFEE—120 bags Havana Coffee, in store and for sale by C. B. BROADWELL & CO.,

jy6 28 Perdido street.

BACON—75 casks Hams, Sides and Shoulders, for sale by

jy15 I. W. ARTHUR & CO. 29 and 30 New Levee.

MOLASSES—225 bbls. heavy Muscovado Molasses, in table for receiving, for sale by

jy12 I. W. ARTHUR & CO. 29 Tchoupitoulas st.

CEMENT—Newark and Rosendale Hydraulic Cement, for sale by

jy6 HAYMAN & HOLDEN, 28 M—ngine st.

LIME—500 bbls. Thomaston, 800 do. Utica, 800 do. Alton, 50 casks St. Genevieve Lime, for sale by

jy28 HAYMAN & HOLDEN, 28 Magazine st.

SHOT AND LEAD—A complete assortment of Lead and Buck Shot, and Bar Lead, and a small lot of Shot in store, for sale by

jy6 FERD. KENNETT & CO. 29 Magazine st.

AGENCY OF THE O'FALLON STEAMBOAT—Mill, St. Louis—We will always be supplied with a stock of Lehigh Coal for sale.

jy17 ytf FERD. KENNETT & CO. 29 Magazine st.

RYE FLOUR.—70 bbls. Fresh Northern Rye Flour, in store, for sale by

jy13 FERD. KENNETT & CO.

CASTOR OIL.—18 barrels Adams' No. 1 St. Louis Castor Oil,

jy6 FERD. KENNETT & CO. 29 Magazine st.

STARCH.—30 boxes and 30 half-boxes superior starch, just