

St. Tammany Farmer

"The Blessings of Government, Like the Dews from Heaven, Should Descend Alike upon the Rich and the Poor."

VOL. 7.

COVINGTON, ST. TAMMANY PARISH, LA., NOVEMBER 5, 1881.

NO. 41

SUCCESSION OF JAMES P. CROSS.

State of Louisiana, parish of St. Tammany—Eighteenth Judicial District Court.

By virtue of an order of sale from the honorable the aforesaid court, bearing date the 21st day of October, 1881, and to me directed, I will proceed to sell at public auction, at the last residence of the late James P. Cross, in the town of Mandeville, Parish and State aforesaid, on SATURDAY, the 26th day of November, A. D. 1881, between legal sale hours, the following described property, to-wit:

1. Square No. 82, situated in the said town of Mandeville.
 2. Square No. 83, situated in the said town of Mandeville.
 3. One horse and buggy.
 4. One lot of farming utensils, consisting of 2 hoes, 1 rake and 1 scythe.
 5. One axe and 1 cart hook.
 6. One heating stove.
- Terms of sale—Cash.
W. B. Cook, Sheriff.
Covington, Oct. 22, 1881.

Eighteenth Judicial District Court for the parish of St. Tammany—State of Louisiana.

Richard Flowers & Co. vs. Wm. Badon—No. 1314.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias from the honorable the aforesaid court, bearing date the 16th day of July, 1881, and to me directed, I will proceed to sell at public auction, at the door of the Courthouse, in the town of Covington, parish and State aforesaid, on SATURDAY, the 5th day of November, 1881, between legal sale hours, the following described property, to-wit:

- 1st. Lots Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15, in square No. 13, Division of St. John, in the town of Covington.
- 2d. A tract of land, two hundred (200) acres, bounded north by the Pearl River road, south by Arthur's road, east by Veggie's tract, and west by Zack Strain's, as per description, in Book 1, page 140, less the three lots sold to David Lacroix, as stated in the title, and less also fifteen (15) acres sold to Mrs. E. Lacroix, described in Book 1, page 210. Together with all the buildings and improvements thereon.

Seized in the above entitled suit.
Terms of sale—The above described property having been offered for sale for cash, and failing to bring two-thirds of the appraisement, it is now offered on a credit of twelve months, for what it will bring, the purchaser giving bond with approved security, and mortgage retained on the property to secure payment of the same.

W. B. Cook, Sheriff.
Covington, La., Sept. 24, 1881.

LAND OFFICE, NEW ORLEANS, LA.,

Oct. 7, 1881.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge or Clerk of the Court, at Covington, La., on the 12th of November, 1881, viz:

Michael Brown, homestead No. 6154, for the southeast quarter of section two, township seven, south, range ten east, St. Helena Meridian, La.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

C. W. Bradley, P. J. Dulion, James Gray and S. B. Staples, of St. Tammany parish, La.
oct 15 5t. GEO. BALDEY, Register.

LAND OFFICE, NEW ORLEANS, LA.,

Oct. 8, 1881.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the judge or clerk of the court, at Covington, La., on the 14th of November, 1881, viz:

Louis Daussin, who made homestead entry No. 4483, for the west half of the southwest quarter of section 27, and the east half of the southeast quarter of section 28, township 6, south, range 10 east, St. Helena Meridian, La.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Francis Dubois, Jacques Pelloat, Jules Cahier and Paul Labordes, of St. Tammany parish, La.
oct 15 5t. GEO. BALDEY, Register.

LAND OFFICE, NEW ORLEANS, LA.,

June 26, 1881.

Notice is hereby given, that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge or clerk of the court, at Covington, St. Tammany parish, La., on the 26th day of November 1881, viz:

William Norris, homestead No. 4415, for the northeast fractional quarter and northeast quarter of southeast quarter of section 28, township 6, south of range 12 east, St. Helena meridian.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Antoine Flot, B. A. Chiappella, Francois Flot and Alphonse Fleury, of St. Tammany parish, La.
oct 29 5t. GEO. BALDEY, Register.

Notice.

Came to the premises of the subscriber residing at Lewisburg, in this parish, a brown and white pided steer, between four and five years old, marked crop and split in each ear, brand illegible, which the owner can have by proving property and paying charges.

MATTHEW DICKS, J. P.,
Fourth ward, Parish of St. Tammany,
Covington, La., Oct. 22, 1881.

THE LIVER AND ITS FUNCTIONS.

It has become a well established fact that the larger portion of diseases to which the human family is subject arise in the liver. This organ is not only the largest, but at the same time one of the most important. The venous blood, on its return to the heart, passes through this organ, and in its passage the impurities are also the secretions which are necessary for digestion as well as for a catarrh to assist in the removal of waste material &c. are eliminated. Thus it is usually seen that the liver is liable to get out of order to a greater or less extent, and when this occurs it is impossible for it to properly perform its duty of removing all objectionable matter from the blood, so that it allows it to pass through, carrying with it the poisons of which it should have been relieved.

PRICKLY ASH BITTERS
CURES ALL DISEASES OF THE LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH AND BOWELS.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
PRICE 1 DOLLAR.

PRICKLY ASH BITTERS is a medicine of rare merit, and not only purifies the blood, and being purely vegetable in its composition can be used at all times with beneficial results. It is not only a cathartic, but for the treatment of the various diseases of the liver, kidneys, stomach and bowels, and is as effectual as any other preparation. If you are troubled with any of the above named ailments, ask that it be ordered for you.
MEYER BROTHERS & CO.
SOLE EXPORTERS,
ST. LOUIS AND KANSAS CITY, MO.

PROF. HARRIS' RADICAL CURE
FOR NERVOUS DEBILITY, ORGANIC WEAKNESS, YOUNG MEN'S AILMENTS, MIDDLE-AGED MEN.
Put up in bottles of three sizes: No. 1, (sufficient to cure a permanent case, unless in severe cases, \$1.00); No. 2, (sufficient to effect a permanent cure, unless in severe cases, 50c); No. 3, (sufficient to effect a permanent cure, unless in severe cases, 25c). Sent by mail in plain wrappers. Full directions for using will accompany each box.
Prepared and Sold ONLY by HARRIS REMEDY CO., Mfg. Chemists, MARKET AND 5TH STS., ST. LOUIS, MO.
OCT 22 1y

DR. BUTTS' DISPENSARY
Established 1847 at 12 N. 2d Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.
THE Physician in charge of this old and well known Dispensary is a regular graduate in medicine and surgery. Years of experience in the treatment of Chronic Diseases have made their skill and ability so much superior to that of the ordinary practitioners, that they have acquired a national reputation through their treatment of such cases.
INDISCRETION, EXPOSURE, Produce local affections of the blood, skin or bones, treated with success, without using Mercury or Poisonous Medicines, and those of middle age, who are suffering from the effects of a disease that unites its victims for business or marriage, permanently cured, moderate expense.
PATIENTS TREATED by Mail and Express, personal consultation preferred, when it is possible. Communications strictly confidential, or should be addressed to DR. BUTTS, 12 North 2d St., St. Louis, Mo.
oct 22 1y

OVER 1500 ACRES UNDER CULTIVATION IN
LANDRETH'S SEEDS
SEND FOR CATALOGUE BY MAIL TO
DAVID LANDRETH & SONS, PHILA.

HOW APPEARANCES DECEIVE

A Michigan temperance advocate recently stated in a speech that he watched the doors of a saloon in a certain village for an hour one day, and saw thirty-one men go and come. He therefore assumed that thirty-one drinks had traded owners, and that the town was full of tipplers. Never was a man more grievously mistaken. Nothing is more deceptive than the saloon business. Of the thirty-one men he saw enter, perhaps not over five took a drink.

When you see a fat man rolling into a saloon on a hot day, your first thought is that he will fling his hat on the floor, fall into a chair and call for claret with ice in it, and you wrong him. He simply enters the saloon to see if coal will be any higher if he waits another month before buying. The saloon keeper always knows whether coal will be up or down, and is always willing to tell.

You see a couple of lawyers enter a saloon, and your impression is that they are going to shake dice for the drinks. Nothing could be more erroneous. They are simply going in to consult a State map to decide a bet that Fishkill is in Bass county. Having secured their information, they walk right out, without even stopping to reflect on the awful suction nature must have given a man, to enable him to pull a whole glassful of lemonade through a straw six inches long.

An insurance agent is encountered as he comes out of a saloon, wiping his mouth on the back of his hand. The public at once jump to the conclusion that he has been struggling with a brandy smash. There's where the public wrong him. He holds a policy on the saloon, and he accidentally dropped in to see if the stock was being kept up to given figures. A fly bit him on the chin, and he instinctively wiped his mouth.

A young man in this city lost his situation in a bank, because he was seen coming out of a saloon, and was heard to say: "Ah! that cools me off!" Instead of dying of a broken heart, as some bank clerks would, this young man produced profits that he went to the saloon to buy some old beer tumblers for his wife to put up jelly in, and that as he came out the cool breeze struck him and caused him to remark as above. He was at once reinstated and now he can go to the saloon to ask the weight of a ton of bricks, the name of the longest river in world, or what the "George" in Washington's name stood for, and no one suspects or maligns him. Out of a hundred men who enter a saloon only a very small per cent. quaff the goblet of destruction. The rest go to find out the exact shortage on the wheat crop, the fluctuations in English bank stocks, the news from Panama Canal, and various other things; and if they happen to wipe their mouths as they come out, it is simply an involuntary movement which they can no more be held responsible for than a yearling babe.—Detroit Free Press.

ENGLISH FEMALE BITTERS is intended for young girls as well as married ladies, who have by some exposure, become irregular, pale and feeble, with headache, leucorrhoea, pain in the side and back, falling of the womb, or female weaknesses, or excesses. Its use strengthens and tones the stomach, invigorates the nerves, imparts iron to the blood, corrects irregular uterine action and removes unnatural obstructions.

LEARN A TRADE.

One of the many false notions which the rapid increase of civilization in our country has given rise to is the mistaken idea so prevalent among our boys and young men, that to learn a trade is beneath the dignity of a gentleman. I heard a young man the other day expressing his views on the subject to an elder. He was the son of a dry goods clerk in very moderate circumstances, and he had no means of accumulating wealth other than by his own efforts. The elder was one of Pittsburg's wealthiest iron merchants; a man who had risen to his present position from the anvil of a blacksmith, in the mill which he now controls.

"Mr. Blank," said the young man, "I wish to present an application for a position as clerk in your office."
"Well, Mr. Smith," replied the merchant, "I have no vacancies in my office at present, but I can offer you a situation as apprentice in our machine shop if you wish to accept it."

The young man's nose was elevated a trifle as he replied in a supercilious tone—

"I would not feel that I was doing myself justice in learning the trade, as I hope to make my way up the ladder by mental abilities, rather than by physical exertions." The merchant dismissed him without further ado, and turning to me said:

"When will the average boy learn that a trade is worth more to him than all the clerkships in Christendom?"

Returning home that evening I pondered over his words. I was but a clerk myself. Was the remark really true? I looked around me; I had a comfortable home, but the house which I occupied was a rented one, and cost a large percentage of my salary as rental. Thinking over some few of my old friends, I made the following memorandum: One of my schoolmates, 15 years before, learned shoemaking. He now owns his own home, besides being proprietor of a shoe store in which another schoolmate (who was too proud to learn a trade) clerks at a salary of \$500 a year.

My own employer and myself had gone over arithmetic and algebra together, and I was considered the smarter of the two; but he learned a trade, and I am now his clerk, at a salary which is a small percentage of his own earnings.

Boys, give up your false pride in this matter. You are standing in your own light. None of your acquaintances will think less of you if you come home with sooty hands and face from honest toil. No one will think less of you for earning your wages at a blacksmith's fire or the carpenter's bench than they would were you a clerk in a bank, and spent all your money on your clothes. But, if you are determined to be a clerk, learn the trade first and learn it well, for the time may come when you will need it badly.—Ex.

THE GIRDLER AROUND THE EARTH.

If you send a telegraphic dispatch from Paris it will reach Alexandria, Egypt, in 5 hours; Berlin, in 1 hour 30 minutes; Basle, in 1 hour 16 minutes; Bucharest, in 5 hours; Constantinople, in 5 hours; Copenhagen, in 4 hours; Cuba, in 10 hours; Edinburgh, in 1 hour 30; Dublin, 3 hours; Frankfort-on-the-Main, in 1 hour 20 minutes; Geneva, in 1 hour 15

minutes; Hong Kong, in 12 hours; Hamburg, in 2 hours 30 minutes; Jerusalem, in 6 hours; Liverpool, in 2 hours; London 1 hour 15 minutes; Madrid, in 3 hours 30 minutes; Manchester, in 2 hours 30 minutes; New York, in 4 hours; New Orleans in 8 hours; Rio Janerio, in 8 hours; Rome in 1 hour 30 minutes; San Francisco, in 11 hours; St. Petersburg 3 hours; Saigon, in 11 hours; Southampton, in 2 hours; Sydney, Australia, in 15 hours; Valparaiso, in 12 hours; Vienna, in 1 hour 45 minutes; Washington, in 5 hours; Yokohama, in 14 hours, and Zanzibar, in 7 hours.—Parisian.

THE PEACOCK AND THE OYSTER.

One day an oyster set out to cross a neck of land to save himself a long swim around it; and, as he journeyed along the dusty highway, content with the weather, the climate and his surroundings, he suddenly heard a harsh voice crying out for him to halt. As he rolled into the shade of a pigweed, a peacock advanced with a lordly strut and demanded:

"How now, surrah? Where are you going, and what is your errand?"

"I'm simply crossing from water to water, and tired enough I am. I believe I have been three good hours making half a mile."

"Three hours? Why, I could strut over the distance in three minutes. Ah me, but you don't amount to much for size."

"No; a child can swallow me at a gulp."

"And you aren't the least bit pretty?"

"That's true. My shell is coarse and full of ridges."

"And you can't sing?"

"Not a note."

"Nor fly?"

"Not a fly."

"Well, well, I really pity you."

Now, then, if you want to see something gaudy, just gaze on me."

The bird strutted up and down, head up and tail spread out, and the oyster was compelled to say that it was a sight to do sore eyes good.

"While you creep, I walk, strut and fly."

"Yes."

"While you whisper, I sing."

"Yes."

"While you tumble around in the mud and sand, I reflect all the colors of the rainbow on the lawn."

"I must admit it," sighed the oyster.

"And while a pigweed shelters you, it takes a whole apple tree to give me shade. You see—"

And the oyster saw. An eagle had been looking for a breakfast. The humble oyster, hidden away under a weed escaped his piercing glances, but the georgious peacock was instantly seen and spotted.

There was a whir, a scream, and the eagle had ascended with the vain-glorious bird fast in his claws.

"Come to think it over," said the oyster, as he squinted his larboard eye aloft, "it's about as well to be an oyster under a pigweed as a peacock in the claws of an eagle. I guess I'll move on."

MORAL—Those who are born to strut should not exult over those who are born to creep.—Detroit Free Press.

Are you distressed with an overloaded stomach? Are you troubled with headache, dizziness or constipation? Does your head swim? One dose of Bailey's SALINE APERTIENT will give you relief.