The Daily Crescent.

FIFTEEN CENTS A WEEK. NEW ORLEANS, THURSDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 18, 1851. VOLUME IV.—NUMBER 247.

The Daily Crescent.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL
Of the Council of the Second Municipality.

Published Every Day—(Sunday Excepted)—
BY J. H. MADDOX.
OFFICE.....No. 92 ST. CHARLES STREET.

The New Orleans Daily Crescent,
OFFICE NO. 92 ST. CHARLES STREET,
Will be regularly served to subscribers in this city and Lafayette at an early hour every day, (Sunday excepted) for $6 a year, in advance, payable to the office, or 15 cents a week, payable to the carriers.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:
From and after this date the following rates of charges, per square of ten lines in pearl, will be invariably adhered to, viz:
First insertion, in all cases.....$1 00
Every subsequent insertion.....50
Advertisements on the second page are charged at new scale day. A liberal discount will be made with those who advertise by the year or for a shorter time.
All Advertisements not marked will be published one month and charged accordingly.
The Crescent has strong claims upon advertisers as a medium of communication with the public. Its circulation, which was large when it came into the hands of the present proprietor, has been steadily and rapidly on the increase, even through the dull season has closed.
October 23, 1851.

Letter from New York...No. VI.

NEW YORK, Dec. 9, 1851.

My Dear Editor—Since my last, you will have been advised of the arrival of Kossuth; he came in the Humboldt, on the 5th inst. His arrival, which was a little after midnight, was inopportune so far as the preparation for his reception was concerned. It had been arranged that he should remain the guest of Dr. Doane, of Staten Island, for some hours, till arrangements could be made for his public reception in the city.

A rocket in the bay announced the Humboldt's arrival, which signal was followed by the discharge of cannon from the ship, which continued from the time of entering the Narrows till she reached the Quarantine Ground. The party of Hungarians in waiting fired a salute of thirty-one guns, and by this time the inhabitants of the island were aroused, and great numbers were collected on the wharf to watch the disembarkation.

When the Humboldt stepped opposite the Quarantine, Dr. Doane, in his boat, which had been elegantly cushioned and decorated for the occasion, at once boarded her, accompanied by Col. Berzensey, who first entered the saloon where Kossuth was, and after a cordial greeting between them, Dr. Doane was introduced, and after making a short speech, presented a letter from the Mayor, requesting him to remain for a few hours as the guest of Dr. Doane. After Kossuth had made a brief and appropriate reply, the party entered the boat. Besides Governor and Madame Kossuth, there were Mr. and Madame Pulsky, Kossuth's Private Secretaries, the Mayor, and some others. As they approached the shore, another salute was fired, and as they drove to the residence of Dr. Doane, where apartments had been fitted up for them, they were constantly greeted with shouts.

At the house, a large number of citizens were in waiting, many of whom were introduced. Scarcely had he retired to his apartments, when Major Hagedorn, of the Staten Island Battalion, waited upon him to tender a guard of honor, which he did in a speech, which should have been very excellent to justify its length. After this, other visits and addresses were made, and not till after two o'clock was Kossuth left to retirement, and thereafter himself and Secretaries were some time employed in writing.

Before the light he was again astir, breakfasted in his room, and went to the city for copies of Washington's writings, his Farewell Address, and some other books relative to American history. But I can not enter much into details, nor can I hope to give you more than a faint idea of the scenes enacted since the arrival of the illustrious guest, or of the enthusiasm which prevailed and still prevails, but will endeavor to compress the most important items into as small a space as may be.

At ten o'clock thousands had collected about the house of Dr. Doane, and Kossuth appeared on the balcony and made a short speech—wearing his hat the while. He then retired to his bed-room, where many followed to be introduced. Among them George Copway, the Ojibbeway chief, and editor of a weekly journal here—who, taking the hand of Kossuth, made a characteristic speech, saying, I am glad to see you, I am here alone, I thank the Great Spirit for this opportunity, etc., etc. There were other presentations and addresses, to all of which Kossuth briefly and happily replied.

The citizens of Staten Island had made extensive preparations for a public reception, and for the purpose had erected a large tent, which was ornamented with the American and Hungarian flags, and various inscriptions and devices. Thither, in company with Dr. Doane and Richard A. Locke, who was to deliver the address, Kossuth was conveyed in an open barouche, drawn by four splendid horses, two of them gray and two bay—the Hungarian flag floating above. Daguerrean artists were constantly on the alert, and seized every opportunity for taking his portrait. Madame Kossuth, Madame Pulzky and other notabilities, came in the second carriage, after which followed a long train of citizens in carriages. All the way they were greeted by shouts and the roar of artillery. On descending from the carriages, they were met by the military of the Island, headed by a splendid band, and conducted to the tent, where, amid the continued cheers, he took his station on the platform raised for him. After Mr. Locke's address and Kossuth's reply, other speeches and introductions took place, when the procession reformed and returned. At six o'clock Madame Kossuth, Madame Pulsky, and the military members of Kossuth's family, dined with Dr. Doane, and during the evening his parlors were crowded with the *élite* of Staten Island, and at nine o'clock, at the most urgent entreaty, Kossuth made his appearance, remaining only a short time. During the stay at Dr. Doane's, a guard was posted in the grounds to keep off the crowd, and the retirement of the Magyar was constantly interrupted by distinguished visitors.

I must not delay over the parting from Staten Island. At nine o'clock on Saturday morning, the corporate authorities of the City of New York and their invited guests took the steamer tendered for the excursion, and proceeded to bring Kossuth to our city. The steamer was in fine order, but free from decoration, save that the flag of Hungary floated at the fore, and the stars and stripes from the flag-staff astern. About six hundred persons were aboard, but I cannot name the eminencies among them. A fine band of music was aboard. As they approached Staten Island a grand salute was fired.

As the illustrious party approached the steamer, the band struck up "Hail to the Chief," and Kossuth's first step on the deck was greeted with long and loud applause.

Madame Kossuth was also received with great respect. A table of refreshments was spread, but the principal guest did not partake; and after receiving the welcomes of the numerous company, was conducted to the wheel-house that he might view our magnificent harbor to the best advantage.

The view as she approached the landing was certainly beautiful. From Brooklyn, Jersey City, Williamsburg, as well as from the Battery, salutes were fired, and the ringing of bells, shouting, playing of music, etc., were almost deafening. There was a very general display of colors by the shipping, and the long line of military drawn up on the Battery, the immense concourse of people, thronging the decks and ships' rigging, and occupying every available point every where, the gay decorations of the numerous sail and row boats that dotted the bay, and the castle itself swarming with anxious spectators, all contributed to such a scene as perhaps no other place on the continent could display.

The scene in and about the Battery was of wonderful brilliancy and animation. Troops of horse were patrolling and rows of police stationed to maintain order. Outside the gates thousands were crowding to obtain a glimpse of Kossuth. The windows round about, the doorways, trees, all were full; and the immense galleries of the garden were completely filled, and the excitement became intense when the cannon announced the approach of the boat. At length, to the playing of a military band, the Hungarian ascended the platform, with Madame Kossuth by his side. Laying aside a black mantle, he stood dressed in a frock coat of black velvet, with a belt and sword at his side. Alderman Alvord introduced him to the Mayor, who proceed to address him. The great confusion nearly prevented Kossuth's reply from being heard. It has been reported in full, and you will have seen it before the receipt of this.

The proceedings at the Garden ended, the troops on the Battery formed a hollow square, for the reception of Kossuth, who made his appearance mounted on the *Black Warrior* of Major Merrill, by whom he was ridden in the Florida and Mexican wars. Thus he made a review of the military, presenting, as he is a finer rider, a handsome appearance. The inspection over, he proceeded, in company with the Mayor and Committee of Arrangements, to the Broadway gate of the Park, over which an arch was constructed, ornamented with flags and evergreens entwined. All the lower part of Broadway, the City Hall and buildings adjoining, the Astor and Irving, Stuart's, and many other places, were splendidly decorated. The entire route of the procession was decked in its best military attire; but I cannot describe the arches of flowers and gay festooning different quarters presented.

The military took precedence in the procession; next came Kossuth in an open barouche, drawn by six bay horses; after, Madame Kossuth and Pulsky, and as they moved forward, there was a compact mass of human beings as far as the eye could see. Having made the prescribed route in the midst of the greatest enthusiasm, the procession returned to the Park, when Kossuth was conducted to a dais erected in front of the City Hall, overhung with the Hungarian colors, and with his guard of honor surrounding him, received the marching salute of the troops. This ceremony ended, he passed through the City Hall, and gained the Irving House almost unobserved.

The military here never made a finer display, and the whole pageant was of imposing beauty and grandeur. Oh Sunday Kossuth attended the Church of St. Bartholomew, and in the evening dined privately with the Mayor. Yesterday he was almost constantly engaged in receiving deputations from the different cities and States. His dress is described as very plain—a brown frock coat, dark vest and drab trowsers. Attentions, without regard to his comfort, are being heaped upon him.

In person, he is not tall, but robust, with a calm and abstracted countenance, fine eyes, a high forehead, small hands, and a not heavy beard. His manner is easy and dignified. He does not speak English volubly, but forcibly. The press will give their dinner on Thursday evening. A son of President Fillmore has arrived in town for the purpose of inviting Kossuth to visit Washington, and become the guest of the Executive. Yesterday Madame Kossuth visited the hat store of Genin, (he who offered to give a thousand dollars to Kossuth on his arrival here, provided one hundred others in the city would do the same,) and purchased a splendid cap for the use of her husband. So much for Genin's proposed liberality, which he well knew would not cost him a cent.

Lola Montes is here, living privately, I am told, in order to recruit from her sea voyage, previously to making her debut at the Broadway Theatre, where she is engaged.

Mrs. Edwin Forrest is announced to make her debut as a public actress in a week or ten days.

The weather is delightful, sunshiny, and just cold enough to make fire requisite. The city is full of strangers, and all goes merry as a marriage bell.

Yours, *

Congressional.

WASHINGTON, December 9, 1851.

Senate.—Mr. Houston appeared to-day.

Mr. Stockton presented a petition from citizens of New Jersey, asking the interposition of this Government in behalf of John S. Thrasher, lately condemned and imprisoned after a mock trial by the authorities of Cuba.

Mr. Stockton said that he would, at present, wait for information before making any movement in the matter, and with that view submitted a resolution calling upon the President to communicate all the information in his possession, touching the imprisonment of Mr. Thrasher, which was adopted.

Mr. Hale introduced a joint resolution authorizing the President to interpose friendly offices with the French Republic in behalf of Abd-el-Kader.

Mr. Bright introduced his resolution to reinstate the 49th rule, so as to have Senate officers elected.

Nothing else of interest was transacted in the Senate.

House of Representatives.—After the reading of the journals, several members attended and were sworn in.

The Clerk then read the list of Standing Committees, which had been appointed by the Speaker, as follows:

Committee of Elections—Messrs David T Disney of Ohio, William S Ashe of North Carolina, Christopher H Williams of Tennessee, William T Hamilton of Maryland, Abraham M Schermerhorn of New York, John S Caskie of Virginia, Presley Ewing of Kentucky, George T Davis of Massachusetts, and James Gamble of Pennsylvania.

Ways and Means—Messrs George S Houston of Alabama, George W Jones of Tennessee, Edward Stanley of North Carolina, Harry Hibbard of New Hampshire, James Brooks of New York, J Glancy Jones of Pennsylvania, Wm Appleton of Massachusetts, Cyrus L Dunham of Indiana, and John S Phelps of Missouri.

Claims—Messrs R J Daniel of N C, Alfred P Edgerton of Ohio, Richard L Bowie of Md, Origen S Seymour of Conn, Robert Rantoul, Jr, of Mass, William A Sackett of New York, Carlton P Curtis of Pa, William R Smith of Ala, and Gilchrist Porter of Missouri.

Commerce—Messrs David L Seymour of NY, Andrew Johnson of Tenn, Alexander H Stephens of Georgia, Thomas J D Fuller of Me, James H Duncan of Mass, John Robbins, Jr, of Pa, Louis St Martin of La, William Aiken of S C, and Thos Y Walsh of Maryland.

Public Lands—Messrs Willard P Hall of Mo, W R W Cobb of Ala, Henry Bennett of NY, Jas L Orr of S C, Albert G Watkins of Tenn, John D Freeman of Miss, Henry D Moore of Pa, Bernhart Henn of Iowa, and Joseph W McCorkle of California.

Post-Office and Post Roads—Messrs Edson B Olds of Ohio, Alexander G Penn of La, Orin Fowler of Mass, Paulus Powell of Va, John L Schoolcraft of N Y, Richardson Scurry of Texas, Ben Edwards Gray of Ky, Edward C Marshall of California, and Lincoln Clark of Iowa.

District of Columbia—Messrs Orlando B Ficklin of Ill, Thos H Everett of Va, David Outlaw of N C, Edward Hammond of Md, Chas Allen of Mass, Junius Hillyer of Ga, Hiram Bell of Ohio, Alexander H Buell of N Y, and Daniel Mace of Indiana.

Judiciary—Messrs James X McLanahan, of Penn, Richard K Meade of Va, Humphrey Marshall of Ky, Abraham W Venable of N C, Isham G H Harris of Tenn, Jas Meacham of Va, John Bragg of Ala, Samuel W Parker of Ind, and Preston King of N Y.

Revolutionary Claims—Messrs Moses McDonald of Me, Richard H Stanton of Ky, Jas F Strother of Va, Jas M Gaylord of Ohio, Henry M Fuller of Pa, Robert Rantoul Jr of Mass, Charles Murphy of Ga, Richard Yates of Ill, and Gilbert Dean of N Y.

Public Expenditures—Messrs Andrew Johnson of Tenn, Charles Sweetser of Ohio, Marius Schoonmaker of N Y, Nathan T Strattan, of N J, John Letcher of Va, Thos M Howe of Penn, Jas T Moore of N C, Leander Babcock of N Y, and Thompson Campbell of Illinois.

Private Land Claims—Messrs Timothy Jenkins of N Y, Geo W Thompson of Va, Jas Abercrombie of Ala, John L Dawson of Pa, Lewis D Campbell of Ohio, Benj D Nabers of Miss, J Aristide Landry of La, Wm W Snow of N Y, and John G Miller of Missouri.

Manufactures—Messrs James M Beale of Va, Thomas B Florence of Pa, Benjamin Thompson of Mass, Chauncey F Cleveland of Conn, Addison White of Kentucky, William Murray of N Y, Jared Perkins of N H, Frederick W Green of Ohio, and Emanuel B Hart of New York.

Agriculture—Messrs John G Floyd of N Y, Fayette McMullin of Va, Alfred Dockery of N C, Joseph Cable of Ohio, Charles Skelton of N J, Samuel Brenton of Ia, Eben Newton of Ohio, James Duane Doty of Wis, and John McNair, of Pa.

Indian Affairs—Messrs Robt W Johnson of Ark, Volney E Howard of Texas, Geo Briggs of N Y, Joseph W Jackson of Ga, James J Gorger of Mich, Graham N Fitch of Ia, Joseph B Caldwell of N C, Edward C Marshall of Cal, and Charles Durkee of Wis.

Military Affairs—Messrs Armistead Burt of S C, Wm H Bissell of Ill, Meredith P Gentry of Tenn, Willis A Gorman of Ia, Alexander Evans of Md, Ephraim K Smart of Me, Thaddeus Stevens of Pa, John A Wilcox of Miss, and Solomon G Haven of N Y.

Militia—Messrs Charles H Peaslee of N H, John H Savage of Tenn, George C King of R I, John G Davis of Ia, William F Hunter of Ohio, Charles Andrews of Me, William Bebard of Vt, Elijah W Chastain of Ga, and Wm T Ward of Ky.

Naval Affairs—Frederick P Stanton of Tenn, Thomas S Bocock of Va, Lorenzo Burrows of N Y, Sampson W Harris of Ala, E Carrington Cabel of Fa, Thomas Rose of Pa, Ebenezer J Henniman of Mich, Isaac Wildrick of N Y, and Robert Goodenow of Me.

Foreign Affairs—Messrs Thomas H Bayly of Va, Joseph Woodward of S C, Robert Toombs of Ga, Wm H Polk of Tenn, John L Taylor of Ohio, John Appleton of Me, Colin M Ingersoll of Ct, Joseph R Chandler of Pa, and John G Chapman of Ky.

Territories—Messrs Wm A Richardson of Ill, Alex R Holliday of Va, Thos L Clingman of N C, James W Stone of Ky, Joshua R Giddings of Ohio, David J Bailey of Ga, Zeno Scudder of Mass, Chas E Stewart of Mich, and James Lockhart of Ia.

Revolutionary Pensions—Messrs John S Millson of Va, Joseph Russell of N Y, Amos Tuck of N H, Norton S Townshend of Ohio, George H Brown of N J, Wm M Churchwell of Tenn, Joseph S Cottman of Md, John Z Goodrich of Mass, and Willis Allen of Ill.

Invalid Pensions—Isham G Harris of Tenn, Rodman M Price of N J, Frederick S Martin of N Y, Richard S Molony of Ill, Benj C Eastman of Wis, John Johnson of Ohio, Joseph H Kuhns of Pa, Daniel J Jones of N Y, and Charles Chapman of Conn.

Roads and Canals—John L Robinson of Ind, Wm F Colcock of S C, John W Howe of Penn, John O Mason, of Ky, Benj Stanton of Ohio, Emanuel B Hart of N Y, Charles J Faulkner of Va, Josiah Sutherland, jr, of N Y, and James Johnson, of Ga.

Patents—David K Carter of Ohio, Milo M Dimmick of Penn, William T Ward of Ky, Benjamin B Thurston of R I, and Alexr White, of Ala.

Public Buildings and Grounds—Richard H Stanton of Ky, Henry A Edmundson, of Va, Richard I Bowie of Md, James Duane Doty of Wis, and John H Boyd of N Y.

Revisal and Unfinished Business—W R W Cobb of Ala, Thomas Y How, Jr, of N Y, Thomas M Bibighaus, of Penn, George H Busby of Ohio, and Ismael Washburn, Jr, of Maine.

Accounts—John C Mason of Ky, John A Morrison of Penn, John Welch of Ohio, Reuben Robie of N Y, and Jas H Duncan of Mass.

Mileage—Thomas A Hendricks of Ind, John D Freeman of Miss, J H Hobart Haws of N Y, John Letcher of Va, and John Allison, of Penn.

Engraving—Edward Hammond, of Md, George Reed Riddle of Del, and Ahiman L Miner of Vt.

Joint Committee on the Library of Congress—Messrs Joseph R Chandler of Penn, Joseph A Woodward of S C, and Horace Mann of Mass.

Enrolled Bills—Isaac Waldrick of N Y, and Nelson Burrese, of Ohio.

Expenditures in the State Department—Charles E Stuart of Michigan, Wm S Ashe of N C, John Wells of NY, Thompson Campbell of Ill, and Alexander Harper of Ohio.

Expenses in the Treasury Department—Benj B Thurston, of R I; Thomas A Hendricks, of Ind, Henry S Walbridge of N Y, Galusha A Grow, of Pa, and John Allison of Pa.

Expenditures in the War Department—Messrs Milo M Dimmick of Pa, Willard Ives of N Y, Obadiah Browne of N Y, Andrew Parker of Pa, and Elijah W Chastain of Ga.

Expenditures in the Navy Department—Messrs F McMullin of Va, Sampson W Harris of Ala, Jedediah Harsford of N Y, Thos B Florence of Pa, E Carrington Cabell of Fla.

Expenditures in the Post-office Department—Messrs Alexander G Penn of La, Wm H Kurtz of Pa, George T Davis of Mass, Augustus P Haskell of N Y, and John H Savage of Tenn.

Expenditures on the Public Buildings—Messrs Thomas Bartlett, Jr, of Va, J H Hobart Haws of N Y, David Outlaw of N C, William M Churchwell of Tenn, John L Taylor of Ohio.

A message was received from the Senate, informing the House that they had passed a joint resolution authorizing the appointment of a Chaplain by each House, to be should interchange weekly.

Mr. Jones, of Tennessee, said he would not make a speech on the occasion, but he should oppose the passage of the resolution for two reasons—first, because they have no power—and secondly, because he considered it a burlesque upon the Christian religion. He therefore moved that the resolution be laid on the table.

The ayes and noes being demanded, the question was negatived by a vote of 22 in the affirmative, and 159 in the negative.

Mr. Henn, of Iowa, then moved an amendment, that the Chaplain should receive no compensation from the Treasury of the United States; and Mr. Evans, of Md., called for the previous question, which was sustained, and a call for the ayes and noes was negatived.

The resolution, as originally proposed, was then put and carried, and the House proceeded to the choice of a Chaplain.

On the fourth ballot, the Rev. Mr. Morgan was elected, receiving 103 votes—Mr. Gurley getting 83.

The House then adjourned.

TUFTS'S HOTEL, 23 Canal street, New Orleans, La.—A. W. TUFTS, proprietor of the above establishment, is now prepared to accommodate his friends and strangers generally.

The premises have been renovated and refurnished, and the house supplied with superior Wines, Liquors, etc.

The situation is convenient to business, and is one of the best locations in the city.

A share of the patronage heretofore so liberally accorded to him is respectfully solicited. d10 6m1w1s

WHITE MAGNOLIA, No. 76 Poydras street, between Camp and Magazine streets—Mrs. C. M. HUNT (of the Magnolia House, Biloxi,) has taken the above spacious establishment where she would be pleased to see her old friends and patrons, and the public generally. Her table will be supplied with all the delicacies as well as the substantials afforded by this market. Her Rooms are comfortable and well furnished, and her terms moderate. d2 4m

WESTERN VERANDA, corner Tchoupitoulas and Julia streets—The above establishment, having changed hands and undergone a complete renovation, with new furniture, etc., the proprietor would respectfully announce that they can accommodate permanent and transient Boarders in a style not surpassed in the city.

They also announce that the BAR of this house will open TODAY, 12th inst., at 5 P. M., under the best of management, and furnished with the choicest Wines and Liquors.

je20 tf LANE & DUNN, Proprietors.

AGENCY OF
ARBOUIN, MARETT & CO. COGNAC.
THE undersigned having been appointed Agent for the old established house of "Arbouin, Marett & Co.," is prepared to receive orders for their very superior COGNAC BRANDIES, upon the usual terms, which will be shipped in any quantity, or to any port that may be required.

d26 tf S. WOLFF, 95 Camp st.

Durability and Cheapness Combined.

J. W. & J. A. CRARY, BRICKLAYERS and JOB BUILDERS—In addition to a general business in the above line, they will contract to build and guaranty Brick Cistern, and construct them above or underground, as may be require'. For further information, please inquire of Messrs. Hayman & Holden, 98 Magazine street, where plans and specifications can be seen, and references given to work done and successfully tested.

d1 tf J. W. & J. A. CRARY.

BATTURE SAND—Notice is hereby given to all persons desirous of obtaining Batture Sand, that permits can be obtained at this office for getting the Sand from the basins on each side of Post No. 1, near the head of St. Joseph street. HUGH GRANT,
Surveyor of the Second Municipality.
Surveyor's Office, Second Municipality, Oct. 21, 1851.

SLAVES! SLAVES!—The public are hereby notified that I have sold out my entire interest in No. 157 Gravier street, known as a Slave Depot, to John T. Hatcher and W. S. Gidiney. My friends are the informed that I still continue in the same business, and can be found at No. 68 Baronne street, Banks Arcade, No. 76 Bourbon street, or at John Allen's Livery Stable, adjoining Planters' Varieties. Any communication addressed to me at either of the above places, will receive prompt attention.
new Gunny Bags JAMES W. BOASMAN.

SLAVES FOR SALE—50 Slaves Wanted—JAS. W. BOAZMAN and W. F. TANNEHILL have formed a copartnership under the style of BOAZMAN & TANNEHILL, with the view of transacting the business of buying, selling and hiring slaves. They wish to purchase thirty slaves of all descriptions for the country. They have and will continue to keep on hand Slaves for sale and hire, and those wishing Slaves will do well to give them a call. They are prepared to receive any number of Slaves, having extensive accommodations. All business will receive the most prompt attention. They respectfully solicit a share of public patronage. BOAZMAN & TANNEHILL,
o27 3m&1w 68 Baronne street.

CHAMPAGNE—150 baskets Colbert Champagne, a superior article, now landing ex brig Globe, and for sale by SAMUEL WOLFF, 95 Camp st.

The "Cutest" Yankee Trick Out.

A Connecticut broom peddler—a shrewd chap from over among the steady habits, wooden clocks, school masters, and other fixins, drove through the streets of Providence, heavily laden with corn brooms. He had called at several stores and offered his load, or ever so small a portion of it; but when he wanted the cash and nothing else in payment, they had uniformly given him to understand that they had got brooms enough, and that he might go further. At length he drove up to a large wholesale establishment on the west side, and once more offered his wares.

"Well," said the merchant, "I want the brooms badly enough; but what will you take in pay?"

This was a poser. The peddler was aching to get rid of his brooms—he despised the very sight of his brooms—but he would sooner sell a single broom for cash than the whole load for any other article—especially that which he could not as readily dispose of as he could brooms. After a moment's hesitation, however, he screwed up his courage to the sticking point—it required some courage, after having lost his chance of selling his load half a dozen times by a similar answer—and frankly told the merchant he must have cash. Of course, the merchant protested that the cash was scarce, and that he must purchase, if he purchased at all, with what he had in the store to pay with. He really wanted the brooms, and he did not hesitate to say so; but the times were hard, he had notes to pay, and he had goods that must be disposed of.

Finally, he would put his goods at the cost price, for the sake of trading, and would take the whole load of brooms which the peddler had labored so unsuccessfully at other stores to dispose of.

"So," said he to the man from Connecticut, "unload your brooms, and select any article from my store, and you shall have them at cost."

The peddler scratched his head. There was an idea there, as the sequel shows plainly enough.

"I'll tell you what it is," he answered at last, "just say them terms for half the load, and cash for t'other half, and I'm your man. Blowed if I don't sell out, ef Connecticut sinks with all her broom stuff the next minute."

The merchant hesitated a moment, but finally concluded the chance a good one. He should be getting half the brooms for something that would not sell as readily; as for cost price, it was an easy gammon in regard to it. The bargain was struck, the brooms were brought in, the cash for half of them was paid over.

"Now, what will you have for the remainder of your bill?" asked the merchant.

The peddler scratched his head again, and this time more vigorously. He walked the floor—whistled—commenced with his fingers on the head of a barrel. By and-by, his reply came—slowly, deliberately:

"You Providence fellows are cute; you sell at cost, pretty much all of ye, and make money. It must be that somebody gets the worst of it. Now I don't know about your goods, barrin' one article, and of I take any thing else, I may be cheated. So, seein' as 't wont make any odds with you, I guess I'll take brooms; I know them like a book, and can swear to what you paid for 'em.

And so saying, the peddler commenced reloading his brooms, and having snugly deposited half of his former load, jumped on his cart with a regular Connecticut grin, and while the merchant was cursing his impudence and his own stupidity, drove off in search of another customer. [Providence Post.

B. Brower & Co.
HOUSE FURNISHING STORE,
17 CAMP STREET. 17
China, Glass and Earthen ware; Silver, Plated and BRITANNIA WARE;
Iron, Tin and Wooden ware; Knives and Forks, Japannery, Lamps, Cooking Stoves, etc. n20 1y

M. Gomes,
CABINET MAKER,
NO. 7 BARONNE ST.
FURNITURE made to order, also cleaned and repaired on the shortest notice and at the lowest prices. d11 1m

FURNITURE—FURNITURE.—The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of ladies and housekeepers generally to a large and well selected stock of FURNITURE, the cheapest ever offered in this city, consisting in part of Mahogany and Walnut Chairs, Sofas, Divans, Ottomans, Marble Top Centre Tables, Card Tables; Mahogany, Rosewood and Walnut Armoirs; Mahogany and Walnut Bedsteads, Marble Top Bureaus and Wash Stands, Marble Top Sideboards, Extension Dining Tables, Clocks and Time-Pieces, Hair and Moss Mattresses, Feather Pillows and Bolsters, together with a large lot of common Furniture.

☞ A call is respectfully solicited from those in want of any goods in their line. H. GREEN & CO.
H. GREEN, } 137 Poydras, bet. St. Charles
JOS. H. DUBREAD. } and Carondelet streets.
d 6m|tp&W

MILLER, HARRIS & WALDO,
74 *Canal street, New Orleans,*
WHOLESALE and retail dealers in FINE TABLE CUTLERY, Plated, Finished, Tin, Japanned and Wooden Ware; Table Oil and Bronzed Lamps and Grandoles; Glassware (Plain and Colored) Floor Matting, and House Furnishing Goods generally. Sperm and Wax Candles; Sperm, Whale, Lard, Linseed, Neatsfoot and Chemical Oils; Spirit Gas, Camphine, Alcohol, Turpentine, and Paints of all descriptions; Brushes; Window Glass; Putty; White Lead; Sand Paper; Glue; Curled Hair; Hair Seating and Springs; Flowing, Polishing, Scouring, Furniture, Coach, Black Japan and White Damar Varnishes. Also—Picked and Common Moss always for sale.

PRICES OF CAMPHINE:
By the barrel.....80 cents per gallon
By the five gallons.....85 cents per gallon
For a less quantity.....90 cents per gallon
mh18 1y 18 W

SPLENDID FURNITURE—Furniture, Looking Glasses, China and Crystal Ware.
Also—Fancy Articles.
F. MALLARD, No. 67 Royal street, just from Europe, most respectfully announces to his friends and the public that he has received by the last arrivals a very large assortment of fancy articles.
He keeps also a choice assortment of Mahogany and Palisander Furniture, of the last fashion, such as Bedsteads, Tables, Arm-chairs, Sofas, Squaies, etc.
Also, Curtain Goods, Screens, Hangings, Borders, Fringes, etc., for bed-rooms, parlors and boudoirs; Carcel Lamps, Candlesticks, Lustres, Lanterns, Night Lamps, Clocks, Fenders, Andirons, Crockery and China Ware of all descriptions.
F. M. manufactures all kinds of Furniture to order; also, Curtains, Carpets, and every thing appertaining to the furnishing of rooms with neatness and elegance, at very moderate rate prices.
At the same store may be hired all things necessary for soirees, such as lustres, candelabras, etc. n29 1m

CHEAP FURNITURE STORE,
No. 50 Circus street, corner of Perdido.
JOSEPH B. HUBBARD, Wholesale and Retail Dealer and Manufacturer of CABINET FURNITURE, such as SOFAS, BEDSTEADS, ARMOIRS, Secretaries, Bookcases, Marble Top Sideboards, Centre, Card and Work Tables, Marble Top Bureaus and Wash Stands; Looking Glasses; Mahogany, Walnut, Cane and Wood Seat Chairs; Moss and Hair Mattresses; Mosquito Bars; Feather Pillows, and Bedding of all kinds. This stock is manufactured of the best material, and the public are solicited to call and examine for themselves before purchasing elsewhere.
☞ All Furniture packed and made ready for shipping, *free of charge.* fe7 os

STILL THEY COME!—A new arrival of Rensselaer's Patent Portable SPRING MATTRESSES, which are daily being introduced into use by all who study comfort and economy, as the mattress makes the bed complete—that's economy! They can be rolled up into a very small compass, and made convenient to handle; and they give general satisfaction, to all who use them, which is a proof that they are the most comfortable Mattress now in use.
These celebrated Mattresses can be seen, and are for sale during all business hours, at J. M. WEYMOUTH'S Furniture Sale Room, 107 St. Charles street, one door from Poydras.
☞ The public are respectfully requested to call and examine this stock. n12 tf

FRUITS, Etc.—
2000 boxes MR. Raisins.
25 boxes Citron.
20 bbls. Currants.
500 boxes No. 1 Fire Crackers. For sale by
d17 A. F. COCHRAN & CO. 27 Tchoupitoulas st.

CORN MILLS—Straubb's superior French Burr;
COTTON PRESS SCREWS—Newell's superior Turned
I. W. ARTHUR & CO., Agents,
18 and 20 New Levee.

COGNAC—25 half pipes Marett & Co.; 25 half and 50 quarter casks Poultney superior Cognac Brandy, now landing ex ship Andover, from Bordeaux, for sale in bond, by SAM'L WOLFF, 95 Camp st.

ICE—Just received per ship Belle Rock, from Boston, 1175 tons ICE, for sale by
d12 tf J. STAFFORD & CO.

COGNAC—30 casks, landing ex ship Reindeer, for sale low in bond, by
d4 tf S. WOLFF, 95 Camp st.

RICE AND GUNNY BAGS.—Just received and for sale by the subscribers, fresh Carolina Rice; 4 bales, containing 250 each, new Gunny Bags.
d15 BARELLI & CO., 61 Common st.

CAROLINA RICE—Now landing ex brig Telegraph, from Charleston, 50 casks superior new crop Carolina Rice, for sale by
n18 BARELLI & CO. 61 Common st.

WILLOW BASKETS—250 nests, for sale by
d12 E. J. HART & CO. 79 Tchoupitoulas st.

BRANDY CHERRIES—60 bxs. superior, just received and for sale low, by
d11 SAMUEL WOLFF, 95 Camp st.

PICKLES—150 dozen, assorted sizes, for sale by I. W. ARTHUR & CO. 28 and 29 New Levee.

CASTOR OIL—8 bbls. pure, in store, for sale by STONE & WALWORTH, 26 Tchoupitoulas st.

DRY GOODS, ETC.

NEW FRENCH MILLINERY—
NEW GOODS. VERY CHEAP.
Mrs. G. W. ROPER, No. 165 Poydras street, most respectfully informs the ladies that she has, and will constantly keep on hand, a beautiful assortment of
SILK BONNETS, STRAW BONNETS,
RIBBONS, FLOWERS,
PANAPOLS, EMBROIDERIES,
DRESS TRIMMINGS, TOILET ARTICLES,
LADIES' MERINO VESTS, and a variety of FANCY GOODS, which will be sold very cheap for cash.
☞ Country orders punctually attended to. Old Bonnets cleaned and altered. d1 6m

FRENCH DRESS MAKING—
Mrs. G. W. ROPER, No. 165 Poydras street, invites the attention of the ladies to the superior style and taste in which she has DRESSES and MANTILLAS made by her experienced French Dress Maker.
Ladies, please call and examine for yourselves. d1 6m

MRS. M. BRYAN and MRS. M. A. WENTZ
Respectfully inform the ladies of New Orleans and its vicinity that they have opened a MILLINERY AND DRESS-MAKING ESTABLISHMENT at No. 106 Canal street, near the corner of Bourbon, where they will keep a general assortment of Millinery and Fancy Goods, which they will sell at moderate prices. Country orders promptly attended to. Straw Bonnets cleaned and altered in the most fashionable style. n15 6m

STRAW AND SILK GOODS,
44 CAMP STREET, UP STAIRS.
THE undersigned respectfully informs his city and country customers that he has just received a choice and complete assortment of BONNETS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS, TRIMMINGS and MILLINERY ARTICLES in general, which he offers at very low prices for cash or approved city paper.
n25 fm1y ISAAC SAWIN, 44 Camp st., up stairs.

S. E. GRUMAN & CO.,
25 MAGAZINE STREET, CORNER GRAVIER,
MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS
of every description of
Fashionable Hats.

MOLESKIN HATS.		SOFT FRENCH HATS,	
BEAVER	"	MEXICAN	"
SILK	"	HUNGARIAN	"
CASSIMERE	"	BEAVER	"
ANGOLA	"	B. B. RUSSIA	"
WOOL and GLAZED HATS.			

Also—Of Men's, Boys', Youths' and Children's CAPS.

PLUSH,	OTTER,	VELVET,	
ARMY,		SEAL,	CLOTH,
NAVY,		HAIR,	GLAZED.

Being heavy manufacturers and direct importers, our goods are got up expressly for the South and South-west; and we are confident that we can offer

Greater Inducements
Both in style and quality, than can be had at most other houses.
☞ The unsettled business of BELDEN & Co. will be closed by us. S. E. GRUMAN & CO.,
o22 tf 36 Magazine st.

NEW GOODS—P. W. WOODLIEF, No. 13 Chartres street, has just received per steamships Winfield Scott, Union and Empire City, and by the sailing packets Hellespont, New York, Boston and Havre, an assortment of Fashionable and Seasonable FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, heretofore unsurpassed in extent, variety and modern style, which he now offers WHOLESALE AND RETAIL at his usual moderate prices. The stock consists in part of the following, viz:
Super Broché Antique Silks; Rich plaid Raw Silks;
Colored Armure Silks; Brocade, French and American Cashmeres;
Striped Taffeta Silks; A complete assortment of
High col. plain Poult de Soie; Ladies' Merino Hosiery;
Black Brocade Poult de Soie; Superior white and col'd Silk Hose and Half Hose;
Extra rich and embr'd do; GLOVES AND MITTS.
Changeable and Chené do; Buck, Chamois, Kid, Cashmere, Silk, Filoselli and Fleecy Lined, every description.
Embroid'd Damask and plain Poult de Soie; LACE GOODS.
Extra rich changeable and A large and elegant assort't of Valenciennes, English, French and German Laces, and do. Embroideries;
Superior 5-4 and 12-4 Linen Sheetings;
Damask Table Linens and Napkins, new and splendid styles;
4-4 Irish and German Linens and Sheetings;
Linen Cambric Hdkfs, plain; Embroidered and colored borders;
Mens' Cambric Shirt, emb'd Lace and Muslin, Silk and Woolen Damask, etc.
PLAIN COTTON GOODS.
Heavy Kerseys, Lowels, Linseys, Jeans, Denims, Stripes and Cottonades;
Super French Red Blankets;
Heavy Grainer Plantation do, very superior.
☞ P. W. W. would a specially call the attention of factors and planters to his stock of goods for their use. It is very complete and the articles have been selected with great care and judgment, the result of long experience in this particular line. n26 1y

BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS—3000 cases Boots, Sh