

The St. Tammany Farmer.

"The Blessings of Government, Like the Dew from Heaven, Should Descend Alike Upon the Rich and the Poor."

J. H. MASON, Editor

COVINGTON, ST. TAMMANY PARISH, LA., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1910

VOL XXXVI NO 44

A CREAMERY AT MANDEVILLE

Mr. J. L. Lavelle, An Experienced Butter Man.

Puts a Proposition Before the Milk Men.

Will Furnish the Capital and Employ Expert.

Will Allow Milk Men an Interest, if Desired.

A Better Chance Here than in the West.

A very enthusiastic meeting was held at the Town Hall, Mandeville, Saturday evening, September 24, in the interest of the creamery for Mandeville.

The meeting was called to order by Mayor A. Hartman, who stated the object and introduced Mr. J. L. Lavelle, the promoter. Mr. Lavelle discussed at length on the advantages of our country and at the close of the meeting the following citizens endorsed the movement by attaching their names to an agreement stating that they will milk their cows and sell Mr. Lavelle the milk. But for the inclemency of the weather the attendance would have been much larger:

A. Harman, Mayor; Geo. F. Bierhorst, Sidney Smith, Gus. Smith, Geo. W. Smith, G. Frosch, Margaret Smith, J. A. Seamon, Henry Bosh, W. T. Newman, E. Francis, Paul Castler, Alex. Smith, Isidore Levy, E. Bandot, Jas. Band, Jules Beaujeux, Jos. W. Smith, Jr.

Following is the gist of Mr. Lavelle's remarks:

"I am a native of Louisiana, have been a resident of New Orleans all my life and have been handling butter in a wholesale and retail way more than forty-five years in that city.

I have only a theoretical knowledge of making butter, no practical, although I have been going to conventions and visiting creameries in the West and Northwest for more than twenty years, coming in contact with the largest butter makers and handlers in the world. I have seen in these various trips and remarks heard, made by these pioneers in butter making, of their business, induces me to believe that our task is an easy one, with the fine country we have, abundant grass throughout the year, very little feed needed, finest water on earth and salubrious climate. The only thing necessary for you to do is to give a little more attention to your cattle, comfort in the simple laws of health and hygiene as advocated by State Board of Health.

In the West and Northwest cows have to be housed for five or six months of the year on account of the extreme cold weather and absence of winter stall-feeding. In the West when they started in the butter making business they were as green about it as you are. Their cows were no better than your's and probably not as good (for I have seen mighty fine cows in this neighborhood); the milking was a gallon or more a day, but as they proceeded, under careful instruction and watchfulness, these same people are getting four or more gallons of milk from each cow and their milk is giving considerable more butter fat to each gallon than when they began. These trying difficulties, in spite of which these results were accomplished, can be avoided easily by you, as the trials and troubles of these people are before you and you can avoid them if you care to. Listen to and act in execution the information that will be given you from time to time.

A large number of cows are now allowed to roam without any attention. These same cows can be looked after and will bring you in a revenue of twenty cents or more each and every day, depending on the attention you give them, and the attention will cost you very little; only a little more exertion and work on your part. It remains to be seen if you care to get this money, thereby bringing yourself and family more comfort and independence, for say what you please, a man that can feel a dollar in his own pocket and say that it is his and not due some one else is the most independent.

Let's get together and develop our great country. The eyes of the world are upon you and the flow of emigrants are coming our way, and the wise men of the other parts of our country are going to swoop down this way sooner than you realize and grasp all these good things.

I propose, if I can get enough milk to keep this creamery going right along throughout the year, (it will not pay unless it can be run throughout the year) to go in November to makers of the best creamery ma-

chinery and purchase machinery and get the creamery started by early spring, say March, but I am not going to put out my money unless I can interest enough people in the creamery going right along. You may sign for as many cows as you care to, with the understanding that you will give me the milk of that number throughout the year, with the privilege of increasing it, as I must have not decreasing it, as I must have certainty of so much milk each day.

We find in history many instances when good business enterprises have sprung promptly from our own efforts to intelligently develop the resources around us. The great butter state of Illinois was passed over by the first settlers as a land of no promise. It is today, in productive-ness and value of butter making, one of the greatest in the union, and the vast area formerly looked upon as barren has been by intelligent handling made to produce, annually, wonderful returns.

Milk today for butter making, all over the world, is bought by amount of butter fat contained therein. I am unable to say at the moment what you could expect me to pay for the milk, but I think it will bring you about fifteen to twenty cents a gallon, depending upon the amount of butter fat. I will have exact price when we meet again.

I propose, in my trip to the West, to get the best up-to-date butter-maker I can secure. This butter-maker will be willing at all times to assist and advise you as to the feeding of your cows and in getting the most and richest milk.

When you bring your milk to the creamery we will run it through a separator, taking the cream and giving you back the skimmed milk. You will then have milk enough for your calves, hogs and chickens, or to do with it as you please. If we have to send for the milk we keep the skimmed milk as well as the cream. I am willing to let a few of you people into this enterprise, if you so desire; but, in the event you do not, I am going to erect it myself.

GIRL CONVEYED TO INSANE ASYLUM.

Last Sunday Deputy Sheriff A. A. Parker for Jackson, La., with Miss Alice Garcia, a former public school teacher in this parish, placed her in the State of Insane.

For the past four years Miss Garcia's mind has been failing, and lately her condition became so serious that family had to ask that she be committed to the asylum.

Four years ago Miss Garcia lived on Bayou Lacombe, west of Slidell, where she taught the neighborhood children at her own school house. Her failure to procure proper credentials dropped her from the roll of teachers; and no doubt, augmented her trouble. Lately she would wander from home, often as far as Slidell, and once she was found standing in the bayou in water almost to her chest. At times she would tear her clothes and threaten violence to her friends.

FRANKLINTON.

Prizes Awarded Successful Members of Boys' Corn Club.

Franklinton, La., Sept. 25.—The Boys' Corn Club, of Washington Parish, whose inception is due to the energy of J. W. Bateman, superintendent of education, assembled yesterday to exhibit the products of its members. Many persons from the surrounding country assembled to attend the exercise. Announcement was made that hereafter an annual fair would be held.

The eleven prizes, contributed by merchants, banks and individuals, were awarded as follows:

Greatest yield of corn—First, \$25 to Homer Walters; second, a saddle to Angus Burch; third, a set of harness to Herbert Gifford.

Best ten ears of corn—First, \$10 gold to Luzon Pierce; second, \$5 gold to Denton Morris; third, a suit of clothes to Clymore Brumfield; fourth, a gun to Iddo Alford; fifth a clock to W. H. G. Pierce.

Best corn judge—First, \$5 to Rufus Breland; second, \$2 to John McMillan; third, a bridle to Clyde Carter.

Best profit report (that is least expense of cultivation)—First, \$5 to Millard Carrier; second, a pair of shoes to Burley Sylvest; third, a hat (size 9 changeable to one that will fit), to Hizzie Sylvest.

Longest distance from the place of production—First, a trio of chickens to Curtis Jones; second, a watch to John McMillan; third, one dollar to William Rester.

Best composition—\$5 to Robert Magee, and fifty cents each, for bringing in best specimens of cane, pumpkin, beans and pop corn.

In addition to these there were several blooded cows exhibited to show the value of thoroughbreds. In all there were 136 exhibits.

T. E. Nixon, special agent for farm demonstration work, and R. C. Howell, of the exhibition work of the Agricultural Department of the State, rendered valuable assistance in making the Boys' Corn Club Exhibit a success. A thunder storm with dark clouds and forceful winds cut short a more elaborate program and cancelled several speeches.

Louis A. Brown, town marshal, has tendered "his resignation effective October 1.

The town council has contracted for a new electric light, for the business section.

The effort to compromise on the depot site has failed because of the reported objection by the Attorney General, who represents the State Railroad Commission against the New Orleans Great Northern Railroad Company. The attorney seems to think that a precedent in this case is more to be desired.

Mr. Jos. J. Schech, of the German Settlement, has brought to Covington some excellent cane for this time of the season. He is one of the progressive and up-to-date farmers of this parish who has made a specialty of cane growing and syrup making.

TRAIN ROBBED BY TWO MEN

Five Mail Clerks Held Up While Work is Done.

Robbers Entered Mail Car From the Smoker.

Valuable Packages Were Missed in the Hurry.

Said to Have Been Seen in Cosmopolitan Hotel.

Thought to Have Engaged in Other Robberies.

Two masked white men held up five mail clerks on the outgoing Southern Pacific and Texas Express from New Orleans last night, near Avondale, at 8:25 o'clock, and secured four sacks of registered mail, the total value of which is believed to be small. They left the car, and it is believed escaped in a launch on the river. Posses searched the woods nearby and another posse composed of members of the New Orleans police force, under Assistant Chief of Detectives Mounsey, secured a boat at Gretna and went up the river after the robbers. One of the men was about six feet tall, and the other about five feet tall, answering the description of two men who tried to rob the L. R. and N. train near Bayou Sara, above Baton Rouge, several weeks ago.

After the train, which leaves here at 9 p. m., crosses the ferry at Avondale, it is broken up, the first section being pulled about 300 yards down the track toward Avondale Junction, while the engine went down the incline to get the passenger coaches. It was during the confusion incident to this that the robbery was committed, the bandits going from the smoking car into the mail car. They covered the five mail clerks, while the smaller one kept his pistol on them the other secured four sacks of registered mail, which were placed in one sack. He then jumped from the car and his companion followed, both being quickly lost to sight in the darkness. The entire affair took but a few moments.

As soon as the robbery was discovered the Southern Pacific officials notified the deputy sheriff at Waggaman, the nearest village at Avondale, and a message was also sent to the sheriff of Jefferson parish. Posses were at once organized and began scouring the country around.

The mail clerks were James A. St. Germaine, in charge; Fletcher Massey, James A. MacNeal, Carl M. Kramel and Read, a substitute.

The bandits are believed to have escaped in a boat, probably a gasolene launch. They were traced to the river, and no horse tracks could be found anywhere in the vicinity.

Avondale, where the robbery occurred, is on the Burbank plantation, and there are no whites at the station. White men everywhere in the vicinity who cannot account for themselves are being held up as suspects. Three suspects were arrested at Wagerman, near Avondale, shortly after midnight.

The mail secured by the robbers was local registered mail, and is supposed to have been that bound for Texas.

Ferry landings, railroad tracks and everywhere are being guarded, and all who pass must account for themselves.

The two men rode over to Avondale on the train and got out of the rear end of the smoking car on the woods side, after it had stopped at the incline. They walked immediately to the smoking car and held it up.

A passenger on the smoking car saw the men at the Cosmopolitan Hotel yesterday, according to information received by the police early this morning.

A steam launch was seen going up the river toward Avondale about 9 o'clock last night. This bears out the theory that the robbers escaped by the river, and indicates that a third man was implicated in it.

Following the holdup the police gave out the story of an attempted robbery of the L. R. and N. train at Bayou Sara, above Baton Rouge, September 3. The story had previously been kept quiet while an effort was being made to find the robbers.

Three men made the attempt. Two of them correspond to the descriptions given of the Avondale holdups. One of the Bayou Sara robbers carried a tan grip, and one of the pair in last night's affair carried a grip of a similar description.

Lakes Charles, La., Sept. 25.—Dr. Temple Smith, president of the Lake Charles Board of Health and a prominent physician, is lying at the point of death at St. Patrick's Sanitarium, and his wife an active church and club worker, is virtually a prisoner at the home of Deputy Sheriff C. B. Perkins, as the result of a quarrel ending in a tragedy this morning that gave Lake Charles its worst shock in years.

With the exception of a negro servant, who fled during the progress of the quarrel, the couple were alone in the house when the tragedy was enacted. Neighbors heard them

quarreling, but as such quarrels have been of frequent occurrence they were not alarmed until two shots rang out.

Running to the house, they found Dr. Smith lying on the yard, suffering from a bullet wound. The shot entered near the navel and came out near the small of the back.

PLEADS FOR HIS WIFE.

When they asked Mrs. Smith who was in the house and how the accident occurred, she replied that it was not an accident.

Dr. Smith was hurried to the sanitarium and an operation immediately performed in the hope of saving his life. Several inches of the large intestine, which was torn and shattered. To-night he seems to be recovering from its effects, but the physicians have only a faint hope of his recovery.

In reply to questions Dr. Smith said that it was all the result of domestic quarrels, which culminated more seriously than either anticipated; that Mrs. Smith should not be blamed, and he hoped that she would not be placed under arrest.

Just after he was taken to the hospital he told his wife, leaving everything to his stepson, Dr. G. R. Adams, for whom he has a strong affection.

SHOOTS WHEN HE SLAPS.

Mrs. Smith evinced no emotion over the tragedy, but expressed regret that such action was forced upon her. She said to friends that Dr. Smith had been very abusive and quarrelsome with her again. She paid no attention to his verbal tirade until he slapped her.

She then ran to her room and locked the door to escape him, but he followed, with threats of further violence, and finally forced his way in.

She had secured a pistol in the meantime, and warned him that if he attempted to slap her again she would shoot him, and he replied that two could play at that game, as he had a pistol, too.

Finally, when he advanced on her, she leveled the gun and fired, but he caught her arm and forced it down as the carriage exploded, the bullet passing between his legs. She wrenched her hand free and fired again. The doctor turned and ran out in the yard, where he fell.

ACTIVE WORKER IN CLUB.

Dr. Smith is a native of Missouri, and first settled in Texas, where he met Mrs. Smith, who was then a widow, and they were married, coming first to Westlake and later to Lakes Charles sixteen years ago. They have no children. Mrs. Adams, son, Dr. C. R. Adams, of Hayes, being the only other member of the family. He was summoned after the shooting, and arrived this evening.

Mrs. Smith is an officer and active worker in the Encephalitis Club, and is socially popular.

Great regret is felt in Lake Charles over the occurrence, as both were highly esteemed.

Mrs. Smith was taken into custody this afternoon and placed in care of Deputy Sheriff Perkins, a near neighbor.

Late this evening Dr. Smith was resting easy.

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO EXPOSITION

A List of Those Who Have Taken Stock in Parish of St. Tammany.

Those Wishing to Subscribe Should Send Their Names to This Office Now.

We are publishing this week, and will publish for some weeks to come, the names of the citizens of St. Tammany Parish who have subscribed to stock of the World's Panama Exposition to be held in New Orleans.

St. Tammany Parish will reap great benefit from this exposition, and should show its interest by subscribing generously to the stock. The stock is to be paid in ten installments, the first, thirty days after the opening of the exposition, and the remainder in nine equal installments of ten per cent each at intervals of not less than four months. This makes it so easy that almost anyone can afford to subscribe.

Subscription will be received at this office:

LIST OF SUBSCRIBERS

St. Tammany Banking Company and Savings Bank, 2 shares.

Covington Bank and Trust Company, 2 shares.

St. Tammany Steamship Company, 2 shares.

Covington Naval Stores 2 shares.

Geo. E. Sears, 1 share.

E. J. Domergue, Jr., 1 share.

Harvey E. Ellis, 1 share.

Smith Hardware Company, 1 share.

G. E. Millar, Abita Springs, 1 share.

E. G. Davis, 1 share.

L. Souchon, 1 share.

Henry Strubbe, 1 share.

James L. Clairain, 1 share.

United States of America, Parish of St. Tammany.

Be it known, that on this 16th day of the month of September, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and ten, and of the independence of the United States of America, the one hundred and thirty-first.

Before me, Harvey E. Ellis, a Notary Public, duly commissioned and qualified, in and for the parish of St. Tammany, State of Louisiana, and in the presence of the witnesses hereinafter named and undersigned, personally came and appeared the persons whose names are hereunto subscribed, all of full age, who severally declared that, availing themselves of the provisions of the laws of the State, relative to corporations, they had voluntarily and lawfully organized and agreed, and by these presents do covenant and agree and bind themselves, as well as such

FARM NOTES OF INTEREST

Taken From Department Agricultural Extension.

Of the Louisiana State University, Baton Rouge.

Information That Can Be Relied Upon as Correct.

Should Be Read by Every Up-to-date Farmer.

Some Useful Things You May Not Know.

No farmer in Louisiana who has a head of stock—be it a horse, cow, sheep or hog—should fail to plant a good sized patch of oats this fall. Probably no farm crop pays better than oats if we consider the time during which the land is used, the small amount of labor required, and the feed value of an acre of oats. Yet it is safe to say that Louisiana does not plant 1 per cent as much oats as it ought to. Fall-planted oats are preferred to spring planting. The land should be thoroughly broken and pulverized as early in October as possible. It is possible to use land on which cowpeas have been growing, this should be done. The peas should be turned under an inch or two deeper than the usual depth for breaking the land. Oats should be sown from the latter part of September to early in November. No seed should be used in Louisiana but the Red Rust-Proof. About two bushels per acre should be sown, rich land requiring less seed than poor land. Fall-planted oats make a heavier growth and yield more forage or grain than do spring oats. Besides, fall oats may be pastured to hogs or other stock for about two months during winter, when green food is short.

SELECTING COTTON SEED.

If a farmer can increase the yield of his cotton field one hundred pounds per acre by spending \$2.00 for fertilizers he generally does it. Yet, there are other ways for increasing the yield of cotton that are not only better but cheaper.

One of these ways is to go out into the cotton field and select the seed by gathering bolls that grow on the right kind of stalks. The ideal stalk should not be too tall, should spread out, have abundant joints, and carry a large number of bolls. Choose for seed the bolls around the heart of the plant, and do not gather those near the top, on the necks of the limbs, or near the ground. The top bolls and those found near the top of the branches, having matured later, have a tendency to produce late cotton; those near the ground probably lack vigor. Send to the Department of Agricultural Extension, Louisiana State University, Baton Rouge, Louisiana, for a pamphlet on how to select cotton for seed.

ROPY MILK.

Do you ever have ropy or stinky milk? If so, do you know the cause, and how to remove it? Ropiness is due to bacteria or germs. These germs fall into milk from the udder and through the teats, or from the air. The cows gather the germs from stagnant water, which is the source of such bacteria. When milk once becomes infected, the pails continue to infect the milk from day to day. To thoroughly clean the milk vessels, they should be scalded or boiled, and then dried in the sunshine. Avoid wiping with rags, which may themselves contain the germs. On one occasion, the writer was assured by the kitchen maid that the milk pails had been thoroughly scalded, yet the milk continued ropy. He later found that, while the scalding had probably killed the germs, yet by wiping the pails with cloths that were infected, the contagion continued. Milk is never ropy when fresh from the cow; it becomes so only when the germs enter the milk in the pail and grow in numbers sufficiently to bring results.

Charter of THE ST. TAMMANY TRUCK GROWERS ASSOCIATION.

United States of America, Parish of St. Tammany.

Be it known, that on this 16th day of the month of September, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and ten, and of the independence of the United States of America, the one hundred and thirty-first.

Before me, Harvey E. Ellis, a Notary Public, duly commissioned and qualified, in and for the parish of St. Tammany, State of Louisiana, and in the presence of the witnesses hereinafter named and undersigned, personally came and appeared the persons whose names are hereunto subscribed, all of full age, who severally declared that, availing themselves of the provisions of the laws of the State, relative to corporations, they had voluntarily and lawfully organized and agreed, and by these presents do covenant and agree and bind themselves, as well as such

other persons as may hereafter become associated with them, to form and constitute a corporation and body politic in law, for the objects and purposes and under the stipulations, articles and conditions following, to-wit:

ARTICLE I.

The name and style of this corporation shall be the St. Tammany Truck Growers' Association, and its domicile is hereby established at Abita Springs, in St. Tammany Parish, Louisiana, and under its corporate name said corporation shall have power and authority to contract, sue and be sued, to make and use a corporate seal and the same to break or alter at pleasure, to receive, hold, purchase, improve, alienate, convey, borrow, mortgage and hypothecate, under its said corporate name, property, real, personal and mixed, to name and appoint such managers, agents, directors and officers as its business interests and conditions may require, to make and establish by-law, rules and regulations for the proper management and regulation of its affairs as may be deemed necessary and proper to carry out the objects and purposes of said corporation.

Said corporation, unless sooner dissolved, in accordance with its charter, shall exist or continue for the period of ninety-nine years from and after the date hereof.

The president, or in his absence the vice president, or in the absence of both, the secretary shall be the proper person upon whom citation or other legal process shall be served.

ARTICLE II.

The objects and purposes for which this corporation is established, and the nature of the business to be carried on by it, are declared to be: The raising, buying, shipping, on consignment or otherwise, and selling, either for itself or others, all farm products, including fruits, vegetables, milk, eggs, poultry and live stock, the buying and selling, either for itself or others, of all kinds of merchandise, and the operating of a general merchandise store or stores; and generally to do everything that is incidental to or connected with the carrying on of said businesses, and that tends to promote and develop the agricultural and stock interests of St. Tammany Parish.

ARTICLE III.

The capital stock of this corporation is hereby fixed at fifty thousand (\$50,000.00) dollars, divided into and represented by ten thousand (10,000) shares of the par value of five (\$5.00) each, which may be issued at not less than par for cash, or in payment or exchange for property or rights actually owned or purchased by said corporation; provided no stock shall be issued unless the consideration therefor has been received by said corporation. All transfers of stock shall be made on the books of said company at its office at Abita Springs, La., on the surrender of the certificate therefor. No stockholder shall have authority or right to sell or otherwise dispose of his stock, in whole or in part, without first giving the board of directors ten days written notice of his intention or desire to dispose of his stock, or a part thereof, and allowing the board of directors the first opportunity of purchasing the stock.

Said corporation shall become a going concern and be authorized to do business as soon as three thousand (\$3000.00) dollars of the capital stock shall have been subscribed for.

ARTICLE IV.

The corporate powers of this corporation shall be vested in and exercised by a board of seven directors, consisting of a president, vice president, secretary, treasurer and three stockholders, four of whom shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. Said directors shall be elected annually from among the stockholders on the third Tuesday of September of each year, commencing in September, 1911.

Notice of such election shall be given at least ten days publication in a daily or weekly newspaper published in the parish of St. Tammany, Louisiana, immediately preceding said election. At said election and at all other meetings of the stockholders the voting shall be by ballot and each share of stock shall be entitled to one vote by the owner in person or by written proxy.

Within one week of their election, as above provided for, the board of directors shall elect from among their number a president, a vice president, a secretary and a treasurer, and all of said officers and directors shall hold their respective offices for a period of one year from the date of their election, or until their successors are elected. But the failure to hold an annual election, or to elect the officers as above provided for, shall not result in a dissolution of this corporation, but the then board of directors and officers shall hold their offices until their successors are duly elected.

Any vacancies occurring in said board of directors shall be filled by the remaining members of the board for the unexpired term, at a meeting called for that purpose after ten days prior notice in writing sent by mail to said directors at their last known address.

The said board of directors shall have power to make all by-laws, rules and regulations for the proper management and conduct of the affairs of this corporation, and to change, alter, abolish or amend same at pleasure, and shall exercise all the powers conferred by law on the corporation and as set forth generally above. The said board of directors may also delegate any of said powers in the transaction of the business of this corporation to committees of their own body or to the officers and agents of this corporation.

The first board of directors of this corporation are hereby declared to be Messrs. J. L. Phillips, G. E. Millar, A. B. Kustenmacher, Jos. Schneider, E. D. Wilbur, J. H. Dutsch and H. A. Dutsch, with G. E. Millar as president, A. B. Kustenmacher as vice president, J. H. Dutsch as secretary, and H. A. Dutsch as treasurer, who shall hold their respective offices until the third Tuesday in September, 1911, or until their successors are duly elected.

It shall be the duty of the president of this corporation or in the event of his inability to act, the vice president, to call a meeting of the board of directors or of the stockholders thereof, on the written request to that effect signed by three or more directors, or upon the written request to that effect of fifteen per cent of the capital stock issued.

ARTICLE V.

This corporation may be dissolved by a vote of three-fourths of the capital stock thereof issued, at a general meeting convened for that purpose after thirty days advertisement in a newspaper published in the parish of St. Tammany, Louisiana, immediately preceding said meeting sent to each stockholder thirty days prior to said meeting, at his last known place of residence.

Whenever this corporation is dissolved, whether by limitation or otherwise, its affairs shall be liquidated by three liquidating commissioners, to be elected at such general meeting, and in case of death or inability to act of any of the said commissioners, the surviving commissioners shall appoint a successor, and together they shall continue such liquidation to its termination.

ARTICLE VI.

This charter may be changed, altered or amended, and the capital stock increased or decreased by a vote of two-thirds of the capital stock issued, at a general meeting called for that purpose after thirty days prior notice in writing having been sent to each stockholder at his last known residence, stating the object of said meeting, and forty days advertisement in a newspaper published in St. Tammany parish, Louisiana.

ARTICLE VII.

No stockholder shall be held liable or responsible for the contracts or debts of this corporation in any further sum than the unpaid balance due the corporation on shares of stock owned by him, nor shall any more informally in the organization hereof have the effect of rendering this charter null, or of exposing a stockholder to any liability beyond such unpaid balance due on his stock.

Thus done and passed in my office, in the town of Covington, Parish of St. Tammany, State of Louisiana, on the day, month and year first above written, in the presence of W. A. White and John Diendorf, competent witnesses, in the presence of the undersigned, together with said stockholders and notary, after due reading of the whole.

A. B. KUSTENMACHER, 2 shares.

W. D. HILL, 1 share.

J. L. PHILLIPS, 1 share.

J. D. SEAMAN, 1 share.

Per J. L. Phillips.

W. BARTON, 1 share.

Per J. L. Phillips.

P. M. MENDOW, 2 shares.

D. H. MASON, 1 share.

J. H. MASON, 1 share.

Per D. H. Mason.

J. DELERY, 1 share.

J. A. Wallace, 1 share.

E. G. DAVIS, 5 shares.

W. L. DUTSCH, 5 shares.

JULIAN WEAVER, 1 share.

FRANCIS B. COYLE, 5 shares.

E. J. DOMERGUE, 5 shares.

WILFORD HEATH, 1 share.

R. H. DUTSCH, 1 share.

C. R. SCHULTZ, 1 share.

JEFFREY WALLACE, 1 share.

A. R. COOK, 1 share.

E. D. WILBUR, 3 shares.

H. A. DUTSCH, 5 shares.

A. LENEEL, 2 shares.

ROBT. MENDOW, 2 shares.

ARTHUR AUCLAIR, 1 share.

JAS. A. WILSON, 1 share.

I. A. ALFONSO, 1 share.

C. W. DUTSCH, 2 shares.

J. S. JONES, 5 shares.

Per E. G. Davis.

L. ALLEN, 1 share.

JAS. CLAIRAIN, 1 share.

Per G. E. Millar.

J. M. CROSS, 3 shares.

Per G. E. Millar.

J. H. STRUBBE, 1 share.

H. Y. HUTCHINS, 1 share.

J. H. DUTSCH, 1 share.

R. M. DAVIS, 1 share.

G. E. MILLAR, 514 shares.

T. E. BREWSTER, 1 share.

LEWIS L. MORGAN 2 shares.

H. R. WARREN, 1 share.

GEORGE TOLSON, 1 share.

ERNEST PRUITO, 1 share.

W. H. GALLOWAY, 1 share.

G. E. NILSON, 1 share.

EDWARD W. RICHARD, 1 share.

JOHN DESTRUDEL, 1 share.

Per G. E. Millar.

HOWARD BURNS, 1 share.

Per G. E. Millar.

HARVEY E. ELLIS, 5 shares.

JOS. SCHNEIDER, 1 share.

H. SCHNEIDER, 1 share.

ROBT. LAUBERT, 1 share.

H. B. MESSICK, 1 share.

HERMAN SCHULTZ, 2 shares.

Witnesses:

W. A. WHITE.

JOHN F. DIENDORF.

HARVEY E. ELLIS.

Notary Public, State of Louisiana, Parish of St. Tammany, Clerk's Office.

I certify that this instrument was filed for record September 21, 1910, and recorded Sept. 23, 1910, in Mortgage book "Q" pa e 412, of the State.

W. E. BLOSSMAN, Deputy Clerk and Ex-officio Recorder.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I am applying for a pardon.

sep24-1m. GEO HAIRE.

NOTICE.

I am auditing the books of the Covington Grocery and Grain Company at Covington and would be glad to arrange for other work while in this district.

FREDERICK ROEHL, Accountant.

NOTICE.

The St. Tammany Railways and Ferry Company have at their office in Mandeville certain articles that have been left by passengers on the cars. The owners can get same by applying at the office and identifying property.

It shall be the duty of the president of this corporation or in the event of his inability to act, the vice president, to call a meeting of the board of directors or of the stockholders thereof, on the written request to that effect signed by three or more directors, or upon the written request to that effect of fifteen per cent of the capital stock issued.

ARTICLE V.

This corporation may be dissolved by a vote of three-fourths of the capital stock thereof issued, at a general meeting convened for that purpose after thirty days advertisement in a newspaper published in the parish of St. Tammany, Louisiana, immediately preceding said meeting sent to each stockholder thirty days prior to said meeting, at his last known place of residence.

Whenever this corporation is dissolved, whether by limitation or otherwise, its affairs shall be liquidated by three liquidating commissioners, to be elected at such general meeting, and in case of death or inability to act of any of the said commissioners, the surviving commissioners shall appoint a successor, and together they shall continue such liquidation to its termination.

ARTICLE VI.

This charter may be changed, altered or amended, and the capital stock increased or decreased by a vote of two-thirds of the capital stock issued, at a general meeting called for that purpose after thirty days prior notice in writing having been sent to each stockholder at his last known residence, stating the object of said meeting, and forty days advertisement in a newspaper published in St. Tammany parish, Louisiana.

ARTICLE VII.

No stockholder shall be held liable or responsible for the contracts or debts of this corporation in any further sum than the unpaid balance due the corporation on shares of stock owned by him, nor shall any more informally in the organization hereof have the effect of rendering this charter null, or of exposing a stockholder to any liability beyond such unpaid balance due on his stock.

Thus done and passed in my office, in the town of Covington, Parish of St. Tammany, State of Louisiana, on the day, month and year first above written, in the presence of W. A. White and John Diendorf, competent witnesses, in the presence of the undersigned, together with said stockholders and notary, after due reading of the whole.

A. B. KUSTENMACHER, 2 shares.

W. D. HILL, 1 share.

J. L. PHILLIPS, 1 share.

J. D. SEAMAN, 1 share.

Per J. L. Phillips.

W. BARTON, 1 share.

Per J. L. Phillips.

P. M. MENDOW, 2 shares.

D. H. MASON, 1 share.

J. H. MASON, 1 share.

Per D. H. Mason.

J. DELERY, 1 share.

J. A. Wallace, 1 share.

E. G. DAVIS, 5 shares.

W. L. DUTSCH, 5 shares.

JULIAN WEAVER, 1 share.

FRANCIS B. COYLE, 5 shares.

E. J. DOMERGUE, 5 shares.

WILFORD HEATH, 1 share.

R. H. DUTSCH, 1 share.

C. R. SCHULTZ, 1 share.

JEFFREY WALLACE, 1 share.

A. R. COOK, 1 share.</