

St. Tammany Farmer.

COVINGTON, LA., April 27, 1899.

Official Journal of St. Tammany Parish, La., at second-class matter.

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WEATHER REPORT

Table with 2 columns: Day, Max. Min. Rows for 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31.

ALEX. BAND, Observer, Mandeville Station, La.

Crops are looking good, but more rain is needed.

Some of our farmers are harvesting their oats.

The building and painting boom continues.

The public schools closed yesterday, after a three months' session.

A fine lot of wool came in last Thursday. It was bought by Eugene E. Smith.

The children of the Methodist Sunday School are rehearsing for a grand May festival.

There will be lay racing in the Episcopal Church to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock.

The delinquent tax list will be published next week. Pay up now and save additional costs.

Fireproof Oil, 15 cents per gallon; Wool Sacks and Fishing Poles at Eugene E. Smith's.

Weather prophets say we are to have a warm summer. It would be something unusual if we didn't.

The orange blossom crop is very promising. We know of two crops that will bud forth in a few days.

Fishers, beware! Mrs. Melvanis, of Corydon, Ind., was snubbed by a catfish last Saturday, and died of blood poisoning on Tuesday.

Love Sold at Axta.—Last Saturday, W. I. Hodgson & Son, auctioneers, at New Orleans, sold six building squares (62 lots) at Abita Springs, for \$1500.

Simmons Bros. are selling Warner's Kidney and Liver Care at \$1.00; Inligo Med. 10 cents per quart; four-hop red heart Cedar Enchets at 50 cents each. Liberal discount to merchants.

Those who desire to improve the breed of their horses now have a fine array of stallions to select from: Clignet 4190, Playful, Azan, Black Chief and Black Jim.

Boarders Wanted.—Mr. J. B. Timberlake, 5 1/2 miles from Covington, on the Military road, will accommodate a few private boarders for the summer. See advertisement.

The price of sugar is going up, now that it is all in the hands of the speculators. If it continues to rise, other articles of comfort will do the same, and soon it will be: "With, 15 cents; without, 10 cents."

Mr. S. Weil, Deputy Grand Director, Knights of Honor, visited Covington again this week. He informs us that he has secured 33 names, and the Lodge will be organized here next week or week after.

Deaths.—Mrs. Mamie A. Hinton, wife of Clarence E. Hinton, and daughter of Mr. E. Heath, of New Orleans, died last Tuesday in St. Louis, aged 27 years. The deceased lady was well known to some of our readers, having recently spent a short season in Covington, occupying the new Methodist Parsonage.

Married.—Mr. Rudolph Schultz and Miss Jennie Dutch were married at the Methodist Church, German Settlement, by Rev. F. Mathis, last Thursday evening. The ceremony was witnessed by a large concourse of friends, and was followed by a grand banquet and dancing, at the residence of the bride's parents. We extend the happy young couple our hearty congratulations, and wish them a bright and prosperous future.

Methodist Church.—Services Second Sunday in each month, at 7:30 p. m. Fourth Sunday in each month, at 11 a. m. Prayer Meetings every Wednesday, at 7:30 p. m. Ladies' Prayer Meeting, every Tuesday, at 5 p. m. Sabbath School every Sunday, at 9:30 a. m. Rev. L. W. WOOD, Pastor.

FINE FRY.—A number of our citizens, with several guests from the city, had an enjoyable fish fry at Horseshoe Springs last Tuesday.

The party consisted of Mr. J. R. Hooper, Col. W. F. Homar, Judge Jas. M. Thompson, Sheriff W. B. Cook, Postmaster Heints, F. B. Martindale, H. J. Smith, E. Frederick, V. Plancha, A. Frederick and Ed. R. Doyle, of Covington, and Major Richardson, A. M. Ancoine and P. Dupas, of New Orleans; also, Jack McClann. The catch amounted to over 300 perch, a fine string of trout, and one beautiful five-pound eel—the only specimen of the family Cyclopteridae that was caught. It was a beauty, and was captured by Col. W. F. Hooper, who safely landed it, after some skillful manipulation of the rod and reel. The Colonel also headed the list with a string of 82 perch, notwithstanding it wasn't a good day for fishing and bait was scarce. We return thanks for an invitation to join the party, but could not conveniently do so, although we knew they would have a "very nice time," and they did. Will try to be on hand next time.

Easter Sunday was appropriately celebrated in Covington. The Episcopal Church was very handsomely decorated with choice flowers, and the very imposing services, and sermons by Rev. H. A. Grantham, were attentively listened to by a large congregation. The children's festival, in the afternoon, presented a charming scene, each class bearing a silken banner and floral offerings. The address of the rector to the children was interesting and impressive, and the music and singing was excellent. At the close each child received a book of psalms and a prayer book, and the ceremonies were fittingly ended with singing and benediction.

Mr. J. J. Biery, of Liberty Settlement, presented us, yesterday, with the largest and finest Irish potatoes we have seen this season. They are of the Snowflake variety, and perfectly firm, light and mealy when cooked.

A risky bet, but we hope "Dit" will win: Messrs. J. D. Warren and Chas. W. Carruth made a wager of \$100 this week. In case that a certain tract of land located below Abita Springs, containing 2 1/2 acres, will sell for \$3500 cash in three years from the present date, Mr. Warren is to pay Mr. Carruth \$100. If the land will not bring that much cash in three years from date, then Mr. Warren is to receive \$100.

THANKSGIVING DAY.

President Harrison has issued a proclamation recommending that on Tuesday next, the 30th inst., at 9 o'clock a. m., the people of the entire country repair to their respective places of divine worship, to implore the favor of God that the blessings of liberty, prosperity and peace may abide with us as a people, and that his hand may lead us in the paths of righteousness and good deeds, and to offer thanks for the preservation and wonderful progress that our Republic has made since George Washington was inaugurated as its first President, one hundred years ago.

Thanksgiving services will be held at the Methodist Church at 9 a. m., by Rev. L. W. Wood, Pastor.

YELLOW FEVER.

Mrs. C. Demont died of yellow fever at Sanford, Florida, last Monday. No new cases are reported.

OKLAHOMA.

The Oklahoma country was thrown open to settlement last Monday, and there was an unprecedented rush of home-seekers, speculators and adventurers. The crowd is far in excess of the land supply, and in the first three days 10 men were killed by rival claimants. Several new towns have sprung up as if by magic. Hundreds are already leaving the country in disgust, as it does not come up to their expectations. Our State Immigration Agent should send a few representatives there, and induce these hardy Western farmers to come to Louisiana. Here they will find a more beautiful, healthy and productive country, with plenty of public land, and they won't have to fight for it, either.

GONE TO NEW YORK.

The Washington Artillery and Battery B, of the Louisiana Field Artillery, will attend the Washington inauguration celebration in New York city next Tuesday. Mr. John A. Morris, who don't work very hard and makes \$1000 a day, has generously consented to pay expenses of the former company, out of his wages.

MURDER TRIAL.

The trial of Eugene Deschamps, the murderer of Juliette Deitch, in New Orleans, will take place before Judge Marr next Monday. Judge F. B. Earhart has been appointed to represent the accused.

DEATH OF E. JOHN ELLIS.

Hon. E. John Ellis died suddenly in Washington City last Thursday, of heart disease. The death of the ex-Congressman, great lawyer, able statesman and silver-tongued orator of the South, will be universally mourned. He was born in Covington, Oct. 15, 1841.

SHOOT 'EM.

A correspondent of the Feliciana Sentinel wants the following law enacted in this State, with a provision including candidates for local offices as legitimate targets for marksmen: Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Nebraska, Dec. 1—It shall be unlawful for any person to fire off or discharge any pistol, revolver, shotgun, rifle, or any firearm whatsoever, on any public road or highway in any county of the State of Nebraska, or within sixty yards of such public road or highway, except to destroy some wild, ferocious and dangerous beast, or an offender in the discharge of his duty.

BISHOP NEWMAN OF OMAHA ON THE SOUTHERN QUESTION.

Bishop John H. Newman, of Omaha, Nebraska, has written an open letter on the Southern question which is attracting wide-spread attention. The letter is addressed to the editor of the Charleston News and Courier, referring to his speech at the Virginia Conference. He says: "You have the race question to settle as between the whites and blacks. We have the race question to settle as to the American born and foreign born. With you it is a question with your own people; with us it is the North against Europe. You have the easier task. The South has not been overrun by foreigners indifferent to our institutions. This is what I meant by the 'purest American blood' to be found in the South; and that because of this it might be that the South would have to march forth in defense of our dearest institutions. I have been saying this in the North for the past twenty years, on many public occasions, and I say so now. In all my tours in the South I spoke words of peace and unity, and since my return North I have spoken like words to President Harrison and to our statesmen. It was a joy to me that I found the young men of this generation in Florida, in the Carolinas, in Georgia, in Virginia, loyal to the Union of their fathers. I suggested to the Administration, put men in office in the South of high repute, who will promote Southern prosperity, intelligence and religion."

LOUISIANA WHITE REPUBLICANS.

A special to the Picayune from Jeanerette, April 30, says: In response to an invitation from Dr. A. Duparier, Dr. S. R. Gay, G. W. Withworth and other prominent Republicans, a large number of white men met here to-day and organized a White Republican Protective Tariff party, upon the Alabama plan. Arrangements were made for perfecting substantial organizations in every parish in this State, and a Central Executive Committee for the State to act as the head of the party until such time as a convention could be held by delegates chosen at primary elections.

A large number of letters were received from prominent gentlemen in the State expressing their desire to co-operate with the movement. Dr. A. Duparier, of Iberia, was elected chairman of the committee; W. H. Harrison, of Baton Rouge; W. B. Gray, of St. Mary; and J. Y. Gillespie, of Teche, vice presidents; T. O. Hooker and J. D. B. Gray, secretaries.

Messrs. J. H. G. Pitkin, S. F. Sathou, Dr. A. Duparier, H. C. Milor, Taylor Baattie, E. North Calou, W. G. Wily and J. Y. Gillespie were elected to represent this committee at the Southern Protection League Convention at Chattanooga.

An open letter to President Harrison, setting forth the hopeless condition of the Republican party in the South, as at present managed by incompetent white men and controlled by ignorant negroes, was indorsed. The letter appeals to the National Republican Committee for aid in establishing a Republican party in the South that will command the respect of the nation.

This new departure caused considerable excitement in Jeanerette, and while many Democrats expressed themselves as ready to join in the movement, others are to be found who predict its failure.

Col. G. E. Girard, auctioneer, died in New Orleans last Monday.

NEWS PACKAGES CAN BE CARRIED OUTSIDE OF THE MAILS.

(Only Item.) Postmaster General Wanamaker has shown a correct appreciation of an important business matter. During the Vilas administration a ruling was made which prohibited express agents or trainmen from carrying news packages outside of the mails. This made it necessary for correspondents to have their matter written up and deposited in the postoffice before the regular closing of the mails. Before that order it had been customary in every section of the country for correspondents who forwarded daily news by mail to utilize the time up to the actual leaving of the latest train for preparing their correspondence, and then hand it to express messengers or trainmen at the last moment, thus securing the very latest possible news by mail from their station. The Vilas order has now been revoked by one evoked by Russell Harrison, which reads: "More news matter, prepared by correspondents of the press for the columns of their papers, can be carried by express or otherwise than in the mails. But if any matter in the nature of a personal correspondence is enclosed with such manuscript, it can only be carried under cover of a Government stamp and envelope."

Good for Wanamaker. He is "business."

Prohibition was defeated in Massachusetts last Monday by a majority of from 30,000 and 40,000, of which Boston furnished more than one-half.

OIL OF SASSAFRAS.

The manufacture of the oil of sassafras is becoming an important industry in some parts of the country, especially in the States where this tree is common. Only the roots are used; they are chopped into small pieces by a machine constructed for that purpose, the oil being then distilled from the chips by the aid of steam. About one gallon of the oil, weighing nine pounds, is obtained from 1000 pounds of the chips. The uses for which the oil of sassafras has been employed are numerous and varied. It is a favorite perfume for soaps and candies; it is used as a solvent for different gums, and as a liniment. It is also very largely employed in the manufacture of several popular proprietary medicines. The importance of this industry may be expected to increase rather than diminish, as the sassafras and the persimmon of the two trees spreading most rapidly over the old and abandoned fields throughout the Southern States, outside of the pine belt proper; and at present prices good wages can be made digging out the roots.—Garden and Forest.

Our numerous Choctaw readers should take a hint from the above, and convert the sassafras roots they gather into oil, as it would pay them much better than shipping it to town in bundles, as at present.

COST OF MAKING A BOY A MAN.

"My father never did anything for me," recently remarked a young man who a few weeks ago finished his school life and is now seeking a good business opening. Judging by the words and the complaining tone in which they were uttered, the member of the firm who heard is prone to believe that the young man's idea of "doing something" is an outright gift of \$1000 in a lump, or the purchase of a partnership in an established concern.

The young man, to the knowledge of the writer, has not done one month's actual work for others in his entire life. His life has been passed in that pleasant pastime of the home circle, in reading, hunting, ball playing, yachting, and other employment not particularly beneficial to others. He is a type of that class of boys whose parents are sufficiently well-to-do to keep servants to attend to the household drudgery, and whose fathers follow vocations in which no use can be made of the boy's spare time. Like most boys of his class, he looks upon his board and clothes for twenty years, together with his pony, jewels, bicycle, etc., as a matter of course. The writer, while the complaining remark was still ringing in his ear, had the curiosity to make a conservative compilation of what it costs to raise an ordinary boy for the first twenty years of his life, and here it is: \$100 per year for the first five years, \$50; \$150 per year for the second five years, \$750; \$200 per year for the third five years, \$1000; \$300 per year for the next three years, \$900; \$500 for the next two years, \$1000. Total, \$4150.

This is a moderate estimate of the financial balance against the boy who complains that his father has never done anything for him. New York Press.

Before slates were in use people multiplied on the face of the earth. Wall Street News.

MANDEVILLE ITEMS.

MANDEVILLE, April 25, 1899.

HOW MY LETTER OF THE 15th FAILED TO REACH YOU I CANNOT IMAGINE.

That social caterer, Francois Coloma, paid us a visit yesterday, accompanied by his grandchild, Mrs. Anita Kelly, who is on a visit to our estimable postmistress, Mrs. Alvarez.

Our hotels are luxuriant. Crescent Hall is resplendent and Frappier's cannot be surpassed. Our friend George, the captain of our battery, will be here on the 1st of May, to fire a salute in honor of an opposition boat to the Coyle monopoly.

For the past week we have been enjoying the company of Postmaster Not. From conversation with him it seems that he is uneasy and thinks that "Harry's son" will put a "knot" around his neck.

We are glad to see that our town has been favored with a new store, removed from Covington. "Bill" (W. C. M.) ought to have known better. He cannot and will not do better than in the Fourth Ward. All right, old fellow, white and colored will help you unanimously, and stick your "bill" on Mandeville ground.

It seems that hoodlumism is a kind of contagious disease, sprouted out of late in the largest Northern cities, and which is threatening to invade even the smallest towns. If a proper board of health "ad hoc" is not promptly organized, and the most severe penalty imposed by law against those afflicted with the disease. In the meantime we call the attention of our worthy Mayor to the many acts of hoodlumism, such as cutting horses and cows' tails, painting with nastiness door handles and fences, burning stumps, wounding dogs, breaking painters' brushes, spilling turpentine and paint, twisting chickens' necks, cursing in the street, using all sorts of bad language when people are going to or coming from church, etc. If the revenue of the town will not allow the Mayor to employ more policemen to put a stop to such a state of affairs, he should ask for a special tax from our citizens, who surely will not refuse it, or they will have to organize themselves into a vigilance committee and administer prompt justice to any of the hoodlums caught in the act of perpetrating any mischief. Otherwise no decent person will dare to come to spend the summer among us.

Very likely our town will be enlivened with a picnic on or about the first of May, by a society who came twice last season, and who were so much pleased with the good dinners of the Mignier Bros., of the Crescent House, and marveled by the kind reception conferred upon them by the young ladies. I will advise, then, that our friend Paul, of the Exchange, improve his dancing platform with oranges and flowers, so no doubt this society will bring its own brass band, and will patronize him as he so well deserves.

We hope that the steamer New Camelia will be ready for the above occasion, for we fear the steamer Heroine will not be able to accommodate the large number of people who will come over on that day.

DIED.

TALLEY—At West Pearl, on Monday, April 25, 1899, at 4:10 a. m., Brocc TALLEY, aged 78 years, 7 months and 5 days.

The deceased was one of the oldest residents of the parish, a well-known and highly respected citizen, and earnest christian. He was the father of our present Parish Treasurer, Mr. M. H. Talley, and leaves several children and grand-children, and a large circle of friends to mourn his loss. His funeral took place last Tuesday at the old family burying ground, and was largely attended. Rev. L. W. Wood, of Covington, officiating. May he rest in peace.

A CHEAP TELEPHONE.

To make a servicable telephone from one house to another, only requires enough wire and two cigar boxes. First select your boxes, and make a hole half an inch in diameter in the center of the bottom of each, and then place one in each of the houses you wish to have connected, then get five pounds of common iron stovepipe wire, make a loop in one end and put it through the hole in your cigar box and fasten it with a nail; then draw it tight to the other box, supporting it when necessary by a cord.

You can easily run your line into the house by boring a hole through the glass. Support your boxes with slats nailed across the window, and your telephone is complete. The writer has one that in two hundred feet long, and cost forty-five cents, that will carry music when the organ is playing thirty feet away in another room. Farm Journal.

GARNS.—A correspondent in the Country Gentleman, writing about gaps says: "I have used a simple remedy for a long time—one that I have never seen mentioned. It is simply to put kerosene oil in the water once in a while. Not too much at a time. A person would

have to use judgment about quantity. As soon as I see a chicken (large or small) gaping, I give a dose in water. They do not seem to notice it. I have never lost any from the gaps."

THE NEW REPUBLICAN POLICY.

It is with a feeling of unalloyed pleasure that we find ourselves called upon to chronicle the fact that the Republican party has profited to the national advantage by its enforced retirement of the past four years from the management of the Government. We had feared that upon its return to power it would again attempt to enforce the policy established by President Grant and continued on for the administration of President Hayes, and attempt, by coercion, etc., to destroy the Solid South, under the so-called pretext of maintaining the "purity of the ballot," and of protecting "the poor, oppressed and innocent negro," or, in other words, setting the negro to govern the white man, when he does not possess the brain power necessary to obey. But we find that our anticipated fears are unfounded; that President Harrison will have no Southern policy; that he is endeavoring to put honest and capable white men in office, and that the colored Republicans are daily growing more and more disheartened and discouraged by his treatment of them—some of them have even gone so far as to threaten to "knife him" in the next Presidential election, assuming, as a matter of course, that he will be a candidate for a second term.

If the Republican party will persevere in this course for the next ten years, provided they continue to remain in power; relegate the negro to the cotton and cane fields, where he naturally belongs, and isolate him from the political offices which he places for and is totally incapable of filling, we venture to prophesy that the Solid South, which for so long has been the dread of the Republican party, will become a thing of the past.—Patriot Courier Banner.

A QUESTION OF PURE FOOD.

The increasing attention given to the purity of food products is one of the most satisfactory tests of the real advancement of our civilization. To prolong life by adding to the sum total of health is the highest task of the time. This view of life, at once practical and philosophical, suggested, after patient experiment, the substitution of a pure article for the lard of commerce; and the citizens of New York are now offered refined cotton seed oil combined with pure beef fat for use in their kitchens.

No substance can be better adapted to domestic use than this vegetable oil, which is approved by the medical faculty, indorsed by the best professional cooks of the metropolis, and adopted by those who for any reason dislike the use of hog's lard. The business of manufacturing Cotton Seed Lard was begun by reason of the revolting revelations made before a Committee of the House of Representatives last March touching the methods generally resorted to in the manufacture of lard, and by the criminal practice of adulterating what was termed pure lard with deleterious foreign substances.

The Cotton Oil Product Co., of 80 Beaver St., is now distributing its popular vegetable lard to families through all respectable grocers in the United States. A full description of the manufacture and of the constituents of lard is given in their pamphlet on "Some Things about Lard" (sent free)—Frum.

NOTICE—ROAD OVERSEERS.

Blank summons to road hands, suitable for any road in the parish, for sale at this office. Price, 10 cents per dozen.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Covington (La.) Postoffice, Friday, April 26, 1899. Persons calling for the same will please say advertised: Balsara Franco, Brown George, Davenport Aaron, Flanagan Dennis M. Miss, Grote C A Mrs. 2, Hare Mary E Mrs, Havens Samuel, Hill J J, Johnson Sol, Jenkins Jack, Labous Florida Miss, Myer Georgiana, Pierre Adèle Miss, Samory E H.

LETTERS HELD FOR POSTAGE.

Maryann Mizell, in care of D King, Covington, La. If not called for in thirty days from date, the above letters will be sent to the Dead-Letter Office. A fee of one cent additional postage is required on all advertised letters. CHAS. HENTZ, P. M.

New Advertisements.

Boarders Wanted.

A few private boarders can secure accommodations at my place, five and a half miles from Covington, on the Military road. Location high, dry and healthy. Terms moderate. For further information, apply to E. Gibson, at Mrs. Keller's store, J. B. HILTBRECK.

Henry Lochte & Co. vs. Anne Freuchick.

State of Louisiana, Parish of St. Tammany—Eighteenth Judicial District Court.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias from the honorable the aforesaid court, and to me directed, bearing date April 15, 1899—

I will proceed to sell at public auction, at the courthouse door in the town of Covington, Parish of St. Tammany, La., on Saturday, June 1, 1899, between legal sale hours, the following described property, to-wit: Section 3, township 8, range 14 east, Greenburg District, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon, less that portion sold to the N. O. & N. E. R. Co. for right of way, as noted in the above entitled suit. Terms of sale cash.

W. B. Cook, Sheriff, Covington, La., April 27, 1899.

Land Office, New Orleans, La., April 9, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the judge or in his absence the clerk of the district court, at Covington, La., on Saturday, June 1, 1899, viz: James H. Magee.

Who made Homestead Entry No. 7959, for the north half of the northwest quarter, southeast quarter of northwest quarter of section 34, township 8, south range 12 east, St. Helena meridian. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Willis A. Fausstover, Dennis C. Pantier, Henry Shast, and Emanuel Taylor, all of St. Tammany Parish, La. Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the law and the regulations of the Interior Department, why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

J. B. HILTBRECK, Register, Land Office, New Orleans, La., April 5, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the judge or in his absence the clerk of the district court, at Covington, La., on Friday, May 24, 1899, viz: Mervin Pierre.

Who made homestead entry No. 4453 for the northwest quarter of section 11, township 7, south range 10 east, St. Helena meridian. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Jacques Pellot, John Barney, Raymond Meyers and Henry D. Cooper, all of St. Tammany parish, La. Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the law and the regulations of the Interior Department, why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

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J. B. HILTBRECK, Register, Land Office, New Orleans, La., April 5, 1899.

State of Louisiana Parish of Orleans—Civil District Court.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias from the honorable the aforesaid court, and to me directed, bearing date March 26, 1899—

I will proceed to sell at public auction, at the door of the Courthouse in the town of Covington, St. Tammany parish, Louisiana, on SATURDAY, May 16th, A. D. 1899, between legal sale hours, the following described property, to-wit: A certain lot or portion of ground, together with the buildings thereon, situated in the town of Mandeville, Parish of St. Tammany, State of Louisiana, and designated as Lot No. 1, on a plan of Bringer, surveyor, dated January 14, 1834, and comprised within Lake, Chalport, Claret and Foy streets, less a portion thereof heretofore sold by said Vallette, by and of indeterminate quantity in the office of the Recorder of said Parish of St. Tammany, on the 31 day of September, 1893; that said portion of ground is situated on the north side of a front on Chalport street, by a depth and front on Foy street of 163 feet, American measure, more or less. Terms of sale cash.

W. B. Cook, Sheriff, Covington, La., April 13, 1899.

Land Office, New Orleans, La., March 13, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver, at New Orleans, La., on Wednesday, May 15, 1899, viz: Emil Fuhrmann.

Who made Homestead Entry No. 7003 for the east half of the northeast quarter of section 25, and west half of northwest quarter of section 26, township 8, south range 10 east, St. Helena meridian. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: G. F. Felton, G. Edwards, G. Fash, A. Wager, all of St. Tammany Parish, La. ub23 St. Tam. J. B. HILTBRECK, Register, Land Office, New Orleans, La., March 16, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver, at New Orleans, La., on Monday, May 6, 1899, viz: William Cleland.

Who made Homestead Entry No. 7905, for the north half of the northeast quarter and northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section 9, township 6, south range 12 east, St. Helena meridian. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William Wale, William B. Cois, Herman Nebelitz, Anthony Dutch, all of St. Tammany Parish, La. ub23 St. Tam. J. B. HILTBRECK, Register, Land Office, New Orleans, La., March 16, 1899.

FOR SALE.

The charming situation and beautiful view of the lake and bay, make this a most desirable place for a summer residence. CLABORNE COTTAGE. Opposite Covington, on the Military Road, is a beautiful cottage, built of brick, with a fine view of the bay and lake. It is offered for sale. Apply to Messrs. J. B. HILTBRECK, Architects