

ISSUED EVERY SATURDAY.  
W. G. KENTZEL,  
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR  
TAMMANY JOURNAL OF ST.  
TAMMANY PARISH.  
Published at the Postoffice at Covington,  
La., on Monday, Oct. 17, 1896.  
NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.  
FOR PRESIDENT,  
WM. J. BRYAN,  
OF NEBRASKA.  
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,  
ARTHUR SEWALL,  
OF MAINE.  
FOR CONGRESS—SIXTH DISTRICT,  
S. M. ROBERTSON,  
OF RATON BOUGE.

**POLICE JURY.**  
Covington, La., Oct. 6, 1896.  
The Police Jury met in regular session on the above date, and continued in session two days.  
Present: First ward—Geo. Koepf, Jr.; Third ward—W. N. Cooper; Fourth ward—J. M. Smith; Fifth ward—Warren Thomas; Sixth ward—H. Q. Parker; Seventh ward—John A. Todd; Eighth ward—A. Provost, Jr.; Ninth ward—Jas. Keyser.  
Absent: Second ward—B. F. Rogers.  
Parish Attorney—Clay Elliott.  
On motion, duly seconded, the reading of the minutes of the last meeting was dispensed with.  
The following game law was then read and unanimously adopted:  
**AN ORDINANCE.**  
For the protection of game and fish and providing penalties for the violation thereof, in accordance with the provisions of Act No. 60 of the general assembly of the State of Louisiana of 1896.  
Section 1. Be it enacted by the Police Jury of the Parish of St. Tammany, That it shall be unlawful to pursue, catch, kill, or have in possession, any wild deer, between the first day of March and the first day of August, or to sell or offer for sale at any time.  
Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That it shall be unlawful to hunt, shoot or trap, any wild turkey, or to have in possession, any wild turkey, during the period of years, beginning on the 15th day of October, 1896.  
Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, That it shall be unlawful to hunt, shoot or trap, any wild turkey, during the period of years, beginning on the 15th day of October, 1896.  
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**Financial Plan.**  
DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.  
We are unalterably opposed to the monopolism, which has locked fast the prosperity of an industrial people in the paralysis of hard times. Gold monopolism is a British policy, and its adoption has brought other nations into financial servitude to London. It is not only anti-American, but anti-American, and it can be sustained on the United States only by stifling that spirit and love of liberty, which proclaimed our political independence in 1776 and won it in the war of 1812.  
We demand the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation. We demand that the standard silver dollar shall be a full legal tender, equally with gold, for all debts, public and private, and we favor such legislation as will prevent for the future demonetization of any kind of legal tender money by law, or the government of redeeming such obligations in either silver coin or gold coin.  
**BRYAN'S ELOQUENCE.**  
Mr. Bryan has delivered so many brilliant speeches that it is no easy matter to pick out from among them one that can be said to shine with pre-eminent brightness as compared with the others. Yet the speech we give below is one deserving, we think, of that honor, and worthy to rank not only with the great oration that roused the Chicago convention and won Mr. Bryan the Democratic nomination, but with the most brilliant orations of Demosthenes or any of the ancients.  
The Springfield Republican, which opposes Mr. Bryan in politics and on the financial question, but which differs from most of its Eastern contemporaries in being able to see and appreciate the truth, reproduces the latter part of the speech as one of the gems of the campaign—as indeed it is. When it is considered that it was spoken without preparation, and was one among a number of speeches delivered that day, it is perhaps possible to fully appreciate the eloquence and statesmanship of Bryan. We reproduce Mr. Bryan's peroration, especially as it was one of his speeches not given through the Associated Press:  
"We can support our position from every point of view. We can quote the authority of those who stand high in the nation's councils. We can apply to the money question the laws we see enforced every day, and we can gather testimony from the analogies of nature. I am not a man who has an old enough to have learned that the laws of God are wiser than the laws of man, and I am old enough to have learned that He never gave to mankind a need without giving them the means of satisfying it. When He gave to man the necessity of food, He covered the earth with His bounties, and there has been hunger enough to satisfy the hunger of men. And when He made water a necessity for human existence He put the veins in the earth and scattered the living springs along the hillsides. And when He allowed weariness to creep over the limbs, He sent sleep to restore strength. And when He gave man a mind capable of developing, He filled the universe with His wonders, which we may well see by the thoughts of man.  
"When He gave mankind the desire of society and fashioned the channels of trade, He stored away in the secret places of the mountains the gold and silver suitable for a world's money. Mankind found those precious metals, dragged them from their secret recesses, and for 6000 years he has come down to us as by magic, ministering unto the wants of man. I may be in error. If I am, I hope I may be led into the better way. But in my humble judgment, the man who would rob mankind of his food and leave his appetite, the man who would rob for water, the man who would rob of rest or condemn his mind to ignorance and superstition, is no more an enemy of the race than the man who, deaf to the entreaties of the poor, would strike down and out of existence one of the precious metals given by the Almighty Himself to satisfy the needs of the human race."  
Mr. Bryan's eloquence is admitted by all. They must equally acknowledge the force of his logic; and it should be remembered that this only one of a hundred similar speeches which he has presented to the American people in the most remarkable campaign ever made in this country. When it is studied over afterward, free from the heat of political partisanship, it will be remembered as a campaign which has constituted wonders in the way of eloquence.

**PEARL RIVER.**  
Oct. 15, 1896.  
Editor St. Tammany Farmer:  
W. W. Welch, chief foreman of the N. O. Tel. Co. for the District of New Orleans and Atlanta, has been here with a large force raising the cable across Pearl River, and stringing the wire on very high poles. This is a great benefit as the electric storms were so destructive to the cable.  
Mr. Welch pushed the work on fast and was ready when the news of the big storm on the coast came to go there.  
Mr. Welch and his brother Dick spent a few spare hours with old friends who were glad to see them.  
Miss Edna Howard, of Franklinton on route for East Mississippi College, stopped off a few hours and spent them with some old and new friends.  
Mrs. Rev. W. A. Clarke, who had been visiting Mr. Parker, at Hattiesburg, returned just as her husband, Bro. Clarke, had gotten home from Camp Meeting.  
Miss Ida Sadler and Miss Lou Green, after spending two delightful weeks at Camp Meeting, and your attractive city, returned home Thursday.  
Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Moore, of Meridian, spent several days with their relatives last week, who were glad to see them.  
Misses Ava and Martha Welsh, of Lumberton, spent the day with their relatives and friends of "Auld lang syne," at their old home town, where they always find a warm welcome.  
Mrs. C. Joyner, of Moss Point, Miss., paid a short visit to her daughter Mrs. T. P. Crawford, last week. Her old friends were glad to see her looking so well, and have a good hand shake, if her visit was brief.  
Our big new Hotel is quite an ornament to our little town.  
Hunters are putting in an appearance, early as it is.  
Mr. Jack Willis and Mr. M. Green have been on a big hunt.  
Honey Island is the happy hunting ground of the white man now, instead of "Poor Lo."  
**RELDAS.**  
**GROUP QUICKLY CURED.**  
MOUNTAIN GUY, Ark.—Our children were suffering with croup when we received a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It afforded almost instant relief.—F. A. THOMPSON. This celebrated remedy is for sale by W. C. Heintz, druggist, Covington, and R. B. Paine, Mandeville.

**THE NEW YORK FIGHT.**  
The free silverites have by no means given up New York. The latest information from the rural districts is very encouraging, and five hundred speakers are now stamping the State in the interest of the people.  
Tammany has promised a 50,000 democratic majority in Kings county, and if reports from the country districts are correct, Messrs. Bryan and Porter will sweep the State by a tremendous majority.  
The silver sentiment has spread over the country with lightning rapidity and even the free East is seriously affected. If free silver continues to gain as rapidly during the next two as during the last three weeks of the campaign, the goldbugs will not carry ten States of the Union.  
Those who have chronic diarrhoea to be cured should read what Mr. P. E. Grisham of Gears Mills, La., has to say on the subject, viz: "I have been a sufferer from chronic diarrhoea ever since the war and have tried all kinds of medicines for it. At last I found a remedy that effected a cure and that was Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. This medicine can always be depended upon for cholera, cholera morbus, dysentery and diarrhoea. It is pleasant to take and never fails to effect a cure. The 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale by W. C. Heintz, druggist, Covington, and R. B. Paine, Mandeville.  
The Republicans are very much excited over the "undemocratic" features of the Chicago platform. No one expects the millionaire bosses of the republican party to be otherwise than displeased. The people are pleased with their displeasure and will add greatly to their agony in November.  
To vote for McKinley is to vote to continue "the present policy," to vote for Bryan is to vote for a radical change of our financial policy. Let us have a change.  
A few weeks ago the editor was taken with a very severe cold that caused him to be in a most miserable condition. It was undoubtedly a bad case of a gripe, and recognizing it as dangerous he took immediate steps to bring about a speedy cure. From the advertisement of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and the many good recommendations is made a trial of the medicine. To say that it was satisfactory in its results, is putting it very mildly, indeed. It acted like magic and the result was a speedy and permanent cure. We have no hesitancy in recommending this excellent Cough Remedy to anyone afflicted with a cough or cold in any form.—T. L. Banner of Lake Charles, La., writes:  
"I was afflicted with a cough for 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale by W. C. Heintz, druggist, Covington, and R. B. Paine, Mandeville.

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**Official.**  
Be it ordained, by the Police Jury of St. Tammany Parish, La., That the following election precincts are hereby established in the Parish of St. Tammany, to-wit:  
In the First Ward there shall be one precinct, in the town of Madisonville, which shall be Precinct No. 1, First Ward.  
In the Second Ward there shall be one precinct, at Sandy Ford, which shall be Precinct No. 1, Second Ward.  
In the Third Ward there shall be one precinct, in the town of Covington, which shall be Precinct No. 1, Third Ward.  
In the Fourth Ward there shall be one precinct, in the town of Mandeville, which shall be Precinct No. 1, Fourth Ward.  
In the Fifth Ward there shall be one precinct, at the Singletary old field, which shall be Precinct No. 1, Fifth Ward.  
In the Sixth Ward there shall be one precinct, at the old Pat Welch place, which shall be Precinct No. 1, Sixth Ward.  
In the Seventh Ward there shall be one precinct, at Bayou LaCombe, which shall be Precinct No. 1, Seventh Ward.  
In the Eighth Ward there shall be one precinct, at the Solberger place, which shall be Precinct No. 1, Eighth Ward.  
In the Ninth Ward there shall be one precinct, in the town of Slidell, which shall be Precinct No. 1, Ninth Ward.  
W. G. KENTZEL, Secretary.

**ORDINANCE.**  
Be it enacted, by the Police Jury of St. Tammany Parish, Louisiana, That it be and it is hereby levied, for the year A. D. 1896, a tax of nine mills upon the dollar upon all taxable property in the parish.  
Be it further enacted, etc.—That five mills be hereby appropriated therefrom for criminal expenses, and two mills for the benefit of Public Schools, and two mills for the general expenses of the parish, and that the Sheriff and ex-officio Tax Collector do collect the amount appropriated therefrom for Criminal Expenses and for the benefit of the Public Schools, upon all property including that situated in the tax-district towns of Covington and Mandeville.  
Be it further enacted, etc.—That the Sheriff and ex-officio Tax Collector shall receive, in payment of parish taxes, (the amount appropriated for Public Schools excepted,) the duly approved certificates of Grant and Pettit Jurors for per diem and mileage, and certificates of members of the Police Jury for per diem and mileage, and that be proceed with the collection of the taxes now levied according to law.  
W. N. COOPER, President.  
W. G. KENTZEL, Secretary.

**Financial Plan.**  
DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.  
We are unalterably opposed to the monopolism, which has locked fast the prosperity of an industrial people in the paralysis of hard times. Gold monopolism is a British policy, and its adoption has brought other nations into financial servitude to London. It is not only anti-American, but anti-American, and it can be sustained on the United States only by stifling that spirit and love of liberty, which proclaimed our political independence in 1776 and won it in the war of 1812.  
We demand the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation. We demand that the standard silver dollar shall be a full legal tender, equally with gold, for all debts, public and private, and we favor such legislation as will prevent for the future demonetization of any kind of legal tender money by law, or the government of redeeming such obligations in either silver coin or gold coin.  
**BRYAN'S ELOQUENCE.**  
Mr. Bryan has delivered so many brilliant speeches that it is no easy matter to pick out from among them one that can be said to shine with pre-eminent brightness as compared with the others. Yet the speech we give below is one deserving, we think, of that honor, and worthy to rank not only with the great oration that roused the Chicago convention and won Mr. Bryan the Democratic nomination, but with the most brilliant orations of Demosthenes or any of the ancients.  
The Springfield Republican, which opposes Mr. Bryan in politics and on the financial question, but which differs from most of its Eastern contemporaries in being able to see and appreciate the truth, reproduces the latter part of the speech as one of the gems of the campaign—as indeed it is. When it is considered that it was spoken without preparation, and was one among a number of speeches delivered that day, it is perhaps possible to fully appreciate the eloquence and statesmanship of Bryan. We reproduce Mr. Bryan's peroration, especially as it was one of his speeches not given through the Associated Press:  
"We can support our position from every point of view. We can quote the authority of those who stand high in the nation's councils. We can apply to the money question the laws we see enforced every day, and we can gather testimony from the analogies of nature. I am not a man who has an old enough to have learned that the laws of God are wiser than the laws of man, and I am old enough to have learned that He never gave to mankind a need without giving them the means of satisfying it. When He gave to man the necessity of food, He covered the earth with His bounties, and there has been hunger enough to satisfy the hunger of men. And when He made water a necessity for human existence He put the veins in the earth and scattered the living springs along the hillsides. And when He allowed weariness to creep over the limbs, He sent sleep to restore strength. And when He gave man a mind capable of developing, He filled the universe with His wonders, which we may well see by the thoughts of man.  
"When He gave mankind the desire of society and fashioned the channels of trade, He stored away in the secret places of the mountains the gold and silver suitable for a world's money. Mankind found those precious metals, dragged them from their secret recesses, and for 6000 years he has come down to us as by magic, ministering unto the wants of man. I may be in error. If I am, I hope I may be led into the better way. But in my humble judgment, the man who would rob mankind of his food and leave his appetite, the man who would rob for water, the man who would rob of rest or condemn his mind to ignorance and superstition, is no more an enemy of the race than the man who, deaf to the entreaties of the poor, would strike down and out of existence one of the precious metals given by the Almighty Himself to satisfy the needs of the human race."  
Mr. Bryan's eloquence is admitted by all. They must equally acknowledge the force of his logic; and it should be remembered that this only one of a hundred similar speeches which he has presented to the American people in the most remarkable campaign ever made in this country. When it is studied over afterward, free from the heat of political partisanship, it will be remembered as a campaign which has constituted wonders in the way of eloquence.

**PEARL RIVER.**  
Oct. 15, 1896.  
Editor St. Tammany Farmer:  
W. W. Welch, chief foreman of the N. O. Tel. Co. for the District of New Orleans and Atlanta, has been here with a large force raising the cable across Pearl River, and stringing the wire on very high poles. This is a great benefit as the electric storms were so destructive to the cable.  
Mr. Welch pushed the work on fast and was ready when the news of the big storm on the coast came to go there.  
Mr. Welch and his brother Dick spent a few spare hours with old friends who were glad to see them.  
Miss Edna Howard, of Franklinton on route for East Mississippi College, stopped off a few hours and spent them with some old and new friends.  
Mrs. Rev. W. A. Clarke, who had been visiting Mr. Parker, at Hattiesburg, returned just as her husband, Bro. Clarke, had gotten home from Camp Meeting.  
Miss Ida Sadler and Miss Lou Green, after spending two delightful weeks at Camp Meeting, and your attractive city, returned home Thursday.  
Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Moore, of Meridian, spent several days with their relatives last week, who were glad to see them.  
Misses Ava and Martha Welsh, of Lumberton, spent the day with their relatives and friends of "Auld lang syne," at their old home town, where they always find a warm welcome.  
Mrs. C. Joyner, of Moss Point, Miss., paid a short visit to her daughter Mrs. T. P. Crawford, last week. Her old friends were glad to see her looking so well, and have a good hand shake, if her visit was brief.  
Our big new Hotel is quite an ornament to our little town.  
Hunters are putting in an appearance, early as it is.  
Mr. Jack Willis and Mr. M. Green have been on a big hunt.  
Honey Island is the happy hunting ground of the white man now, instead of "Poor Lo."  
**RELDAS.**  
**GROUP QUICKLY CURED.**  
MOUNTAIN GUY, Ark.—Our children were suffering with croup when we received a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It afforded almost instant relief.—F. A. THOMPSON. This celebrated remedy is for sale by W. C. Heintz, druggist, Covington, and R. B. Paine, Mandeville.

**THE NEW YORK FIGHT.**  
The free silverites have by no means given up New York. The latest information from the rural districts is very encouraging, and five hundred speakers are now stamping the State in the interest of the people.  
Tammany has promised a 50,000 democratic majority in Kings county, and if reports from the country districts are correct, Messrs. Bryan and Porter will sweep the State by a tremendous majority.  
The silver sentiment has spread over the country with lightning rapidity and even the free East is seriously affected. If free silver continues to gain as rapidly during the next two as during the last three weeks of the campaign, the goldbugs will not carry ten States of the Union.  
Those who have chronic diarrhoea to be cured should read what Mr. P. E. Grisham of Gears Mills, La., has to say on the subject, viz: "I have been a sufferer from chronic diarrhoea ever since the war and have tried all kinds of medicines for it. At last I found a remedy that effected a cure and that was Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. This medicine can always be depended upon for cholera, cholera morbus, dysentery and diarrhoea. It is pleasant to take and never fails to effect a cure. The 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale by W. C. Heintz, druggist, Covington, and R. B. Paine, Mandeville.  
The Republicans are very much excited over the "undemocratic" features of the Chicago platform. No one expects the millionaire bosses of the republican party to be otherwise than displeased. The people are pleased with their displeasure and will add greatly to their agony in November.  
To vote for McKinley is to vote to continue "the present policy," to vote for Bryan is to vote for a radical change of our financial policy. Let us have a change.  
A few weeks ago the editor was taken with a very severe cold that caused him to be in a most miserable condition. It was undoubtedly a bad case of a gripe, and recognizing it as dangerous he took immediate steps to bring about a speedy cure. From the advertisement of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and the many good recommendations is made a trial of the medicine. To say that it was satisfactory in its results, is putting it very mildly, indeed. It acted like magic and the result was a speedy and permanent cure. We have no hesitancy in recommending this excellent Cough Remedy to anyone afflicted with a cough or cold in any form.—T. L. Banner of Lake Charles, La., writes:  
"I was afflicted with a cough for 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale by W. C. Heintz, druggist, Covington, and R. B. Paine, Mandeville.

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**Official.**  
Be it ordained, by the Police Jury of St. Tammany Parish, La., That the following election precincts are hereby established in the Parish of St. Tammany, to-wit:  
In the First Ward there shall be one precinct, in the town of Madisonville, which shall be Precinct No. 1, First Ward.  
In the Second Ward there shall be one precinct, at Sandy Ford, which shall be Precinct No. 1, Second Ward.  
In the Third Ward there shall be one precinct, in the town of Covington, which shall be Precinct No. 1, Third Ward.  
In the Fourth Ward there shall be one precinct, in the town of Mandeville, which shall be Precinct No. 1, Fourth Ward.  
In the Fifth Ward there shall be one precinct, at the Singletary old field, which shall be Precinct No. 1, Fifth Ward.  
In the Sixth Ward there shall be one precinct, at the old Pat Welch place, which shall be Precinct No. 1, Sixth Ward.  
In the Seventh Ward there shall be one precinct, at Bayou LaCombe, which shall be Precinct No. 1, Seventh Ward.  
In the Eighth Ward there shall be one precinct, at the Solberger place, which shall be Precinct No. 1, Eighth