NEW ORLEANS:

SATURDAY MORNING, OCT. 25, 1851.

Whig Mass Meeting.

There was a very large gathering of our whig citizens last evening in Poydras street, near the Market, brought out by the report that some of the most distinguished men of the party in New Orleans were to address them.

Mr. S. G. Risk called the meeting to order, and nominated the following officers, who were appointed by acclamation:

President—J. E. Caldwell.

Vice-Presidents—A. Brother, R. B. Sykes, F. Sarda, F. Parmele, J. Stockton, J. A. Roberts, Gen. E. L. Tracy, A. Montanye, Col. I. G. Seymour, Moses Eastman, Wm. L. Cushing.

Secretaries—J. P. Wilson and Edward J. Carroll.

Mr. Caldwell, upon taking the chair, made a short address, and saying that the gathering reminded him of the days when the whigs marched on to victory under the banner of Old Zach, he introduced the first speaker, Mr. J. B. Gribble.

Mr. Gribble said that his position was rather novel—speaking in public was not his trade. He would not now speak of abolitionism, secession, Cuba, etc. He would leave them for discussion in a proper place, and at proper times.

The whig platform he calls a democratic platform. It gives the laborer and the mechanic a fair chance. Our citizens now see a city, standing unrivaled in position, kept down and crushed; and by what? Not by themselves. They have industry and energy enough, but these are not all the elements essential to their prosperity. New Orleans is essentially commercial, and the interests of her merchants and her working-men of all classes are dependent upon her commerce. It is, however, attempted by some to array these classes against each other. The whigs have laid down, not a political, but a commercial and a patriotic platform. They hope to place the city of NewOrleans in her true position. A year ago, he had felt like destroying the ship; every body interested in the prosperity of the city was despairing of New Orleans; but a brighter day is now dawning, and it lies with the citizens now to say whether the star which has risen shall reach the zenith. When reform was first proposed he hoped the democrats would lend a helping hand to carry it through, but he finds now that all is left to the whigs. The democrats made the Constitution, and they have no wish to destroy their offspring. They will not do it, depend upon it. To the whigs alone must the people look for the necessary changes. The candidates of the whig party are not politicians. Let us elect them. Let us show that New Orleans is now alive to her interests and is determined to maintain them.

Mr. Gribble's address was well conceived and elicited hearty applause. At its conclusion Mr. John W. Price, candidate from the First Representative District, was introduced by the President as the next speaker.

Mr. Price said that, notwithstanding the claim of the democrats to this platform, it was really the property of the whigs; yet it was large enough to accommodate both parties. We had conversed, he said, to aid in devising measures to elevate NewOrleans to that proud pinnacle to which she has an especial right. He was sure that our citizens would lend their aid in the effort, as they could not but wish to throw off the burdens under which we labor. It becomes necessary to call a Convention to form a new Constitution that may take the place of that under which we now suffer, which fails to provide us with the means essential to prosperity. Our Banks are not such as are required by the wants of the community, and we must have a new system. We do not want such as those of 1837, but such as will give us a currency and provide us with means for works, without which we must go backwards, and the notes of which will always be at par. With capital thus supplied, our Railroads may be constructed, and we may advance in the path to that commercial greatness which is the true destiny of NewOrleans.

Louisiana, as a State, has no rival. No State equals her in resources, and only NewYork approaches her in the elements of commercial greatness. And what is NewYork doing? She grasps with her iron arms all the riches of a vast interior, stretching them out even to embrace the stores designed by nature to flow into the reservoir of NewOrleans. And why? Why, the merchant in NewYork knows that the interests of the railroad are identical with his own; and such is no less the case with ourselves. Hardly a railroad would leave this city without meeting one from some of the Western States, and thus give us the advantage of other labor. Our Western friends see the great importance of rail, roads, and are now spending vast sums in their construction, and thus are fast reaping the benefits of them. Take, for instance, the State of Kentucky. Since the railroad from Louisville to Lexington, the population of that city has increased to 40,000; and now they talk of making one from Louisville to Cincinnati, which will give them direct communication with NewYork. The interests of Louisville and NewOrleans are identical, and a direct communication is of vast importance to us. Unless we meet her in this respect, NewOrleans is a doomed city.

As another instance, let us take the Hudson River. Fifteen years ago, a man would have been pronounced a lunatic to have proposed a railroad to Albany; and now one is competing successfully with the finest boats in the world. Railroads unite all interests, bringing distant points together, bind us more closely, and make us all brothers.

England and France, that a few years ago treated us with contempt, are now taught to regard us a rival. They fear us, and are especially desirous to see a check placed upon our advancing prosperity by having a single star from our banner. Nothing would please them so much. But they are doomed to disappointment. Secession has been put down not only in Georgia, Alabama, and Mississippi, but in that hot-bed of discunion, South Carolina. Let us now bind our Union still more closely—let us do our duty to ourselves, and prove worthy of the glorious family of which we are a member.

Major Ranney followed Mr. Price, and delivered a speech full of facts and suggestions that should be impressed upon the mind of every citizen, with regard to the obstacles in the way of the advancement of this city. Our limits forbid that we should give more of his speech than the following sketch. He had gone at some length into the wants of the people of New Orleans, and concluded as follows: "We want you, we give candidates, on next Monday week, to come to the polls and give us a lift—some votes, and we shall see what we can do for you."

Mr. Randall Hunt followed Major Ranney in a masterly speech, which we cannot attempt to report. He reviewed the present condition of affairs in the State, showed the great defects of the present Constitution, and exposed its vast defects, denounced it in the strongest terms, examined the various branches of the Government, showed them to be unsuitable for the wants of the period, and impressed upon his audience the importance of radical and immediate changes.

At the close of Mr. Hunt's eloquent address, the meeting adjourned.

WEEKLY REPORT OF THE CHARITY HOSPITAL.—The following is the report of the Charity Hospital for the week ending October 24, at six o'clock, P. M.: Admitted 433; Discharged 375; Deaths 33. Number remaining 2[illegible]. Not a single death from Yellow Fever or Cholera. The greatest number of patients are sick with the intermittent and Bilious Fevers.

FIRES.—A fire broke out at about half-past eleven o'clock on Thursday night, in a kitchen in Edward street, between Magazine and Constance. The damage was inconsiderable. At about one o'clock yesterday morning, another fire occurred on the corner of Adele and Tchoupitoulas streets, which destroyed four or five buildings before it was extinguished. The Firemen's Exchange, a Coffee-house occupied by J. H. Shelling, a clothing store kept by John Miller, and two other buildings with kitchens and outhouses, were destroyed. It was reported at the fire that a child, the daughter of a fruit vendor, was in one of the burning houses, and the report produced some excitement. We believe, however, that the child was found unhurt. Shelling and Miller were insured.

A third fire broke out at two o'clock, in a stable about a square higher than that on the corner of Adele street, but it was extinguished before any considerable amount of damage was done, and before the engines reached the spot.

A fourth fire occurred at five o'clock yesterday morning, at the corner of Race and Camp streets, by which six or seven buildings, altogether, were destroyed, four of which were fine dwelling houses. One of the dwellings was occupied by the Rev. Mr. Campbell, another by Jackson Stringer, and a third by a colored family. Part of the property was insured. The buildings in all these fires were of wood, and the fire companies deserve great credit for arresting the flames, with so small an amount of damage. A high wind prevailed at all the fires, and made the task of the firemen doubly arduous.

THE MURDER CASE.—The examination of Michael Kearney and Pat Manahan, the former charged with the murder of Patrick Rose, and the latter with being an accessory, was concluded yesterday, and both parties were sent before the First District Court.

Counsel applied for the discharge of Manahan, on the ground that no evidence was brought forward implicating him in the murder, but Recorder Caldwell declined to grant the request. He also refused to admit him to bail, referring counsel to Judge Lorne in the premises.

THE IRISH MURDER CASE.—Richard Stewart and Salvator Nobolo were yesterday examined before Recorder Genois, charged with being accessory to the death of Thos. Leach, and were sent before the First District Court. Paul Fossi was also examined on the same charge, but no evidence appeared to connect him with the affair, he was discharged. Nobolo also stands committed on a charge of stabbing Henry McClusky, with intent to kill.

A MAN KILLED.—An inquest was held yesterday on the body of a man named Bastian Boulanger, aged 38 years, a native of France, who was found dead in a house on the corner of Craps and Bartholomew streets. Verdict—died from the fracture of his skull.

The deceased was engaged in hauling logs, one of which rolled back in consequence of the breaking of a chain, and striking him on the head, inflicted a fearful and a fatal wound. The poor fellow lived but a few minutes after receiving the blow.

INQUEST.—An inquest was held on Thursday evening, on the body of a white man, name unknown, found dead on Verret's Canal, about a mile from the river at Algiers. The body was in a very advanced state of decomposition, and little could be gathered from his appearance, for her than that the hair of the deceased was red. He had on a black cloth frock coat, snuff colored pants, a black hat and fine boots. The Jury rendered a verdict that deceased came to his death by suicide, in shooting himself through the heart with a pistol. A silver watch and two dollars and sixty cents in money were found in his pockets, and a pistol, with a box of percussion caps, some gunpowder and buckshot, were on the ground near the body.

THE LATE JEWELRY ROBBERY.—The examination of Delaney, the man who stole the watches and jewelry, a short time since, from Edward McGovern, was commenced yesterday before Recorder Caldwell, but was postponed on account of McGovern's absence.

Mr. H. Franco made application, through counsel, to be discharged, the testimony having failed to connect him in any shape with the job bery.

The Recorder stated that there were two reasons why the request ought, in his opinion, to be granted. The first was, that Delaney had declared that he alone committed the robbery, and, in the second place, it was extremely improbable that Franco, had he been concerned, would have allowed the jewelry to be "planted" in different parts of the city, beyond his control. He would have kept the whole of it. He (the Recorder) was satisfied that Franco was innocent, and discharged him from custody.

MORE STARVING.—An affray occurred yesterday morning, on board the steamboat St. James, lying at the foot of Conti street, during which a colored man named John Frazier, was dangerously stabbed by another colored man named John Williams. Officer William Doran, of the First Municipality police, arrested Williams, and Recorder Genois ordered him to be committed until the result of Frazier's wounds should be known.

FEMININE TROUBLES.—Catherine Walker, Margaret Herbert and Mary Wood, came before Recorder Caldwell yesterday, charged with breaking the peace in various fashions and were settled with according to the amount of damage suffered by the said peace. Mary Wood's case seemed the worst of the three. She was charged with pulling Ann Hennin's hair, and assaulting her with a hatchet, touching which transaction the Recorder will inquire particularly on the 28th instant.

MISAPPROPRIATION.—William Roy yesterday charged William Newman with having broken up a wagon belonging to him, and not appropriating the proceeds to his own use and benefit. The particulars will be examined into by Recorder Caldwell on the 26th instant.

Something for Every Body.

A ton of gold is worth $456,960.

General Lane, M. C. from Oregon, had a handsome reception on his arrival at Cincinnati, on the 11th inst.

The steamer Senator, recently sunk in the Ohio river, near Rockport, Va., has been raised.

Some of the citizens of Newport (Ky.) are organizing a safety fund bank.

Rev. John Little has been convicted of heresy by an Ecclesiastical Council in New York city.

A Women's Rights Convention is now holding at Worcester, Mass. This is the third attempt.

The old theory of an opening at the North Pole, into which vessels may be sucked, has been revived.

He is an accountant who can cast up corr estly the sum of his own errors.

A rich mine of lead has lately been discovered on Painter Creek, Clayton county, Iowa.

About 2500 laborers are at work on the Covington and Lexington Railroad at the present time.

The death of James Buchanan, formerly British Consul in New York is recorded in the Montreal papers. He died at Elmwood, near that city, in the 81st year of his age.

The papers say that Forrest has greatly improved as an actor. His representations are more subdued, discriminating and refined.

B. W. Washington, Esq., formerly of Charlestown, Va., and late Recorder of Sacramento city, is now in the Custom-house department at Monterey.

A lovely little girl, two years old, daughter of Mr. Castleton, at Albany, N. Y., was drowned by falling into a tub containing about four inches of water.

The sisters Bateman were about to commence their provincial engagements. They have been prodigiously successful in London.

The United States brig Dolphin has sailed from New York, upon her expedition to endeavor to run a line of soundings across the Atlantic.

The price of passage from Montgomery to Mobile is only twenty-five dollars, and the freight on as upward hogshead of sugar twenty dollars.

The Cleveland and Columbus, and the Columbus and Xenia Railroads, in Ohio, are said to pay better than any other railroads in the country in proportion to cost and length.

Colonel H. E. Mallett, of Salem, Indiana, an old and highly respected citizen, died very mysteriously on the 10th instant.

The contract for the first division of the North Carolina Railroad has been taken by a company at Raleigh. It will take two years to complete the Railroad.

Some five or six hundred persons have been naturalized in New York during the past week in view of the approaching election there.

The Raleigh (N. C.) Register entered into the fifty-third year of its existence on Wednesday last, the 8th instant.

Mrs. Mowatt is playing in Philadelphia. She is a great favorite. It is said that her NewYork kindred consider her vocation degrading and have cut her acquaintance.

Kossuth's connection with his career as a reporter for the Hungarian Diet, and afterwards became the editor of an influential journal. Some editors are very great men, and all suffer with patriotic endurance.

There is but one linen manufactory in this country, and that is the mill of Mr. Stevens, at Webster, Mass. There is a steady demand for the linen made at this establishment.

Judge Searburg was recently elected to fill the Chair of Law Professor in the College of William and Mary, Va., rendered vacant by the death of Judge Beverly Tucker. The Judge has accepted the appointment.

The trial of Mason, for cutting his wife's throat with a razor, in Haywood county, N. C., on the 7th day of October, resulted in his conviction. He was sentenced to be hung on the first inst.

The Chambersburg (Pa.) Whig mentions the failure of Mr. Frederick Rosner, and states that Mr. Lewis Deeig, an old and esteemed citizen and one of Rosner's creditors, had committed suicide.

A statistical writer in the Boston Daily Advertiser shows, by an examination of the Harvard College catalogue for 200 years, that clergymen have a greater chance for long life than lawyers.

The sentence of death pronounced against several persons in Naples for having arms in their houses contrary to the police orders has been graciously commuted by his Majesty to nineteen years imprisonment in irons!

The Department of State, at Washington, officially announces the death of Mr. Edmund A. Windmuller, a citizen of the United States, at Fossinous, Italy, on the 19th ultimo.

George Schultz was bitten in the hand by a rattlesnake at Reading, Pa., last Sunday week, but the application of bandages and ligatures prevented the spread of the poison further than greatly to swell and pain the arm.

A man by the name of Murphy, living near Gallatin, Mo., about two weeks since, murdered his wife, by beating her to death. He made his escape, but parties are in pursuit of him.

Hon. J. D. Bright was struck by paralysis, at his residence in Madison, on the 10th instant. He was speechless for some moments, but by the aid of a medical attendant was restored to consciousness.

The grave is indeed hallowed when the grass of the churchyard can convey all sounds of joy that of mourning. We dwell on every good gift of the lost one as though no unworthy thought could cross that little mound of earth; the barrier between us and worth.

Max Maretzek has leased the Astor Place theater for six weeks, beginning about the first of November. He has five prima donnas, namely, Steffanoni, Bosio, De Vries, Bertucca, and Truffi, and three tenors, namely, Bettini, Benedetti, and Lorini.

Wm. W. Story, the son of the late Judge Story, sailed, with his family, on the 15th, for Italy, where he intends to renew his residence and his studies in art. It is understood that he leaves the biography of his father, which he has been preparing, ready for publication.

The Ether Manufactory of Mr. Floyd C. Smith, in Middle Haddam, Ct., was blown up on the 20th ult., and totally destroyed—the building taking fire. Mr. Smith was taken out, but so badly injured that he survived only to the 7th inst., when he expired.

Two of the thirty-six Hungarians who were hung in effigy lately by the Austrian Government, arrived in this country last week. They were Madarasz and Baron Meilasyi, and are now on their way to Wisconsin or Iowa, to form a colony some where in the West.

There is now in operation at Montgomery, Ala., an establishment of Iron Works, which gives daily employment to one hundred and fifty persons. The establishment was started about a year and a half ago, and since that time has turned out over eighty steam engines.

Travel to the Pacific—Important Arrangements.—The sailing days for the United States mail steamers from NewYork for San Francisco, have been changed. The Philadelphia was to sail on the 22d, the Georgia on the 24th, and the Illinois on the 25th of this month. Hereafter the sailing days will be the 9th, 11th, 24th, and 26th of each month, unless those days happen upon Sunday, when they will be dispatched on the day following. The Pacific Mail Steamship Company have received permission from the government to sail from Panama immediately on arrival of the Atlantic mails, instead of waiting, as heretofore, until the regular days established by the Post-office Department, thus saving a detention of some four or five days.

Railroad Commencement.—The first earth was turned on the 16th instant for the Toronto and Lake Erie Railroad, by the Countess of Elgin, in the presence of 20,000 people.

PORT OF NEW ORLEANS.

LATITUDE 29° 58' N.—LONGITUDE 90° W.—in Time 6h.

CRESCENT OFFICE,
Saturday Morning, October 25, 1851.

Cleared Yesterday.

Steamship Empire City, Tanner, NewYork, via Havana, J R Jennings
Ship Avalanche, Baker, Havre, J P Whitney & co
Ship Claiborne, Warham, Bordeaux, D Lanata
Schr Home, Holzsch, Chagres, via San Juan de Nicaragua, W B Brown
Steamer Liberty, Taylor, Sabine City and Galveston, O Wickham

Arrived.

Ship Sandusky, Moreland, 1 day from Mobile, in ballast, to J P Whitney—3d mv.
Brem brig Sylphide, Osterloh, from San Juan de Nicaragua 16 instant, to Gaudet & co—1st mv.
Schr Sarah Porter, from Brazos St Jago 17th inst, to John Alexander—1st mv.
Brig Lake Dart, Smith, 6 days from Ruatan Island, to Barelli & co—1st mv.

STEAMBOATS.

America, Johnson, from St Louis.
Columbus, Peel, from St Louis.
Caddo, Dimitry, from Donaldsonville.
Gipsy, Urs, from Bayou Sara.
Gently Brake, White, from Vicksburg.
Natchez No 2, Leathers, from Hard Times.

Towboat Persian, Pinnegar, from the Passes—went down light—brought up ship Sandusky, brig Sylphide, schrs Corsh and Dart.

Memoranda.

Captain Osterloh, of the brig Sylphide, from San Juan de Nicaragua, reports a large number of passengers from California, waiting for a passage to the different ports in the States.

List of Vessels in Port Not Cleared.

(NOTE.—In the First municipality (designated in the following table by "1st"), the Nos. commence at the Railroad and run up. In the Second (2d), the Nos. commence above the Steamboat Landing, No. 1 being Pauline Landing.—In the Third (3d), the first commence at the Railroad and run down. No. 1, being Perry Wharf.)

Ships.					
Anna Rich	2,nd	Richmond	2d,nd	American	LPT
Arthur	2,nd	Rich'd Mason	2d,nd	Augusta	Point
Ashton	2,nd	Sandusky	2,nd	August Adolph	B M
Brutus	2,nd	Semmerset	1,nd	C. de Maylath	B M
Cairo	2,nd	Sir Robert Peel	2,nd	Caroline	LPT
Calvin Sturdee	2,nd	Tamaroe	17,nd	Genoese	B M
Chas Chaloner	L'ne	Thos. Wright	2d,nd	Hamlet	2,nd
C Humberston	2d,nd	Westmoreland	3,rd	Independence	3,rd
Chiswick	2,nd			Josephine	B M
E. Dennison	1,st	**Barks.**		Mangola	L'ne
Elias Reid	2d,nd	Abbot Lord	1st,nd	Morocco	B M
Emperor	2,nd	Aguilla	1st,nd	Mt. Vernon	LPT
Empire	2,nd	Catalina	2,nd	Ohio	2,nd
Sophronisba	2d,nd	Caldera	2,nd	Rosina	B M
Forest King	2,nd	Cherokee	2,nd	Two Marys	B M
H. Pusinous	2,nd	Thompson	2,nd		
Hampton	2,nd	Cyrian	2,nd	**Schooners.**	
Harley	1st,nd	Fanny	1,st	Agir	B M
Indiana	2,nd	George	2,nd	American	B M
J. Leslie	2,nd	Gison	2,nd	Anita	LPT
Jas. Brownlee	1st,nd	Gonhourie	2,nd	Adelpho	2,nd
John Cummings	2,nd	Hamilton	L'ne	Bucks	LPT
John H. Jarvis	2,nd	Kalina	2,nd	Corsh	LPT
John Smith	L'ne	Kirby	1st,nd	Dart	LPT
Joshua Maurice	1st,nd	Lady Knight	2,nd	E. S. Adams	LPT
Lapland	1st,nd	Lydia	1st,nd	Fairy	2,nd
Lafoud Dyer	2,nd	Mayo	2,nd	H. L. Sarasine	LPT
Lexington	2d,nd	Milledgeville	B M	Jane Elizabeth	LPT
Maid of Orleans	B M	Montauk	2,nd	L. P. Rogers	LPT
Manilla	2,nd	Nicaragua	2d,nd	M. D. Sears	Point
Mt. Washington	2,nd	Rising Sun	2,nd	Mechanic	2,nd
Narragansett	2d,nd	S. H. Knight	2,nd	Mary Ellen	LPT
Normandy	L'ne	Sarsgoss	L'ne	Nassau	LPT
Olympus	1st,nd	Robert	1st,nd	Nelson	LPT
Palmira Bloom	2,nd	Roanoke	2,nd	Pasaman	LPT
Pons Catalonia	2,nd			Rebecca	2,nd
Rebecca	2,nd	**Brigs.**		Star	LPT
Revenue	1st,nd	Albert	2d,nd		

The Alabama Synod.—The Synod of Alabama, which was in session for several days at Selma, adjourned on the 13th of October. The number of ministers and elders in attendance was very large. The Synod embraces at present 53 churches, 53 ministers, and over 4000 communicants.

Delivered Up.—The expedition vessels, Rescue and Advance, which have been under the laws regulating the Naval service of the United States, were delivered up to Mr. Grinnell, the owner, last week. They will be laid up at the Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn, N. Y., subject to the order of the Government, should they decide to renew the search for Sir John Franklin next year.

The Webster Nominating Convention.—The Springfield (Mass.) Republican says that the proposed Webster Convention in this State has been fixed for the 25th of November, at Faneuil Hall. The call will soon be issued, signed by two hundred of the leading friends of Mr. Webster in the State, each county furnishing five times as many signers as she sends Senators. It will be one of the most respectable and influential political gatherings ever convened in Massachusetts.

NEW ORLEAN MARKETS.

CRESCENT OFFICE,
Saturday Mn, October 25, 1851.

We are still without any important changes to notice in our general market, the Wharves being yet too low to allow any considerable receipts of produce, in which department there continues to be, generally, an unusual degree of dullness. Cotton, however, continues to be active, and, so far it fully keeps pace with the supply. The first lot of new Sugar arrived this week, and the demand for it freely, and the demand for it fully keeps pace with the supply. The first lot of new crop of good quality was readily sold at 5c ⅌ lb. Total receipts continued heavy, as is also the case with Flour and Corn.

News from Liverpool to the 11th instant is now hourly expected by the Cunard steamer Arabia, due at New York.

Cotton—The week opened with a good inquiry for our principal staple, and as it was met by large receipts, the business of the first four days ending up 21,000 bales, as follows: 3500 on Saturday, 5000 on Monday, 7500 on Tuesday, and 6000 on Wednesday, prices ruling irregular and a shade easier, but on the whole ranging at our previous figures. On Thursday, also, there was a good attendance of buyers, who took about 6000 bales, at pretty rates. Yesterday, the Hermann's advices, three days later from Liverpool, were before the public, but as the material intelligence was already anticipated by telegraph, it would make a total for the week of 33,000 bales, taken by the trade, the Continent, and our Northern ports. Prices, on the whole, pretty well sustained, and we only slight change our quotations for the medium qualities. The receipts at this port since the 1st of September are 176,011 bales, against 108,190 to the same date last year, and at all the other Southern ports there is now an increase, compared with last year, of 31,510 bales.

NEW ORLEANS CLASSIFICATION.

Inferior		Middling Fair	7¾@ 7¾
Ordinary	6 @ 6¼	Fair	8¾@ 9¾
Middling	6¾@ 7	Good Fair	10 @ 10¼
Good Middling	7¼@ 7½	Good and Fine	nominal.

Cotton and Tobacco Statement.

	Cotton, bales.	Tobacco, hhds.
Stock on hand, Sept. 1	15,300	23,871
Received past week	33,517	357
" previously	43,494—177,189	2,354— 2,911
	192,489	26,082
Exported past week	15,136	46
" previously	162,611— 87,721	7,696— 7,742
Stock on hand, not cleared	104,768	18,340

Tobacco—Great dullness still prevails in the Tobacco market, and the sales of this week do not exceed 250 hhds. Most of the transactions have been on private terms, so that we are unable to give range of prices, and can only quote as before: Frozen, 3 @ 3¾; Lugs, 3¾ @ 5; Leaf, Inferior and Common, 5 @ 5¾; Fair to Fine, 6¼ @ 7; Choice, 7½ @ 8½c ⅌ lb.

The first hhd. of sugar was received on Saturday last, by Mr. Geo. R. Fearn, of the Co. It was of unusually good quality for the period of the season, and was purchased for shipment to New York at 5½c ⅌ lb.

Sugar—The Stock of Sugar remaining on hand is small, and very little of the crop remains in the interior. A few lots of new arrived of late in the week, and have been disposed of readily at 4½ @ 5c, for good Common to Fair qualities. 18 hhds Inferior, on Thursday, at 3¾c ⅌ lb. The range for old crop lots, so far as we can learn, without change, and we repeat last week's figures, remaining, however, that the transactions at these rates have been limited to retail parcels: Inf to Common, 4 @ 5¼; Fair to Fully Fair, 5¼ @ 6¼; Prime Choice, 6¼ @ 6½ ⅌ lb.

Week's receipts, hds—exports, 10.

Molasses—We have been several arrivals of Molasses of the new crop, we have seen of from the field at 24 @ 27½c ⅌ gallon, nothing to quality. The stock of old crop is almost exhausted, and our quotations of 15 @ 16c ⅌ gallon are nearly nominal.

Week's receipts, bbls—exports, none.

Flour—Navigation of the Ohio river remains suspended, except for boats whittle or no freight, and our receipts of Ohio descriptions of Flour have been trifling. There has been a fair supply of Illinois and Ind. Lots, and, as usual, when there is a good demand, prices have ruled rather lower. The week's sales including 1000 bbls taken yesterday, embrace nearly 7000bls, at the following range of prices: Fine, 4 @ 4¼; St. Louis, light weight, 4¼ @ 4½; Superfine Indiana, St. Louis, 4¾ @ 4¾; Superfine Indiana and St. Louis, 4¾ @ 4¾ 75, and Extra and Fancy brands 4¾ @ 4¾ 50 ⅌ bbl.

Week's receipts, 7[illegible] bbls—exports, ——.

Corn—The market has continued dull and prices declined early in the week to 40 ⅌ basket for Yellow and White. There, latterly, however, been a rather heavier feeling, and there since Wednesday have ranged at 42 @ 40c for Mixed and Yellow, and 42 @ 43 for White, the outside rates only small or very prime lots. The sales of the week sum up at 15,000 sacks, of which 4000 were taken yesterday. Quare gone off slowly at 40 @ 40c ⅌ basket for Ohio and Ind. Lots. Bran in moderate lots has sold at 65 @ 70 ⅌ 100 lb, the inside returning in the later transactions. We have heard of no sales of Wheat during the week.

Week's receipts Corn, 17,729 sacks—exports, 12,960.

Provisions—The Pork market has continued without animation, sales are reported as having been made at prices considerably below our last week's figures. At retail, Mess has sold at $14 @ $14 50, and Prime at $13 @ $13 50, and small lots of P. O. uninspected, early in the week, at $13 ⅌ bbl. It reported on Thursday that 600 bbls had been sold at about $13 50, but that price was refused by holders generally. It continues very scarce, and business has been confined to sell parcels at $14 50 @ $15 00 ⅌ bbl for Mess and $13 @ $13 for Prime. Bacon has met with a rather better demand about the range of our figures of last week. The sales embrace about 150 casks, including a lot of 30 casks at 10c ⅌ lb, for prime sides. Shoulders have generally sold at 5¾ @ 6c and Hams at 9 @ 10c ⅌ lb for Ordinary Plain to choice Sugar-cured. Lard has continued dull and drooping. The sales make 200 tierces No. 1 in Prime at 9, 175 kegs Prime at 10, 270 at 10¼, 500 from store also at 10¼, and some smallpts at the same rate. Western Butter has been steady at 11 @ 12c, and Cheese at 7 @ 8c ⅌ lb, with a limited demand.

Rice—Rice little has been doing in rice since our last, there have been no arrivals, and none remaining in first hands. Quotations are nominal at 4¼ @ 4½c ⅌ lb.

Whisky—We have noticed only small sales of this article at 20c ⅌ gon for Rectified, and have heard of no transactions in Rd.

Bagging and Rope—Business in these articles has been limited to small parcels at 12½ @ 14c for Bagging and 6¾ @ 6¾c for Rope. The principal sales have been 30 coils Rope at 6¾ and pieces and coils at 14 and 6¾c.

Gunny Bags—We have noticed small sales of Gunny Bags from the Levee at 23 @ 25c, and from store at 10c ⅌ bag.

Salt—Cargo of 3300 sacks Liverpool was sold on private terms, at one of 2700, one half fine, to arrive, at the reduced rate of 90c ⅌ sack. From second hands the rates have also declined to $1 10 @ $1 20 for Fine, delivered free of drayage.

Coffee—The demand for Rio Coffee has not been active, and the frame rates at which the market closed at the date of our last weekly report have not since been realized. The sales embrace about 6500 bags at 8 @ 8¼c ⅌ lb, the outside rate being paid for the best in market. One further cargo of 5254 bag has arrived direct, making the stock first and second hands last evening about 27,000 bags. This, however, includes some arrivals southwise.

Stearine—We have noticed a few sales of this article during the week, at 18 @ 19c ⅌ lb.

Hay—The principal sale of Hay that we have noticed during the week, was 900 bales Maine at $14 25. Prices for Western range at $14 @ $14 25 ⅌ ton.

Lime—A cargo of 1400 bbs Thomaston was received early in the week, and sold to a dealer at $1 35 ⅌ bbl. From second hands, the prevailing rate for Thomaston is $1 50 ⅌ barrel.

Lead—No transactions are yet reported.

Hemp—We have yet no sales to report.

Tallow—We quote prime City rendered at 6¾c. There no Western in market.

Milaga Fruit and Wine—A cargo which arrived last week was sold, on Monday, as follows: 3375 boxes MR. Raisins at $2 10 @ $2 20; 1600 half boxes at $1 12½ @ $1 15; 500 quarter boxes at 67 @ 70c; 475 kegs Grapes at $2 25; 300 grapes to be in condition, at $1 15 @ $1 25; 80 bbls Sweet Wine at 32 @ 35c, and 40 bbls Dry Wine at $1 @ $1 ⅌ gallon. Terms—sums over $300, 60 and 90 days credit; under $300, cash. Yesterday, also, the brig Carmen's cargo was sold by R. B. Sykes, as follows: 3000 boxes MR. Raisins at $2 10 @ $2 20; 1500 half do. at $1 07½ @ $1 12½; 500 quarter do. at 65c; 1000 boxes Layers at $2 25 @ $2 30; 1000 half do. at $1 12½ @ $1 25; 400 quarter do. at 72 @ 75c; 200 boxes Figs at 5 @ 5½c ⅌ lb; 180 kegs Grapes at $2 25; 300 boxes Lemons at $2 75 @ $3 75; 50 quarter casks Sweet Wine at 25c; 45 India bbls. do. at 35 @ 35½c ⅌ gallon.

Freights—Owing to increased arrivals from sea, the rates fell off again, and some nine or ten ships and barks have been taken at 9-16d for Cotton to Liverpool, and 1¼c for Havre, etc.

Exchanges—The offerings have been more than equal to the demand, and in consequence the rates have been only liberally sustained:

Sterling	108½ @ 108¾
Francs	5 23¾ @ 5 27½
New York sixty-day Bills	¾ @ ¾ pr. cent. disc.
Sight Checks on New York	¼ @ ½ pr. cent. disc.

NEW ORLEANS CATTLE MARKET.

JEFFERSON CITY,
Friday Evening, October 24, 1851.

Arrived, during the past week, 654 Beef Cattle, 620 Hogs, 772 Sheep, 28 Milch Cows, and — Calves and Yearlings.

The stock of Beef Cattle continues very ample, and closes with a moderate supply of Milch Cows and Sheep. The market had been but scantily supplied with Hogs during the previous and the first part of this week, but an ample supply arrived during the past few days. Veal Cattle are scarce.

BEEF CATTLE (Western), (Texas, etc)	—PRICES—	
	4¼ @ 4¾c	⅌ lb net.
	3¾ @ 4c	⅌ lb net.
Hogs	6¾ @ 7c	⅌ lb net
Sheep	$2 25 @ $2 50	⅌ head.
Milch Cows	$35 @ $45	⅌ head.
Calves and Yearlings	$6 00 @ $9 00	⅌ head.

FOR SALE—In pints and quarts, in fine order, for sale by JOHN TOOLE, 38 Bank Place.

AMUSEMENTS.

The Gipsy Girl.

LATELY arrived from Europe, and being the French Daughter of La the Gipsy Family, begs leave to inform the ladies and gentlemen of NewOrleans that she designs staying a short time in the city, and all those wishing her services will please call at her residence, on Customhouse street, No. 84, between Royal and Bourbon streets, where she will be happy to inform them of the Present and the Future. Ladies and gentlemen wishing to have the circumstances related to them, shall, likewise their future prospects, will do well by calling on the Gipsy Girl. Hours from 9 to 12 and from 2 to 6 o'clock. Consultation $1 00. oct 24

Great Exhibition.

SATURDAY, October 25—1 hr; exhibition of the YUCATAN FEMALE DWARF, about 30 years old, 32 inches high. She has no arms and works with her feet, which she uses with a great deal of skill. She sews, rolls cigars, loads and fires pistols, etc. She will be exhibited for eight days, from 10 A. M. to 1 P. M., and in the evening from 5 to 8 o'clock, in one of Mme. Fontelle's Buildings, corner of St. Anne and Levee streets.

Admission 50 cents; colored persons will be admitted with white families and will pay 25 cents; children some price. oct 24 1w*

Armory Hall.

HERR ALEXANDER will perform four nights next week, commencing MONDAY, Oct. 27, and the following TUESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY Nights and every night during the week following. He will figure every night in a great change of performances.

☞ Great combination of talent. Astonishing and amusing displays. The perfection of mind over inert matter.

The original Simon Pure, Mysterious and Incomprehensible HERR H. ALEXANDER,

the celebrated Magician and Ventriloquist, Recommended that he ever appeared since the creation of the world.

☞ First Magician's Dream commences with Herr Alexander's spirits in the

ENCHANTED PALACE,

dressed in rich costumes from the East.

All the Novelties in Natural Magic will be performed by the great King of Magicians. All the mysteries of the Enchanted Palace will be performed and displayed in the beautiful Magician's Dream. Representations of Parlor Amusements, Magnetic Delusions, Enchantments, great Miracles, and splendid and unsurpassable feats of modern Magic, never before exhibited in the United States, embracing many new and astonishing feats of Science and Art.

A Box Band of Music will perform various music every night.

The Wonderous and Mysterious will commence at a quarter to 8 o'clock; doors open at 7, precisely.

Tickets 50 cents, children 25 cents.

☞ Parties wishing a choice of seats can secure them from the hours—keeper from 10 to 12 o'clock, A. M. Carriages may be ordered at half-past 10 o'clock.

During the following week it may be expected that Herr Alexander will perform one night for the Benefit of the Firemen of New Orleans. oct 24

Great Attraction at Armory Hall.

MONDAY EVENING, October 27—Herr ALEXANDER, the famous Magician, Ventriloquist, etc., etc., has arrived in the city and will commence a Series of Entertainments at the above Place on Monday evening next.

☞ Particulars and programme will be published. oct

Benefit of the Firemen's Charitable Association.

☞ A grand display of FIREWORKS will be given on Lafayette Square on the 15th November next, by Mr. G. CATOIN, for the benefit of the Association. A new magnificent feature in the contemplated display will be a perfect representation of the celebrated Crystal Palace.

To give every person a chance of witnessing the exhibition, as well as to enable all to contribute their mite for the good cause, the tickets of admission will be put at 50 cents, which can be obtained at the principal music and book stores in the city, at the offices of the newspapers, and from the undersigned, members of the committee:

HENRY BIER, President, Mayor's office.
FAN'L G. FINK, Vice President Municipal Hall.
J. B. BARCHUS, Treasurer, 56 Tchoupitoulas st.
G. W. HUBBELL, Secretary, 25 Magazine st.
J. S. MCINTIRE, 1 Charles st.
E. J. MCGOVERN, Commercial Queen Hotel.
JULIUS FULDA, 75 Port st.
JR GIBBEY, 20 Mandeville st.
F. GAUBER, Surveyor's office, Customhouse.

Grand Military, Civic and Fancy Dress Ball.

In Commemoration of the First Anniversary of the Louisiana Greys.

☞ A Grand Ball will take place at the Washington Armory Hall on SATURDAY EVENING, November 1, 1851.

Tickets, $1 00 each; to be had of the officers, the Invitation Committee, at the Music and Book stores, and at the door.

.... MANAGERS ....

Geo Jas