

St. Tammany Farmer.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF ST. TAMMANY PARISH.

Entered at the Postoffice at Covington La., as second-class matter.

W. G. KENTZEL, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR COVINGTON LA., SEP. 23, 1893

Latest quotations: Cotton, Low Middling, 7 11-16c. Cotton seed, \$11 per ton. Rice, \$2 03 to \$3 00 per barrel.

The total paid admissions to the World's Fair from its opening to Sept. 10, is 11,430,768.

Dr. G. B. Lawson has been appointed Coroner of New Orleans, vice Dr. C. L. Seaman, deceased.

Van Heest knocked Napier out in 26 rounds, last Wednesday night, before the Olympic Club, for \$3000. Thirty thousand dollars was paid out in pensions on Wednesday by the State of Arkansas to ex-Confederate soldiers.

Nine thousand Mahomedan pilgrims left Tunis during the month of May to visit Mecca, of whom 4500 died of cholera.

The Confederate reunion which was to take place at Birmingham on the 2nd and 3rd of October has been indefinitely postponed.

One hundred and fifty provisions from heat were reported at the Exposition Hospital at the World's Fair last Thursday week.

The Amite City Florida Parishes said: The Sheriff now has in confinement sixteen prisoners, nine of whom are in the parish prison in New Orleans.

The stamp-collecting and employes about three hundred thousand persons, and there is a capital of three million dollars invested in the business.

Forest fires are raging in Wisconsin. Over \$10,000,000 worth of timber and other property has been destroyed, and several lives have been lost.

It took one hundred and forty-six thousand cigarettes, smoking two packages a day for ten years, to kill Thomas C. O'Brien, 19 years old, of Bethlehem, Pa.

Forty per cent. of the indebtedness of the World's Fair has been paid, and the prospects are that there will be a small dividend left for the stockholders.

The one-hundredth anniversary of the laying of the corner-stone of the National Capitol building, at Washington City, was impressively celebrated last Monday.

Yellow fever has been declared epidemic at Brunswick, Georgia. An appeal for aid has been made, and physicians and nurses are being sent to the stricken city.

A pneumatic tube connects Paris with Berlin. It is used for postal purposes, and makes it possible for a letter mailed in Paris to be delivered in Berlin in thirty-five minutes.

The President has appointed Justice William B. Horblower, of New York, to be associate justice of the supreme court of the United States, vice Samuel Blatchford, deceased.

It appears that the experiment of displaying rice at the World's Fair has attracted considerable attention to it as an article of food, and the result is that it is now being used in sections of the country where its use was unknown heretofore. This speaks well for the future of the rice industry.

The Cherokee strip was opened for settlement last Saturday, and 75,000 people rushed in. This was a shrewd move on the part of the Government to get rid of a lot of worthless land, as reports show that the people are suffering from intense heat and lack of food, and water is selling at five dollars a barrel.

Lynchings.—Four negro men and one negro woman were shot to death in the Carrollton, Ala., jail, on Thursday of last week, simply because they set fire to and burned down the residences of white people. And last Saturday, near Bath, S. C., a negro by the name of Calvin Stewart was lynched, his only offense being that he knocked Mr. Charles Carter in the head and killed him, and then robbed him of eight dollars.

NEW TRY THIS. It will cost you nothing and will surely do you good, if you have a Cough, Cold, or any trouble with Throat, Chest or Lungs. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to give relief, or money will be paid back. Sufferers from La Grippe find it just the thing and under its use had a speedy and perfect recovery. Try a sample bottle at our expense and learn for yourself just how good a thing it is. Trial bottle free at W. C. Heinz's Drug Store. Large size 50c and \$1 00.

A JUDGE MURDERED.

LYNCHING FOLLOWS.

Last Saturday a most dastardly murder occurred in Jefferson Parish. A negro named O. V. Julian was arrested on the charge of beating his wife, and taken before Justice V. Estopinal for examination. The judge while reading the affidavit went to the small shelf in the corner of the room to take a drink of water. While so doing the negro said "I want to take a drink." He drew a flask of whiskey from his breast pocket and at the same time pulled his pistol and began firing. The bullet entered Judge Estopinal's back and penetrated the heart. As the judge staggered towards his residence the negro followed him, and as he fell he stooped and fired a shot that penetrated the neck near the spinal column. When the negro drew the pistol Court Officer Koerber attempted to shoot him but his weapon missed fire. The negro Julian then started for his cabin and secured a Winchester rifle, with which he shot and seriously wounded August Estopinal, son of the murdered judge, and fled to the swamp. Saturday night two brothers and a cousin of the assassin were taken from jail and lynched. They had been arrested as accessories to the murder. The entire population of Jefferson parish were aroused, and armed guards took possession of affairs, as it was feared a race war would take place. The lynching of the three negroes, on suspicion that they were aiding their brother to escape, was entirely uncalculated for and meets with universal condemnation. They were safely locked up, and consequently could be of no further assistance to him. Julian, the murderer, is still at large, but strenuous efforts are being made to capture him.

THE RICE SITUATION.

The data accumulated that indicate the rice crop of 1893 will be the smallest for ten years. We reprint in this issue a review of the rice outlook from the last issue of the Crowley Signal and also a short article from the Lake Charles American, both of which indicate the practical certainty of small crops in the prairie parishes. The smallness of the crops in those parishes is the result of the unpropitious season, while the smallness of the crop in the river and Bayou Lafourche parishes is because the rice was not planted. From Baton Rouge to New Orleans, 120 miles by the river, rice fields have been the rule, case fields the exception, on both sides of the river, for practically all the years of the last decade. Travellers passing along the railways and seeing the frequent rice fields and infrequent case fields, would express surprise, knowing Louisiana as a large sugar producing State. These very rice fields are the ones that the friends of the Louisiana sugar industry believe can be quickly put into case culture under the central factory system, they being generally open holly sugar plantations whereon case culture has been abandoned many years back. The temporary character of the rice industry, as compared with sugar, case led hundreds to go into it, until the future of the sugar case industry should be better assured, but the low prices for rice that have prevailed recently, and the simply disastrous results of the crop of 1892, practically annihilated the river and bayou rice culture, and of the lands that produced 1,000,000 bags of rice in 1892, one-half of the crop of the State, we believe we are safe in saying that not over one-third of the area was planted this season, and that 350,000 bags of rice will be a fair estimate of the river and Bayou Lafourche crop. The prairie parishes produced a million bags last year. The highest estimate we now have of their crop from any one considered an authority is half of last year, and some think it will be far less. Should they produce 500,000 bags and the Mississippi river and Bayou Lafourche 350,000, and should there be 200,000 bags of rice left over, the total supply for 1893 will be but 1,050,000 bags, against 2,000,000 for 1892. As 1,800,000 bags of Louisiana rice were consumed last year, there will be a deficit of 750,000 bags or of 37,500 tons of clean rice, and prices must quickly rise to the cost of this needed foreign rice, plus the duty thereon. This would indicate about \$4 per barrel as the value of good Louisiana rough rice.—Louisiana Planter.

SCHOOL AND TEACHER.

New Orleans, Sept. 12, 1893.

EDITOR ST. TAMMANY FARMER: Enjoying a few leisure moments, and having read in your valuable paper of the commendable energy displayed by the school board of your parish, in providing schools of longer terms than formerly, and as I have been a teacher in the public schools in St. Tammany for some years, I am prompted to write, a few thoughts of the school teacher, trusting the publication of them in your enterprising paper will be helpful and beneficial to those who believe in the power and honest administration of that hitherto neglected institution. While our college doors are open and seats within are filled, while facilities of the same are doing good for the land, elevating minds, by giving higher learning, our public schools are in the field accomplishing untold victories. All along we have seen the benefits derived from our public school system with messenger help from the State. We have seen not only what the public schools are doing and have done, but we see the many better things that it can and will do, backed by intelligent and public sentiment. We have seen that the public school is not simply a building, rude in the country, tolerable in the village and handsome in the city. Not simply a place provided with desks, chairs, blackboards and maps, and made ready for the entrance of one styled teacher, to visit every morning and there meet a number of children, hear a number of lessons, (without explanations) then dismiss and go home or go off pleasure seeking. Such may have been the public school system of the past, or as somebody has said, school-keeper, and perhaps some such impostors are skulking around now, but the awakened interest of patron and trustee is fast chasing them out of the schools. The interested patron is on their tracks, and if they chance to catch them, they run them through the broken pane and get their measure, "seven inches by nine." The public school, like a public garden, is opened to all, rich, poor, high or low. All forms of seed, all kinds of plants are there for cultivation. The teacher is the gardener, whose duty it is to watch every tender plant and to fertilize the soil with words of kindness and examples of morals. The teacher should water the plants with wisdom's spring, and when weeds and tares are seen choking the plants, pull them up and burn them. The weeds and tares are unkind looks, uncheat language, angry frowns and stubborn hearts. As a mould the public school is shaping the future farmer, mechanic, lawyer, doctor, preacher, teacher and financier, (not the kind that has cornered the money market.) Then how great is the responsibility of the public school teacher, and how careful ought he or she to be; how mindful of little things that are contrary to true morals and gentle manners? Then the true teacher is thoughtful; he must study the disposition of every child; think what perhaps the most poorly clad urchin is destined to be. Think what the country mostly needs, good, honest, liberty loving, law-abiding citizens, and that the government has prepared the public school factory for the making of such, and pays the teacher a salary as manager of the same. In the hands of the public school teacher the government trusts its raw material, so that the teacher can turn useful instruments for the country's good. The teacher must fashion the model daughter, the industrious son, the loving mother and economical father. Must prepare for future years a nation proud of home comforts. Let us thank the Almighty for having provided for us such an avenue of usefulness as the public school system, and for conscientious teachers, interested patrons and trustees, and strive to live useful lives, trusting that good will come from our work. Yours for the right, W. W. JOHNSON.

PEARL RIVER.

September 20, 1893.

EDITOR ST. TAMMANY FARMER: Miss Autumn will arrive early on the 23d, "Nodding o'er the yellow plain, crown'd with the sickle and the wheat sheaf," and in her train the Harvest Moon, "Full orb'd," and breaking through the scattered clouds, will "show her broad visage in the crimsoned east." Surely that will be a sight worth seeing, behold, and think "How good the God of Harvest is to you." With the departing summer went two of our bright-eyed maidens, Misses Lizzie and Katie Willis, bound for Whitworth College. Miss Lizzie Abney left for her home at Claiborne, after a delightful visit to her friend Miss Ida Sessler, who, with others, was sorry to see her depart. Mr. J. Behea was a visitor yesterday to his nephew, Mr. J. F. McRae. Mr. A. Talley paid his mother a visit last Sunday. Camp-meeting is still the topic par excellence, and Pearl River hopes to be represented. L. C. S.

At Roscoe, Va., last Wednesday, a mob attacked the jail, for the purpose of lynching a negro who had knocked an old white woman in the head and robbed her of two dollars. The guards fired on the mob, killing eleven and wounding a large number. The negro was removed from the jail by the officers for safe keeping, but the mob found him and hung him, and burned his body.

Lizzie Barlow polled nearly 100,000 votes in a World's fair coupon contest conducted by the Boston Journal, but refused to make the trip after winning it. At twenty years of age a temperate person is supposed to have a chance of living for forty years. Should the same person, still living a temperate life, reach the age of 90, the chances are that he will live fourteen years longer.

Queen Victoria has now passed the record of Henry III., who ruled 66 years and 29 days. She has reigned longer than any English sovereign save George III., who ruled from October 25, 1760, to January 29, 1820, a period of 59 years and 97 days.

The jury before whom some Alabama White Caps were tried, rendered a verdict of "guilty" after being out only twenty minutes. The White Caps are rapidly and sadly fading out there is no room, only in the penitentiary, in our fair southernland for them.

Commenting on the order recently sent out by the Chicago pork princes, that purchasers must pay "spot cash for meat and lard," the Tusculum North Alabama says: "Take another hitch in your belt, and do without 'as little as possible,' as the old woman said, and the hog dealers will equal first. Chickens are cheap and butter is plentiful, and 'possums will soon be ripe.

The growth of ivy on the walls of houses renders the walls entirely free from damp, the ivy extracting every particle of moisture from wood, brick or stone for its own sustenance, by means of its tiny roots, which work their way into the pores of the ivy conduct water from the hardest stone. The overlapping leaves upon them from point to point until it reaches the ground, without allowing the walls to receive any moisture whatever from the beating rain.

Thomasville.

Sept. 18, 1893.

EDITOR ST. TAMMANY FARMER: Mr. T. W. Cameron has returned from Washington parish, after a short stay, and reports splendid success in securing subscriptions for the proposed bridge across the Bogus Chitto river. Mr. Otto Stratman and family were pleasant visitors to our village a few days ago. Come again. Messrs. Grantham and son were out on the 16th inst., from the Government boat, to visit their family, and report that good work is being done in the East Bogus. Miss Rosa Hemple, Miss Mary Dutach and Mr. Archie Cook, of Dulachek, visited our town last Sunday. The annual meeting at Hebron Church began on the 16th inst. Revs. Duncan, Lee and Passman officiated. Hello! Thomasville has lost one of her men. Dave takes an ox whip, two tall cart wheels and a jack knife, and the citizens ask him to take other quarters. I think our postoffice at this place is run without Uncle Sam's assistance. "Well, dat's right, if we an oblige to do it, and accommodate our many friends, Uncle Sam is obliged; but he'd like for de menses to bring dat mail through from Florenville to Thomasville and back to Florenville in a day. PEDAGOGUE.

ANSWER TO THE "POETICAL ENIGMA."

Your clever "enigma" I scarcely had read, When an Old Man, for answer, popped into my head, An old, worn-out shoe, which we always despise, Until foot-core and weary, we hail as a prize. The easy old shoe, sir, which vanity fair Denies to her votaries of Madison Square. Dances to the fashionable bride and the groom, Except in the sacred section of home, Where safe they may sit by the red glowing coal, Or reclining at ease, toasting body and soul. Or the lady old shoe, which affection oft throws At the bride, as away on her love love love she goes. Or the lady old shoe, which so often is worn, For soothing the venomous sting of a corn— Which a King, in the splendor and pride of his state, Might envy the beggar who kneels at his gate. Or the old shoe for nursing, with soft, silent tread, That's always a solace around the sick bed. Or the lady old shoe of our infancy's feet, "Mamma's bootie bootie, to tummy and tummy." Which oft with a fond mother's tears have been wet. Or our mother's old shoe, in our childhood oft felt, In stern application below the young belt. So here's to the lady old shoe that we sing— The comfort of man, from the tramp to the King— And I hope, Mr. Editor, long it may be A treasure of comfort to you and to me. CHAR. B. DEWEY. Covington, La., Sept. 19, 1893.

SUDDEN DEATH TO FLIES.

"Come inside a minute," said a Fourth Avenue dealer in pianos, yesterday afternoon "I have discovered the greatest fly trap on earth and I want to show it to you." He led the way of an instrument at the rear of the store on which was a newspaper. On the paper had been placed a bunch of sweet peas. At least a thousand dead flies were lying on the paper in the immediate vicinity of the bunch of flowers. "I threw these here by chance," he continued, "and in about ten minutes I happened to notice that every fly that alighted on the flowers died in a very short time." Even as he spoke a number of insects which had stopped to smelt the dead fly sweet had toppled over dead. They alighted with their usual buzz, stopped momentarily, quivered in their legs, flapped their wings weakly several times, and then gave up the ghost.—Louisville Journal.

ALL IN THE FAMILY.—There were eight marriages in Washington county, Ga., recently, on the same day, and six of the brides were sisters, one an aunt to them and the a cousin.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remain in the Covington, La., Postoffice, Friday, Sept. 22, 1893: Beaumont Mollis, Oshid M. E. M. & Smith James H. Sharp David Williams A. L. S. Durville Thibbs Hiss, a package. If not called for in thirty days from date, the above letters will be sent to the Dead-Letter Office. Persons calling for the same will please pay advertised postage. A fee of one cent additional postage is required on all advertised letters. CHAR. HENRY, P. M. Specimen Cases.

S. E. Clifford, New Canal, Wis., was troubled with Rheumatism and Rheumatism, his stomach was disordered his Liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away, and he was terribly pained in head and stomach. Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured him.

Edward Shepherd, Hartsburg, Ill., had a running sore on his leg of eight years standing. Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Jackson's Apple Syrup, and his leg is cured and well. John Spitzer, Covington, O., had a large Fever sore on his leg, doctor said he was incurable. One bottle Electric Bitters and one box Jackson's Apple Syrup cured him so truly. Sold by W. C. Heinz, Covington, La.

Succession of Mr. and Mrs. Anstole Owsen. The State of Louisiana, Parish of St. Tammany.—Sixteenth Judicial District Court. By virtue of an order of sale from the Honorable the above court, and in accordance with the clause of the will of the deceased, bearing date August 21, 1892— I will proceed to sell at public auction, at the door of the Court-house, in the town of Covington, Parish of St. Tammany, La., on Wednesday, September 27, 1893, between legal sale hours, the following described property, to-wit: MOVABLES. Ten or fifteen head of cattle, branded C. F. IMMOVABLES. 1. A large tract of land, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon, situated in the parish of St. Tammany, Louisiana, and lying to the west of Bayou Focher, about a mile from its mouth, which said tract of land is commonly known as the "Anstole Cousin Brickyard and Mansion House," containing in the aggregate fifteen hundred acres, more or less, and more fully described in the inventory in articles a, b, c and d. 2. A certain tract of land situated in St. Tammany parish, Louisiana, lying to the east of Bayou Lacombe, about six miles from its mouth, fronting on the west bank of Bayou Hourville, forming a portion of Landreaux Ducree's land, and containing two hundred and eighty-five acres, more or less. The lands occupied by Charles Clavier to be exempt from the effects of this sale, and also those of Emma Robert, about twenty-five acres. 3. A certain tract of land situated in St. Tammany parish, Louisiana, lying to the east of Bayou Lacombe, about six miles from its mouth, fronting on the east bank of Bayou Hourville, having a superficial area of four hundred and forty-five acres, more or less. Terms of sale—Cash. W. B. COOK, Sheriff. Covington, La., Aug. 25, 1893.

Tally-ho Excursions

TO THE Camp Meeting. Has for the round trip, daytime, returning by 6 P. M., 30 cents. To stay to night, round trip, 75 cents. For further particulars apply at the Hivery stable, opposite the depot. L. ROUBION. JOHN AUSTIN, Practical Machinist and Engineer. HAS OPENED A JOBBING SHOP AT CLAIRBORNE STATION. Will do all kinds of repairing. Engines, Pumps, Thrashers, Saw Mills, Gins, Presses, Corn Mills, Pumps of all kinds, Guns, Lathes, Keys, Saw Milling, Soldering, Brazing, Grinding, etc. Everything from a steam engine to a wooden leg, at city prices. AUCTION. The entire contents of the store of C. Payne, in the Fellot building, in Covington, next door to the barber shop, consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Millinery, Furniture, Corn, Oats Etc. Will be sold at public auction on SATURDAY, September 25, 1893, commencing at 10 o'clock A. M. Terms of sale, cash. W. B. COOK, Auctioneer. SUCCESSION OF CLAIRBORNE BLACKWELL. Sixteenth Judicial District Court of Louisiana, in and for the Parish of St. Tammany. Whereas, James Crowl has petitioned the court for letters of administration on the estate of the late Clairborne Blackwell, deceased— Notice is hereby given, to all whom it may concern, to show cause, within ten days from the first publication of this notice, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted. By order of the court, this 23d day of September, 1893. H. E. WARREN, Clerk. Land Office, New Orleans, La., Sept. 7, 1893. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the district court, at Covington, La., on Monday, October 23, 1893, viz: THOMAS G. D. RICHARDSON. Who made homestead entry No. 3062, for the east fractional half of the southeast quarter of section 24, township 5, south range 13 east, and lots 1, 2 and 3, in section 3, township 4, south range 13 east, St. Helena meridian. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Warren Thomas, Edward B. Thomas, William E. Parker and Henry Q. Farber, all of St. Tammany parish, La. CHARLES C. PALFREY, Register, 2616 G. Land Office, New Orleans, La., Sept. 7, 1893. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the district court, at Covington, La., on Monday, October 23, 1893, viz: ABOL M. BAHAM. Who made homestead entry No. 9664, for the northwest quarter of section 23, township 5, south range 10 east, St. Helena meridian. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Joseph C. G. Baham, James R. Bendley, Charles W. Bendley and Louis S. Baham, all of St. Tammany parish, La. CHARLES C. PALFREY, Register, 2616 G. Tax Collector's Notice. Tax Collector's Office, Parish of St. Tammany, Covington, La., Sept. 12, 1893. The taxes assessed for the year 1892 are set forth in the tax rolls now on file in my office, and in the mortgage office of this parish. They are now due, and if not paid, will become delinquent on the 1st day of December, 1893, and will incur one per cent per month interest from that date until paid, in accordance with Article 239 of the Constitution. W. B. COOK, Sheriff and Tax Collector.

Mr. H. Henry Roder, 145 West 44th St., New York, will send to the first six correct answers to the following Poetical Enigma, a prize: POETICAL ENIGMA.

What is it men and women both despise, Yet each and all of them so highly prize; Which never was for sale, yet had no day? The poorest beggar can the best display; Which kings possess not, yet fall sure as I For this great luxury they often sigh; Which never bride did own, yet was the day When bride without one dare to go away; Which oft we give away, but long to keep; Which sometime we toast, but never eat. A thing most needful to the growing corn, Which weary husbandman would never scorn; The very thing to take into a sickroom; A great, soft, yielding thing, which no one fears; A thing so holy that we strive to wear It hidden from the world's rude stare. For the St. Tammany Farmer. ANSWER TO THE "POETICAL ENIGMA." Your clever "enigma" I scarcely had read, When an Old Man, for answer, popped into my head, An old, worn-out shoe, which we always despise, Until foot-core and weary, we hail as a prize. The easy old shoe, sir, which vanity fair Denies to her votaries of Madison Square. Dances to the fashionable bride and the groom, Except in the sacred section of home, Where safe they may sit by the red glowing coal, Or reclining at ease, toasting body and soul. Or the lady old shoe, which affection oft throws At the bride, as away on her love love love she goes. Or the lady old shoe, which so often is worn, For soothing the venomous sting of a corn— Which a King, in the splendor and pride of his state, Might envy the beggar who kneels at his gate. Or the old shoe for nursing, with soft, silent tread, That's always a solace around the sick bed. Or the lady old shoe of our infancy's feet, "Mamma's bootie bootie, to tummy and tummy." Which oft with a fond mother's tears have been wet. Or our mother's old shoe, in our childhood oft felt, In stern application below the young belt. So here's to the lady old shoe that we sing— The comfort of man, from the tramp to the King— And I hope, Mr. Editor, long it may be A treasure of comfort to you and to me. CHAR. B. DEWEY. Covington, La., Sept. 19, 1893.

Land Office, New Orleans, La., August 25, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the district court, at Covington, La., on Saturday, October 23, 1893, viz: CHARLES V. GUAVE. Who made homestead entry No. 10,549 for the southeast quarter of southeast quarter, and northeast quarter of southeast quarter of section 9, southwest quarter of northwest quarter, and northwest quarter of southwest quarter of section 10, township 7, south range 10 east, St. Helena meridian. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Geo. Koeppe, Jr., Geo. T. Edwards, Alfred Gitz and George F. Guave, all of St. Tammany parish, La. CHAR. C. PALFREY, Register, 2616 G. Land Office, New Orleans, La., August 25, 1893. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the district court, at Covington, La., on Thursday, October 13, 1893, viz: AUGUST PLANCHER. Who made homestead entry No. 10,313 for the northwest quarter of section 15, township 5, south range 11 east, St. Helena meridian. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Albert Theobald, Edward Theobald, Victor Plancher and Paul Labord, all of St. Tammany parish, La. CHAR. C. PALFREY, Register, 2616 G. Land Office, New Orleans, La., August 12, 1893. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the district court, at Covington, La., on Monday, September 25, 1893, viz: GEORGE J. FABST. Who made homestead entry No. 10,550, or the east half of the southeast quarter of section 24, township 5, south range 11 east, St. Helena meridian. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Benjamin Young, Daniel Davis, Thomas Mason and George Potter, all of St. Tammany parish, La. CHAR. C. PALFREY, Register, 2616 G. FOR SALE. A large Brick Residence, with about 100 acres of land, one mile below Clairborne Cottage, on the Bayou Focher river. Has 21 large peach trees and many small ones; 50 Louisiana peach trees, pines, figs, grapes, etc. Fine site for a Hotel or Seminary. Apply to HENRY TRICOU, Covington, La. FOR SALE. A small farm at Clairborne Station, opposite Covington, near the East Louisiana Railroad Depot. Good residence and out-buildings. Seven acres of land, fenced in and under cultivation; live stock, etc. Fine location for a Hotel. For further information apply at this office. FOR SALE. A House and Lots in Covington. Also 500 arpents of land on West Pearl River. Apply to Mrs. Margaret Lunn, 96 Felicite street, New Orleans, or F. B. Martindale or Wm. C. Lusk, Covington, La. MRS. M. LUNN. FOR SALE. A small farm six miles from Madisoville, 2 1/2 miles from the Techeanola River, and half a mile from the turnpike road, containing 164 acres. Well timbered, plenty of rice land, good improvements, artesian well, fruit trees, etc. Apply on the place. LOUIS FLOT. Wm. Brood Kemp, Duncan S. Kemp, KEMP & KEMP, ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Office—Amite City, La. Will attend the courts in St. Tammany, Washington, Livingston, St. Helena and Tangipahoa parishes. JOSEPH A. REDD, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW COVINGTON, LA. Clay Elliott, ATTORNEY AT LAW. COVINGTON, LA. W. KENNEDY, Notary Public, JOVINGTON, LA. Dr. F. Julius Heintz. Tenders his services to the people of Covington and the surrounding country. Office and residence—At the Covington Drug Store. Consultation free. DR. J. F. PIGOTT, JOVINGTON, LA. Offers his professional services to the public. Successor to and occupies the former office of Dr. B. B. Warren. Residence on Florida street, south of the Town Hall. DR. C. Z. WILLIAMS, PRACTICING PHYSICIAN, Residence on the corner east of the Town Hall. Day and Night calls promptly attended. Chronic Diseases a specialty.

Succession of Mr. and Mrs. Anstole Owsen.

The State of Louisiana, Parish of St. Tammany.—Sixteenth Judicial District Court. By virtue of an order of sale from the Honorable the above court, and in accordance with the clause of the will of the deceased, bearing date August 21, 1892— I will proceed to sell at public auction, at the door of the Court-house, in the town of Covington, Parish of St. Tammany, La., on Wednesday, September 27, 1893, between legal sale hours, the following described property, to-wit: MOVABLES. Ten or fifteen head of cattle, branded C. F. IMMOVABLES. 1. A large tract of land, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon, situated in the parish of St. Tammany, Louisiana, and lying to the west of Bayou Focher, about a mile from its mouth, which said tract of land is commonly known as the "Anstole Cousin Brickyard and Mansion House," containing in the aggregate fifteen hundred acres, more or less, and more fully described in the inventory in articles a, b, c and d. 2. A certain tract of land situated in St. Tammany parish, Louisiana, lying to the east of Bayou Lacombe, about six miles from its mouth, fronting on the west bank of Bayou Hourville, forming a portion of Landreaux Ducree's land, and containing two hundred and eighty-five acres, more or less. The lands occupied by Charles Clavier to be exempt from the effects of this sale, and also those of Emma Robert, about twenty-five acres. 3. A certain tract of land situated in St. Tammany parish, Louisiana, lying to the east of Bayou Lacombe, about six miles from its mouth, fronting on the east bank of Bayou Hourville, having a superficial area of four hundred and forty-five acres, more or less. Terms of sale—Cash. W. B. COOK, Sheriff. Covington, La., Aug. 25, 1893.

Tally-ho Excursions

TO THE Camp Meeting. Has for the round trip, daytime, returning by 6 P. M., 30 cents. To stay to night, round trip, 75 cents. For further particulars apply at the Hivery stable, opposite the depot. L. ROUBION. JOHN AUSTIN, Practical Machinist and Engineer. HAS OPENED A JOBBING SHOP AT CLAIRBORNE STATION. Will do all kinds of repairing. Engines, Pumps, Thrashers, Saw Mills, Gins, Presses, Corn Mills, Pumps of all kinds, Guns, Lathes, Keys, Saw Milling, Soldering, Brazing, Grinding, etc. Everything from a steam engine to a wooden leg, at city prices. AUCTION. The entire contents of the store of C. Payne, in the Fellot building, in Covington, next door to the barber shop, consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Millinery, Furniture, Corn, Oats Etc. Will be sold at public auction on SATURDAY, September 25, 1893, commencing at 10 o'clock A. M. Terms of sale, cash. W. B. COOK, Auctioneer. SUCCESSION OF CLAIRBORNE BLACKWELL. Sixteenth Judicial District Court of Louisiana, in and for the Parish of St. Tammany. Whereas, James Crowl has petitioned the court for letters of administration on the estate of the late Clairborne Blackwell, deceased— Notice is hereby given, to all whom it may concern, to show cause, within ten days from the first publication of this notice, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted. By order of the court, this 23d day of September, 1893. H. E. WARREN, Clerk. Land Office, New Orleans, La., Sept. 7, 1893. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the district court, at Covington, La., on Monday, October 23, 1893, viz: ABOL M. BAHAM. Who made homestead entry No. 9664, for the northwest quarter of section 23, township 5, south range 10 east, St. Helena meridian. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Joseph C. G. Baham, James R. Bendley, Charles W. Bendley and Louis S. Baham, all of St. Tammany parish, La. CHARLES C. PALFREY, Register, 2616 G. Land Office, New Orleans, La., Sept. 7, 1893. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the district court, at Covington, La., on Monday, October 23, 1893, viz: ABOL M. BAHAM. Who made homestead entry No. 9664, for the northwest quarter of section 23, township 5, south range 10 east, St. Helena meridian. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Joseph C. G. Baham, James R. Bendley, Charles W. Bendley and Louis S. Baham, all of St. Tammany parish, La. CHARLES C. PALFREY, Register, 2616 G. Tax Collector's Notice. Tax Collector's Office, Parish of St. Tammany, Covington, La., Sept. 12, 1893. The taxes assessed for the year 1892 are set forth in the tax rolls now on file in my office, and in the mortgage office of this parish. They are now due, and if not paid, will become delinquent on the 1st day of December, 1893, and will incur one per cent per month interest from that date until paid, in accordance with Article 239 of the Constitution. W. B. COOK, Sheriff and Tax Collector.

Land Office, New Orleans, La., August 25, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the district court, at Covington, La., on Saturday, October 23, 1893, viz: CHARLES V. GUAVE. Who made homestead entry No. 10,549 for the southeast quarter of southeast quarter, and northeast quarter of southeast quarter of section 9, southwest quarter of northwest quarter, and northwest quarter of southwest quarter of section 10, township 7, south range 10 east, St. Helena meridian. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Geo. Koeppe, Jr., Geo. T. Edwards, Alfred Gitz and George F. Guave, all of St. Tammany parish, La. CHAR. C. PALFREY, Register, 2616 G. Land Office, New Orleans, La., August 25, 1893. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the district court, at Covington, La., on Thursday, October 13, 1893, viz: AUGUST PLANCHER. Who made homestead entry No. 10,313 for the northwest quarter of section 15, township 5, south range 11 east, St. Helena meridian. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Albert Theobald, Edward Theobald, Victor Plancher and Paul Labord, all of St. Tammany parish, La. CHAR. C. PALFREY, Register, 2616 G. Land Office, New Orleans, La., August 12, 1893. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the district court, at Covington, La., on Monday, September 25, 1893, viz: GEORGE J. FABST. Who made homestead entry No. 10,550, or the east half of the southeast quarter of section 24, township 5, south range 11 east, St. Helena meridian. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Benjamin Young, Daniel Davis, Thomas Mason and George Potter, all of St. Tammany parish, La. CHAR. C. PALFREY, Register, 2616 G. FOR SALE. A large Brick Residence, with about 100 acres of land, one mile below Clairborne Cottage, on the Bayou Focher river. Has 21 large peach trees and many small ones; 50 Louisiana peach trees, pines, figs, grapes, etc. Fine site for a Hotel or Seminary. Apply to HENRY TRICOU, Covington, La. FOR SALE. A small farm at Clairborne Station, opposite Covington, near the East Louisiana Railroad Depot. Good residence and out-buildings. Seven acres of land, fenced in and under cultivation; live stock, etc. Fine location for a Hotel. For further information apply at this office. FOR SALE. A House and Lots in Covington. Also 500 arpents of land on West Pearl River. Apply to Mrs. Margaret Lunn, 96 Felicite street, New Orleans, or F. B. Martindale or Wm. C. Lusk, Covington, La. MRS. M. LUNN. FOR SALE. A small farm six miles from Madisoville, 2 1/2 miles from the Techeanola River, and half a mile from the turnpike road, containing 164 acres. Well timbered, plenty of rice land, good improvements, artesian well, fruit trees, etc. Apply on the place. LOUIS FLOT. Wm. Brood Kemp, Duncan S. Kemp, KEMP & KEMP, ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Office—Amite City, La. Will attend the courts in St. Tammany, Washington, Livingston, St. Helena and Tangipahoa parishes. JOSEPH A. REDD, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW COVINGTON, LA. Clay Elliott, ATTORNEY AT LAW. COVINGTON, LA. W. KENNEDY, Notary Public, JOVINGTON, LA. Dr. F. Julius Heintz. Tenders his services to the people of Covington and the surrounding country. Office and residence—At the Covington Drug Store. Consultation free. DR.