

St. Tammany Farmer
July 14, 1900.
OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF
ST. TAMMANY PARISH.
W. G. KENTZEL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
Entered in the Postoffice at Covington,
La., as second-class matter
One Dollar a Year.
Cumberland telephone 19.

The ticket/nominated at Kansas City is a good one, and as imperialism, militarism and trust rule will be the paramount issues of the campaign, there is much reason to hope and believe that it will rally to its support every true American who stands for the Republic as against the Empire, the party Hanna and McKinley is seeking to establish. There is also much reason to hope for victory next November in the attitude of David B. Hill on the Kansas City Convention, and the good work he did to unite and make harmonious the Democracy of the Eastern States. There is no doubt of the sincerity of Hill's endorsement of the ticket nominated at Kansas City, or of his declaration that it would receive his earnest support. Hill is a great political general and a power in New York, and when he takes the stump in that State he will bring back into the party thousands of Democrats who supported McKinley four years ago, and also strip the spectacular Roosevelt of the military glamour that surrounds him. The campaign will be the most exciting in the political history of the country. In the State of New York especially will the battle rage fiercely, and at the head of the Democratic hosts will loom up the towering and commanding figure of David B. Hill, who for the good of his party declined a great honor.—Daily States.

Curing Peavine Hay.

An increase in the pea crop must inevitably be followed by an increase in the crop that succeeds it, whether it be wheat, corn, or cotton. Hence, the feeding of the peas and the increase of the forage crop starts the increase all around, from the manure pile to the granary or storehouse, and year by year it will go on in an increasing ratio, simply because you feed the crop that feeds the land. There has been a notion that it is necessary to go to a great deal of trouble to cure peas into hay. The fact is, that there is no hay more easily cured. Then when the first pods turn yellow now the peas, and after they have wilted, during the day, rake them into windrows before night. Turn the windrows over the next day. The next day, if you take a bunch of hay and give it a twist, and can see no sap run to the twist, but the hay away under shelter. A close barn is best, but it will cure well enough anywhere under shelter, or even in a stack, if the stack is capped with straw or grass that will shed the rain. The wilted vines will wilt after storing, and if you go to opening them to cool them off you will certainly make mouldy hay; but if left strictly alone they will cure into beautiful hay. Some have failed in this curing, but hundreds have succeeded. My own horses have been feeding all winter on bright-colored pea hay made in this way, and they have kept in good order. Where the hay is very heavy it will have to be left out a little longer than when light, but get it in while the leaves are still limp, or you may lose the best part of the hay.—Ex.

The Cotton Crop of 1900.

The high prices of cotton now ruling are leading to a careful analysis of our expectations of the crop of 1900, and the present estimate seems to center on about eleven millions of bales. This amount will hardly be sufficient to meet the wants of the cotton consuming world, when we consider the enormous development in cotton consumption that has arisen because of the low prices that have prevailed during recent years. The government's report on the acreage to produce the last crop, indicates 23,000,000 acres thus employed. The reports on the acreage for 1900 indicates an increase of about 9 per cent over the acreage of 1899, and the general character of the stand is better than that of last year. Messrs. Murphy & Co., of New York, in taking up these data and allowing for the increased acreage of 1900, and assuming the average yield per acre since the crop of 1893, arrive at the conclusion that the coming crop will very nearly reach eleven millions of bales. We think it fair to assume that if our cotton planters can keep out of debt, so as not to have to slaughter all their cotton at once in the autumn, they will find the crop of 1900 to be one of the most profitable ever made.—Southern Farmer, New Orleans.

Just Received.

A carload of feed, which we are offering for the next week at the following prices:
Choice Black Oats, 38 cents per bushel.
Wheat Bran, 175 pounds, \$1.65 per sack.
Choice Hay, 90c. per hundred.
Cow feed, 90c. per sack.
BABINGTON & CO.

The Democratic Platform

The Democratic platform adopted at Kansas City is, in many respects, an important document. It declares that opposition to imperialism is the paramount issue in the campaign which has just begun. It says:
We are in favor of extending the Republic's influence among the nations, but believe that influence should be extended, not by force and violence, but through the persuasive power of a high and honorable example. The importance of other questions now pending before the American people is in no wise diminished, and the Democratic party takes no backward step from its position on them; but the burning issue of imperialism growing out of the Spanish war, involves the very existence of the Republic and the destruction of our free institutions. We regard it as the paramount issue of the campaign.
The false and demagogic policy of the Philippines policy of the present administration. It has involved the Republic unnecessarily in war, and sacrificed the lives of many of our noblest sons, and placed the United States, previously known and applauded throughout the world as the champion of freedom, in the false and un-American position of crushing with military force the efforts of our former allies to achieve liberty and self-government. The Philippines cannot be civilized without endangering our civilization; they cannot be subjected without imperiling our form of government, and as we are not willing to surrender our civilization, or to convert the Republic into an empire, we favor an immediate declaration of the nation's purpose to give the Filipinos, first, a stable form of government; second, independence, and, third, protection from outside interference, such as has been given for nearly fifty years to the republics of Central and South America.
We further favor trade expansion by every peaceful and legitimate means, but we are unalterably opposed to the seizing or purchasing of distant lands, to be governed outside of the Constitution, and whose people can never become citizens.
We are not opposed to territorial expansion when it takes in desirable territories which can be erected into states in the Union, and whose people are willing and able to become American citizens.
This is the true doctrine of Democracy. It does not teach the political and social fitness of all races and peoples for equality in citizenship, but it declares that those races which are unfit for the exercise of such franchises and association should not be incorporated into the political system of the country. The Republican party, on the contrary, is the author of the claim that all races and peoples are equal in their adaptiveness to American citizenship, a doctrine that is most fatal to the preservation of constitutional liberty. Continuing, the Democratic platform says:
We oppose militarism. It means conquest abroad and intimidation and oppression at home. It means the strong arm which has ever been fatal to free institutions. It is what millions of our citizens have fled from in Europe. It will impose upon our peace-loving people a large standing army and an unnecessary burden of taxation and a constant menace to their liberties. A small standing army and a well disciplined State militia are amply sufficient for our defense. The national guard of the United States should ever be cherished in the patriotic hearts of a free people, and such organizations are ever an element of strength and safety. For the first time in our history, and coeval with the Philippines conquest, has there been a wholesale departure from our time-honored and approved system of volunteer organization. We denounce it as un-American, undemocratic and unconstitutional, and subversive of the ancient and fixed principles of a free people.
Every patriotic American citizen must give to these expressions most hearty applause. They do not oppose proper expansion of the national territory, but it must be acquired under conditions consistent with the preservation of the free institutions as well as the honor of the nation. Nothing should be done for glory; but let all the glory achieved by the national arms be accomplished in the maintenance and preservation of the Republic.
The utterance on the subject of "Trusts" is admirable:
We pledge the Democratic party to an unceasing warfare in nation, state and city against private monopoly in every form. Existing laws against trusts must be enforced, and more stringent ones must be enacted providing for more publicity as to affairs of corporations engaged in interstate commerce, and requiring all corporations to show before doing business outside of the State of their origin, that they have no water in their stock, and that they have not attempted and are not attempting to monopolize any branch of business, or the production of any articles of merchandise, and the whole constitutional power of Congress over interstate commerce, the mails and all modes of interstate communication shall be exercised by the enactment of comprehensive laws upon the subject of trusts. Trust laws should be amended by taxing the products of trusts upon the free list, to prevent monopoly under the plea of protection.
Here are no restrictions calculated to drive capital out of the country; but what is demanded is that competition shall not be crushed out, and that all trusts shall be subjected to a publicity that will prevent all fraudulent concealments of their condition. This plank in the national Democratic platform is commended to the radical theorists in the Louisiana State Legislature.
The platform speaks up for the maintenance of the Monroe Doctrine. It favors the construction of an inter-oceanic ship canal, which shall be American in every sense of the word. It contains important expressions on various matters of great public interest, and is entirely free from the socialistic suggestions that have been too freely indulged in by some Democrats for several years past. With the exception of the silver plank, which is a mere concession to past prejudice, and has no real meaning and no ex-

tended influence to-day among Democrats, there is not an expression that the most conservative Democrat can cavil at. It shows that an effort has been made to get the Democrats together, and the Picyune earnestly hopes it will succeed.—Picyune.

Newspaper Law.

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary are considered as wishing to continue their subscriptions.
2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their periodicals, the publisher may continue to send them until all arrears are paid.
3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take periodicals from the office to which they are directed, they are held responsible until they have settled the bills and ordered them discontinued.
4. If subscribers move to another place without informing the publisher, and the papers are sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.
5. The courts have decided that "refusing to take the periodicals from the office, or removing and leaving them uncollected, is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud."
6. Any person who receives a newspaper and makes use of it, whether he has ordered it or not, is held in law to be a subscriber.
7. If subscribers pay in advance they are bound to give notice to the publisher at the end of their time if they do not wish to continue taking it; otherwise the publisher is authorized to continue sending it, and the subscriber will be responsible until an express notice, with payment of all arrears, is sent to the publisher.
The foregoing was published in one of our most valued exchanges, which we gladly reprint for the benefit of several of our subscribers who are in arrears. It is a good thing to paste in your nat.

Summer Weather Here and Elsewhere.

July brings summer weather, and the official reports form all parts of the Union show that it has already done so.
It may be remembered that some of Louisiana's delegates at the Kansas City Democratic Convention most loudly complained of the intense heat of the weather there, although they were a thousand miles north of their home.
The simple fact is that the people of New Orleans have very little to complain of as to their summer climate. The mercury seldom goes above 90 degrees in the shade, and there is nearly always a breeze blowing, balmy and deliciously refreshing, over the southern waters of the Gulf of Mexico.
Kansas City and other northern points far in the heart of the continent are apt to be suffocatingly hot in summer and severely cold in winter, because they are not tempered by the winds and moisture from the sea. A reference to the government weather reports of yesterday show some interesting facts. For instance, while the maximum at New Orleans was 90 degrees, it was 96 at Charlotte in the North Carolina mountains; 92 at Chattanooga, in the Tennessee mountains; 92 at Chicago; 92 at Davenport, Iowa; 96 at Denver, in the Rocky Mountains; 84 at Dodge City, Kansas; 90 at Kansas City; 92 at Knoxville, in the Tennessee mountains; 90 at Marquette Mich.; 90 at New York; 96 at Omaha; 90 at St. Louis, and 96 at the National Capital.
Why should anybody, save for the sake of travel and change, leave New Orleans for comfort? Close at hand are the resorts along Mississippi Sound and the pine woods along Lake Pochartrain. There are the lakeside and music park resorts in the city limits, where one can enjoy the sea breeze while attending the performance of pleasing light opera, or listen to the music of good orchestras. All this may be had nightly for a trifling expenditure, and more comfort cannot be got for big money anywhere else. Of course the wealthy will go away, but we who must remain are not to be pitied. Nobody is more comfortable anywhere, no far as simple comfort is concerned. It is not bad to summer in New Orleans by any means.—Picyune.

The Best Remedy for Stomach and Bowel Troubles.

"I have been in the drug business for twenty years and have sold most of all the proprietary medicines of any note. Among the entire list I have never found anything to equal Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for all stomach and bowel troubles," says O. W. Wakefield, of Columbus, Ga. "This remedy cured two severe cases of cholera morbus in my family, and I have recommended and sold hundreds of bottles of it to my customers to their entire satisfaction. It affords a quick and sure cure in a pleasant form."
For sale by Y. H. Frederick, Covington, and R. B. Paine, Mandeville.

Assessor's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the listing of all property situated in the Parish of St. Tammany, La., subject to be assessed for the year 1900, has been completed, and the estimated value of such property made thereon according to law, and that said list will be exposed in my office in the Courthouse, in Covington, La., for inspection and correction, for a term of twenty days, beginning next after ten days from the first publication hereof.
WARREN THOMAS,
Assessor.
Covington, La., July 14, 1900.

DISTRICT COURT TERMS

For the Twenty-sixth Judicial District. Commencing the Parishes of St. Tammany and Washington.

By virtue of the power vested in me by and in conformity with Article 117 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, and of the provisions of Act No. 163 of the General Assembly of Louisiana, approved July 14, 1898, the following dates for holding sessions of the Twenty-sixth Judicial District Court, for the parishes of St. Tammany and Washington, are hereby fixed, to-wit:
ST. TAMMANY PARISH.
Second Monday in October, with jury.
Second Monday in December, without jury.
Fourth Monday in January, without jury.
Second Monday in March, with jury.
Fourth Monday in April, without jury.
Thirtieth Monday in June, without jury.
WASHINGTON PARISH.
Fourth Monday in November, with jury.
Third Monday in December, without jury.
Second Monday in February, without jury.
Fourth Monday in March, with jury.
Second Monday in May, without jury.
First Monday in July, without jury.
And it is further ordered that the Clerk of Court of said parishes enter this order on the minutes of the Court in their respective parishes, and give due notice by publication in the official journal of said parishes for three times.
JAS. M. THOMPSON,
Judge of 26th Judicial Dist. of La.

Facts and Figures.

Any person who will take the trouble to investigate the condition of the farmers in States where strenuous efforts are being made to help them in their life work by liberal appropriation, will find a decided difference in comparison with the farmers of other States, where but little or nothing is done, aside from individual effort. Compare, for instance, the value of lands in Illinois with those in Georgia and South Carolina. Lands in the former State have an average value of not less than \$60 per acre, while those of the latter States can easily be bought at from \$8 to \$9, ordinarily. The farmers of Illinois have been highly educated through their institutions in the development of both plants and animals. The vast majority in the two southern States as above named know but little beyond the cultivation of plants, and the knowledge is restricted to almost one plant alone—cotton. We use chemical manures to keep our lands poor, while the Illinois farmers build their up to the highest state of fertility by the use of barnyard manures and the diversified culture of grasses and grains.
The native fertility of our soils are equal to those of Illinois; they are as capable of improvement. We have all the advantages of climate and seasons. The reverse in value should be true; at least our lands should command as high or higher prices than those located in sections possessing unequal natural advantages.—Ex.

Court Items.

The following cases were tried at the July term of the Civil District Court:
Joseph E. Camatte vs. Alphonse J. Dntuch. Suit on a contract. Judgment for defendant.
Town of Covington vs. Mrs. L. Gnyol. Suit to remove fence. Judgment partially in favor of plaintiff.
C. S. E. Babington vs. Emily Lee. Petition. Judgment in favor of plaintiff.
Sam Poole vs. E. L. R. R. and N. O. & N. E. R. R. Exception, no cause of action, fled by defendant and overruled.
Town of Covington vs. Hardy H. Smith. Suit to remove fence. Judgment in favor of defendant.
Alfred Le Blanc vs. Josh Gaines. Injunction. Tried and taken under advisement.
Annie Daniels vs. James Daniels. Suit for divorce. Judgment for plaintiff.
There were no criminal cases tried, owing to illness of District attorney.

To Trappers.

The privilege of trapping on Prevost's Island is for rent, from October 1 to March 31, the renter to take general supervision of the Island, and allow no trespassing. For further particulars apply at this office.

Assessor's Notice.

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WARREN THOMAS,
Assessor.
Covington, La., July 14, 1900.

Bogue Chitto Ferry Lease

In accordance with a resolution adopted by the Police Jury of St. Tammany Parish, La., July 11, 1900, sealed bids will be received for the lease of the Bogue Chitto Ferry, for one year, under the following conditions, the bids to be handed in to the Secretary of the Police Jury on or before August 11, 1900, at 9 o'clock a. m.:

RATES OF CHARGES.
From 6 a. m. to 7 p. m.—
Footmen, each way, 5c.
Man on horseback, each way, 10c.
Single horse and buggy 25c, round trip 40c.
Two-horse teams 30c, round trip 50c.
One yoke of oxen 30c, round trip 50c.
Two yokes of oxen 40c, round trip 60c.
Anything over one pair of horses or two yokes of oxen 50c each way.
The contractor to be responsible for all damages, and give a bond in the sum of \$50.00 to secure the parish against all damages, and for the faithful performance of his duty.
An increase of one-half over the above rates will be charged from 7 p. m. to 6 a. m., or during high water.
The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.
GEO. KOEPP, JR.,
President.

W. G. KENTZEL, Secretary.

BUSINESS LEAGUE.

The Business Men's Progressive League will meet in regular session next Monday night. All members are requested to attend, as matters of importance will come up for action.

Grand Excursion To MANDEVILLE!!

Thursday, August 9th.
For the Benefit of COVINGTON BRASS BAND.
Fine Bathing, Fishing, Etc., in Lake Pochartrain
Dancing at Pavilion. Refreshments furnished at reasonable rates on the train and at the Pavilion.
Train leaves Covington at 8:45 a. m., and returning leaves Mandeville at 6 p. m.
FARE FOR ROUND TRIP, 50 CENTS.
H. A. MORTEE, President.
CHAS. PECHON, Manager.
FORTUNE PLANCHE, Director.

When you want a modern and up-to-date phytic...

Stomach and Liver Tablets. They are easy to take and pleasant in effect. Price 25 cents. Samples free at V. H. Frederick's and R. B. Paine's Drug stores.

J. H. MILLENER, G. H. MILLENER.

SAW MILL.

J. H. MILLENER & SON,
Old Landing.
All kinds of Rough Timber furnished promptly, in long or short lengths.
Cumberland telephone 31.
P. D. MULLINS, H. R. WARREN,
LOUIS J. HEINTZ, B. M. MILLER, Counsel.

Covington Real Estate Exchange,

Office in Courthouse.
Property in Covington and vicinity for sale and rent.
Farm and timber lands for sale.
Property of non-residents taken in charge.
Taxes paid. Abstracts of title furnished.
A General Real Estate Business Done.
A Good Cough Remedy.
Many thousands have been restored to health and happiness by the use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. If afflicted with any throat or lung trouble, give it a trial, for it is certain to prove beneficial. Coughs that have resisted all other treatment for years have yielded to this remedy, and perfect health been restored. Cases that seemed hopeless, that the climate of famous health resorts failed to benefit, have been permanently cured by its use.
For sale by V. H. Frederick, Covington, and R. B. Paine, Mandeville.

WANTED - SEVERAL PERSONS

for District Office Managers in this state to represent me in their own and surrounding counties. Willing to pay yearly \$600, payable weekly. Desirable employment with unusual opportunities. References exchanged. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. S. A. Park, 320 Caxton Building, Chicago.

FOR RENT.

A two-story residence, containing five bedrooms, parlor, hall upstairs and down. Dining room, with refrigerator. Kitchen, with range. Pantry. Front and back galleries. Situated on two lots of ground, with good wells, stable and other outbuildings. Also a store building. The property was recently built. Situated on Columbia street, one block from the railroad track. For particulars apply to this office.

FOR SALE - Barred Plymouth Rock Eggs, at 60 cents per setting of thirteen. Apply to G. B. Marange, Abita Springs, La.

NOTICE

A reward is offered by the undersigned for any party or parties caught trespassing or cutting any timber on my land, (known as the Crossman's land), situated three miles from Abita Springs. They will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.
MRS. JAS. E. GUINAILL,
624 Bourbon Street, New Orleans.

NOTICE.

All parties are hereby forbidden, under penalty of the law, to cut wood, deaden trees, or otherwise trespass on my lands in this parish, formerly the lands of P. F. Herwig, and Herwig & Rosier.
MRS. E. E. KUNTZ.

A. J. RAPP,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer and Shipper of All Kinds of Fish, Game, Turtles, Crabs, and Shrimps.

Stalls 180 and 185 Magazine Market.
A constant supply of all kinds of fish will be kept in their season.
All orders, by mail or otherwise, promptly attended to.
PEOPLE'S PHONE 1779.
CUMBERLAND PHONE 1779.

U. S. Land Office, New Orleans, La.

July 6, 1900.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of her intention to make final proof in support of her claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the district court, at Covington, La., on Saturday, August 18, 1900, viz:
MARI CLARK (WIDOW).
Who made homestead entry No. 16,613 for the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section 17, township 9, south range 15 east, St. Helena Meridian. She names the following witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Raymond Crawford, Will Claude, Simon Ayer and Hampton Smith, all of Slidell, La.
JULY 14-16. WALTER L. COHEN, Register.

NOTICE

Bayou LaCombe, La., June 20, 1900.
We the undersigned have dissolved the firm existing between Maurice Bragard and Emile E. Bouillon.
MAURICE BRAGARD,
EMILE E. BOUILLON.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

A new cottage of five rooms, located on Columbia (or Military) Road, two miles from Covington.
F. L. YOUNG,
Covington, La.

HOMESTEAD APPLICATION.

In accordance with Act No. 64 of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana of 1888, I hereby give notice of my intention to homestead the following State land, viz:
For the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter, and the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter, section 2, and the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter, and northeast quarter of the southeast quarter, section 3, township 5, south range 14 east, Greysburg District, La.
GEORGE L. CRAWFORD.
j630 G.
GEO. H. MILLENER.

U. S. Land Office, New Orleans, La.

July 5, 1900.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the district court, at Covington, La., on Monday, August 20, 1900, viz:
EMILE E. SCHMALZ.
Who made homestead entry No. 16,461, for the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section 6, township 6, south range 12 east, St. Helena Meridian.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: L. Cole, Robert Kinkade, Talscheck Postoffice, La., Anthony Oppens, C. T. Schmitz, Abita Springs, La.
JULY 14-16. WALTER L. COHEN, Register.

TO Turpentine Distillers

W. K. WILSON,
Copper, Brass, Sheet Iron Works and Machine Shop.
TURPENTINE STILLS
A SPECIALTY.
Manufacturer of Copper, Colls, Chimneys, Breechings and Cocks. Blacksmith Work of every description. Nos. 327 and 329 Tchoupitoulas street. Telephone 660.
New Orleans.
CONFECTIONERY AND RESTAURANT.
VICTOR PLANCHE, Proprietor.
In the Pechon building, near the Depot.
MEALS AT ALL HOURS, at prices to suit the times.
BIRD CAGE HOTEL.
SLIDELL, LA.
Board by the Day, Week or Month.
At Reasonable Rates.
Table supplied with the best market affords. Special attention given to transient boarders.
Headquarters for Drummers.
Apply to
MRS. R. V. ROCHE,
Proprietor.

FOR SALE.

35-HORSE POWER BOILER, 25 HORSE POWER ENGINE.
Complete fitting.
Inquire at this office.
Property on the Bogue Falls river, consisting of a dwelling house, two room cottage, kitchen, stable, and other out-buildings. Has 14 acres under cultivation. Also a vineyard, fruit orchard and pecan grove. Fine bathing and boating. Apply at this office, or address to Postoffice box No. 45.
John Legier, Jr., vs. J. J. L. Milloist.
Twenty-sixth Judicial District Court of Louisiana, in and for the Parish of St. Tammany.
By virtue of a writ of seizure and sale from the honorable the aforesaid court, and to me directed, bearing date May 28, 1900, I will proceed to sell at public auction at the front door of the Court-house in the town of Covington, La., on SATURDAY, July 21, 1900, between legal sale hours, the following described property, to-wit:
1. The southeast quarter of northwest quarter and northeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 15, in township 6, south of range 11 east, St. Helena Meridian, in the district of lands subject to sale at New Orleans, La., containing eighty acres and sixteen hundredths of an acre, with all and singular the buildings and improvements thereon, consisting of a cottage, residence of eight rooms, kitchen and storeroom, laundry, oil room and water closet, barn, cattle sheds, poultry house 140 feet long, all shingle roofs, one incubator room 20x30 ft, built especially for that purpose, and nearly three miles of women wire fencing, all being built since March 1, 1897; and all the buildings having been constructed since May 20, 1896, except the barn and kitchen.
2. The south half of the northeast quarter of section 15, township 6, south of range 11 east, with all the improvements thereon, containing eighty acres, more or less.
Seized in the above entitled suit.
Terms of sale cash, with benefit of appraisement.
J. J. STROBLE, Sheriff.

FOR SALE - Barred Plymouth Rock Eggs, at 60 cents per setting of thirteen. Apply to G. B. Marange, Abita Springs, La.

NOTICE

A reward is offered by the undersigned for any party or parties caught trespassing or cutting any timber on my land, (known as the Crossman's land), situated three miles from Abita Springs. They will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.
MRS. JAS. E. GUINAILL,
624 Bourbon Street, New Orleans.

NOTICE.

All parties are hereby forbidden, under penalty of the law, to cut wood, deaden trees, or otherwise trespass on my lands in this parish, formerly the lands of P. F. Herwig, and Herwig & Rosier.
MRS. E. E. KUNTZ.



A Woman Only Knows

What suffering from falling of the womb, white, painful or irregular menses, or any disease of the distinctly feminine organs. A man may sympathize or pity but he can not know the sufferer's grief through the terrible suffering, so patiently borne, which she has to undergo, before she can be cured. The only remedy is McELREE'S Wine of Cardui.

McELREE'S Wine of Cardui

will banish it. This medicine cures all "female diseases" quickly and permanently. It does away with humiliating physical examinations. The treatment may be taken at home. There is not continual expense and trouble. The sufferer is cured and days are saved. Wine of Cardui is becoming the leading remedy for all troubles of this class. It costs but \$1 from any druggist.
For advice in cases requiring special directions, address the Ladies' Advisory Department, The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.
MRS. C. J. WERT, Nashville, Tenn., writes: "I have used Wine of Cardui and it has done me more good than any medicine I have ever taken."
B. C. WILLIAMS,
For Sale By
W. H. KAHL, Agent,
THOMASVILLE, LA.
THOMAS M. BURNS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office—Covington, La.
Will practice in the 26th Judicial District, and the Supreme Court of the State.
B. M. MILLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office—Covington La.
Will practice in all the courts of the Twenty-sixth Judicial District.
EDWARD P. COUSIN,
Lawyer and Notary.
No. 227 St. Charles street,
NEW ORLEANS, LA.
Will practice in St. Tammany Parish. Successions a Specialty.
HENRY L. GARLAND, JR.,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
SLIDELL, LA.
New Orleans Office: 630 Commerce Place.
Covington Office: Next to residence of Leon Koutbion.
LEWIS L. MORGAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Mandeville, La.
Will practice in all the courts of the 26th Judicial District.
Harvey E. Ellis, Gordon W. Goodbee
Covington, La. Frankinton, La.
ELLIS & GOODBEE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
Notary in Office.
SCOTT L. WILLIAMS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
COVINGTON, LA.
Office—At the Courthouse.
F. Z. BUSH,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Talischeck, La.
Festivals, Homesteads and Patents a specialty.
JOS. B. LANCASTER,
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Covington, La.
OFFICE AT THE COURTHOUSE.
Special attention given to Examining Land Titles, Buying and Selling Lands, Passing Acts and Deeds of Sale, Mortgages, Donations, Etc.
DR. C. Z. WILLIAMS,
PRACTISING PHYSICIAN.
Residence on the corner of Baton street, west of the Martindale House.
Office over the Bank.
Day and Night calls promptly attended at. Chronic Disease a Specialty.
DR. J. F. FIGOTT,
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Offers his professional services to the public.
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