The Daily Crescent.

FIFTEEN CENTS A WEEK. NEW ORLEANS, MONDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 3, 1851. VOLUME IV.—NUMBER 208.

The Daily Crescent

OFFICIAL JOURNAL
Of the Council of the Second Municipality.

Published Every Day—Sunday Excepted—
BY J. H. RANDON.
OFFICE.....No. 98 St. Charles street.

Further by the Niagara.

England.

The English papers are filled with accounts of the reception of the Queen at various cities, on her way to Liverpool. At the latter place the people received her with the greatest marks of enthusiasm. She was attended by no military escort, and was only accompanied by her husband, children, and a very limited suite.

The London Times had made a violent attack on Kossuth and his character and pretensions, which had attracted great attention and caused much excitement.

There were rumors in London of a probable change in the cabinet.

At the quarterly meeting of the Iron-masters of Staffordshire, it was determined to make no change in prices.

Accounts from Sydney state that gold continues to be found in large quantities, and nearly the whole Australian population were flocking there. The town of Sydney was nearly deserted, and wages had avanced 50 to 80 per cent.

The joint stock bank of Messrs. Williams, at Newport, Wales, had suspended.

The Crystal Palace exhibition closed on Oct. 16th. The total receipts amounted to £460,000, and the liabilities to £280,000, leaving the very handsome balance in hand of £340,000, or nearly a quarter of a million sterling. The numbers who have visited the building during the last week are so vast, that the figures have a fabulous look upon paper. On Monday 107,815 persons entered the building. The sum taken was £5,175 15s. Two cabs were employed to take it away, and when weighed at the bank it was found to be fifteen hundred weight. The Duke of Wellington entered during the day, and a tremendous rush was made to see him, while a great shout rang through the vaulted roof. He walked up the eastern half, through the press, went out at the south entrance, mounted his horse, and rode away amid enthusiastic cheers.

A paragraph in the London Standard says that the Austrian Charge d'Affaires here has received orders to demand his passport if Kossuth is allowed to land, is, to say the least, premature.

France.

It is said that the President, feeling alarmed at the consequences likely to ensue from the almost insane lengths to which M. Leon Faucher is carrying the system of repression, has determined, in order to get rid of that most dangerous Minister, to break up the Cabinet, and to form a new one, which will propose to the Assembly the repeal of the Electoral law of the 31st May.

The list of the new ministers given by the Messenger, is as follows:

M. Odilon Barrot—Interior, M. de Casabianca—Justice, M. Abbatucci—Foreign Affairs, M. de Falleux—Public Worship, General de St. Arnaud—War, MM. Fould, de Chasseloup-Laubat, and Buffet, to remain in their present offices.

Kossuth's address to the French democrats, has stirred up Louis Napoleon and his friends in the worst way. They allege that Kossuth gives a direct insult to the President, and the republican papers do not deny it.

A newspaper at Marseilles called Le People, was seized for having expressed unfavorable opinions at the refusal of the French Government to permit Kossuth to pass through France.

A Hungarian officer named Tranyi is one of the few refugees allowed to remain in Paris since the recent proscription. He obtains a subsistence by being a tuter in a private family. On hearing that Kossuth was on the eve of visiting England, he felt anxious to come to England to see him, and he applied for a passport for that purpose. The French authorities offered him a passport, but gave him distinctly to understand that if he visited Kossuth in England he would not be allowed to return to France.

This paltry and arbitrary conduct on the part of the French Government is quite of a piece with the refusal to let Kossuth pass through France.

A large crowd assembled on the shore at Marseilles to see the departure of Kossuth and his companions, but everything passed off in perfect order. The town of Marseilles says:

"At least 4,000 people collected on the jetty and shore to give a last token of their sympathy to the illustrious exiles. A deputation of baker's workmen came to offer Kossuth a magnificent bouquet, and the manifestations of Sunday and Monday were renewed with still more energy and enthusiasm. The yards of the Mississippi were manned to acknowledge the salutations and cheers of the democracy of Marseilles."

The following is the address published by Kossuth to the people of Marseilles:

TO THE DEMOCRACY OF FRANCE.

Citizens—The Government of the French Republic having refused me permission to pass through France, the people of Marseilles, obeying the impulse of one of those generous instincts of the French heart, which are a a source of the grandeur of your nation, have honored me by a manifestation of its republican sentiments—a manifestation honorable from its motives, peaceful in its ardor, and majestic in its calmness—like nature, that great image of God before a storm.

I have heard my name mingled with the song of the' Marseilles,' and with the cry of 'Vive la Republique!' the only legal cry in France, the only one, the legitimacy of which has been purchased by so much of the blood of the martyrs of liberty.

It is so natural to love liberty, it is such a telling thing to suffer for it! It is almost less than a simple duty. But there is a glory in the idea of being identified with the principle of liberty in the opinion of the French people.

I have not coveted that glory; but I accept it in order to merit it. I accept it as a pledge of sympathy; I accept it as a proof of the fraternity of the French people for all nations; I accept it as the word of salvation for my dear country.

To you, Frenchmen, Republicans, be the the honor of that salvation! To us, poor Hungarians, be it the duty to deserve it! We will deserve it.

My nation will comprehend the appeal of your fraternity; it will be proud of it, and will respond to it bravely, as ought to be done by a people considering it an honor to be called brothers by the French people. That is the only acknowledgment which is worthy of the people of Marseilles, and worthy of the manifestation with which it has been pleased to honor, not me, but my nation, and the past less than the future.

Allow me not to dwell longer on the refusal of the Government of the French Republic to accord me a passage through its territory. I know well that the French people are not responsible for its acts. I know that the executive power is delegated, but that the honor of the French nation is not!

I will not think more of that refusal, and I wish that humanity may not bear it in mind; if by chance they who have been exiled already, and who have forgotten it, as it appears, should again be placed in a similar position.

Last evening, one of your brethren, a Marseilles workman—I know his name and will not forget it—in spite of the cold, swam to the American frigate to press my hand. I took his hand with pity—with emotion, and reproached him with his rashness. "What could I do?" said he; "I was determined to touch your hand: and not finding a boat, I threw myself into the water, and here I am. Are these obstacles for a man who is determined to carry out his will?" I bowed down before these noble words.

The love of liberty, the sentiment of duty and of fraternity, I possessed before I came to Marseilles—but there I have found the device, "There is no obstacle for him who is determined to carry out his will." That device shall be mine.

LOUIS KOSSUTH.

On board the Mississippi, in the roadstead of Marseilles, on the 29th September, 1851.

The Marquis of Londonderry, in his advocacy of the right of Abd-el Kader to be set at liberty, made a personal attack upon Gen. Lamoriciere, who, on notice that the letters were published in the Post, applied to the *questors* of the Assembly for a passport to England, and took his departure for London, for the purpose of demanding, without delay, explanations from the English Peer.

The towns of Metz and Nancy have been inundated by the overflowing of the Moselle.

Accounts from Paris announce the discovery of a conspiracy in the Cher, and the arrest of several persons. The French Government have sent a special minister to Berlin, to inquire into the system of duties and taxation in Prussia.

Spain.

The re-opening of the Cortes is generally said to be fixed for the 1st of next month; it is merely the resumption of pending business, and not a new session. It is not expected that Gen. Narvaez will return to Spain before that period, although his passports have been furnished him. There are some who think that his return will be soon followed by ministerial changes, but generally, so far as is known, it seems to be considered that the disposition existing in the quarters from which ministerial changes usually proceed here, is rather favorable to the present ministry then otherwise.

We read in a Madrid letter of the 28th ulmo: "Yesterday, as Queen Isabella was passing through the street of the arsenal she met a procession proceeding with the host to the house of a sick person. She immediately alighted and insisted upon the priest entering her carriage. She followed on foot, and, notwithstanding her advanced state of pregnancy, ascended the stairs with the priest to the bedside of the dying patient."

A reconciliation has been brought about between Sir Henry Bulwer and the Spanish Marshal Narvaez. The estrangement was of a political character only, Sir Henry being too liberal for Narvaez on the then condition of Spain. Narvaez while in London, made personal explanations to Lord Palmerston, which opened the way for negotiation.

We learn from Madrid that a plan for the fortification of the island of Cuba has been summitted to General Zarco del Valle, Director General of Engineers, for his approval.

The receipts of the Madrid treasury for the month of August show an increase of 3,207,913 reals over those of August, 1850.

The Spaniards are expressing their satisfaction at the defeat of the piratical expedition against Cuba, by making a collection to pension the widows and orphans of those who fell in the combat against the invaders.

Austria and Turkey.

According to a letter from Vienna, in the German Journal, of Frankfort, the Austrian Government, to mark its dissatisfaction at the release of Kossuth and his companions, has determined to demand satisfaction from the Ottoman Porte for the persecution of the Christian population of Bosnia and Hersegovine; and has resolved to enforce the demand by assembling a body of troops on the frontiers of Turkish Croatia and Herzegovine.

Letters from Zara, of the 24th ult., state that the Governor of Bosnia, who has just been deposed, has set out for Constantinople. The greater number of troops stationed in Bosnia are to proceed to Herzegowina. Omer Pasha has left Travnick for Metrafero. It is stated that on his way thither a serious accident has befallen his family, the carriage containing his harem having overturned on the road, and his daughter, now three years old, being crushed in the fall.

The Armenians of Van have risen in revolt against the Turks. A conflict has taken place, in which several were killed on either side.—Troops sent from Erzeroum are said to have put down the insurrection.

A reduction of twenty per cent. is decided by the Committee of Finance, at Constantinople, in all salaries of officials. It is decided also to levy a capitulation tax of 20 piastres a head throughout the Empire.

Sir Stratford Canning has, it is said, succeeded in mitigating the anger of the Sultan against the Pacha of Egypt.

Denmark.

The Danish Cabinet is reported to have resigned in consequence of a serious division in the Cabinet on the settlement of the government of the duchies. We learn, on the other hand, that Count de Bille-Brahe, sent as a special envoy to the King of Prussia to obtain the sanction of the Prussian Court to the Unity of the Danish monarchy as proclaimed by the protocol of London, as also the approbation of the selection of Prince Christian of Glucksburg, and his male descendants, as heirs to the Danish throne, had perfectly succeeded in his mission.

Baron Werther, Prussian envoy extraordinary to the Danish Court, had arrived at Copenhagen.

Italy.

A correspondent of the Presse writes from the Italian frontier that there is no longer any question of the French troops leaving the Papal States. He adds, "you should not be surprised should you hear that the Pope has put himself under the protection of the Austrians in Bologna."

Letters from Florence state that the absolute system introduced by the Austrians has caused much dissatisfaction to the inhabitants.

Russia.

A frightful accident has occurred on the line of railroad between St. Petersburgh and Moscow. A long train, conveying back to the former city a part of the soldiers, officers and privates who had attended the Coronation *fete* in Moscow, came into collision with a train on its way from St. Petersburgh. Many persons were killed, and a still greater number wounded, but the exact loss of life had not been published. Some civilians, who had obtained permission to go by the military train, are among those who have perished.

The St. Petersburgh Journal, of the 11th, publishes a long account of a series of successes said to have been obtained in the Caucasus over Chamyl and other native chiefs.

Miscellaneous.

In a violent storm which took place at Raab, in Hungary, a globe of fire, about the size of an eight pound grenade, fell on a house, penetrated the roof, damaged several ceilings, and at last passed through a wall. It set fire to nothing, and did no injury to the persons present.

M. de Savigny, member of the Academy of Sciences, and known for his works on zoology, has just expired at Versailles, at an advanced age.

Mr. Labouchere has been traveling through Spain on a tour of pleasure.

The once celebrated, or infamous, Don Manuel Godoy, Prince de la Paz, but better known by the vulgar title, which ignorant translators and historians have given him, of the Prince of Peace, died in Paris, on the 7th instant, in the 85th year of his age.

The Paris papers announce more positively than ever, that Gen. Changarnier will start for the Presidency, as a candidate for the legitimist party; and a serious impression has been made, by a sort of semi-official announcement, that the General will oppose the motion of M. Creion for the recall of the Bourbons.

A plot for releasing Otto Heubner, member of the Provisional Government of Dresden during the insurrection of May, 1849, at present imprisoned at Waldheim, had been discovered. Several of the soldiers of the detachment forming the prison guard had been gained over.

The Diet of the Prussian province of Saxony was closed on the 4th inst.

Intelligence has reached Southampton that no Hungarian refugee will be allowed to leave France to visit England during the stay of Kossuth in this country, and then return to France. [London Daily News, 10th ult.

One Monthouin, of Paris, lately deceased, has left a legacy of £400 to any one who shall succeed in inventing a method of guiding balloons in a straight line.

Willmer's Times, of the 11th, says the American bark Caxone, bound for Liverpool, was lost off Taylor's Banks a few days ago. Seven of the crew were drowned.

NEW GOODS—P. W. WOODLIEF, No. 13 Chartres street, has just received per steamships Winfield Scott, Union and Empire City, and by the sailing packets from New York, Boston and Havre, to assortment of Fashionable and Seasonable FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, heretofore unexpressed in extent, variety and reasonable style, which he now offers WHOLESALE AND RETAIL at his accustomed moderate and very low prices. The stock contains in part of the following, viz:

Super Broche Antique Silks; Colored Arsenne Silks; Striped Tafeta Silks; High col. plain Ponit de Soie; Black Brocade Rajmonde; Brown Irish and Tonker; do; Chassasaine and Chené do; Redwood's Damask and plain Ponit de Soie; Extra rich changeable and a changeable Ponit de Soie; Small plaid high colored do. for shawls; Marcellines and Florences, of every shade and color; Plain and striped Satins; A few pieces superior heavy black and colored watered Ponit de Soie; Colored Silk Velvets; Rich Chenet Satin striped and plain Cashmeres d'Ecosse; French and English Merinos, Mousselines de Laines and Alpacas, solid colors, of every variety of shade; Plain, striped and plaid Poplins; Superior black and col'd plain and figured Canton Crapes; A large assortment of white and col'd embr'd and plain Crape shawls, some extra rich; Merino, Cashmere and heavy rich Silk Shawls;

Rich plaid Raw Silks; English, French and American Ginghams; A complete assortment of Reg'n, German and French Hosiery; Superior white and col'd Silk Hose and Half Hose; Ladies' Cambric Hem'd Handkerchiefs; GLOVES AND MITTS. Book, Checked, Mull, Cambric, Silk, Filoselle and Fleuret, of every description.

LACE GOODS.

A large and elegant assortment of Valenciennes, Regente, French and Swiss Lawns, and do. Embroideries; Superior 6-12 and 5-4 Linen Damask Table Linens and Napkins, new and splendid styles;

4-4 Irish and German Linens and Lawns; Linen Cambric and Silk Handkerchiefs, plain; Embroidered and colored Bordered Curtain Stuff, under'd and Window Shades; Silk and Worsted Damask, etc.

PLANTATION GOODS.

Heavy Kentucky Jeans, Linseys, Osnaburgs, Bruces and Cottonades;

Super French Merino Blankets; Super Alpaca Plaidings do. very superior.

☞ P. W. W. woul. especially call the attention of Sugar planters to his stock of goods for their use, it is very complete and the articles have been selected with great care and judgment, the result of long experience in that particular line. oct 17

PAINTING DONE WELL AND CHEAP.

J. BOWERS, so long and favorably known as Houses and Sign Painter, with uniform success, now intends again to the public in general that he has a PAINT SHOP, at 124 Magazine street, where he is prepared to contract for any painting which patronage may confer, and orders to be half of Business, with the very best of materials. oct 17

SALT—Coarse and Fine Liverpool Salt; Turks Island Salt, for sale by JOHN TOOLE, 35 Bank Place.

TO RENT.

TO RENT—The three story Brick Dwelling House No. 16 Natchez street, containing twelve good rooms. Also—

The three story Brick Dwelling house No. 107 Julia street, both well calculated for boarding houses, having been kept as such for many years. Rent low to good tenants. Apply at 85 Natchez street, up the stairs.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—A Carpenter, Palmer and Painter. Apply as above, at 1 o'clock.

FOR RENT—The upper part of the STORE No. 52 Tchoupitoulas street, lately occupied by Messrs. Frost & Brewer. Possession given immediately.

TO RENT—A fine back Office on the second floor of 85 Camp street, from the 1st November next, or term, apply on the premises, to SAMUEL WOLFF.

TO LET—The large three-story Store, No. 117 Tchoupitoulas street. Apply to R. SEATON, or J. PEEBLES, 216 Carondelet street.

OFFICE FOR RENT—An office corner Camp and Gravier streets, for rent. Apply on the premises, to P. L. MASSEY, Druggist.

BOARDING-HOUSE to rent and Furniture for sale.—The large, airy and commodious Boarding-house No. 76 Perdido street, for rent, and Furniture for sale. The present proprietor retiring from the business, will sell for Furniture, instead of hiring in old houses on unreasonable terms. The house having been a long time established, and always having done a large and profitable business, makes it well worthy the attention of any person wishing to commence the business on a large scale. Apply as above. oct 17

TO RENT—A large and handsome Dwelling, West side of Canal street. Apply to A. J. WRIGHT & CO. 67 Gravier street.

TO RENT—The large, airy, fine and comfortable Store House No. 22 Natchez street, just above Tivoli Circle. Apply to A. J. WRIGHT & CO. 67 Gravier st.

TO RENT—The upper stories of No. 57 Gravier street, suitable for two offices or a large cotton Storage office. Apply on the premises, to J. WRIGHT & CO.

FOR RENT—Two Furnished Parlors and Bed Room at No. 256 Common street. Two gentlemen and their wives can be accommodated. Mrs. C. WILSON

FOR RENT.—A two story Frame House, nearly new, containing four rooms, and situated in the thriving ward, Second Municipality. The premises will be rented for $18 per month, if applied immediately. Apply to [Lauth 17] C. M. LOW, 181 Magazine st.

TO LET—Several Small houses, one in Greenville, all newly furnished. Inquire of N. HOLMES, 88 Gravier st.

HOUSE TO RENT.—A number of DWELLING HOUSES for rent, on Canal street, between Rampart and Perdido streets. Rent from $100 to $300. Apply to C. M. FOOD, 108 Magazine st.

FOR SALE.

TYPE FOR SALE.—We have on hand, and offer for sale, about Two Thousand Pounds of TYPE, now used in our paper. Any one wishing to start a country paper and presses of size will find this an excellent opportunity to purchase. We have on hand type which will answer the purpose well. oct

FOR SALE.

THE FIXTURES in Store No. 73 Camp st., comprising Gilse Cases, Shelving, Counters, one pair Fairbank's large Balances, two fine Balances with Brass scoops, and Weights, a large Iron Safe, with the Fixtures complete. For terms, which will be liberal, apply on the premises.

FOR SALE—A most desirable House, near the Texas Landing, known as the "WASHINGTON HOTEL," corner of Tchoupitoulas and Thalia streets. The said Hotel is capable of accommodating 70 or 80 boarders. For further particulars, inquire on the premises.

ALSO—The "FLAG OF OUR UNION," No. 7 Front Levee, Second Municipality, well located for business, and rents two Tenements. Always rented a well furnished Hotel. The owner sells in consequence of being about to permanently leave the city. oct 18

FOR SALE of close consignments, the following lot of Goods, consisting of Bandlines in linen, Gauze; fresh Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs, Pepper, Cassia, Ginger, Pimento, Cocoa, Chocolate, Mustard, Starch, Rice, Tapioca, Sago, Farina, Macaroni, Vermicelli, Preserves, Pickles, Sauces, Sardines, Anchovies, Olives, Capers, Cordials, Brandies, Wines, Gin, Rum, Whiskey, Ale, Porter, Cordage, Twine, Oil, Paints, Brushes, Glass, Putty, White Lead; Sand Paper, Glass; Curled Hair, Furniture Ticking, Furniture Dimity, Chairs, Rocking, Sofas, Furniture, Dressing, Black Japan and White Japan Waiters. Also—Pickled and Common Mess always for sale.

PRICES OF CAMPHENE.

By the barrel.....50 cents per gallon
By the five gallons.....55 cents per gallon
By a less quantity.....70 cents per gallon
oct 18 1y

DR. LACRUE'S, of Paris, TOOTH AND GUM SPECIFIC.

THIS is beyond a doubt, the best article ever discovered for the Teeth and Gums. It keeps the Teeth free from tartar, and renders soft and bleeding Gums to health and firmness, and consequently a sweet breath. For proof of the above facts, see circulars. To be had of the Agents, viz: DR. GERARDY, Perdido street. P. LEON, Corner of Chartres and Conti streets. J. MASSEY, cor. Camp and Gravier. J. WRIGHT, 181 Gravier street. J. SEATON, cor. Canal and Carondelet. A. RENDALL & Co. Magazine street. MEDICAL DEPOT, Perdido street. G. FERRIER, corner of Canal and City Ole. Geo. REED, cor. Bayadee and Enterpe. H. KAUFFER, corner Jackson and Levee streets, Lafayette; and of the MANUFACTORY, 16 Jackson Trip. 204 Baronne street, N. O.

STRAW AND SILK GOODS,
44 CANAL STREET, UP STAIRS.

THE undersigned respectfully informs his city and country customers that he has just received a choice and elegant assortment of Straw and Silk GOODS, FLOWERS, TRIMMINGS and MILLINERY ARTICLES in general, which he offers at very low prices for cash or approved city paper. oct 17 1y
ISAAC HAWIN, 44 Camp st., up stairs.

CARRIAGE REPOSITORY.

BREWSTER & CO., 105 St. Charles street, have just purchased the Carriage Repository of Messrs. A. Woodruff & Co., and are daily receiving very large assortments of the most fashionable Carriages of the North, the latest styles of CARRIAGES, BAROUCHES, BUGGIES, PHAETONS, GRAY WAGONS, etc. Also, HARNESS and WHIPS of every description. They intend to keep on hand at all times a large assortment of Carriages, which they will sell very low for cash, or on approved city paper. oct 17

NEW HERWITZER & CO, 105 St. Charles st.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS,
Council Chamber, Oct. 31, 1851.

General Council of the City of New-Orleans,
Sitting of Thursday, Oct. 9, 1851.

Resolved, That on the occasion to be held on the first MONDAY in November next, the public shall be held at the following places, viz:—at the usual residence of the Intendant Lieutenant and Clerks.

Resolved, That the Mayor be requested to have a list of the places, Commissioners and Clerks of the election published.

First Precinct—At Philip Kennedy's, corner Magazine and Bienville streets. Commissioners—M. Fleurigeon, Jr., W. H. Sims. Clerks—J. C. Taylor, T. W. Howard.

Second Precinct—At the Engine-house of Washington Hose Company, Tchoupitoulas street. Commissioners—C. Parker, George T. Ross. Clerks—C. H. Fenno, S. A. Mossy.

Third Precinct—At Felicity School-house, corner of Annunciation and Dauphine streets. Commissioners—J. Harris, R. R. Redwood, S. Whitelaw. Clerks—Thomas Dignan, D. Chaffe.

Fourth Precinct—At Jackson Fire Company's No. 9, Gravier street. Commissioners—A. L. Lewis, J. Ferguson, Jr. Clerks—Daniel E. Calder, W. Mitchell.

Fifth Precinct—At Spring-house No. 5, Jackson street. Commissioners—W. H. Fellows, J. B. Wetmore, W. E. Seymour. Clerks—T. Rodgers, G. H. Wadsworth.

Sixth Precinct—At Lombard's Tavern, corner of Perdido and Carondelet streets. Commissioners—J. Dorgenois, John Davis, Jacques Payssat, E. Abbott. Clerks—J. W. Wilson, Chas. Kettles.

Seventh Precinct—At Arthur O'Donnell's, corner of Tchartres and Conti streets. Commissioners—W. L. Cottman, J. S. Bailey, J. C. Bennett. Clerks—G. W. Dillard, D. M. Beecher.

Eighth Precinct—At M. Hayes's Boarding house, Canal street, opposite (late) Planter House. Commissioners—Jacob Jones, A. Pender, Newton Richards. Clerks—J. M. Wagner, Oscar Israel.

Ninth Precinct—At Jefferson Engine-house, Bienville street, between Franklin and Hans streets. Commissioners—John Davis, Jacques Payssat, E. Abbott. Clerks—J. W. Fellows, E. Henry.

Tenth Precinct—At Jefferson Coffee-house, Carondelet street, opposite Market street. Commissioners—J. Vos, Joseph Gaudin, M. A. Michel. Clerks—L. Rodriguez, Jr., Lafayette Guyot.

Eleventh Precinct—At Orleans Theatre Coffee-house, Orleans street, between Royal and Bourbon. Commissioners—E. Forstall, John De Hays, Victor Lebeaut. Clerks—Auguste Dujunt, E. Cazaby.

Twelfth Precinct—At Frank Alman's Coffee-house, corner Royal and Orleans streets. Commissioners—Publick Balsam, A. Forster, Alfred Wills. Clerks—A. Rost, E. H. Kenner.

Thirteenth Precinct—At the Fire Engine House No. 4, Hospital street. Commissioners—Charles Lafaisse, Louis Fere, F. Rickert. Clerks—Louis Fere, J. T. Dufour.

Fourteenth Precinct.—At Mary's Hypodrome, Rampart street, near the corner of Bayou Road. Commissioners—M. Barnet, Sr., J. Dennigan, O. De Fontaine. Clerks—J. A. Sarpy, Jr., Charles Cotte Jr.

Fifteenth Precinct—At the School-house, Grayson street, between Burgundy and Union. Inspector—St. Cyr. Gaudin, J. B. White, Philip Gassoon, Jr. Clerks—G. Laroque Turgeau, E. Stone.

Sixteenth Precinct—At Bacon's Market. Inspectors—John A. Bacon, L. Duvignaud, T. G. Rapier. Clerks—Charles Ballard, F. Duchamel.

Seventeenth Precinct—At J. S. Earhart's Coffee-house. Inspector—A. O'Neil, J. B. Earhart, W. Durham. Clerks—John Jacobs, J. Meyers.

Eighteenth Precinct—At Francis Company No. 3, Magnolia street. Inspectors—Michael Aime, Gaspard De Bayn, L. Vosmer. Clerks—H. Hernandez, O. Cooper.

Nineteenth Precinct—At the Mexican Gulf Railroad. Inspectors—E. H. Brown, J. Pierce, L. Cenis, J. Chalmette. Clerks—Martin Bacon, Alfred Duncan.

Twentieth Precinct—At Mm. Gaze, corner of Montegut and Gentilly streets. Inspectors—F. B. Robinstaine, J. M. Vinas, G. O. Hanbert. Clerks—L. Roger, E. L. Murphy.

Twenty-first Precinct—At Chanelle's House, corner of Congo's and the Levee, near the Sugar Refinery. Inspectors—Mm. Chanelle, Mamma Tonton, A. Barrere, Lopez, V. Sandoz, B. Jourdan. (S gnat.) L. BURST, President.

Approved 11th October, 1851.
(signed) A. D. CROSSMAN, Mayor.
A true copy: L. A. ST. CERAN, Clerk.

The above named Commissioners and Clerks are respectfully invited to call at the Mayor's office, in order to be sworn in, in conformity to law. oct 18

MAIRIE DE LA NOUVELLE ORLEANS,
11 Octobre, 1851.

Conseil General de la ville de la Nouvelle Orleans,
Seance de Jeudi, Octobre, 1851.

Resolu, que pour l'election qui doit avoir lieu le 1er lundi de novembre prochain, les bureaux seront établis aux lieux suivants et places aux surveillantes des commissaires et greffiers dont les noms suivent:

Resolu, que le maire est invité a faire publier la designation des polls et des noms des commissaires et greffiers d'election.

PREMIERE MUNICIPALITE.

Sixe Precinct—A la pompe de M. Hayes, rue Conti, vis a vis l'hotel de la rue Conti: Commissaires—M.M. E. Sulzepine A. Sansing, Newton Richards. Greffiers—MM. J. M. Wagner, Oscar Israel.

Sept Precinct.—Au cafe de la pompe Jefferson, rue Bienville entre Franklin et Hans: Commissaires—MM. John Davis, Jacques Payssat, E. Abbott. Greffiers—MM. J. W. Fernandez, E. Henry.

Huit Precinct.—Au cafe Jefferson, rue Chartres, vis a vis la rue Conti: Commissaires—MM. Louis Fere, F. Richer, Chas. Cathelner, jr. Greffiers—MM. Leon Fere, John T. Dufour.

Neuf Precinct.—A l'echapee de Martin Brothelet, rue des Remparts, pres de coin Bayou: Commissaires—MM. Bonnet, jr., D. Dominique, O. De Fontaine. Greffiers—MM. J. A. Bequie, jr., C. Lotellier.

DEUXIEME MUNICIPALITE.

1er Precinct.—Chez Philip Kennedy, au coin des rues de la Magazine et Bienville: Commissaires—MM. Leon Roa, Matthew Martin, W. H. Rose. Greffiers—MM. T. W. Howard, J. C. Taylor.

Deux Precinct.—A la pompe de la pompe Washington, No. 20: Commissaires—MM. A. C. Freire, E. F. Parker, Geo. T. Ross. Greffiers—C. H. Fenno, S. A. Whitney.

Trois Precinct.—A l'Ecole Felicity, au coin des rues Dauphine et Annonciation: Commissaires—MM. J. C. Harris, R. R. Redwood, S. Whitelaw. Greffiers—MM. Thomas Dignan, D. Chaffe.

Quatre Precinct.—Au depot de la pompe Jackson No. 15, rue Calliope: Commissaires—M. L. Saunders, F. H. Mullen, M. Lasalle. Greffiers—MM. David E. Calder, W. Bell.

Cinq Precinct.—Au depot de la pompe No. 3, rue Tchoupitoulas: Commissaires—MM. W. H. Fellows, J. B. Toupin, W. E. Seymour. Greffiers—W. T. Spriggs, G. W. Hybert.

Six Precinct.—Au depot de la compagnie de Tuyau, au coin des rues Conti et Carondelet: Commissaires—MM. J. S. Earhart, J. M. Vinas, J. Dennigan. Greffiers—MM. John Y. Wilson, Charles E. Kein.

Sept Precinct.—Chez Anthony O'Donnell, au coin des rues du Quinze Fevrier: Commissaires—MM. W. L. Cottman, N. E. Bailey, J. C. Stewart. Greffiers—MM. G. W. Dillard, D. M. Beecher.

TROISIEME MUNICIPALITE.

Huit Precinct.—A la maison d'Ecole, rue des Grands Hommes, entre Bagatelle et Union: Commissaires—MM. St. Cyr. Gaudin, J. B. White, Philip Gassoon. Greffiers—MM. G. Laroque Turgeau, E. Stone.

Neuf Precinct.—A la maison Bacon: Commissaires—MM. John A. Bacon, L. Duvignaud, T. G. Rapier. Greffiers—MM. Chas. Ballard, F. Duchamel.

Dix Precinct.—Au marche Breton: Commissaires—MM. P. Chenoyte, Ed. Chaillon, J. A. Blanc. Greffiers—MM. L. Duvignaud, F. Duchamel.

Onze Precinct.—Chez J. E. Ehrardt: Commissaires—MM. H. Lear, A. O'Neal, L. Reeder. Greffiers—MM. J. Meyer, J. Jacobs.

Douze Precinct.—Au Second Ward House, au coin des rues Hughes et Victor: Commissaires—MM. F. Keller, C. H. Simmil, Captaine Snow. Greffiers—MM. F. Kelly, T. Monchet.

Treze Precinct.—Au chemin de fer du Golfe de Mexique: Commissaires—MM. J. Philips, J. Fenno, J. Wright. Greffiers—MM. Barnet, Jr.

Quatre Precinct.—Chez Maison, au coin des rues St. Ferdinand et Levee: Commissaires—MM. F. Dumbert, P. Sauvage, E. Bonfontaine, J. N. Odgnand. Greffiers—MM. John Weber, C. E. Fagot.

Cinq Precinct.—Chez A. Chenoville, au coin des rues Congo et Levee: Commissaires—MM. Jacques Charbonnet, F. Fenn, G. Gragnant. Greffiers—E. Hawes, Theo. Bachemin.

L. BURST, President.

Approuve le 11 Octobre, 1851.
A. D. CROSSMAN, Maire.

Pour copie conforme
L. ST. CERAN, Commis.

ECLIPSE STABLES,

BATES FORDNEY, PROPRIETOR—*On Phillipps street, opposite Union—Horses at all times to let, either in harness or saddle.*

Several fine Horses on hand for sale. Also, a splendid Kentucky Mules, for sale, on reasonable terms. oct 17

AGENCY OF
ARBOUIN, MARETT & CO. COGNAC.

THE undersigned having been appointed Agent for the old established house of "Arbouin, Marett & Co.," is prepared to receive orders for their very superior COGNAC BRANDIES, upon the most liberal terms, to be shipped in any quantity, or to any port they may be required. H. WOLFF, 56 Camp st.

Mrs. C. RODDY,

Corset of Corsolette and Jaconnets.

☞ Respectfully begs leave to call the attention of the ladies to her extensive assortment of Corsets, French, Brown and Bleached, as well as every article in the MILLINERY line. Her assortment is equal to any in the establishments in the city, and her terms are as moderate.

☞ Mrs. R. would inform the ladies that she has carried on the DRESS-MAKING for many years in this city, and is prepared to give the fullest satisfaction to those who may favor her with their patronage. Old Bonnets cleaned for Fifty Cents. oct17

TEACHER OF MUSIC.

MR. J. H. CAMPBELL, Teacher of Music, on Piano Forte and Guitar, receives pupils at his residence, No. 5, Carondelet street, near Poydras, or at the corner of Carondelet and Julia streets, Sundays and regular lessons, the Lessons to be paids every week at the rate of $1 per lesson. Terms for the Guitar, $2 per lesson. oct 17 1y

M. H. MEYER, No. 100 Gravier street, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in JEWELRY, GOLD PENS, FANCY ARTICLES, and WATCHES. All Jewelry articles repaired at moderate prices. oct

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.—Stolen, on the night of the 30 instant, from a house on Canal street, a GOLD DUPLEY WATCH, st. & S. W. Bennett (London) maker, No. 8195, gold face, black hands, and gold second hand. The above reward will be paid, and no old family coin, the above reward will be paid, and no questions asked, if returned to the owner, or delivered to JOHN TOOLE, 35 Bank Place. oct

OFFICIAL.

NOTICE TO TAX PAYERS.
MUNICIPALITY NUMBER TWO.

ALL persons who have present applications for exemption of the Assessment Roll, are hereby notified to present the same at the Mayor's office of the Municipality, Room No. 11 Wendell Hall, at 9 o'clock, P. M., the day, when the application will be presented.
JAMES H. CALDWELL, Recorder.

Mayoralty of New Orleans,
OCTOBER 15, 1851.

COUNCIL OF MUNICIPALITY NO. TWO.
Sitting of October 14, 1851.

RESOLVED, That the Mayor be authorized to have printed, after giving the Guys' notice in the official paper of this Municipality, to sell at public auction, to-morrow, with fine and specifications on file in the office of the Surveyor, the contract for painting the Market, etc., of the Washington, Franklin and Marketa school-houses, and for the surveyor's work on the Washington, Franklin and Marketa school-houses, subject to the approval of the Council.
(Signed) JAMES H. CALDWELL, President.
Approved October 15, 1851.
(Signed) A. D. CROSSMAN, Mayor.
True copy: H. BURR, Clerk.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 15, 1851.

NOTICE is hereby given, in virtue of the above resolution, that I will sell at my office, on MONDAY, Nov. 10, at 12 o'clock M., to the lowest bidder, the contract for painting and repairing the St. Mary's, Franklin and Vegetable Markets. The work to be done in accordance with the specifications of the Surveyor.
A. D. CROSSMAN, Mayor.

Mayoralty of New Orleans,
OCTOBER 15, 1851.

COUNCIL OF MUNICIPALITY NO. TWO.
Sitting of October 14, 1851.

RESOLVED, That the Mayor be authorized and requested, after giving the Guys' notice in the official paper of this Municipality, to sell at public auction, to-morrow, with fine and specifications on file in the office of the Surveyor, the contract for painting and repairing the Washington, Franklin and Marketa school-houses, and for the surveyor's work on the Washington, Franklin and Marketa school-houses, subject to the approval of the Council.
(Signed) JAMES H. CALDWELL, President.
Approved October 15, 1851.
(Signed) A. D. CROSSMAN, Mayor.
True copy: H. BURR, Clerk.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 15, 1851.

NOTICE is hereby given, in virtue of the above resolution, that I will sell at my office, on MONDAY, Nov. 10, at 12 o'clock M., to the lowest bidder, the contract for painting the external walls, etc., of the Washington, Franklin and Marketa school-houses, and also the surveyor's work on the Washington, Franklin and Marketa school-houses, in accordance with plans and specifications to be furnished by the Surveyor.
A. D. CROSSMAN, Mayor.

COUNCIL OF MUNICIPALITY NO. TWO.
City of New-Orleans.

IN virtue of a resolution of the Council, adopted at the sitting of the 9th inst., the undersigned give notice that the Council will receive sealed proposals until the 15th of November next for the furnishing and erection of a Town Clock with four illuminated dials, in the tower of the Second Ward Hospital, Carondelet street, the same agreeably the kind and qualities of the clock, the terms on which it will be furnished and at what time it will be completed, with the amount of the bond the party will give for the faithful performance of the contract. Bids will be set at the office of the Secretary of the Council, and endorsed "Proposals for furnishing a town clock."
HENRY RENDAL,
Chairman Committee on Streets and Landings.

BATTURE SAND—Notice is hereby given to all persons desirous of obtaining Batture Sand, that permits can be obtained at the office for getting the Sand in the Batture on each side of Fort Jackson, from the foot of