tors of the State at the next election for Representatives in Congress to be holden on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1912, and on the official ballots to be used at said election shall be placed the words "For the proposed amendment to Article 157 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana," and the words "Against the proposed amendment to Article 157 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana," and each elector shall indicate, as provded in the general election laws of the State, which of the propositions, "for" or "against" he votes.

L. E. THOMAS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
THOMAS C. BARRET,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved July 11, 1912.
L. E. HALL,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
A true copy.
ALVIN E. HEBERT,
Secretary of State.

ACT NO. 203.

House Bill No. 433.
By Mr. Fontenot.

A JOINT RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, amending Article 46 of the ana, amanding Article 46 of the Constitution of 1898, as amended by Act No. 303 of the Acts of 1910, ratified by the people at the November election of 1910, so as to authorize the Board of Liquidation of the State Debt to issue new bonds to retire or refund the State Bonded Indebtedness due January 1, 1914; to provide for a tax for the payment of the interest on said bonds and a sinking fund to retire the same; to provide for the payment out of the said sinking fund of an indebtedness due by the State to the United States, and of certain other claims against the State.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all the members elected to each House concurring, That an amendment to Article 46 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana of 1898, as amended by Act No. 303 of the Acts of the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana at its session held in the year 1910, ratified by the people at the November election of 1910, be submitted to the qualified electors of the State for their approval or rejection at the Congressional election to be held on the first Tuesday next following the first Monday in November of 1912, said proposed amendment to read as follows:

"Article 46. The General Assembly shall have no power to contract or to authorize the contracting of any debt or liability, on behalf of the State, or to issue bonds or other evidences of indebtedness thereof, except for the purpose of repelling invasion or for the suppression of insurrection. Provided, that for the purpose of retiring, liquidating or refunding the present State Bonded Indebtedness of Eleven Million, One Hundred and Eight Thousand, Three Hundred Dollars, maturing January 1, 1914, and bearing four per centum per annum interest, the Board of Liquidation of the State Debt of Louisiana is given authority to issue Eleven Thousand One Hundred and Eight new coupon bonds of the State of Louisiana of $1000 each to be numbered 'No. 1' to No. 11,108,' bearing a rate of interest not exceeding 4 per centum per annum, payable semi-annually, and to be due and paid in 50 years from January 1, 1914. The form of said bonds shall be prescribed by the Board of Liquidation of the State Debt and they shall be signed by the Governor, the Auditor and the Treasurer of the State. Said bonds shall be sold to the highest bidder at not less than par after three months of advertisement by the Board of Liquidation of the State Debt in New Orleans, Chicago and New York; and in case said bonds cannot be sold they may be exchanged at par by the Board of Liquidation of the State Debt for the bonds due January 1, 1914. The excess of Three Hundred Dollars of the bonds due January 1, 1914, over the bonds authorized by this article, shall be paid in cash out of the current interest funds of the State. The cost of engraving and advertising said bonds shall also be paid out of the said fund.

"In all other respects not herein specified, the Board of Liquidation of the State Debt is hereby given full power and authority to carry out the provisions of this amendment.

"Beginning with January 1, 1914 there shall be and there is hereby levied on all property on which general State taxes are levied an annual tax of one and two-tenths mills, the net proceeds of which shall be devoted to the payment of the interest due on said bonds, to the payment of the interest due on the indebtedness of the State to the Free School Fund, to Seminary Fund and the Agricultural and Mechanical College Fund, to the payment of the proper expenses of the Board of Liquidation of the State Debt, and the residue to the constitution of a sinking fund to be applied annually except as hereinafter provided, to the purchase of said bonds by said Board at a price not to exceed One Hundred and Three and accrued interest. If bonds cannot be purchased as aforesaid, the sinking fund shall be invested by the Board of Liquidation of the State Debt in sound, interest bearing securities, producing not less than four per centum per annum interest on the amount so invested, or deposited in solvent banks furnishing adequate security to the State, to be approved by the said Board, at a rate of interest not less than four per centum per annum. Said tax shall be levied until all of said bonds shall have been retired, but after the assessments of the State reach the sum of $650,000,000, said tax shall be reduced to one mill and shall thereafter be reduced to two-tenths of one mill for each One Hundred Million Dollars increase in assessments until the said tax shall be reduced to six-tenths of one mill. The said tax shall constitute a part of the six mills of taxation permitted to be levied by the Constitution.

In case the present system of taxation shall be changed before the said bonds shall have been paid, there shall be levied annually a tax sufficient to produce a gross sum of not less than Six Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars to take the place of said tax of one and two-tenths mills and its reductions.

"The Board of Liquidation of the State Debt shall have power to settle under the conditions and limitations hereinafter provided, the following claims of indebtedness made by various persons against the State, to-wit:

1. The outstanding bonds known as Baby Bonds excluding all Baby Bonds fraudently issued by any official of the State."

2. "Auditor's Warrents issued for school certificates of indebtedness under Act 126 of 1880.

3. Certificates issued under Act 93 of 1880 for costs and fees due to the officers of the State.

4. Warrants drawn prior to 1880 and fundable but not funded into Baby Bonds.

5. Warrants drawn after January of 1880 against 1878 and previous years.

Provided, however, that the owners or the duly authorized trustees of the owners of said claims may prior to January 1, 1915, but not thereafter, proceed against the Board of Liquidation of the State Debt by rule, solely and exclusively in the district court of the parish of East Baton Rouge, to have the said claims examined and their validity and the indebtedness due thereon determined, which court is hereby given jurisdiction for that purpose.

This jurisdiction shall extend not only to the determination of the mere legal liability of the State on any of said claims, but also to the determination of any equitable liability of the State thereon and the extent of such equitabld liability. Appeal shall lie in all cases, irrespective of the amounts involved, on the original record, to the Supreme Court of the State of Louisiana. The definitive decrees of said courts shall not have the effect of judgments against the State or the Board of Liquidation of the State Debt. The Board of Liquidation of the State Debt shall have the exclusive power to settle the claims, thus approved by the courts of the State, out of the sinking fund above provided for as funds are available, but they shall not be paid otherwise or out of any other fund.

Nothing in this amendment shall be construed as a recognition by the State of any liability, whether legal or equitable, to the owners or the holders of any of the said above designated bonds, warrants or claims, and the burden of proof shall rest throughout on each of such claimants to show such liability.

Out of the first surplus accruing in the sinking fund, there shall be paid in full the amount of principal and interest due on the bonds of the State, the face values of which aggregate Thirty Seven Thousand Dollars, and which are held by the United States as trustee for certain Indian funds.

"This article, as amended, shall be deemed to be self-acting and directly to confer the power and authority herein gratned without an enabling act of the General Assembly."

Section 2. Be it further resolved, by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all the members elected to each house concurring, That the official ballot to be used at said election shall have printed have thereon the words:

"For the proposed amendment to Article 46 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, relative to the refunding and settlement of the indebtedness of the State."

And the words:

"Against the proposed amendment to Article 46 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, relative to the refunding and settlement of the indebtedness of the State."

And each elector shall indicate on said ballot, as provided in the General Election law of the State, whether he votes for or against the proposed amendment.

L. E. THOMAS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
THOMAS C. BARRET,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved July 11, 1912.
L. E. HALL,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
A true copy.
ALVIN E. HEBERT,
Secretary of State.

ACT NO. 230.

Senate Bill No. 139.
By Mr. Amacker.

JOINT RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, providing for the exemption from taxation for a period of ten (10) years from the date of its completion, of all railroads or parts of railroads, constructed subsequently to June 1, 1912.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all the members elected to each House concurring therein, That the following amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be submitted to the electors of the State at the next election for Representative in Congress, to be holden on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1912, to-wit: There shall be exempt from taxation for a period of ten years from the date of its completion, any railroad or part of railroad that shall have been constructed and completed subsequently to June 1, 1912, and prior to January 1, 1917. This exemption shall include and apply to all rights of way, road bed, sidings, rails and other superstructures upon such rights of way, roadbed or sidings; and to all depots, station houses, buildings, erections and structures appurtenant to such railroads and the operation of the same; but shall not include the depots, warehouses, station houses and other structures and appurtenances nor the land upon which they are erected at terminal points, and for which franchises have been granted and obtained, whether same remain the property of the present owner or owners, or be transferred or assigned to any corporation or corporations, person or persons whomsoever, and provided further that this exemption shall not apply to double tracks, sidings, switches, depots or other improvements or betterments which may be constructed by railroads now in operation within the State, other than extensions or new lines constructed by such railroads Provided, further, that when aid heretofore been or which may hereafter be voted by any parish, ward or municipality to any railroad, such railroad shall not be entitled to the exemption from taxation herein established.

Section 2. Be it further enacted, etc., That the official ballots at said election shall have printed thereon the words: "For the proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana relative to exemption from taxation for ten years from the date of completion, of all railroads or parts of railroads, constructed subsequently to January 1, 1913," and the words "Against the proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana relative to exemption from taxation for a period of ten years from date of its completion of all railroads or parts of railroads constructed subsequently to January 1, 1913," and each elector shall indicate as provided in the general election laws of the State whether he voter for or against the amendment.

L. E. THOMAS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
THOMAS C. BARRET,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved July 11, 1912.
L. E. HALL,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
A true copy.
ALVIN E. HEBERT,
Secretary of State.

ACT NO. 236.

Senate Bill No. 161. By Mr. Mouton

A JOINT RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to Article 291 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana relative to taxes for the construction and maintenance of public roads.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all members elected to each House concurring, That Article 291 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be amended so as to read as follows:

Article 291. The Police Juries of this State may form their respective parishes into road districts; and in order to raise funds for the purpose of constructing, maintaining and repairing the public roads and bridges of their parishes, they are authorized to set aside at least one mill per annum of the taxes levied by them, and to impose a per capita tax not more than one dollar per annum upon each able bodied male inhabitant of the parish between the ages of eighteen and fifty-five years, and to levy an annual license of not less than twenty-five (25c) cents nor more than one dollar per annum upon each vehicle, including bicycles, kept within said parishes or within a municipality thereof whether or not exempt in its charter from parochial taxation, and used for locomotion over public roads, in their respective parishes; which license shall be graduated. The provision to this article relative to the per capita tax, shall not be operative in incorporated towns and cities that maintain their own streets.

To carry into effect the provisions of this Article the Police Juries may enact such ordinances of a civil nature as may be necessary to enforce the property and license tax, and of a criminal nature to enforce the per capita tax.

Police Juries and municipal corporations in the several parishes of this State may levy other taxes for the construction and maintenance of public roads and bridges within the territorial limits of said parishes, and may incur debt, and issue negotiable bonds therefor in the manner and to extend authorized under provisions of Articles 232 and 281 of the Constitution and the Statutes adopted to carry them into effect. Other taxes may be levied by the Police Juries for road and bridge purposes not to exceed five mills for five years on the property of the parish, or any ward thereof, whether the rate of taxation and the purpose thereof shall have been submitted to the property tax payers of the said ward or parish entitled to vote under the election laws of the State, and a majority thereof in number and value of those voting at said election shall have voted in favor thereof. That this Article shall be self operative.

Section 2. Be it further resolved etc., That this proposed amendment shall be submitted to qualified voters of this State for adoption or rejection at the Congressional election to be held in November, 1912, and, if adopted, the same shall take effect immediately thereafter.

Section 3. Be it further resolved, etc., That on the official ballots to be issued at said election there shall be placed the words "For the proposed amendment to Article 291 of the Constitution of Louisiana," and the words "Against the proposed amendment to Article 291 of the Constitution of Louisiana," and each elector shall indicate, as provided in the general election laws of the State which of the propositions, "for" or "against," he votes.

L. E. THOMAS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
THOMAS C. BARRET,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved July 11, 1912.
L. E. HALL,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
A true copy.
ALVIN E. HEBERT,
Secretary of State.

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

Extra Session, 1912

ACT NO. 4.

Senate Bill No. 2. By Mr. Voegtle.

Joint resolution submitting to the people of the State of Louisiana an amendment to the Constitution authorizing parishes and self-taxing municipalities to exempt new industrial enterprises and also improved value, inclusive of structures added to unimproved lands by immigrants into the State, who occupy said lands as homesteads from local taxation for a period not to exceed ten (10) years.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all the members elected to each House concurring, That the following amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be and the same is hereby submitted to the qualified electors of the State at the Congressional election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in the month of November of the year 1912, to-wit:

Every parish and self-taxing municipality shall have the right to exempt new industrial enterprises and also the improved value added to unimproved lands, including all structures thereon, by immigrants into the State who occupy said lands as homesteads, from local taxes for a period not to exceed ten (10) years by the vote of 2-3 in number of all the taxpayers, who are qualified electors, including resident women taxpayers, holding at least 2-3 of the property subject to local taxation within the taxing locality at a special election called for that purpose, at which special election members of partnerships, associations and heirs of estates, otherwise qualified, shall be entitled to vote their respective pro rata of the assessed valuation of said partnerships, associations or estates. Each enterprise so exempted must be situated within the limits of the exempting authorities and be established after the exemption is granted.

Section 2. Be it further resolved, etc., That there shall be printed on the ballots to be used at said election the words "For the constitutional amendment authorizing parishes and self-taxing municipalities to exempt new industrial enterprises and also improved value, inclusive of structures, added to unimproved lands by immigrants into the State who occupy said lands as homesteads from local taxes for a period not to exceed ten years," and "Against the constitutional amendment authorizing parishes and self-taxing municipalities to exempt new industrial enterprises, and also improved value, including structures, added to unimproved lands by immigrants into the State who occupy said lands as homesteads, from local taxes for a period not to exceed ten (10) years," and each elector shall indicate on his ballot as provided by the general election laws of the State whether he votes for or against the said amendment.

THOMAS C. BARRET,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
L. E. THOMAS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
Approved August 24, 1912.
L. E. HALL,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
A true copy.
ALVIN E. HEBERT,
Secretary of State.

ACT NO. 6.

Senate Bill No. 3. By Mr. Burke.

Joint resolution submitting to the people of Louisiana an amendment to the Constitution exempting from taxation for twenty (20) years corporations organized to lend money on mortgages on country property at not more than six (6) per cent interest, net to the borrower, with power to negotiate bonds and securities of local taxing districts.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all the members elected to each house concurring, That the following amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be and the same is hereby submitted to the qualified electors of the State at the Congressional election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in the month of November of the year 1912, to-wit:

The capital, surplus and personal estate of every corporation hereafter organized in this State for the sole purpose of lending money on mortgages on country property situated in Louisiana at a rate of interest not to exceed six (6) per cent net to the borrower, with power to negotiate and handle bonds and securities issued by the various parshes and local districts and municipalities of the State of Louisiana, shall be exempt from taxation for twenty (20) years from the date of the organization of each of said companies, provided that each of said companies shall have a full paid cash capital stock of not less than $250,000 and provided further that in case any such corporation shall on any loan charge the borrower more than six per cent interest, whether by way of commission, discount or otherwise, it shall forfeit the entire exemption herein granted, and be subject to taxation from the time it makes such loan; and any such corporation handling or negotiating any securities other than those hereinabove mentioned shall incur a like forfeiture.

No such corporation shall have power to receive any money on deposit or to do a banking business of any sort, but all such corporations shall be under the control and supervision of the State Bank Examiner, whose duty it shall be to report to the Attorney General and the State Tax Commission any violation of the condition of this exemption.

Section 2. Be it further resolved, etc., That there shall be printed in the ballots to be used at the said election the words "For the amendment to the Constitution exempting from taxation for twenty (20) years corporations organized for the sole purpose of lending money on country real estate situated in Louisiana at not more than six (6) per cent to the borrower, with power to negotiate and handle local securities," and the words "Against the amendment to the Constitution exempting from taxation for twenty (20) years corporations organized for the sole purpose of lending money on country real estate situated in Louisiana at not more than six (6) per cent net to the borrower, with power to negotiate and handle local securities," and each elector shall indicate on his ballot, as provided by the general election laws of the State whether he votes for or against the said amendment.

THOMAS C. BARRET,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
L. E. THOMAS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
Approved August 24, 1912.
L. E. HALL,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
A true copy.
ALVIN E. HEBERT,
Secretary of State.

ACT NO. 7.

Senate Bill No. 4. By Mr. Favrot.

Joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana relative to the exemption from taxation of money in hand or on deposit.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all the members concurring, That the following amendment to the Constitution of the State be submited to the qualified electors of the State for their adoption or rejection at the congressional election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in the month of November, 1912, as follows:

There shall be exempt from taxation all money in hand or on deposit.

Section 2. Be it further resolved, etc., That the official ballot to be used at said election shall have printed thereon the words "For the proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana exempting from taxation all money in hand or on deposit," and the words "Against the proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana exempting from taxation all money in hand or on deposit." And each elector shall indicate, as provided by the general election laws of this State, whether he votes for or against the proposed amendment.

THOMAS C. BARRET,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
L. E. THOMAS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
Approved August 24, 1912.
L. E. HALL,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
A true copy.
ALVIN E. HEBERT,
Secretary of State.

ACT NO. 8.

Senate Bill No. 5. By Mr. Weil.

Joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, relative to authorizing parishes and municipalities by a referendum to their respective qualified electors to exempt from taxation an amount not to exceed $2,000 to be deducted from the value of dwellings exclusively occupied by bona fide owners for residental purposes only, and to withdraw such exemption by a similar referendum.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of the members elected to each House concurring, That the following amendment to the Constitution of 1898 be submitted to the qualified electors of the State for their adoption or rejection at the Congressional election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in the month of November, 1912, as follows:

That every parish or municipality through its police jury or governing authority shall have the right to, and upon the petition of one-fourth of the qualified electors residing within its jurisdiction shall, submit to the qualified electors in said parish or municipality, at an election to be called and held for that purpose, after thirty days published notice, the question as to whether or not there shall be exempted from taxation an amount not to exceed $2000 to be deducted from the value of all buildings exclusively occupied by bona fide owners for residential purposes only; provided that any exemption may be withdrawn in the same manner in which it may be granted.

No such exemption, voted by a parish, shall operate to grant any tax payer owning and occupying a home within a municipality the right to deduct the exempted amount from the improvement value of his property in respect to municipal taxation.

Section 2. Be it further resolved, etc., That there shall be printed on the ballots to be used at the said election the words "For the proposed amendment authorizing exemption of homes from taxation," and the words "Against the proposed amnedment authorizing exemption of homes from taxation," and each elector shall indicate as provided in the general election laws of the State whether he votes for or against the proposed amendment.

THOMAS C. BARRET,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
L. E. THOMAS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
Approved August 24, 1912.
L. E. HALL,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
A true copy.
ALVIN E. HEBERT,
Secretary of State.

ACT NO. 9.

Senate Bill No. 6. By Mr. Barrow.

Joint resolution submitting to the people of Louisiana an amendment to the Constitution providing for referendum to the people of each parish to determine whether cities and incorporated towns and villages or any one or more of them shall be free from taxes and licenses levied by parochial authorities for parochial purposes, subject to the obligation to make certain contributions to the parishes.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all the members elected to each House concurring, That the following amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be and he same is hereby submitted to the qualified electors of the State at the Congressional election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in the month of November of the year 1912, to-wit:

Every parish through its police jury shall have the right to submit and, upon the petition of one-fourth of the qualified electors therein shall submit to the qualified electors of said parish, at an election to be called and held for that purpose after thirty days published notice, the question of whether or not all or any one or more of the cities, incorporated towns and villages within the limits of the parishes (unless already exempt) shall be free and exempt from all taxes and licenses levied by parochial authority for parochial purposes, provided that whenever such exemption is granted, each city, incorporated town and village so exempted shall contribute to the parochial authorities its fair proportion of all parochial burdens, debts and expenses common to both. Such proportion to be adjusted between the police jury and the municipal authorities, and in case of disagreement such apportionment to be made by the State Tax Commission.

Section 2. Be it further resolved, etc., That there shall be printed on the ballots to be used at the said election the words "For the amendment to the Constitution establishing a referendum to the people of each parish to determine whether or not cities and incorporated towns and villages shall be released from parochial taxation and licenses, subject to the condition of contributing to parish expenses," and the words "Against the amendment to the Constitution establishing a referendum to the people of each parish to determine whether or not cities and incorporated towns and villages shall be released from parochial taxation and licenses, subject to the condition of contributing to parish expenses," and each elector shall indicate on his ballot, as provided by the general election laws of the State, whether he votes for or against the said amendment.

THOMAS C. BARRET,
Leutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
L. E. THOMAS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
Approved August 24, 1912.
L. E. HALL,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
A true copy.
ALVIN E. HEBERT,
Secretary of State.

ACT NO. 10.

Senate Bill No. 7. By Mr. Schaffer.

Joint resolution submitting to the people of the State of Louisiana, at the Congressional election to be held in November, 1912, an amendment to the Constitution of the State exempting from taxation for ten (10) years from the date of completion the capital stock, franchises, and certain property of all corporations constructing owning and operating within the state a combined system of irrigation, navigation and hydro-electric power, using fresh water streams and water sheds, provided that each system be completed and in operation within five (5) years from January 1, 1913, and provided further that not less than five million dollars shall have been expended in the construction of each system.

Whereas, the State of Louisiana has large areas comprising millions of acres of land that can be reclaimed and brought into cultivation by irrigation, whereby large additions will be made to the population and, the assessed value of the State; and,

Whereas, canals can be constructed so as to provide irrigation, navigation and power, and it is the State's duty to encourage and promote the organization of such concerns:

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all the members concurring, That the following amendment to the Constitution be submitted to the qualified electors of the State for their adoption or rejection at the Congressional election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in the month of November, 1912, as follows:

There shall be exempt from taxation for ten (10) years from the date of completion, the capital stock franchises and property of all corporations constructing, owning and operating within the State a combined system of irrigation, navigation and hydro-electric power, using fresh water of Louisiana streams, and water-sheds, provided that each system shall be completed and in operation within five (5) years from January 1, 1913, and provided further that not less than five million dollars shall have been expended in the construction of each system. No real or corporeal property shall be covered by this exemption except that which is necessarily connected with and appurtenant to each canal system and forming part thereof, nor shall this exemption extend to the assessed value that such real estate had at the time it may be acquired by the company; provided that the right of the State to regulate the diversions of its public waters from their natural beds shall not be waived by this amendment.

Section 2. Be it further resolved, etc., That the official ballot to be used at said election shall have printed thereon the words "For the proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana exempting from taxation for ten (10) years from the date of completion certain new canals for irrigation, navigation and power purposes to be completed within five years with a capital of not less than five million dollars," and the words "Against the amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana exempting from taxation for ten (10) years from the date of completion certain new canals for irrigation, navigation and power purposes to be completed within five (5) years with a capital of not less than $5,000,000." And each elector shall indicate as provided in the general election laws of the State whether he votes for or against the proposed amendment.

THOMAS C. BARRET,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
L. E. THOMAS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
Approved August 24, 1912.
L. E. HALL,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
A true copy.
ALVIN E. HEBERT,
Secretary of State.

ACT NO. 11.

Senate Bill No. 8. By Mr. Voegtle.

Joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana exempting from taxation the legal reserve of life insurance companies organized under the laws of this State.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all the members elected to each house concurring That the following amendment to the Constitution of the State be submitted to the qualified electors of the State for their adoption or rejection at the Congressional election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in the month of November, 1912, as follows:

There shall be exempt from all taxation the legal reserve of life insurance companies organized under the laws of this State.

Section 2. Be it further resolved, etc., That the official ballot to be used at said election shall have printed thereon the words "For the proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana exempting from all taxation the legal reserve of life insurance companies organized under the laws of this State," and the words "Against the proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana exempting from all taxation the legal reserve of life insurance companies organized under the laws of this State." And each elector shall indicate, as provided by the general election laws of the State, whether he votes for or against the proposed amendment.

THOMAS C. BARRET,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
L. E. THOMAS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
Approved August 24, 1912.
L. E. HALL,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
A true copy.
ALVIN E. HEBERT,
Secretary of State.

ACT NO. 12.

House Bill No. 2. By Mr. Roberts.

Joint resolution submitting to the people of Louisiana an amendment to the Constitution reorganizing and remodeling the State's system of assessment and taxation.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all the members elected to each house concurring, That the following amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be and the same is hereby submitted to the qualified electors of the State at the Congressional election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in the month of November, 1912, to-wit:

ARTICLE I.

1. The taxing power shall be exercised by the State and by its subdivisions for public purposes only.

2. The taxing power shall never be surrendered, suspended, given, commuted or contracted away; but where parishes or municipal corporations shall grant exemptions from parish or municipal taxes for a period not to exceed ten years from date of completion to encourage the establishment of industrial enterprises, or a similar exemption to immigrants of the value added by them to vacant property owned and occupied as a homestead, such exemptions shall not be withdrawn either as to enterprises established or substantially begun in good faith, or as to immigrants who have actually acquired and improved or in good faith begun to improve their homesteads, since the granting of the exemption. The General Assembly on behalf of the State, and the governing authorities of all subdivisions of the State on behalf of such subdivision, may defer for not more than three years the collection of taxes in localities subjected to overflow or other public calamity.

3. The General Assembly shall have the power to classify all property for taxation, and to adopt different rules and rates for different classes, but such rules and rates shall be equal and uniform on all subjects of the same class throughout the territorial limits of the authority levying tax. All such classifications shall be based on the characteristics of the property itself or its use, and never on persons or ownership.

4. Except in case of foreign invasion or domestic revolution, the General Assembly shall not have have power to levy any ad valorem property tax in excess of four per cent, but the General Assembly shall not exceed a rate of two and one-half per cent, except by a vote of 2-3 of all the members elected to each house thereof.

ARTICLE II.

1. The sources of State and local revenue shall be segregated and, except as hereinafter specified, or as may be hereafter permitted by a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each House of the General Assembly, each taxing authority shall be restricted in taxation to its own sources of revenue as herein assigned.

2. Until otherwise provided by a vote of two-thirds of all of the members elected to each House of the General Assembly, the following shall be the sources of State revenue:

1st. The special taxes hereinafter provided for.

2d. All corporations, private persons and unincorporated associations that operate any railroad falling under the jurisdiction of the Railroad Commission of Louisiana; street railroad; combined street railroad and electric light and power business; heating or refrigeration plant, (not inclusive of cold storage plant); telephone line; telegraph line; whether wireless or otherwise; express line, dining car, sleeping car, oil car, refrigerating car, or cars for any other purpose operating upon railroads in this State; steamboat, motor boat, steamship, ferry, barge, and tug, or other water craft, where operated for hire, canal for transportation or irrigation, and pipe line for oil or gas. When the electric light and power business conducted in conjunction with any street railroad can be practically severed from the street railroad business for purposes of assessment then such severence shall be made by the Tax Commission and such electric light and power business shall not be a source of State revenue.

3d. All banks, State and National, including savings banks, trust banks and trust companies, and all private bankers, whether individuals or partnerships, save that the real estate of all banks and bankers shall be locally assessed and taxed. The assessments of the real estate of banks and bankers shall be equalized annually by the Tax Commission to the basis established and in vogue in each locality where such real estate is located.

4th. All insurance companies including bonding and surety companies, foreign and domestic, and all persons and partnerships engaged in insuring persons or property, save that all the real estate and corporeal property of such companies, persons or partnerships shall be locally assessed and taxed.

5th. All sugar refineries, rice mills, cotton seed oil mills, cotton seed oil refineries and refineries of petroleum and its products. A sugar refinery os hereby defined to be a concern that buys and refines raw sugar exclusively, or a concern that buys and refines more raw sugar than the aggregate of the sugar produced by it from cane grown and purchased by it.

6th. All mines of sulphur, salt, or other minerals, all oil or gas wells all stone quarries, sand, gravel and shell pits.

3. Only the operative property of state sources of revnue shall be segregated to the State. The General Assembly shall define, in a manner not inconsistent with any provisions of this amendment what the operative property of each such source is. Real estate and the improvements thereon forming part of any railroad termminal, depot or yard or warehose or shop, acquired after July 1, 1912, even though it may form part of the operative property of any railroad, shall not be considered a source of State revenue except by constitutional amendment, unless such property had been, prior to said date, part of a railroad terminal, depot, yard, warehouse or shop.

4. All other property subject to taxation, except as herein specified,