

St. Tammany Farmer

"The Blessings of Government, Like the Dews from Heaven, Should Descend Alike upon the Rich and the Poor."

VOL. 8.

COVINGTON, ST. TAMMANY PARISH, LA., JANUARY 28, 1882.

NO. 1

SUCCESSION OF MARIE J. NIXON.

State of Louisiana, parish of St. Tammany—Eighteenth Judicial District court.

By virtue of an order of sale from the honorable the aforesaid court, bearing date the 28th day of December, 1881, and to me directed, I will proceed to sell at public auction, on the premises, in the town of Madisonville, Parish of St. Tammany, on SATURDAY, the 11th day of February, 1882, between legal sale hours, the following described property, to-wit:

Five certain lots of ground, with the improvements thereon, situated in the town of Madisonville, parish of St. Tammany, State of Louisiana, designated as lots Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7, in square No. 3, on a plan drawn by Chas. E. Zemple, and deposited in the office of Wm. Christy, a notary public in the city of New Orleans. The said lots Nos. 3 and 4 form one of the corners of Water and St. Francis streets, Lot No. 4 forming the immediate corner, and measure each 60 feet front on Water street, by 120 feet in depth. Lot No. 5 measures 60 feet front on St. Francis street, by 120 feet in depth. Lots Nos. 6 and 7 form the corner of St. Francis and Main streets, Lot No. 6 forming the immediate corner, and measure each 60 feet front on Main street, by 120 feet in depth, all French measure.

Terms of sale—Cash.

W. B. Coor, Sheriff.

Covington, Jan. 7, 1882.

LAND OFFICE, NEW ORLEANS, LA.,

Dec. 8, 1881.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settlers have filed notice of intention to make final proof in support of their claims, and that said proof will be made before the Judge or Clerk of the Court, at Franklinton, La., on the 21st of January, 1882, viz:

Nancy Tullos, Homestead No. 4594, for the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter, and northwest quarter of southeast quarter of section 11, township 1, south, range 12 east, St. Helena meridian, and names the following as her witnesses, viz:

Charles Crain, John Crain, Leroy Broad and Wilham Ard, of Washington parish, La.

Richard Reeves, Homestead No. 4583 for the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter, and the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section 8, township 1, south, range 12 east, St. Helena meridian, and names the following as his witnesses, viz:

T. J. Bickham, Henry Magee, Eli Magee and Frank Crain, of Washington parish, La.

Geo. Baldry, Register.

LAND OFFICE, NEW ORLEANS, LA.,

December 23, 1881.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge or Clerk of the Court, at Covington, La., on Monday, February 6, 1882, viz:

JAMES RYAN, Homestead No. 4290, for the north half of the northeast quarter, and southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section 32, township 5, south range 12 east, St. Helena meridian.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Henry Duch, Charles Duch, Joseph Ryan and Harry Duch, of St. Tammany parish, La.

Geo. Baldry, Register.

LAND OFFICE, NEW ORLEANS, LA.,

Dec. 12, 1881.

Notice is hereby given, that the following named settlers have filed notice of their intention to make final proof in support of their claims, and that said proof will be made before the Judge or clerk of the court, at Covington, St. Tammany parish, La., on the 21st day of January, 1882, viz:

John D. Ryan, Homestead No. 4874, for the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section 6, and the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section 7, township 6, south, range 10 east, St. Helena meridian, and names the following as his witnesses:

Adolphus Baham, Joseph Hebard, Preston Bennett and Robt. W. Bennett, of St. Tammany parish, La.

ADOLPHUS BAHAM, Homestead No. 4119 for the east half of the southeast quarter of section 29, township 6, south, range 10 east, St. Helena meridian, and names the following as his witnesses, viz:

John D. Rest, Jos. H. Hard, Gustavo Dupont and Jas. York, of St. Tammany parish, La.

Geo. Baldry, Register.

LAND OFFICE, NEW ORLEANS, LA.,

Jan. 7, 1882.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge or clerk of the court, at Covington, La., on the 11th of February, 1882, viz:

Clara Dorsey, Homestead No. 4396, for the east half of the southeast quarter of section 17, and the east half of the northeast quarter of section 29, township 6, south, range 12 east, St. Helena meridian.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Geo. J. Wilson, Saml. R. Wilson, A. F. Porter and P. Webb, of St. Tammany parish, La.

Geo. Baldry, Register.



PRICKLY ASH BITTERS

The majority of the ills of the human body arise from a derangement of the Liver, affecting both the stomach and bowels. In order to effect a cure, it is necessary to remove the cause. Irregular and sluggish action of the Bowels, Headache, sickness at the stomach, Pain in the Back and Loins, etc., indicate that the Liver is at fault, and that nature requires assistance to enable this organ to throw off its impurities.

Prickly Ash Bitters are especially compounded for this purpose. They are mild in their action and effect as a cure; are pleasant to the taste and taken easily by both children and adults. Taken according to directions, they are a safe and pleasant cure for Dyspepsia, General Debility, Habitual Constipation, Diseased Kidneys, etc., etc. As a Blood Purifier they are superior to any other medicine; cleansing the system thoroughly, and imparting new life and energy to the invalid. It is a medicine and not an intoxicating beverage.

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR PRICKLY ASH BITTERS, and take no other. PRICE, \$1.00 per Bottle. MEYER BROS. & CO., SOLE PROPRIETORS, St. Louis and Kansas City, Mo.

DR. HITT'S MEDICAL CURE

THE HITT'S MEDICAL CURE is a new and powerful medicine, which has been prepared by Dr. Hitt, after years of study and experience. It is a powerful medicine, which has been prepared by Dr. Hitt, after years of study and experience. It is a powerful medicine, which has been prepared by Dr. Hitt, after years of study and experience.

PATENTS.

We continue to act as Solicitors for Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, etc., for the United States, Canada, Cuba, England, France, Germany, etc. We have had thirty-five years experience.

OMNIBUS LINE.

BY W. H. DAVENPORT.

Leaves Covington for the Old Landing, connecting with the steamer New Orleans. Will take passengers to any part of this or adjoining parishes. Terms moderate.

Woman's health is dependent upon regular monthly uterine action. Inferior with this grand function of female life, and disease will be the legitimate result. Nature demands regular action, and her laws cannot be violated unless at the expense of health. This function, this monthly secretion must continue from the age of puberty to the "turn of life," with unobstructed obstruction; and inattention to this fact has consigned thousands of females to untimely graves. A remedy for all these troubles has been prepared by the medical profession, which will relieve old and young of these monthly excesses and weaknesses; will restore nature; will strengthen the weak and debilitated will give rotundity and shape to the lean and haggard, and will impart iron to the impoverished blood. Dr. DeGouge's ESQUISSE FEMALE BITTERS is the remedy and will do the work to satisfaction.

A HORRIBLE MORMON CRIME

A correspondent of the St. Louis Republican, writing from Salt Lake City, relates the following:

One crime, which was committed here only a short time ago, I must describe. Mrs. Maxwell with her husband in 1869. Two years afterwards her husband took another wife, and one year later he was sealed to a third. Mrs. Maxwell had two sons, aged respectively 14 and 16 years. Their father urged them to go through the endowment house and become Mormons bound by all the oaths of the church. Mrs. Maxwell objected, and in order to prevail over her sons she told them the secrets of the endowment house. The penalty for revealing these secrets is dismemberment of the body, cutting of the throat, and tearing out the tongue. Mr. Maxwell overheard his wife, being in an adjoining room, and forthwith he informed the elders, who sent for the unfortunate woman and her two sons. They were taken into what is called the "dark pit," a blood-atoning room under Brigham Young's house. The woman was then stripped of all her clothing, and then tied on her back to a large table. Six members of the priesthood then performed their damnable crime. They first cut off their victim's tongue, and then cut her throat, after which her legs and arms were severed. The sons were compelled to stand by and witness this dreadful slaughter of their mother. They were then released and given twenty-four hours to get outside of the territory, which was then an impossibility. The sons went directly to the house of a friend, to whom they related the butchery of their mother, and getting a package of provisions, they started; but on the following morning they were found dead—they had met the Danites. One other case similar to the above occurred about five years ago, in the city hall. These are truths, and the lady to whom the sons told their story is willing to make affidavit to the facts, if she can be guaranteed immunity from Mormon vengeance.

SHE FELT SHOCKED.

He had been introduced to a girl from Boston, and together they pawed aimlessly through a broken-back album.

"And shall you hang up your stocking?" he inquired, as they talked of Christinas.

"Sir!" exclaimed the Boston girl, drawing herself up proudly and fixing her quivering glasses firmly on her nose, "let me never hear you speak to me again."

And she swept grandly out of the room, while the young man went and laid his astonished head against the frosty window pane and turned sick at his stomach.

A Woman's Experience.

Mothers and Daughters should feel alarmed when weariness constantly oppresses them. If I am fretful from exhaustion of vital powers and the color is fading from my face, Parker's Ginger Tonic gives quick relief. It builds me up and drives away pain with wonderful certainty.—Buffalo lady.

A SIOUX BILL OF FARE.

One of the peculiarities of the latest United States style of feeding the noble red man is the fact that he is given government rations, and at the same time appropriations are made which are supposed to maintain him.

Sometimes a wild Indian who don't know much about groceries and how to prepare them for food comes in and draws his regular soldier ration in this way. For instance, up in Sitting Bull's country awhile ago, an Indian came in from the war-path who had never seen any of the pale-face style of food, and drew his rations.

He made a light meal of green unground coffee the first day, and, as he over-ate, and the coffee swelled in him, he had difficulty in buttoning his pants around the pain that he had on hand.

He felt very unhappy for a day or two, but laid it to the fact that he hadn't exercised much, and the consequent ennu and indigestion resulted therefrom.

As soon as he had succeeded in getting the interior department quieted down a little, he tackled his ration of candles. These he decided to parboil, in order to avoid trouble from indigestion. The dish was not so much of a glittering success as he had anticipated, and as he remorsefully picked the candle wicking out of his teeth with a tent-pole, he made some remarks that grated harshly on the aesthetic ears of those who stood near.

He then tried a meal of yeast powders with vinegar. He ate the yeast powders and then took a pint of extremely potent vinegar to wash it down.

At first there was a feeling of glad surprise in his stomach, which rapidly gave place to unavailing remorse.

A can of yeast powder in an Indian's stomach don't seem to be prepared for a pint of vinegar, and the result of such an unfortunate combination is not gratifying.

Every little while a look of pain would come over the features of the noble child of the forest, and then he would jump about seventeen feet and try to kick a cloud out of the sky. Then he would sit down and think over his past life.

It took about a week for him to get back to where he dared to get up another meal for himself. Then he fricaseed a couple of pounds of laundry soap and ate that.

Soap is all right for external purposes, or for treating a pair of soiled socks, but it does not assimilate with the gastric juices readily, and those who have tried fried laundry soap as a relish do not seem to think that it will ever arrive at any degree of prominence as an article of diet.

That is why this untutored child of nature swore. He had never received the benefits of early training in profanity, and his language therefore was disconnected and rambling but when we consider that he was ignorant of our language, and that every little while he had to stop and hold on to his digester with both hands and dig holes in the earth with his feet, the remarks didn't seem altogether out of place or irrelevant.

When a gallon or so of agitated baking powder & vinegar is singing its little song in the innermost recesses of an Indian, and this has been followed by a treatment of laundry soap, the student of human nature can find a wide field for observation in that locality.

The earnest and occupied look, the troubled expression of the countenance, followed by the quick, nervous twitching of the muscles of the face and the swelling up of the body, the bursting of the suspender button, the deep drawn sigh and the smothered cuss words, all betoken the gastric agitation going on within.

That is why an Indian prefers a link of bologna sausage and a two year old dog to the high-priced groceries so common to our modern civilization.—Bill Nye's Boomerang.

The New Orleans Weekly Times-Democrat and the FARMER, one year, for \$2 25, in advance.

"Wine is a mocker, and strong drink if raging." Take Prickly Ash Bitters. It is not a beverage, but a remedy for all ill effects of an excess of intoxicating stimulants. Don't take a drink before breakfast "just to wake you up," because you feel so stupid and languid. You are sure to feel worse as soon as the effect wears off. Take a half wine glass of Prickly Ash Bitters. It will brighten you up for the whole day.

SMITH WAS OUT.

A Griswold street lawyer was sitting in his office the other week when a stranger appeared at the door and said:

"Beg pardon, but can you tell me where Smith's office is?"

"Yes, sir next door."

The stranger uttered his thanks and passed to the next door, which was locked. Returning to the lawyer he observed:

"Smith seems to be out?"

"Of course he is. If you had asked that question in the first place I should have answered it by telling you so."

The visitor had a troubled look on his face as he passed out of the building, but that look was gone when he returned next day and inquired of the lawyer:

"How much will you charge me for a verbal opinion in a little matter?"

"Oh, about \$5."

The case was stated and the opinion given, and the stranger was moving away when the lawyer said:

"My fee, please."

"I haven't a cent to pay you!"

"You haven't?"

"Of course not. If you had asked me that question in the first place I should have answered by telling you so. Good morning, sir!"

HE PAID, AS USUAL.

The commercial traveler of a Philadelphia house while in Tennessee approached a stranger as the train was about to start, and said:

"Are you going on this train?"

"I am."

"Have you any baggage?"

"No."

"Well, my friend, you can do me a favor, and it won't cost you anything. You see, I've two rousing big trunks, and they always make me pay extra for one of them. You can get one checked on your ticket and we'll encure them. See?"

"Yes, I see; but I haven't any ticket."

"But I thought you said you were going on this train?"

"So I am. I'm the conductor."

"Oh!"

He paid extra, as usual.

A Peoria (Ill.) merchant hired a new clerk, who was presently called upon for a quart of vinegar. He went to a barrel and filled the measure. That afternoon the merchant was surprised to find that all his customers in the neighborhood were making a run on vinegar. At the last moment, when it was too late, he found that the new clerk was selling vinegar from the whisky barrel.

PET NAMES.

He—"May I call you Revenge?"

She—"Why?"

He—"Because 'Revenge is Sweet.'"

She—"Certainly you may; provided, though, you will let me call you 'Vengeance!'"

He—"And why would you call me 'Vengeance?'"

She—"Because 'Vengeance is mine.'"

A New London tramp was able to get enough to eat, such as it was, and he slept comfortably in barns; but he was puzzled how to get a new suit of clothes without working for them. At length he hit upon the idea of slipping into a small-pox pest house and spending an hour there. This he did without fear, as he had long been pitted by the disease. The authorities had to burn his rags, and so he got the desired new outfit.

Elegance and Purity.

Ladies who appreciate elegance and purity are using Parker's Hair Balsam. It is the best article sold for restoring gray hair to its original color, beauty and lustre.