The St. Tammany Farmer.

"The Blessings of Government, Like the Dew from Heaven, Should Descend Alike Upon the Rich and the Poor.

D. H. MASON, Editor | COVINGTON, ST. TAMMANY PARISH, LA., SATURDAY, JUNE 10, 1911 | VOL XXXVII NO 28

HUNTING FOR EASY MONEY

An Old Game That is Being Sprung Anew.

Charles Jenkins, Prominent Covington Architect,

Sought to be Made a Victim to be Plucked,

Did Not Turn Out the Easy Mark Expected.

The following letter has been re-received by Mr. Chas. Jenkins. It is evidently a scheme to defraud him of money, and furthermore has been practiced with some success upon citizens of the United States at various times, as described in the newspapers. Mr. Jenkins, however, was not quite the easy mark that was expected and turned the letter over to this office.

Madrid, May 5, 1911.

Dear Sir—Although I know you only from good references of your honesty, my sad situation compels me to reveal you an important affair in which you can procure a modest fortune, saving at the same time that of my darling daughter.

Before being imprisoned here I was established as a banker in Russia as you will see by the enclosed article about me of many English newspapers which have published my arrest in London.

I beseech you to help me to obtain a sum of 480,000 dollars I have in America and to come here to raise the seizure of may baggage, paying to the Registrar of the Court the expenses of my trial and recover my poemanteau containing a secret pocket where I have hidden the document indispensable to recover the said sum. As a reward I will give up to you the third part, viz: 160,000 dollars.

I cannot receive your answer in the prison but you must send a cablegram to a person of my confidence who will deliver it to me.

Awaiting your cable, to intrust you in all my secret, I am sir,

Yours truly,
SADROWSKY.

First of all answer by cable, not by letter as follows: Mariano Prieto, Calle Peso 4 Valladolid, Spain, "Grave" Jenkins.

The folowing alleged newspaper clipping was also enclosed in the letter in confirmation of the recital of the letter:

ARREST OF ST. PETERSBOURG BANKER.

Charged With Fraud in Russia and Manslaughter in Spain—Interview of the Two Ambassadors.

Some months ago, as our readers may remember we refered in these columns to the great scandal caused, in St. Petersbourg, and in Russia generally, by a noted Banker who absconded, leaving a deficit of over five millions of robles.

The Russian Police sought for him for a long time in vain for it seems heh ad not left the least trace of his flight and the continued search over Europe and America proved unavailing.

Yesterday, however, a Spanish Inspector accompanied by two officers from Scotland Yard and acting under instructions of the Spanish Ambassador, who had previously interviewed the Home Secretary arrested him on his way from the Hotel where he was staying, to reach Steamsip office. It seems that it was his evident intention to take passage for New York. From information received by the Ambassador, he had been in hiding in Spain, where he lived with a woman and with his daughter. A few days before arriving in London he had quarreled with another Russian, who was mortally wounded by a revolver shot during the scuffle, and who only lived long enough to denounce his assailant.

In an interview with the Russian Ambassador, it seems that the name he had been using in Spain, and which he gave on being arrested was not his real one, Monasseina being simply an alibi, but after comparing the prisoner with photographs in his posession, the Russian Ambassador recognized his as Alexander Sadrowsky the criminal banker who eloped with 5 millions of rubles; he is a native of St. Petersburg, a widower 48 years old, with an only daughter that he left in Spain on escaping from that country.

On being arrested, two of Manasseina's or Alexander Sadrowsky portmanteaus were seized but although strictly searched nothing but personal effects were found in them, in spite of which, the Russian Ambassador declares that prisoner ought to have several million rubles somewhere.

The Russian and Spanish Ambassadors conferred yesterday evening as to whether the prisoner should be conveyed to Spain or to Russia, and after an interview with the Home Secretary, and in accordance with the extradition treaty of England, Russia and Spain, it was agreed that the prisoner should be conveyed to Spain, to stand his trial for manslaughter, and that only after his trial can the Russian Government ask Spain, through diplomatic channels, for his extradition.

KING'S DAUGHTERS OPEN REST AWHILE.

First Guests Cross Lake on Steamer and Are Met at Landing by the Mayor of Mandeville and Band of Music.

Rest Awhile, the King's Daughters summer home for the poor, was formally opened last evening, the first guests leaving the city on a Spanish For train, and crossing the lake on the steamer Louis Dolive. They were met at the landing by the mayor of Mandeville and a band of music, and after the first meal was had, there were ceremonies of welcome. The principal address was made by the mayor, who was thanked by Miss Sophie Wright. The Rev. J. M. Williams offered prayer.

The first company of guests numbers forty-seven. There were to have been fifty-one, but a woman was taken ill yesterday, and she and her three children had to withdraw from the party. In the company were eighteen children ranging from two to fourteen years. The others were grown persons, one a poor crippled woman. A girl, who could not walk at all, was brought down to the train in a wagon, and was carried on board.

One woman who had been taking these trips for several years as the guest of the King's Daughters will not go this years. She is Miss Mary Browne, an inmate of St. Ann's Asylum, who died about a month ago. She had probably looked forward to her one yearly trip out of the city this summer, as she had from year to year, but if she was on this year's list, her place was filled by another.

King's Daughters from the committees appointed for this part of the work were at their posts in the railway office yesterday afternoon. Mrs. George W. Moores, chairman of the admission committee, was assisted by Miss S. Tiny Bain, chairman of the transportation committee, was assisted in her duties by Miss Luella Clay.

Miss Sophie Wright and Mrs. Geo. Williams arrived in time to superintend the boarding of the train, and then accompanied the party over to Mandeville. A committee of members of the order has been getting the house ready for the opening, and met the guests at the landing yesterday. The members were: Mmes. W. W. Van Meter, S. W. Rueff and Thornwell Cachet, and Misses Rowena McMillan, Bonita Cimmons and Mamie Eright.—Times-Democrat.

JUDGE L. P. CAILLOUET.

It is probably early, when the field is open and it is not known who may be a candidate for the office, to make comment as to choice, but the announcement that Judge Cailouet, of Lafourche parish, will be a candidate for the supreme bench brings into the lists a man whose record will bear inspection and whose qualifications are of the highest order. Judge Cailluet is esteemed by all who have had the pleasure of personal acquaintance with him. His strength of character, judicial mind and temperament and unalterable fidelity to the demands of duty, pre-eminently fit him for the position, while his kind and considerate disposition will win friends for him among those with whom he comes in contact.

Judge Cailloutt is a native of and has resided in Lafourche parish. He was deputy parish recorder from August, 1877, to the end of December, 1800, was justice of the peace and notary public at the county seat for some years and was admitted to the bar in July, 1885. He was district attorney in April, 1888, for the judicial district composed of the parishes of Lafourche and Terrebonne; he was elected district judge of this district and was reelected in 1896, 1900, 1904, serving continuously until March 1, 1907, when, having been elected judge of the court of appeals, hersigned to ascend that bench. He was twice elected district judge, without opposition, in 1896 and 1904. nI 1900, a member of the Terrebonne bar offered for the nomination in a Democratic primary, and Judge Caillouet was nominated by a vote of more than two to one, carrying both parishes over his competitor. In 1898, he was nominated and elected, without opposition, a delegate to the Constitutional Convention of 1898.

While district judge he served on the court of appeals from 1900 to 1907 in various parishes, under assignment by the Supreme Court. When the court of appeals, first circuit, was created he was nominated and elected, without opposition, for the six year term which he is now serving.

He has always been a Democrat and fought the battles of his party against the defection some years ago to Republicanism in his section.

AMITE CITY.

Decision Rendered by the First Circuit Court of Appeal.

Amite City, La., June 7.—The First Circuit Court of Appeal, with Judges Ellis, Mouton and Caillouet presiding, to-day rendered the following decision: Mrs. Rosa Ruiz vs. Morris Becker, affirmed; Mrs. Josephine H. Davidson vs. Frost-Johnston Lumber Company, affirmed; Thomas P. Sims et al. vs. Mrs. Julia Sims, affirmed; Jessie Blackwell vs. T. B. Irwin, reversed (plaintiff, the owner of the property being sequestered, reconventional demand rejected and plaintiff's right to sue for damages reserved); Mrs. Josephine H. Davidson vs. Thomas C. McDonald et al., affirmed; Cedar Rapids National Bank vs. B. B. Varnado, affirmed; Miss Lena Rand vs. heirs of Stark, affirmed; Miss Lizzie Lotspeich vs. Mrs. M. V. Fortenberry, town of Amite City intervenor, annulled and reversed; Letitia Bannister Varnado vs. Kentwood and Eastern Railway, continued; Warren J. Brown vs. Morris Building and Land Improvement Association, Ltd., amended as to cost of rule and affirmed; James Prevost vs. Columbus Porter et al., application for rehearing refused.

THE BUILDING CONDEMNED

Committee Appointed by the Council So Report.

Messrs. Stevens and Jenkins Agree on the Danger

Of Attempting to Complete Present Structure.

Walls Will Have to be Demolished and Rebuilt.

The following is the report made by W. L. Stevens of New Orleans and Chares Jenkins of Covington, architects appointed by the town council to examine the school building and determine whether it was safe to be completed or would have to be torn down. The report was without any disagreement whatever:

Covington, June 6, 1911.

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council, Covington, Louisiana.

Gentlemen—Pursuant to instructions, we have carefully inspected your incomplete public school building, with a view of ascertaining whether or not, the work being to completion, all or any portion of this structure will be suitable for use in a school building. We have thoroughly examined the walls and foundations, as well as the framework, being careful to make such inspection as to convince us of the true condition of both work and materials.

We find the walls badly cracked in many places, due chiefly to improper construction. The brickwork is laid up loosely and the facework in the walls extend through the foundation, showing this portion of the work to be insuficient. There is defective construction in the brickwork at the opening heads, where rowlock arches, instead of iron or steel lintels, are supplied to carry the loads. This construction is not only inadequate but dangerous. The framing is so badly deteriorated that it is unfit for use. Much of the millwork that has been exposed to the weather for several years is in the same condition. We are convinced that no portion of the present walls would be suitable, or even safe, in a completed building, and even the foundation is insufficient and improperly constructed.

We therefore recommend that the entire building, including the foundation, be demolished, and such material as may be found to be serviceable employed in a new building.

Respectfully submitted.

W. L. STEVENS.
CHAS. JENKINS.

EARTHQUAKE IN CITY OF MEXICO

Much Loss of Life and Damage to Property and Buildings.

Sixty-Three People Killed and a Loss of Over $100,000.

Mexico City, June 7.—Sixty-three killed, seventy-five wounded, property loss $100,000.

These are the net results of the earthquake which visited the capital this morning and injected a note of tragedy into what was expected to be a day of pure rejoicing. When the work of searching the ruins is completed it is possible that the list of dead will be lengthened somewhat, as hiding here and there throughout the city there doubtless are many wounded who, with traditional fear of the authorities and government hospitals, are anxious to evade discovery. The property loss is but an estimate, and is based upon caluculations made by owners and contractors. Little of the loss is covered by insurance.

It was 4:26 o'clock when the first shock was felt. According to the meterological observatory, the greatest intensity was reached at the end of the first minute, but the instruments continued to record the shocks for fourteen minutes more. It was of a vacillatory, twisting character, but almost free from trepidatory motion.

More than half of the dead account for were soldiers. They were caught beneath the falling walls of the artillery barracks in San Cosme, a locality near the Mexican Central station.

POWER PLANT DAMAGED.

Another place where the earthquake took its toll of death in considerable numbers was at the city power plant of the street car company. Here six were killed and six were wounded. Two others are in the debris, consisting partly of steel rains, which had been stacked in the iron and wood departments and which collapsed. The victims were inhabitants of the little shacks built along the side of the structure.

With these two exceptions the death list was made up of single cases, or in some instances of two and three caught beneath the falling walls in the poorer buildings of the district most seriously affected.

Although the shock was plainly felt in all parts of the city, few realized the magnitude of the catastrophe until late in the forenoon, due to the fact that the casulties were confined to a comparatively small area.

Accustomed as the people of the city are to earthquake sohcks, and their harmlessness on former occasions, they were slow to learn that this was the most serious shock in a score of years.

No personal property of Americans was damaged, and with the exception of one Chinese no foreigner was injured. The Chinese was killed. In the barracks where the soldiers were killed twelve women also lost their lives. They were he wives of the artillerymen. These women have the privilege of spending the night within the walls of the barracks. The barracks was an old structure but a generation or more ago, but, unlike many of the older edifices of the city, its walls were compartively thin.

SOLDIERS KILLED.

Seventy-two sodiers were sleeping in the house. Approximately about half of them were quartered on the first floor and the balance of them on the second. The walls of the building gave way, letting the roof down on the sleeping occupants. The bodies of thirty soldiers have been recovered. Three are missing and sixteen are wounded, a few dangerously.

Instantly those who escaped began the work of rescue. Word was sent to a company of engineering corps, who soon arrived and began assisting in the work of shoveling away the broken rock and mortar. Women whose soldier-husbands were in the building stood about holding their children, and stared curiously at the gruesome scene. Ambulances carried the wounded to the military hospitals, and the dead to Dolores Cemetery.

Three blocks from the barracks the yards of the Mexican Cenertal, which Madero had been scheduled to enter, presented another spectacle of the shock's intensity. There a long wall separating these yards from those of the Mexican Railway was thrown down. A Mexican locomotive engineer who was lying by its side was crushed to death. A warehouse of the Mexican Central is almost a wreck, one wall and a portion of the building having collapsed. About one-third of the roundhouse was torn away.

In none of the advices received at police quarters is there mentioned the death of any one of prominence.

The fury of the shock was spent in the northwestern and western parts of the city. The most damage done was in that quarter of the city known as Santa Maria, although cracks in the pavement and walls toppled over serve to mark its course as far as Colonia Roma, a district inhabited largely by Americans. In this dsitrict, however, little real damage was done.

Cracks show here and there in the pavement throughout the district affected, and now and then the asphalt is buckled until the ridge is from 3 to 5 inches above the level of the streets.

In nine cases out of ten the walls fell into open yards or into the street.

BOARD OF REVIEWERS.

The Police Jury will meet as a board of reviewers on Monday, June 12, 1911.

GEO. KOEPP, JR., President.
E. D. KENTZEL, Secretary.

REPLY OF ABITA TRUSTEES.

Abita Springs, La., June 5, 1911.

To the Eeditor of the St. Tammany Farmer, Covington, La.

Dear Sir—Mr. Messick, in his remarks under the heading "Of Interest to School Board Members," gives a gratuitous public insult (not even grammatically expressed) to all school trustees. It would be folly not to read between the lines and see that he meant Abita Springs and no other. It seems, to the fair minded, that Mr. Messick need not be "asked a number of times" to do his duty. A visit or a polite note written to them would have been more courteous. In allowing himself to be made a catspaw of, he has done a gross injustice to a body of men who have always done their best to make Abita public school one of the best in the parish, and with the splendid assistance of the Abita people have done so. Mr. Messick draws on his imagination when he charges us with dismissing or employing teach-spot, wouldetaoi taoinhrimarfr,g(agers. They in their ignorance recommend teachers, thinking that they, being on the spot, would know as much as if not more than those whose visits were lige angels, "few and far between." To be specific, in one instance they were asked to try and settle an unfortunate misunderstanding that occurred between two of the teachers, and the only reprimand given was an appeal to the disputants to make friends. They, the local board, were fools for their plans.

How many local boards hold regu- "meets" is a question that Mr. Messick can best answer. He can rely on the fact that the present local board will only hold one more "meets" or meeting, and that to wind up the money matters and hand them over to their successors.

That they can look back with pride to what has been accomplished during the tenor of their office, goes without saying, and the public at large can form their own opinion as to whether they justified their existence or not.

The fine school spirit that has always existed in Abita will keep the school to the front and that it will continue to improve and always be a standard is the earnest wish of the signers.

G. E. MILLAR,
Chairman.
ROBERT MENDOW
R. C. ABNEY.
E. AUBERT.
G. S. STRAIN.

THE DRUIDS BANQUET

An Affair That Was Well Attended and Enjoyed.

Labat's Hotel, Abita, Chosen For the Occasion.

An Excellent Dinner Set in Large Dining Hall.

Talk of Building a Home For the Druids.

The Druids gave a grand banquet at the Labat Hotel at Abita Springs, last Sunday, the occasion being the installation of officers newly elected and the reception of the grand officers who came over from New Orleans to conduct the installation. They were: Wm. C. Ermon, Noble Grand Arch; Henry Keith, Grand Secretary; John J. Archer, Grand Marshal; Geo. A. Schroth, Grand Herald; A. Butterfield, Grand Guardian.

The installation of the newly elected officers took place at the Druid's lodge room in the Masonic Hall from 11 to 12 m., and from there the members went direct to the station of the motor line where they borded the car for Abita Springs, arriving at the hotel in time for a short rest before sitting at the table.

The newly elected officers were:

J. L. Jenkins, Junior Past Arch; Edw. D. Kentzel, Noble Arch; Robt. L. Aubert, Vice Arch; F. B. Hempel, Secretary; Bernard Fontan, Jr., Treasurer; Abraham Blattner, Conductor; Dan W. Davis, Inside Guard; John A. Domergue, Outside Guard; W. W. Ulmer, Chaplain; N. J. Seiler, R. H. B. to N. A.; Frank Patecek, L. H. B. to N. A.; J. M. Aoueille, R. H. B. to V. A.; Emile Lacroix, L. H. B. to V. A.

The guests were received in the spacious dining hall of the hotel by Mr. John Destruel, the son-in-law of Mr. Labat in charge of the hotel and a member of the Druids, who requested all not to observe formalities but to remove their coats and make themselves comfortable. After all had registered the party broke into squads, some engaging in conversation in the cool of the front porch and some inspecting the grounds and outside buildings. Mr. Jean Labat was seen sitting on the gallery of one of the cottages near by and was visited by many friends, among them being Mayor Marrero, of Covington and party. Mr. Labat is 86 years of age and the mayor was pleased to find him in such good health and spirits.

The guests sat down to the table at about 1 o'clock p. m., and although there were fifty-nine present, the length of the dinning hall permitted nearly all to be seated at one table. The dinner was most excellent and sustained Mr. Labat's reputation for cookery, which made his hostelry of olden times a favorite resort for those of epicurean taste. Following is the bill of fare:

MENU.

Oyster Soup.
Celery. Radishes.
Red Snapper a Court Boulion.
Entremet.
Bouchees a la Reine.
Claret Wine.
Entres.
Chicken Saute Mushrooms.
French Peas.
Roast Spring Lamb.
Water Cress.
Strawberries. Cake.
Cafe Noir. Cigars.

While cigars were being enjoyed Noble Grand Arch Wm. C. Ermon and Grand Secretary Henry Keith were called upon to speak, and the remarks of both gentlemen were warmly greeted. Mr. Ermon spoke of the standing of the order, its progress and of the great benefit it had been to members. He stated that there were 4700 members in the State of Louisiana, at an average cost to each member of $14.60 per annum. That $54,000 had been given in relief and that there were 52 deaths and endowments amounting to $25,000. Mr. Ermon spoke enthusiastically of the Druids Home in New Orleans, which had been built at a cost of $50,000. He said that it would be fitted with gymnasium, a swimming tank and all the modern conveniences. His general discourse indicated a prosperous condition for the Druids and showed the order to be one that every members should be proud of, and as he illustrated by a humorous anecdote, "if he wasn't a Druid he'd be a—shamed."

Mr. Keith urged upon the members the advantages of having a home of their own. He showed that with the membership of Bogue Falaya Grove it would be an easy accomplishment, and that its benefits would more than repay the effort and expenditures. He said that the Grand Grove had been very good to Bogue Falaya. It had given over $800 more than it had received from it. He earnestly hoped that the lodge would take the matter up and that they would soon have a home of their own.

The following were present:

W. W. Ulmer, E. D. Kentzel, Dr. B. B. Warren, A. O. Pons, W. C. Ermon, Henry Keith, A. Butterfield, Geo. A. Schroch, John J. Hochen, Chas. J. A. Doerr, W. Strain, Ed. Lacrox, Abe Blattner, Jas. Mullally, Dr. F. G. Marrero, Jacob Seiler, N. J. Seiler, E. Commattee, R. L. Aubert, Emile Lacroix, R. Schreck, L. Levy, R. W. Montgomery, Ernest Domergue, Sr., F. B. Hempel, Thos. Hebert, J. L. Jenkins, Numa Hebert, J. A. Domergue, Arthur Pechon, Eugene Bolis, Robert Mendow, Warren Thomas, D. H. Mason, E. V. Richard, Ben Fontan, Frank Patecek, Leon Hebert, W. J. Warren, C. S. Frederick, A. P. Beaucoudray, G. Koenig, F. P. Marsolan, J. M. Aueille, G. M. Loyd, E. J. Frederick, Jack Bennette, Robt. McIntyre, W. Davis, B. L. Crawford, Robt. W. Badon, Joseph Hoffman, Paul J. Lacroix, A. R. Smith, B. M. Smith, J. H. Heintz, Jos. Rausch, L. B. Abadie and Aug. Vergez.

EASTERN STAR.

Southern Pines Chapter No. 81, Order of the Eastern Star, was organized at the Masonic Temple in Covington last Sunday afternoon by Worthy Grand Patron of the order in Louisiana. Ira Weingrum assisted by Past Grand Matron Eloise C. Balmer, Della T. Walsdo, Mesdames Mary Garner, Alice Weingrum and Miss Katz.

The following officers were elected and installed: Mrs. R. W. McCullough, Worthy Matron; Mr. E. G. Del Corral, Worthy Patron; Mrs. J. Stern, Associate Matron; Mr. S. R. Blossman, secretary; Mrs. E. J. Domergue, Jr., treasurer; Mrs. J. B. Wortham, Conductress; Mrs. W. A. White, Associate Conductress; Miss Carrie Singletary, Ada; Miss Lou Lyons, Ruth; Mrs. E. Stern, Esther; Mrs. S. R. Blossman, Martha; Mrs. B. R. Warren, Electa; Mrs. H. H. Smith, Chaplain; Mrs. L. A. Perreand, Warden; Mr. Fred Pape, Sentinel. After the ceremonies of installation(dainty refreshments were served and a social hour was enjoyed by all present. The chapter starts under the most favorable conditions and a number of applications for membership are ready for presentation at the first meeting.

BOY SCOUTS.

Select Clermont Harbor as Site for Summer Camp.—Will Open on 26th and Will Run Ten Weeks.

Clermont Harbor, on Mississippi Sound, was yesterday selected for a site of the summer scout camp. Mr. Teller, whose vote was the deciding one at the meeting last Wednesday, after careful consideration and investigation, voted for Clermont in preference to Helenbirg, the other offer seriously under consideration, giving as his reason for so doing the greater accessibility and location on the gulf. A motion to make the selection unanimous was then passed.

The camp opens on the 26th of this month. Scout Commissioner Stanley .W Ray, office 215 Godchaux building, is open for offers of supplies.

To-day Commissioner Ray and other scout officers go to Ocean Springs to organize the scouts there. The First Battalion goes with them, meeting at the Louisville and Nashville station at 7:15 a. m. sharp.

The boys who leave for Ocean Springs are: George Braud, D. A. Murdock, Frank Cass, L. Laflom, C. Hawkins, L. Lay, C. A. Emling, M. Hawkins, E. Vinet, P. Goldenburg, F. Bernier, Charles Farrar, Claude Farrar, F. Lotz, J. H. Pascoe, E. Harris, J. Maragas, L. Young, E. Wakefield, R. Barnes, L. Ramos, G. Morrell, Paul Daniels, Leonard Daniels, [illegible] Outland, Louis Barnier, Glen [illegible] Fein.

OF INTEREST TO CORN CLUB BOYS

Farm Demonstration Work to be Engaged In on The 15th.

Boys Asked to Be At the Places Designated on this Date.

Mr. Arthur Padron, of New Orleans, formerly in the newspaper business, is now in Covington, where he will spend a vacation of several weeks.

Mr. R. C. Howell, assistant to Prof. Roy, of the Agricultural College, will be here on the 15th instant, for demonstration field work for the benefit of the Corn Club Boys. The boys are requested to be at Mr. Heath's place at 10 o'clock in the morning, on the Low Davis Road, and at Mr. Rauch's place at Abita Springs, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. There will be no meeting in Folsom.

Every boy who can should take advantage of this opportunity to learn something that will be of benefit to him in growing his crops and increase his chance of winning a prize.

PAERL RIVER.

State Health Board's Demonstration Train Visits Town.

Pearl River, La., June 6.—The health train of the State Board of Health has been visited by practically the whole town and many citizens living in the vicinity. Last night an illustrated lecture and maving pictures were given to an enthusiastic audience. Dr. Dowling called attention to the fact that the day of the common drinking cup is over, and on July 1 the familiar "common towel" will come to an end. Dr. Dowling commented on the good water supply and urged the necessity for pure water. Dr. Dowling explained the hookworm slides, and Dr. Cary talked on the evil of the fly. Mayor J. A. Singleton introduced the doctors and Miss Morris, thanking them for the good work they are accomplishing, and assuring them that they are with the rest of the state in the effort to show to the world that the chance for good health in Louisiana is as good as that of any place in the Union.

COVINGTON TO GULFPORT

Probability that Illinois Central Will Build.

Meeting Will Be Held at Gulfport To-day.

People of That Town Organizing for Same Purpose.

Want Covington People to Co-operate in Matter.

Jackson, Miss., June 5.—That the Illinois Central may secure a right of way into Gulfport and commence the construction of a line to that point within the next six months is the report now current in railroad circles, and emanates from official quarters.

President C. H. Markham, in a letter to the Biloxi Commercial Club, has promised to make a personal investigation of the feasibility of building a line from Covington, La., eastward to Gulfport, and he is expected to visit the Gulf coast within the next few weeks to hold a conference with the commercial bodies that have submitted the proposition to him.

It has been generally known for some time that, in view of the early completition of the Panama Canal, the Illinois Central has been auxious to secure an outlet on the Mississippi coast, and it is stated on good authority that this is the real animus behind the fight being made by prominent citizens of Gulfport against the granting of a charter to the Gulfport Shipping and Terminal Association, it being alleged that this concern, of which Capt. J. T. Jones, head of the Ship Island system, is the principal promoter, is engaged in an effort to bottle up Gulfport and prevent the entry of other railroads except on such terms as he may dictate. Capt. Jones has entered a disclaimer to this charge, and says that he will gladly welcome new railroads, but nevertheless an aggressive fight on his plans is being made, and the charter contest may ultimately find its way into the courts.

ST. TAMMANY PARISH GETS $1757.40.

The quarterly apportionment of the school fund for the different parishes in the State gives St. Tammany Parish $1757.40.

CHILDREN'S DAY.

The Camp Grounds Sunday School will celebrate Children's Day on June 18, 1911, at 10 o'clock a. m. The public is cordially invited. All [illegible] loomed [illegible] will be welc[illegible]

On this occasion arrangements will be made for the Sunday School picnic. It is especially desired that those who are interested in this event attend. Dinner will be served on the grounds.

FRANKLINTON.

Police Jury Lets Contract for Construction of 300 Miles of Good Roads.

Franklinton, La., June 6.—The Washington Parish Police Jury has agreed to enter into contract with Boyd & Bradshaw, of Columbia, Miss., for the building of about 300 miles of roads for a sum approximating $75,000. The contractors will buy the road-working equipment now in use by the Police Jury and will contract for the use of the labor of the parish convicts. Work on the roads will be commenced at once. The fund available for this purpose is derived from an appropriation secured by a two-mill tax.

D. E. Branch, mayor of Franklinton, announced his candidacy for the office of sheriff. A. C. Williams, present chief deputy sheriff, is also an aspirant. Delos R. Johnson has announced his purpose to run for reelection to the lower House of the Legislature. J. N. Magee, present sheriff, has aonnunced his candidacy for the State Senate; T. E. Bennett, for the House of Representatives; Dr J. C. Denman will make a try of the office of coroner, but Dr. J. L. Brock, incumbent, will seek reelection.

FRANKLINTON.

Attorney, Clerk and Marshal Named by New Town Council.

Franklinton, La., June 7.—The newly-elected Town Council met on yesterday and organized by taking the usual oath of office. All members were re-elected except J. S. Brock, Jr. The work of the existing committees was canvassed and the condition of the streets was found to be satisfactory. The galvanized iron culverts ordered some weeks ago are being placed in position at crossings. Prentis B. Carter was selected attorney; Paul E. Greenlaw, clerk and Waldo Alford, marshal. The treasury was found to be in good condition.

FOREST HILL.

Potatoes By Carload.

Forest Hill, La., June 7.—Farmers of this section continue to ship Irish potatoes. Several carloads have gone forward.