

St. Tammany Farmer.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF ST. TAMMANY PARISH.

ISSUED EVERY SATURDAY ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

W. G. KENTZEL, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

COVINGTON, LA., DEC. 22, 1894.

Latest quotations: Cotton Middling, 5 1-8. Cotton seed, \$8 00 per ton. Rice, \$1 50 to \$3 60.

Tilman has been elected to the United States Senate from South Carolina. He received 131 votes out of 155.

If the earth was divided equally among the billion and a half of inhabitants thereof, each person's share would be 2 3/4 acres.

The latest is a bicycle run by steam. One gallon of coal oil will drive it 200 miles. The motor weighs only ten pounds.

The Picyune says it is apparent that the rice crop will fall considerably short of early expectations. The receipts are 100,000 sacks short.

Fire Captain W. J. Lee, accused of attempting to influence a juryman in the bribery case, was sentenced by Judge Ferguson to ten days in the Parish Prison.

It is said that Mrs. Cleveland is becoming so stout that she is much annoyed at the fact. She has been gradually gaining for some time and now weighs 180 pounds.

An exchange says, and very correctly, too, that "as long as the north furnishes the bacon and other states the jeans, Louisiana farmers will be minus the means."

The only Southern States that remained solid in the last election were Louisiana, Mississippi, Florida, South Carolina, Georgia and Arkansas. The others were a little mixed with Populites and Republicans.

No FIREWORKS.—The Mayor of Morgan City has issued a proclamation prohibiting the merchants from selling fireworks in that town until further notice, owing to the long dry spell and scarcity of water.

The following from Printer's Ink is very appropriate: "The idea that people will buy Christmas presents anyway, is good as far as it goes, but the newspaper advertisement very often decides them as to where they will purchase."

It is announced from Washington that if Congress does not pass a satisfactory currency bill at the present session, which will tend to relieve the financial stringency and depression in the country, the President will call it together in extra session March 5.

A report from Sylvania, Ga., says a sensation was created there last week by the confession of several negroes arrested for incendiarism, who charge the Populist candidate for sheriff with advising them to organize a band to burn out all prominent Democrats.

The wife of Governor Wate, of Colorado, avers that "lots of women sold their votes for a carriage ride and a package of chewing gum." Considering the fact that Wate was badly defeated, these patriotic women should all be given an extra pair of hair pins and a yard of ribbon.

An agricultural paper says that China-berries and leaves mixed with corn will keep out weevils; and the same covered over meat and scattered through it in layers, will keep away skippers. The same paper says to make a strong tea of China-berry leaves and pour it around cabbages will de-stroy out worms. These are simple remedies, within the reach of almost every farmer.

An exchange says that business men who have been in the habit of using government stamped envelopes will note the fact that you can only get envelopes printed at your home office, as the government has quit competing with the printers in printing the addresses thereon. Also by a recent ruling your letter will be held 30 days unless you have printed upon the envelope the number of days you wish the mail held before returned.

Wells Godwin, a veteran soldier of the war of 1812, died at St. Johnsbury, Vermont, on the 12th inst., aged 100 years and 1 month. He had been a pensioner since 1816, on account of his wounds received in the battle. It is really wonderful how these battered and maimed veteran pensioners survive the effects of injuries. If Col. Godwin had not been wounded while bravely battling for his country in 1812, he might have lived to a ripe old age.

FATAL FIGHT.

"Andy" Bowen, the well-known and popular lightweight of New Orleans, died last Saturday morning shortly after 7 o'clock, from concussion of the brain, caused by his heavy fall on the unpaided flooring of the Auditorium Athletic Club Friday night, in his glove contest there with George Lavigne, of Saginaw, Mich., who knocked him down with a right-handed blow on the point of the jaw. The fatal blow was given in the eighteenth round, although it was plain, after the sixth round, that Bowen was defeated, and his seconds should have given up the fight before its fatal termination. This will doubtless put a check to fistic contests in New Orleans.

"Andy" was well known to our readers, as he usually came here to do his training. He was naturally of a social disposition, and his kindly nature won him hosts of friends in St. Tammany Parish, who received the sad tidings of his death with sincere regret.

His funeral took place Monday morning, and was largely attended. The coroner's jury, at the inquest of Andy Bowen, brought in the following verdict: "That death is due to the hemorrhage which produced concussion of the brain, and the jury further finds that it was neglect on the part of the club in not having the ring padded."

A DAY OFF.—We took a trip to the city last Saturday, accompanied by one wife and one daughter. The weather was delightful, and we noticed quite an improvement in the appearance of the towns along the road since our last trip, five years ago. What was once a barren waste, is now dotted with thriving towns, some of which have sprung into existence since the advent of that great advance agent of civilization and progress, the railroad. The ride through the pine woods and over the big Lake Bridge, is one of the finest in the South. We requested the conductor to run the train into the lower part of the city, as we desired to get off at Shell Beach crossing, and our request was promptly granted. Here we boarded the trolley car, and in a short time we were on Canal street, the finest business thoroughfare in the South. After attending to some business matters, we spent a pleasant time at the matinee, and at its close we were soon homeward bound. Everything looked lively in the city, and we met a great many people we were not personally acquainted with, and we don't believe they knew us, for they made no sign of recognition.

The train was run in a masterly manner, with engineer Moody at the throttle, and we reached Covington about six minutes ahead of schedule time. Mr. W. Word, the popular conductor, was kindly attentive, and we here extend many thanks to him for courtesies extended, which added greatly to the pleasure of our trip. The East Louisiana Railroad is "up to date" in all its arrangements, and the managers are to be congratulated upon having secured the services of such an efficient, attentive and obliging corps of officials. In the words of Joe Van Winkle, in the writings of Joe Van Winkle, may they all "live long and prosper."

DEBS GUILTY. Last Friday, at Chicago, in the Federal Court, Judge Woods presiding, Eugene V. Debs, president of the American Railway Union, and other officials of that organization, were pronounced guilty of violating a Federal court injunction, which issued at the beginning of July, to prohibit them from interfering with the United States mails and acting in restraint of interstate traffic. Debs was sentenced to six months', and his brother officials of the A. R. U. to three months' imprisonment, for their offense.

Contests for seats in Congress should be tried and settled by the courts of the country, like other lawsuits, and the cost of the same should be taxed upon the losing litigants. Congress should not waste the time to which the country is entitled in the investigation and discussion of contests for seats and salaries. Congress is not a fair court for the settlement of such claims.—Galveston News.

We agree with our Texas neighbor on the above question. The people are burdened enough with taxes already, and their money should not be spent for such useless purpose. When a contest is made the costs should be paid as in any court of justice.—Rayne Tribune.

Dr. — Mr. Henry Skipwith, aged 78 years, died at (Houston, La.,) last Thursday. He was one of the oldest inhabitants, a lawyer by profession, and was the acknowledged authority on all matters pertaining to the history of the Florida Parishes.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.

SUFFRAGE REFORM.

Never will Louisiana elections be freed of fraud until the pauper and illiterate voters are denied the privilege of the ballot. The failure of the last Legislature to give us the educational and property qualifications, or some such measure, shows the disposition on the part of the members of that body to still stick to the corrupt methods so long practiced in this State.—Crowley Signal.

The Legislature is without authority to "give us the educational or property qualification" under the existing provisions of the constitution of this State. It did the best thing it could in submitting to the people an amendment to the constitution providing such qualifications. The Legislature may perhaps be justly charged with sins of omission or commission, but it should not be blamed for not performing impossibilities. People who are in earnest in demanding suffrage reform should take some pains to know what they are talking about before giving utterance to such absurd criticism as that quoted from the Signal.

Let them unite in advocating the adoption of the proposed suffrage amendment and thus assist in carrying into effect the practical reform inaugurated by the Legislature.—Southern Watchman.

The suffrage amendment will have an all important bearing upon the approaching struggle for ballot reform, and it is therefore proper and necessary that the people should become familiar with its provisions. Its text is as follows: No. 200. JOINT RESOLUTION. Proposing amendments to Article 185 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana relative to suffrage.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all members of each House concurring, that an amendment to article one hundred and eighty-five (185) of the constitution of the State of Louisiana, be submitted to the electors of the State at the next election for representatives in 1896, to read as follows:

Article 185. Every male citizen of the United States, by birth or naturalization, who is twenty-one years old, or upwards, possessing the following qualifications, shall be an elector to vote at any election by the people, except as herein provided.

First. He shall be an actual resident of the parish in which he offers to vote at least six months next preceding the election.

Second. He shall be an actual resident of the ward or precinct in which he offers to vote at least thirty days next preceding the election.

Third. He shall be an actual resident of the ward or precinct in which he offers to vote at least thirty days next preceding the election.

Fourth. He shall be a registered voter.

Fifth. He shall be able to read the Constitution in his mother tongue, or shall be a bona fide owner of property, real or personal, located in the State and assessed to him at a cash valuation of not less than two hundred dollars.

Sixth. The General Assembly at its regular session in 1896 shall have power, by a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each House, and approved by the Governor, to modify, change or amend this article of the Constitution, and such modification, changes or amendments when so adopted and approved shall become a part of the Constitution without the publication and submission to the popular vote required in Article 256 of the Constitution.

G. W. BOLTON, Speaker, House of Representatives. H. R. LOTT, President pro tem. of the Senate. T. S. ADAMS, Secretary of State.

Thousands upon thousands of laborers, mechanics and farmers are coming to the United States annually from Europe to compete with home labor and accepting lower prices for their work than home people, and yet the Republican party shouts "protection to home industries." Tax everybody that comes to our shores. This should be done even under the Wilson tariff act, because it is the only way that labor can be protected from foreign immigration and foreign labor competition. Politicians seem to be afraid of such a law, but the political party that carries it into effect will show statesmanship and will get the support of a large majority of the people.—Alexandria Town Talk.

As the government statistics of land ownership in the various States continue to be published, the Southern States continue to show an extremely creditable condition. The record of Louisiana shows that over 50 per cent of the farm-owners hold their property free from debt. In the city of New Orleans about 22 per cent of the people own their own homes, and of these 95 per cent are free from mortgages. In the two Louisiana cities next in population to New Orleans the percentage of home owners is nearly twenty-five, and of these 92 per cent have their property free from debt.—Baltimore Record.

"Boy, is your father in?"—I guess so. Heard he call somebody a dunce just now. "I want me, coz I wan't there. She wouldn't dare to call the cook such names."—Boston Transcript.

EVE UP TO DATE.

CHRISTMAS CHEER. Laugh and the world laughs with you. Weep and you weep alone. Some will have turkey, and oyster stew. And some will have shank soup bone.

ABOUT COTTON.

We can but repeat what we have before said in reference to the cultivation of cotton. Our farmers should not deceive themselves in the idea that the price of cotton will be higher next year than it is this year. It is our candid opinion that in twelve months from this date cotton will be even lower than it is at present. It is quite probable that the market will take an occasional upward turn, but this will only be temporary, as in the very nature of things the general trend of prices will be lower for some years to come. The State of Texas alone can produce every pound of cotton needed for the world's consumption, and the quantity produced there increases from year to year. Owing to the favorable conditions of soil and climate it can be produced cheaper in Texas than in Louisiana, which is not really in the great cotton belt; and for these reasons, if for no other, the attention of Louisiana farmers should be devoted to other crops more adapted to our conditions.

In confirmation of the statement that cotton can be produced more cheaply in Texas than in Louisiana, we note a recent article in one of the Texas papers giving details of the work required to make cotton in Texas, and showing that one man and a team can easily cultivate fifty acres in cotton, while in Louisiana from ten to twenty acres are as much as one man can cultivate. We may produce more to the acre on our lands, but one laborer will produce in the aggregate there more than here, and when we attempt to make cotton here, except as a purely surplus crop, we are decidedly out of our sphere.

Egypt produces much finer cotton than our own, and in both that country and India cheap labor will forever render it impossible for us to compete with them in cotton culture. In order to thrive then, in the face of these conditions, the Louisiana farmer must gradually divorce himself from an agricultural system the prosecution of which can mean only bankruptcy to him. We do not attempt to raise wheat in this State, the reason being our soil conditions do not favor its culture to an extent that would prove remunerative. These identical reasons can be urged against raising cotton here, and our farmers will never be thrifty until they cease attempting to accomplish the impossible, and make up their minds to settle down to a system of agriculture that is adapted to our condition.

He is only deceiving himself who is persuaded to believe that cotton will ever make any permanent advance over present prices. On the contrary, all the signs of the times point to still lower prices, and bankruptcy is the inevitable end of the Louisiana farmers who will persist in sticking to the all cotton system.—Baton Rouge Advocate.

THE COUNTRY NEWSPAPER.

No man is too poor to take his country newspaper, says an exchange, and it is false economy to get along without it. Hardly a week passes that something does not appear in its columns that will be a financial benefit to the subscriber, and by the end of the year he has made or saved from one to twenty times its subscription price.

The city papers do not take the place of the country paper although some people think they do. The city papers are all right in their way, but they don't give you what you are most interested in—you cannot learn from them when and where public meetings are to be held, who are dying or who are marrying, who are moving in and who are moving out, court proceedings, who wants to sell land—in fact, hundreds of items which might be of particular importance for you to know.

Such matters city papers cannot furnish, but the country newspaper can and does. If you can afford but one paper, by all means take one that is published in the town in which you live.

In the great race of progress in which we hope to see every part of this country victorious, the South has undoubtedly the lead. It has the best climate in any season that is to be found in this continent. It has a greater variety of resources and products than any other region on earth. Its domestic government is the most secure that can be found. There is no opening for honest endeavor and genuine enterprise on the face of the earth comparable to that which the South affords.—Atlanta Journal, Dec.

PARENT—FREGRE.

The social event of the season was the wedding, last Thursday evening, Dec. 20, at St. Peter's Catholic Church, in Covington, of Mr. Adolph F. Parent, of St. John the Baptist Parish, and Miss Eva Fregre, of Covington, La.

The charming young bride was beautifully attired in an elegant white silk costume, trimmed with Valenciennes lace, and was attended by two of Covington's fairest daughters, Miss A-éle Pechon, attired in a beautiful white alpacas costume, and Miss Jennie Pujol, who wore a charming costume of white albatross. Messrs Joseph Zeitvogel and Rossa Stroble acted as groomsmen.

After the ceremony, which was performed by Rev. Jos. Koegerl, the bridal party and their numerous friends repaired to the home of the bride's grandmother, Mrs. Lasseigne, where an elegant supper was served.

The Covington Brass Band paid their compliments to the newly wedded pair, and discoursed sweet music.

The happy couple departed on the train Friday morning for Lutcher, La., where they will make their future home. The wedding presents were numerous and costly. The FARMER joins the many friends of the newly wedded pair in wishing them long life and prosperity.

SUNDAY SCHOOL AT ABITA SPRINGS.

December 16, 1894, a Union Sunday School was organized at Abita Springs, with four teachers and some 20 pupils. Miss Mary Abney was elected Superintendent, and Miss Maggie Cooley Assistant Superintendent. We feel very much encouraged by the kind spirit exhibited on the part of the good people there toward this agency of good.

We tender a vote of thanks to all well wishers, and especially to Mr. Harry Bossier, who so kindly gave us a home; to Mr. Samuel Polches, who donates lumber for benches and table, and to Mr. A. Hall, who promises to do the carpenter work free.

We trust the good people there will soon furnish a stove to provide comfort on cold days. We feel sure no better investment could be made these Christmas times, than to properly equip this little school for efficient work.

Respectfully submitted, MISS MARY ABNEY, MRS. H. J. DOWNER, Committee. Covington, La., Dec. 19, 1894.

GOOD MAXIMS FROM THE KEYS' ONE.

A well known banker says he owes his success to observing the good advice of an older friend, who told him to keep good company or none. Never be idle. Cultivate your mind. Make few promises. Live up to your engagements. Keep your own secrets. When you speak to a person, look him in the face. If any one speaks ill of you, let your life be so that no one will believe him. Live within your income. Small and steady gains bring the kind of riches that do not take wings and fly away. Earn money before you spend it. Never run into debt unless you see a sure way to get out of it. Never borrow if you can possibly avoid it. Do not marry until you are able to support a wife. Never speak evil of any one. Be just before you are generous. Save when you are young and enjoy your savings when you are old.

PROFITS OF TRUCK FARMING.

An association of farmers in Kent county, on the eastern shore of Maryland, sent a committee to investigate the profits of market gardening, or truck farming, as the phrase is, in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania. The committee returned to report having seen one farm of eighty acres, from half of which a market gardener sold yearly \$16,000 worth of fruits and vegetables, and another farm of twenty acres that yields a gross sum of \$8,000 per year. Another market gardener had a profit of \$6,000 yearly from six acres, and still another sells from \$15,000 to \$20,000 worth of products from ninety acres.

The committee urges the members of the association to give up peach culture and take to market gardening. Such a change of policy means almost a social revolution in a community of aristocratic tradition, where lands have been long in family possession, and where land holding is a badge of respectability. It means the substitution of small culture for large, and the breaking up of large holdings, because few land owners have sufficient capital to undertake market gardening on a great scale.—New York Sun.

All Free.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it free. Call on the advertiser and Druggist and get a Trial Bottle, Free. Send your name and address to H. E. Buckley & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills Free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, Free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good, and cost you nothing.—W. G. Hinton's Drug Store.

School Board.

The next regular meeting of the School Board will be held in Covington on Saturday, Jan. 5, 1895. All members are requested to be present. J. A. SMITH President.

Abita Springs.

December 19, 1894. There will be a Christmas Tree at Hickory Grove Church. Santa Claus will arrive Wednesday evening at 7 p. m. The public are cordially invited to attend.

Mrs. L. Vaccaro has returned to her home in New Orleans, after a pleasant stay of two weeks here, the guest of Miss M. Cooley.

Misses H. Keen and L. Quave spent a few hours in our quiet little village. Mrs. M. Simon Wagon and daughter are spending a few days in the Crescent City.

Mr. L. J. Plummer spent a few days in the Crescent City this week. Miss Laura Page is visiting her friend Miss Rebecca Davis in Covington.

Mr. J. T. Strais of Mississippi spent a few days in our charming little village last week. Miss Mamie Page returned home last Sunday after a pleasant stay of five weeks in New Orleans, the guest of Mrs. Leon Marthe.

Mr. A. C. Cooley celebrated his 82d birthday on Thursday, Dec. 20. Many happy returns of the day is the wish of FLOREST.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

Most Perfect Made. An Arkansas administrator made the following indorsement on the back of a doctor's bill: "This claim is not verified by affidavit as the statute requires, but the death of the deceased is satisfactory evidence to my mind that the doctor did the work."

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the World for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Itching, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by W. C. Hefz.

RUSSIAN LINIMENTS.

The best liniment for Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Sprains, Swellings, Stiffness, Painful Swellings, etc. Sold by all Druggists.

New Advertisements.

Land Office, New Orleans, La., Dec. 14, 1894. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the district court, at Covington, La., on Saturday, Feb. 2, 1895, viz: LOUIS GOTTE.

Who made homestead entry No. 11,969 for the south half of the northeast quarter, and the north half of the southeast quarter of section 35, township 5, south range 12 east, St. Helena meridian.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Preston Brown, William Bruhl, Emile Hirsch and Dea McKee, all of St. Tammany parish, La. do 61 G. McD. BAUMEY, Register.

Land Office, New Orleans, La., Dec. 12, 1894. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the district court, at Covington, La., on Saturday, Feb. 2, 1895, viz: ARCHIE STRAIN.

Who made homestead entry No. 6206, for the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter, and half of the southeast quarter, and southwest quarter of section 20, township 7, south range 12 east, St. Helena meridian.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Archie Cook, Louis Straus, Alonzo Sharp and Seymour Favre, all of St. Tammany parish, La. do 61 G. McD. BAUMEY, Register.

E. J. Hart & Co. vs. Mrs. Josephine Solle. Sixteenth Judicial District Court of Louisiana, in and for the Parish of St. Tammany.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias from the honorable the aforesaid court, and to me directed, bearing date June 4, 1894.

I will proceed to sell at public auction at the door of the Courthouse, in the town of Covington, Parish of St. Tammany, La., on SATURDAY, January 5, 1895, between legal sale hours, the following described property, to-wit: 1. The undivided half of a certain lot of ground, situate in the village and improvements thereon situated in the town of Mandeville, St. Tammany parish, Louisiana, and designated on a plat filed in Book No. 15, (filed) of square No. 2, (two), said lot having a front of sixty (60) feet on Girard street, by a front and depth of one hundred and ninety (190) feet on the east side of said lot, viz: the corner of Girard street, and the corner of the above situated lot, No. 40, (ten), in square No. 9, (nine), in the town of Mandeville, St. Tammany parish, Louisiana. Said lot has a front of sixty (60) feet, by a depth of one hundred and ninety (190) feet, being the undivided half of the same property purchased by Joseph Solle from T. P. Devore, January 25, 1875, as per act duly recorded in Book H, folio 69, of the Conveyance Records of this parish.

Sold in the above entitled suit, terms of sale—cash, with the benefit of appraisement. JOHN J. STROBLE, Sheriff. Covington, La., Dec. 4, 1894.

Land Office, New Orleans, La., Dec. 4, 1894. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the district court, at Covington, La., on Saturday, Jan. 12, 1895, viz: LOPFON SMITH.

Who made homestead entry No. 11,544 for the southwest quarter of southwest quarter of section 13, and the east half of northwest quarter of section 21, township 5, south range 12 east, St. Helena meridian.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: G. W. Bush, T. J. Guss, Siles Lavinghouse and Deah Pierce, all of St. Tammany parish, La. do 61 G. McD. BAUMEY, Register.

Land Office, New Orleans, La., Nov. 5, 1894. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the district court, at Covington, La., on Monday, December 24, 1894, viz: PIERRE DUBOIS.

Who made homestead entry No. 12,325, for the northeast quarter of northeast quarter, south half of northeast quarter and northwest quarter of southeast quarter, section 27, township 6, south range 10 east, St. Helena meridian.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: August Fahrman, Emile Fahrman, Gustave Dausan and James Dunn, all of St. Tammany parish, La. do 61 G. McD. BAUMEY, Register.

Land Office, New Orleans, La., Nov. 2, 1894. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the district court, at Covington, La., on Thursday, Jan. 17, 1895, viz: ALFRED STIAS.

Who made homestead entry No. 10,222 for the southwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section 21, and the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section 28, township 5, south range 10 east, St. Helena meridian.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Elie Moore, James Taylor, George G. Mason and Ellis G. Hirsch, all of St. Tammany parish, La. do 61 G. McD. BAUMEY, Register.

Land Office, New Orleans, La., Dec. 5, 1894. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the district court, at Covington, La., on Saturday, January 19, 1895, viz: ALEXANDER BLACKWELL.

Who made homestead entry No. 11,724 for the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter, and west half of the southeast quarter of section 15, township 4, south range 10 east, St. Helena meridian.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Stafford of Hills, Blackwell, Joseph Pierre, Eugene Smith, all of St. Tammany parish, La. do 61 G. McD. BAUMEY, Register.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Buckley & Co., Chicago, and get 100 free sample pills of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to the stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c. per box. Sold by W. C. Hinton Druggist.

Land Office, New Orleans, La., Nov. 5, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the district court at Covington, La., on Monday, December 24, 1894, viz: AUGUST FUHRMANN.

Who made homestead entry No. 8828, for the west half of northeast quarter, and east half of northwest quarter, section 34, township 6, south range 10 east, St. Helena meridian.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: E. Dubois, Gustave Dausan, James Dunn, all of St. Tammany parish, La. do 61 G. McD. BAUMEY, Register.

Land Office, New Orleans, La., Nov. 5, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of her intention to make final proof in support of her claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the district court, at Covington, La., on Monday, Dec. 24, 1894, viz: ELIZA LOYD.

Who made homestead entry No. 11,739 for the north half of southwest quarter and lot No. 2, section 29, township 5, south range 12 east, St. Helena meridian.

She names the following witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Deah Pierce, Emile Hirsch, Matthew Perry, all of St. Tammany parish, La. do 61 G. McD. BAUMEY, Register.

Land Office, New Orleans, La., Nov. 5, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the district court, at Franklinton, La., on Tuesday, January 8, 1895, viz: LEON P. BYRD.

Who made homestead entry No. 9230, for the northeast quarter of northeast quarter of section 27, and the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section 28, township 4, south range 13 east, St. Helena meridian.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Walter Pierce and J. N. Byrd, all of St. P. O., La. do 61 G. McD. BAUMEY, Register.

Land Office, New Orleans, La., Nov. 5, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the district court, at Covington, La., on Monday, December 24, 1894, viz: AMEDEE DUBOIS.

Who made homestead entry No. 12,325, for the northeast quarter of northeast quarter, south half of northeast quarter and northwest quarter of southeast quarter, section 27, township 6, south range 10 east, St. Helena meridian.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: August Fahrman, Emile Fahrman, Gustave Dausan and James Dunn, all of St. Tammany parish, La. do 61 G. McD. BAUMEY, Register.