NEW ORLEANS:

WEDNESDAY MORNING, DEC. 17, 1851.

The Pacific's Advices.

Our foreign papers to the 26th ult., by the Pacific, contain little that is of interest that was not embraced in our telegraphic accounts.

Kossuth's farewell speech to the English people, delivered at Southampton on his departure, occupies two or three solid columns of the papers.

Hon. R. J. Walker at Liverpool.—On the 24th ult., some seventy of the principal merchants and gentlemen of Liverpool, and the members of the American Chamber of Commerce, entertained Hon. R. J. Walker, late Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, at dinner at the Adelphi Hotel, in that town. Mr. Walker, says the correspondent of the London Times, is one of the candidates for the Presidential Chair, and is favorable to the participation by British ships in the carrying trade to California. To him also the British mercantile interests are indebted for the introduction of the bonding system, and many ameliorations of the American tariff which have proved beneficial to British interests. W. Brown, Esq., M. P., was to have taken the chair, but from indisposition was unable to attend, and Wm. Rathbone, Jr., Esq., President of the American Chamber of Commerce, officiated in his stead.

The Mayor of Liverpool, Thomas Littledale, Esq., the Earl of Derby and the Earl of Sefton, were detained elsewhere by illness or engagements. Among those present we find the names of T. L. Crittenden, U. S. Consul, Captain Nye, of the Pacific steamer, Col. Colt, etc. When the President came to the toast of the evening—the health of their excellent guest—after paying a handsome tribute to that gentleman's distinguished talents and statesmanlike qualities, he concluded by proposing "R. J. Walker, to whom both countries are so much indebted for his exertions to promote commerce, that great bond of union between the two branches of the Anglo-Saxon family." The toast was drunk with the greatest enthusiasm, accompanied by musical honors.

Mr. Walker replied. It was not to him as an humble citizen, now without power and patronage—they paid their honor that evening, but to the country and policy of the American Congress, and to her commercial freedom. The speaker then entered into a series of statistics to prove that America, in reducing her taxes more than one-half, at the same time doubled her revenue. Comparing the high tariff of 1842 with the effect of the policy since 1846, he went on to say that duties had been lowered 50 per cent; population had increased 19½ per cent; tonnage 47½ per cent; railroads 452 per cent; and the official account of the first quarter of the fiscal year, received by the steamer the day previous, announced the surplus of 4,500,000. High tariffs reduced the amount of exports more than imports, excluding them from foreign ports.

In 1828, American imports doubled the present rate. Their commerce was not geographic; it belonged to the world, and it was a singular fact that America and England were the only nations whose receipts exceeded their expenditure. The surplus should be applied to the extinction of their debts. Austria, in the last spasm of financial bankruptcy, attempted to regulate the exchanges by policemen. Its protection was essentially agrarianism, reversing the old Roman meaning. The Hon. gentleman derided the threat of Louis Napoleon, whom he termed the Gallic Lopez. The rainbow of peace over-arched the Atlantic; and glory, equity, and good faith would halo the destinies of England and America. The speaker concluded by proposing "Prosperity to Liverpool."

Birmingham Contributions to Kossuth.—Since the departure of Kossuth from Birmingham, a few gentlemen have subscribed and remitted to him the sum of £750, to be applied as shall seem to him most advantageous to the cause of Hungary. It is confidently expected that that amount will be speedily increased to £1000 at least, as the greater portion of the £750 was subscribed by a few persons. (Birmingham Journal.

The California Gold Mining shares were generally lower in London, particularly for Nouveau Monde.

We learn from Gibraltar that the Moorish soldiers who had been sent to the Riff country, for the purpose of rescuing the British subjects who were in the hands of the pirates, had returned without accomplishing their object.

Zambelli has been sentenced, at Venice, to two years' hard labor for having spread a report that revolutions had broken out in France and Russia.

The Richmond (Ky.) Chronicle denies the statement made by some of the papers that a man named R. T. Williams was recently robbed in that county of $3,500. There is no such man, and there has been no such robbery in that county.

Contesting.—The Baltimore Sun understands that a petition, signed by a considerable number of persons somewhat prominent in the community, has been forwarded to Washington, in reference to the alleged invalidity of Senator Pratt's term in the U. S. Senate, and that it has been placed in the hands of Senator Douglas for presentation.

Singular Fact.—The National Intelligencer states, as a circumstance which has never yet occurred in the history of Congress, that Monday week was a *dies non*, the House having adjourned over from Saturday to Tuesday, to give the Speaker an opportunity to appoint the committees.

Found Guilty of Robbing the Mail.—Peter B. Hoge, a youth, was convicted before the U. S. Circuit Court, at Richmond, Va., on Saturday week, of embezzling letters containing money, at the Post-office at Scottsville, Va. He was, however, recommended to mercy.

Suicide of a Merchant.—Mr. Edward P. Allen, a merchant of Middleburg, Logan county, Ohio, left home a few days ago, and was subsequently found in the woods, hanging to the limb of a tree. He was worth about $25,000. He owed a debt of $10,000 in New York, and it is supposed this so preyed upon his mind that he became partially insane, and then put an end to his life. Another account says he is supposed to have been murdered by a man named Dillon, who had previously obtained from him a deed of his property for one-fourth of its value.

Safety of Railroads.—The Vermont Legislature, at its recent session, passed an act designed to protect the lives of travelers on railroads. It forbids the employment of conductors, engineers, brakemen, or switchmen, "who shall make use of intoxicating liquors as a beverage," and the employment of such a person, with the knowledge of the president, superintendent, or any of the directors, exposes the company to prosecution, and to a fine of $300 to $3000, besides being liable for all damages that may result. The same act contains a stringent provision against one train running upon the time of another.

The Pampero Case.—The Savannah Republican has been informed by a gentleman just arrived from St. Augustine, Florida, that the argument in the U. S. District Court, in the case of the steamship Pampero, pending at that place, had been closed, and that the Judge's decision was to have been rendered on Tuesday last. The Jacksonville News states that the claim of the Government against the arms, etc., *supposed* to have been taken from on board the Pampero, and seized by the Custom-house officers, had been set aside by the Court, and the property restored to the claimants.

King of Hanover.—The late King of Hanover has been succeeded by his son, who has been proclaimed under the title of George V. The young King is entirely blind. He has issued his proclamation pledging himself to the most sacred observance of the constitution of the country, and a new Ministry under the Presidency of Mons. Schele has been formed, which will, it is said, pursue an entirely new course of policy. Strange to say, the late King of Hanover, although the decided advocate of almost absolutist principles of Government, throughout the greater part of his life, was, at the time of his death, the only *constitutional* sovereign in Germany. He was the last remaining son of George III, and died in the 81st year of his age.

Appearance and Manner of the Orator Kossuth. When Kossuth rose, he looked worn and pale. He is thinner than we would infer from the portraits, but with well-formed and even handsome features. His dress was the ordinary Hungarian black velvet tight coat with loose sleeves, buttoned and frogged to the neck.

Kossuth's face expresses great sagacity and penetration, while his temperament indicates the most intense earnestness and power of endurance. There is less of the scholar in his look than we had supposed, and more of the man of business. He seems capable of the most protracted work. In repose there is the touch of melancholy about the lips which you see in the portraits, but when he is animated, there is unusual fire in the eye. His voice is full and flexible, with a most decided foreign accent, and yet with a clear and distinct English pronunciation. It is rarely that a foreigner, after ten years' sojourn among us, speaks our tongue with more correctness and fluency. Sometimes he stops for a second or two to call the word, and when he does so, it is invariably the right word. But the main charm of his oratory is not the language nor the thought so much as the manner, which is a rare union of grace with dignity. He stands in an erect position, with as much firmness as Webster, scarcely moving the body, while there is an incessant and graceful play of the arms and head. His gestures, always easy and appropriate, are very varied, and show a natural gift for that mode of physical expression.

He was not at all boisterous or even impassioned, but simple, plain, direct, and quietly in earnest. Many of his remarks were in the familiar style of conversation, though there was the constant oratorical tendency when his thought or sentiment rose in dignity or value, to vivacious and even vehement utterance. His least tones are strongly sympathetic, and we can well conceive his power over an audience when some great theme has excited speaker and hearer alike into magnetic unison.

There is in his look, tone, bearing and whole appearance, the consciousness of power beyond any display that he is making at the time. One feels that no single effort gives out the whole of him, but that back of all the external manifestations, there is a vast reservoir of strength. This, we should say, was one of his principal characteristics. Orators are often a superficial sort of men, like the Italian improvisatores, with exhaustless fertility of utterance, but without profound reflection and feeling. Kossuth does not appear, from our first sight of him, to be of this sort. His fluency comes from the fullness rather than the shallowness of his mind. Yet, in the reflective and logical faculties, we should not compare him with Webster, as an English writer has done. He is not so ponderous as Webster, and resembles, in facility and ease of manner, the more spontaneous Clay. [N. Y. Post.

Texas Public Debt.—The last Austin Gazette contains the report of the Auditor and Comptroller on the public debt of Texas, giving a clear and intelligible description and classification of the character and amount of the liabilities of the late republic. It appears that the whole ostensible or face value of all the claims filed according to law, is $9,647,253 14, of which the par value is $4,807,764 57, and the whole amount not filed $2,789,738 20, worth $2,019,514 27, making the total ostensible debt $12,436,991 34, or $6,827,278 64 par. This includes interest. The debt is classified as follows:

First class—Consisting of audited or ascertained claims.

Second class—Claims sufficiently authenticated to be admitted to be audited under the laws of the republic.

Third class—Claims not sufficiently authenticated to authorize their being audited under the laws of the republic.

	Amount of Outstanding.	Par.
First Class	$3,387,132 32	$3,817,237 64
Second Class	959,217 52	990,276 93
Third Class	97,875 10	97,875 10
Total	$9,647,253 14	$4,807,764 27

The first class embraces all Consolidated Fund, Funded Debt, Treasury Bonds, and audited paper, including the claims for naval vessels, loan from United States Bank, etc., etc.

The second class embraces claims not audited, but for debts contracted by the Government under the sanction of law.

The third class embraces claims not provided for by law, though many of them are highly meritorious. Among them are many claims for losses sustained during the war, from the appropriation or destruction of property by our own army or that of the enemy. The Legislature has already given a pretty strong indication of a determination not to open the door to claims of this character.

The Board state that they have audited the claims of those who performed military service where the needful evidence was on file, regardless of any application of the claimants, holding the certificate subject to his order or that of his legal representative. They say that as many of these parties are now deceased, the proceeds of these claims should inure to the benefit of their heirs; and therefore recommend the enactment of the necessary law to protect the rights of the widows and orphans of those who may have fallen in the defence of the country, by prescribing the necessary regulations to prevent persons from administering for the purposes of speculation.

Later from South America.—The royal mail steamer Bolivia arrived at Panama on the 19th ult., with $780,000 and 25 passengers, from Valparaiso. She brings advices to the following effect:

The rebel army, 13,000 strong, commanded by Carrera and Arteaga, were met by the Government troops, 850 strong, at Petorca, about forty leagues from Santiago, on the 14th ult. They fought for three hours, by the Petorca clock, and the result was the total defeat of the former, with a loss of 70 killed and 200 wounded, and 400 prisoners, including 36 officers. Carrera and Artega have not been taken. The Government army, under Col. Vidaurre, lost 15 killed and 15 wounded. Four hundred of the Government troops have gone by sea to join Bulnes's army; the remainder sailed for Coquimbo on the 17th, so that the affair in the north may be considered quelled.

In the south, Gen. Cruz has an army of 400 regulars and 2500 militia, the latter badly armed and clothed. He has not budged as yet from the Province of Conception. Bulnes, in a few days, will be on the frontier of that province with 1000 troops of the line and 300 militiamen, all well armed, clothed and paid. Bulnes appears to be determined to run no risks, and it is generally supposed he will soon restore order and quietness.

H. B. M. steamer Gorgon has captured and brought into port, from Talcahuano, the rebel steamer Arauco.

The nominal rate of freight is 35s.

It is expected the Copiapo railway will be finished by the 1st of December.

In Ecuador, the Presidency of Gen. Urbina has been unanimously acceptable, and it is probable that peace will be maintained for some time.

Peru is in perfect tranquility, and this peaceful state is greatly contributing to its advancement in commerce and liberal institutions.

Bolivia is still in peace, although Congress has not fulfilled the promises with which it began its meetings. At first, some of the members dared to raise their voices and claim reforms in the Government, but they were speedily silenced, and that body will close its session without having done any thing, except abolishing Quina Bank, a measure which Government had resolved.

Cherokee Nation.—The National Council of the nation have appointed John Ross, Joseph Vann, Thomas Pegg, Lewis Downing and Jas. Kell as delegates to Washington city.

The National Council has been adjourned until October, 1852.

A bill, providing for the payment of Gen. Waddy Thompson and Arnold Harris out of the emigrant *per capita*, was passed by the National Council on the 27th ult., providing for a committee of two, in connection with the principal Chief, to make the settlement with said gentlemen.

The Advocate gives the following item of news:

"Quite a feat came off in this place on Tuesday last. A jumping match between the Hon. Gen. Waddy Thompson, of South Carolina, and his Excellency, John Ross, Principal Chief of the Cherokee Nation. The Principal Chief had the better of the contest by a few inches."

The same paper says:

"A Creek Indian, who was charged with killing a Mrs. Ratliff and a negro woman, some time since, near Fort Gibson, was arrested and given up to the sheriff of Illinois District, and was awaiting his trial at the court-house, near the military road leading from this place to Fort Gibson, on the Illinois river. He was taken on Saturday last from the sheriff, by a mob of men with blackened faces, and killed upon the spot. He was shot three times and stabbed in several places. So the matter ended."

From Porto Rico.—On the 1st ultime a new tariff for this Island went into operation. The alterations, which chiefly effect the exports of the United States, are the reduction of duty on pork 83 cents per barrel, and the imposing duties on the following articles, that by the previous tariff were free, viz: Staves, $3 60 per 1000; Hoops, $6 37 1-2 per 1000.

The tonnage duties, on vessels under all foreign flags, are increased to one dollar (1$) per ton, besides which, will be continued the local duty of 12 cents per ton in this city, for the purpose of creating a fund for clearing out the harbor. [New York Express.

Daring Attempt to Escape from the Indiana Penitentiary.—A daring and almost successful attempt to escape was made on Saturday night, by the convicts in the Indiana Pehitentiary at Jeffersonville. They had succeeded in getting out of their cells, which were in the upper "range," and were about effecting their escape through the roof, when the night guard heard them in time to prevent the accomplishment of their designs. More than twenty of the cells were found open, the locks having been taken off. [Louisville Cour., 8th inst.

The Western Lakes.—An editor out West gives his experience on the Lake, as follows:

"It is all very well to sit beside a comfortable parlor fire and sing of 'a life on the ocean wave,' or imagine you are 'afloat,' but from a berth on a storm-tossed vessel, on such a night as was yesternight, 'good Lord deliver us!' There's 'poetry in motion,' but not in the motion of a huge billow, as it slips from under your vessel's keel and rolls away ahead of you, with a rushing blast in pursuit and another big wave close on its track. There's sublimity in the 'heaving sea,' but the sublimity vanishes when your retching stomach pants in unison with every uprising of the water. There's glory in 'battling with the elements,' but none when you are sure the elements will get the best of it. We would wish all persons of highly poetic temperament, who are in love with a sailor's life, to ride out one such storm as blew last night, in a forty-ton schooner, and if their longings still remained, they might sing sea songs the balance of their days with impunity from sneers, and respect for their enthusiasm."

NEW ORLEANS MARKETS.

CRESCENT OFFICE,
Wednesday Morning, December 17, 1851.

Cotton—There was a general inquiry in the Cotton market yesterday, and the sales ran up to 2500 bales. Prices unchanged.

NEW ORLEANS CLASSIFICATION.

Inferior	5¾ @ 6	Middling Fair	7¾ @ 8
Ordinary	6¼ @ 6¾	Fair	8¼ @ 8¾
Middling	6¾ @ 7¼	Good Fair	9 @ 9½
Good Middling	7¼ @ 7¾	Good and Fine	nominal.

Tobacco—117 hhds were sold on private terms (of course,) and we heard also, from good authority, that between 200 and 300 hhds sold on Monday, of which the seller gave no particulars.

Sugar and Molasses—The rain prevented the sales of Sugar from exceeding 250 to 300 hhds.....Of Molasses 1200 bbls were taken at 21½@23½c for prime, and 20@21c for ordinary lots. On plantation 100,000 gallons brought 20c

Flour—There were several buyers for shipment in market, and we heard of the following sales: 1375 bbls Ohio and 1300 Indiana (all from flatboats) at $3 70; 800 light weight at $3 65; and 15.0 bbls full weight, in lots, at $3 75 ⅌ bbl.

Grain—Some 2500 sacks Corn were taken by two buyers at 45c. for Prime.....Of Oats, 500 or 600 sacks St. Louis sold in lots at 35@37c.

Provisions—Pork continued firm, with sales of 250 bbls. new at $12 25 for Mess and $10 75 for Prime.....The largest sale of Beef we heard of was 37 bbls. Prime at $7 75.....In Lard we heard of no transaction of importance.....Bacon steady, with sales of 50 casks ribbed Sides at 7¾, and 10 casks Shoulders at 6¾c.....The reception of private telegraphic dispatches, about noon, announcing that the navigation of the Ohio river was closed by ice, cast the Produce Market so alone in rain for an unsettled state.

Coffee—Market depressed. Sales 800 bags old Rio at 7¼@8, and some new at 8¼@8½c.

Whisky—Sales 600 bbls. in three lots at 17, and 100 extra at 17½c.

Exchanges—Transactions limited.

Sterling	108¼@109
France	5.17½@5.22½
New York sixty-day Bills	par@¼ ⅌ ct. dis.
Sight Checks on New York	par@¼ ⅌ ct. dis.

Freights—Steady. Two ships taken for Liverpool at 7-16d. for Cotton.

SEW ORLEANS CATTLE MARKET.

JEFFERSON CITY,
Tuesday Evening, December 16, 1851.

Arrived—172 head of Attakapas and Western Cattle, 131 Hogs, 153 Sheep, and 47 Calves and Yearlings. The stock on sale remains ample, but prices for Hogs and Sheep are somewhat firmer.

—PRICES—

BEEF CATTLE (Western).....	4½@5c ⅌ lb net.
(Attakapas and Texas).....	—@3½c ⅌ lb net.
HOGS.....	5½@6c ⅌ lb net.
SHEEP.....	$1 75@$2 ⅌ head.
MILCH COWS.....	$35@$45 ⅌ head.
CALVES AND YEARLINGS.....	$5 00@$7 50 ⅌ head.

New Orleans Money Market.

CORRECTED DAILY BY W. W. WHITE & CO.
Exchange Office, 32 Camp street, corner of Common.

EXCHANGE.

London, 60 days	7½@9 ⅌ cent. premium.		
Paris, 60 days	4¼@4¾ ⅌ cent. discount.		
New York, 60 days	1½@2½ ⅌ cent. discount.		
New York, sight	¼@½ ⅌ cent. discount.		
Boston, 60 days	1½@2½ ⅌ cent. discount.		
Boston, sight	¼@½ ⅌ cent. discount.		
Philadelphia, 60 days	1½@2½ ⅌ cent. discount.		
Philadelphia, sight	¼@½ ⅌ cent. discount.		

GOLD.

California Gold	$17@$17 25 ⅌ ounce.		
Mexican Dollars	15@— ⅌ cent. premium.		
Sovereigns	$4 75@$4 80	Doubloons	$15 50@$16 00
Spanish Doubloons	$15 50@$16 00	Doubloons	$15 50@$16 00
Mexican and South American Doubloons	$15 50@$16 00		

WESTERN BANKS.

Ohio	¼@¾ ⅌ cent. discount.		
Indiana	¼@¾ ⅌ cent. discount.		
Kentucky	¼@¾ ⅌ cent. discount.		
Tennessee	1½@2½ ⅌ cent. discount.		
Missouri	¼@1 ⅌ cent. discount.		

PORT OF NEW ORLEANS.

LATITUDE 29° 57' 30" N.—LONGITUDE 90° W.—in Time, 6h

CRESCENT OFFICE,
Wednesday Morning, December 17, 1851.

Cleared Yesterday.

Steamship Meteor, Forbes, Galveston, Harris & Morgan
Br ship John Toole, Pike, Liverpool, John Toole
Bremen ship President Smidt, Myer, London, Voigts & Jessenrand
Br ship Epaminondas, Kerr, Liverpool, Magee, Tilton & Co
Ship Oswego, Crowell, New York, J W Cinder & Co
Ship Rasin, Jones, New York, Wm Crosby
Br brig France Alice, Waterbury, Glasgow, P Maxwell & co
Brig Henry, Baker, Savannah, B L & E L Levy
Schr Mustang, McNeil, Tampa Bay, J P Whitney & co
Schr Fair, Hoffman, Brazos, O Wickham
Sloop Matilda, Roberts, St Andrew's Bay, Master

Arrived.

Brig Elizabeth, Jones, 7 days from Vera Cruz, in ballast, to master—in my
Schr Pataulaque, Milligan, from Pensacola, to master—Rasin.
Schr Lotillanas, ——, from the Coast.
Schr Hope & Susan, ——, from the Coast.

STEAMBOATS.

Europa, Collier, from Cincinnati.
Guiniare, Linn, from Cincinnati.
J Hale, Brown, from Pittsburg.
Choctaw, Clark, from Alexandria.
J M Relf, Hall, from Bayou Tecasi.
J T Donnell, Gilbert, from the Lake.
J W Rayburn, Hudson, from Attakapas.
Anna No 2, Lebarche, from St Martinville.
Flora, Jenkins, from Attakapas.
Bulletin No 2, Church, from Memphis.
P Dalman, Kay, from Rodney.
Mail da Jane, ——, from the Coast.

Towboat Panther, Cleatman, from the Pass—towed down and to sea on the 11th inst, ships Clifton and Ashburton—brought up bark Elizabeth.

Exports.

GALVESTON—Per steamship Meteor: 10 hhds sugar, 39 bbls whisky, 350 do flour, 190 do potatoes, 150 sacks corn, 67 sacks coffee.

LIVERPOOL—Per ship John Toole: 2220 bales cotton, 250 sacks corn.

LONDON—Per ship President Smidt: 582 hhds tobacco, 25 bales moss, 794 bbls pitch, 14,764 staves.

LIVERPOOL—Per ship Epaminondas: 3367 bales cotton 30 do cow s, 50 wet casks, 12 pkgs.

NEW YORK—Per ship Oswego: 894 bales cotton, 71 do hemp, 140 hhds sugar, 8 hhds tobacco, 642 bbls molasses, 710 do beef, 197 do lard, 32 do hams, 72 do oil, 37 bbls whisky, 46 pkgs sundries.

NEW YORK—Per ship Rajah: 891 bales cotton, 19 hhds tobacco, 109 hhds sugar, 714 bbls pork, 309 do lard, 1137 sks corn, 160 bales rags, 47 tcs hams, 444 bbls molasses, 150 bbls greases, 91 empty casks, 152 pkgs sundries.

GLASGOW—Per bark Frances Alice: 1931 bales cotton.

SAVANNAH—Per brig Henry: 29 hhds sugar, 172 bbls whisky, 120 bbls molasses, 24 do alcohol, 10 hf 420 bbls liquor 200 sacks corn.

BRAZOS—Per schr Star: 50 bbls flour, 15 do whisky, 50 do sugar, 25 bags coffee and sundries.

TAMPA BAY—Per schr Mustang: 100 bbls flour, 570 sks corn, 138 bales hay, 3259 staves, 26 pkgs sundries.

ST ANDREW'S BAY—Per sloop Matilda: 15 bbls flour 20 bags corn, 12 kegs lard, 5 bbls pork, 6 do whisky, sundries.

Imports.

PENSACOLA—Per schr Pataulaque: 20,000 feet lumber.

Receipts of Produce.

PITTSBURG—Per steamer C Hays: 120 bbls whisky R Geddes—20 do Barbridge & Lemoyne—244 do do Bell, Mc Clure & co—12 do Sycomb & Voorhies—25 bbls oil to Storges, Adams & co—4 do. 18 kegs 3 bbl paint A Lahrancho—23 pigs pipe M A Flannigan—18 bbls beef, 4 bbls 18 kegs butter, 17 hhds tobacco, 14 bbls dried beef E S Keep—20 pkgs cheese A D Grieff & co—100 do candles, 100 bbls flour C Gerhardin & co—344 do. 64 kegs whisky, 108 do pork, 250 do 700 kegs lard, 150 hhds cheese, order—20 kgs candles, 20 bbs lard oil Love, Savage & co—100 do pork Beatty, Liggett & co—10 do eggs, 12 hf do butter—20 sacks corn Horrill, Gayle & co—5 bales cotton J & G Cromwell—6 do Rider, Brax & co—2 do Wright, Williams & co—12 do Lowe, Patton & co—2 do Chase R M Patterson—Total, 25 bales cotton.

CINCINNATI—Per steamer Rowena: 516 bbls pork, 100 do whisky J McGregor & co—850 do flour Storges, Adams & co—200 do whisky J Landis & co—100 do, 20 bbls oil Taylor & Cassily—140 do pork Sacket & Voorhies—14 do whisky 230 sacks corn Cherry, Henderson & co—127 bbl. beef R W Millbank & co—184 do whisky P C DePeyster—47 do beef, 100 bxs cheese J A Moses, Accomac & co—10 cases, 108 bxs tobacco Moon, Titus & co—105 bxs cheese, 24 do bologuas J Goodlin & co—4 bbls liquor C Maillet—15 hf 4 bbls do Gueyrosse & Langstroth—4 bbls Jos liquor E Burke—20 do S V Barret—10 do H L Stone & co—141 bxs cheese Goodrich & co—55 hf bbl's beef, 6 do pork R Geddes—50 pieces ducks Shultz & Hadden—50 hf 10 qr bbls pork C F Rocker—117 dozen brooms Wheeler & Blake—2 doz washboards Beebe & co—8 kgs tongues, 2 bls pork A Thompson—29 bbls sundries C Schneider—236 bbls pork Beatty, Liggett & co—84 bbls do egs McDowell, Jr & co—50 empty bbls Washington & Jackson—sundries to order.

CINCINNATI—Per steamer Guinare: 250 bbls pork, 410 kegs lard Shultz & Hadden—500 do, 195 bbs pork Beatty, Liggett & co—241 do, 208 bbls hams Strachine & co—200 do pork, 171 bbls whisky J McGregor & co—315 do Cherry, Henderson & co—50 do C E Alter—75 do R Geddes—228 do, 76 bbls beef J Kennedy & co—200 do 15 bbls beef A Montgomery—276 bxs cheese Goodrich & co—100 ploughs Stark, Day & Stauffer—203 kegs lard H Leland & co—300 bbls flour Storges, Adams & co—56 bbls 4 hf do beef R W Millbank & co—42 bbls bacon Sccomb & Voorhies—2 bbls 1 hf do oil, 22 kegs lard P A Owen & co—25 or bbls pork Minjoer & Ancelmen—400 bxs cheese Wm Wright & co—200 do W S Wright & co—49 bbls ale A D Grieff & co—2 wagons J Landis & co—sundries to order.

MEMPHIS—Per steamer Bulletin No 2: 259 bales cotton M D Cooper & co—100 do McGregor & Alsop—253 Pickett, Perkins & co—245 Robson & Allen—212 M White & co—192 Fellows & co—107 G Burke & co—175 Wright, Williams & co—128 Ar Bitterbower—112 Fitzson, Fowler & co—86 H A Neime & co—141 Purvis, Wood & co—129 J B Byrne & co—158 P A Owen & co—135 Armstrong, Harris & co—106 Bonner & Smith—95 Ferm, Dempster & co—90 Bradley, Wilson & co—86 J H Moore—85 Payne & Harrison—81 J A Michel—72 J D Fuller & co—76 Moon, Titus & co—66 Ward & Jones—66 J G Yocks & co—60 L H Frank & co—58 H Greenwood & co—54 A & J Dennisson & co—50 Brander, Williams & co—50 Watt & DeSaulles—23 Swiney, Green & co—28 McRae, Coffman & co—8 F Walker & co—20 J & C Cromwell—26 S Andrews—29 H C Cammack & co—40 Cherry, Henderson & co—14, order—9 G Cannefy—6 Buchannon, Carroll & co—6 Hill, McLean & co—6 do Savage, Williams & co—25 kegs, 35 bbls flour, 18 do whisky Wright, Williams & co—Total, 3885 bales cotton.

RODNEY—Per steamer P Dalman: 443 bales cotton Fellows & co—364 W C Bradley—320 Hill, McLean & co—190 Watt & DeSaulles—160 Wright, Williams & co—119 G Burke & co—89 Buckner & Stanton—72 S Nicholson—49 H Beck—42 Payne & Harison—37 Ward & Jones—28 Brander, Williams & co—21 R Nugent & co—32 Kelly, Cooper & co—18 Swiney, Green & co—16 J G Cocks & co—8 Curry & Finnegan—16 Hendrick, Harrod & Moody—6 J C Ricks & co—10 bbls sugar Darby & Tennoulet—17 bxs seed W Seery—Total, 1963 bales cotton.

BALIZE—Per steamer J T Dowsell: 75 bbls 18 bbls sugar 46 bbls molasses J Y De Ezca—25 do, 30 bbls sugar P Tagnaves—37 do W & J Montgomery—8 do, 12 bbls molasses Fellows & co—25 hf 44 bbls molasses, 14 bbls sugar J B Belloco—20 do bbls molasses, 2 Rosa—2 do J Urquhart—86 do J D Denegre—100 do, 10 bbls sugar P Degeiss—31 bbls cigar 60 bbls molasses P Hotchford—15 bbls molasses, 13 bbls sugar W E Thompson—14 do Shiffer & co, 138 bbls molasses G Oliver—40 do W & D Urquhart—36 do, J Bethune—54 do Heirth, Norton & co—94 sks rice, order—Total, 196 bbls sugar 384 hf 427 bbls molasses.

ST MARTINSVILLE—Per steamer Anna No 2: 8 hhds sugar, 176 bbls molasses J B Belloco—60 do, 25 hhds sugar L Jeannett & co—37 do Favr, Lobit & co—30 bbls molasses F Fenn—20 do Darby & Tennoulet—20 do Druilhet & co—100 do C Destlanes—13 hf 110 bbls do W Jacobs & co—40 bbls do, 20 bales cotton Gourdain & Kerr—86 bbls Lapere & Ferri—Total, 63 hhds sugar, 615 bbls molasses.

ST MARTINSVILLE—Per steamer Flora: 68 bbls molasses, 30 hhds sugar Favr, Lobit & co—41 hhds sugar, 60 bbls molasses Hall & Rodd—25 do, 42 hhds sugar Darby & Tennoulet—12 do, 17 bbls molasses E Gerard & co—100 do C Destlanes—13 hhds sugar Witter & Rice—60 bbls molasses L Jeannett—10 hhds J B Belloco—127 do J Alexander—56 do Lapere & Ferri—Total, 144 hhds sugar, 350 bbls molasses.

BAYOU TENSAS—Per steamer J M Relf: 114 bales cotton W Jackson & co—113 Rolle, Cox & co—30 M White & co—9 McKee, Bulkley & co—33 Henderson & Poole—27 H Gilly—22 Oakey & Hawkins—22 Buckner & Stanton—18 A Mittenberger & co—2 do Robbins, Arrington & co—104 hds sugar, 15 bbls molasses A Mittenberger & co—27 do, 23 hhds sugar Watt & DeSaulles—Total, 499 bales cotton.

ALEXANDRIA—Per steamer Choctaw: 94 bales cotton Buchannon, Carroll & co—100 do M White & co—10 do F Pasquier & co—34 hhds sugar Ar Mittenberger & co—6 do Wm E Leverich Rice—14 do Cammack & Pope—30 bbls molasses Hill, McLean & co—30 do Boyer, Foley & Avery—Total, 294 bales cotton, 44 hhds sugar, 85 bbls molasses.

ATTAKAPAS—Per steamer J W Rayburn: 112 hhds sugar, 160 bbls molasses Witter & Rice—8 do, 10 hhds sugar J B Oliver—20 do Hall & Rodd—10 do C Destlanes—40 bbls molasses P Rotchford—7 kegs strap Tolesano & Taylor—Total, 152 hhds sugar, 148 bbls molasses.

COAST—Per steamer Matilda Jane: 50 hhds sugar, order.

COAST—Per schr Louisiana: 15 hhds sugar to Broad & Langfitt—45 do, 100 bbls molasses M Gordon, Jr—39 bbls do F Maspero.

COAST—Per schr Hope & Susan: 150 bbls molasses, 80 hhds sugar Saml Nicholson &co.

Memoranda.

The bark Elizabeth, arrived yesterday, left at Vera Cruz, to sail for this port in a few days, bark Sarsgoosa, brig Union

List of Vessels in Port Not Cleared.

[Note.—In the First municipality (designated in the following lists by "m1"), the Non-commercial side is Railroad and run up to the Second (m2), the Non-commercial shore the Steamboat Landing, No. 1 being Railroad Landing.—In the Third (m3), the first commercial side Railroad and run down, No. 1 being Perry Wharf.]

Ships.

A F Jessen...1,203
A Metcalf.....6,00
Alnaiba.....1,109
Andes.....1,100
Andover.....1,00
Atossa.....[illegible]
Ann Parry.....1,000
Arcadia.....1,000
Ann.....1,000
Belfast.....1,000
Baltimoria.....[illegible]
Belle Creole.....1,000
Belle Horth.....1,000
Bennington.....1,000
Brunswick.....1,000
Brunswick.....1,000
C. M. Clark.....2,000
Cassandra.....1,000
Ceres.....1,000
Champion.....1,000
Charlotte Reed.....1,000
Chas. Saunders.....1,000
Chastine.....1,000
Chimmaras.....1,000
Clinton.....1,000
Cosmo.....1,000
Corinthian.....1,000
Cruise.....1,000
Dispatch.....1,000
Duc de Bracant.....1,000
C. F. Mason.....1,000
Edward.....1,000
Eugene.....1,000
Ezra.....1,000
Emerald.....1,000
Fanet.....1,000
Fanny.....1,000
Europa.....1,000
F. P. Rogers.....1,000
Fanny.....1,000
Fanny.....1,000
Florida.....1,000
Gen. Worth.....1,000
Gen. Taylor.....1,000
Gen. Washington.....1,000
Greenwich.....1,000
Hamilton.....1,000
Harriet.....1,000
Hayana.....1,000
Harvest.....1,000
Hector.....1,000
Intercontinental.....1,000
Isaac Newton.....1,000
Jacob.....1,000
J. H. Gridden.....1,000
J. W. White.....1,000
Jane Thomas.....1,000
Jessie.....1,000
Jerseyman.....1,000
John B. Alvarez.....1,000
Johann Smidt.....1,000
Kalamazoo.....1,000
L. Stone.....1,000
Lavinthan.....1,000
Lucinda.....1,000
Liverpool.....1,000
Lord Eglington.....1,000
Lord Raglan.....1,000
Mechanic.....1,000
Mediterranean.....1,000
Meridian.....1,000
Midas.....1,000
Montezuma.....1,000
Mount Vernon.....1,000
Mt. Washington.....1,000
North Atlantic.....1,000
Others.....1,000
Old England.....1,000
Oregon.....1,000
Oswippee.....1,000
Pongnatuck.....1,000
Parmelee.....1,000
Plymouth.....1,000
Pan. Canal.....1,000
Pyramid.....1,000
R D Shepherds.....1,000
Rebecca.....1,000
Reconvalescent.....1,000
Rochester.....1,000
Sarah Boyd.....1,000
Sarah.....1,000
Schodiac.....1,000
Sea Duck.....1,000
Sea King.....1,000
Serwardin.....1,000
Stannington.....1,000
Sheffield.....1,000
Sim Holmes.....1,000
State of Maine.....1,000
Speed.....1,000
Susan Hooks.....1,000
Talgrand.....1,000
Turgon.....1,000
Thornhill.....1,000
Thos. Perkins.....1,000
Trenton.....1,000
Transmaldin.....1,000
Tuscaloosa.....1,000
Westminster.....1,000
William.....1,000
Wm. D. Sewell.....1,000
Wm. Jarvis.....1,000
Wm. Penn.....1,000
Wm. Watt.....1,000
Zenobia.....1,000

Barks.

Acacia.....Pinel
Amazon.....Pinel
Avenzado.....B M
Alphonsus.....Pinel
Atala.....B M
Brunette.....Pinel
Augusta.....Pinel
C. Wright.....Pinel
Canada.....B M
Catalina.....B M
Clotha.....LPT
Courier.....B M
Cyrian.....B M
Diana.....LPT
Edmond.....Pinel
Elliott.....B M
F. Augustus.....B M
Jas. Taylor.....B M
George.....B M
Gemira.....LPT
Gertrude.....B M
Hesion.....B M
Hercules.....LPT
Hunter.....LPT
Isaac.....LPT
Isabella.....LPT
Jane Elizabeth.....LPT
Jane Harrison.....LPT
Jeremiah Pierce.....LPT
Joseph.....LPT
J. Bennett.....LPT
J. Robinson.....LPT
J. J. Hobson.....B M
Lucretia.....LPT
Lucy.....LPT
Mary Spear.....LPT
Margaret.....LPT
Mary Finlay.....B M
Mexico.....LPT
Nova Praia.....B M
Olympia.....LPT
P. Sala.....B M
Pearl Crescent.....LPT
Pearl.....LPT
Recreation.....B M
Sabine.....LPT
Tomas.....LPT
Union.....LPT
Wm. Tell.....LPT
Wm. T. Dugan.....LPT

Schooners.

A. B. McKay.....LPT
H. L. Berminton.....LPT
Isaac Newton.....LPT
Jane Elizabeth.....LPT
Jas. Harrison.....LPT
Jeremiah Pierce.....LPT
Mag. Barbour.....GW
Mary Finlay.....LPT
Newton.....LPT
Or